HIP - ____136____

GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE

YEAR(S): 2017 to Present

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Susana Martinez Governor

Ken McQueen Cabinet Secretary

Matthias Sayer Deputy Cabinet Secretary David R. Catanach, Division Director Oil Conservation Division



September 5, 2017

Ms. Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company P.O. Box 97500 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87199-7500

Re: Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit HIP-136 New Mexico Gas Company Taos Mainline (Pilar) Project Locations: Sections 22 and 23, Township 24 North, Range 11 West, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico

Dear Ms. Fiedler:

The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) has received New Mexico Gas Company's (NMGC) revised notice of intent, dated August 18, 2017 and received August 21, 2017, for authorization to discharge approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater generated from a hydrostatic test of approximately 6.7 miles of a new 12-inch natural gas transmission pipeline and approximately 0.4 miles of new 8-inch natural gas transmission pipeline, approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar, New Mexico. The proposed discharge location on private property located in Sections 22 and 23, Township 24 North, Range 11 West, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico. The submittal provided the required information for OCD to deem the application "administratively" complete. OCD approves the Taos News as the newspaper of general circulation for the published notice and the BLM Visitor center in Pilar, New Mexico and within the Highway 68 right-of-way on the west side near the private property where the discharged is proposed, as proposed posting locations.

Therefore, the July 2006 New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) regulation; notice requirements (20.6.2.3108 NMAC) must be satisfied and demonstrated to the OCD. The hydrostatic test discharge event shall not be initiated until NMGC's and OCD's notice periods pass, the permit is issued, and the additional permit fee is paid.

If there are any questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact Brad Jones on my staff at (505) 476-3487 or <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u>.

Respectfully,

Jim Griswold Environmental Bureau Chief

JG/baj

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Susana Martinez Governor

Ken McQueen Cabinet Secretary

Matthias Sayer Deputy Cabinet Secretary David R. Catanach, Division Director Oil Conservation Division



CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT # 7012 0470 0001 5967 3673

September 5, 2017

Ms. Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company P.O. Box 97500 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87199-7500

Re: Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit HIP-136 New Mexico Gas Company Taos Mainline (Pilar) Project Locations: Sections 22 and 23, Township 24 North, Range 11 West, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico

Dear Ms. Fiedler:

Pursuant to the Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) Regulations 20.6.2.3104 – 20.6.2.3114 NMAC, the Oil Conservation Division (OCD) hereby proposes to approve New Mexico Gas Company's hydrostatic test discharge permit for the above referenced event contingent upon the conditions specified in the attached draft discharge permit. Please review and provide comments to OCD on the draft discharge permit within 30 days of receipt of this letter.

If there are any questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact Brad Jones on my staff at (505) 476-3487 or <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u>.

Respectfully,

Jim Griswold Environmental Bureau Chief

Attachment: Draft Permit HIP-136

BAJ/baj

Susana Martinez Governor

Ken McQueen Cabinet Secretary

Matthias Sayer Deputy Cabinet Secretary David R. Catanach, Division Director Oil Conservation Division



DATE

Ms. Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company P.O. Box 97500 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87199-7500

Re: Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit HIP-136 (DRAFT) New Mexico Gas Company Taos Mainline (Pilar) Project Locations: Sections 22 and 23, Township 24 North, Range 11 East, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico

Dear Ms. Fiedler:

The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) has received New Mexico Gas Company's (NMGC) revised notice of intent, dated August 18, 2017 and received August 21, 2017, for authorization to discharge approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater generated from a hydrostatic test of approximately 6.7 miles of a new 12-inch natural gas transmission pipeline and approximately 0.4 miles of a new 8-inch natural gas transmission pipeline, approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar, New Mexico. The proposed discharge location on private property located in Sections 22 and 23, Township 24 North, Range 11 East, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico. OCD acknowledges the receipt of the filing fee (\$100.00) from a submittal dated August 18, 2017.

