BEFORE THE NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO APRIL 29, 1993

COMMISSION HEARING

IN THE MATTER OF:

Application of Mitchell Energy Corporation for compulsory pooling and an unorthodox gas well location, Lea County, New Mexico.

CASE 10656 (DE NOVO)

BEFORE: William J. LeMay, Director

TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING

APPEARANCES

For the New Mexico Oil
Conservation Commission:

Robert G. Stovall

Legal Counsel for the Commission

State Land Office Building

Santa Fe, New Mexico

MR. LEMAY:

The hearing will come to order. Call Case 10656.

MR. STOVALL:

Case 10656, the application of Mitchell Energy Corporation for compulsory pooling and an unorthodox gas well location, Lea County, New Mexico, to be heard De Novo upon the application of Strata Production Company. The applicant has requested that this case be dismissed.

MR. LEMAY:

Without objection Case 10656 De Novo is hereby dismissed.

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

Docket No. 3-93

Case No. 10656

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IN THE MATTER OF:

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Application of Mitchell Energy Corporation for compulsory pooling and an unorthodox gas well location, Lea County, New Mexico

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BEFORE: 13

EXAMINER MICHAEL E. STOGNER

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15 January 21, 1993

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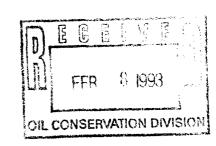
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DEBORAH O'BINE Certified Shorthand Reporter for the State of New Mexico

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CUMBRE COURT REPORTING P.O. BOX 9262 A FE, NEW MEXICO 87504-9262 (505) 984-2244

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EXAMINER STOGNER: At this time I'll call 1 2 Case No. 10656. MR. STOVALL: Application of Mitchell 3 Energy Corporation for compulsory pooling and an 4 unorthodox gas well location, Lea County, New Mexico. 5 Call for appearances? 6 EXAMINER STOGNER: MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, I'm Tom 7 8 Kellahin of the Santa Fe law firm of Kellahin & Kellahin, appearing on behalf of the Applicant, 9 Mitchell Energy Corporation. 10 I have three witnesses to be sworn. 11 12 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any additional 13 appearances? MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, my name is Sealy 14 I'm an attorney with the Stratton & Cavin law 15 Cavin. firm in Albuquerque. I'm representing Strata 16 Production Company, and I have two witnesses. 17 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other appearances? 18 Will the witnesses please stand and be 19 sworn at this time? 20 (Thereupon, the witnesses were sworn.) 21 22 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kellahin? MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Examiner. 23 During the break, Mr. Examiner, Mr. Stovall and Mr. 24 25 Cavin and I discussed potential issues for

consideration by the Division Examiner in this compulsory pooling case, which also includes a request for an orthodox gas well location.

In trying to identify the issues, Mr. Cavin has raised a notice question, and subject to your desires perhaps we ought to address the notice issue first. Mr. Cavin has made mention of it in his prehearing statement, and I would suggest that if he desires to raise an issue about notice, that he ought to go forward and describe for us what his concern is with regards to notification. Let us deal with that issue and, based upon the outcome of that issue, determine whether we go forward or whether some other solution is appropriate.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cavin?

MR. CAVIN: Yes, Mr. Examiner. Our notice issue goes to the question of whether, in connection with compulsory pooling action, Mitchell has adequately notified all interest owners in the west half of Section 28. We have advised on several occasions -- we have advised Mitchell there is a Strata -- Mr. Mark Murphy, who will be called as a witness, has advised Mitchell on several occasions that there are various partners in a particular lease that Mitchell seeks to force pool. We have indicated

to Mitchell that we would -- while we were trying to strike an agreement, try to coordinate the deal between the various partners. When the deal fell apart, we told Mitchell in good faith that we couldn't speak for the partners, if there was going to be a -- if it would be necessary to go forward with the forced pooling, that they would need to notify the partners.

At that time we sent them a list of the partners and their addresses and I believe suggested they may want to contact these parties. We believe these parties are entitled to notice, and we cannot speak for their interest at this time, Mr. Examiner.

MR. KELLAHIN: In response, Mr. Examiner, let me submit to you part of my tender of proof on this issue. To aid you in understanding what Mr. Cavin's concern is, let me show you what is going to be Exhibit No. 6. It's simply an ownership plat.

Mitchell's proposal is to formulate a 320-acre gas spacing unit. There is not yet gas spacing in Section 28. We are proposing to orient the spacing unit so that there is a west half dedication. The ownership within the section is such that Mitchell has consolidated on a voluntary basis all ownership with the exclusion of the south half of the southwest west quarter. It's an unshaded tract, and it's

labeled "Strata."

Our tender of proof is that based upon a title opinion rendered to Mitchell Energy by the Hinkle law firm, that as of the date of the application and as of the date the application for compulsory pooling was served on Strata, which is December 9, that Strata Production Company was the owner of the operating rights for that particular federal lease.

That during the course of the negotiations, our landman will testify that Strata represented that they had the ability to make deals on behalf of the operating interest for that lease. And that while there may be other partners of Strata, they were undisclosed to us. It was not until negotiations terminated unsuccessfully, that by letter dated January 13, we were informed that Strata now was telling us they had other interest owners that would hold operating rights.

Application was filed on December 7.

Strata was served on the 9th. The case was originally scheduled for the 7th of January, was continued to this docket to give the parties additional time in which to see if they could come to an agreement.

In addition, we will submit to you as part

of our proof a certificate from a certified abstract company that does business in Lea County, New Mexico, that has attested to the fact that they've made a search of the public records of Lea County, New Mexico, from a period beginning November 6 of '92, ending January 19, 1992, and it shows that Strata Production Company is still the owner of all those operating rights.

Our point is the last-minute effort to disburse their interests simply frustrates our efforts to consolidate the interest and to formulate on a compulsory pooling basis the drilling of the well. We believe we've complied with the notice requirements. We have dealt in good faith with Strata Production Company. And it is not our obligation now to go out and search and find these now disclosed parties that Strata says we are now obligated to seek.

The certificate is here for your consideration.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Cavin, you are not representing these other parties; is that correct?

MR. CAVIN: No, sir.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Examiner, I don't think that at this time it's necessary to rule on that matter, quite frankly. Strata is here and appearing.

The other parties -- if a pooling order is entered, the parties may object to that order as not being applicable to them. And if Mitchell goes forward, chooses to go forward at this time, it does so with the risk, knowing that there may be other parties out there at this time who possibly were entitled to notice.

And without making that determination, I would say that at this time Mitchell may go forward, if it so desires, and that those other parties, if Mr. Cavin doesn't speak for them, will have to assert their interest. And Mitchell needs to be aware that that may happen, and they may come back in here and have to do it again. But so I would say that the decision is up to Mitchell at this point.

Only those interests over whom the Commission has jurisdiction will be pooled, and whether it has jurisdiction over those interests is not a decision that has to be addressed today because there's --

MR. KELLAHIN: I beg to differ with Mr. Stovall. I think it's critically important for us to know before we go through this exercise if we are pooling Strata and the 25 percent working interest ownership in that lease or whether we're only pooling

Strata as to 18.5 percent. I think that makes a material difference as to what we do. We think we have a tender of proof that meets the requirements on notification. And I disagree with Mr. Stovall. I think we need some decision from the examiner as to whether we've notified the proper properties.

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MR. CAVIN: Might I interject, Mr.

Examiner? We agree that there is a due process
question as to these interest owners that were
previously identified to Mitchell as far back as
October 26. Perhaps they were identified in generic
terms, but they were nonetheless advised that they
were silent partners.

It is not unusual, as you know, to have other recorded interests, and we, Strata, did its best to advise Mitchell of this situation. In fact, under the definition of the federal regulations, these parties do in fact have operating rights even though they're not reflected in the public records.

We would be happy to submit that to the Division.

EXAMINER STOGNER: I suppose you have a land witness prepared today to testify on their work to contact all unleased parties at this point; is that correct, Mr. Kellahin?

not recorded but sey stad MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir, and our testimony is that party is Strata. And while they said they had other interest owners, as late as January 12, they represent that those interest owners are undisclosed to us. And so that is the issue is whether, having dealt with and exhausted the efforts with Strata, and been unsuccessful to get a voluntary agreement because they now disclose to us on the 15th of January -- 13th of January, some 15 other individuals and entities, must we now restart the process and go and try to find those people?

MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, if I might,

Strata -- and I don't think there's been any
indication otherwise -- has offered to provide these
names. Mitchell has not pursued that. And it wasn't
until -- and we also did not indicate that we had the
authority to speak for these individuals. We
indicated that we would try to work a deal. And
that's what we were doing in a good faith effort.
When the deal came apart, we said, look, this is
getting too complicated. You're going to have to go
to these parties directly. Frankly, some of them may
want to participate, some of them you may just have to
force pool, and others may accept the farm-out terms.

And it's incumbent on the applicant, it

seems to me, and certainly we would take that position if we were force pooling, to contact anybody that we were aware of. It's not just constructive notice of the record. It's actual notice that you receive in the process.

EXAMINER STOGNER: That's part of the forced pooling provisions and part of the forced pooling statutes in which a reasonable determination or reasonable effort was made, and I think we can hear that today and that determination can be made. And, as always, any party who doesn't feel they're up to the forced pooling provision, they can seek the Division's assistance or the provisions either through hearing or whatever means, but obviously we have them here today, and we haven't made that determination yet by listening to any of the testimony.

Mr. Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: We're ready to go forward.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any other issues, Mr. Stovall, that you see -- that you mentioned prior?

MR. STOVALL: No. I think if you're prepared to go with the land case and then, I think -- the legal issue I see here, and I think Mr. Cavin is raising -- and, Mr. Kellahin, get your response to

this -- it appears that you have complied with the requirements with respect to notifying all those having a record title interest?

MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.

MR. STOVALL: Are you required to notify those -- two questions is, have you been given actual notice of interests which are not recorded; and, secondly, are you required to notify those interests? To what extent do they have due process rights to receive notice; is that correct?

MR. KELLAHIN: And then as an additional item, whether or not Mitchell could rely on what they believe were representations by Strata that Strata was representing all those undisclosed interests as we dealt with this issue. And if you make that determination, then we don't have any obligation to notify these undisclosed people.

MR. STOVALL: Mr. Kellahin, again, the only question I would ask you is what if one of these undisclosed parties comes back in and seeks an order from the Commission that their interests have not been pooled by the order because they did not receive notice?

MR. KELLAHIN: We would obviously have to have a hearing and discuss that issue, but our defense

is that their interest is bound by the activities of Strata.

MR. STOVALL: I think we need to go forward with the land testimony to flesh out the facts.

MR. CAVIN: We can say without equivocation, their interests are not bound by Strata, and if there is a case for misrepresentation, I doubt that this is the forum for that.

We would also also assert that Strata has not represented that. We have made a good faith effort. We continued until the 13th. Just so long as everyone is aware of that as we press into this.

We're perfectly willing to hear this case today. I can also assure you that there will-- I would be surprised if none of these parties objects to not having notice. And I just say that for the record today.

MR. KELLAHIN: One final point. Mr.

Cavin's representation is inconsistent with the proof. There is a December 20 letter from his client that purports an arrangement and attaches to it the federal assignment form by which, if we accept their proposal, they are prepared to execute that assignment form on behalf of the full 25 percent working interests. You can't have it both ways, Mr. Examiner.

MR. CAVIN: It also states there are undisclosed owners, that we have been in contact with these owners and we have tried to -- it expresses that in black and white. And it's consistent with the whole pattern. There are undisclosed owners. We have tried to work out a deal. Where we can't work out this deal, we said, look, this thing is too complicated. You're going to have to deal with these people directly. We set that forth in the agreement precisely. Our correspondence is consistent. All the telephone conversations are consistent. And it was just a lazy landman that didn't want to contact these folks. We would have been happy to give the information --

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MR. STOVALL: Let's pass on those kind of judgments, Mr. Cavin.

MR. KELLAHIN: That's unfair.

MR. STOVALL: I guess the question is, we don't even know at this point whether the people have the property interests which is -- we don't have a record on that. So let's proceed with the land case, and the records we have before us at this point show no interest other than Strata, and so therefore we don't even know who they are.

Mr. Cavin, I will advise that you cannot

represent these people because you are -- you have represented to this Division this morning that you do not represent these people.

MR. CAVIN: That's true.

MR. STOVALL: There's a little bit of a problem there as far as your now taking up their flag.

MR. CAVIN: I am not attempting to represent these parties at this hearing. I want to make that perfectly clear. If there's any misunderstanding on that, I would state that for the record.

MR. KELLAHIN: My choice of presentation is to present the geologic data first. That's the heart of the case. We're interested in the geology by which we fully develop the section, and I'm going to call Mr. Gawloski first rather than deal with the land testimony.

EXAMINER STOGNER: I'd rather hear the land testimony at this time because, after all, there is a separate issue here. Granted, geology and engineering and the overhead charges, but we need to proceed with the land testimony at this time and get these other issues raised up because if there is a problem, why hear the other things at this point?

MR. KELLAHIN: Well, that's my point.

We're raising this in terms of response to Mr. Sealy's My tender of proof on behalf of the landmen is what I've summarized at this point. And if we're going to address the notice issue, then I need to draw him out of the regular sequence of presentation, and we'll talk about the notice.

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MR. STOVALL: It's unusual. Normally, the land testimony comes first in most forced poolings.

> I understand. MR. KELLAHIN:

MR. STOVALL: And probably the reason for that is because the fundamental issue in the previous case is, you know, is there an agreement and has there been any good faith negotiations.

MR. KELLAHIN: I had understood the fundamental issue in this case was the orientation of the spacing units.

MR. STOVALL: That's the issue between the parties.

MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.

MR. KELLAHIN:

MR. STOVALL: The issue before the Commission is you've got to have the basis for a forced pooling order in the first place before you get into the issues of how will that order be drafted.

It's already admitted between these two parties that they can't come to an agreement despite their efforts to do so. And the only remaining issue is whether Strata represented the 25 percent or whether they don't. And if they don't, then we need to go back and find the rest of them.

EXAMINER STOGNER: I don't see any reason why we have to veer from the norm. I think the land testimony at this time is appropriate.

MR. KELLAHIN: If you'll excuse the fact that the exhibits are numbered in the sequence such that the geologic displays are first, we'll present Mr. Steve Smith, who is the landman, first, recognizing that the numbers are out of sequence.

EXAMINER STOGNER: It will be noted.

MR. KELLAHIN: With your permission.

EXAMINER STOGNER: You have my permission.

MR. KELLAHIN: Let me call Steve Smith.

If I might, before we start, I'd like to apologize for my comment towards Mr. Smith.

EXAMINER STOGNER: The record will so note.

Just for the record, Mr. Kellahin, your Exhibits are 5 through 19; is that correct?

MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Smith is going to talk about Exhibit 6. Exhibit 5 had to do with the topographic constraints on the surface. Mr. Smith

20 will talk about Exhibit 6, and then he will take us through, I want to say 17. I have an engineer here to authenticate the AFE. Mr. Smith will also talk about the certification, which is Exhibit 19. EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 6 through 17 and Exhibit 19 will be the topics for this witness. Mr. Kellahin? MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Examiner. STEPHEN J. SMITH, the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: EXAMINATION BY MR. KELLAHIN:

- Q. Mr. Smith, for the record, would you please state your name and occupation?
- My name is Stephen J. Smith. Α. I'm a senior landman for Mitchell Energy Corporation.
 - Where do you reside, sir? Q.
- Α. Midland, Texas.

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- Have you on prior occasion testified as an 20 expert petroleum landman before the Oil Conservation Division? 22
 - Yes, I have. Α.
 - Summarize for us your experience as a petroleum landman for your company.

- A. I went to work for Mitchell Energy
 Corporation in 1985. I spent six months, a little
 over six months in their Denver office as a senior
 landman and was transferred to Midland in April of
 1986. I have functioned as a senior landman in that
 office since then, working areas mostly in southeast
 New Mexico, but I also do work in Texas as well.
- Q. Describe for us in a general way the kinds of documents, instruments, and negotiations that you deal with on a regular daily basis in the course of performing your duties as a petroleum landman.
- A. Fee oil and gas leases, checks of fee title to minerals, federal and state ownership checks. I negotiate farm-ins and farmouts between oil and gas partners, terms of operating agreements. It's the full gamut that landmen are expected to do.
- Q. Were you the principal landman on behalf of your company that negotiated with the working interest owners for the formulation of a spacing unit on a voluntary basis for the west half of Section 28 that's the subject of this hearing?
 - A. Yes, I was.

MR. KELLAHIN: We tender Mr. Smith as an expert petroleum landman.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any objections

to Mr. Smith's qualifications?

MR. CAVIN: No, Mr. Examiner.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Smith is so

qualified.

- Q. (BY MR. KELLAHIN) Mr. Smith, let me have you turn to what is marked as Mitchell Exhibit No. 6. Identify that for me, please.
- A. That is a blow-up of the Midland map representing the leasehold ownership centering Section 28, Township 20 South, Range 33 East, Lea County, New Mexico.
- Q. Have you independently verified the accuracy of the information shown within the boundaries of Section 28 in terms of the configuration of those leases?
 - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. Looking entirely at Section 28 and starting wherever you choose to start, show us how that tract is divided in terms of the leasehold.
- A. Well, Mitchell Energy Corporation and its partners own 100 percent of the federal leases in the north half northeast quarter, the southeast northeast quarter, and the north half southeast quarter, that being Federal Lease 62228.

As to the federal lease covering the

northwest quarter and the northeast southwest quarter,
Mitchell Energy Corporation and its partners have 100
percent of the operating rights below 3,500 feet.

And as to the northwest southwest quarter,
Mitchell and its partners have 100 percent of the
operating rights as to the federal lease to all
depths. There is an unleased federal tract, being the
southwest northeast quarter.

- Q. And that's the approximately 40-acre tract that is uncolored and totally surrounded by yellow shading?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Continue.

- A. Based upon my check of the county records and instruments provided to us from the federal abstract company and the county abstract, Strata Production Company is the record title owner and owner of 100 percent of the operating rights to the south half southwest quarter and the southwest southeast quarter of Section 28. And there is also a federal lease in the southeast southeast quarter, being 40 acres, and it's owned by Pitch Energy Corporation.
- Q. Let me ask you, in examining the documents that affect the opportunity to participate on a voluntary basis in a well to be drilled to depths

below the top of the Wolfcamp targeting the Morrow in the west half of 28, did you find any voluntary agreements entered into by any of the working interest owners that would have affected their interest in the west half?

- A. There is an operating agreement in place between Mitchell Energy Corporation and the partners covering all of Section 28 and the majority of this township and range and parts of surrounding townships and ranges that governs the interaction and development of any wells drilled in the area between the parties to that agreement.
- Q. When you talk about the Joint Operating Agreement affecting all of 28, does that include any interest for the federal lease identified in the south half of the southwest quarter?
- A. No. It only covers the interests colored in yellow, being the interests owned by Mitchell Energy Corporation and its partners.
- Q. Who are the parties to the Joint Operating Agreement that you describe?
- A. Mitchell Energy Corporation is named as operator of this operating agreement, and we have a 50 percent interest in the leasehold. Santa Fe Energy Operating has a 25 percent interest in the yellow

acreage, and Maralo, Inc., has a 25 percent in the yellow acreage as well.

- Q. Has the well that is the subject of this hearing been proposed to the interest owners pursuant to the Joint Operating Agreement?
 - A. Yes, it has.

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- Q. And what decision have those interest owners made with regards to this well?
- A. They have agreed to participate in this well pursuant to the operating agreement.
- Q. Have they approved the authority for expenditures of the well?
 - A. Yes, they have.
- Q. And they have agreed upon the well location?
 - A. Yes, they have.
- Q. And they have agreed upon the formation of the west half as the spacing unit for the well?
 - A. Yes, they have.
- Q. What efforts have you made to identify the working interest owners that would be able to commit their interest for the west half of 28 that are not currently committed under the Joint Operating Agreement?
 - A. We conducted a search of the county and

federal records in order to determine who had record title.

- Q. As part of the ordinary custom and course of doing business with your company, do you retain outside counsel to prepare title opinions with regards to drill sites and spacing units?
 - A. Always.

- Q. And did you do so in this case?
- A. Yes, we did.
- Q. Let me ask you to turn to Mitchell Exhibit No. 7 and identify that document?
- A. That is a title opinion dated December 29, 1992, rendered for Mitchell Energy Corporation by Mr. William B. Burford of the Hinkle, Cox, Eaton, Coffield & Hensley law firm.
- Q. The opinion is voluminous, and you have only attached the first six pages?
- A. That's correct. And it purports to cover all interests in the west half except for depths above 3,500 feet as to Tract 1 identified on that title opinion. And we requested that they exclude those depths because we had no ownership in them.
- Q. Based upon your own information, what had you determined to be the working interest owners for that portion of Section 28 that's identified as being

included in the south half of the southwest quarter?

- A. Could you restate your question, please.
- Q. Yes, sir. Based upon your information, whom did you believe or what entity did you believe controlled the operating rights for the south half of the southwest quarter?
- A. Based upon the best information obtainable on the records indicated that Strata Production Company owned those rights.
- Q. Then as of December 29th when Mr. Burford rendered his opinion, did he come to any different conclusion than you have?
 - A. No, he did not.

- Q. Have you subsequently taken additional action to verify whether there was placed of record in Lea County, New Mexico, any assignments, transfers, or conveyances from Strata Production Company that would disclose the identity and the address of subsequent interest owners for that tract?
- A. Once we were put on notice by Strata

 Production Company of their desire to scatter this

 lease to the wind, we obtained a limited certificate

 from Elliott & Waldron Abstract Company, who prepared

 the base abstract examined by Mr. Burford to

 complement that abstract, to come forward from the

closing date which is stated in this title opinion as to the fee tract, November 6, 1992, at 9:00 a.m., coming forward from that date through January 19,

And the search was conducted specifically to determine whether or not Strata had assigned out any interest to any parties. And the conclusion rendered in this limited certificate is, of course, they have not.

- Q. And that is through the ending of what particular date?
- A. December 19, 199- -- well -- there appears to be a typographical error.
- Q. Yes, it's obviously a typo.
- 15 A. It should be -- its date, 1993, January 19, 16 1993, at 7 a.m.
 - Q. You mentioned awhile ago, Mr. Smith, that Strata disclosed to you the identity of these previously undisclosed interest owners?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. When did they do that?
- A. By letter dated January 13, 1993, received by Mitchell on January 14, 1993.
- Q. Prior to that time, Mr. Smith, had Strata or anyone representing Strata disclosed to you the

identity and the address of those partners?

A. No, they had not.

- Q. What was your understanding and belief with regards to the appropriate party with whom to enter negotiations for the commitment of that operating interest in the south half of the southwest quarter?
- A. Based upon the information we obtained from the records, Strata appeared to be the 100 percent owner. We contacted them and entered into negotiations.

It was stated early on by Strata, by Mr.

Murphy, that they did have silent partners, but at no
time did he indicate that we would have to have their
joinder in order to enter into any agreement; that
throughout all of our negotiations, until the very
end, he represented himself as having the capacity to
enter into agreements binding all the parties should
we have reached agreement as to terms.

- Q. Let me interrupt you for a moment and go now to Mitchell Exhibit 9, which is the next Exhibit in sequence?
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Identify and describe for me what Exhibit 9 means to you.
 - A. Exhibit 9 is a letter, an internal

memorandum, to me from Mrs. Harriet Minton. Mrs. Minton is the assistant manager of Joint Venture Accounting for our corporation. And among other things, her responsibilities include overseeing the accounting procedures involved in joint operated properties, which includes overseeing the overhead rates charged under operating agreements.

And the letter represents, at my request, she looked at the operating agreement that's in place that I previously described between Mitchell and its partners. It covers a large part of this area, under which there are currently two producing wells, both in the Morrow, and looked at the overhead rates that were stated in that operating agreement, and provided me with a summary of the escalations of the overhead rates from the effective date, September 1, 1989, to the present to show what current overhead rates are currently being charged under that operating agreement.

- Q. Having received that information, do you have a recommendation to the examiner as to the overhead rates you're seeking to have applied in this compulsory pooling case?
- A. Yes, I do. Based upon the fact that the parties that have agreed to participate in this well

under this operating will be charged the rates stated at the bottom of the two drilling and producing rate summaries, we would recommend that Strata be also charged the same overhead rates being for a drilling well, \$6,470, and for a producing well, \$647.

- Q. If the Examiner adopts your recommendation, that level of rate will be consistent then with the rate being charged those interest owners voluntarily committing their interest under the existing Joint Operating Agreement?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Let's turn now specifically, Mr. Smith, to your efforts to obtain Strata Production Company's voluntary participation.
 - A. Okay.

- Q. And without going into great detail about all the correspondence and telephone calls, let me ask you when you first provided written opportunity to Strata specifically proposing this well and this spacing unit, submitting to them an AFE and asking them, as one of their choices, to voluntarily participate in the well. Did you do that?
 - A. Yes, we did.
 - O. When?
 - A. By letter dated November 20, 1992.

- Q. And how is that marked?
- A. It's Exhibit 10.
- Q. Did you provide to Strata any other options or alternatives in addition to participating --
 - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. -- by paying their share of the cost of the well?
- A. Yes, we did. We offered them as an alternative an industry standard, what we consider an industry standard farmout.
- Q. Did you provide them, in addition to a farmout, any other options to handle their interest in the spacing unit?
 - A. Not at that time.
- Q. What, if any, response did you receive to the November 10 letter?
- A. I received a written response from Strata.

 That written response is a letter dated December 9,

 1992, marked Exhibit 11.

Therein Strata offered to Mitchell Energy
Corporation terms to either buy their oil and gas
lease that are stated in there, or, in the
alternative, they offered to farm out to Mitchell
Energy Corporation under substantially the same terms
proposed by Mitchell Energy Corporation by letter

dated November 20. However, the main difference in their letter or in their proposal to farm out was that they would retain an increased overriding royalty interest above and beyond that proposed by Mitchell.

- Q. You're describing the Strata letter of December 9, Exhibit No. 11?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. What did you do in response then to this letter? How did you reply to Mr. Murphy?
- A. Well, first, as we always do, I had to seek Mitchell management's approval to do anything. We contacted the people in our Woodlands office to tell them what the terms were and seek their approval for a trade. We did that.

They approved, accepting Strata's farmout as written, and verbally asked me to make sure that it was clearly understood, as it clearly states here, that if anyone under the terms of this farmout proposal wanted to back in under the terms of that farmout, that they would have to convert 100 percent of their override. That means that they couldn't keep a portion of their override and convert the other portion for a working interest. And it clearly stated that. It was just simply to make sure all parties understood that.

- Q. What had you thought you had done then in response to Mr. Murphy's letter of December 9? Had you fully examined the options that he had presented to your company with regards to forming a voluntary unit?
 - A. Yes, we had.

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- Q. And were any of those options acceptable to you, or did you make a counterproposal to him?
- A. No. We decided to take their second option listed in their letter, and I made a phone call to Mr. Murphy and informed him that Mitchell Energy Corporation would take the terms of his farmout as proposed.

Again, I restated, wanted to make sure it was clear that everybody understood that all parties had to convert 100 percent of their override for working interest.

- Q. Were you able to take that information and discussion and reduce it to a written document that all parties were willing to execute?
- A. No, we weren't. When I called Mr. Murphy to tell him that, he reminded me, and as it states in his letter and as it states in all of my letters, that the terms stated in his letter were subject to approval by his partner. He informed me that, while

he felt he had the authority to write the letter, he did have to seek his partners' approval. He felt he stood a better chance of obtaining their approval if Mitchell Energy Corporation would buy their lease.

And we got into a discussion about, you know, that's all good and well, but we've got a deal here. And the terms proposed in your December 9 letter for buyout were unacceptable. That's why we didn't take that option. We discussed perhaps Mitchell making them the very best cash offer to buy out Strata.

- Q. At this point did Mr. Murphy notify you that you were going to have to deal directly with these undisclosed interest owners that shared his interest?
 - A. No, he did not.

- Q. What then happened?
- A. Well, he told me to, you know, go back to your management and see what you can do and call me back. And I did that.

Again, we went back to our management in Woodlands and told them what had been discussed, and that Strata, rather than farming out, even though they had offered one, would still rather sell, and they had asked us to make them our best cash offer to buy their

lease. They, in turn, gave me authority to make Strata an offer to buy their lease.

- Q. How did we get from the December 9 letter, which is Exhibit 11, to the December 30 letter, which is Exhibit 12?
- A. There were various phone calls after receiving the December 9 letter and after Mr. Murphy's and my telephone conversation where he asked us to make him an offer. I called him back at some later date between those December 9th and 30th dates and told him that I had in fact received authority to buy their lease and offered to do that, paying Strata \$150 per net acre, being a total of \$18,000, and Strata, in turn, could also retain an override equal to the difference by which 20 percent exceeded lease burdens, thereby assigning Mitchell an 80 percent net revenue lease.
- Q. Let me talk to you for a moment about the cash offer.
 - A. Right.

- Q. Based upon your experience in this area, what does \$150 an acre represent to you as being a fair and competitive price by which to acquire this kind of interest?
 - A. It is higher than what we've paid in the

area, but in the interest of compromise, we decided it would perhaps be better to buy Strata out and have 100 percent of the proration unit, take over control, and march on down the road.

- Q. What were you accustomed to paying to acquire all rights at all depths from the surface to the base of any production?
- A. I acquired most of the leasehold in Township 22 South, 33 East, that Mitchell has in various acquisitions and paid probably on average around \$85 per net acre on assignments covering all depths, and on average received net revenues of around 82 percent in those assignments, 82-1/2.
- Q. Let me ask you about the vertical interval that you're dealing with, Mr. Smith. The pooling case asked to pool all 320 gas spacing from the top of the Wolfcamp on down.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. What formations were you dealing with Mr. Murphy on?
- A. All depths, all depths.
 - Q. The Exhibit 12 --
- 23 A. Yes.

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- Q. What is that, sir?
- A. That is a letter dated December 30, 1992.

That was received by Mitchell two ways, once via fax, and once via certified mail.

I believe in a later letter that's marked -- it's a later exhibit, where we attempted to summize [sic] the correspondence and the conversations, I failed to mention that we received a faxed copy of this on January 4. That was the first time we saw this letter.

In my summation, I said we received it on December 30. We did not. We got it on January 4.

And it was sent to me after Mr. Murphy had called me to tell me basically what the contents of it would be.

- Q. Without giving me all the details, tell me how to summarize the agreement as Mr. Murphy presents it to you.
- A. Well, basically, it correctly described the acreage to be conveyed, the lease to be conveyed, the dollar per acre consideration, and the override and sum to be -- well, it didn't correctly describe the override. It went on beyond what was discussed when Mr. Murphy and I -- when I made the dollar offer to Mr. Murphy to buy Strata's interest.

It included terms such as a requirement for us to pool Strata's retained override underneath the entire section of 28. And, in turn, they would reduce

proportionately the override retained on their lease.

The effect was, they were seeking to have an override under the entire section as opposed to retaining an override underneath the lease which they owned.

- Q. Give me an idea how the mechanics worked.
- A. Mechanically, again, in return for reducing the override retained on their lease, we would have to turn around and assign to them overriding royalty interest against our leasehold, which they previously had no interest in.
- Q. Did you have authority to accept that provision?
 - A. No, I did not.

- Q. Did you discuss it with your management?
- A. Not until receipt of this letter, which we received on January 4.
- Q. Did you review then this proposal with your management, and what action, if any, did they take?
- A. We were told -- I was told that it was unacceptable; that was not something we would consider, and that I was to write a letter back to Mr. Murphy, stating the terms that we believed were agreed to in our telephone conversation.
 - Q. As of the December 20, '92, letter from Mr.

Murphy to you, did you understand that you were dealing with Mr. Murphy for the total interest on behalf of this company, or were you dealing with others?

- A. Well, up until this point, again, he had informed me that there were partners, and he clearly stated it would require partner approval for the farmout, but I would point out, in the December 30 letter, again, this is Exhibit 12, that an exhibit to this letter agreement that purported to control the terms of the sale in Strata's lease to Mitchell, there's an Exhibit A attached wherein Strata represented itself as being capable of assigned Mitchell Energy Corporation 100 percent record title to this lease.
- Q. How do you reach that conclusion by looking at this proposed assignment form?
- A. It's a standard form, federal form assignment of record title, and if you look down about the middle of the page where it describes the acreage to be conveyed, there's a column labeled Percentage of Interest, and there are three subcolumns labeled Owned, Conveyed, and Retained.

In the Owned column, it clearly shows that Strata claims to own 100 percent record title. Under

the Conveyed column, it clearly shows that Strata purports to be able to convey 100 percent record title to this lease, and that they intend to retain no record title interest.

- Q. Having come to the decision that that provision is not acceptable to Mitchell, what then did you do?
- A. After -- of course, I took this letter, once we got it, as I told Mr. Murphy I would -- like I said, he called me that day and faxed it to me to tell me the contents of it. In that phone conversation, I told him that that's not the trade; that was not what was presented to Mitchell management, but go ahead and send it on. I had no authority to pass on whether or not it was acceptable to Mitchell.

I did send it in to Mitchell, our management in Houston. It was turned down flat. I was told to write a letter back, stating what our understanding, the terms were, and I did that.

- Q. And how did you do that?
- A. By letter dated January 5, 1993.
- Q. That's Exhibit 13?
- A. That's correct.

- Q. What then happened?
- A. I, as it clearly shows, I sent it to Strata

via fax and by certified return receipt mail. I faxed it early in the morning. Mr. Murphy got it, called me up, and asked me what -- you know, what do you mean; this is not what we agreed to.

And I reminded him or advised him that, you know, this is what we agreed to on the phone. These were the terms that were discussed, and this letter is intended to represent the terms agreed to and discussed in our telephone conversation.

- Q. At this point, then, there is a difference of opinion as to what the agreement was, and the end result is you can't get it reduced to a written agreement?
 - A. That's the bottom line.

- Q. Identify for us Exhibit 14. What is this?
- A. This is a letter again sent to us by Strata dated January 6. It was sent via fax and by hard copy by return receipt mail. It was a letter basically where Mr. Murphy advised that he had talked to his partners and advised them that we had refused to execute their letter agreement.

He states that "it appears we are unable to resolve the sale, farmout or participate by Strata" prior to the January 7 original hearing date. And it states, as I told him, that we, Mitchell, would

request, in an effort to accommodate them and to continue to work this deal out, we would request to extend or seek a continuance to the next docket date. We did that.

It also states that they now thought they perhaps -- well, they might now consider wish to join the well. To be honest with you, this is the first time -- it purports to say that we had discussed Strata's participation. I would go on record saying that this is the first point in time where Strata ever indicated any interest in participating in our well, and asked that we send them an AFE or send them a joint --

Q. A JOA?

- A. JOA, and asked to be put on notice of any people that were opposing our unorthodox location.
- Q. At any point during the negotiations with Strata, did you provide them or cause to be provided any geologic data?
 - A. I did not.
- Q. Do you know whether or not your company provided geologic data to them?
- A. It's my understanding that we have, that Mitchell Energy Corporation has provided Strata with geological data to show them our picture of why we're

doing what we're doing.

- Q. After the January 6 letter, Exhibit 14, what then happened, Mr. Smith?
- A. Well, I wrote a letter back. Again, Mr. Murphy in his previous letter acted as if we were -- had moved the location unbeknownst to him, and I reminded him in our January 6 letter -- this is Exhibit 15, Mr. Examiner -- that the location remained as originally proposed. And I reminded him that the location, while it was unorthodox, was unorthodox only because of archeological and topographical reasons. And that we were unaware of any opposition from the parties who were notified of our unorthodox location, and expected none.
- Q. Did you respond to his request for a proposed Joint Operating Agreement?
- A. I did include -- again, I prepared for Strata an operating agreement which was virtually identical to the operating agreement that would have governed the operations between the agreeing parties to drill this well.
- Q. You tailored your proposed operating agreement with Mr. Murphy and Strata Production based upon what document?
 - A. Again, it's the operating agreement that is

in place between Mitchell partners that would have governed or will govern their participation in this well.

- Q. Did you have any discussions with Strata Production Company with regards to what formations or vertical intervals were being asked to finally be committed to this well?
- A. Well, we proposed all depths in all formations. That was our intent.
- Q. Exhibit 15, you've summarized various activities. At the end of there anywhere, did you leave open the opportunity for the exercise of any other solutions?
- A. Well, basically, yes. I basically offered to Strata the three options that Mitchell was willing to consider to resolve the problem, and I listed them in our order of prevention: one, they participate in the well as we proposed; two, that they agree to farm out to Mitchell under the terms they proposed to us. We were more than happy to accept those terms; or, three -- or, excuse me, two, that they sell certain terms that we believed to be agreed to; or, three, farm out as agreed in their letter to us.
 - Q. Identify for us what is Exhibit No. 16.
 - A. Exhibit 16 is a letter from Strata

Production Company to Mitchell Energy Corporation dated January 12.

- Q. I'm not going to ask you to go through the letter, Mr. Smith. Am I correct in concluding that you and Mr. Murphy disagree with some of the specific items with regards to this letter?
- A. I would say that there is minor agreement as to minor details, and I would say that there are colorizations of conversations that are perhaps inaccurate in both but --
 - Q. I don't want to get into that, Mr. Smith.
- A. The gist of the deal is that it both clearly summized [sic] the meat of the terms or the efforts to reach agreement. And there's not really any substantial difference in either summation of the facts.
- Q. Let me ask you to turn to the last page of that letter, Exhibit 16, and the last paragraph, second to the last sentence says, "Since you have had notice that these undisclosed owners exist, we would ask that you grant another two weeks' continuance and notify these parties of your application."

Did you do that?

- A. No, we didn't.
- Q. At what point did you receive, if at all,

from Strata Production Company, a list of the names and addresses of these undisclosed interest owners?

- A. The first actual notice of the entities that had been heretofore characterized as partners with Strata was received via fax on January 13, 1993, and we received a certified copy on January 14.
 - Q. And that is Exhibit No. 17?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. Let me ask you to help me deal with another item. If you'll look at Exhibit 19, which is my certificate of notice for hearing --
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. -- and go back, sir, to the plat which is Exhibit 6, the unorthodox location is 1,650 from the north line of the spacing unit?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And so it is moving in a northerly direction as it becomes unorthodox?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Did you determine the offsetting operators for whom notice of that location was to be provided?
 - A. Yes, we did.
- Q. Can you identify for me, using Exhibit 19 and Exhibit 6, and confirm whether or not the parties that were entitled to notice of the location have in

fact received notification?

