RECEIVED

District By OCD Dr Oberding at 9:08 am, Feb 62at 2017 ew Mexico

Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Form C-141 Revised August 8, 2011

District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210

District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

1220 D. Ot. 1 Iuii	Cis Dr., Suitta	10,111107500		Sa	anta Fe	, NM 875	05				
			Rele	ease Notific	cation	and Co	rrective A	ction			
						OPERA?	ГOR	Initia	al Report	Final I	Report
Name of Co	mpany R	uthco	Die	Co. LLC		Contact Joshua Ruth					
Address						Telephone No. 575-631-0437					
Facility Nat	ne Bu	How Su	NO		I	Facility Typ	e Dispose	nl			
Surface Ow	ner			Mineral (Owner	API No. 30-025-07950					
				LOC	ATION	OF RE	LEASE				
Unit Letter	Section Township Range Feet fi		Feet from the		South Line	Feet from the	East/West Line	County			
F	30	185	39E	1980.	N	1	2310	W	Lea		
				- 100.				-			
			La	titude		_ Longitud					
m		1			TURE	OF REL				. 0	
Source of Release tanks an iocation						Volume of Release 69 Volume Recovered 69 Date and Hour of Occurrence 11 PM Date and Hour of Discovery 11 PM /11/16					
			1100	Norto		If YES, To Whom?					
Was Immediate Notice Given? ✓ Yes □ No □ Not Require											
By Whom?	Josh	ua Rut	1-	*		Date and Hour 11 7116 8 a.m.					
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.					
			Yes [No							
Describe Ca	use of Probl	em and Remo	edial Actio	on Taken.* lig	HTVING OT ONE	to home	of bad	gun borrel	l on loca	in good	dist
Describe Are	ea Affected	and Cleanup	Action Ta	ken.*			M				
regulations a public health should their or the enviro	all operators h or the envi operations l onment. In a	are required ronment. The nave failed to	to report a e acceptar adequatel OCD acce	and/or file certain nce of a C-141 rep y investigate and	release n port by the remediat	otifications a e NMOCD n e contaminat	and perform corre narked as "Final I tion that pose a th	understand that pur ctive actions for re Report" does not re reat to ground water responsibility for	leases which r lieve the opera er, surface wat	may endanger ator of liabilit ter, human he	er ity ealth
Signature: Josh e Ruth						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION					
Printed Name: Joshue Ruth						Approved by Environmental Specialist:					
Title:	Pre	udnt				Approval Da	02/02/20	Expiration	Date:	///	
E-mail Add	rece.					Conditions of	of Approval:				

See attached CoA

Phone: * Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

pTO1703333163

4572

nTO1703333115

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _02/01/2017_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number __1R-4572_____has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before __02/17/2017__. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us