Based on the information provided in the request, the hydrostatic test water discharge is hereby approved with the following understandings and conditions:

- 1. NMGC will be testing approximately 6.7 miles of a new 12-inch natural gas transmission pipeline and approximately 0.4 miles of a new 8-inch natural gas transmission pipeline, between Rinconada and Pilar, New Mexico;
- 2. NMGC will acquire the hydrostatic test water from the City of Espanola, New Mexico;
- 3. NMGC will generate approximately 78,500 gallons of hydrostatic test wastewater from the test event. NMGC will temporarily store approximately 72,000 gallons of hydrostatic test wastewater, generated from testing the first three (3) sections of the pipeline, in four 21,000-gallon closed top frac tanks at the Rinconada launcher station located within Section 15, Township 24 North, Range 10 East, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico. NMGC will temporarily store the remaining 6,500 gallons of hydrostatic test wastewater, generated from testing the last section of the pipeline, in a single 10,000-gallon closed top frac tank at the

new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station located within Section 28, Township 24 North, Range 11 East, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico.

- 4. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing hydrostatic test wastewater;
- 5. NMGC will take a sample of the hydrostatic test wastewater after the completion of the last test section of pipeline and await test results from a certified laboratory prior to discharge;
- 6. NMGC shall analyze all samples of wastewater generated from the hydrostatic test to demonstrate the results do not exceed the standards as set forth in Subsections A, B, and C of the 20.6.2.3103 NMAC;
- 7. NMGC shall submit the test results via email or fax to the OCD for review and subsequent approval or disapproval for the test wastewater to be discharged;
- 8. If the final discharge of the wastewater is approved by the OCD, NMGC will discharge the wastewater onto 19 acres of private land, using a moving water trucks with a spray attachment in a controlled manner to control erosion and contain the discharge on the private property, within Sections 22 and 23, Township 24 North, Range 11 East, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico. The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres);
- 9. If final discharge of the wastewater is approved, no hydrostatic wastewater generated will be discharged directly into groundwater or surfacewater or be allowed to exit the easement right-of-way;
- 10. If final discharge of the wastewater is approved, no discharge shall occur:
 - a. where groundwater is less than 10 feet below ground surface.
 - b. within 200 feet of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake;
 - i. NMGC will install secondary containment, which will contain a volume of at least one and one-third the total volume of the frac tank at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station, located within Section 28, Township 24 North, Range 11 East, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico, since it will be placed within 80 feet and 120 feet of two separate arroyos and within 166 feet from an ephemeral stream. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.
 - c. within an existing wellhead protection area;
 - d. within, or within 500 feet of a wetland; or
 - e. within 500 feet from the nearest permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church;
 - NMGC will maintain a 100-foot buffer from residence #2. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 feet from the SW discharge area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area. However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100-foot buffer from residence #3. See Permit HIP-136. In addition, NMGC will only spray water in the NE area every

Ms. Fiedler HIP - 136 DATE Page 3 of 4

> other day to allow extra time for infiltration. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily.

- 11. NMGC will have personnel on-site to oversee and control the transfer and utilize collection pans placed below the collection points to prevent an unauthorized release;
- 12. If the final discharge of the wastewater is not approved by the OCD, NMGC will analyze the hydrostatic test wastewater to determine if it is a RCRA non-hazardous/non-exempt waste that Agua Moss LLC's Non-Hazardous Class I injection well (UICI-005) may accept for disposal. If the hydrostatic test wastewater does not meet the criteria for Agua Moss LLC's waste acceptance and is determined to be characteristically hazardous, the test wastewater shall be sent to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal;
- 13. NMGC will ensure the transfer of the hydrostatic test wastewater, via a system of flexible hoses and pump, from the frac tanks into water trucks and hauled by an OCD approved C-133 water hauler to Agua Moss LLC's Non-Hazardous Class I injection well (UICI-005) for injection and disposal;
- 14. NMGC shall remove all hydrostatic test wastewater from the collection/retention location within ten (10) calendar days of receiving the analytical results of the hydrostatic test wastewater;
- 15. NMGC shall restore any surface area impacted or disturb from the approved activities;
- 16. NMGC shall implement best management practices to prevent unauthorized releases during the transfer/collection activities;
- 17. NMGC shall ensure that the discharge/transfer/collection activities do not cause any fresh water supplies to be degraded or to exceed standards as set forth in Subsections A, B, and C of the 20.6.2.3103 NMAC (the New Mex.ico Water Quality Control Commission Regulations);
- 18. NMGC must properly notify the landowner(s) of the proposed discharge/collection location of the approved activities prior to the hydrostatic test event; and
- NMGC shall report all unauthorized discharges, spills, leaks and releases of hydrostatic test water and conduct corrective action pursuant to WQCC Regulation 20.6.2.1203 NMAC and release notification pursuant to OCD Rule 29 (19.15.29 NMAC).