A. Yes, I would. Again, the movement or the direction in which we encroached went northward, and therefore we were required to notify the parties in Section 21 and I believe the southwest quarter of 20 of that encroachment. And those parties were Southwest Royalties, who had a 50 percent interest in the southeast quarter of Section 20; Enerlock Resources, who had the other 50 percent interest in the southeast quarter of Section 20.

We notified Santa Fe Energy Operating

Partners and Maralo because we knew that at the time,

they were in negotiations to purchase Southwest

Royalties and Enerlock's interests; so we included

them.

As to the -- we also notified Phillips

Petroleum Company, who has a partial interest in the west half southwest quarter and the northeast quarter of Section 21.

We also notified Oryx, who also has a partial interest in that same lease, and we notified Grace Petroleum Corporation, who owns the leasehold covering the southeast quarter and the northeast southwest quarter of Section 28.

Q. And then the first notification was to

1 Strata Production Company because they were the party 2 to be pooled in the spacing unit? That's correct. 3 Α. 4 MR. KELLAHIN: That concludes my 5 examination of Mr. Smith. We move the introduction of 6 Exhibits 6 through 17 and Exhibit 19. 7 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any objections? 8 MR. CAVIN: No, sir. EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 6 through 17 9 and Exhibit No. 19 will be admitted into evidence at 10 11 this time. 12 Mr. Cavin, your witness. 13 MR. CAVIN: Thank you. 14 MR. STOVALL: Let me do one thing first to make sure we clear the record. I notice that on the 15 16 list of interest owners is an S.H. Cavin. 17 relation? MR. CAVIN: Yes. 18 That's my father. 19 MR. STOVALL: And you are not representing your father here today? 20 21 MR. CAVIN: No. He's smarter than that. MR. STOVALL: I won't go any further with 22 23 that one. 24 EXAMINATION BY MR. CAVIN: 25

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Mr. Smith, I'd like to ask you a few Q. questions on what I think -- you may be able to help I can't see the exhibit number on this? Α. Six. Six. MR. KELLAHIN: It's on the back. (BY MR. CAVIN) Q. Exhibit No. 6. Can you tell me what the status of ownership is on the southwest of the northwest quarter? That is an unleased federal tract. Α. MR. KELLAHIN: I'm sorry. I think you misspoke. Say it again. Q. (BY MR. CAVIN) I'm sorry, the southwest of the northeast quarter of Section 28? That's correct. That is an unleased Α. federal tract. Has there been any attempt to lease this Q. tract and put it up for nomination? We wrote a letter to Miss Martha Rivera in Α. September of 1992 in an effort to nominate it, and we had every belief that it would be as appeared in this most recent federal sale; however, by letter from Miss Rivera, it did not reach the sale because they failed to verify that the lease had actually terminated. They felt that they would probably have it up on the

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next sale.

- Q. Okay. When would the next sale be?
- A. I believe it will be April 21.

- Q. Okay. Can you tell me what the status -- and if you've already testified to this, I apologize -- the status of the ownership or status of the lease in the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 28?
- A. It is a federal lease that, again, as I stated, is owned by Mitchell Energy Corporation and its partners, and it will be scheduled to expire on 10-1-93.
- Q. Have there been any comments throughout your negotiations with Mr. Murphy that would indicate that he had the unfettered authority to act for his partners in this matter?
- A. I would say there were no comments made by him that said he didn't have. And I would point again to that letter agreement that he sent for our execution where it was obvious that he had attached an exhibit that had a federal assignment that Strata purported to have authority to act on all parts.
- Q. That's consistent with your understanding thought that he had the unfettered authority to deal for these parties?
 - A. He had the authority to sign an agreement

binding all parties to whatever agreement we reached.

- Q. So in his earlier correspondence where he said it would be subject to partner approval, you felt like that was just a misstatement?
- A. No. That to me, it's a standard -- I put it in my letters. That's an industry standard thing.
- Q. Would it be typical for you to require any documentation where someone says they have the authority to deal for other parties?
- A. I -- as part of the title examination, it's generally required that we determine the status of whoever it is and from the search of the county records determine whether they have record title to the property, and we did that.
- Q. As part of your due diligence you would normally do, if a party told you they have undisclosed partners, would it be typical to ascertain the authority of those parties?
- A. As long as I'm under the -- it's not uncommon out here for companies like Strata to have lots of silent partners. I mean, Mitchell Energy Corporation is made up by lots of silent shareholders, and we do not have to seek their joinder to enter into any agreements.
 - Q. Would it be unusual for Mitchell to have

silent parties unfettered authority to deal for these partners?

- A. We never seek the shareholders' authority to enter into operating agreements or sell or farm out.
- Q. I guess I mean partners, not shareholders.

 I'm not speaking of shareholders of Mitchell. I'm

 saying your partners. You say you have partners quite
 --
- A. Well, when we have entered into an operating agreement and we have obtained agreement from our partners to drill a well, and that operating agreement would govern what would happen if we acquired an interest within the contract area, we can act on our own behalf. And if the partners didn't like what we did, we have to suffer the consequences with those interactions.
- Q. As far as the disposition of an interest or the farming out of an interest, is it unusual for Mitchell to have the unfettered authority to deal for its partners?
- A. I wouldn't ever purport to farm out -let's just, as an example, turn this around. If I
 were attempting or had entered into negotiations with
 Strata to farm out Mitchell's leasehold for a well
 proposed by Strata in the west half, no, I would not

purport to be able to bind either Maralo's or Santa Fe Energy's interest.

- Q. You mentioned the overhead rate. How does that -- are you familiar with the Ernst and Whinney's
 - A. Absolutely.
 - Q. -- proposed overhead rate?
 - A. Sure.

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- Q. Does your overhead rate -- how does that compare to the proposed overhead rates there?
- A. The average in Ernst & Whinney I believe right now is around -- it's lower than what we proposed. I don't know exactly what it is. But the schedule that we put forth, again, is what's currently being charged in the area.

We operate two Morrow wells in this township, and if you expand out into surrounding townships, we have seven or eight or nine. And we simply were asking Strata to pay the same overhead rate everyone else is in the area.

- Q. Would you have any problem using the Ernst & Whinney overhead rate for the Strata and its partners?
- A. I would believe that the rates proposed by Mitchell are reasonable, and that's what we would want

to stay with.

- Q. So you wouldn't be agreeable to the Ernst & Whinney's overhead rates?
- A. I don't believe I, as a senior landman, have the authority to make that decision on Mitchell Energy Corporation's behalf. I would have to seek management approval to make that statement.
- Q. Would it surprise you that just catty-corner to that Section 28 lease in Section 32 Meridian recently acquired interest at a price of \$1,000 an acre?
 - A. Would it surprise me? I'm not aware of it.
- Q. Based on the price that Mitchell's been paying in this area that are much lower than \$150?
- A. Well, I will say that I'm a landman, and terms of a trade are always governed by what two people think things are worth. And if for whatever reason Meridian thought something was worth \$1,000, that's between them and whoever they struck their trade with.
- Q. It might be possible that \$150 isn't an inflated price, though?
- A. We have no qualms about paying \$150 an acre. We, in writing, offered to pay that and would gladly accept that today.

Q. Okay. Based on the correspondence and communications with Mr. Murphy, did you ever believe if you weren't able to strike agreement that you might have to deal with these partners directly?

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- A. Not until receipt of the January 14 or 13 letter.
- Q. Did you ever ask Mr. Murphy for information on the partners?

A. He always described them as silent partners, and I've dealt with any number of companies in the past who had silent partners. And when I'm led to believe that the individual with whom I am dealing has the capacity to bind those silent partners, I don't need to know who they are.

- Q. Okay. So you didn't ask for that information?
- A. Based upon the representations by Mr. Murphy that he had the capacity to bind those interests, no, I didn't.
- Q. Did you ever consider getting something in writing from Mr. Murphy that he had the authority to represent these parties?
- MR. STOVALL: Let me interrupt this at this point and say, let's go back to Exhibit 12. I'd like to -- you referred to the attachment to Exhibit 12,

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and pardon me for doing this. I think we can
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    short-circuit this line of questioning.
               THE WITNESS: The attachment to Exhibit
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               MR. STOVALL:
                             Did you read this letter, Mr.
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    Smith, at the time?
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               THE WITNESS: You're talking Exhibit 12?
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               MR. STOVALL:
                             I'm talking Exhibit 12, the
    December 30th letter.
 9
                             Yes, I did.
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               THE WITNESS:
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               EXAMINER STOGNER:
                                   Third page.
12
               MR. STOVALL: Let's dispose of it by just
    going to paragraphs No. 5, No. 7, and No. 8.
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               MR. KELLAHIN: I'm sorry, I'm not with
    you. Which exhibit?
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               THE WITNESS:
                             Twelve.
17
               MR. KELLAHIN: And which paragraphs?
               MR. STOVALL: Paragraphs 5, 7, and 8.
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               MR. KELLAHIN: Of the body of the --
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               MR. STOVALL: Of the body of the letter
20
    itself.
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               THE WITNESS: I did read it.
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               MR. STOVALL: With that information in the
23
    record, Mr. Cavin, do you wish to pursue this line of
24
    questioning?
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1 MR. CAVIN: Absolutely, and I'd be happy to 2 explain, too, because I was responsible for drafting This was sent to Mitchell -this. 3 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Cavin, please don't 4 5 testify. Use a witness. MR. CAVIN: All right. 6 7 At any time prior to December 30th, did you Q. 8 request anything in writing from Mr. Murphy regarding his authority to act for the partners? 9 No, I didn't. 10 Α. Was it your understanding Mr. Murphy could 11 Q. cut just any deal, or were there just certain deals? 12 He told me that it would take his 13 Α. No. partners' approval. As I stated in my letters, it 14 takes management approval. I understood that he was 15 16 acting as a go-between, as I was. Referencing your Exhibit 12, did you 17 Q. interpret that paragraph 7 to be unlimited or tied to 18 19 this agreement? Direct me again. 20 Α. I'm sorry, your Exhibit 12, it's on page 3, 21 Q. it's paragraph 7. 22 23 Undisclosed Owners. Restate your question,

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Did you interpret this to be applicable to

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please.

Q.

just any agreement or specific to this agreement?

- A. Well, I would state that if it's possible for Strata to make this statement in this agreement, then it would imply that Strata has the capacity to bind those partners in any agreement should the partners have agreed to it.
- Q. Do you see any difference between a sale and a joint operating venture as far as the partners would be concerned and Strata binding them to those?
- A. Well, as long as Strata retained 100 percent record title interest, no.
- Q. Did you ever -- in your conversations with Mr. Murphy, did you ever allude to reasons for a west half proration unit?
 - A. I alluded to one of.
 - Q. What would that reason be?
- A. One of the reasons is that I did state to him was that we have an expiring lease, and we would certainly like to save it, but I did clearly state to him that it was one of many reasons.

And I would clarify by stating that that was a landman to landman kind of reasoning. I won't purport to be a geologist; that that's just one of many reasons. There were other reasons; i.e., an unleased federal tract in the southwest northeast that

any reasonable and prudent operator would not include within a proration unit.

- Q. Was there any discussion if you set up a west half proration unit that, in that fashion, you could drill two wells in the north half? Was that ever discussed with Mr. Murphy?
- A. That was the main geologic reasoning and really the main reasoning to do it the way we're doing it is that we believe -- and I don't want to get into geology because I'm not a geologist -- but that is the main reason for doing what we're doing.
 - Q. Do you keep a phone log, Mr. Smith?
 - A. Not in detail.
- MR. CAVIN: I have no further questions,

 Mr. Examiner.
- 16 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stovall?
- MR. STOVALL: I don't think I have any.
- 18 Well, let me --

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EXAMINATION

- 20 BY MR. STOVALL:
 - Q. Is there any indication that you have, Mr. Smith, do you know the nature of the interest or the interest of the partnership as its referred to?
 - A. No. We were relying on the fact that Strata is of record, the record title owner to 100

percent interest, and they are a New Mexico corporation capable of conducting business in New Mexico, and his representation to us that he spoke for these silent partners and was capable of binding them in an agreement.

- Q. Based upon your experience as a professional landman, you've been involved in situations before where there are -- I think you've stated that --
 - A. Investors?
 - O. Investors in the well?
 - A. Sure.

- Q. Is it necessarily the case that they always own a working interest in leases, that those investors own working interest in leases?
- A. When you say -- I'm not sure I understand your direction.
- Q. As an operator and the owner of oil and gas leases, and you invested and put up money to participate in your operations, do those investors always, unequivocally have an interest in the real property, or do they have an interest in the production or --
- A. Mr. Examiner, I would say that I've never worked for a company that operated that way and would

not be able to comment. I've only worked for a major corporation in my capacity as a senior landman, and we don't have investors. We have shareholders.

MR. STOVALL: Okay. I don't think I have anything further.

MR. KELLAHIN: I have one follow-up question, Mr. Examiner.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kellahin.

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY MR. KELLAHIN:

- Q. From a landman's perspective, Mr. Smith, tell me, what, if any, difficulties are created with regards to the unleased federal tract in the southeast of the northeast, if, for example, the spacing unit is the east half or the north half, and you have to now include that tract as an unleased tract in the spacing unit. What are your reservations, concerns, or observations?
- A. Well, the federal government or the BLM would allow you to drill a well and approve a communitization agreement covering the proration unit containing an unleased federal tract as long as it wasn't the drill site lease and as long as it did not constitute a majority of the proration unit.

In doing that, they would allow you to

drill your well, and at such times as that lease then came up for sale, on the next sale that it did come up on, a condition would be placed upon the issuance of that lease to the winner that the winner would be required to sign a communitization agreement covering the well in that -- or covering that tract as it applied to that well.

- Q. Is that a viable option for Mitchell to exercise in order to form a spacing unit?
- A. It's not what would be considered reasonable and prudent because you would then be putting for sale an interest in a known quantity up for auction. You would be leaving a hole in your proration unit for anyone to step in and buy it and bid the price up to whatever it might go to. It's just not something a reasonable and prudent operator would do.
- MR. KELLAHIN: That's all the questions I have.
- MR. CAVIN: I have a follow-up, Mr.
- 21 Examiner.

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- EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cavin.
- 23 FURTHER EXAMINATION
- 24 BY MR. CAVIN:
 - Q. Mr. Smith, you have experience with federal

leases, I believe you stated?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Do you have any reason to doubt, based on your conversations with the BLM, that this lease will be put up at the next sale?
- A. We have a letter in our files from Martha that it did not make -- we inquired as to why it did not make this most recent sale, and the reason was that they had failed to verify, through whatever procedure they do so, that the lease had actually expired; that they felt and assured us that, as long as the lease has expired, it should make the next federal sale.
 - Q. Which again you say that was --
 - A. I believe it's April 21st of this year.
- Q. Are there any considerations that would require you to drill this well before that date?
- A. We have signed AFE's with our partners covering the proposed well that under the operating agreement will expire after a certain period of time.
 - Q. Your partners being --
- A. Santa Fe Energy and Maralo. And we would proceed -- prefer to get on with our business.
- MR. CAVIN: Oh, sure. I have no further questions.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions of 1 2 Mr. Smith? No, sir. 3 MR. KELLAHIN: 4 EXAMINER STOGNER: He may be excused. Mr. Kellahin. 5 MR. KELLAHIN: I'm prepared to continue 6 7 with my witnesses, if you desire. If you want to deal 8 with the notice issue, I guess we can do that, too. However you would like to proceed. 9 10 EXAMINER STOGNER: You may continue, Mr. Kellahin. 11 MR. CAVIN: Could I take a 60-second break? 12 13 EXAMINER STOGNER: We'll take five minutes. 14 (Thereupon, a recess was taken.) EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kellahin? 15 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Examiner. 16 We'd call at this time Mr. Ted Galowski. 17 TED GAWLOSKI 18 19 the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 20 **EXAMINATION** 21 BY MR. KELLAHIN: 22 Mr. Gawloski, would you please state your 23 Q. name and occupation. 24 25 I'm Ted Gawloski. I'm a staff geologist Α.

for Mitchell Energy Corporation in Midland, Texas.

- Q. Mr. Gawloski, on prior occasions, have you testified as an expert petroleum geologist before the Oil Conservation Division?
 - A. Yes, I have.

- Q. Describe for us what it is that you have done for your company with regards to the area in Lea County, New Mexico, that your company is exploring for Morrow gas production. What is it that you do in that process?
- A. I'm essentially the geologist who works the exploration end of defining the first location in an area for the Morrow, using all available geologic data that we have to determine the best possible locations to develop Morrow gas in the area.
- Q. Section 28 that's the subject of this case is your own personal project?
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. And you are the exploration geologist that is attempting to find Morrow production in this section and other areas in the township?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Based upon that study, have you done certain mapping and reached certain conclusions with regards to issues that are relevant to this hearing?

A. Yes, I have.

MR. KELLAHIN: We tender Mr. Gawloski as an expert petroleum geologist.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Any objections?

MR. CAVIN: No, Mr. Examiner.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Gawloski is so

qualified.

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- Q. (BY MR. KELLAHIN) Mr. Gawloski, let me ask you to take Mitchell Exhibit No. 1. Is this an exhibit that you prepared?
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Identify for us the Section 28 that's the subject or the topic of this hearing. Where is it?
- A. Section 28 is in the lower portion of this map. It is in Township 20 South, Range 33 East -- I mean, there's a green dot showing the approximate location of the well, the Tomahawk 28 Federal Com or Federal #1.
- Q. Give us a general overview of the development and exploration that is occurring in this area with regards to those gas formations below the top of the Wolfcamp. What is happening to develop those potential gas reserves?
- A. From a Mitchell point of view or from just --

- Q. From anybody's point of view.
- A. There is some Morrow activity ongoing in the area, a lot of it by Mitchell Energy; some of it by other operators. There's wells being drilled to the north and some to the south and east, as well, for the Morrow horizon in here.
- Q. Using the legend, Mr. Gawloski, how have you identified Morrow wells?
 - A. Currently active Morrow wells?
 - Q. Yes, sir.

- A. Using the arrow. However, that's also for other wells. It's not just for Morrow activity in here.
- Q. If I find a light blue dot, the legend says that's a Morrow. A Morrow what?
- A. A Morrow producer. It's produced gas out of the Morrow formation.
- Q. What is the nearest Morrow producer in this area in relationship to Section 28?
- A. There are two approximately the same distance away, a well in Section 33, just to the south. However, that well did not make any commercial quantities of gas, just essentially a show. The other well closest to it is our Mitchell Energy well, Top Hat Federal Well, which has just been on line for

approximately a year right now.

So there's really not a whole lot of Morrow wells within that general vicinity, producers.

- Q. When I move north of 28 about three sections and get up into Section 9, there's a blue dot and then a red arrow?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. What is represented in that section?
- A. The blue dot was a Mitchell Morrow discovery. That was just completed, oh, approximately three or four months ago, the Anasazi Federal Mine #1, and we are currently in the process of developing plans to drill an offset to this well.
- Q. Let me talk to you for a moment about your personal experience as an exploration geologist looking for Morrow production in this area. How long have you been engaged in that activity for your company?
- A. Ever since I started at Mitchell in 1984, I have been engaged in Morrow exploration activity and in years before that when I was working for Amoco Production Company in the same area.
- Q. Can you give us any of your personal experience in how successful you are in applying your geologic interpretations and geologic methodology to

successfully finding, locating, and ultimately producing Morrow gas?

- A. We have been successful in numerous Morrow wells in this area and are currently ongoing drilling wells in here right now at present. And the success rate we've had in this area has been excellent.
- Q. Give us a sense of the range of your successes in the recent period. How many wells have you personally been involved in picking locations for, and what has been the success of those attempts?
- A. We've had -- within the area, approximately seven to eight Morrow wells that I've been responsible for. And each one we have, are producing gas out of, run pipe and produce gas out of it. Most of the wells are new and the cum's of them are yet to be determined.
- Q. When you target Morrow production, is there any particular portion of the Morrow that you're looking at as a way to then determine where to locate a well?
- A. Yes. Our primary target in this area is our package of Morrow sands, we call the Morrow B interval, which most of the production in this area does come out of.
 - Q. For you as an exploration geologist looking

for Morrow B, what geologic tools are you using by which then to develop a strategy for exploration of the Morrow?

A. We use -- primarily, we'll go in there and isopach the Morrow B Section, and then we would construct a structure map, using all available well data. In our structure map, we use all available seismic data that we have in the area, and it's quite extensive in this particular area. We use that in conjunction with the well data to make our structure map.

And we also use cross-sections to show the lateral continuity or discontinuity of the Morrow sands.

- Q. What is your exploration strategy or method by which, having found an area that you want to develop within a section, what decisions do you make about how to drill for Morrow production?
- A. When we go into an area like this, and this is what we've done numerous occasions in here prior to this well, we determine what our primary target formation is in here. And, in this case, it's the Morrow formation, and primarily the Morrow B sands section.

We then determine the proration units,

establish for that, in this case, the Morrow being 320 acres. We then use an approach in here how to best develop that section for the Morrow, using both our tools that we have, using the isopach and the structure maps.

- Q. What is the objective that you're trying to achieve with your selection of a spacing unit and the orientation of that unit within a single section?
- A. We're trying to achieve how best to develop our primary target formation within that section.
- Q. Is this a single well per section concept, or is it a two well, 320-acre development concept or exploration concept?
- A. It's a two-well concept that we've used in this area. It's something that we've done in the past, and we would do in the future.
- Q. What do you achieve by looking at the orientation of spacing units whereby within a section then you give yourself two spacing units and two potential locations, one for each of those spacing units?
 - A. Can you --

Q. Yes, sir. What's the objective, what is the goal that you're trying to achieve within a section by looking at the whole section as opposed to

a single 320 spacing unit?

- A. We're trying to maximize our potential for that target formation within a section.
 - Q. How do you do that?
- A. We do that using our geological maps that we have constructed for that area.
- Q. Let me ask you now to turn to the structure map. Again, is this a display that has been prepared by you?
 - A. Yes, it has.
- Q. Before we look at the specific conclusions that you reach about 28, tell us how to read and understand the information.
- A. This is a structure map, again, using all available well data, as well as the seismic data, and you can see them mainly on the section lines, all the seismic data that Mitchell has in this area. It's an extensive database that we use in here to develop regional trends for the Morrow. We use these maps in a regional sense and then hone in on the area that we're working on.

You can see that there's extensive structural component structure in the area, numerous faults and structures and things that show in this area here.

Q. Analyze the structure map for us as it applies to Section 28 and tell us how, if at all, that information affected how you proposed to orient the spacing unit in 28.

A. You can see in Section 28 -- it's the section that has the green outline on it? As you move into the northern half of Section 28, there's actually a structural closure that is developed in Section 28. And the northern part of that section is the best developed structure.

As you move south in that section, you lose a considerable amount of structure, which greatly increases your risk in this area for finding Morrow production.

- Q. The arrow, the point of the arrow, is that attempting to locate the standard location, or is this locating the proposed unorthodox location?
 - A. That approximates the unorthodox location.
- Q. The scale is so small, I guess it's hard to see, but that is intended to represent the 1,650 from the north line?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. As opposed to 1,980 from the north line?

 Give us an understanding of the well

 control information that you have to help you infer

the structure and the closure of the minus 9400 line within Section 28. What's your control?

- A. Well, there's a well in Section 27, a well in Section 26, a well to the south in 33, and farther to the north, our well in Section 9.
- Q. Let's talk about the seismic control. Where is that?
- A. There's extensive seismic control east-west along the southern part of Section 28, north-south across the western portion of Section 28, another east-west line running across Section 21, and in the middle portion of Section 21, and another line, east-west line along the northern portion of Section 21 and several other lines north-south through the area. Very extensive seismic base we have here.
- Q. Based upon the structure map, do you have an opinion as to the level of risk factor the examiner, in your recommendation, should assess against any nonconsenting interest owner regardless of where the well is located in Section 28?
- A. The risk for drilling a well in this area is that we are on, essentially on a structure that has been untested. That would be the primary risk. The closest well to us has tested the Morrow in Section 27 and did not produce out of the Morrow section. It did

produce out of the Atoka section.

- Q. When you consider all those factors that you as a geologist rely upon, what is the risk factor in terms of a percentage as assessed by the Division that you would recommend that be applied in this case?
- A. I believe the maximum penalty should be applied in this case, that being 200 percent plus costs.
- Q. Does the risk diminish so that the penalty factor ought to be less than 200 percent, if you move the location from the closest standard location to the proposed unorthodox location?
- A. No, I don't believe that should change at all.
 - Q. Why not?
 - A. It's a minimal distance that you're moving structurally, and the risk is still going to be there because the structure is untested.
 - Q. Can you reach that same conclusion then with regards to wherever the well is located within the spacing unit, it's not going to have a material effect so that the maximum penalty should be less than 200 percent?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Let's turn now to the isopach information.

In addition to making a structural interpretation, what else do you do?

- A. I go into the Morrow secton, and I isopach what we call the Morrow B section. I take the porosity cutoff of a density porosity of 7 percent, which we used as a limitation for production, and we isopach those values using all the available well control that we have.
- Q. And you have done that with this isopach that's identified as Exhibit No. 3?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. This is your work?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. In making a decision in Section 28 about how to orient the spacing units so that you can achieve maximum development on 320 gas spacing for that section, how does the isopach help you make those choices?
- A. The isopach is used in conjunction with the structure map. You determine, you try to get the best possible isopach value area that your thickest sand by in there, and use that in conjunction with your structure map to maximize your potential within Section 28.
 - Q. Looking at the isopach, can you give us an

example or an illustration of the ranges of differences you achieve with a well based upon thickness of the Morrow B?

- A. The Morrow B, the way I have it mapped, has approximately 30 feet of thickness in the west half, increases to approximately 50 and a little bit toward the center part of the section. It goes back down to approximately 40 feet on the eastern portion of the section.
- Q. In relation to offsetting or wells in the area, I guess you have to go over to 26, two sections away, what was the success of that well in relation to thickness of the Morrow B sand?
- A. That well was a successful Morrow test based upon this same isopach that we used in this area.
 - Q. And that had approximately 60 feet in it?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. As we move south into Section 33, we find a Morrow test in Section 33 in the southwest quarter that is about 30 feet of thickness?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Were you able to obtain a successful Morrow well?
 - A. That well was essentially an extremely poor

producer, 226,000 cubic feet. So it really is a nonproducer, just a little show of gas.

- Q. How do you use the isopach to help you decide the orientation of the spacing unit you want?
- A. We use the isopach to try to get into the thickest sand body that we can in the best structural position and using our two-well concept to best develop the section.
- Q. If it is a north half-south half orientation, how does the integration of the two exhibits, the structure map and the isopach, affect that decision?
- A. The isopach value shows that the thick go through the north-south. However, the structure map shows a preferred orientation or a preferred structure in the north half. So as you move south into the section, you will be getting off structure, and it would inspect your risk considerably.

So we'd use the isopach and structure map in conjunction. And, therefore, the best locations would be in the northwest quarter and northeast quarter of Section 28.

Q. What happens if the orientation of the spacing unit is such that there's a north half and a south half? How does that affect your ability to

develop the whole section?

- A. It would limit our ability to develop the whole section. The first well would fit the mapping, meet our criteria, but the south well would be at such a risk that, based upon our mapping here right now, we would not recommend a well if it was in the south half.
- Q. What do you achieve if you stand the spacing units up and you have a west half and an east half orientation to the 320 gas spacing units?
- A. It gives us the opportunity to fully develop the section. I have a location in the northwest quarter and the northeast quarter.
- Q. Each of which is upstructure from the south half?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And is comparable then in structural position?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Let's turn now to Exhibit No. 4 and look at your stratigraphic cross-section. Before we discuss the conclusions you reach about Exhibit No. 4, Mr. Gawloski, show us the line of cross-section, what wells you've picked.
 - A. This cross-section goes from the north end

across our Geronimo prospect. It's the well on the far left. It goes through a well in Section 9, which is our new discovery, the Mitchell Energy Anasazi Federal #9 well, moves further south to our proposed location in Section 28, and ties in a couple of the wells in the Salt Lake south Morrow field, which is the closest production to the south of us.

- Q. Why have you chosen those wells to form a line for the cross-section?
- A. It gives us a link of production that we have to the north and to the south, and it shows us the character and nature of the sands that we are chasing in this area.
- Q. Excluding for a moment the Morrow B sand, describe and characterize the potential in the other Morrow sands for us.
- A. There is potential in the other Morrow packages, but we feel that it's somewhat limited in the area. Our well in Section 9 did not have a very good development of the Morrow C. So our primary target in here is the Morrow B sand section.
- Q. Let's look specifically at the Morrow B now and describe that for us. What do you see about the continuity of the sands from well to well?
 - A. The Morrow B or the sand package that lies

below that yellow line on the cross-section, and as you can see as you go across this section here the variability and discontinuous nature of these Morrow sands. And we have more experience in this area and have found that you need to develop this Morrow on a 320-acre proration to adequately develop the entire section. The nature of these sands have a tendancy to come and go, and we do find new reservoirs in drilling within the 320-acre proration unit.

- Q. Based upon your experience in this area with drilling Morrow wells, what is your conclusion about the component of risk that you undertake in drilling a well such as this?
- A. Because of the nature of the Morrow in this area, there is always a risk of not finding sands in one area and finding them in another. The discontinuous nature always increases the risk of drilling for the Morrow in this area.
- Q. Can you characterize this as step-out development of the existing established Morrow production?
- A. To me, from our -- the way Mitchell is looking at it, it is a wildcat well. We are drilling north of a field, of the Salt Lake field, which we feel has strong structural component to it and feel

that we're on another structural trend north of it that has yet to be fully developed, and our closest other production is up to the north where we are currently active right now.

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- Q. Using this stratigraphic cross-section, help us identify the interval that you have used to isopach for Exhibit No. 3.
- A. The interval I used to isopach is the interval between what's marked on the exhibit as Top of the Morrow B and Top of the Morrow C. That's the interval that I used to isopach.
- Q. Having taken that interval then, how do you calculate the thickness within that interval by which you then had prepared the isopach?
- A. I go through that section and determine what is the sand in here, and I've used the porosity cutoff that is what we use as a standard for production.
 - Q. That's the 7 percent?
- A. 7 percent density. And then I essentially go in there and add up the thicknesses within that section.
- Q. The isopach that's been generated then is a net sand isopach?
 - A. A net sand isopach of this Morrow B

interval.

5?

- Q. Using the 7 percent cutoff?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Let me ask you to turn to Exhibit No. 5 now. Exhibit 5 doesn't have the quarter section or the section lines on it, and you're going to have to help us not get confused in the display, Mr. Gawloski. If you'll, before we talk about the conclusions, look at 5 and tell us where it came from. What is this?
- A. This is a plat that was prepared by archeologists. When you go into a federal leasehold and you're proposing a well, you have to have an archeological survey done on the location and the pad site before you can proceed with your permitting.
- Q. You had chosen for the development of the section a well located in the west half 1,980 from the north and 1,980 from the west?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Where do we find that location on Exhibit
- A. It's marked in the center portion of the diagram right there under the word "ridge" on dune ridge, on the lower portion of the dune.
 - Q. Were your field people successful in

obtaining surface clearance for a well to be located as you had initially proposed?

- A. No, they were not.
- Q. What happened?

A. First off, there is a topographical consideration. There was a large dune ridge, and that's shown in there by the dashed line, essentially trending northeast-southwest, and that location was on the edge of that dune ridge.

The other consideration in here, which goes along with the topographical consideration, is an archeological site, and you can see it has a designation there, and it's shown by the bolder dark line on the dune ridge. Essentially, the dune ridge was a topographical feature that he found archeological -- whatever -- artifacts on there. So that we did not have clearance then to proceed with that location.

- Q. Were you able to locate a well that satisfied the surface limitations within the west half of Section 28?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And where did you ultimately find that you had an approvable surface location?
 - A. Moving a little bit to the north where the

location would be approximately 1,650 from the north line instead of 1,980. That would give -- you can see the box around that location is the boundary of the well pad. That would be essentially the minimum distance we could move from there and still conduct our business in a manner that would have been approved by the archeologist and probably the BLM.

- Q. In assessing the risk, is there a material difference or a change in the risk if you moved from the closest standard location to this unorthodox location?
- A. No, the risk is about the same. It's a minimal distance that we're moving here.
- Q. The choices you've made about the methodology for exploration of the section, the two-well concept, is that made by you as a geologist independent initially of any other limitations or considerations?
- A. No, sir. There's other considerations that we use in conjunction with the geological information.
- Q. Initially, however, what goes into the decision that you make as a geologist about how to orient the spacing units?
- A. Initially, it's what I do with the geological end of it is what I do initially, and then

if there's any other considerations, we address them.

- Q. Apart from other considerations now, initially then the decision is made upon your geologic work independent of ownership and surface limitations?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. And what was that decision that you made for Section 28?
- A. That the best way to develop Section 28 would be to have stand-up proration units in the east half and the west half and have a well posed in the northwest quarter of that section.
- Q. If that is approved by the examiner, what does that allow Mitchell to do then with the subsequent development of the section?
- A. It allows Mitchell to then proceed with a well. If deemed productive, the first well deemed productive, we could then proceed with a well in the northeast quarter of that section.
- Q. Having made that initial decision, were there any other informations or facts brought to you subsequently that caused you to change your opinion about the orientation of the spacing units?
- A. A leasehold consideration was brought to my attention of an unleased partial in the northeast quarter.

- Q. The topographic limitation was brought to your attention?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And you've had to adjust for that?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Any other thing that's affected your choice about how to orient the spacing units?
 - A. No.

- Q. Having selected the orientation, summarize for us the criteria then that gets you to the ultimate conclusion about the stand-ups. What's the criteria?
- A. The criteria is one that we used in this area, that we have used in this area. We take our geologic maps, cross-sections. We take the isopachs, determine where the best -- area of best thickness in the Morrow B, which is our primary target. We then look at our structure map. And then we look at both of those and take those into consideration to determine what the best locations would be to adequately develop the section.

And in this case, using their structure and isopach, locations in the northwest quarter and northeast quarter on the east and west half proration units were the best way to fully develop Section 28.

Q. Describe for us the criteria you use in

selecting the well location for each of the two spacing units once you've decided the orientation.

A. Well, once we decide the orientation, in this case a west-half proration unit, we normally go to what we feel is our best orthodox location, which is what we did in this case. And then we submit that to get permitted based upon clearance of BLM approval of that location.

MR. KELLAHIN: That concludes my examination of Mr. Gawloski. We would move the introduction of Exhibits 1 through 5.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 through 5 will be admitted into evidence at this time. Thank you, Mr. Kellahin.

Mr. Cavin, your witness.

MR. CAVIN: Thank you, Mr. Examiner.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. CAVIN:

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- Q. Can you help me with your name, please.
- 20 I'm sorry, I'd just like to pronounce it correctly.
 - A. Ted Gawloski.
- Q. Gawloski, okay. If I mispronounce it, you have my apologies in advance.
 - A. I'm used to it.
 - Q. Well, Sealy is not a real winner either for

easy names to pronounce.

Let me refer you to Exhibit 5 as far as the various locations you have looked at, and can you tell me where is it on this map that you can't drill? I guess I didn't understand that, from a topographical

- A. The center portion of the plat, essentially right under the "g" in "ridge" was the initial proposed location, orthodox location.
- Q. And that would be, right under the "g" would be 1,980?
- A. Right. You can see right to the right of that, it says 1,980 from the north and west and the arrow pointing there. That is the location.
 - O. Is that where the crosshatch is?
- A. Yes.
- Q. The crosshatch is 1,980, 1,980?
- 18 A. Yes.
 - Q. So that crosshatch is on the ridge, so to speak?
 - A. It's right on the edge of the ridge and extremely close to the archeological site. The thing we didn't have drawn here is the size of the well pad which would be what you see on each of those other ones; so the well pad would essentially be in the

middle of that dune ridge and archeological site.

Q. How large is that well pad?

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- A. It says up there 400 by 400.
- Q. Okay, 400 by 400. Am I correct, if you move the 1,980, 1,980 location south, you have to move it south at least 200 feet because of the well pad?
 - A. That's approximately it, yes.
- Q. So you have to have a well pad that's 400 by 400; is that pretty much --
- A. That's what we normally do for our Morrow wells. That's not my area of expertise, but he has this drawn in here as such. That's what he would do.
 - Q. So that's standard for your Morrow wells?
 - A. I'm led to believe that, yes.
- Q. Do you make any exceptions for these location sizes, your pad, I should say?
- A. Very rarely, because I do know this, you have to have so much spacing out there for safety reasons that you have to have enough room to do that, and this is probably pretty standard for BLM deep gas wells.
- Q. Can you tell me, and I should probably know this, but IF #1 means?
- A. That is an isolated find, I believe, is how he describes that. There's isolated finds outside of

92 that dune ridge that he found and he's numbered. ο. And IF #2 is the same sort of thing? Α. Yes. Okay. And it looks like that's an access Q. road that passes through there? Α. That's correct. The location 2,180 by 2,180, that is what's Q. acceptable for archeological and topographical reasons; is that right? That's correct. But not for geologic reasons? Q. That's correct. Well, there was two -- we Α.

based upon geological considerations. But 2,180 and 2,180 is acceptable from

had two locations here, and we chose the northern one

Α. Yes. 17

archeological --

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- Can you tell me, I think you've said you Q. work in the Permian Basin area. What other areas do you work?
 - I've worked the southeast New Mexico for Α. all 12 of my years as a geologist.
- So that's basically 100 percent of your 23 Q. 24 work?
 - It's been in the Delaware Basin, southeast Α.

New Mexico, that's correct.

- Q. It sounds like you've got quite an impressive amount of geologic data. Is that something you would share with the parties you're seeking to join, in your interpretations?
- A. It's something we do not normally do unless we're bound by some sort of agreement. The other parties usually make up their own decisions, have their own staff of geologists and usually will do that themselves. So we don't normally do that.
- Q. Would you consider it in this case if it would help facilitate the -- what would Mitchell's position be?
- A. We already did. I sent a portion of this structure map to geologists at Strata to help in these discussions we were having so that we might alleviate some of these problems, and I sent a portion of that structure map up to them, and it was confirmed that he did receive that map.

It's something that we sometimes do to help alleviate a problem in an area to get something going, but normally it's not something that we do. It's more above and beyond what we usually do.

Q. Did you share that information with Maralo and is it Santa Fe that your other partner is?

A. That's correct. We did not -- they have their own geologists, and they work that up themselves.

- Q. Do they have access to the information that your maps are based on?
- A. I do not know. I'm sure they have the well control. Now, the seismic data, I do not know. I cannot speak for them on that. I know we have a very extensive seismic database in this area.
- Q. I would refer you to your Exhibit No. 2, and I take it this is a structure map showing the top of the Morrow. Now, can you tell me, if you could, where would you locate this well if you could pick the prime location within this structure without considerations to the north line?
- A. Without considerations -- you would still have to be within legal bounds of a location. You'd have to have some sort of consideration of the north line.
- Q. I guess I'm trying to get your opinion, what is the best location, legal location, if you had a north half proration unit in the north half of Section 28 according to your structure map?
- A. If you were looking at it from a one-well standpoint, you could drill a location a little bit

better on the structure, but our methodology in here is to maximize our potential for the sections. And we've done that with several wells in this area, several Morrow wells, including the well in Section 9, and we have not changed our approach for this location at all.

- Q. So basically what you're saying is, if you had to pick the best structural position in 28 that was a legal location for the north half, it would be further north than the proposed location?
- A. You could move it a little further north if you were looking at it from a one-well standpoint.
- Q. And that would be a better geologic location for this one well?
 - A. For this one well.

- Q. So it's your opinion that the risk should be the same throughout any part of Section 28, and that's the 200 percent plus costs?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And it's your opinion that the south half location is just too risky, and you don't see any geologic merit to that?
- A. If we were forced to do north half-south half, based upon this mapping, I would not recommend it to my management. Structure in here does play an

important role. The field on the south and west on this map is, as you can see, on a structural feature at Salt Lake South Field, and as you get off of that structure, you do get wells that you get into some zones that do not produce and are wet.

- Q. It appears that some of these wells are pretty good producers that are offstructure; is that correct?
 - A. Which wells are you referring to?
- Q. Well, I guess the -- up in Section 14 up in that Quail Ridge area, those wells up there, it would appear they're somewhat offstructure?
- A. That well is on the edge of a structure. I would interpret it as being on the edge of a structure, and there's stratigraphic and structural components to the wells in here.
- Q. How about the well in Section 19 of that same township and range?
- A. There is no producer in Section 19 of that township and range. Which one are you referring to?
- Q. Let me get my bearings here. I believe that would be 19-33. Let me confirm that for you.
- A. That well in 19 of 19-33 is an extremely poor producer. Eight million out of the Morrow I would not call a good Morrow producer.

Q. Eight?

- A. Eight million. That's something we certainly would not call -- I'm sure you can go through here and find one or two exceptions, but you're going to find most of them that are going to be either on or on the edge of a structure, and the well field to the south definitely has a structural component to it.
- Q. So I guess your position is it's structural and stratigraphic?
- A. Structure plays a very important part in this area, and I think it's obvious from the map here.
- Q. What would be more significant, the age of structure or the top of the structure, in your opinion -- I'm sorry, the edge?
- A. The edge of the structure versus the top of the structure?
- Q. Um-hm. Let me just rephrase this. If you had your druthers, you're saying you'd come right in at the very top of the structure?
- A. That's not correct. If I was looking at this one map by itself, that may be what you would do. That is not the way we do business. I can find a structure out here that has no sand in it, and it's not going to do me any good to drill it. So I do not

use this map by itself.

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The well in Section 5 is in a nice structural position, and it had very little sand in it; so it didn't do any good to be on the structure. You've got to use all the tools you have available to you. In this case, you use your isopach and your structure.

- Q. Do you feel like this is a pretty precise art here to pick these locations?
- A. This is as precise as we can get it with the data we have.
- Q. Is the -- and I believe this is the correct name -- the Anasazi well up in Section 9 to the north, Section 28, is that onstructure or offstructure or on the edge?
- A. It came in mapped on the edge of a structure. And, again, this is a prime example of how we work a section in this area. We determined that this section with the isopach and the structure to maximize the development of that section, we were going to have lay-down proration units, and we're currently in the process of permitting a well in the south half of Section 9, again, under the same methodology as we're doing in Section 28, get a good thickness necessary of sand and in it a good

structural position.

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- Q. But your well you're proposing in the south half of 9 would be as far offstructure as the alternate location you propose in Section 28; is that correct?
 - A. As far offstructure?
- Q. Let me see. You said you proposed a well in Section 9?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. In the south half?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, there were two locations that you told me were approved on the Exhibit 5?
- A. I never said they were approved yet. They
 were proposed locations.
 - Q. Would be acceptable as far as topographic and archeological?
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. Now, based on your mapping, the location
 20 2,180 from north line, 2,180 from the west line, my
 21 question is, you're saying that's too far
 22 offstructure, I believe?
- A. No, I didn't say that. I said it is
 farther offstructure. If I was going to move the
 location, if I had two choices to move the location, I

would move it to get a little bit better structural position. That's just a good geological decision to make. Why move further downstructure when you don't have to?

- Q. So if I heard you correctly, your primary reason from a geologic standpoint for this location as opposed -- or, I'm sorry, a west half spacing unit is so that you can get two wells in the north half of Section 28?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. And this we can talk to Mr. Smith about this, to recall him, but under the operating agreement, would you have any problem sharing your geologic information with the participants? Would that be a problem for the participants who participate in the well you're proposing?
- A. We are doing that right now. I believe we're sharing the geologic data right now. It is not something we normally do because we take a lot of time, and we have a lot more data than most people do to do this. And we've already gone above and beyond and shared structure maps with seismic data on there that we don't normally do.

We've sort of bent over backwards to try to work with you, with Strata on this; so it's not

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something we normally do, but we're doing it right
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    now.
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               MR. CAVIN: I have no further questions,
    Mr. Examiner.
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               EXAMINER STOGNER:
                                   Thank you Mr. Cavin.
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               Mr. Kellahin, any redirect?
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               Mr. Kellahin?
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               MR. STOVALL: He already said no, but I
    don't have any.
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               EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stovall, my
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    apologies. I have no other questions of this
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    witness.
               At this particular time, we'll take a
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    recess for lunch until --
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               MR. STOVALL: Tom, how long is your
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    engineer?
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               MR. KELLAHIN: Five minutes. He's going to
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    authenticate the AFE. If that's not a dispute, maybe
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    we can just put it in the record.
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               EXAMINER STOGNER: Let's go ahead and hear
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    the engineer's testimony at this time.
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               (Thereupon, a discussion was held
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                off the record.)
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               MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, with the
    stipulation of opposing counsel that Mitchell's
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Exhibit 18 may be introduced and accepted as 1 reasonable cost for the drilling and completion of 2 this well, I will choose not to present Mr. Richard, 3 4 the engineer who would otherwise authenticate this exhibit. 5 With that stipulation then we would seek 6 the introduction of Exhibit No. 18. 7 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Kellahin, who can answer 8 9 the current status of the APD, Application for Permit to Drill? 10 MR. KELLAHIN: We've got somebody here that 11 12 can. EXAMINER STOGNER: I thought your 13 engineering witness was going to do that at this time. 14 MR. KELLAHIN: No. He was going to 15 authenticate this AFE. 16 EXAMINER STOGNER: As far as authenticity 17 of the AFE, I have no --18 MR. STOVALL: We can admit Exhibit 18 as 19 20 the proposed Authorization For Expenditure without objection and contest. 21 22 MR. KELLAHIN: Our APD with the BLM is on 23 file and has not yet been approved. I think that's a correct representation. 24

EXAMINER STOGNER: I'd like to hear from

your witness, if you've got one. 1 MR. STOVALL: Has he been sworn? 2 MR. KELLAHIN: We may have to take a break 3 and put him on after lunch and get our act together on 4 5 APD because I wasn't prepared to present the status of 6 approval of the APD. 7 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Kellahin, so you can 8 prepare properly, since you are not, the concerns that we're expressing with this is with respect to the 9 status of approval of the specific location and 10 11 whether you've got the clearances necessary or whether it's still in a review or it's simply an 12 administrative process to get the approval done. 13 14 MR. KELLAHIN: I need to double-check and 15 make sure we give you the right answer. 16 MR. STOVALL: With those considerations, that's what you need to talk to your --17 18 EXAMINER STOGNER: So with that, we'll take a break for lunch and reconvene as 1:45 19 20 (Thereupon, the lunch recess was taken.) EXAMINER STOGNER: The hearing will come to 21 Mr. Kellahin? 22 order. 23 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Examiner. MR. STOVALL: Has this witness been sworn, 24 25 Mr. Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: No, sir, he has not. I'd like to call Mr. Mark Stephenson at this time.

MARK STEPHENSON,

the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows:

EXAMINATION

BY MR. KELLAHIN:

- Q. Mr. Stephenson, would you please state your name and occupation?
- A. My name is Mark Stephenson. That's spelled with a p-h instead of a v. I'm employed by Mitchell Energy Corporation as the manager of the production regulatory affairs department.
- Q. Do you have a technical degree in any professional area, Mr. Stephenson?
- A. No, sir, I don't. I have a business degree from Sam Houston State University in Huntsville,
 Texas. I graduated in December of 1979, and I've been employed by Mitchell Energy Corporation since January of 1980, various capacities in the field of regulatory affairs. I've been in my current capacity as manager of the production regulatory affairs department since January of 1988.
- Q. As part of your duties and among your experiences, have you participated on behalf of your

company with regards to drilling, permitting, and examining rules and regulations for oil and gas wells to be drilled in what is called the Division Order R-111-P area?

A. Yes, sir, I have.

- Q. Are you also familiar with the Secretary of the Interior's Federal Potash Enclave and the rules and regulations that apply to drilling in those areas?
- A. Unfortunately, yes, I'm very familiar with that order also.
- Q. With regards to your company's efforts to obtain an approved APD from the Bureau of Land Management for the drilling of a specific well, have you been involved in that process?
 - A. Yes, I have.

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- MR. KELLAHIN: We tender Mr. Stephenson as an expert in regulatory affairs dealing with drilling in the potash area.
- EXAMINER STOGNER: Any objections?
- MR. CAVIN: No, sir.
- 21 EXAMINER STOGNER: So qualified.
- Q. (BY MR. KELLAHIN) Mr. Stephenson, let me
 ask you, sir, to identify for the record what has been
 marked as Mitchell Exhibit No. 20.
 - A. Exhibit No. 20 is a copy of the

Application for Permit to Drill for the subject well.

It was filed by Mitchell with the Bureau of Land

Management's Carlsbad office on November 20, 1992.

- Q. This APD was filed over the signature of George Mullen. Who is George Mullen?
- A. George Mullen is an employee of my department. He is the one who files most of the APD's in the southeast New Mexico area. Occasionally I file a few of those. In this particular case, Mr. Mullen is the one that filed this APD.
- Q. This request was filed under letter dated November 20 of 1992, and you're seeking approval of the location as specified before this examiner, being the unorthodox well location we've described?
 - A. Yes, sir, that's correct.
- Q. As to that location, what are the applicable rules as you know them concerning drilling in the potash area or within R-111-P? Where is this acreage?
- A. This particular acreage is located on federal acreage. There's no state acreage involved in Section 28. And, as such, we're really operating under the '86 secretarial order rather than R-111-P.
- Q. Where are we in relation to R-111-P acreage? Are we within or without that boundary?

A. We're actually within the boundary of the designated R-111-P area.

- Q. But you are more than a mile away from an LMR?
- A. I'm not certain that we're more than a mile from an LMR.
- Q. With regards to the notice requirements under R-111-P, what is the requirement that applies to this tract and what, if anything, have you done?
- A. What we do and our procedure basically on permitting wells with the BLM, wells that are subject to the 1986 secretarial order, the BLM has less formal guidelines on permitting wells within the designated potash area, that area designated under the '86 secretarial order. They don't have strict guidelines as far as notice requirements are concerned, as you have, for example, in R-111-P.

Our normal course of action for any well within the designated secretarial area, potash area, is to contact the BLM prior to the time we file the Application for Permit to Drill. We consult with the mine engineers in the BLM's Carlsbad office.

- Q. Was that done in this case?
- A. Yes, sir, it was. I did that myself in an attempt to determine whether or not the BLM would

envision any difficulty with respect to this location due to potash restrictions. We do that in an effort to save ourselves and BLM some time and trouble, if possible. There's some cases where it's very clearly going to create a problem, say, if you're encroaching upon an LMR or a certain part of the enclave. There's other areas where I think they can look at the information they have in that office and give you a fairly good educated guess as to whether or not they would anticipate any problem with permitting the well at that location. That's part of what we do.

The other part of what we do is we determine through contact within the parties that would be required to be notified of the application, and we give notice to those parties.

- Q. Was that done in this case?
- A. Yes, sir, it was.

- Q. Let me direct your attention to Exhibit 21 and have you identify and describe that exhibit.
- A. Exhibit No. 21 is a letter dated November 17, 1992. It's addressed to Mr. Randy Foote with Mississippi Chemical Corporation in Carlsbad, New Mexico. It's a letter giving notice to Mr. Foote and Mississippi Chemical Corporation that Mitchell intended to file a Permit to Drill with the BLM at

CUMBRE COURT REPORTING
P.O. BOX 9262
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87504-9262
(505) 984-2244

this location.

- Q. What, if any, response have you received from Mississippi Chemical Corporation concerning this application?
- A. We have filed no response. We have received no response at all, affirmative or negative, no indication of protest from Mississippi Chemical.

We do periodically check on the status of these APD's. As you can see, this particular application has been pending for over two months now, and we did communicate with the Carlsbad office of the BLM last week, and we're advised that the application was still pending, but we are informed that it had been reviewed with respect to potash restrictions, and there didn't appear to be a problem there. Of course, that won't be determined definitively until the permit is actually issued, but that's what we were told last week.

- Q. In terms of obtaining an approvable APD, are you aware of any other regulations, restrictions, or limitations on the approval of the APD?
 - A. No, sir, I'm not.
- Q. Have you satisfied the requirements for the surface use in terms of its location with regards to archeological sites or surface limitations such as the

dunes involved in this case?

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- A. I believe we have. As has been previously testified, this site has been reviewed by an archeologist with the BLM or one that was retained to conduct an archeological survey on behalf of the BLM. And as a result of that archeological survey, we had to move the location. But my understanding is that the proposed location is acceptable with the BLM.
- Q. Based upon your current information on this particular proposal and your experience in general with this type of permitting, what is your conclusion about the approvability of this location as we've requested it from the examiner?
- A. After several checks with the BLM, again, we have no indication that there's any problem in permitting this well. My expectation would be that this permit will be approved.
- MR. KELLAHIN: That concludes my examination of Mr. Stephenson. Move the introduction of Mitchell's Exhibits 20 and 21.
- EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr.
- 22 Kellahin. Do you have any questions?
- MR. CAVIN: Yes, sir.
- 24 EXAMINATION
- 25 BY MR. CAVIN:

Q. Mr. Stephenson, can you tell me where the -- I'm looking at Exhibit 20, and it's the map with the one-mile radius, I guess. Can you tell me where the LMR is just for --

A. Well, I don't know how familiar you are with BLM regulations or the OCD regulations on potash and specifically with respect to LMR's, but LMR's are considered confidential by the potash companies and the regulatory agencies, and that's proprietary information. We don't have that information.

What we have to do is rely on the agencies to tell us whether or not we're within a certain distance from the LMR.

- Q. Okay. When do you expect to receive approval based on your experience?
- A. Based on our communication with the BLM last week, I would think it would be in the next couple of weeks.
- Q. Can you tell me, Mr. Stephenson, where the proposed location is with respect to either proven or probable potash reserves?
- A. I don't have a copy of the BLM's 1984 potash map in front of me. I think the examiner may have one. I'd be happy to look at his map and try to help you with that question.

MR. STOVALL: Before we even bring that 1 into the thing, what's the relevance of that to the 2 3 forced pooling application? MR. CAVIN: Well, I guess if I knew a little more about the potash, it might move our 5 location one way or another. I just don't know. 6 MR. STOVALL: If the location gets 7 8 approved, it gets approved by the BLM, and we don't have any input into that whatsoever because it's all 9 10 federal land. If it were state or fee lands, then we would have an approval process, the OCD. 11 MR. CAVIN: Just as to the casing then is 12 all the OCD has involvement in or not even that? 13 MR. STOVALL: Well, even the casing. 14 This is a federally regulated well. The only thing the OCD 15 really has jurisdiction over with respect to this well 16 is the consolidation of interests. Although BLM and 17 OCD are generally consistent on those requirements, 18 they are administered in this case by the BLM. 19 MR. CAVIN: So it's not a matter to be 20 decided by the OCD? 21 22 MR. STOVALL: Correct. 23 MR. CAVIN: I have no further questions. 24 EXAMINATION BY MR. STOGNER: 25

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- Q. Mr. Stephenson, really what I asked you up here today for was essentially, in looking at Exhibit No. 5, 1,980, 1,980 is marked on this exhibit?
 - A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. What I wanted to find out was, did the BLM come out and request you move this location? You had two locations to choose from. I was just trying to find what the status was as opposed to the surface location and what kind of BLM requirements were made and what were the steps as far as the on-site review and how much did Mitchell Energy really have a say in moving this location?
- A. Okay. I'd be happy to go through that with you, Mr. Examiner.
 - Q. Just keep it brief but do cover it.
- A. All right. Well, anytime we drill a well on federal acreage, we're required to have an archeological survey conducted. We did retain an archeologist to do that here. As a result of this survey, they determined that the original proposed location was not acceptable due to topographic and archeological reasons.

When they do find a location unacceptable, we do try to give them alternate locations to look at or at least an area that would be acceptable. In this

particular case, the archeologist came up with two alternate locations. We looked at, I guess, the options and decided that the northern location, northern alternative here, was the best option in this particular case.

- Q. Now, this option that was, has it had an on-site review by the BLM personnel at this point?
 - A. By the archeologist?
- Q. Anybody else in the BLM's bureaucracy that required on-site. I know it changes in different areas.
- A. I don't know the answer to that, Mr.

 Stogner. I do know the archeologist has approved it.

 They do have to do an environmental assessment, and

 I'm not sure whether that has been completed at this

 particular location. Again, our last communication

 with the BLM indicated that there appeared to be no

 problem with this location.

EXAMINATION

20 BY MR. STOVALL:

- Q. There are more than just archeological considerations?
- A. That's right. And during a permitting
 process, we don't try to communicate with each
 individual that's involved in the permitting process

at the BLM. That would just be impossible to track that.

What we do try to do is find out what stage of the permitting process it's in and when we can anticipate approval, or if there's any complications, we certainly want to know about that, but we don't try to monitor these things with every person at the BLM that touches the paper.

- Q. In your experience with the BLM and based on where you are at this stage of the process, do you believe you would have heard from them if the surface location were unacceptable for any reason?
- A. Yes, sir. I can certainly say that in the past, anytime that they determine there's a problem with the permit, they're very expeditious in advising you of such.
- Q. Both locations are unorthodox; is that correct?
 - A. Both locations?
- Q. Both of the alternate locations, the southern one and the northern one? If I'm reading your measurements right, it's a standard size section, you're too close to the east line of the proration unit at 2,180?
 - A. That's correct.

That's all I have for EXAMINER STOGNER: 1 2 this witness. Any other questions for Mr. Stephenson? MR. KELLAHIN: No, sir. 3 EXAMINER STOGNER: Can he be excused? MR. CAVIN: May I ask one question, please, 5 Mr. Examiner? 6 FURTHER EXAMINATION 7 8 BY MR. CAVIN: We heard earlier about the pad size. 9 Q. It's 400 by 400. Is that a requirement of the BLM, or is 10 that a Mitchell practice? 11 Α. I think that's something that's probably 12 jointly determined by both parties. I can tell you 13 that 400 by 400 is our standard pad size for a Morrow 14 well location. 15 MR. CAVIN: 16 Okay. EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions? 17 MR. CAVIN: No further questions, sir. 18 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stephenson may be 19 Mr. Kellahin, do you have anything further? 2 0 excused. MR. KELLAHIN: No, sir, we have nothing 21 further to present in evidence. 22 Okay, Mr. Cavin. 23 EXAMINER STOGNER: MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, our first witness 24 25 is Mark Murphy, president of Strata Production

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Owners of leasehold spending
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Alees Murphy ever of use
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Company.

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MARK MURPHY,

the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows:

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EXAMINATION

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BY MR. CAVIN:

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Q. Mr. Murphy, can you please tell the examiner your background in the oil and gas business?

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A. Yes. My name is Mark Bertram Murphy. I'm president of Strata Production Company. I've been involved in the oil and gas business since I was 15 years old when I started as a roustabout in southeastern New Mexico and west Texas. My family has been actively involved in oil and gas ventures in

12 13

been actively involved in oil and gas ventures in southeastern New Mexico and west Texas since 1957.

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Gas out of Dallas, Texas, a Dallas independent, and Robb Hart Oil and Gas out of Lockhart, Texas. In

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1983, I joined my father and sister in a New Mexico

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oil and gas company by the name of Murphy Operating Corporation. We operated at our peak approximately

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400 wells, primarily in southeastern New Mexico and

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west Texas. We appeared numerous times at the Oil

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Conservation Commission, seeking unitization approval

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on waterfloods, primarily, San Andres waterfloods

I've worked as a landman for Eagle Oil and

located in Roosevelt and Chaves Counties.

I currently serve as president and have since late 1991, as president of Strata Production Company. We operate approximately 70 wells. We produce a little over 2,000 barrels a day.

I serve as an industry adviser to the Petroleum Recovery Research Center at New Mexico Tech in Socorro. I've testified in front of numerous legislative hearings on issues from the enhanced oil recovery legislation that was passed a couple years ago to state land policy to federal land policy. I'm currently a past board member and treasurer of the New Mexico Oil and Gas Association. I'm currently the director and vice president of the Independent Petroleum Association of New Mexico.

I've served as a three-year term with the National Public Lands Advisory Council, which advises the Bureau of Land Management and the Department of Interior, specifically in the last administration, Secretary Lujan and Director Sy Jamison on federal lands policy. I served as vice chairman for that council. Last year I served as chairman for that council. I've been reappointed for a three-year term.

I could go on, but I hope that will do it.

MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, I'd like to tender Mr. Murphy as an expert qualified to testify on land matters and also as an oil and gas operator.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any objections?

MR. KELLAHIN: Is Mr. Murphy going to be testifying about geologic or engineering aspects with regards to this case?

MR. CAVIN: No.

MR. KELLAHIN: No objection.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Murphy is so

qualified.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

- Q. (BY MR. CAVIN) Mr. Murphy, I would refer you to what is marked as Strata Exhibit A and ask if you could describe that for the examiner?
- A. Yes. Exhibit A is a reproduction of a Midland Map Company, 1 inch I believe to 4,000 scale, for a portion of Lea County and specifically shows

 Township 20 South, Range 33 East. Somewhat centered on that map is Section 28.

It is color-coded. The pink acreage is acreage that Mitchell apparently has an interest in.

There are three leases involved in that. The one marked No. 1 expires April 1, 1994, and I believe it's

Lease No. 57280. No. 2 expires 9-1-95, I believe; it's lease No. 62228. And No. 3 expires 10-1-93, and it's lease No. 77074.

The lease shown in blue, which is the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section 28, expired on or about July 1 of 1992. The Midland map indicates that the southeast of the southeast is owned by one Bulldog Energy. It's shown in yellow. It expires 4-1-96. And Strata's lease No. 82927 is shown in green, and it expires November 1, 1994.

During our initial conversations, my initial conversations with Mr. Smith of Mitchell, I suggested to him that they consider a north half proration unit. That, based on my understanding of the arrangement between Mitchell and Santa Fe and Maralo, had that been done, would result in Mitchell owning 50 percent, Santa Fe owning 25 percent, and Maralo owning 25 percent.

At one point it was pointed out to me that that lease had expired on July 1 of 1992, some seven months ago, ample time, in my opinion, to nominate and purchase that lease. Once again, I believe it was testified this morning that a request was made sometime in September, some two months after the lease had expired.

Had a south half proration unit been formed, then Mitchell would own approximately 25 percent, Santa Fe and Maralo would own approximately 12-1/2 percent apiece, Strata would own 37-1/2 percent, Bulldog would own 12-1/2 percent.

- Q. When were you first contacted by Mitchell, Mr. Murphy, in connection with their proposed well?
- A. If I could, I would like to refer to our Exhibit No. 2, which is Strata Production Company's letter dated January 12, 1993. It has also been entered this morning as Mitchell's Exhibit No. 16.
 - Q. Okay.

- A. In this letter beginning on page 2, I summarized the telephone conversations and relevant correspondence --
- Q. Can I ask you, before you begin, do you keep a telephone log, Mr. Murphy?
 - A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. Thank you.
- A. On October 26, Mr. Mitchell -- excuse me -- Mr. Smith with Mitchell contacted me and said that they were considering -- "they" being Mitchell -- were considering drilling a Morrow well somewhere in the northwest quarter of Section 28, and that they would like to form a west half proration unit, if I recall,

and that a portion of our lease being the south half of the southwest quarter be included therein in that proration unit.

I advised them at that time that we would probably not participate but that we would consider it. We would also consider or farming out. I informed Mr. Smith at that time that we had other partners; that until a deal, specific deal was negotiated that we could recommend, that I couldn't represent those partners; that, however, historically, normally when we reached an agreement that we could recommend to our partners, they would, in most cases, go along with that deal, but I could not guarantee that.

Since we're on this subject, I would else bring to your attention Mitchell's Exhibit No. 11, which is Strata correspondence dated December 9, 1992. The last sentence in the bottom of page 1 -- and I don't have it in front of me -- but it goes on to say that any terms would have to be approved by Strata's partners, and I believe the word "partners" is on the top of page 2 of that letter.

- Q. Let me just ask you, in the process --
- A. Sure.

Q. -- did you ever say anything in connection

P.O. BOX 9262 SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87504-9262 (505) 984-2244 M)with

with these conversations that would indicate that you had the unfettered authority to represent these partners?

- A. Absolutely not. As a matter of fact, I informed Mr. Smith to the contrary. Each of these partners had their own interest in here. That there were numerous partners; I believe I said 10 or 15. I think the actual number amy be closer to 16. But that the process we normally go through in this case is that we would negotiate to the best of our ability. If we felt like that we could recommend the deal to our partners, I'd be happy to try to facilitate the deal by working with my partners directly.
- Q. Why don't you continue and tell me what happened next?
- A. We had a series of telephone conversations, and they're summarized under Nos. 2 and 3 of Strata's Exhibit 2, Mitchell's Exhibit 16, where we went back and forth on various terms.

At one point on December 16, as a result of Strata's correspondence dated December 9, which is Mitchell's Exhibit 11, Mr. Smith called me and said that they were inclined to go along with our farmout proposal; however, it was subject to certain conditions. And the condition that he mentioned was

that we would be required to convert all of our override to working interest.

partners, and that each partner may want to do something different. Some may elect to convert at payout; some may not, and that that would be extremely difficult to do. I reminded him of these partners also in the context of administrative burdens that it would take and suggested that they reconsider a purchase of the lease.

- Q. Did Mr. Smith ever ask for a list of these partners?
 - A. No, he did not.

- Q. Did you ever do anything to indicate to Mr. Smith you would provide that list?
- A. Well, yeah, he did not up to this point. We had a subsequent conversation on January 13. And at that point, in response to a letter where I suggested that he contact the partners directly, I asked if he was going to do that. He said no, that he had no intention of doing that; that they felt like they had met the notice requirements. I told him that he was aware of these partners all along. He said that he had never been provided a list of those partners.

Murphy i'M shat busy lease

So I wrote a letter dated January 13, I believe, but I don't have the Mitchell exhibit number, but it was entered into the record this morning, which listed the parties, their addresses, and their interests.

Q. Sorry to divert you. Go ahead --

A. That's okay. Once we had made agreement on our deal, I contacted, either myself or other people in Strata, contacted the partners outlying the deal terms to them. Everybody was agreeable to doing it. We went ahead and drafted the letter agreement dated December 30.

Prior to sending that letter agreement, I called Mr. Smith and said -- and reviewed the letter agreement, specifically reviewing with him the overriding royalty interest pooling provision. He responded that when he had gone back to management, he had failed to bring that to their attention but to go ahead and send the letter anyway. And so I did.

I didn't hear anything from him until I got the January 5th, I guess the next day, Mitchell correspondence. I was surprised to get that correspondence because it basically did not reflect the deal terms that we had agreed to. I had just spent a lot of time and effort constructing a letter

agreement, the December 30th letter agreement, and we talked on January 5th just shortly after that agreement was faxed to me.

That conversation is summarized under No. 13 on page 5 of Mitchell's Exhibit No. 16.

- Q. Let me ask you a question regarding the letter dated December 30, '92, which is really a letter agreement, because there's been some question raised regarding paragraph 7 of the letter agreement. Where did you get that provision, that language?
- A. From a previous letter agreement that we did with another company.
 - O. Was that a lease sale?

- A. Yes, it was. It was a federal lease sale.
- Q. Was it your intention for this to be deal specific, or was this to represent that you had authority to make any kind of deal that they wanted to make?
 - A. It was deal specific.
- Q. And that was certainly your intention, wasn't it?
- A. That was certainly my intention, and until we communicated -- I had no -- I never represented that I could bind the other parties until they approved the terms of the deal. And once we arrived

at terms that I thought we had agreed upon, and I communicated that deal to the parties, they agreed. And at that point then I could represent them and did so in that letter because I had their approval to do so on those specific terms.

- Q. What's the big deal between override and working interest? Why would they mind not taking an interest under the farmout?
- A. They would be subject to operating agreements and other contractual agreements, and I simply would not feel comfortable in -- I could not represent their interest. They'd have to sign those things as individuals.
 - Q. Who are these parties, as a general rule?
- A. As a general rule, they're long-term investors of Strata.
- Q. So you had some familiarity with what they typically invest in?
 - A. Absolutely.

- Q. Do you find them to be the kind of folks to take working interest with big companies?
 - A. Generally not.
 - Q. That's all the questions for that.

Could you explain for me, again, I got a little bit confused there, the chronology on the

long term nvestocs farmout agreement and how exactly it was that that didn't work out?

- A. Oh, the farmout agreement terms. We sent a letter, I believe it's dated December 9, it's Mitchell Exhibit No. 11, whereby we proposed to either sell or farm out. And then that resulted in our telephone conversation of December 16. And that's when Mr. Smith advised me that they would be inclined to accept the farmout provisions. However, it was a conditional acceptance, which I've always taken to be a counterproposal. And the condition was that all of the override had to be converted to working interest.
 - Q. Did you think that \$150 was a fair price?
- A. Absolutely. As a matter of fact, and once again it's summarized, telephone conversation, this is No. 3 on page 2 of Mitchell Exhibit No. 16 -- that Mr. Smith said he felt that the acreage price of \$300 an acre originally was excessive. I informed him that I did not feel it was excessive, that it was consistent, if not lower, to what recent state and federal sales had brought in this area. I was familiar that Meridian had purchased the Exxon acreage in Section 32, which is immediately adjacent to the Strata acreage for \$1,000 an acre. I'm not sure -- I'm sure I did not specifically mention that, but what my point

was is that it was not out of line.

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When he came back with \$150 an acre, he said that was somewhat higher than what he had been paying to the north; however, the acreage to the north generally is not involved in what is now a very hot play concerning Delaware and Bone Springs, primarily Delaware rights.

- Q. So you have some familiarity with this area in general?
- A. Yes, I do. We operate approximately ten wells in Sections 32 and 33 of 20-33 and Section 4 of whatever the township is immediately to the south.
- Q. These partners that are listed in your January 13 letter, which is Mitchell Exhibit 17, are these long-term partners that have had an interest in this property, or are these just people you just went out and sold it to?
- A. These are long-term partners. As a matter of fact, those partners actually own a similar interest in Section 33 immediately offset. They were existing partners in Section 33 when this came up for bid. Even though we did not have a formal area of mutual interest, we offered it to those partners so they could participate.
 - Q. Is there anything you said to Mr. Smith

Ps Own a similar interest (siz) ix \$33 immidiately offset throughout these conversations you think could be construed as the kind of representation that he indicated you made as to your authority to deal for these partners?

- A. Absolutely not and to the contrary. I told him all along that we had numerous partners; that the way we've handled this in the past is that we'd negotiate the best deal we could, and we'd either recommend it or not recommend it to our partners. But that I could not bind them in any way, but as a general rule that they would go along with our recommendation.
- Q. Do you have experience in this area? Do you deal with any parties where you have undisclosed owners or parties contacting you to see whether you're interested in selling a lease or farming out?
- A. Absolutely. As a matter of fact, many times in leasehold situations like this, you don't immediately make assignments to all the parties until a well is drilled or some action taken. So if you do sell it, you only have to handle one assignment from Strata to whoever the purchaser is. If we assign this out to all these parties, they would have to gather up -- we'd have to gather up 15 assignments into Mitchell or to whomever.

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Is there anything further you'd like to say
          Q.
 1
   with respect to the January 12 letter, Mr. Murphy?
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               Excuse me just a second. Let me review it
          Α.
 3
   here quickly.
 4
               We can come back to it later.
 5
               Not at this time. I may wish to return to
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 7
    it later.
               Okay. Next I'd refer you to what is marked
 8
          Q.
    as Strata Exhibit C, and that's a Model Form Operating
 9
    Agreement.
10
               Yes, sir.
          Α.
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               MR. STOVALL: Exhibit C or Exhibit 3, Mr.
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13
    Cavin?
               THE WITNESS:
                             Well, I hope -- have we.
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               MR. STOVALL: Change them to numeric,
15
    please.
16
               MR. CAVIN: I apologize for that.
17
    should be Exhibit 3.
18
               THE WITNESS:
                             Yes.
                                    This was an operating
19
    agreement that was forwarded to me by Mr. Smith at
20
    Mitchell.
21
          Q.
               (BY MR. CAVIN) Are there any provisions
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    that you feel unusual, particularly in the context of
23
    a forced pool where you really don't have any choice
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    and you're being sort of married by shotgun, so to
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speak?

A. There's a number of provisions that I find unusual. The first, I draw your attention to Article V.B.1. as found on page 4. This has to do with the Resignation or Removal of the Operator. It's industry practice that -- and it's on the preprinted form -- this has been deleted and stricken in this case, if the operator fails and refuses to carry out its duties, then the remaining parties have the right to vote the operator out. In this case, it puts the burden of actually have to bring a suit, actually initiating some sort of legal action. That would be a very difficult burden on a small independent oil and gas company.

- Q. Have you ever seen a provision like that?
- A. No.
- Q. How many operating agreements have you reviewed in your capacity as an operator over the years?
 - A. Hundreds.

I would also draw your attention to Article VI.B.1. This article basically says an operator should only use its best efforts to provide nonoperators 24 hours advance notice of any work to be conducted on Saturday, Sunday, and legal holidays.

It is common practice in the oil and gas industry, recognizing that it's a seven day a week, 24 hour business, that you always provide weekend and nighttime numbers in case of discussion or notification is required. This lessens that burden on the operator having to make proper notice and consult its partners.

I also draw your attention to Article XVI.

It's the Other Provisions towards the back of the operating agreement. This is -- excuse me. Did I say XVI? It's XV. Excuse me.

This provision provides that if the operator's interest is under common control of another company or transferred, then the voting provisions of the operating agreement are not necessary. In other words, the operations go with the operator, and in this case Mitchell.

That is not so unusual really, but what is somewhat unusual is, if they sell "substantially all," and I'm quoting, "substantially all of operator's oil and gas properties, then the transferee shall automatically become the successor operator without the approval of the nonoperators."

This does not give the partners a chance to vote on this new operator. In other words, we're

basically -- whoever Mitchell, should they elect and decide to sell to somebody else, that becomes the partner's operator whether we like it or not.

- Q. So it's anybody? There's no limitations that you're aware of?
 - A. No limitations.
 - Q. How would that normally be handled?
- A. Normally, when you sell a property like that, you no longer own an interest in the contract area. Therefore, then the partners would vote on whom the operator would be.
 - Q. Okay.

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A. I'd also draw your attention to Exhibit C, COPAS Form Accounting Procedure Joint Operations, page 4, provision III, Overhead, which is 1.A.(1). I'm referring to the drilling well rate of \$6,500 and the producing well rate of \$650 per month.

At this time I'd like to reference Strata's Exhibit No. 4 (indicated). This was faxed to us by Ernst & Young. I did not have -- and I believe they were referred to this morning as Ernst & Whinney. They are now known as Ernst & Young. They publish the monthly drilling and monthly producing well rates.

You'll note that the 1992 brochure has not come out, or at least I have not received it. So the

one that I had before was 1991. We did, however, call Ernst & Young and asked them to fax us their most recent, and you'll note that it has the 1992 amounts on there. It shows the median drilling rate for a gas well in west Texas and eastern New Mexico to be \$5,000, and the producing rate, the median, to be \$500.

- Q. Are those numbers actually going the other way? I look at '91. Can you tell me, are they decreasing from '91 to '92, or am I misreading this?
- A. The '91 and '92 median on the drilling well rates were the same. The mean increased, it appears to me.
 - O. From '91 to '92?
- A. Yes. It depends on whether you're talking about the median or the mean. The 1991 median for 10,000 to 15,000 foot wells was \$5,000. The 1992 was also \$5,000.
 - Q. Are you looking at oil or gas?
 - A. I'm looking at gas.
- Q. I'm sorry, can you tell me again what the median is for that depth well?
- A. 1991 is \$5,000. 1992 is \$5,000.
- Q. And then?

A. Producing well rates, 1991 median is 513,

1992 median is 500.

Q. You're right. I'm sorry. I was reading -I guess I need bifocals.

Let me ask you, it's my understanding from testimony earlier this morning that the \$6,500 and the \$650 is the charge made to Mitchell's other partners. Is there any problem -- you're an operator -- is there any problem for most accounting systems breaking that out and charging different people different operating rents?

- A. No. As a matter of fact, it's fairly common. In many cases, you have to -- especially in some of the older properties, you have to administer many times two or more operating agreements. They not only have different overhead rates; they also have different conditions and procedures. So that's fairly common.
- Q. Would you have a rate to propose to Mitchell under that agreement?
- A. I take issue with their rate, and I cite as the industry standard the Ernst & Young amounts which are shown as Exhibit 4.
- Q. Are there any other comments regarding the operating agreement?
 - A. No.

- Q. Next I would refer you to Exhibit 5, Strata Exhibit 5, and ask if you would describe that for the examiner?
- A. Yes. That's a notice of staking for the Pavo No. 2 to be located 810 feet from the south line and 1,980 from the west line. This well, a formal APD has not been submitted yet, but the BLM and the archeologist have approved the drill site.
- Q. Is that an orthodox location for a south half spacing unit?
 - A. Yes, it is.

I'd like to, during our conversation -- and I say "our" -- my conversation with Mr. Smith of November 18 -- this is shown as No. 3 on page 2 of Strata's Exhibit No. 2 -- I had stated early on in our conversations that we would prefer that Mitchell form a north half proration unit and leave the Strata lease out of it so that we would have -- one option, of course, is to drill a well in the south half.

He said that they intended to form the west half proration unit based on lease exploration considerations. And that was the exploration of the northwest quarter of the the southwest quarter in October of 1983. I said that we did not see any technical basis for that and asked him to reconsider.

Later on he pointed out to me -- during one of the points of my December 30, 1992, letter agreement was the sharing of geologic information, which is relatively customary in the industry -- he pointed out that there was an expired lease, the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter shown as lease No. 2 -- excuse me, it's colored blue on Exhibit A.

Q. Exhibit 1?

- A. Exhibit 1, excuse me. He said that they were concerned that if the information got out, that when that lease did come available, that they would have additional competition as a result of the knowledge of the geologic information on the well they proposed in the northwest quarter. And I suggested the way to handle that, that it was not our intent to go and try to compete with them there, that we would be happy to sign a confidentiality and non-compete provision as it pertains to that information in that lease.
- Q. If you could complete the sale that you proposed; was that the context?
 - A. That's exactly right.
- Q. What are your plans with this location?
 You state 1,980 from the west line and 810 from the

south line of Section 28.

- A. We are going to seek a voluntary approval of a south half proration unit, and absent that, then we will move for compulsory pooling.
 - Q. For what?
 - A. For the south half of Section 28.
- Q. What type of well are you contemplating there?
 - A. A Morrow well.
- Q. Is it your feeling that Mitchell has made a good faith effort to provide notice to all interested parties, Mr. Murphy?
- A. No, it's not. I had informed Mr. Smith all along that we had undisclosed owners. I had asked, and I would have to check the correspondence, but I believe -- excuse me.
- MR. KELLAHIN: While Mr. Murphy is searching for his response to the question, I will introduce an objection. I don't think it's the province of this witness to determine whether or not the notification is correct.

EXAMINER STOGNER: I agree with Mr.

Kellahin. I believe you have already stipulated, Mr.

Cavin, that Strata has no problem with the

notification today or as far as Strata's interest.

You might want to move on, please. Okay. 2 MR. CAVIN: Mr. Murphy, is there anything in Mitchell's 3 Q. exhibits that you would like to refer to? Do you have 5 a copy of those? No, I do not have a copy. 6 Α. For further comment (indicated)? 7 ο. I don't believe so at this time. 8 Any further testimony you'd like to put on 9 Q. the record? 10 No, sir. 11 Α. MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, at this time I 12 would like to move to admit Strata Exhibits 1 through 13 5. 14 15 EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any objections? 16 MR. KELLAHIN: No objections. 17 EXAMINER STOGNER: Exhibits 1 through 5 18 will be admitted at this time. 19 20 Mr. Kellahin? 21 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Examiner. **EXAMINATION** 22 BY MR. KELLAHIN: 23 Mr. Murphy, was the Hinkle law firm 24 25 attorney correct in his analysis of the abstracts and

the ownership when he concluded in his title opinion, which is presented as Mitchell Exhibit 7, that as of the appropriate date of that title opinion, the working interest ownership or the operating rights, if you will, for that portion of the south half of the southwest quarter that was proposed to be included in the west half spacing unit was owned and controlled by Strata Production Company?

"I owned controlled"

- A. He lists here that we're -- I think the term is record title holder or leasehold holder.
 - Q. Yes. Is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And at that point had you as record title owner of that lease assigned out any of the working interest ownership in that lease?
 - A. No.

- Q. So the operating rights and the record title were still held by Strata Production Company?
- A. That's right, with the proviso that Mr. Smith had been given notice that there were undisclosed owners.
- Q. You told him there were silent interest owners that -- the identity of those individuals was not disclosed to him?
 - A. It was not disclosed until he requested

them during a telephone conversation of January 13
And, by the way, I take objection to the term "sile
partners." I never used that term.

Q. Undisclosed partners?

- A. I believe the term was, we have partners this lease.
- Q. And you did not disclose to Mr. Smith the name and address of those individuals or companies?
 - A. Not until so requested, no.
- Q. Is Elliott and Waldron Title & Abstract
 Company correct in their certification that for the
 period from November 6, of '92, ending on January 19,
 1993, that their search of the Lea County records
 shows that, as of public record information, Strata
 Production Company is still the owner of the federal
 lease record title and operating rights?
 - A. To the best of my knowledge, yes.
- Q. The Joint Operating Agreement that you've described in your testimony, the one that Mr. Smith provided to you?
 - A. Um-hm.
- Q. You've given us three or four items of concern to you. If we change all those, will that cause you to commit Strata's interest to the west half spacing unit? Will that solve the problem?

- A. No. We have been -- I point these out because of it being shown as a model form and the number of changes that have been made to this model form. It is our position that we would maintain that the proration unit be a north half proration unit; that the footage location that is proposed by Mitchell is orthodox for a north half proration unit.
- Q. So the language and terms of the Joint
 Operating Agreement is not the dispositive issue that
 resolves this matter?
 - A. No.

- Q. The unorthodox well location that Mitchell is seeking approval for in fact moves farther away from any acreage that Strata controls?
 - A. It moves to the north, that's true.
- Q. Away from you?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. You described a while ago that there were ten wells in this area in which Strata Production Company either had an interest in or operated? Did you say --
 - A. We serve as operator and have an interest in.
 - Q. Are any of those Morrow gas wells?
 - A. New Mexico Federal #1, which is located in

Section 4, was a Morrow gas well. It was recompleted 1 in the Bone Springs and later in the Delaware. 2 At the time it was a Morrow well, did you 3 Q. act as the operator? 4 I believe that well was purchased or farmed 5 6 out -- I can't recall -- from Grace Petroleum, and I am unsure as to the status when we took possession. It was originally drilled by Grace Q. 8 9 Petroleum? That's what I recall, yes, sir. 10 Α. MR. STOVALL: Excuse me just a second, make 11 sure that we know what you're talking about. Is that 12 1 in 33, 20-33, Mr. Murphy? 13 THE WITNESS: No, I'm sorry. It would be 14 15 New Mexico Federal #1. It would be in Section 4 down to the southwest of the colored acreage. It's shown 16 with a circle around it as a discovery well. 17 MR. KELLAHIN: I can help you find that on 18 Exhibit --19 20 MR. STOVALL: That's in that 32, what is 21 it, 19 and I guess -- 21 and 32; is that corerct? EXAMINER STOGNER: Long secton to the 22 south? 23 24 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, that's correct. 25 It's in the northwest corner MR. STOVALL:

of Section 4? EXAMINER STOGNER: That would be Lot 6 of 2 3 that long section? MR. STOVALL: You're looking, Mr. Kellahin, 5 at Mitchell Exhibit 1, I think? 6 MR. KELLAHIN: Mitchell Exhibit 1 shows 7 that same well, Mr. Stovall. MR. STOVALL: Just to know where we are in 8 relation to -- please continue. 9 10 Q. (BY MR. KELLAHIN) Within the area, and we're looking at, I guess, your Exhibit No. 1, is it, 11 12 Is that what you mean by -- or Exhibit A, yeah, that one? 13 Exhibit 1. I believe I referred to it as A Α. 14 15 before. Within that area, does Strata Production 16 Company currently operate any producing Morrow gas 17 wells? 18 Not shown on this, I don't believe so Α. 19 20 that's shown on this map. There would be one slightly off of the map to the west. I believe it's the Snowdy 21 22 Federal #1. I can't remember the precise location, but it would be a mile or two west of the edge of the 23 24 map.

Are you the operator of that well?

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Q.

And actually I think that well has recently Α. been recompleted in the Wolfcamp, if I recall. Q. When you look at Mr. Gawloski's Exhibit No. 1, the Mitchell exhibit, are there any wells on that plat that are producing Morrow gas wells that Strata Production Company operates? Α. There's a lot of wells shown on this map, and I haven't spent -- I didn't think about this. haven't spent a lot of time, but I don't believe so. Do you have a working interest in any of the Morrow gas wells shown on either one of those displays? Absent the New Mexico Federal #1 and the --Α. oh, you mean wells operated by somebody else that we may own a working interest in? Yes, sir. 0. I don't believe so. Α. Q. Let me go to the topic of the overhead rates? Yes. Α. Q. Have you taken the Ernst & Young

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Q. Have you taken that information and applied the escalator to it under the COPAS attachment?

tabulation, which I understood is 1991 information --

A. The escalator will not take effect until April of 1993. So those rates are current for '92, and normally the operating agreement, the excalation provision, once a rate has been agreed to, escalates annually the 1st day of April.

Copps

- Q. It's consistent with the custom and practice to have these operating agreements to have COPAS attachments to them that have these escalators in them?
- A. Yes. If you're asking whether the COPAS form is a model form that's used quite a bit in the industry, the answer is yes.
 - Q. Yes. And it has an escalator in it?
 - A. Yes, it does.

- Q. Is it unusual to you as an expert in this area to find on Mitchell Exhibit 9 that an original Joint Operating Agreement in fact had the overhead rates escalated?
- A. No, it's not unusual. Once an agreement has been reached between parties, since you can't pre-determine what the escalator will be, it's provided by Ernst & Young annually. However, that is not to say that a party coming into an agreement is bound the same way the parties have already -- that are already part of that agreement are bound.

- Q. Exhibit No. 5?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. The Division Form C-102?
- A. Yes.
- Q. How come that's not fully completed?
- A. Well, it's completed as far as the staking and a plat. This is what I had in my file.
 - Q. Have you filed that yet?
- A. I don't know. I don't believe so, but I -well, no, I take that back. We filed three of them.
 We filed the Pavo 1, Pavo 2, and Pavo 3 in each
 proration unit of Section 28 along our lease, the
 southwest quarter -- southwest southwest, southeast,
 and so forth.
- Q. I need to get that back from you so we can figure this out. Do you have another copy?
- MR. CAVIN: Let me see. Oh, yes we've got one.
- Q. (BY MR. KELLAHIN) Tell me again now, in Section 28, you've got this Pavo Federal 2 which is down here in the southeast of the southwest. You've got that one on this C-102. You said there were some others?
- A. Yes. There's one in the southwest of the southwest.

Q. Southwest southwest, okay?

- A. Southeast southwest, and southwest southeast. There's one in each of those 40's. No, excuse me, not that one but that one.
- Q. Okay. You haven't declared a spacing unit for the Pavo Federal #2 on the form?
- A. I didn't complete this form, but no, I don't see one on there. The reason that we've staked those wells is that Meridian is currently drilling some Delaware wells in Section 32. I believe they have four locations staked. They've completed two of those.
 - Q. These are Delaware stakings?
- A. These are Delaware stakings with the intent that the Pavo #2 could either be drilled to the Delaware, if it's successful, or to the Morrow. In other words, a deep well would more than likely be drilled if there are shallow proven pays.
- Q. And your plan then would be a south half dedication?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. When are you going to share that plan with Mitchell?
 - A. We are right now.
 - Q. Prior to this very moment, have you ever

proposed that as a Morrow well submission?

- A. We're watching the drilling activity out there, Mr. Kellahin, trying to determine what is prudent for us to do.
 - Q. Have you filed an APD?
- A. No, we have not. We have not filed any APD's because we have not determined the depths that these wells will be drilled.

MR. KELLAHIN: No further questions.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Cavin, any

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FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY MR. CAVIN:

- Q. Yes. Why is it you haven't filed an APD?

 It's just seven days ago that negotiations broke

 down. Were you still trying to work something out?
- A. Well, that and there's two other wells.

 Mitchell has just completed their well in the
 northeast of the southwest, and they have also got two
 wells staked. I do not know the status of the
 drilling. One in the southwest of the northeast and
 one in the southeast of the northeast of Section 32.

We also have plans to work on it over our Gavilan Federal #1 which is in Section 33.

Q. What about Section 32 lands that Meridian

just acquired? You've worked pretty close with Meridian. Do you know if they have any plans in Section 32?

- A. My understanding is they have drilled and completed their second well, and they have two more staked.
 - Q. So there's a lot going on out in this area?
- A. That's correct. There's a tremendous amount of Delaware activity out in this area.
- Q. Have you critically reviewed the gas balancing agreement and some of the other provisions, the special provisions of the operating agreement?
- A. No, I have not. The only thing I noted on the gas balancing agreement, it is not the model form that we use. I believe -- and it may be reprinted by Mitchell, using the same language. I just don't know, but there is a model form, I believe, that's been done by Mountain States Legal Foundation or Rocky Mountain Oil and Gas or RMOGA or somebody, but there is a model form that we're used to using. And I have not reviewed that against the gas balancing agreement.
- Q. Would you propose, if a gas balancing agreement is even necessary, would you propose that model form as opposed to -- since you're familiar with it and since it is a model form, as opposed to this

gas balancing agreement? I don't know without reviewing this gas 2 3 balancing agreement. It may be substantially the same as the model form agreement. I'm not sure. 5 MR. CAVIN: I have no further questions. 6 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stovall? 7 MR. STOVALL: All of my questions have been answered. 8 (Thereupon, a discussion was held 9 10 off the record.) EXAMINER STOGNER: I have no questions of 11 12 Mr. Murphy at this time. Any other questions? He may be excused. 13 Mr. Cavin? 14 MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, I'd like to call 15 George Scott as a witness. 16 17 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Scott, would you sit at the end of the table, please. 18 19 GEORGE L. SCOTT, JR. The witness herein, after having been first duly sworn 20 upon his oath, was examined and testified as follows: 21 **EXAMINATION** 22 23 BY MR. CAVIN: 24 Q. Mr. Scott, could you state for the examiner 25 your background in the oil and gas industry?

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MR. STOVALL:
                              State your name first,
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    please.
               THE WITNESS:
                             George L. Scott, Jr.,
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    Roswell, New Mexico.
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               (BY MR. CAVIN) And your association with
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    Strata?
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               With Strata, I own some of the stock in
             Also my organization, Scott Exploration, is
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    involved with Strata in the sense that we try to
    originate prospects, and Strata operates them.
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               Could you give us -- state your background
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          Q.
    in the oil and gas industry, please, Mr. Scott.
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               It goes back to 1952. I have a B.S. and a
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          Α.
    M.S. in geology from the University of Oklahoma.
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    worked nine years for the old Humble Company.
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    Exxon now. And I've been an independent for nearly 30
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    years in Roswell, New Mexico.
               MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, I would tender
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    Mr. Scott as an expert in petroleum geology.
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               EXAMINER STOGNER: Any objections, Mr.
    Kellahin?
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               MR. KELLAHIN:
                              No objection.
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               EXAMINER STOGNER:
                                  Mr. Scott, let me make
    sure I've got this straight. You're here today with
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    Mr. Cavin as a geologist, or you're here with Strata
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today as a geologist? THE WITNESS: 2 Yes. 3 EXAMINER STOGNER: Is that correct? THE WITNESS: Yes. EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you. You may 5 proceed. 6 (BY MR. CAVIN) Mr. Scott, I was wondering 7 Q. 8 if you could refer to the various exhibits that Mitchell presented earlier in the day, and let's see 9 if we can go over those. 10 MR. KELLAHIN: Do you want an extra copy of 11 12 those? 13 MR. CAVIN: That would be great. As you can tell, I've memorized them but --14 Mr. Scott, if you would, please, I'd like 15 0. to refer you to the structure map that was prepared by 16 17 Mitchell Energy, Exhibit No. 2. It was admitted earlier as Exhibit No. 2, and ask if you would 18 describe the critical wells, as far as Strata is 19 concerned, please, and tell me what role you think 20 structure plays in --21 22 Α. Okay. Let me preface, if I might, my remarks by saying that we have a lot of respect for 23 24 Mr. Gawloski as a geologist. I know the geologists

that work for me have been in contact with him over

the years over various matters. And in looking at his map, I basically -- we're talking here now about the structure map -- I have no serious objection to the way he interpreted this. There's always a little difference in how geologists will contour maps.

The one thing that I would question a little bit here is in the vicinity of the prospect in Section 28, he made -- used the phrase, there was "extensive" seismic. I wouldn't consider that you have extensive seismic here. There is no north-south line down the middle of Section 28, nor along the east line of Section 28, nor north-south line in the middle of Section 27 to the east.

we would say, seismic coverage, it's certainly not extensive. And as to exactly how the structure would result in the north half of Section 28 when it's all said and done could be a little bit different than the way he has it mapped. But by and large, I can find no fault with the way he contoured.

- Q. Mr. Scott, it seems that the decision is based primarily on, first of all, two wells in the north half and, secondly, on structure. Can you tell me, in your opinion, how important structure is?
 - A. There are lots of Morrow wells that are low

structure wells. This is true in eastern Eddy County and southwestern Lea County. There are wells that are on top of the structure. There are wells on the flank of structures. And this exhibit that they have furnished us, Exhibit 2, shows many wells that are down the flank or way down the nose, the plunge, the structural plunge of these closed features that they show here.

I personally don't consider it critical whether you drill on top of a closed feature or not. The sands are all lenticular, and the controlling facet, criteria, in my opinion, on Morrow sand production is whether or not you get the sand channel. And those may occur low on the flank of the structure as well as over the crest of a structure.

So I guess one could say, well, yes, I'd prefer to catch a sand channel up high on a feature, but, as a practical matter, we find them all over the area out here. And many times the sands are actually thicker and better developed in the structural lows.

- Q. Mr. Scott, do you have much experience in the Morrow, dealing with the Morrow formation?
- A. Over the years, many times I've been involved in the Morrow. I've made a lot of structural maps. I've worked for -- when I was doing largely

consulting, I did work for many clients, structural mapping, porosity isopaching cross-sections, recommending locations, recommending reentries, and then I have acquired some interest in Morrow wells, too, as a result of this.

- Q. So you have some -- how many wells would you say we're talking about over the years?
- A. Well, that's a tough one. I don't know. Goodness. I've looked at and examined probably several hundred Morrow wells in the course of my investigations. I've been involved in, oh, I guess four or five Morrow deals, perhaps, and been closely associated with people drilling Morrow wells or putting Morrow prospects together.
- Q. Could you look at the production map, which is Mitchell Exhibit 1, and also the structure map at the same time and show us which wells -- I'd like to have an idea of which of the wells are good producers that are offstructure. Just give us a quick review, if you would.
- A. I haven't sat down and made a detailed study of which are good wells and what are bad wells. And when you say good wells and bad wells, that depends on the price of gas.
 - Q. Sure.

A. You know, a well that's not too swift at 90 cents a thousand can be a hell of a well at \$5 a thousand. So that enters into your judgment. All I could submit to you is, in looking at the map here, and all the wells are indicated as Morrow completions, there are many of them that are on the flank of structures and even in synclinal lows.

- Q. Is it your conclusion then that structure, while it may be a factor, it's certainly not the controlling factor in a Morrow gas well?
- A. Well, you've got to have the reservoir rock. You've got to be in one of these sand channels.

I guess you could give equal consideration, perhaps, to structural position as well as your sand, but I can tell you that many of the channels are found on the flanks of structures.

I would like to submit in regard to that an exhibit here. This is not a particularly fancy exhibit, but we made a quick copy of this before we left Roswell yesterday, and I would like to show you an area in the next township south of here where Morrow wells do not appear to have any close structural association.

MR. CAVIN: We'd like to admit this as

Exhibit 6, Mr. Examiner, if there's no objection. 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: Are there any objections, Mr. Kellahin? 3 MR. KELLAHIN: Has the witness authenticated the exhibit? 5 THE WITNESS: Me? Yes. It was done 6 7 directly under my supervision. 8 MR. KELLAHIN: No objections. 9 EXAMINER STOGNER: No. 6 will be admitted. 10 (BY MR. CAVIN) Could you tell us what is Q. contained on Exhibit 6, Mr. Scott? 11 12 Α. Well, that is map contoured on top of the Morrow Clastic Unit, an important division of the 13 Morrow, and a fairly good structural marker. 14 encircled in orange are a number of Morrow wells. 15 16 all you see are some minor structural nosing and minor reentrance, southeast plunging dip. So I would submit 17 that probably the stratigraphy, the development of the 18 sands is equally important there. 19 20 Also, I noticed on the porosity, on the 21 isopach map, the sand isopach map --Which exhibit is that, please, Mr. Scott. 22 Q. That is Exhibit No. 3. 23 Α. 24 Mitchell Exhibit No. 3? Q. 25 Α. Yes -- that they display an area of very

thin sandstone down here coming across the southeast corner of Section 32, trending right across the top of the structure. So you can drill right on top of these structures and not encounter with sand development.

- Q. What else can you tell us about Mitchell Exhibit 3, Mr. Scott, that would indicate that --
 - A. Well, Exhibit 3 --

MR. KELLAHIN: Excuse me, there wasn't a question there.

- Q. (BY MR. CAVIN) -- that would indicate that the location proposed by Mitchell is maybe not the end all or perhaps the best location?
- A. Okay. On this exhibit, there is very
 little well control in the vicinity of Section 28 or
 21 or 20 or 16 or 17, back over to the east in 15,
 22. This is a subsurface isopach map based on well
 control, and yet the well control is very, very sparse
 out there.

And this map, the isopach map purports to show the thick and thins of the sands and I suppose a representation of the way these channels, these lenticular sand bodies in the Morrow, are developed. And this approach is a valid approach, in my opinion. I just want to point out that the well control is very, very scarce out in here. There is no way of

predicting at this location that there's going to be
45 feet of net sand. There may be 80, or there may be
none based on contouring from well control.

Now, we all think in terms of trends, sandstone trends, and it would appear that Mr.

Gawloski, down at the south here, saw a thick and made an effort to connect it up with a thick six miles north. And that might be a little risky, you know.

That would be my comment there.

Another thing about these kinds of maps, if you'll look at the cross-section exhibit, these sands do not all occur in the same place in this Morrow B Unit. This type of map is a lumping map. You take all of the sands in a particular interval and a particular well, and then you contour to those values from well to well. It doesn't mean that these are going to be the same sands. These individual sands may have completely different trends and orientations than you would -- you might expect from looking at a map like this.

Now, once again, this is about all you can do with the Morrow until you actually drill some wells. And then once you've drilled some close-in wells, you can contour individual sands and work your trends. But it's based on very poor remote well

control. So there is an element of risk right there in Section 28 as to what you're going to find.

- Q. What would you say about the Morrow location that Mr. Murphy discussed earlier that Strata is proposing in the southwest -- I'm sorry, the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 28 based on the isopach map prepared by Mitchell and also the structure map?
- A. Well, the isopach map would indicate about the same thickness of sand as for a location in the north half, and the structure map would indicate you would be coming down the flank of the structure, but you're still without being the lowest position structurally compared to areas adjacent there several miles away.

So to answer your question simply, you would be drilling on the flank of a closed structure, just like many of the wells that are on this map.

- Q. Is there anything you would like to add as far as the structure map is concerned, Mr. Scott, as far as your evaluation of it?
- A. I believe that I've pretty well covered that. I can't think of any other thing here. Let me check my notes.

I guess I could state the obvious. If you

made a good well in the north half of the section, I sure would feel safe about drilling in the south half. You know, it gives us an important control well out there.

- Q. Would you see a need to drill another well in the north half if you make a good well where they have proposed?
- A. I would not see a necessity to, no. Once again, things like that depend on how thick your sands are, what you think the orientation of those sands are. And in this day and time, there are logging techniques we can employ that give us trends of these sand trends. Both Schlumberger and Halliburton have logging tools that give you orientation of these sand bodies.

So depending on the information gained from that well, it could tell you whether you ought to drill in the north half or the south half. My guess is just as good a location could be made in the south half as the north half as far as the information we have here.

Q. Mr. Scott, I'd ask you to look at the -- I believe that was the structure map -- the isopach map prepared by Mitchell and tell the examiner if you have any further critique or comment on that map.

- A. I've already covered that, I believe, in some of the remarks.

 Q. Is there anything you'd like to add with
- respect to Strata Exhibit 6 that you've provided?

 MR. STOVALL: I'll take that as a no, Mr. Scott.

MR. CAVIN: I'm sorry.

- Q. Just one further question. Mr. Scott, is it your opinion as an expert in petroleum geology that a west half spacing unit is not warranted in this case in light of the location of the well?
 - A. Say it again.

- Q. A west half spacing unit in Section 28, in light of the location of the well, is it your opinion that that should be warranted in this case?
- A. Well, my opinion is that it would probably be better to drill in the north half and the south half. You know, I think I've already addressed that in discussing the trends of these sandstones.

I would like to make one more remark here, if I might, about this area.

MR. KELLAHIN: I'm going to object to the narrative answer to a question that's not asked.

EXAMINER STOGNER: I'm going to agree with Mr. Kellahin, Mr. Cavin.

- Mr. Scott, do you have any (BY MR. CAVIN) Q. closing remarks that you'd like to make regarding the Morrow in this area, the area of Section 28? Α. No, I have none regarding the Morrow. MR. CAVIN: I have no further questions. **EXAMINER STOGNER:** Thank you, Mr. Cavin.

Mr. Kellahin, do you have any?

MR. KELLAHIN: Just a few, Mr. Examiner.

EXAMINATION

BY MR. KELLAHIN: 10

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- Mr. Scott, when were you asked to be an Q. expert in this case?
 - Oh, several days ago, I guess.
- How many hours would you estimate that you Q. devoted to studying what would be the appropriate way to maximize development in Section 28?
- I've looked at the seismic map that you all Α. furnished or Mitchell furnished to Strata, looked at it and had one of my geologists who is responsible for the Lea County District review the Morrow wells in the area, and I discussed this with him sometime back, I quess about the time we got your seismic map.
 - Approximately when did you get that map? Q.
- Oh, let me think. When -- I believe that was -- you brought that downstairs to our office the

day it was received up there. 2 MR. MURPHY: I think so. THE WITNESS: I'm referring to this exhibit 3 4 right here. 5 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Scott, the question is being asked of you, so just to the best of your 6 recollection; okay? 7 8 THE WITNESS: Oh, okay. Heck, three or 9 four weeks ago, I suppose. 10 MR. KELLAHIN: Let me see what was provided to you, sir. 11 THE WITNESS: Okay. 12 (BY MR. KELLAHIN) You were provided a 13 Q. portion of Mr. Gawloski's structure map? 14 Α. Yes. 15 And it is an area that's approximately two 16 17 sections on each side north and south, east and west, of Section 28? 18 It's four sections wide. 19 Α. Yes, sir. My question for you, sir, is, 20 Q. once you were asked to be involved as an expert, how 21 22 many hours did you personally devote to studying what to do with Section 28? 23 I spent all day yesterday and until about 24

And this

eleven o'clock last night reviewing data.

doesn't -- okay, your question was after I was asked to be a witness.

Q. Yes, sir.

- A. That doesn't take into account the many hours I've been involved in this area before.
- Q. Let's look at Mr. Gawloski's structure map, this area. Identify for me any of the Morrow wells in which you were the exploration geologist that proposed that Morrow well.
- A. This is just a small segment of Lea County. I have not been involved in any Morrow wells in this area right here, to the best of my knowledge. Let me think for just a minute, because this is -- let me think. I have to go back about 25 years here in this area, and I may well have been, but to tell you the truth, I would have to go back and check my facts.

I have generated Morrow prospects in this area, put it this way -- that I have tried to get clients to move on them, yes, over the years.

- Q. My question was that as an exploration geologist, there's none of these Morrow wells on that display that you were the primary geologist that proposed that well and got it drilled?
 - A. I don't believe so.

- Q. Let me look at the structure map that you've introduced as Exhibit No. 6.
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. If I can orient myself as to where you are,
 I think your map ends, the north end of your map ends
 - A. It does.
- Q. -- just about where Mr. Gawloski's south end of his map stops?
- A. That is correct, yes. I just wanted to show that south of here but still in the general area, what it looked like there.
- Q. You have circled a portion of your display with an orange elliptical shape?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Just north of that shape, Hat Mesa?
- 17 A. Yes.
 - Q. Does that not show you as a geologist that there is a significant structural component to the success of Morrow wells when they're drilled on structure?
 - A. No, not at all because there's some wells right on top of there that have nearly no sand at all.
 - Q. The best wells in that Hat Mesa are on the best structural position in that pool, are they not,

sir?

- A. No, I can't deny that. Where these sand channels cross that big structure, yes, that is true of some wells but not all. Where there are no sands, your production is very poor, or poorly developed sands, your production is poor.
- Q. On your Exhibit No. 6 prepared in December of '92, did you prepare a structure map that would take into Section 28 just to the north?
- A. We have other maps. This one particular map is one that -- let me say, this is a work map, a map that we keep up, we keep current, try to keep up with the activity on, and we have other mapping segments up there. Now, I don't --
- Q. But you chose not to bring any of those and utilize them today to utilize your points about Section 28?
- A. It was not up-to-date. No, I did not choose to bring it because we do not keep up with current Morrow activity in those two townships up north.
- Q. How about an isopach, did you prepare an isopach that involves Section 28 so we can see what your opinion is with regards to thickness?
 - A. I really didn't think that was necessary

because I have no objection to the values that Mr. Gawloski puts on his map here.

- Q. You didn't see his isopach until today, did you?
 - A. No, that is correct but --

- Q. How did you independently verify the accuracy of that exhibit if you've just seen it?
- A. I have to go by the reputation of Mr. Gawloski.
 - Q. And it's pretty good, isn't it?
- A. In my opinion, as I said when I started, I have a high regard for him. I also said that the way he contoured the map in here, his isopach map, is subject to question.
- Q. Mr. Gawloski's conclusion was that any well drilled in Section 28 because of the inherent risk in drilling Morrow gas wells was going to justify the maximum risk factor penalty of 200 percent. Do you concur in that opinion?
- A. I would have to give that some serious thought.
- Q. Let's talk about some of your comments. You said there was very little well control, very, very sparse information, and you said it was high risk.

If I used the word "high" risk, I'd like to There is risk, certainly. modify that. There's 2 considerable risk there because you don't have any close-by wells. You're projecting sand trends across a map with very little control; so there has to be 5 We're in a game of risk, obviously. 6 MR. KELLAHIN: No further questions, Mr. 7 8 Examiner. 9 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions of of this witness? He may be excused. 10 Do you have anything further, Mr. Cavin. 11 MR. CAVIN: Yeah, I'd like to ask -- first 12 of all, I'd like to ask Mr. Scott a question, if you 13 don't mind, Mr. Examiner. 14 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, Redirect? 15 MR. CAVIN: Yes 16 FURTHER EXAMINATION 17 18 BY MR. CAVIN: Mr. Scott, do you think your experiences in 19 the Morrow, in other areas of Lea County in the 20 Permian Basin, are valid when we're looking at Section 21 28 here? 22 23 Α. I certainly do. So you don't see anything that's unique 24

about this area that would not allow you to pull on

your 30-some years' experience in the Permian Basin? Certainly, experience helps, you know. 2 would think yes, that I'm pretty competent. I'm not 3 sure I'm answering your question exactly. MR. CAVIN: I have no further questions for 5 Mr. Scott. 6 I would like to ask -- these are the 7 notices of staking, and I was going to see, if there's 8 no objection, admitting those, or I can have Mr. 9 Murphy admit them, but they're the notices of staking 10 for the wells for the locations that Mr. Murphy has 11 described. 12 MR. STOVALL: Why don't you hand those to 13 Mr. Kellahin and let him look at them so he can refer 14 to them? 15 MR. CAVIN: We can make more copies. 16 THE WITNESS: Am I excused? 17 MR. KELLAHIN: No objection. 18 MR. STOVALL: Mr. Cavin, I'll return these 19 to you, please make copies, two for us and copies for 20 everybody else after the conclusion of the hearing. 21 EXAMINER STOGNER: Is there anything 22 23 further, Mr. Cavin? MR. CAVIN: Do you mean a closing 24 25 statement?

EXAMINER STOGNER: It's up to you if you'd like to make a closing.

MR. STOVALL: We'd like to hear the testimony first.

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MR. CAVIN: We have no further testimony, Mr. Examiner.

EXAMINER STOGNER: I guess we're ready for closing statements, if you care to go first, Mr. Cavin.

MR. CAVIN: Mr. Examiner, what we have here is a case where Mitchell wants everything its own way. They want a west half proration unit. They want the location they want. They want the operating agreement they want. And they just want to sort of shove it down Strata's throat.

Mitchell has stated that the location could be improved by moving it to the north. Certainly if that's the critical consideration, then maybe they should be satisfied with one well in the north half. We believe Mitchell should move the location to the north and dedicate the well to the north half spacing unit.

Strata has staked the south half location, the legal location for the Morrow well. Strata intends to seek participation for Mitchell and other

owners in the south half of Section 28 or, alternatively, seek force pooling of these interests.

In summary, Mitchell's request for an unorthodox well should be denied for the reasons stated.

Mr. Examiner, I would also note, while I do not represent any of the partners at this time, Strata is concerned that its partners have not received adequate notice required by both the State and Federal Constitution. We believe these partners should have a chance to address this body either in support or opposition to Mitchell's application. And, frankly, we don't know which they would do. We would note that it's difficult to believe that Mitchell has made a good faith, diligent effort to provide such notice.

Thank you, Mr. Examiner.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Cavin.

Mr. Kellahin.

MR. KELLAHIN: Couple of quick points, Mr. Examiner. The efforts that Mr. Smith has extended on behalf of his company to reach a voluntary agreement have been exhaustive. Despite his efforts, the parties admit there is no agreement.

The issue of notification to these undisclosed partners is a red herring in this case.

It would set an unusual and onerous precedent for the examiner in a situation such as this to allow a party that has required us to go through this exhaustive effort of compulsory pooling to frustrate and escape pooling by, at the last minute, a week before hearing, now telling us for the first time the identity and addresses of some 15 or 16 individuals. Our obligations are to deal with the public record and with representations made to us with regards to that interest, and we have in good faith complied with that obligation.

It would be an unusual precedent to allow a party being pooled at the last minute, after all this effort, to then come in and tell you they now have 10, 20, 1,500 people that they're assigning their interest to. That's not how we need to do this.

I must tell you about Mr. Gawloski's geology that Mr. Scott hasn't already confirmed for us. He admits that Mr. Gawloski is well recognized among his peers as being very good at what he does, and part of what he does is not unusual for Section 28. It's a development methodology that Mitchell is utilizing for the Morrow play. It's a high-risk play, and he's looking for two locations in the section, and that's the way you optimize the development of the

section. You take your best thickness and your best structural position, and the only way to accomplish that is to stand them up.

The notion that Strata is serious now about this well location they have proposed today in Section 5 is made ridiculous when you look at the last exhibits that Mr. Cavin submitted to you. On the very face of those exhibits, every one of those three wells, including this one, is specifically identified to be a shallow, Delaware oil well. There is no effort, no intent nor execution on their part to propose a south half orientation. We think we've done all we need to do and more, and we would like to have our forced pooling order.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr.

Does anybody else have anything further in Case 10,656? If not, this case will be taken under advisement.

Take a five-minute recess.

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete record of the proceedings in the Examiner hearing of Case No. 10656 heard by me on 2

Oil Conservation Division Examiner

2 4

Kellahin.

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER 2 3 STATE OF NEW MEXICO) ss. COUNTY OF SANTA FE 5 6 I, Deborah O'Bine, Certified Shorthand 7 Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that I caused my notes to be transcribed under my personal 8 9 supervision, and that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings of said 10 hearing. 11 I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative 12 or employee of any of the parties or attorneys 13 involved in this matter and that I have no personal 14 15 interest in the final disposition of this matter. WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL, February 1, 1993. 16 17 18 DEBORAH O'BINE CCR No. 63 19 20 OFFICIAL SEAL 21 DEBORAH O'BINE 22 NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF NEW MEXICO 23

24

25

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

APPLICATION OF BRANKO, INC., ET AL., TO REOPEN CASE NUMBER 10,656, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

APR 8

CONSERVATION DIVISION

CASE NO. 11,510

ORIGINAL

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

EXAMINER HEARING

BEFORE: MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner

April 4th, 1996

Santa Fe, New Mexico

This matter came on for hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner, on Thursday, April 4th, 1996, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

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April 4th, 1996 Examiner Hearing CASE NO. 11,510

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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

4

* * *

APPEARANCES

FOR THE DIVISION:

RAND L. CARROLL Attorney at Law Legal Counsel to the Division 2040 South Pacheco Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

1	WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at
2	11:27 a.m.:
3	EXAMINER STOGNER: Call Case Number 11,510,
4	Application of Branko, Inc., et al., to reopen Case Number
5	10,656, Lea County, New Mexico.
6	There's nobody else in the room, Mr. Carroll. Do
7	you have anything on this matter at this time?
8	MR. CARROLL: May it please the Examiner, my name
9	is Rand Carroll, appearing on behalf of the New Mexico Oil
10	Conservation Division.
11	Mr. Examiner, I was contacted by both Mr. Tom
12	Kellahin, who appeared in this case on behalf of Mitchell
13	Energy Corporation, and by Mr. Hal Stratton, counsel for
14	Branko, Inc.
15	Due to scheduling conflicts, this case was asked
16	to be continued to May 2nd, and with the Examiner's
17	permission I ask that this case be continued to May 2nd.
18	EXAMINER STOGNER: Case Number 11,510 will be so
19	continued to the Examiner's hearing scheduled for May 2nd,
20	1996.
21	And with that, hearing is adjourned.
22	(Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at
23	11:28 a.m.)
24	* * *

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL April 14th, 1996.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 1998

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete record of the proceedings in the Examiner hearing of Case No. 1/5/0.

heard by me on All

Examiner

Oll Conservation Division

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

8

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 11,510

APPLICATION OF BRANKO, INC., et al., TO REOPEN CASE NUMBER 10,656, LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

EXAMINER HEARING

BEFORE: MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner

May 2nd, 1996

Santa Fe, New Mexico

This matter came on for hearing before the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, MICHAEL E. STOGNER, Hearing Examiner, on Thursday, May 2nd, 1996, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

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By: W. THOMAS KELLAHIN

1 WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at 2 3:20 p.m.: EXAMINER STOGNER: Hearing will come to order. 3 At this time I'll call Case Number 11,510. 4 MR. CARROLL: Application of Branko, Inc., et 5 6 al., to reopen Case Number 10,656, Lea County, New Mexico. 7 EXAMINER STOGNER: At this time i'll call for 8 appearances. 9 MR. STRATTON: Mr. Stogner, my name is Hal 10 Stratton. I'm here with Sealy Cavin. We're both with the 11 firm of Stratton and Cavin. We represent Movant Branko, 12 Inc., and the entire list of them is listed there in our 13 motion. 14 We've got one witness to call today. We have a 15 stack of exhibits that have been stipulated to for you, and 16 we're prepared to go. 17 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other appearances? 18 MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, I'm Tom Kellahin of the Santa Fe law firm of Kellahin and Kellahin, appearing 19 20 on behalf of Mitchell Energy Corporation. 21 EXAMINER STOGNER: Other appearances? 22 Do you have any witnesses, Mr. Kellahin? 23 MR. KELLAHIN: I have Mr. Steve Smith, the landman that was involved in the transaction. He's 24 25 I don't anticipate calling him as a witness,

1 but he is here if there's questions by the Division of Mr. Smith. 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stratton, do we need to 3 swear your witness in at this time, or do you wish to make 4 some opening statements? 5 MR. STRATTON: I'd just make a brief opening 6 7 statement, if that's okay, and then at that time I'd like 8 to present you with the exhibits. So I think that will be 9 quicker than to move for their introduction, and then we 10 can swear Mr. Murphy in. 11 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any objection with those 12 proceedings, Mr. Kellahin? 13 MR. KELLAHIN: Subject to the clarification of 14 the affidavit issue, Mr. Stratton and I have stipulated as 15 to these documents. So when we get to that point I'll 16 clarify for you what I think we're doing. 17 EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, thank you, Mr. Kellahin. Mr. Stratton? 18 19 MR. STRATTON: Thank you, Mr. Examiner. 20 This is a case on behalf of a number of working interest owners and overriding royalty interest owners in 21 22 the tract of property which is the subject of this 23 particular proceeding. We have affidavits which are 24 Exhibits 1 through, I think, 17, of all these people that

indicate what their interest is.

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They -- Almost all of them got their interest in the 1989 area, and it's listed there in the affidavit for you, and we're going to have those affidavits, as well as testimony from Mr. Mark Murphy of Strata Production Company, as to what the business records of Strata show. And I really don't think there's any question -- and certainly we're stipulated to the evidence, and so I don't think that's a question.

The problem was, is that they were never included or noticed in this proceeding, and the Commission never gained jurisdiction over these working interest and overriding royalty interest owners, as far as the previous proceeding was concerned.

Notwithstanding the fact that Mitchell, through Mr. Smith, had knowledge as early as two or three months before that there were other participants, other than Strata, in this particular tract of property, and that knowledge ran from telephone conversations with Mr. Murphy through correspondence, through what I know you all are aware of is the final letter that came a week or so before the hearing, listing those particular interests, the individuals, and where they could be reached.

And this Commission need look no farther in this case -- although you certainly can, and you'll get corroborating law. But to determine the law you need look

no farther than Uhden v. New Mexico Oil Conservation

Commission, and that case stands for just the following

proposition. I just want to read it, because it's so

important, not only to this proceeding but to all the other

proceedings before the Commission.

That case holds that if a party's identity and whereabouts are known or could be ascertained through due diligence, the due-process clause of the New Mexico and the United States Constitutions requires the party who filed a spacing application to provide notice of the pending proceeding by personal service to such parties whose property rights may be affected as a result.

And if that doesn't happen, Uhden continues to hold that all of the proceedings obviously are void because -- as to those individuals, not to the parties that were here; the order is obviously valid as to the parties that were here -- but is void as to the individuals that did not have an opportunity to participate in the hearing.

And that is exactly what has happened in this particular case, and our clients, the Movants, are only asking for an opportunity to participate. And so they are asking you to reopen the hearing, which is -- I was going to -- It's the only remedy for this Commission. They may have other remedies outside of that, but it's the proper way to go and allow them to have a hearing on this

particular -- on the pooling issue that's at stake here.

Thank you.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Stratton.

Mr. Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, Mr. Stratton and I have agreed upon a procedure for your consideration. That is to present in a summary fashion some additional evidence with regards to the relationship, the dealings of the parties, both before and after the pooling order, and then let you decide the notice issue.

If you decide in favor of Mr. Stratton's position, then we would ask for an evidentiary hearing before you with regards to the engineering aspects of the producing well and the participation in that well and whatever else is involved in that exercise.

The motion to reopen the case has got several parts to it, one of which was to ask that the case be reopened, and that's what we're here today to consider.

The second aspect was, if it's reopened and they're entitled to participate, then how does that activity take place with an existing well already having been produced?

And then finally, there was a portion of the motion asking for some control and supervision over operations of the well. It was specific in asking for an

injunction of any other activities on the wellbore, such as adding additional perforations, workover, abandonment, those kinds of issues.

Mr. Cavin and I have discussed that issue, and he and I will try to work through that problem. If you decide to reopen the case, we would ask that you let us do that before any operations on this well are interrupted.

In addition, Mr. Stratton has filed a memorandum in support of his position, so that you have a memorandum in writing. I have not yet filed mine, in order to expedite the hearing today. If you'll grant me an additional period of time, I will file a written brief in support of the documents I've already filed.

Our position is very simple, Mr. Examiner. The position is that Steve Smith of Mitchell was induced to rely upon Mr. Murphy as a representative of Strata for the entire 25-percent working interest, induced to believe, and in fact relied upon, Mr. Murphy's representations that he could deal with all these parties in their behalf. The record is that he in fact did so.

The record also reflects that as of the date the force-pooling application was filed -- that date was

December 7th of 1993; Strata was served on December 9th of

1993 -- during that period of time, there was no public record to disclose to Mitchell the identify of these

interest owners.

It was not until January 13th, approximately eight days before the compulsory pooling hearing, that Mr. Murphy sent a letter to Mr. Smith, disclosing the identity of the previously undisclosed parties.

My argument here, sir, is that this is not a notice question, it's a question of representation by Mr. Murphy, and whether or not Mitchell can rely upon that representation as we go through the force-pooling process.

We'll provide you the documents that we have stipulated to, and I have copies of all the documents I think were relevant out of the Examiner hearing. We've duplicated those for your convenience.

I have reviewed Mr. Stratton's proposed affidavits and documents; we're stipulating to those -- the admissibility of those documents.

The stipulation on the admissibility of the affidavits for these partners is conditioned on the fact that counsel for those parties has agreed to assist me in providing a supplemental stipulation, and we will obtain from those parties by stipulation, then, information from their point of view as to when they knew about the proposed well, when they knew about the force-pooling application, when they knew about the force-pooling order, and a sequence of what they knew from their perspective.

I understand that Mr. Murphy is here, and he can, from his perspective, tell us what he thought his arrangement was with these parties.

With the supplemental stipulation, then, we certainly are willing to have these affidavits introduced for your consideration, at this hearing only, to save these parties the expense of traveling from wherever they're coming from, providing a few minutes of testimony which we can accomplish in a different fashion. So we are proposing to stipulate for purposes of the Examiner hearing only that these affidavits be accepted.

MR. CARROLL: I'm a little confused. What's this supplemental stipulation?

MR. KELLAHIN: That subsequent to this hearing and at some time that's appropriate for you, I will prepare a stipulation for these parties to sign or a supplemental affidavit by which they will disclose information that is not currently in the affidavit that's being submitted today.

MR. STRATTON: If I may, just so I understand the stipulation -- I thought I understood it, but I'm not sure I do now -- you would propose that that be considered in this particular hearing, prior to a decision by the Examiner?

MR. KELLAHIN: I think it would be helpful in

1 terms of knowing the sequence by which they had that information. 2 If you don't feel that's necessary in order to 3 have that decision, then we simply could postpone obtaining 4 it. My idea was to complete the transaction from their 5 point of view and find out when they knew the dates of 6 7 these various items. MR. STRATTON: I don't understand. My question 9 is whether you intend these -- you want the supplemental 10 stipulations for this proceeding or for a possible 11 subsequent proceeding before the Commission, say? 12 MR. KELLAHIN: My proposal is to have it 13 available to you when you make your decision at this level. 14 MR. STRATTON: This -- Okay. 15 MR. CARROLL: We want it before we issue a 16 decision. MR. STRATTON: Okay, I didn't understand that. 17 18 That stipulation is fine with us. It may take us just a 19 little bit of time to get those, so -- I mean, we can't get 20 them tomorrow or by Monday, but -- I mean, it may take --21 MR. CAVIN: -- ten days. 22 MR. STRATTON: -- ten days to get those. 23 long as Mr. Kellahin understands that it's going to be ten days before we can provide those and the Examiner 24 25 understands that, then that's fine.

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1 EXAMINER STOGNER: Is ten days sufficient, Mr. Kellahin? 2 MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir, if we might use the same 3 time period within that ten-day period, then, I will file a 4 5 written brief in support of my position so that you will have a complete record, hopefully within the next days. 6 7 MR. STRATTON: I would also like an opportunity to reply to that brief as well, and I'll do it in whatever 8 period of time you think is convenient. It doesn't have to be another ten days. But since that brief is coming after 10 11 the evidence and after the hearing, I'd certainly want an 12 opportunity to file a reply to it. 13 EXAMINER STOGNER: How many days do you feel is sufficient, Mr. Stratton? 14 15 MR. STRATTON: Ten days is -- would be okay. you feel like shorter would be helpful, fine. I mean, we 16 17 want to get the case decided as soon as possible, but I 18 quess I'd like to have ten days. EXAMINER STOGNER: So in all we're looking at 30 19 20 days? 21 I think we're looking at 20 days. MR. STRATTON: 22 EXAMINER STOGNER: Twenty days. 23 MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir, 20 days. EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, I put an extra 10 on 24 25 that, I'm sorry.

Okay, would you wish to present what you have at this time, Mr. Stratton?

MR. STRATTON: I move the admission of our -- of the Movant's Exhibits 1 through 28, and I have three copies. They're in chronological order, and they're -- we have an index. I've already provided those to Mr. Kellahin so that he has those.

MR. KELLAHIN: I don't wish to interrupt counsel, but perhaps it might be convenient for you if I simply give you my documents too, so that we have the documents stipulated in front of you before Mr. Murphy testifies, so that you have a complete paper trail.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Do you have any problem with that, Mr. Stratton?

MR. STRATTON: No, sir, I think it would be appropriate to do it now.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Okay, Mr. Kellahin?

MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Examiner, I looked for the exhibit stamp and I'm not sure it's here, but in any event, I will mark for you, sir, what is Mitchell Energy Exhibit 1 for today's hearing. It's a package of correspondence, the cover sheet of which is dated February 17th of 1993, and it represents Mitchell's letter to Strata for joining pursuant to the compulsory pooling order, after the order has been issued. So that's the top sheet.

1	EXAMINER STOGNER: And this should be marked
2	Exhibit Number 1
3	MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.
4	EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kellahin, of Mitchell?
5	MR. KELLAHIN: In addition, I have duplicated
6	copies of the Examiner exhibits that may be of use.
7	EXAMINER STOGNER: And this package you just
8	handed to me is all of Exhibit Number 2?
9	MR. KELLAHIN: No, sir, I have not marked it as
10	an exhibit. They continue to have the original exhibit
11	numbers from the Examiner case that was heard before you
12	back on January 21st of 1993.
13	EXAMINER STOGNER: And that's what you will be
14	referring to?
15	MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.
16	EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stratton?
17	MR. STRATTON: Mr. Examiner, we call Mr. Murphy
18	as a witness, and I believe he needs to be sworn.
19	EXAMINER STOGNER: Let's have Mr. Murphy stand
20	and be sworn at this time.
21	MR. CARROLL: Shall we swear in Mr. Smith at this
22	time, just in case?
23	EXAMINER STOGNER: Do you think that will be
24	Let's go ahead and swear Mr. Smith in. That way we'll have
25	that over with at this time.

1 (Thereupon, the witnesses were sworn.) 2 MARK B. MURPHY, 3 the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon 4 his oath, was examined and testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION 5 6 BY MR. STRATTON: 7 Q. Mr. Murphy, would you state your name and address 8 for the record, please? Yes, my name is Mark Murphy. I'm President of 9 Strata Production Company. We're located in Suite 700 of 10 the Roswell Petroleum Building in Roswell, New Mexico. 11 12 0. And Strata Production Company was a party or is a 13 party in this case; is that correct? 14 Α. We were a party, yes. 15 Q. But you are not a Movant in this case? That's correct. 16 Α. Okay. Let me ask you, if I could, and you have a 17 Q. copy of the exhibits there, and I'd ask you to use those as 18 19 you see fit, but let me ask you to tell the Examiner when 20 you first learned of Mitchell's desire to proceed with the 21 Tomahawk well. 22 A. To proceed with the Tomahawk well? To proceed with their pooling application. 23 Q. I'd have to look at these. Let's see. 24 Α. 25 Let me be more specific. Did you get a telephone Q.

call from Mr. Smith about the project back in October of 19- -- Was it 1992?

A. Yes, I did.

- Q. Okay. Can you tell us what transpired after that?
- A. Yes. Towards the end of October of 1992, Mr. Smith called, and I don't believe I talked to him the first time, but I returned his call a few days after that, and he said that Mitchell was proposing a well in the West half of Section 28 that was going to test, if I recall, the Atoka or Morrow zones.

He stated that Strata was the owner of a lease, which was the south half of the southwest quarter of Section 28, and that that would be in the proposed 320-acre proration unit for the Tomahawk well. He asked -- He inquired whether we would be interested in participating.

I told him that given the depth of the well, we would probably not be interested in participating and advised him at the time that in addition to Strata there were other owners of leasehold operating rights in that lease and that while generally they would -- "they" being these other partners, would generally go with whatever Strata recommended, I certainly couldn't guarantee that.

Q. Okay. Do you have something that helps you refresh your recollection on these -- on this telephone

conversation or others?

- A. Yes, I do, I've got a letter dated January 12th from me to Mr. Smith, outlining the series of telephone conversations and correspondence, and that would also be your Exhibit 23.
- Q. So you're using that to refresh your recollection on these particular telephone conversations?
 - A. I am.
- Q. Okay. And the first conversation, you say, on October 26th, you informed Mr. Smith of other ownership interests in the property?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Okay. Was there another occasion that you had an opportunity to talk to him after that?
- A. Yes, a few days later, October 29th, I called Mr. Smith and informed him that Strata would recommend to its partners that we sell the south half of the southwest quarter of Section 28 to Mitchell for \$300 an acre, delivering a 78-percent net revenue interest.

He said that they would consider that, but that he would call me back when they got closer to doing something, in other words, further along in the process they were going through to get their well drilled.

Q. Who were you referring to when you used the word "partners" when you were talking to him?

A. Well, we have -- The history of that project is that we have a lease in Section 33 that we call the Gavilon lease, and there's a producing well there, and we have a number of working interest owners in that well.

When this particular lease -- the lease being in the south half of 28 and also another 40 acres adjoining it -- came up for sale, I believe, in the latter part of 1989, I would -- yeah, I think that's about right, August of 1989 --

- Q. Let me just move things along, just ask you -- When I'm asking that question, were you referring to any of the Movants that are in this case?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. Yeah.

- Q. And so when you say "partner", what did you mean?

 Are you talking about somebody that has a limited

 partnership interest, a general partner, or what does that

 mean?
- A. No, they're a leasehold owner, they own operating rights. Basically when we purchased that lease, we offered it to the same people that were in the adjoining lease, and many if not all of them purchased their part of the interest, and so they reimbursed us for the cost of purchasing the lease and acquisition costs and so forth.

Is it common to use the word "partners" for that 1 Q. 2 type of interest? 3 In a general sense, yes. Have you ever heard Mr. Smith use that same term 4 Q. 5 for Mitchell's investors or partners? Yes, I think he referred to Santa Fe and Maralo, 6 Α. 7 who were their partners in the Tomahawk well. In the hearing, in the last hearing --8 0. I believe so. 9 Α. -- or in your conversations? 10 Q. I don't recall, but I believe that that's --11 Α. 12 Okay, so that's a common term for that type of --0. It is. 13 Α. All right. Let's go on, if we might, and 14 Q. 15 continue the discussions with Mr. Smith. 16 Well, let's see here. On November 18th, I Α. returned his call. Mitchell said they would not accept our 17 proposal, the one we had made on October 29th. He said 18 that they would make a -- and I'm summarizing here; this is 19 all outlined in the letter -- informed me that Mitchell 20 21 would make a formal farmout request, that I told them that 22 we had some problems with the west-half proration unit. 23 He outlined one of the reasons -- He stated that

the reason they wanted the west-half proration unit was to

save an expiring lease, specifically the northwest of the

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southwest quarter of Section 28. 1 2 Q. Okay, let me -- I hate to interrupt you, but I want to ask you a couple other questions. 3 Α. Sure. 4 Let me ask you to refer to Exhibit 20 and ask you 5 0. 6 if you can identify that. I'm sorry, make that Exhibit 19. 7 19, okay. 8 Α. 9 Q. I want to ask you in that particular letter, which appears to be sent by you to Mitchell Energy, did you 10 make any particular statements regarding what type of 11 12 approval you might need from these working interest partners? 13 Yes, at the bottom of the first page it says, 14 "...I offer as an alternative to the proposal set forth 15 16 above the following general farmout terms which are subject 17 to final approval by Strata and it's [sic] partners." Q. Okay, let's look at Exhibit 21 --18 19 Α. Okay. 20 -- and that appears to be a letter sent on 0. 21 January 6th to Mitchell; is that correct? Α. Uh-huh. 22 And did you talk to -- or did you mention to 23 Q. Mitchell anything regarding your partners in that 24 25 particular letter?

- A. Yeah, I state that Mitchell had refused to execute Strata's letter agreement and that I had spoken to the partners.
- Q. Okay. Did Mr. Smith ever inquire as to who the partners were?
- A. I think generically he did during the course of conversations, and I've described them as long-term investors of Strata's or people that we've been involved in. It wasn't until sometime in early January that he stated some concern about not knowing specifically who they were.
 - Q. And did he -- What did he say at that time?
- A. Well, I think the conversation was along the lines of -- excuse me, let me refer to the -- At some point, one of the early conversations in January, he stated that we had never provided him with a list of the partners or their interests, and I told him that he knew that they existed and we would be happy to provide that to him.
 - Q. And did you subsequently provide that to him?
 - A. Yes, I did.
 - Q. And how did you do that?
- A. I wrote him a letter on January 13th, that's your Exhibit Number 24 --
 - Q. Okay.

25 A. -- that gives the names and addresses and

1 leasehold ownership positions of the various partners --2 Q. Okay. -- and a list of the overriding and royalty 3 interest owners. 4 Okay. I want to go back to Exhibit 20 and ask 5 Q. you what Exhibit 20 is. 6 7 Exhibit 20 is a letter agreement concerning the Α. purchase and sale of the lease in question between Mitchell 8 and Strata. It was drafted -- or sent on Strata 9 letterhead. 10 11 Q. And was that sent on December 30th, 1992, as it 12 indicates? 13 Α. Yes. Okay. Does it have anything in it regarding 14 0. other owners of the property, the leasehold? 15 Yes, it refers in 7 to undisclosed owners. 16 Α. Okay. And under that particular provision, 17 Q. there's another provision that says "Authority". What is 18 that paragraph about? 19 20 It says, "The undersigned signatories..." have A. the authority to execute the "... Agreement and bind their 21 respective companies..." 22 23 Okay. Was this particular contract ever Q. 24 executed? 25 Α. No.

Q. Okay. Did you ever represent to Mr. Smith that you had authority to bind them without discussing the matters with them?

- A. No, I did not. I had -- Given that we were under the impression that we had a deal with Mitchell, I did speak to the -- I'm not sure all of them, but the -- many of the undisclosed partners, and I felt like that given the specific terms that are outlined in this letter, that I had the authority to bind them, but only under these conditions.
- Q. Okay. Did you ever tell him you had the authority to represent them in any Oil Conservation Division matter?
- A. No, to the contrary, I stressed to him that once the deal had fallen apart, we weren't able to get -- Strata was attempting to accommodate a deal between Mitchell and Strata and the undisclosed partners, and once it was apparent that we could not come to terms, I stressed to them that they should contact the other leasehold owners and give them an opportunity to make their own election to either deal with Mitchell on their own, to participate in the well, or to be represented at the hearings, whatever.
- Q. Okay. Let me just ask you one other question.

 The affidavits have been stipulated to. Have you reviewed the affidavits of the Movants?

Yes, I have. 1 Α. 2 And does the interest in those particular Q. affidavits comport with the business records of Strata as 3 far as what those owners own? 4 5 Α. Yes, they do. 6 Q. And is that consistent with the January 13th 7 letter, which is Exhibit 23 -- I'm sorry, Exhibit 24 that 8 you've --9 Α. They are. 10 MR. STRATTON: -- initialed? 11 Okay, that's all I have, thank you. EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kellahin? 12 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION 14 BY MR. KELLAHIN: 15 Q. Mr. Murphy, let me take you back to the locator map. I think I've given you one there on -- Yes, sir, 16 17 that's it. 18 When we look at the locator map, the Mitchell 19 pooling case involved the west half of Section 28, and the 20 Strata acreage that's shown on that, that was ultimately 21 pooled, would have been the south half of the southwest 22 quarter? 23 A. Yes, the acreage that Strata and others own an interest in the south half of the southwest quarter of 24

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Section 28.

Strata Producing Company, is that a production --1 Q. 2 A. Corpora- ---- company? 3 Q. Production company. A. Strata Production Company? 5 Q. That's correct. 6 Α. Are you simply doing business under that name, or 7 Q. is that a corporation? 8 9 Α. It's a New Mexico corporation. Is that a federal oil and gas lease for that 10 Q. 11 property? Yes, it is. 12 Α. And was the federal oil and gas lease issued to 13 Q. Strata Production Company? 14 Yes, it was. 15 Α. 16 Q. Your arrangement with the partners in Section 33 17 for the well, the Arrowhead well -- What do you call that? What's your well in 33 to the south? 18 The Gavilon Federal Number 1. 19 Α. All right. 20 Q. Are you referring to the well in the northwest of 21 the southwest of 33? 22 I think so. That's the only symbol here. 23 Q. that the Gavilon well? 24 Yes, it is. 25 Α.

- Q. All right. Your arrangement with those partners caused you to create an arrangement where they had the same type of relationship in a percentage way in the south half of 28?
- A. Well, I'm not sure it was as formal as that.

 This was done in 1989, and I joined the company in 1992, so

 I'm relying on the records that are in the files.

But typically, the way these matters are handled is that if we have an existing lease and we purchase an offset lease, then in many cases -- not in all, but in many cases, we'll allow the working interest owners under the property that we operate, adjoining the property that we've purchased, to participate.

- Q. All right. Let me ask you this. That occurred for the south half of the southwest quarter of 28 in approximately August of 1989. Was that --
 - A. I believe that's correct.
- Q. All right. From August of 1989 --
 - A. It was the fall of 1989.
- Q. The fall of 1989.
 - A. Yeah.

- Q. Did that arrangement in the fall of 1989 between these partners and Strata remain the same arrangement all the way till today?
- A. Well, I -- you know, I guess it's not -- they're

not a formal agreement, there's not a partnership agreement. In Section 33 there is a joint operating agreement that governs the relationship.

- Q. I see. What I'm looking for is --
- A. In the south half in the lease, I think that the way it was handled is, a letter was sent out and said, if you want to participate, purchase your part of this lease, you may do so by paying your part of the acquisition costs and the expenses related to purchase of the lease, and also there will be a one-and-a-half percent retained geologic override.
 - Q. All right, that's what I'm asking.
- 13 A. And --

- Q. With regards to that deal, then, there at least was a letter sent by Strata to these partners describing the arrangement?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. All right. Was it formalized beyond the letter whereby there's a written agreement as to this relationship?
- A. Not to my knowledge, no.
- Q. Okay. And to the best of your recollection, that arrangement remained the same from the fall of 1989, on to at least December of 1995?
- 25 A. I would guess so, yeah.

- Q. All right. Is that the only kind of arrangement you have with these particular partners, or do you have other arrangements with this same group of people with regards to other properties?

 A. Well, many of these -- many of the leasehold owners in the south half of -- in the Section 28 lease, if
- A. Well, many of these -- many of the leasehold owners in the south half of -- in the Section 28 lease, if I may refer to it as that, also have a working interest with us in other properties.
- Q. When I look at the south half of the southwest quarter of the section, the Strata interest --
 - A. Uh-huh.

- Q. -- at the time the force-pooling case was served on Strata, on December 9th of 1992, a search of the public record would have disclosed that that interest was still held by Strata Production Company; is that not true?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. All right. When I look at the letter you sent
 Mr. Smith, dated January 13th of 1993, it was introduced in
 the Examiner hearing, and it's also in the package of
 documents today.
- A. This is the letter that lists the owners, their addresses and their interests.
- Q. Yes, sir. Yes, sir. I was trying to compare the list of affidavits introduced in today's exhibits with the list on the letter, and I do not find an affidavit from

31 something called Arrowhead Oil Corporation. 1 Α. Uh-huh. 2 Q. Why do I not find an affidavit from them? 3 I do not know. Α. 4 5 Q. Okay. When I go through the list, I find an 6 affidavit for the parties with the exclusion of Warren, 7 I don't find an affidavit today for Warren, Inc. 8 there an affidavit from Warren, Inc.? If it's not in this package, there must not be 9 Α. 10 one. 11 All right. For either of those two companies, Q. 12 did you assign them an interest in December of 1995 with 13 regards to the south half of the southwest of Section 28? We assigned out the interest, yes. 14 Α. So they were --15 Q. Without looking at the document, I can't tell you 16 A. 17 exactly who we assigned it to and what the percentages, but 18 it should be consistent with this, because this is the 19 ownership. 20 0. All right. This letter of January 13th, 1993, then, represents the undisclosed partners? 21 That's correct. 22 Α. 23 And the absence of those parties' affidavits in Q.

the record today is no indication that they don't have an

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interest?

- 1 Α. That's correct. 2 All right. When I look through the list on the 3 January 13th, 1993, letter, I see -- and I compare the 4 affidavits -- I see Larry Lunt has signed a number of those 5 affidavits on behalf of Landwest, Permian Hunter Corporation, Xion Investments. 6 7 Is that the same individual for all those 8 companies? 9 Α. I believe so, yes. And who is Larry Lunt? Do you know him? 10 0. He's a gentleman that resides in Utah, Salt Lake 11 Α. City, I believe, and he has a number of entities that 12 13 participate, invest in oil and gas ventures. 14 All right. When I look at the partnership list 15 here, I -- the partners list, it's not a partnership list 16 -- the partner list here, I find the name Scott associated 17 with a number of these names. 18 Is there a relationship between the Scotts involved on the list? 19 20 Α. Yes. 21 And what is that relationship? Q. 22 Α. They're family, generally.
- A. For example, Scott Exploration is obviously a company.

All right.

Q.

In what we've marked as Mitchell Exhibit 1 to 1 0. 2 today's hearing, there is a letter from you to Mr. Smith dated March 16th of 1993. 3 MR. STRATTON: I'm sorry, I was --5 MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir. -- I was asleep when you did your 6 MR. STRATTON: 7 exhibits. Is all of this Exhibit 1? 8 MR. KELLAHIN: It is, and I --9 MR. STRATTON: Okay. 10 MR. KELLAHIN: -- apologize --11 MR. STRATTON: All right. 12 MR. KELLAHIN: -- for doing it that way, but if you'll thumb through with me, Mr. Murphy, can you find the 13 March 16th letter? Do you find that? 14 15 THE WITNESS: Yes, I do. (By Mr. Kellahin) All right. If you'll look 16 Q. 17 down in the bottom of the first paragraph, it says in your letter, "Strata can only negotiate for it's [sic] own 18 19 account and I encourage you to notify the other leasehold 20 partners before taking any further action." 21 Do you see that? Yes, I do. 22 Α. 23 Do you find any documentation in any of your Q. 24 letters to Mr. Smith or to Mitchell prior to that date 25 where you advise him in writing that you're negotiating

only for your own account? 1 2 Α. Yes. 3 Q. All right. I think you'll find it throughout the documents 4 Α. where it's subject to partner approval. 5 6 And also, during our numerous conversations I 7 told him that -- and -- that the arrangement would be that 8 Strata would attempt to negotiate a deal with Mitchell, and if we could recommend that deal to the other partners, we 10 would do so, we would try to facilitate it. But if we 11 couldn't, we won't. And --12 Q. Show me where that has occurred in the 13 correspondence prior to March 16th of 1993. 14 Well, December 9th -- If you're looking for those 15 exact words somewhere else, I'm not familiar that they're 16 They may or may not be. It's been some time since there. 17 I've looked at this document -- these letters. But it's obvious that on December 9th, that you 18 19 find final approval by Strata and its partners. You find 20 that consistently throughout the documents. All right. When Mr. Smith called you in October 21 Q. 22 to propose the Tomahawk well --23 Α. Excuse me, and also I think that you should

He has expressed, "During our telephone

probably go back to the first paragraph of the January 13th

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correspondence.

conversation this morning you expressed some concern that
you had not been provided a list of leasehold partners and
ownership in the above referenced lease...I provide this
information to facilitate your notification of said
owners."

O. Yes, sir, I'm talking about something different.

- Q. Yes, sir, I'm talking about something different.

 When I look at the March 16th letter --
 - A. Yes.

Q. -- it's a direct written communication to Mr.

Smith, putting him on notice that you are only responsible for negotiating for your own account to Strata.

MR. STRATTON: I'm going to object.

- Q. (By Mr. Kellahin) Isn't that what that says?
- A. I think that says what it says, but I would also say that "I provide this information to facilitate your notification of said owners" is found specifically in January 13th, and that was consistent with Mr. Smith's and my telephone conversations, beginning in October.
- Q. All right. When you got the well proposal for the Tomahawk well in October, 1992 --
- A. I don't think we actually got the proposal, but if I recall -- and once again, we'd have to look at the documents.
 - Q. All right, October --
 - A. I think we got a telephone call that said that

1 we're considering drilling this well, is what --2 0. By then, November 20th of 1992, there's a letter from Mitchell to Strata, formally proposing the Tomahawk 3 I think that's the proposal date of the actual well 4 5 in writing, where you get an AFE. MR. STRATTON: Is there an exhibit number on that 6 7 so that we can refer to it, or --THE WITNESS: Well, it's your 18. 8 9 MR. KELLAHIN: It's Exhibit 10 in the prior 10 hearing, Mr. Examiner. (By Mr. Kellahin) All right, when you got --11 Q. 12 Excuse me, if I could. I want to -- You asked me Α. if this was the first formal notice --13 14 Q. Yes, sir. 15 -- and if I could take just a minute here... Α. 16 He notifies that they intend to drill a well, 17 describes the location, reviews -- "have reviewed your 18 proposal to sell the deep rights...", found them to be unacceptable, and then make a farmout request, it looks 19 20 like, subject to Mitchell management approval, goes into 21 those terms and says that if we don't wish to farm out on 22 that basis, they propose that we join, and he includes 23 AFE --That's a well proposal, isn't it? 24 Q. 25 That's a well proposal. Α.

When you got the well proposal, did 0. All right. 1 2 you transmit that document to any of your partners? 3 Α. No. When you got a copy of the compulsory pooling Q. 4 application on December 9th of 1992, did you transmit that 5 pooling application to any of these partners? 6 7 Α. Not that I recall, no. Q. All right. Prior to the hearing --8 9 A. And you need to understand, Mr. Kellahin, we were still in negotiations at that point. You know, we were 10 still negotiating for either the sale or the farmout of the 11 12 lease. I understand. 13 0. 14 Α. Okay. The hearing on January 21st, did you notify any 15 Q. of these partners prior to the hearing that there was a 16 compulsory pooling hearing to be scheduled on that date? 17 18 Α. No, not that I recall, not in a formal way. 19 How about in an informal way? Q. 20 Α. No. Prior to the pooling hearing, had you talked to 21 Q. 22 these partners about the well proposal? 23 Α. No, I talked to -- I had talked to some of them 24 with respect to the terms that were outlined in the

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December 30th of 1992.

Now, remember this is in the middle of the holidays. We've got 16 partners, and -- but I know them fairly well and I felt like that those that I could not contact directly would go along with these terms, since I had talked to enough people about the sale terms that are outlined in the December 30th agreement, that I felt like I could execute it on that basis.

- Q. All right, let me set a time frame for you.
- A. Okay

- Q. December 9th of 1993, you've got a compulsory pooling application in your hand which dockets the case for hearing on January 7th. That's the sequence, all right?
 - A. December of 1993?
- Q. December of 1992, I'm sorry, I misspoke. It's December of 1992.
 - A. All right.
- Q. December of 1992, you've been served with a pooling application that's going to hearing on January 7th of 1993. Within that period of time, did you talk to any of your partners about the well proposal?
- A. Not about the well proposal, I don't think, because we were coming very close to a deal to sell to Mitchell, so we were talking on the basis of the terms that -- of sale terms.
- Q. I understand. What I'm asking you is, did you

communicate to these partners that there was any kind of 1 2 time deadline that required this thing to be resolved in 3 some fashion because you were facing a compulsory pooling hearing on the 7th of January? 4 Α. I don't recall doing that, no. 5 All right. The case was continued, then, and 6 Q. 7 finally heard on January 21st of 1993? Okay, sounds about right. 8 Α. 9 0. All right. From January 7th to January 21st, did 10 you communicate with any of your partners? 11 Α. I don't recall, but no, I don't think so. 12 0. All right, you -- To the best of your recollection --13 14 Α. To the best of my recollection, the answer is no. 15 0. -- you didn't talk to them about the deal, and you didn't talk to them about the compulsory pooling 16 17 hearing? 18 Α. I don't think so, no. 19 Q. All right. The Division -- you came to the 20 hearing, you testified, you had a geologic witness that 21 also testified on behalf of --22 Α. Yes. 23 -- your position? Q. 24 Α. Yes. 25 All right. Was there anything about your Q.

presentation with regards to that hearing that did not adequately represent your position at that hearing?

- A. Represent Strata's position?
- Q. Yes, sir.

- A. I don't believe so.
- Q. Okay. Can you think of anything that in your representation at that hearing would not have also represented these partners in terms of their position?
- A. I can't make that determination, Mr. Kellahin.

 They -- The partners would have to have the opportunity to represent themselves, if they -- you know, to determine what they feel is adequate.
- Q. Following the compulsory pooling order that was issued in this case -- The order is issued on February 15th of 1993, and then if you'll look at Mitchell Exhibit 1 to today's hearing, it's a package of correspondence, and then we look on February 17th of 1993, Mr. Smith is sending to you a copy of the pooling order and a copy of the notification of election pursuant to the pooling order.

 Did you communicate this letter to any of your partners?
 - A. No.
- Q. Did you transmit the pooling order to any of your partners?
- A. No, I don't believe so.
 - Q. After February 17th, on February 19th, you send a

letter to Mr. Smith -- this is after the hearing and after the order -- again proposing that you are going to assign to Mitchell this interest, and I assume you're talking about not just Strata's interest but the total interest of you and the partners?

- A. Well, once again, this was a proposal, and it was once again made subject to partner approval.
 - Q. All right.

- A. And it was -- we were trying to -- we're continuing to try to resolve this.
- Q. All right. February 24th, it's post-order -post-notice for your election, and on February 24th, you're
 again writing Mr. Smith, and you're following up some
 conversations, and again you're proposing that you strike a
 deal with him with regards to the entire interest that
 Strata had, which would include the partners' interest?
- A. You might want to refer to the second full paragraph: "It is my intention to discuss Mitchell's proposal..." I'm confirming a proposal that was made by Mitchell, and in order to -- it appears, to avoid any misunderstanding about what that proposal was.

And I say that this is a follow-up to our conversation, I outline -- I'm trying to restate the terms.

And then I say, "It is my intention to discuss Mitchell's proposal with the other lease owners therefore, if the

above does not accurately reflect Mitchell's proposal please advise me immediately."

- Q. All right. If I remember correctly, the assignment of Strata -- the assignment by Strata to the undisclosed partners, the actual assignment, was placed of record in December of 1995?
- A. That sounds about right, but I'd have to look at it to be sure.
- Q. All right. Why did you wait until November or December of 1995 to record that assignment?
- A. Well, actually we made a number of recorded assignments last year. We had a landman come in and spend many months in our office recording leases that were under Strata's name but in fact were owned by Strata and others, and it was done as part of that process, is what I recall.
- Q. You referred with Mr. Stratton to a letter of January 12th of 1993. It was Mitchell's Exhibit 16 at the prior hearing. It's on your exhibit list for today as Exhibit 23. Do you have a copy of that?
 - A. I do.

Q. All right. When you testified at the last hearing -- and I believe you've used this document to refresh your recollection today -- I believe you testified then and are testifying now that this represents an accurate recollection of the details concerning these

various phone calls with Mr. Smith?

- A. Yeah, and actually you need to recall that this isn't, once again, a response to Mitchell correspondence. Mr. Smith had written a letter and had provided a summary of his recollections of the telephone calls. I went back and looked at my phone logs and my other records and took issue with him on a number of points. And so this was to clarify, supplement and basically outline what my notes indicated the conversations were.
- Q. All right. There was a prior letter from Smith to you in which he went into some detail summarizing his phone calls and his understanding of what you were talking about, and this is your response, if you will, where you detail what your notes reflected?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. All right. And both those documents were introduced before the Examiner at the prior hearing?
- A. I believe so.
- Q. All right. Turn with me to page 3, and let's look at the top paragraph on that page. If you start reading after "October, 1993", does your letter indicate and do your notes confirm, referring to Smith, you say, "You went on to say that it was your intent to make a formal farmout request in writing based upon what you considered to be 'reasonable terms' and if Strata did not

1	accept then you would 'force pool' us."
2	EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kellahin ?
3	MR. CARROLL: Pardon me, Mr. Kellahin?
4	MR. KELLAHIN: Are you with me?
5	EXAMINER STOGNER: No.
6	MR. CARROLL: No.
7	MR. KELLAHIN: All right. January 12th
8	MR. CARROLL: Okay.
9	MR. KELLAHIN: page 3, top of the page.
10	MR. CARROLL: All right.
11	Q. (By Mr. Kellahin) These are your notes from a
12	telephone conversation that has occurred on November 18th
13	of 1992; is that not right, sir?
14	A. Uh-huh.
15	Q. All right. And do your notes not reflect the
16	following sentence in that paragraph: "I informed you",
17	meaning you informing Smith, "that due to the lack of
18	technical basis, a point you admitted, Strata would defend
19	itself and it's $[sic]$ partners rights during any proceeding
20	including a force pooling hearing."?
21	A. That's right.
22	MR. KELLAHIN: No further questions.
23	MR. STRATTON: I don't have any further
24	questions.
25	EXAMINER STOGNER: No further questions, Mr.

Stratton? 1 (Shakes head) 2 MR. STRATTON: 3 EXAMINATION BY MR. CARROLL: 4 5 Q. Mr. Murphy, in your January 12th letter to Mr. 6 Mitchell where you set forth this phone log --7 Α. Uh-huh. -- that you maintained -- and I think this --8 0. between December 9th and December 30th, you note that you 9 talked to a number of the partners regarding the proposed 10 11 transfer or assignment; is that correct? 12 Α. Yes -- Well, I talked to some of them with respect to the terms that were outlined in the December 13 30th, 1992, letter, is what I recall. 14 15 Well, that was in the future, so you're talking about the terms that would be set forth in a future letter, 16 which was December 30th; is that correct? 17 18 Α. Well, let me see. I'm sorry, you're asking about 19 the time frame between December 9th and December 30th? 20 Q. Right, which in your January 12th letter puts 21 down your phone log as to -- that you called a number of 22 these partners and discussed this deal with them? 23 I mean, that's what I recall, is that once Α. Yes. 24 we -- once I felt like that we had an agreement with 25 Mitchell, that was set forth in the December -- and I

probably -- if I recall, I had a draft of the December 30th, 1992, agreement.

- Q. Okay, that would be set forth in it?
- A. Yeah, because that was -- remember, that was -- that document outlined the terms that Mr. Smith and I had agreed upon, at least my understanding.
- Q. And you discussed these terms with your partners in these conversations?
- A. Yes, with some of them. And once again, as I say, that was during the holidays, and there were 16 of them, so I'm not sure how many I reached. But I felt like that was a deal that they could -- they would accept, given that I had received acceptance from the ones that I had talked to.
- Q. And you didn't mention the compulsory pooling application in any of those conversations?
- A. Not that I recall, no, sir.
- Q. Why was that?

- A. I can't give you a specific answer except to say that we had struck a deal for the sale of it, and it was moot, in my mind. I mean, we were selling our interests to Mitchell. So...
- Q. Did any of your partners show up for the January 21st hearing?
- A. Not that I recall, but I -- I'd have to -- Are

1 you talking about the force-pooling hearing? Q. Right. 2 Α. I don't think so, no. 3 And then after the force pooling order was Q. issued, even though you had -- it looks like numerous 5 conversations with your undisclosed partners regarding 6 7 continued attempts to assign this lease to Mitchell; is that correct? 8 Well, I think we were still -- Once again, I was 9 A. making all of those subject to partner approval, and --10 11 Q. Were you in contact with your partners during 12 these negotiations? 13 Α. I don't recall, but I don't think so. I mean, basically once again we were trying to come to terms that 14 Strata could recommend. And, you know, the -- We were 15 making that subject to partner approval. Once the terms 16 had been agreed upon between Mitchell and Strata, then once 17 18 again I would seek to get partner approval. But not until you came to terms with Mitchell? 19 0. 20 Right. I mean, there were numerous conversations Α. 21 going back, and trying to relay all of those to 16 22 different people would be impossible. 23 Q. Okay. 24 Α. And once again, Mitchell had been provided with a

My feeling was that with

list of the names and addresses.

respect to the force-pooling application and activities,
they were the operator, they were responsible, and they
also knew the details of the operation.

Q. Regarding the notice of election that Mitchell
sent to Strata, what did Strata do with that? Decline to

- A. Which one are you referring to? Is this the November 20th?
- Q. No, this is after the force-pooling order was issued. February 17th is the notice from Mitchell to you, notifying you of your election rights under the order.
- A. Well, it appears that -- from the letters and documents that come after that, we're continuing to try to work a deal out with Mitchell, so we never made a formal election --
- Q. Was Strata a participating interest owner in this well under the force-pooling order?
 - A. I'm sorry?

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participate?

- Q. Did Strata elect to participate in the well under the force-pooling order?
- 21 A. I don't think we formally made an election.
 - Q. So you did not elect to participate. So you were assessed a 200-percent penalty?
- 24 A. Yes, that's what I recall.
 - Q. Now, Mitchell, it looks like, offered you an all-

or-none approach: Either you elect as to the entire 25percent working interest in the unit that Strata had record
title to -- and it couldn't just elect as to the 18.5percent interest; is that correct?

A. That's correct.

- Q. So you turned it down, saying you're not going to elect and pay for other partners' interests?
- A. Well, I think we turned it down because we didn't see that that was really an alternative for us. And I'm not sure "turned it down" is really the right way. We just simply didn't make an election, because it could not be a meaningful election if it was an all-or-none election, and we could only elect to our 18.75 percent of the leasehold rights. The other parties would have had to elect to their portion of it.
- Q. But you didn't inform those other parties of this election, right?
 - A. No, because once again, I mean, if you look at --
- Q. Well, it seems to me this was a, you know, formalized proposal put forth to Strata, and when a proposal was put forth before by Mitchell regarding the assignment of the interest, you said you have to go back to your partners. But when you were presented -- when Strata was presented with an election right under the force-pooling order, it didn't go back to its partners; is that

correct?

- A. Well, we were granted a -- it appears, on February 17, an election, an all-or-nothing election.
 - Q. That you didn't relate to your partners?
- A. That's correct. We then had a series of conversations and correspondence going back and forth between Mitchell and Strata, trying to negotiate a sale of this property. Those letters are in Mr. Kellahin's Exhibit 1.
- Q. Were they subject to the other partners' approval?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Why, in the -- let's see, November 6th of 1995, did you then send a letter to the partners regarding the well in question and their rights under the force-pooling order?

You didn't -- Strata didn't inform them prior to 1995, and let over two and a half years elapse and then sent them notice that they had some rights under the force-pooling order. Why is that? I don't understand.

A. I can't give you a good answer, except to say that we were making assignments at that time, and this was an issue that we felt like, as part of the assignment process, they should be aware of, and I probably did that under advice of counsel, I would assume.

1 Q. Did you have advice of counsel as to whether to give them notice after the force-pooling order? 2 MR. STRATTON: Well, I'm going to object to that. 3 I mean, the advice of counsel is attorney-client privilege. 4 It's also irrelevant, so -- and I don't --5 (By Mr. Carroll) How many people did you deal 6 Q. 7 with, with these 16 partners? It sounded like all the Salt Lake City interests 8 were the same person and all the Scott interests were the 9 10 same person. I don't recall. I tried to contact -- The only 11 A. 12 time I remember making a -- trying to get a feel for what 13 people wanted to do was with respect to the terms that were 14 done and the deal that was set forth in the December 30th, 15 1992, correspondence. 16 So even though 16 partners were listed, there was 0. considerably a lesser number of people to contact regarding 17 these 16 interests? 18 That's probably right. Maybe it was 10 or 12. 19 Α. don't know. 20 21 Q. Why haven't Arrowhead and Warren been included in 22 this action? 23 Α. I don't know. Once again, I'm not a Movant to 24 this; I just am here to testify.

What, in your opinion, did paragraph 7 of the

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Q.

December 30th letter mean, where you have authority to bind the other partners?

A. It means that with respect to the terms that were outlined in that letter, that I felt like I could make that representation, that these were partners that I had some knowledge of, and -- You know, it's one thing, Mr. Carroll, to feel comfortable about making a sale of a lease for cash consideration and an override, and another thing to try to say that, well, we're going to represent -- we're going to make an election under a very expensive well on your behalf, or we're going to try to represent you in some sort of hearing. Those are two very different sorts of things.

This was a specific deal with consideration of cash and override that I felt like I had enough comfort to say that we would do this deal, based on the conversations with the people that I had.

- Q. And what did you mean by, I guess Mr. Kellahin's last question, about the January 12th letter where you said you would assert your partners' rights at the hearing?
 - A. I think the -- Let's look at that.
 - Q. It's on page 3 at the end of the top paragraph.
 - A. We said that Strata would defend itself. And --
- Q. "...and it's partners...", right?
 - A. "...and it's partners..." And that, you know --
 - Q. Did you do that?

Α. -- my view was that we ought to have -- Remember 1 2 now, this is in November -- This is November 18th. And it was my view that we -- that, based on what Mr. Smith had 3 told me, is that the primary reason that they wanted to 4 5 form a west-half proration unit was for lease-expiration 6 purposes, and that with the lack of the technical basis, we 7 felt like that was unjustified and that Strata would defend itself, and --8 9 0. And it says "and it's partners rights". What did 10 you mean by that? 11 Α. What I meant by that is that the partners ought 12 to have a right to be defended too, whether we did it or somebody else did it, but they certainly ought to be heard. 13 But you didn't inform them of the December 9th 14 Q. application for the force-pool hearing? 15 Α. I don't believe under statute I'm required to do 16 that. 17 I guess I--Q. 18 19 A. Remember ---- don't understand --20 Q. Remember --21 Α. -- why on November 18th --22 Q. 23 Α. Remember, Mr. Carroll --24 -- you said --Q. 25 EXAMINER STOGNER: One at a time.

THE WITNESS: -- this is a generalization, a summation; this isn't transcripts with direct quotes.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Carroll?

MR. CARROLL: I guess I find it hard to understand why you asserted you would assert your partners' rights during a force-pooling hearing and then, when you receive a force-pooling application, don't even inform them that it's been filed.

A. Well, maybe it had something to do with the fact that we were about to make a deal on a sale. We had -Once again, looking at the timing. You see that there are proposals and counterproposals going back, and we're about to -- we're about to sign a deal as set forth on the December 30th.

And when it finally broke down, I encouraged
Mitchell to notify those partners and gave them their names
and addresses to do so, because those partners needed to
make their own election with respect to this well and what
they may want to do.

- Q. So you had continued to represent the partners regarding the assignment of the lease but wouldn't even tell them about the force-pooling case or the election under the force-pooling order?
- A. Well, we were negotiating a lease sale that had cash and override as consideration, and I spoke to enough

of them to feel like that they would go along with this, because, as I had told Mr. Smith to begin with, that generally they would go along with what we recommended.

And I felt comfortable in doing that. And that -- If somebody took issue with it, then that was an issue between Strata and undisclosed partners.

It took Mitchell out of the loop, which is something that I believe they wanted with respect to the sale.

- Q. Did you keep detailed phone logs of all your phone conversations?
 - A. Generally, yes.

- Q. Do you have detailed phone logs with these undisclosed partners?
- A. I have logs of most of my phone conversations.

 Sometimes I don't have that log at the phone that I may be calling from, if I'm calling from the house and -- But in most cases, I keep the phone logs of -- I keep a phone log.

Now, I'm not saying that there's a recording of every call I've ever had. But with respect to certainly important deals, I try to list who I talk to and what we talk about.

Q. So you regard the finalization of the terms of an assignment with Mitchell as an important phone conversation with an undisclosed --

- A. And I may --
- Q. -- partner?

- A. -- or may not have it, I don't know. I know that I kept track of the phone calls that I had with Mitchell, that I referred to in drafting the January 12th letter.

 That's all I can tell you.
- Q. Mitchell never asked you for a list of the undisclosed partners prior to early January, and then you sent them the January 13th letter?
 - A. (Nods)
 - Q. You didn't volunteer it up to that point either?
- A. I don't recall. They knew that they existed and -- the undisclosed or the other leasehold owners existed in a generic sense.

And what I recall -- and I think it's maybe in here -- is that Mr. Smith stated some concern that he had never been provided with that.

And I said something like, Well, you've never asked for it, but I'm happy to send it to you. So here it is, and given that our deal's broken down, you need to contact these people.

- Q. But you kept in contact with them regarding the assignment?
- A. No, I got comfortable that I could make the deal as set forth in the December 30th letter.

57 So there's two relationships -- you could 1 0. Okav. represent -- Well, you were under the impression you could 2 represent the undisclosed partners in negotiation with 3 Mitchell, but not the finalization? 4 No, no, not at all. Look. What I --5 Α. Q. So --6 What I told Mr. Smith, which is common in these 7 Α. 8 cases, is that we own interest and we had undisclosed owners that own interest, we could not bind them, but that 9 once we got to a deal that we felt comfortable that we 10 could recommend, that we would recommend it to those other 11 owners, and that typically -- not guaranteed but 12 typically -- those owners would go with our recommendation. 13 14 So we negotiated for ourself through this period 15 And when we finally struck a deal, that's 16 outlined on the December 30th, 1992 letter, I discussed

So we negotiated for ourself through this period of time. And when we finally struck a deal, that's outlined on the December 30th, 1992 letter, I discussed that with some of the partners, I don't remember who. But I got comfortable that they would go along with that, that the undisclosed owners would agree to the terms outlined in the December 30th, 1992, agreement.

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Now, logistically and from a practical standpoint, it's -- You can't talk to 10 or 12 people every day about every nuance of a negotiation. It's impractical.

So with the deal that is specifically outlined in the December 30th letter, I got comfortable.

Now, if one of the leasehold owners had not liked that, then they would be coming after Strata. But I felt like that I could do that.

- Q. So you didn't have authority to bind the, but you had the duty to let them know of the final terms of the deal prior to signing on their behalf?
- A. I had the -- I got comfortable with the deal that was outlined in the December 30th letter agreement, that I could sign that.
 - Q. With their approval?
- A. Well --

- Q. You had their prior approval then?
- A. No, I didn't have all of their prior approval. I got a comfort level, Mr. Carroll.

In other words, we're in the middle of the holidays, there's ten or twelve leasehold owners, we've got a deal that's just been verbally agreed to between Mitchell and Strata, and I made some phone calls and said, Here's the deal, we recommend that we take it, we want to get this thing flanged up, I'm going to sign this letter agreement, how do you guys feel about it?

It probably went something like that, and I may have talked to one of them or two or them -- I don't remember. But I got comfortable that I could sign that deal.

Q. Okay. You felt that Strata didn't have a duty to inform the undisclosed partners of the force-pooling hearing or of their election to participate under the force-pooling order, that's correct?

A. That's correct.

- Q. Why did you all of a sudden, then, have a duty in November of 1995 to inform them of their rights under the force-pooling order?
- A. Well, I was making an assignment and probably felt like that since this affected the property, they needed to know about it. We were assigning the interest out.
- Q. Would you have said anything if the well had been a dryhole?
- A. I don't know. My feeling was that we were making an assignment, they needed to know what I knew about it.
- Q. And is it your opinion that these undisclosed partners had no knowledge of the force-pooling hearing or of their election to participate or of the performance of the well prior to November 6th when you -- of 1995, when you informed --
- A. That's my understanding, and I -- You know, there's a whole stack of the affidavits there that you can look at.
 - Q. Your documentation as to these interests -- I

1	know they've been stipulated to, but you joined the
2	corporation in 1991 or 1992?
3	A. Late 1991 or early 1992.
4	Q. And their interests were already on the books, so
5	you don't know what transpired for them to acquire those
6	interests?
7	A. Not the details of it, no.
8	MR. CARROLL: That's all I have.
9	EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Carroll.
10	Mr. Stratton, redirect?
11	MR. STRATTON: I don't have anything else.
12	EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions?
13	You may be excused.
14	Mr. Stratton, do you have anything further to
15	present?
16	MR. STRATTON: Since Mr. Smith is here, let's
17	call Mr. Smith and see what he has to say.
18	EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Kellahin?
19	MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Smith, have a seat.
20	EXAMINER STOGNER: Let the record show that Mr.
21	Smith has been sworn in.
22	Mr. Kellahin?
23	MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Stratton's witness.
24	MR. STRATTON: My witness, Mr. Examiner.
25	EXAMINER STOGNER: I'm sorry.

1 STEVEN J. SMITH, 2 the witness herein, after having been first duly sworn upon 3 his oath, was examined and testified as follows: DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. STRATTON: 5 Mr. Smith, will you state your name for the 6 7 record, please? 8 My name is Steven James Smith. A. 9 And what is your current occupation? Q. 10 A. I'm a senior landman for Mitchell Energy 11 Corporation. 12 And were you -- You were also senior landman, as 0. we discussed here, back when this application was 13 14 happening; is that not correct? Α. That's correct. 15 16 Q. And you've heard Mr. Murphy's testimony here 17 today; is that correct? 18 Α. I have. 19 Q. And he's testified that in October you all 20 discussed the fact that there were other partners in this 21 leasehold; is that correct? That's correct. 22 Α. 23 Q. Do you agree with that? 24 Α. He mentioned that he had undisclosed partners, 25 that he didn't feel the need to disclose them to me.

- didn't -- as long as he had -- Strata had record title,
 both county and federal, to the lease, and based upon
 assurances the he could negotiate on behalf of all his
 partners, no, I didn't.
 Q. So your position is that record title is what
 - Q. So your position is that record title is what is important as far as who the owners of the leasehold are?
 - A. As far as taking an assignment or -- Yeah, if the person who has record title is -- tantamount to the owner of record, public notice.
 - Q. So if I buy a particular piece of property from someone and I don't record that interest with the county clerk, is it your position that I don't own that property?
- A. It's my position that there's no public ownership of your owner --
- Q. What do you mean --

- A. -- or public record -- or public notice of your ownership.
- Q. Okay, so your position is, there's no public notice. But I do own that property, do I not?
 - A. You have title to it in some color.
- Q. Tell me what you mean by that. What type of color would that be?
- A. Well, you hold a hip -- what they call a dresser-drawer deed.
- 25 Q. I don't -- You're going to have to explain what a

dresser-drawer deed is for me. 1 2 Α. Well, it is a deed that's not of record, that doesn't provide anyone public notice of your ownership. 3 Are there other ways to provide notice of my 4 5 ownership, other than filing it in the real estate records? 6 Α. None that provide actual public notice. 7 What does that mean? 0. Α. That in the normal course of business, a prudent 8 9 buyer must ascertain the ownership from the public records. 0. Your position is that in proceeding with this 10 application, that Mitchell only had to notify record 11 12 interest owners of public record, recorded in the real 13 estate records? Α. 14 15 the capacity to negotiate for and represent their 16

- Along with the assurances by Strata that they had undisclosed partners, which they chose to leave undisclosed until it became convenient for them not to.
- Let me ask you this question, Mr. Smith. Q. represent Strata in this case, as you know; I represent some other Movants who are listed in the motion, and I think you're aware of them. You certainly received a letter about them?
 - Yes, I did. Α.

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Now, what do you have from them that indicates Q. that Strata could represent their interests in a formal

proceeding?

- A. Nothing. I have nothing other than a letter from him claiming that they own something.
- Q. So is it your position, then, for instance, that some other party could come in and say they represent Mitchell, and then you wouldn't have to notify Mitchell in a similar proceeding?
 - A. Well -- Repeat your question, please.
- Q. If I was noticed in a pooling application like this, and I had half an interest in the leasehold, as did Mitchell, and I came in and said, you know, I've talked to Mitchell and they said I can represent them here, so you don't even need to contact them, and they say, Okay, we'll just deal with you, not with Mitchell, is that reasonable?
- A. Depends upon the assurances of the parties involved.
- Q. I assure 100 percent.
 - A. Well --
 - Q. Mitchell told me they can do it, and I'm assuring that I can represent Mitchell. You don't even go to talk to them.
- A. Do you have 100-percent record title, though, the property you're --
 - Q. Let's assume that I do.
- 25 A. If -- Well, if you had 100-percent record title

and you assured me you were in the capacity to represent them and negotiate for them, I would talk to you. I might out of an abundance of caution, before we actually signed any documents transferring title, seek the joinder.

- Q. Did you seek the joinder in this case, in regard to the pooling application that would affect all of these interests, that you're aware of?
- A. Based upon Mr. Murphy's assurances of record that he was representing his undisclosed partners, no.
- Q. You said an abundance of caution in my hypothetical that you would seek the joinder of those parties. Why didn't you do that in this particular case?
 - A. I can't answer that question.
 - Q. Why can't you answer it?
- A. We proceeded through the compulsory pooling proceeding dealing with the record title owner and dealing with -- even though he had put us on notice that he had undisclosed partners, he assured us he had the capacity to represent them. We proceeded through the compulsory pooling proceedings, based upon that.
- Q. So you were on, as you just stated, notice that there were other parties of record -- or not of record --
 - A. We --
 - Q. -- I'm sorry --
- 25 A. He --

-- but other parties that had interest? 1 Q. We were notified early on that he had undisclosed 2 3 parties that he was going to represent. 4 Q. Did you do anything in an attempt, early on when 5 you were notified, to discover the identities? Α. No. 6 7 Q. And why did you not do that? I did not. Because. The answer is because. 8 Α. Are you familiar with the Uhden vs. New Mexico 9 ο. Oil Conservation Commission case? 10 Not in great detail. A. 11 Are you familiar with any case or statute that 12 Q. says when you file an application before this Commission or 13 this Division, that only interests of record need be 14 notified? 15 16 I'm not an attorney --17 MR. KELLAHIN: I'm going to object --THE WITNESS: -- I can't answer that question. 18 19 MR. KELLAHIN: -- I'm going to object to him answering that question. It calls for a legal conclusion 20 21 of this witness. He's a landman and this is a legal 22 question. EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stratton? 23 MR. STRATTON: I'm just asking what his 24 We've certainly been doing that with Mr. 25 understanding is.

I've heard a lot of questions about what his 1 Murphy. 2 understanding of the law is, so I'm just interested in Mr. Smith. I -- You know, the fact is, there wasn't any 3 notification, so I quess that's the important point. 4 it seems like it would be interesting to hear what he has 5 6 to say. 7 EXAMINER STOGNER: I'll allow it in that aspect, 8 Mr. Stratton. 9 Mr. Kellahin? 10 MR. STRATTON: I'm sorry, I didn't --11 EXAMINER STOGNER: I will allow you to ask it in 12 the manner in which you did, what his understanding is. 13 Q. (By Mr. Stratton) Okay. What is your 14 understanding regarding who has to be notified when you 15 file an application? 16 Record title owner. Α. 17 Q. And what do you have -- Can you tell us from 18 whence you derive that understanding, whether it's a 19 statute, a regulation of the Commission? 20 I can't quote a statute. Α. 21 Q. All right. So it's my understanding that you, on 22 behalf of Mitchell, felt no duty to notify these people 23 that you had notice of for Mr. Murphy; is that correct? 24 Α. Based upon his assurances that he represented 25 them, no.

MR. STRATTON: Okay, that's all. 1 2 EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you, Mr. Stratton. I'm 3 sorry, I knew I was going to do that. Mr. Stratton. Mr. Kellahin? 4 5 CROSS-EXAMINATION 6 BY MR. KELLAHIN: 7 Q. Mr. Smith, let me refer you to Mr. Murphy's 8 summary of January 12th and his conversation with you on 9 November 18th of 1992. Do you have a copy of that --10 Yes, I do. Α. 11 -- page 3? Q. 12 A. Yes. 13 0. Did you rely upon -- Is your recollection the 14 same as Mr. Murphy's recollection about this particular 15 conversation --16 A. Very much. 17 -- that in addition to representing he could deal Q. 18 with regards to the interest, he also represented to you on 19 that date that he could proceed to defend their rights at a 20 compulsory-pooling hearing, if one came about? 21 A. Absolutely. 22 So you and he both agree as to that conversation? Q. 23 A. I do. No further questions. 24 MR. KELLAHIN: 25 Mr. Carroll? EXAMINER STOGNER:

I'm sorry, is it my --MR. STRATTON: 1 2 MR. CARROLL: Mr. Stratton. MR. STRATTON: -- turn again or your all's turn? 3 4 MR. CARROLL: Your turn. 5 MR. STRATTON: Okay. Well, I just have one last 6 question. 7 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. STRATTON: 8 Based upon your understanding, Mr. Smith, in an 9 application proceeding like this, who has the duty to 10 11 notify those interest owners? MR. KELLAHIN: I'm going to ask that that not be 12 13 That's why we're here with all these lawyers and all this conversation. That's the ultimate issue here, and 14 15 it's our position that it's Mr. Murphy's responsibility and 16 not ours. 17 MR. CARROLL: We'll let Mr. Smith answer the 18 question. 19 THE WITNESS: Please restate your question. (By Mr. Stratton) I'm asking in an application 20 Q. 21 like this, that Mitchell filed before the Commission, who has the duty to notify the interest owners that would be 22 23 affected? 24 The applicant has the duty to notify record Α. 25 owners.

1 MR. STRATTON: That's all, thank you. 2 **EXAMINER STOGNER:** Mr. Carroll? 3 EXAMINATION BY MR. CARROLL: 4 5 The original January 7th, 1993, hearing, why was Q. 6 that postponed two weeks? To allow you additional time to 7 negotiate? 8 Right, based upon Mr. Murphy's request and out of Α. a desire to resolve the problem, we agreed to delay the 9 10 hearing in an effort to reach agreement. 11 0. Once you received notice of these undisclosed 12 interest owners, why didn't you continue it for another two 13 weeks, so they would get the 20 days' notice? 14 I can't say that I recall a specific reason, 15 other than we felt we were in good standing in our original 16 application, we decided to proceed forward with it. 17 I guess it still troubles me that you received notice of the actual owners finally and not only did not 18 19 postpone the hearing two weeks to give them the 20 days' 20 notice, but then you didn't send them separate notices to 21 elect to participate under the rule. Why didn't you do it 22 after the pooling order? Well, there were -- Well, we had expiring AFEs 23 A. 24 for partners to drill the well, we had leasehold that we were trying to maintain in the area. 25 We had been in

negotiations with Mr. Murphy to proceed forward to get this deal done, and based upon his representations he could act on behalf of his partners, we dealt with him.

- Q. Why do you think Mr. Murphy sent you a list of the owners, then, to notify if you thought he could he could act on their behalf?
- A. My personal feeling is that he was trying to prevent us from being able to get the well drilled before our leases expired.
- Q. So he sent you the list of owners just to delay the proceedings?
 - A. To delay the proceedings.
 - Q. And he sent it at the last moment --
 - A. Basically, that was my -- That's my opinion.
- Q. And when did these documents expire, or these instruments?
 - A. I have -- I don't have the actual AFEs, and I can't recall the exact dates. We had a lease expiring in the proposed proration unit in -- I believe it was September 30th of the year.
 - Q. Of 1993?

A. Yes. And we had -- knowing that we -- well, there -- In looking at all the things that can happen at compulsory-pooling proceedings, you can project out delay after delay after delay, and we decided to move forward

with what we had when we did.

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- Q. So you thought two weeks was critical, and you couldn't delay it another two weeks?
- A. Well, is it just two weeks? I may not be able to recall the exact -- the way time tacks on when you -- provide notice, then they have 30 days to respond or -- I have to admit, I have been away from force pooling for some time. I am no longer working this area.

MR. CARROLL: That's all the questions I have.

EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stratton, any redirect?

FURTHER EXAMINATION

BY MR. STRATTON:

- Q. Just one follow-up question, Mr. Smith. When was the well drilled?
 - A. I can't give you an exact date. I don't know.
 - Q. Was it in May of 1993?
- 17 A. I believe it was.
 - Q. So it was a considerable time after the hearing?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And what delays were you concerned about in light of the two weeks that Mr. Carroll's asking about that would extend that beyond September 30th?
 - A. The fact that you can get a compulsory pooling order that can then also be challenged, you have to go to de novo hearings that then can -- those things add up and

take time that can result in delays, resulting in leases 1 2 expiring, AFEs expiring and such. But you don't disagree that interest owners in 3 Q. the lease should have an opportunity to be heard before the 4 Commission, regardless of that, do you? 5 Well, again, I'll go back to the fact that I was 6 Α. 7 depending upon assurances by Mr. Murphy that he would represent his parties, and then I assumed he put them on 8 notice when he made the assurances to me that he would do 9 10 so. So you, the applicant, Mitchell, was depending 11 0. upon Strata to put the other working interest owners on 12 notice? 13 14 Α. He assured us he would. MR. STRATTON: Okay, that's all. Thank you. 15 EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions? 16 17 FURTHER EXAMINATION 18 BY MR. KELLAHIN: In terms of the sequence of when the well was Q. 19 drilled, do you recall, Mr. Smith, the fact that after the 20 21 order was entered, that Strata filed for a de novo Commission hearing? 22 23 A. Absolutely. 24 Q. Do you remember that? 25 A. Absolutely.

1	Q. And that it was scheduled for a Commission
2	hearing on April 29th, 1993?
3	A. Right.
4	Q. And that shortly before that hearing date, then,
5	Strata abandoned the de novo hearing
6	A. Right.
7	Q and the case was dismissed?
8	A. Right.
9	Q. If you'll look at the locator map, I think maybe
10	you misspoke. It's been a long time since you've touched
11	this thing.
12	A. Yes, it has.
13	Q. If you'll look at the locator map, when you look
14	at the west half of Section 28, the expiring lease that you
15	referred to, I think you said September of 1993, this may
16	indicate a slightly different date.
17	A. Yes, it's October 1st.
18	Q. So that's the lease that you were referring to
19	A. Yes, it is.
20	Q and that's the expiration date?
21	A. That's correct.
22	MR. KELLAHIN: All right, nothing further, Mr.
23	Examiner.
24	EXAMINER STOGNER: Any other questions?
25	MR. STRATTON: No.

1 EXAMINER STOGNER: You may be excused. Mr. Kellahin, again what do you seek at this 2 point? 3 MR. KELLAHIN: A decision on the notice issue, 4 and permission to file a brief in response to Mr. 5 6 Stratton's brief with regards to this matter, and that if 7 you rule in my favor, then that's the end of this at this 8 proceeding. 9 If you rule in favor of Mr. Stratton's moving 10 parties, then he and I are both in agreement that if we're 11 unable to resolve among ourselves what happens with those 12 undisclosed partners in terms of participation in the well, 13 then we'll be back to a hearing before you to talk about 14 what happens. 15 By November of 1995, the well in fact is paid 16 out, and there are some questions about whether the penalty 17 continues do apply and, if so, to whom. If there's 18 subsequent operations on the well, what happens in terms of 19 their elections? And there's a whole set of other problems 20 that occur, based upon the decision made for today. 21 So rather than going forward today with 22 engineering witnesses and talking about what happens if, we 23 thought we would wait for you to decide the "if". 24 Can I just amend my understand- --MR. STRATTON: 25 EXAMINER STOGNER: Mr. Stratton?

1 MR. STRATTON: -- or just note my understanding? 2 I'm not sure my understanding goes that far. 3 Today we're here to decide whether to reopen. 4 It's a notice issue, whether to reopen. We need a decision on that, and then I think we decide what to do after that. 5 6 I mean, then we either proceed the way Mr. Kellahin has 7 indicated, there's possible appeals, whatever the case may 8 But I think we just have to take it one step at a 9 We're certainly not here to talk about engineering or to redo the case today. 10 11 (Off the record) MR. STRATTON: And Mr. Examiner, may I make just 12 13 a couple of brief closing comments about the evidence 14 today, or do you prefer to wait to see my reply brief? 15 EXAMINER STOGNER: At this time, I think we need to obtain from Mr. Kellahin his documentation. 16 MR. KELLAHIN: A brief. 17 18 EXAMINER STOGNER: The brief, and then allow the 19 ten days additional for your comments at that point. MR. CARROLL: What's the order, now? 20 21 subsequent stipulation is going to be submitted within ten 22 days? MR. STRATTON: Yeah, I guess affidavits that 23 would indicate when our clients, the Movants, became aware 24

25

of -- what, the proceedings?

MR. KELLAHIN: Well, there was a number of 1 components: when they became aware of the well proposal, 2 when they became aware of the force-pooling application, 3 when they became aware of the pooling order itself. 4 MR. CARROLL: And these are just the named 5 6 Movants, not the Arrowhead and Warren? They won't be 7 included, I guess? I don't know anything about them. 8 MR. STRATTON: I'm here representing who's in the motion, so --9 10 MR. KELLAHIN: So I guess we'll leave those off the list, because they're apparently not Movants in this 11 proceeding, and it's as to those parties who Mr. Stratton 12 13 has access to that have already executed. 14 MR. CARROLL: I guess I'd just be curious to see 15 whether they had actual notice, even though they're not part of the action right here. But if you can't get --16 17 MR. STRATTON: I don't plan to get affidavits 18 from them because they're not Movants, I don't think it's 19 relevant, so... 20 MR. CARROLL: Well, I think it's relevant even 21 though they're not Movants. If they had notice and the 22 others didn't, I'd wonder why. 23 MR. STRATTON: You know, at the risk of -- I'm 24 not trying to be argumentative, but our position clearly is 25 -- and if you read the United States Supreme Court cases,

is, you can't just have casual notice of a hearing. I mean, you can't have somebody walk off the street and say, Hey, a Commission hearing is going on up there and it's affecting your interest, you'd better see what the deal is. And Uhden says you get personal service of notice.

So our position is, all of that information is irrelevant. We're willing to provide it to Mr. Kellahin in this case, because he's been kind enough and reasonable enough to agree to stipulate to those affidavits.

But I want to make clear, we're not doing it because we think that solves the problem of our clients not being notified either by Strata or by Mitchell. To us, we don't -- it doesn't make any difference who didn't notify us. The fact is, we didn't get notified, or by the Commission.

So I just want to make it clear that because we're getting these affidavits doesn't mean that we think that's relevant information, but we're doing it as an accommodation.

MR. CARROLL: Well, I beg to differ. I did a little, very little, legal research before this case, and at least in Oklahoma, where interest owners received actual notice, although not statutory or rule notice, they were barred from asserting their claim later to come back into a well that was compulsory pooled. So I do believe it's

relevant when they receive notice of the hearing, even 1 though they might not have received a 20-day statutory 2 3 notice. MR. STRATTON: Well, once again, I don't want to 4 be argumentative, but I'll refer you to the law of the 5 United States Supreme Court on that issue, which we've 6 7 cited in our brief, which I'm sure you've had an opportunity to look at as well. But as early as 1915, the 8 9 U.S. Supreme Court has ruled that that is not sufficient notice to --10 MR. CARROLL: Well, let's hold this for the 11 12 brief. We don't have to argue this right now. MR. STRATTON: Okay, well, I was responding to 13 14 your comments. EXAMINER STOGNER: So at this time we're going to 15 obtain affidavits. And, yes, I agree with Mr. Carroll in 16 this instance of affidavits for Mr. -- or from Arrowhead 17 and -- Who was the other party? 18 MR. CARROLL: Warren. 19 EXAMINER STOGNER: Warren, is important in this 20 instance. 21 MR. STRATTON: We will attempt to get those. 22 They're not our client, but we'll attempt to get those 23 affidavits as well, to complete the record, if that's what 24 25 you'd like.

1	EXAMINER STOGNER: I'd like that, and I think
2	that would be very cooperative and also
3	MR. CAVIN: Let me just say, some of these
4	parties are scattered out as far as Canada. So ten days,
5	we'll do the best We can get most of them, but it may
6	not be possible to get them all in ten days.
7	EXAMINER STOGNER: If additional time is needed
8	in the interim, contact Mr. Kellahin and then come back in
9	and request it. I believe we can probably accommodate
10	that. But I'll leave it to Mr. Kellahin's
11	MR. KELLAHIN: We'll do our very best to make
12	this work smoothly, Mr. Examiner.
13	EXAMINER STOGNER: I would appreciate that.
14	Okay, and I believe we stand adjourned on this
15	particular issue at point.
16	Thank you.
17	MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir. Thank you.
18	EXAMINER STOGNER: Thank you.
19	(Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at
20	4:58 p.m.)
21	I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a complete record of the proceedings in
22	the Exar iner hearing of Case No heard by me on19
23	, Examiner
24	Oil Conservation Division
25	

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Division was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL May 9th, 1996.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 1998

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

CASE NOS. 11,510, 11,515 AND 11,579 (CONTINUED AND DISMISSED CASES)

CASE NOS. 11,596, 11,514, 11,507, 11,508 AND 11,509
(CASES AWAITING FINAL COMMISSION ACTION
NO EVIDENCE OR TESTIMONY TAKEN)

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

BEFORE: WILLIAM J. LEMAY, CHAIRMAN
WILLIAM WEISS, COMMISSIONER
JAMI BAILEY, COMMISSIONER

December 12th, 1996 Santa Fe, New Mexico

These matters came on for hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission, WILLIAM J. LEMAY, Chairman, on Thursday, December 12th, 1996, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

* * *

WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at 1 9:06 a.m.: 2 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Good morning, the Oil 3 Conservation Commission, December 12th, 1996. The three 4 Commissioners are: Bill Weiss to my left; Commissioner, and 5 6 Director, Jami Bailey to my right -- promotion -- and 7 myself, Bill LeMay. We'll start by calling Case Number 11,510, which 8 9 is the Application of Branko, et al., to reopen Case Number 10,656. I understand without objection this case will be 10 continued to the January 16th docket. 11 And call Case Number 11,515, which is a de novo 12 13 case called by the Division to permit Woosley, Great American Insurance Company and other parties to show cause 14 15 why a well should not be plugged. That's to be continued 16 to February 13th. 17 And then we'll call Case 11,579, Application of Pogo Producing Company for a pressure maintenance project, 18 Lea County, New Mexico. Without objection, that case will 19 be continued to the January 16th hearing. 20 Before we get into the case -- Let's see. 21 have the minutes of the previous meeting, and is it your 22 intention to approve the minutes, fellow Commissioners? 23 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Yes, it is. 24 COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yes, it is. 25

1 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you. Let the record show 2 the minutes are approved. 3 And also we have a number of cases here which 4 final action will be taken on with your approval, fellow Commissioners. 5 Case Number 11,596, which is the order 6 7 authorizing telephone conferences by Commissioners. Is it you approval to take final action on that? 8 9 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Yes, it is. 10 COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yes, it is. 11 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: And Case Number 11,514, which is the order relating to the Read and Stevens unorthodox 12 location, Chaves County, New Mexico, is it your intention 13 to take final action on this? 14 Commissioner Weiss? 15 COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yes, it is. 16 17 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Bailey? COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Yes, it is. 18 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you. 19 20 And Case Number 11,507, which is a plugging case. Is it your intention to take final action on this case, 21 Commissioner Weiss? 22 23 COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yes, it is. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Bailey? 24 25 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Yes, it is.

1	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: And Case Number 11,508 and
2	11,509, which are likewise plugging cases. Is it your
3	intention to take final action on this, Commissioner Weiss,
4	these cases?
5	COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yes, it is.
6	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Bailey?
7	COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Yes, it is.
8	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Let the record show that final
9	action will be taken on all five of those cases.
10	(Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at
11	9:08 a.m.)
12	* * *
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Commission was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL December 12th, 1996.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 1998

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

IAN

IN THE MATTER OF THE HEARING CALLED BY THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONSIDERING:

CASE NO. 11,510

APPLICATION OF BRANKO, INC., et al., TO REOPEN CASE NO. 10,656 (ORDER NO. R-9845) LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

COMMISSION HEARING

BEFORE: WILLIAM J. LEMAY, CHAIRMAN
WILLIAM WEISS, COMMISSIONER
JAMI BAILEY, COMMISSIONER

January 16th, 1997

Santa Fe, New Mexico

This matter came on for hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission, WILLIAM J. LEMAY, Chairman, on Thursday, January 16th, 1997, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

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By: W. THOMAS KELLAHIN

* * *

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WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at
 1
 2
     3:10 p.m.:
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, we shall reconvene, and
 3
     call Case Number 11,510, which is the Application of
 4
     Branko, Inc., et al., to reopen Case Number 10,656, Lea
 5
 6
     County, New Mexico.
 7
               Appearances in Case 11,510?
 8
               MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman, Hal Stratton for
     Branko, et al.
 9
10
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Stratton.
               MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Chairman, I'm Tom Kellahin of
11
     the Santa Fe law firm of Kellahin and Kellahin, appearing
12
     on behalf of Mitchell Energy Corporation.
13
               MR. CARROLL: May it please the Commission, Rand
14
     Carroll on behalf of the Oil Conservation Division.
15
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Carroll.
16
               How many witnesses will you be presenting or -- I
17
     understood there will be no witnesses?
18
               MR. KELLAHIN: We have a surprise for you.
19
20
     are no witnesses.
21
               MR. STRATTON: And no testimony.
22
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: And no testimony.
2.3
               MR. STRATTON: And no argument, if you desire,
24
    Mr. Chairman.
25
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY:
                                I don't know why we're here,
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1
     gentlemen. We should be --
               Mr. Chairman, if I might, I guess this is a de
 2
     novo hearing, so I suppose -- I don't know who you intend
 3
     to go first.
 4
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Well, generally the Applicant;
 5
     isn't that true?
 6
               MR. KELLAHIN: I'm the one stuck as the
 7
 8
     appellant, Mr. Chairman --
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Uh-huh.
 9
               MR. KELLAHIN: -- and, you know, I'll defer to
10
     Mr. Stratton if he would like to go first. I'm happy to go
11
     first.
12
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: You can work that out,
13
     gentlemen, but we don't care as a Commission.
14
               MR. STRATTON: Why don't I go first, Mr.
15
16
     Chairman, since --
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, that would be fine.
17
               MR. STRATTON: -- it's our de novo and it's
18
19
     technically our motion to reopen?
               What we've done is, we have agreed and stipulated
20
     that we would introduce exhibits and testimony from the
21
     previous two hearings in this case.
22
               And the first thing -- and I think Ms. Hebert may
23
24
     -- Do you have these now?
               MS. HEBERT: We do have them.
25
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MR. STRATTON: Okay. Can we use the originals 1 for the record, or do want us to sub- -- I've got others 2 3 here that we can use, but --4 MS. HEBERT: No, I think we can just incorporate the hearing below. We have the record here. 5 MR. STRATTON: Okay. Well, let me -- What I'd 6 7 like to do just for purposes of the record is to make clear what I understand is in the record. And Mr. Kellahin, I'm 8 9 sure, will want to do that as well. First of all, there's the January 21st, 1993, 10 hearing transcript on the Mitchell application. 11 12 Then there's Strata's Exhibits 1 through 7 to that particular hearing. 13 Next, the transcript of the testimony for the May 14 15 2nd, 1996, hearing. That was our motion to reopen. And then we have actually 44 exhibits from that 16 17 particular hearing that we would like to submit, as well as 18 one additional letter, which would be Exhibit 45, which we've stipulated to, for the record. And what we've agreed 19 to do here today, Mr. Chairman, is to submit all of this on 20 the record. 21 Just so the Commission will know, the Exhibits 1 22 through 16 are affidavits from our clients -- from my 23 clients, indicating what they would testify about their 24 interest in the property in this case. And we are 25

stipulating that that would be their testimony. We're not stipulating that, certainly, the Commission is bound by their conclusions. It's to what they own as -- that that's what they would testify to if they were here today, and there are no hearsay exceptions to that testimony.

And so those for the witnesses. We'd be traipsing in 16 witnesses here today if we didn't do that. So we've limited down their testimony to what's in the exhibits, and I believe -- It's what I think is relevant and what I want the Commission to have in regard to their testimony.

And also, just while I'm talking about affidavits, at the end of the last hearing, the hearing officer asked that we submit more exhibits from those individuals regarding when they knew about the previous Mitchell hearing and when they knew about Mitchell's Tomahawk well. And although that's not something I would have submitted, I did it in deference to the hearing officer, because he thought it was relevant, and I don't think it's relevant, but we submitted them and they're into evidence.

So I guess I'd like to formally move the admission of all those, and -- with the one other, which would be Exhibit 45 here.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: For the benefit of my fellow

Commissioners, did you want to sum up the case in any way 1 or form? 2 MR. STRATTON: Sure. 3 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Is that going to be a 4 presentation on your part? 5 MR. STRATTON: That's what I'm going to --6 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Yeah, okay, that's fine. I 7 don't think Commissioner Weiss or Commissioner Bailey are 8 familiar with the case in any form or fashion. 9 COMMISSIONER WEISS: I have no idea. 10 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Yeah. 11 MR. STRATTON: Well, I came here expecting no one 12 13 would be familiar with the case, but since we are on the record, should there be an appeal, I wanted to make sure 14 that all the evidentiary matters were taken care of, since 15 we don't have any witnesses or exhibits, Mr. Chairman. 16 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Right. 17 MR. STRATTON: Unless -- I think Mr. Kellahin 18 should --19 MR. KELLAHIN: I need to ask Mr. Stratton a 20 question. 21 (Off the record) 22 MR. KELLAHIN: A procedural matter, Mr. Chairman, 23 to complete the submittal formally of the exhibits. 24 It is our intention by what Mr. Stratton just 25

requested, is that the transcript of the original forcepooling hearing, back in 1993, which includes all the
Mitchell exhibits -- and they're identified in the
transcript -- all of those that are identified in the
transcript would be included before the Commission.

In addition, in the hearing on May 2nd of 1996, there was a package of correspondence, was marked as Mitchell Exhibit 1. We want that entire transcript and exhibits before you.

In addition, Mr. Stratton is correct, there were some supplemental affidavits that Examiner Stogner requested. There was some difference among counsel about what was to be contained in those affidavits, but they were submitted, and I believe they should be -- form part of the record.

In addition, there was an exchange of letters between Mr. Cavin and I. Mr. Stratton has introduced one of the letters.

And the last exhibit, then, would be my Mitchell Exhibit 2 to Case 11,510, which was my response to Mr.

Cavin. I don't think it's particularly important for discussion this afternoon, but that document would complete our presentation of evidence.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Will there be an opportunity anywhere here for questions of you gentlemen, or is that

just not --

MR. KELLAHIN: When we talk about how to organize this, I would be most delighted if I could attempt to answer questions as you had them.

Both of us have filed memorandums of law and arguments. If those copies are not available to you, I have additional copies for you to consider.

We have attempted to organize ourselves on both sides of this, so that we could give you the facts in a summary fashion. They're all detailed at great length in my memorandum, and my support for my position is included in that document. And if you would like, I have more copies of that.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Let me ask something here, just off the record.

(Off the record)

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Because of the unusual nature of this case -- I have to admit, I have not had a *de novo* case presented where there have been no witnesses and just summaries by the attorneys. It's helpful for us to be able to ask you questions.

And also, one of my Commissioners would like, as just an opening, to each one of you, for one sentence, tell him what this is all about. And then from there you can -- you kind of go into it. Because right now, they have no

idea what's going on.

MR. KELLAHIN: Well, perhaps -- May I suggest that Mr. Stratton go first with maybe a five-minute summary of the major points, and I'll take five minutes and try to give you a framework of really what this dispute is about, and then we can go in more detail as you begin to become familiar with what we --?

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: I think that would be helpful.

I mean, yeah, before we even get into any of this, they
can't see the significance of it until they know what this
is about.

So if you would do that, Mr. Stratton, we'd appreciate it.

MR. STRATTON: Your Honor, I'm not sure my presentation is much longer than that, so I think it will take me about two sentences to make things clear.

I might add that a first for me is also having the judge ask me if he can ask me questions. I wasn't quite sure how to respond to that. I thought about saying now, but obviously, you can ask us questions, and certainly I would hope that you would ask questions to clarify this, because this is — it is unusual. You're not seeing the witnesses, you don't have the testimony, I know you haven't had time to read it.

And so we're -- so we sort of have a duty, I

think, I to try to get you up to speed on this.

What this case is about is, we represent a number of 16 working interest and overriding royalty interest owners in a particular piece of property that Mitchell filed an application to pool, that were not given notice of the hearing and did not appear at the hearing and did not receive any notice of the order that was entered pursuant to that hearing.

So once they learned of that, they came and filed an application to reopen and say, due process has not been afforded us, the order is void as to us, and you need to reopen the case and have the matter heard with our interests before the Commission.

So that's -- in a couple of sentences, is what the whole case is about.

But the facts that we think are relevant began back on October 26th of 1992 when Steve Smith, a landman for Mitchell, called Mark Murphy, the president of Strata, and started talking about drilling this Tomahawk Well and tried to negotiate a deal.

Strata had some of the working interests, and when we looked at the real estate records, it appeared they had 25 percent of the working interest.

At that time, Mr. Murphy advised Mr. Smith that he would consider it, that there were other people who had

interests in the property, and he was going to talk to him, and that they would proceed to consider this.

There then were a number of telephone calls during this period as they negotiated this well. There were a number of pieces of correspondence that were passed back and forth, and we -- they're in the record, and they're in our briefs.

On December 9th, Mr. Murphy sent a letter,
Exhibit 19, that talked about the negotiations that were involved.

The important issues, when it comes to these exhibits, from my client's standpoint, is whether Mitchell or their representatives knew about or had reason to know about or could have determined by due diligence whether their interests were -- whether they had interests in the property.

And we allege, and if you'll look at the record and testimony and also these exhibits, Exhibits 19, 20, 21 and 23, all of them had references to other individuals who had ownership in this particular piece of property, giving that to Mr. Smith.

It appeared that things weren't going well, so I think it was about December 8th, an application was filed for pooling, and an unconventional -- or an unorthodox site, or whatever you guys call it, as well.

Negotiations continued, and it continued, and then it appears that like on about January 12th -- actually January 13th, I guess, things broke down between the parties. And Mr. Smith from Mitchell said, Well now, who are these other interest owners that you have?

And then on the 13th, Mr. Murphy faxed to Mr. Smith Exhibit 24. And Exhibit 24 is a letter which lists each and every interest owner, their address, and their percentage of interest in the leasehold. And there's no dispute about that, Mr. Smith's got it, he was aware of it.

Now, the hearing on the Application was scheduled for January 21st. And so rather than continuing the hearing or rather than providing notice to the interest owners, they went ahead and had the hearing, and the pooling order was entered, and -- I think on February the 15th.

That order, then, was never sent to these working interest owners and overriding royalty interest owners.

And then finally the Tomahawk well was drilled on May 18th, 1993. And just for purposes of just a little preview down the line as to what the arguments may be and what really happened, the leases -- or the ability to drill the well under the leases, I understand, expired -- would have expired on October 31st.

So the issue is whether under due process of law,

the US Constitution and the New Mexico Constitution our clients got the requisite notice and opportunity to be heard at this particular hearing. Of course, we allege they didn't; we wouldn't be here if we did.

Now, sometimes in New Mexico law we have problems finding authority for things. Sometimes you have to look at a lot of different cases and in a lot of different places for authority. But in this particular case we're lucky, because we have one case that controls everything here. We have a lot of interesting US Supreme Court cases in the briefs. If you don't have anything else to do, they're interesting reading. They go back to notice issues, to 1915.

But it's all contained in Uhden vs. New Mexico
Oil Conservation Commission.

And the operative language -- There are two things I want to pass along to the Commission that are important in *Uhden*.

One is -- and it's hard to really believe they have to say this, but they say it and it's important -- Administrative proceedings must conform to fundamental principles of justice and the requirements of due process of law.

It seems odd, and I know this Commission finds it odd that they would have to say that. But when you look

across the breadth of administrative hearings, sometimes as an individual representing people before those, you wonder whether the administrative agencies really believe that.

So the New Mexico courts continue to tell us that you have the same due process rights when somebody's getting ready to deprive you of your property, when you come before an administrative agency as you do, before the courts in New Mexico.

And then they give us a paragraph here which is tremendous, and I hadn't read it before this particular case, but this says it all right here, and this can be used throughout New Mexico by administrative agencies, by courts or anybody else and throughout the country, for what the standard and what the rule is when it comes to due process and notice. And it's on page 531, and I just want to read it to you. It's very brief.

If a party's identity and whereabouts are known or could be ascertained through due diligence, the due-process clause of the New Mexico and United States Constitutions requires the party who filed the spacing application --

-- this happened to be a spacing application in this

25 | case --

-- to provide notice of the pending proceeding by personal service to such parties whose property rights my be affected as a result.

That's the rule. It works in any forum in New Mexico, and I'm just briefly going to apply that to this particular fact situation, using the *Uhden* language.

First of all, the question who do you have to notify?

You have to notify those individuals in the property, who you know, or who you can ascertain through due diligence. They don't have to be recorded; there's no issue about that. Some people think that -- there's a lot of people that think that you have to have any interest in real estate recorded. That's not the case. The issue is knowledge, the issue is whether you know about that particular interest.

If I have a next-door neighbor who doesn't have his deed recorded but I know he lives there and I'm getting ready to do a foreclosure case or a quiet-title case, even though his interest is not recorded, since he lives there I know he has a claim to that property. I have to put him in the lawsuit. If I don't, then that lawsuit does not apply to him. Just like the Mitchell application hearing doesn't apply to our clients, that doesn't apply to him.

So it's not a question of recording. And that was one of the big arguments in the case. It's not in the most recent brief, but that was an argument down below, is that these interests weren't recorded, therefore, they're no good. That's not the case.

Uhden says, If a party's identity and whereabouts are known or could be ascertained through due diligence...

Here, Mr. Smith of Mitchell, on October 26th, 1992, was put on notice that there were other interests in this property that was going to be pooled, and he did nothing. At that time, under Uhden, he had a duty to ascertain those interests using due diligence. He could have done it then. He didn't, he didn't do it. There were more telephone calls, as I indicated, throughout the fall where they talked about these interests. There are exhibits that were exchanged where these interests are mentioned, and he still didn't do it.

And then finally, on January 13th, he was sent a letter where he didn't have to look anywhere for these interests. He had their names, telephone numbers, and the extent of the interests. And he still -- Still, no notice was given.

Now, there's been another issue here which really, when I conclude here, isn't that important, but I want to talk about it because it's going to be talked

about, and that is, who had the duty to give the notice?

There's been a lot of allegations, a lot of argument in this case, down below, that Strata had the duty to give notice, or that our clients had the duty to come talk to somebody and obtain notice themselves, or somebody other than Mitchell was supposed to give notice. Well, that's just not what the law says. Uhden says that the party who filed the spacing application must give notice. Your Rule 1207 says that the applicant has to give notice. And Mr. Smith, when he testified in our hearing here, from which this appeal emanates, said that it was the applicant who is supposed to give notice.

So one of the ruses that's been used so far is that, well, Strata knew about this; they should have told all these people about this hearing, and then they would have had proper notice. They didn't have a duty to do it, it wasn't them who were supposed to do it.

But more importantly, the real point is, it doesn't matter to our clients who was supposed to give notice, because they don't care, they need the notice. And if this Commission doesn't have -- If they are not served by somebody -- it doesn't matter who it is, but if they're not served by somebody, this Commission doesn't have jurisdiction over their property rights.

So it really doesn't matter who was supposed to

give notice to us. We weren't given notice. And it's clear the applicant is supposed to give notice. You all know that. You sit through these cases all the time, so you know who gives the notice in these particular cases.

The next issue -- this maybe isn't an issue here; it's just slightly an issue -- is, what type of notice do you have to give? What type of notice does the Commission have to give?

Well, you can't do it by publication. I mean, you know that because you've had *Uhden*. *Uhden* -- The New Mexico Supreme Court has told you in *Uhden* that you can't use publication for notice when it comes to due-process rights and protective property interests.

Most places in the country -- and this has been approved by the United States Supreme Court -- will allow notice by mail. But I'm afraid that in New Mexico, due to Uhden, mail isn't even good enough. Uhden says that to provide notice, the Commission, in a Commission proceeding, must be by personal service to the parties.

And I've had people in the industry say, Personal service? Oh my gosh. There's hundreds, there's thousands of interests. Or, There's a whole lot of interests in these cases.

Well, there might be, and it might be burdensome.

But that's what the New Mexico Supreme Court says has to be

done. And it seems rather -- it does seem harsh but, you know, that is the rule, as you're well aware, in the court system. If you're going to serve somebody in New Mexico, you can't mail it to them, you can't call them on the phone, you can't publish it in the newspaper. You have to give them personal service. And the New Mexico Supreme Court now says the Commission now has to give personal service.

Here, you know, it doesn't matter. No service was given whatsoever. There's no allegation that any service was given, whether it was by mail or personal or whatever. There was publication, I think, although I don't know that. But publication certainly doesn't work.

And then finally -- I mean, the only issue that really remains at this point is, then, well, what type of people do you have to give it to? And you have to give it to people who have interests in the property.

And in this particular piece of property, all 16 of our clients had interest, which they all acquired in 1989, which was three years — three years before the application. And they are working interest owners. We have, I think — 14 are working interest owners and I think two are overriding royalty interest owners. That's in the affidavits.

But what type of interest it is, it really

doesn't matter, as long as it's an interest that is protected, it's a property right. And when I say "property", I don't necessarily mean real property; it's a property right.

So that's what happened in this case, and that's why we're here today, is because we didn't get notice of that previous hearing. We're entitled to it, and we're here asking the Commission -- We asked the Division to reopen the case, which they did, and we're asking the Commission at a de novo hearing now to reopen the case.

Now, what is the effect of not giving notice?

That question always arises when it comes to notice cases.

People say, Well, maybe we would have gone back and -
Well, let's go back and we'll do the same thing. Or, Let's

-- We would have done the same thing anyway, even if they

had been here. Or something like that.

Doesn't work, because the order is not effective.

It's totally ineffective.

The words that Uhden used -- We're back to Uhden again, which is the case that has everything in it. Uhden found that the orders entered by the Commission without notice to Ms. Uhden are hereby void as to Uhden.

"Void" means as if it had never happened, when it comes to these particular individuals. It's not voidable.

You hear "voidable" and "void". "Voidable" means unless

somebody does something to void it, it's still okay.

"Void" means void from its inception, as if it never happened; the order is ineffective to the people who were

not given notice. And that's clearly the case.

And the United States Supreme Court has also defined it as -- "void" as being that, and meaning that you have to come back and start all over.

So that's the issue.

And I just want to point out a couple of things, and I'm finished here today, with the exhibits and everything you have, certainly with my opening. But I'm, once again, certainly happy to open or answer questions.

There were -- I'm not quite going to try to quantify it, but there were many things that could have happened in this case, short of personal service or anything else, that would avoid us being here today. There are plenty of opportunities to avoid this.

I mean, first of all, on October 26th, Mr. Smith could have gone out and done the right thing. I mean, he could have gone out, ascertained the interests and then provided notice when a hearing came up, or any time after that.

The same thing could have been done on January

13th. You know, it's my understanding that if that hearing
had been delayed, it would have been a two-week delay. The

well wasn't drilled until May, and the well didn't have to be drilled until October. So it seemed like a very small thing to -- in order to get the right people before the Commission, to delay the hearing.

Next, and this wouldn't have been

Constitutionally firm, but practically we wouldn't be here

if after the order was entered it had been sent to these

individuals. But even on February 15th, the order didn't

get sent. Does that cure the Constitutional infirmity of

the hearing? No. Would that have practically taken care

of things? Very well -- Very well might have.

And Mr. Smith, in our last hearing, testified as to the real reason this doesn't happen, and he actually testified to it, and I think he was honest about it. He said they didn't want to be delayed in doing this, that stopping and waiting two weeks and providing notice to all these people — they just didn't want to be delayed by it.

And I think it's just slightly more -- I think not only did they not want to be delayed, they didn't want to have to deal with my clients who had these interests.

And I think he believed that that was a good enough reason to do this.

But I can tell you, when it gets to the New
Mexico Supreme Court, they're not going to agree with that.
They're not going to say, Well, because it inconvenienced

you we're not going to afford these people these dueprocess rights.

Those of us who engage in litigation in

Constitutional cases and all types of litigation do

everything we can to get everybody we can, in front of the

court, so we can get them bound. I mean, we serve people

we shouldn't even serve.

Here, it appears to me that it's just the opposite, that the idea is, if an applicant comes in and they can get away with not serving people and slip things through, that that's the way to do it.

That doesn't work in the court system. And I can predict for you that when this gets to the court system, the court is going to look at it and use its standards and say, My goodness, you knew about all these people and you didn't notify them? What are you thinking about? Get in there and notify them and get it over with, just as the case in Uhden.

So Mr. Chairman, that's my presentation. I'm happy to answer any questions.

I've got two briefs in -- before the Division,
and what I'd like to do is leave those with you. Mr.
Kellahin has filed another brief with the Commission. I
think everything is covered, so I wouldn't intend to reply
to that, but I would like to just leave you the briefs that

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1 I did before the Division. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, it still may be helpful if 2 we hear Mr. Kellahin's presentation, and then we could ask 3 some questions of either one. 4 5 COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yeah, yeah. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Is that okay? 6 7 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Fine. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Mr. Kellahin? 8 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 9 The brief I've handed out, filed earlier is the 10 11 one in the -- it's got a plastic cover sheet and it's got a 12 spiral on it, and it should be on top of that stack in 13 front of you, Mr. Chairman, there's a case file. Farther ahead, towards me, sir. Yes, sir. 14 15 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay. MR. KELLAHIN: Let me describe for you how it's 16 17 organized. In the back end I've attempted to separate by a 18 19 blue tab -- and I may have missed it in some of the booklets, but there will be an Exhibit A which represents 20 Examiner Stogner's order in 1993 on the Mitchell force-21 pooling application. So you'll have that to look at. 22 The next order that's in the book is marked 23 Exhibit B, and that's Mr. Stogner's decision from the May, 24 25 1996, hearing which was issued on October 2nd of 1996.

The brief is organized so that commencing on page 6, there is the start of numbered paragraphs, which are numbered 1 through 33. And I've attempted to outline for you in detail the chronology of the specific events.

Ahead of the factual summary is about five pages in which I have cited to the transcript, and I have written in paragraph 4 the basic argument of our position and why we disagree with Branko's position.

And then after that I have subdivided the memorandum to deal with the specific topics that have been discussed, and this is my effort to consolidate, revise, analyze and provide footnotes for you so that this document, if read by itself independent of anything else, would represent Mitchell's position.

The fundamental issue that you have before you is the question of when the Strata partners acquired a property interest that needs to be protected. We contend that unfortunately for Strata and Mr. Murphy and all his partners, that that interest did not arise until November 6th of 1995, some 32 months after Strata was force-pooled. How could that be? Well, let me tell you how.

In 1992, when Mitchell is beginning to propose the well, Mr. Steve Smith commences discussion with Mark Murphy of Strata, and Mr. Murphy tells Mr. Smith that he is dealing for and on behalf of a bunch of partners. He

characterizes them as long-term investors.

In October of 1992, Mr. Smith has conducted a title search of the county records, and he has determined that the federal lease for which he's attempting to get Strata's cooperation and support is a federal lease held by Strata.

Strata has the record title, they have the operating rights, they have the entire 25 percent of what turns out to be a 320-acre spacing unit. Mr. Smith has consolidated all the rest of the interest, and this is the outstanding interest remaining. He has gotten Santa Fe Energy and Maralo and others to buy into it.

So he's got 75 percent of the interest in the spacing unit, and he's going out and looking for the balance. And he makes a contact with Mr. Murphy who, of record through Strata, has the remaining 25 percent.

So from October 26th of 1992 to January 23rd of 1993, Mr. Murphy is characterizing these people as his partners and his long-time investors.

Prior to January 13th -- and that's a significant date because it's just a week before the hearing -- January 13th, 1993, Mr. Murphy has told Strata that he's got partners, long-time investors, but he doesn't disclose that they, in fact, own an interest, that -- doesn't disclose their identity, who they are, what percentage they have or

how to contact them.

In November of 1992, Mr. Murphy tells Smith that Strata will defend itself and all its partners during a proceeding, including force-pooling. And there's numerous phone calls, and there's lots of correspondence back and forth.

Finally, on November 20th, 1992, Mitchell formally proposes the Tomahawk well to Strata and to Murphy.

On December 7th, Mitchell files its compulsory pooling application, which is set for hearing on January 7th. It later gets delayed.

But on December 9th, 1992, in accordance with how we practice the notifications, Strata is served and signs the green card, receiving notice of the hearing and a copy of the compulsory pooling application.

Even after that date, Mr. Murphy continues to deal on behalf of his partners and on behalf of Strata to sell or farm out the interest to Mitchell.

In fact, you'll find in the transcript, and we've cited the document, on December 30th, 1992, Mark Murphy has signed a letter, and he communicates it to Mitchell, and he talks about his undisclosed owners. He even characterizes them as undisclosed owners. And he says, Strata hereby represents and warrants unto Mitchell that it has the

power, the right and authority to sell 100 percent of the subject lease for benefit of the undisclosed owners.

Mr. Mitchell -- I'm sorry, Mr. Smith, on behalf of Mitchell, attempts to accept the proposal from Strata.

There's a difference between Smith and Mitchell about what the deal is, and it finally falls apart.

And so the afternoon before the hearing, 30 days after Strata has been served, then we receive notification that Mr. Cavin is going to enter his appearance for Strata, and we continue the case.

The case is continued. And then in January, on the 12th of January, 1993, Strata sends Mitchell this list of partners. The problem is that Mr. Murphy doesn't sign and deliver the assignments until November 7th of 1995. Thirty-one months later, he delivers the assignments, puts them of record, and writes them a letter to the effect, Dear partners, it's come to my knowledge that Mitchell's Tomahawk well has now paid out, and you might have a claim against them to recover your proportionate share of the risk-factor penalty.

Mr. Murphy, after the pooling order was issued, wrote Mitchell and said, I'm going to communicate all this stuff to my partners. And then apparently he doesn't do it, because he waits and it doesn't happen.

In fact, February 24th, 1993, Murphy advises

Mitchell, It is my -- Mr. Murphy's -- intention to discuss Mitchell's proposal with the other lease owners, and it goes on and on.

So here's the problem. The fundamental issue is to decide -- someone decide, maybe not us, but eventually we have to decide for force-pooling cases, and in this case, when do the undisclosed Strata partners have a property interest that needs to be protected?

Mexico law it says all assignments and other instruments of transfer are supposed to be recorded. And it says, No assignment or other instrument affecting the title -- in this one we're talking about royalties, but there's an applicable provision with regards to interest -- it says, Such royalties not recorded are herein provided shall -- no assignment shall affect record unless they're of record or without knowledge of the existence of such unrecorded instrument.

Mr. Stratton wants to charge Mitchell with notice of a document before it's even executed, much less recorded, and the question is, how is Mitchell supposed to know this unrecorded instrument exists until the instrument is executed and recorded?

Branko maintains that simply by telling somebody you've got partners and investors should trigger an

obligation on Mitchell's part to go out and look for all these people. And yet when you look, you can't find them of public record.

And therein lies the dilemma, I think, for all of us that do this kind of work, is that after a party is served with a compulsory pooling application, that service taking place on December 9th, 1992, thereafter, the following month and the next year, Mr. Murphy discloses a list of what he says is his partners.

And the issue is whether or not that should cause Mitchell to engage in anything else. We believe the law of New Mexico requires us to do nothing else, that having found and determined and served the parties at the time those interests were known and of record to everyone else, is the time you fix for notification.

The Division has agreed with us on that issue.

They have characterized this in one of the orders as a cutoff date for notification.

You may investigate and examine that decision, but I'm in agreement with what the Division did with regards to notice -- notice of hearings for the cutoff date, and that's the notice you're served for hearing.

What has occurred is that after the force-pooling order was issued, Mitchell made the choice to provide the election to the parties post-order to Strata. And you can

look at Mr. Stogner's first order, and he goes on at incredible length, talking about this issue.

We spent a lot of time back in 1993 with Mr.

Cavin and Mr. Murphy, talking about their desire to

continue the case, so that Mitchell would be required to

provide notice to all these interest owners. It was

debated, discussed and decided. Their motion to continue

was denied and we went forward.

The order was entered. Subsequent to the order, Strata was notified. We did not choose to chase after all the rest of these 15 investors. It's our position that we have no obligation to chase after them until an instrument is executed and delivered to us, to let us know that they have that interest.

You're not required to record it, necessarily, but if you have an instrument, an assignment that's signed, appears valid on its face, notarized and signed by the right people and they deliver it to you, then at that point you have an obligation to substitute them in. And we would have substituted them in, in the shoes of Strata, and then we'd go forward and, we contend, still be subject to the 200-percent risk factor.

So what's occurring here is, Mr. Murphy chooses not to tell his partners, apparently -- although it's hard to believe that they did not know until a year after the

lease in which they held an interest expired, but that's the position they take, that they didn't know. He chooses not to tell them; he says he's going to.

And then the assignment is 31 months later, after the well is paid out conveniently, and he knows that. He tells them, Here's your assignment, I've placed it of record, you have it now, and by the way, you now have a claim against Mitchell to recover some of the penalty.

Mr. Stratton wants to rely on the *Uhden* case. I think his reliance is misplaced. Let's talk about that case. It's a starting point for convenience.

You may remember the Uhden case. It had to do with Cedar Hills, the first coal gas pool we adopted up there in the San Juan Basin. Amoco had done a couple of wells in Cedar Hills and were running some interference tests, and had originally developed it on statewide 160 gas spacing, because it was the appropriate rule to apply. It had some initial wells, two of which were on 160-acre spacing units, in which Mr. Uhden had an interest.

And how did we know she had an interest? She was Amoco's lessee. Amoco had replaced her original lessee, and Amoco knew Mrs. Uhden. They knew where to find her, they knew her interest was of record, it was an assignment to their company. You could check public records and find out who she was. They were paying her money. She had an

interest in the spacing unit.

Substantial difference between Mrs. Uhden and the Strata undisclosed partners. You can't find them by public record, they're not your payees, you're relying on Strata and they tell you, Hey, we defend for these people, we represent these people, they're our long-time investors, and we deal with Strata.

Mrs. Uhden was being paid on 160-acre spacing for the wells on her unit.

After Amoco developed the interference test, they developed enough science to demonstrate to the Division that we could temporarily expand spacing in Cedar Hills and go to 320 gas spacing. And Amoco filed the application to do that.

They did not choose to notify Mrs. Uhden, one of their payees. They argued that under her lease they had the right to change the spacing because there was a clause provision in her lease that let them change the spacing to conform to New Mexico Oil Conservation Division rules.

So they ignored her, changed the spacing, got it approved by the Division and went to 320 spacing. Do you see what happened to her interest? Divided right in half. And all of a sudden, Mrs. Uhden's nice check got cut in half, and she says, What are you people doing to me?

And they said, Well, we changed the rules.

She said, You should have told me, you affected my interest.

The New Mexico Supreme Court says this woman has a property interest, you can find it, it's there, it's vested in her, and she's entitled to notice as one of these payees.

I think there's a substantial difference in Mrs. Uhden who, you know, you find, her interest is by a conveyance, it exists, and yet Strata partners want to be in Mrs. Uhden's shoes. And I think what happens is, the system gets manipulated, we get taken advantage of, and we run the risk of having this game played before the Division in terms of compulsory pooling orders.

The problem is this: Once you serve the individuals, then the obligation shifts to those individuals served, to either defend their interest or, if they assign their interest, to make sure the parties they assign their interest to are properly substituted.

And that's the way it goes in district court.

You can file quiet-title suit, and if I look in the records and I find that Commissioner LeMay has a house over next to me and he's affected, then I'm going to serve him. And I may not know he's got investors, and I may not know that he just agreed and took a check to sell his house to somebody else. I don't know about that person at all. But once

I've served him, the obligation is upon Commissioner LeMay to get his purchaser, his grantee, his assignee, the person he's going to convey the property, notified and properly substituted. Why should I chase after your assignee? And what happens if you decide, in order to defeat the pooling process, to assign your interest to everybody in the Artesia phone book? Now what happens? I'll never get this pooled. I'll never find all these people.

The dilemma with what we have before us now is that the Division has established a cutoff date, for which I have no disagreement. I think it's fair and appropriate for the Division to say that when a party is served, that party is the party. And if it's to be somebody else, they need to figure out how to substitute them in.

What I disagree with for the Division is that they have fixed another point in time to set up a different set of people to be served with the elections after the order. And I don't think they intended to do that; it's simply the way the order got drafted.

And here's what's the problem with the order:
We've got the parties fixed as of the date they receive
application, go through the hearing process, get an order.
You then, under what the Division has told us to do, must
again search the record, you must again go out and find all
the things that may have happened between the date the

application is served and the order is issued for which you're going to serve people again.

I don't think that should be our burden. I'm not sure it helps Branko, because the search doesn't tell us anything. What we did know is, here's a list of investors.

If you decide that that list of investors being told to Mitchell is enough, that we should have done something else but we didn't do it, we don't think it's wrong, but you'll have to decide that issue, because that's what Mr. Stratton is debating.

My problem is, with the Division order, is, they say, All right, you knew that these people existed. You may not know of what they had, but you should have given them the order and given an election after the order.

It begs the question. It lets Strata do exactly what the Division was trying to preclude when they fixed the cutoff date for notification. It just shifts the point in time where you get to manipulate and play the game of who gets notice and what happens, when.

And look how far they played the game. They waited 31 months. And why? Well, because the well paid out. And we're talking about big bucks. This is a million-dollar well. Twenty-five percent of a million dollars is a bunch. And it's paid out one time, and it's moving towards twice. We're looking at \$300,000 in dispute

here, and that's why we have got people coming out of the woodwork after the fact, wanting their money back.

This is a matter of policy for the Division, it's a matter of precedent and policy for the Commission, and you need to decide the fundamental issue, is, when and how is an applicant before your agency supposed to know and determine the individuals for which you're going to serve in order to commit their interest, in order that they share in the costs of the well?

It's our contention, as you can read in the brief, is that event did not occur until November 7th, 1995.

The Division order, as it now stands, unless modified, has required us to come back to a hearing to be scheduled at the Division level, to go through a hearing to talk about how the Strata partners are to share in the cost and what's supposed to happen.

We believe that that's not necessary. Our opinion and our position is that the Strata partners -- Strata went nonconsent. They were served. They received a small share, and they kept a small share, and they assigned the rest of it. And I forgot the percentages, but it's in the brief. They kept part of it and assigned the rest.

They were served with a notice. They failed to make the election.

Interesting thing happened after the Examiner order: They went de novo. We were ready to come before you, and the afternoon before the de novo hearing I got a transmission from Mr. Cavin, Mr. Stratton's partner, saying they were abandoning the appeal. You know, the issue that would have come before you in 1993 would have been the debate over these partners, and they pulled the plug on it, and it went away.

So we're saying that that interest, that 25 percent, stayed locked at that point in time, until such time as Mitchell recovers the 200-percent penalty that was awarded, that Strata and its undisclosed partners are not entitled to any other elections.

Interesting what's about to happen: The Morrow zone in the well is beginning to deplete. There's concern about how long the well is going to sustain itself. It's on compression now. The evidence would demonstrate that a decision has got to be made soon about election to perforate another Morrow interval. It will not surprise me to see Strata wanting to have a free ride on that election, and yet we need that production to pay off the penalty.

The position is, they're not entitled to any other elections until we get paid out, and they're not parties with an affected interest until they at least take the step of signing an instrument, making that interest

exist and giving us a way to find out about that interest.

The orders are interesting. You can see how hard Mr. Carroll and Mr. Stogner struggled with the order. It goes into incredible length, talking about how disappointed the Division is with the tactics that Strata has utilized here.

Ultimately, they decided to open the hearing for this election. And I think, in reflection, that that wasn't necessary, because you need to look to two things: One, when did the Strata partners get their interest?

November of 1995. And if you provide as a matter of policy that the notifications are tied back into the date the application is served on you, this is an effective and efficient means by which everyone's interest is protected, not only Mitchell's but Strata.

I can't imagine it would be any fairer than if you're the party of record, you're the party I'm dealing with, and you tell me you're going to defend and represent these interests, and I serve you, and you later tell me otherwise, it should be your obligation to get them into the hearing room, and not mine.

Thank you, that's all I have.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you, Mr. Kellahin.

Okay, did you have anything to say, or is it -your presence here is to ask questions too or --

MR. CARROLL: Mr. Chairman, as you're probably well aware of, the Division is a very interested party in this case, and your decision in this matter is going to affect how we conduct our proceedings from here on out.

At the case heard in May where the Division reopened the case, we looked at the evidence and determined that there should be a cutoff date. And I could ask a million questions regarding the circumstances and pose scenarios to you as to the terrible outcomes that could occur before the Division, based upon similar-type factual situations.

For instance, if Strata said it had partners and in this case also represented -- it had partners in this lease it represented, it could also sell the lease on behalf of its partners, and they would represent the partners in a force-pooling proceeding and then said, Well, I'm not going to tell you who my partners are.

I mean, where does that leave an applicant? They know that there's partners out there, but they don't know who to serve, and the party won't tell them. Well, unless it's of record, they won't know who to serve, so they'll have to proceed just against the party of record.

Now, as to the second cutoff date -- The first cutoff date is for application for hearing, who should be notified of the hearing. And in the Division decision we

decided that the party of record and any other actual owners known to Mitchell should be notified. And at the time the application was filed Mitchell did not know the names of any of these undisclosed partners and relied upon representations of Strata.

The Division -- thing about the election period said that Mitchell had the names of the working interest owners in hand and did not notify them of their election rights.

Now, there's a bunch of questions regarding that too. For instance, a party could say, Well, my partners — using Mr. Kellahin's example — are those listed in the Artesia phone book. And then you'll notify all of them and say, Hey, these people in the Artesia phone book don't own an interest.

And then the party will say, Well, I made a mistake, I actually didn't convey all these interests. And a party could really impose a lot of obstacles to an applicant ever getting an order from the Division by playing a lot of games with notice.

I think what the Division would like from the Commission is definitely guidance and some firm rules.

In this situation what would help, I guess, is that the applicant stick with the parties of record unless they receive notice and an executed instrument showing that

a transfer actually occurred, rather than just a bald 1 statement saying, These are my partners, whether it be 15 2 3 or the Artesia phone book, and here are the executed 4 instruments that they have signed, even if they're not 5 recorded. In this situation it wouldn't have helped because there was no executed instruments. 6 7 I could pose a number of other scenarios. We're just -- The Division is very wary, especially, of Mr. 8 Stratton's suggestion that personal service would be 9 required of all parties in our proceedings, and not service 10 by mail, by certified mail. 11 I think -- I don't know the Constitutionality of 12 providing notice just by certified mail, as we currently 13 do, versus personal service. But as you well know, that 14 would cost the industry many -- probably millions of 15 dollars every year, hiring personal process servers. 16 17 So I guess the Division appears as an interested 18 party, and a frightened party. MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman, could I just -- I'll 19 20 be very brief. I mean, I'd like to respond to a couple of 21 those --22 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Sure. 23 MR. STRATTON: -- things and just a couple of... 24 I didn't suggest personal service. Uhden says 25 personal service. I appreciate the elevation to the court,

but it wasn't me that did that; it's Uhden that says that.

I don't think personal service ought to be necessary, but
the New Mexico Supreme Court says it's necessary.

Secondly, I'm not representing Strata here. None of my clients are Strata, none of my clients are represented by Strata, none of my clients gave Strata any authority to accept service of process on their behalf.

And so Strata was here, they got notice, they made their election, they're out. But -- And so I know the attempt is to confuse Strata and impute everything that Strata did to my clients.

But a party can't come in here and say, Oh, I represent everybody in the Artesia phone book, and then accept service on behalf of everybody in the Artesia phone book. You've got to -- We have ways we do that in New Mexico. You file under the law. You get a registered service agent and you can serve him. Otherwise, you have to serve the party personally.

So to suggest that we are somehow bound because Strata had negotiations with these people is just ridiculous.

And then finally, I just want to say that every one of Mr. Carroll's suggestions fits under the *Uhden* rule. If a party's identity and whereabouts are known or could be ascertained with due diligence -- if I told you I had

undisclosed partners and I'm not going to tell you who they are, and the undisclosed partners -- we're really talking about investors, because that's the term that all these oil and gas guys use -- don't have their interests recorded, and I as an applicant can't figure out who you are, you're stuck, you don't deserve notice, because you couldn't have been found, you weren't known or you could not have been ascertained through due diligence.

But that that's not what happened in this particular case. I mean, the want -- You can come up with all kinds of scenarios about that.

This letter listing the interest owner, their address and their leasehold percentage ownership over here, this is Exhibit 24, this is the one, when you look at this, you'll come to, was given to Mitchell. This is what they had. It wasn't undisclosed. This is disclosure if you ask me, not nondisclosure.

So if they're not disclosed and you don't have your interests recorded, then you have an interest at your peril.

I mean, you're going to have -- If Mr. Murphy hadn't have sent this letter, for instance, to Mitchell, then other than the fact that Mitchell had the duty to use due diligence, which they never did -- I mean, that's certainly an argument. But if this hadn't been sent to

them, we probably wouldn't be here today, because this is the notice that they got and this is the knowledge they had. To suggest they didn't know where to find them is just not right. You'll see that when you look at the exhibit.

So that's all I wanted to say.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: I'm sorry, Mr. Carroll, do you want to say something?

MR. CARROLL: Mr. Chairman, I might interject. There's a lot of agency issues in this case. We didn't hear the testimony of these undisclosed partners. We do know that Strata represented that it could sell the lease on behalf of the partners and that it would represent its partners' rights in any force-pooling proceeding. So -- I'm just saying maybe there's some agency or partnership issues that are better decided by a court more familiar with such issues.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay.

MR. CARROLL: And to comment on Mr. Stratton's last -- holding up the letter, Strata always took the position that it had no duty to inform its partners. I guess the duty was to Mitchell in this case, to disclose the partners.

This is getting very esoteric legal theory, but who is the duty owed to? It seemed like Strata had a duty

to protect its partners by submitting this list of partners to Mitchell but had no duty to then inform its partners that there's a force-pooling proceeding.

And then -- To begin with, Mr. Stratton said, you know, once these partners became aware of the order and of the well, they came forward. Well, it was Strata that somehow had a duty arise to inform these partners of the proceeding. For a long time they said no duty to inform their partners. But then later they somehow had a duty to inform them they had a right against Mitchell.

And it's -- the agency issues are confusing and where the duties lie. If Mr. Stratton can answer those...

MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman, I didn't say that.

I didn't say that once they became aware, they came
forward. So I have a hard time answering that since I
didn't say that.

MR. CARROLL: Well, the transcript will say that.

MR. STRATTON: I don't see -- To me that's not an issue. I mean, we know when they became aware, because Mr. Carroll asked us to get affidavits from them, which we did, that indicated when each individual became aware of the well and when the proceedings occurred.

And those affidavits are in the record at -They're our last set of affidavits. I don't know, they're
the last 16 exhibits.

But why that is important I don't know, 1 2 because --CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, I guess we can dig that 3 out of the record, what that says. It sounds like an open 4 5 issue. 6 Are you ready to take some questions from the Commissioners? I'd like to include Lyn Hebert in the 7 question-and-answer, and she can -- Since this is a lot of 8 9 legal issues, if you have a question, Lyn, I would appreciate, on the legal side, you asking them for 10 clarification. 11 Start with Commissioner Weiss. 12 13 COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yeah, I don't hear any 14 issues here about correlative rights or waste. I think we 15 need to form a committee of law professors, is what I think, and study this sucker. 16 17 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: There are some heavy legal issues involved. I --18 I mean, this is... 19 COMMISSIONER WEISS: CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Bailey, with your 20 law hat on, do you --21 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Did Strata receive any 22 disbursements from Mitchell or any billings concerning this 23 well? 24 25 MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, ma'am.

1	COMMISSIONER BAILEY: On behalf of its partners?
2	MR. KELLAHIN: Yeah, I can't characterize it on
3	behalf of their partners, but as information is distributed
4	it went to Strata, even after the We had the force-
5	pooling application and the notice, and then they gave us
6	the list. But all the information has been sent to Strata.
7	COMMISSIONER BAILEY: And were there any moneys
8	paid to Strata?
9	MR. KELLAHIN: No, ma'am, because we are still
10	trying to recover the penalty component of the Order. And
11	we have recovered the costs of their share one time, and
12	we're moving towards the two-time number, and so we haven't
13	got to 300 yet.
14	COMMISSIONER BAILEY: That's all I have.
15	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: I guess I had a couple questions
16	about the structure of the partnership arrangement. These
17	have been characterized as Strata partners. Now, these
18	Strata partners, I take it, are your clients, Mr. Stratton?
19	MR. STRATTON: I wouldn't characterize them as
20	Strata partners
21	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay.
22	MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman, but
23	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Well, how would you characterize
24	them, then?
25	MR. STRATTON: Working interest owners and

1	overriding royalty interest owners.
2	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay.
3	MR. STRATTON: I think, Mr. Chairman
4	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Is there a relationship between
5	these working interest owners and Strata?
6	MR. STRATTON: They know each other. But do you
7	mean is there a legal relationship between them
8	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Both.
9	MR. STRATTON: like a partnership or
10	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, both.
11	MR. STRATTON: No.
12	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: No legal relationship
13	MR. STRATTON: No.
14	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: it's not a limited
15	partnership
16	MR. STRATTON: No.
17	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: it's not a There's no
18	corporate identity there, so they are working interest
19	partners?
20	MR. STRATTON: Some are individuals, some are
21	corporations, some are you know, all kinds of different
22	folks. But there is no legal relationship, whether it's
23	corporate, limited liability company, limited partnership
24	or partnership, between these individuals.
25	I find that oil men and oil people use the word

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"partner" as "investor", and -- these are partners, they're
 1
     our partners in this well. They don't mean they have a
 2
     partnership --
 3
 4
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay.
 5
               MR. STRATTON: -- under New Mexico law; they mean
 6
     they're investing in this well.
 7
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: But they're partners in a lease,
 8
     then; wouldn't they be that? Or co-owners in the lease?
 9
               MR. STRATTON: No.
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: How do they get their interest
10
     in this 25 percent that became part of the proration unit?
11
               MR. STRATTON: They go purchase an interest, and
12
     then they get a percentage interest, like a 1-percent
13
     interest, working interest, in the lease.
14
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: And who do they purchase that
15
     from?
16
17
               MR. STRATTON: These -- Our clients purchased it
     from Strata --
18
19
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay.
               MR. STRATTON: -- in 1989 and 1990.
20
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay. Why didn't they receive
21
     an assignment, then?
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23
               MR. STRATTON: You know, I don't know the answer
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    to that, Mr. Chairman. You mean a written assignment?
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Well, something to show they
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I mean, anytime you have a financial 1 have interest. transaction, real estate transaction, there's usually some 2 paper that's signed designating the interest if you pay 3 4 money. MR. STRATTON: They may have some of what you're 5 talking about. I mean, not necessarily an assignment that 6 7 occurred prior to this time. But I find that that isn't always the case in the 8 9 oil and gas industry. I see a lot of these deals where 10 people are using -- where people don't have that right 11 away, and they don't assign the interest right away. And I 12 -- I mean, I see a lot of it; I'm surprised you all don't 13 see it a lot. 14 Maybe by the time it gets here, we're at this 15 situation and a lot of water has gone under the bridge. But when -- I certainly know the deals I've been involved 16 in and that my clients have been involved in, that that 17 doesn't always happen right away. 18 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Would you characterize these 19 20 people, these investors, as knowledgeable oil people? 21 Some of them certainly are, yes, MR. STRATTON: sir, absolutely. Some of them are oil companies. 22 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: So they pretty well know what's 23 qoing on in the patch and how things are done and --24 25 MR. STRATTON: Some of them -- most -- I would

say most of them do. I would say most of them do. I'm not testifying here; I'm giving you my opinion.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Well, yeah, I'm trying to -We're trying to characterize --

MR. STRATTON: Right, I understand.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- these partners, the relationship between Strata and the investors, working interest owners, partners, whatever. And that relationship, I think, is important to this Commission's deliberations. What constitutes a relationship -- What constitutes these relationships? They can be confusing, it sounds like.

MR. STRATTON: Well, the one thing I would say,
Mr. Chairman, is, the reason Uhden and other cases in New
Mexico have this fairly strict Constitutional notice
requirement is so that you don't have to do that. You all
have been very patient sitting here today, listening to our
esoteric legal arguments, and I know they're very
difficult, and they're very difficult for the best of
lawyers.

But what solves all of this is to make sure you have them here. I mean, what if, for instance, they had notified them and then somebody decided they didn't have to? I mean, that wouldn't have been the worst thing to happen in the world.

But the idea to try to get around notifying somebody is what puts us in these situations, where we're going to have to do that.

So my suggestion to you is, it almost doesn't matter how you characterize their interest. You can characterize it any way you want, but the fact is, they do have a protected property right, because they had purchased this interest back in 1989 and 1990.

And so they're entitled to notice, if somebody knows about their interest, only if they know about their interest. I will stipulate right here on the record that if it had never come to Mitchell's attention and Mitchell had used some -- if they had gone through the phone directory in Artesia, to use Mr. Carroll's example, and couldn't find the interests, then all of my clients are out of luck, because they're not recorded.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: My question still is, what constitutes the interest? Strata saying they have interest or -- Normally interest becomes a definable interest when there's some document there to say they have an interest, because we can characterize a lot of things different ways, but without some kind of documentation -- I guess they should have taken the word of Strata on that, that they had interest, because Strata told them they had interest?

MR. STRATTON: They wouldn't be here today if

they had done that. They could have served them, and they would have found they had interests, and everything would have been litigated.

wouldn't say they should have taken their word. They should have taken the letter, and somebody should have called up Branko, or somebody should have called up Duane Brown, or somebody should have called up Chuck Wellborn and said, Now, we're informed you have an interest in this particular lease; is that true? They have a duty to use due diligence to ascertain this.

Strikes me, if they didn't believe Strata, which actually turned out to be true -- it would have been somebody they could have believed -- but if they didn't believe them, pick up the telephone and call them. And if that individual, if Mr. Brown, had said, No, I don't have an interest in that...

But if he says, I do have an interest in that, then they've used their due diligence to ascertain what interests there were.

But none of that was done. There was no attempt to do that.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: All right, that helps clarify.

Did you have any questions, Lyn, concerning some of the legalities?

MS. HEBERT: Well, I did have a question, Mr. Kellahin. You indicated that you thought the date should be the date the party is served. But with more than one party -- So that would be a different date for every party prior to cutoff date, as opposed to having the date of the known interest owners be the date the application is filed with the Commission?

MR. KELLAHIN: I under -- Yes.

MS. HEBERT: You've got a sort of moving target, it seems.

MR. KELLAHIN: Yeah, it is a moving target, and it's bothered me, and I've thought about how convenient it would be for the agency and for the applicant to say the target is fixed when we file the application.

But if the application is filed and each of the parties to be pooled does not yet know that's happened, maybe it's fair that the target floats, so that by the time you come to the hearing you can fix that individual's involvement in the process with the date they sign the green card. And you're going to have different dates based upon service, but I think that's fair.

I don't think it would be fair to file a pooling application, serve Santa Fe Energy, get around to serving Burlington a few days later, and find that Burlington says, Hey, wait a minute, my interest has already been assigned

of record. And I think maybe we need to deal with the floating concept of actual service until we have a better sense of how cumbersome that might be.

MS. HEBERT: Well, to some extent it seems like the reason that the Division keeps all the voluminous records it keeps is because it becomes something of -- not like the county records, of course, but it becomes a source of notice for where things -- or for when things occurred that affect the property interests.

So it just occurred to me that the filing of the application would be of notice to people in the oil and gas industry. If they knew that that was the case, they would check the dockets. And they do check the dockets. I mean, I believe they do.

MR. KELLAHIN: And that's a decision for you to make. I'm not debating one or the other. And I think there's a range of choice in there that's reasonable in any extent.

But it's troublesome to have investors for an opponent and not receive documentation as to their property interest. And to equate the fact they may have sent a check to Strata with having that property interest vested at that point in time, I think, fixes the property interest too soon.

MS. HEBERT: Well, I also had a question for Mr.

Stratton. 1 You said that their working interest, their 2 ownership interests, those weren't in writing until 1995? 3 MR. STRATTON: I didn't say that. That's what 4 Mr. Kellahin said. I think --5 MS. HEBERT: Well, I think Mr. LeMay did ask if 6 7 they had any written documentation. MR. STRATTON: Oh, okay, of record in this 8 9 particular case. The only thing that I know of -- Are the 10 assignments in the record? 11 MR. KELLAHIN: Yes. MR. STRATTON: Okay. -- are the assignments that 12 13 did take place in -- whenever the date was. If it was 14 1995, it was 1995. 15 MS. HEBERT: Are you aware of any of your 16 clients had any kind of limited partnership or other 16 17 partnership agreement with Strata prior to that? MR. STRATTON: I'm aware that they don't. 18 19 MS. HEBERT: They don't? 20 MR. STRATTON: No. 21 MS. HEBERT: There was nothing in --MR. STRATTON: There's no evidence in the record 22 23 that they do, and I'm telling you as an officer of the Commission, or whatever you call people here, that they 24 don't have any such relationship, certainly not in regard 25

to this, but no other relationship like that.

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Mr. Carroll?

MR. CARROLL: Let me bring up another issue that hasn't been touched on, and that is actual notice and whether actual notice can cure any absence of Constitutional or statutory notice.

At the hearing in 1993, a George Scott testified as the consulting geologist for Strata. There's a number of Scott interests, but Mr. Scott testified at that hearing that he was the owner of Scott Exploration, and Scott Exploration is one of these undisclosed partners.

Now, the owner of one of these partners was at the hearing and did not enter an appearance as a partner. He was a consulting geologist. So for sure, at least Scott Exploration had notice of the hearing. And I notice one of the affidavits is signed by a geologist with Scott Exploration, and they said they had notice back in 1993.

I was wondering if Mr. Stratton could address whether actual notice could substitute for lack of statutory notice, because I found a couple cases in Oklahoma where an Oklahoma court said in a compulsory pooling case -- in two cases -- that parties cannot, you know, even if they haven't received statutory notice, can't stand by and wait to see whether the well is good and then elect to join in after the fact.

MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman, I'd be pleased to address that --

CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay.

MR. STRATTON: -- if you would like me to.

First of all, I regret I can't -- Being from Oklahoma, I'd like to agree that that is what they did, but it's not. The United States Supreme Court, however, did address the issue in 1915, cited in our brief, Coe vs.

Armor Fertilizer Works, a 1915 case.

And the United States Supreme Court held that extra-official or casual notice for a hearing granted as a favor of discretion in proceedings for taking one's property -- that means, if you messed up and you just granted them a new hearing -- is not a substantial substitute for the due process of law, which the 14th Amendment of the US Constitution requires. The notice must be formal and provided within the context of the proceedings.

So what we're saying is, if I'm in the barber shop and my barber says, You know, Mr. Carroll was in here the other day and he says that there's a hearing going on over there at the Commission and it's going to affect a whole gunny sack full of your oil and gas interests, that's not good enough, because you have to have personal service under Uhden. The US Supreme Court says casual or extra-

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official notice is not good enough. So...
 1
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: But that's just a -- I'm not
 2
     sure we're talking about the same thing. I understood it
 3
 4
     to say that it wasn't casual, but actually one of the
 5
     witnesses at the hearing was also one of the partners?
               MR. CARROLL: That's correct.
 6
 7
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: So it's --
               MR. STRATTON: I think that's not correct.
 8
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- casual notice of the --
 9
               MR. STRATTON: I don't think Mr. Scott actually
10
     is one of the interest owners.
11
               MR. CARROLL: He testified he owned Scott
12
     Exploration. Scott Exploration is one of the partners.
13
               MR. STRATTON: I'd have to check that, but I'm
14
     not sure that that is correct.
15
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, but the fact that if
16
     they're there and it's obvious or would appear obvious to
17
18
     us that they knew about it there, then -- and they were a
     partner, that wouldn't be constructive notice? Or --
19
               MR. STRATTON: Constructive notice --
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               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- we would assume that he
21
     didn't know, even though he knew?
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               MR. STRATTON: Constructive notice doesn't work.
23
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: I don't know what I'm talking
24
     about, saying "constructive notice". I mean, I pulled
25
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"constructive" out of the air. I mean, if he knows, he 1 2 knows, doesn't he? Or not? MR. STRATTON: I'm going to say, I don't have a 3 case on that, and I don't think there is a case on that, 4 because I don't think that happens very often. But I'm not 5 6 going to concede it, because I haven't looked -- That's one 7 out of 16 people, so --CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Well, what's the relationship of 8 9 these people? Are they interrelated, are they brother-in-10 laws or --11 MR. STRATTON: Well, I don't know. 12 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- or neighbors, or do they all live in one town, or are they scattered throughout the 13 14 country, or --15 MR. STRATTON: They're scattered. We have 16 somebody in Salt Lake City, we've got somebody in Canada, 17 we've got some people in Roswell. Some of then know each 18 other, some of them are related. 19 But I'll tell you what you have. I mean, if that's a serious concern, if you don't believe the US 20 21 Supreme Court and you don't want to look at Uhden, go look at their affidavits. They have filed, under the --22 23 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: We'll look at those, because I think --24 25 MR. STRATTON: -- they have filed, under the

penalty of perjury, affidavits saying they didn't know 1 2 about the hearing. Now, if Mr. Carroll can come prove that 3 they did, then he can go over and see the US Attorney or 4 the district attorney and talk to him about it. 5 But once again, I want -- When you're doing this 6 and when Mr. Carroll says, I don't know what is 7 Constitutional notice, that really concerns me as a 8 litigant here. 9 But please, when you do this, make sure -- And when you decide what a cutoff date is -- this question 10 11 wasn't asked for me -- please try to make sure you do it in 12 accordance with what the courts say and not just what is convenient for an applicant. Because that, when it gets to 13 court, like in Uhden -- I mean, that's what they're going 14 15 to look at. They're not going to look at what's convenient for Mr. Kellahin's clients. They're going to look at what 16 they think the Constitution requires, even if it's a little 17 bit burdensome, like personal service. 18 19 MR. KELLAHIN: One footnote to that, if I might. 20 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Well, I was going to say 21 first --MR. KELLAHIN: Yeah. 22 23 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- because he was -- and then 24 you. 25 Go ahead, Rand.

MR. CARROLL: Yeah, there was some recollections 1 2 that some of the partners showed up at the hearing, besides just being a witness there. In fact, some of the partners 3 4 may be in the audience here -- it appears so --5 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Uh-huh. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- and maybe they can be put on 6 7 the stand. 8 MR. STRATTON: Well, I'm not calling them to the 9 stand, Mr. Chairman. 10 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Mr. Kellahin? 11 MR. KELLAHIN: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 12 I would refer Ms. Hebert to page 18 of my brief. 13 There are some Oklahoma cases that we have found. I think 14 this one is interesting. It helped me work my way through 15 it. 16 And it simply says, The Supreme Court of Oklahoma 17 held in Chancellor -- talking about a 1982 case -- that the 18 notice requirements were not intended to compel the unit 19 operator to check county records from the date of the 20 Application until the Commission order to assure that all 21 interest owners had been notified. Such a ruling, the 22 court noted, would permit an adverse party to defeat an 23 application by simply transferring ownership after the 24 hearing. 25 What we're contending here is that we had notice

of these people only after the application was filed.

Their interest is not even of record.

The point in time to fix is the date we filed the application and served Mr. Murphy. And if you adopt that date, I think that fixes the problem, because their property interest does not occur and is not known to us until after that date.

MR. STRATTON: Mr. Chairman, can I go back to your other point, because you -- I mean, it's an interesting point, and I'm thinking about it.

You know, if I was in a lawsuit and there were four or five people that should have been served and I didn't get served, for instance, and I show up and watch the trial, I'm not bound by what they do there. Nobody ever got personal service.

If somebody calls me to the witness stand and I testify, I'm not bound by what occurred at the proceeding, because the court doesn't have jurisdiction over me.

And it works the same way here, that unless you obtain jurisdiction -- and that's probably a better way to think about it and look at it -- over the individual, they can come frolic around all they want, listen to the hearing, do whatever they want; but you don't have jurisdiction over them to affect their rights.

So in thinking -- I mean, it's an easy answer in

a judicial context. I know we tend to think about 1 administrative proceedings as being more informal and 2 3 having different rules. But when it boils down to 4 Constitutional considerations, technically we don't here. So I guess in thinking about that, I'd answer 5 that it didn't matter who was here if they hadn't been 6 7 served appropriately under the Uhden standard. 8 MR. CARROLL: Mr. Chairman, one more note. It's my recollection that you don't represent all 9 10 the undisclosed partners? There's a couple that did not join in this action? 11 12 MR. STRATTON: I don't subscribe to the undisclosed partner theory, so I don't know who you mean, 13 Mr. Carroll, when you say that. 14 MR. KELLAHIN: It's Warren and Arrowhead. 15 16 MR. CARROLL: Do you represent all the partners 17 or the working interest owners besides Strata in this? 18 MR. STRATTON: No, I don't. 19 MR. CARROLL: Who don't you represent? 20 MR. STRATTON: Well, maybe I should tell you who I do represent, and then you can determine for yourself --21 MR. CARROLL: Is it Warren and Arrowhead? 22 MR. STRATTON: -- because I don't know who all 23 24 the working interest --25 MR. CARROLL: Warren and Arrowhead that --

1	MR. STRATTON: I don't know who all the working
2	interest owners are. I don't represent Warren and I don't
3	represent Arrowhead. They're not parties to this
4	proceeding.
5	MR. CARROLL: Do you know why?
6	MR. STRATTON: I don't. And I would say once
7	again, Mr. Carroll, I can't think of anything more
8	irrelevant as to why they're not here. Just because
9	they're not here doesn't mean that the Commission can
10	violate the Constitutional rights of the people that are
11	here.
12	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: So Branko is who? Is that Is
13	one of the investors, is that who Branko is?
14	MR. STRATTON: Yes, Branko, Inc.
15	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Is it a corporation?
16	MR. STRATTON: Branko, Inc.
17	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Is it a corporation?
18	MR. STRATTON: Uh-huh.
19	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: And you're representing them?
20	MR. STRATTON: Correct, yes.
21	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay.
22	MR. STRATTON: Do you want a rundown who I'm
23	representing?
24	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: That would help, probably.
25	MR. STRATTON: It's listed Well, it's listed

in the motion --1 2 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay. MR. STRATTON: -- but I can run down it. 3 4 Branko, Inc.; Duane Brown; S.H. Cavin -- that's 5 not my law partner -- Robert Eaton; Terry Kramer; Landwest, 6 which is a general partnership out of Utah; Candace 7 McClelland; Permian Hunter Corporation; Scott Exploration, Inc. -- and I believe that the actual owner of that is 8 Charles Warren Scott and not the Mr. Scott that Mr. Carroll 9 is talking about -- Chuck Wellborn; Winn Investment, Inc.; 10 Lori Worrall; Xion Investments; George Scott, III -- who is 11 also not the Mr. Scott that Mr. Carroll was talking about 12 13 -- Stephen Mitchell; and Scott Exploration, Inc. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, probably helps. A lot of 14 15 this information, I'm sure, is in there, but --MR. STRATTON: And you haven't seen it and it's 16 unusual. And we appreciate your patience. We hope the 17 Commission doesn't mind us. We could have taken two days 18 to do this. We hope this is better; I don't know. 19 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay, any more questions? 20 21 you have anything? 22 Are you going to make a motion to incorporate the 23 record of the previous hearing into our record and we work with that, plus what you've supplied us today? 24 25 If we have not already MR. KELLAHIN:

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accomplished that, Mr. Chairman, we, I think, jointly so
 1
     move.
 2
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Any objection?
 3
               If no objection, then the record of the previous
 4
     hearing will be introduced into this record, and --
 5
 6
               MR. KELLAHIN: There's two hearings, Mr.
 7
     Chairman.
 8
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Or both hearings. And you want
     to introduce the record of both those previous hearings?
 9
10
     We're talking about the force-pooling hearing initially --
11
               MR. KELLAHIN: Right.
12
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- back in 1993 or --
13
               MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- 1992 --
14
15
               MR. KELLAHIN: Yes, sir.
               CHAIRMAN LEMAY: -- plus the one we just heard.
16
               Okay, without objection, the record of those
17
     hearings will be entered into this record.
18
               Anyone else?
19
               MR. KELLAHIN: I'd like to take a moment and
20
     introduce my guest. Bobby Hickman is a petroleum engineer.
21
     Mr. Hickman is responsible for this project for Mitchell
22
     Energy, and he's come from Houston today to be the
23
     representative of my client, and he's come a long way in
24
     bad weather, and I'd like to introduce him.
25
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1	MR. HICKMAN: Thank you. How you doing?
2	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Welcome, Mr. Hickman. Sorry you
3	didn't have more to say.
4	MR. HICKMAN: Don't be.
5	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Usually people like you are
6	sworn in, and we ask you questions.
7	Does anybody else want to make a statement or
8	MR. CARROLL: I'd just ask the Commission again
9	whether they want to ask any questions of any partners that
10	are in the audience.
11	MS. HEBERT: I just kind of think I'll
12	interrupt. I think the understanding was, there wasn't
13	going to be any testimony in this hearing. I mean, that
14	was the
15	MR. STRATTON: That was our stipulation, Mr.
16	Chairman.
17	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Sure. I mean, this is
18	voluntary. I wasn't you know, anyone wants to We can
19	always ask for statements and things. If there's anyone
20	that wants to say anything, they can do so and if that's
21	the case.
22	Do you all have anything you want to add to what
23	you've told us already?
24	MR. STRATTON: Us, Mr. Chairman?
25	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Yes.

MR. STRATTON: Oh. 1 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: I mean, I'm ready to sum it up 2 and take the case under advisement unless you have anything 3 4 else to --MR. KELLAHIN: Mr. Chairman, I've written 28 5 6 It's probably ten too many. I don't know what else 7 to tell you. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: I don't know what's in those 28 8 pages, Counselor. It can't be that --9 MR. KELLAHIN: Oh, it's good stuff, Mr. Chairman. 10 MR. STRATTON: I've got some briefs myself that 11 12 I've made copies of, Mr. Chairman. CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Okay. Sounds like a very -- a 13 case laden with very heavy legal issues. And recognizing 14 15 that I'm a geologist, that Commissioner Bailey is a geologist, Commissioner Weiss is an engineer, that we --16 Fortunately, we have Lyn Hebert here as our Commission 17 counsel. 18 We'll certainly look at the legal issues. 19 We 20 have to, as I understand this case, the way it's 21 formulated. 22 And I understand what you're trying to say to us. 23 If I'm -- Besides the case you're making for your clients, 24 you also would like to have some direction from this 25 Commission as to what we consider a good policy for

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notification would be, that conforms with the Uhden 1 decision, as interpreted for us, I guess. 2 I know these decisions can have more than one interpretation, so... 3 You're making a face there, Mr. Stratton, like 4 there's no -- there's only one interpretation of Uhden? 5 MR. STRATTON: Well, on that issue, you know, 6 reading the rules, you have a provision for actual notice 7 8 in your rules, and it just doesn't -- it just doesn't 9 comply with Uhden, and it's going to be in the future 10 unless that gets taken care of. I know I'm risking upsetting the Commission. 11 not meaning to; I'm trying to be helpful. Unless that gets 12 taken care of, then anybody who didn't receive personal 13 notice is going to be able to come in and do what we're 14 15 doing here today. So I would suggest to the Commission that that be 16 looked at and Ms. Hebert look at it -- she's as capable as 17 anyone that I know of to do that -- and try to get that --18 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: You understand she used to work 19 20 for you back in the old days. MR. STRATTON: I have no comment for the record, 21 22 Mr. Chairman. 23 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Sorry, I just know your previous 24 position --25 MR. STRATTON: Thank you.

1	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: and I know that's not an
2	issue in this case. I wasn't saying that because of that.
3	I didn't mean to imply anything like that.
4	But I do think there's some heavy issues involved
5	here, and Uhden certainly has been an issue that's been
6	with us for a long time.
7	Does anyone else have anything further to add in
8	Case Number 11,510?
9	If not, this Commission will take that case under
10	advisement.
11	Thank you.
12	Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at
13	4:40 p.m.)
14	* * *
15	
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
) ss.
COUNTY OF SANTA FE)

I, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter and Notary Public, HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing transcript of proceedings before the Oil Conservation Commission was reported by me; that I transcribed my notes; and that the foregoing is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I FURTHER CERTIFY that I am not a relative or employee of any of the parties or attorneys involved in this matter and that I have no personal interest in the final disposition of this matter.

WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL January 22nd, 1997.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 1998

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

CASE NOS. 11,510, 11,721, 10,994

AWAITING FINAL COMMISSION ACTION

NO EVIDENCE OR TESTIMONY TAKEN

CASE NO. 11,515 (DISMISSED CASE)

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS COMMISSION HEARING

BEFORE: WILLIAM J. LEMAY, CHAIRMAN
WILLIAM WEISS, COMMISSIONER
JAMI BAILEY, COMMISSIONER

March 19th, 1997 Santa Fe, New Mexico

These matters came on for hearing before the Oil Conservation Commission on Wednesday, March 19th, 1997, at the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources

Department, Porter Hall, 2040 South Pacheco, Santa Fe, New Mexico, Steven T. Brenner, Certified Court Reporter No. 7 for the State of New Mexico.

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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

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APPEARANCES

FOR THE COMMISSION:

LYN S. HEBERT
Deputy General Counsel
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department
2040 South Pacheco
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

* * *

WHEREUPON, the following proceedings were had at 1 9:04 a.m.: 2 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Good morning, this is the Oil 3 Conservation Commission. My name is Bill LeMay, Chairman 4 5 of the Commission. To my left, Commissioner Bill Weiss. To my right, Commissioner Jami Bailey representing the 6 7 Commissioner of Public Lands, State of New Mexico. Also our secretary Florene Davidson, and our attorney Lyn 8 9 Hebert. Welcome. We shall start with a little business. 10 I'll entertain a motion to okay the minutes of 11 the previous meeting. 12 13 COMMISSIONER BAILEY: I move acceptance of the 14 minutes. COMMISSIONER WEISS: Second. 15 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you. It's been moved and 16 seconded. The minutes of the previous meeting are approved 17 and accepted. 18 19 20 CHAIRMAN LEMAY: We'll also take some final action on Case Number 11,510, which was the Application of 21 Branko, Inc., to reopen Case Number 10,656. That was the 22 Application of Mitchell Energy for compulsory pooling and 23 unorthodox well location in Lea County, New Mexico. 24 Is it your intention to sign the Order and take 25

1	final action on it, Commissioner Weiss?
2	COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yes.
3	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Any comments on the case or
4	COMMISSIONER WEISS: No.
5	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Bailey?
6	COMMISSIONER BAILEY: I intend to sign.
7	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Thank you. And it is also my
8	intention to sign that Order.
9	* * *
10	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Also awaiting final action by
11	the Commission is Case Number 11,721, which was the
12	September, 1997, gas allowables, or allowables covering the
13	period April to September.
14	And is it your intention, Commissioner Weiss, to
15	sign the Order?
16	COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yes, it is.
17	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Bailey?
18	COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Yes, it is.
19	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: It's also my intention to sign
20	that one for final action.
21	* * *
22	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Case Number 10,994, which is the
23	Application of Phillips Petroleum Company to reopen de novo
24	Case Number 10,994, final action on that case was
25	withdrawn, so that final action constitutes a dismissal of

1	that case.
2	And is it your intention to sign that,
3	Commissioner Weiss?
4	COMMISSIONER WEISS: Yes.
5	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Commissioner Bailey?
6	COMMISSIONER BAILEY: Yes.
7	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: It's also my intention to.
8	So let the record show that final action has been
9	taken on Cases 11,510, 11,721 and 10,994, which brings us
10	to our current docket.
11	(Off the record)
12	* * *
13	CHAIRMAN LEMAY: Before we break, the unfinished
14	business, we'll call Case Number 11,515, which is the
15	Application by the Oil Conservation Division on its own
16	motion to permit the operator, Woosley Oil Company, and
17	American Employers' Insurance Company and all interested
18	parties to show cause why a well should not be plugged.
19	
	This case has been dismissed, so let the record
20	This case has been dismissed, so let the record show 11,515 has been dismissed.
20	
	show 11,515 has been dismissed.
21	show 11,515 has been dismissed. (Thereupon, a recess was taken at 9:21 a.m.)
21	show 11,515 has been dismissed. (Thereupon, a recess was taken at 9:21 a.m.) (The following proceedings had at 9:55 a.m.)

program, taking the Commission hearing to Roswell. We've 1 talked about April and May. April, the chambers were not 2 available; they were in May. 3 So we will hold our May 22nd Oil Conservation 4 Commission hearing at City Hall, in the chambers there, on 5 the 22nd of May, Roswell. 6 7 The other dates, we have some changes. The June Commission hearing will be changed to 8 9 June 5th, because one of the Commissioners cannot make the 10 19th, so we'll have June 5th. 11 And then these are some tentative dates for the 12 remainder of the year. Commission hearings will be held on July 17th, August 14th, September 25th, October 16th, 13 November 13th and December 11th. 14 So those are tentative dates. All those except 15 for the May hearing are scheduled to be held right here in 16 Santa Fe. We may take one of those out in the field, we'll 17 see, see how the Roswell hearing goes. 18 Okay, that business taken care of, I guess we're 19 ready to continue. 20 (Thereupon, these proceedings were concluded at 21 9:57 a.m.) 22 23

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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ss. COUNTY OF SANTA FE

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WITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL March 19th, 1997.

STEVEN T. BRENNER

CCR No. 7

My commission expires: October 14, 1998