It is understood that the hydrostatic test discharge will begin in October 2017. This permit will expire within 120 calendar days of its issue date. This permit may be revoked or suspended for violation of any applicable provisions and/or conditions.

This approval will not become effective until OCD receives the permit fee of \$600.00 pursuant: to 20.6.2.3114 NMAC. Please make the check payable to the Water Quality Management Fund.

Ms. Fiedler HIP - 136 DATE Page 4 of 4

Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve NMGC of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. Nor does approval relieve NMGC of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules and regulations.

If there are any questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact Brad Jones on my staff at (505) 476-3487 or <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u>.

Respectfully,

David Catanach Director

DC/baj

Cc: OCD District IV Office, Santa Fe

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Susana Martinez Governor

Ken McQueen Cabinet Secretary

Matthias Sayer Deputy Cabinet Secretary David R. Catanach, Division Director Oil Conservation Division



June 9, 2017

Ms. Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company P.O. Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87109-7500

Re: Hydrostatic Test Wastewater Discharge Notice of Intent Review (HIP-136) New Mexico Gas Company Taos Mainline (Pilar) Project Location: Sections 22 and 23, Township 24 North, Range 11 East, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico

Dear Ms. Fiedler:

The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) has completed the review of New Mexico Gas Company's (NMGC) notice of intent (NOI), dated May 26, 2017 and received by OCD on June 1, 2017, for authorization to discharge approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater generated from a hydrostatic test of approximately 4.4 miles of a new 12-inch natural gas transmission pipeline and 2.4 miles of an existing 8-inch natural gas transmission pipeline, approximately 3.5 miles northeast of Pilar, New Mexico. OCD has determined the request to **administratively incomplete**.

Pursuant to 20.6.2.3108.A NMAC, "Within 15 days of receipt of an application for a discharge permit, modification or renewal, the department shall review the application for administrative completeness. To be deemed administratively complete, an application shall provide all of the information required by Paragraphs (1) through (5) of Subsection F of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC and shall indicate, for department approval, the proposed locations and newspaper for providing notice required by Paragraphs (1) and (4) of Subsection B or Paragraph (2) of Subsection C of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC." In regards of NMGC demonstrating compliance to Paragraph (2) of Subsection F of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC." In regards of NMGC demonstrating compliance to Paragraph (2) of Subsection F of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC, "the location of the discharge, including a street address, if available, and <u>sufficient information to locate the facility with respect to surrounding landmarks</u>," the NOI states "If approved by OCD, test water will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 2 miles north of the end of the project. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 would like to have the water sprayed onto his property." The information provided in the NOI does not include sufficient information to locate the facility with respect to surrounding motion have the facility with respect to surrounding the project. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 would like to have the water sprayed onto his property." The information provided in the NOI does not include sufficient information to locate the facility with respect to surrounding the project. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 would like to have the water sprayed onto his property." The information provided in the NOI does not include sufficient information to locate the facility with respect to surrounding landmarks, such as the nearest mile maker.

New Mexico Gas Company HIP-136 June 9, 2017 Page 2 of 2

In regards of NMGC demonstrating compliance to Paragraph (5) of Subsection F of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC, "the depth to and total dissolved solids concentration of the ground water most likely to be affected by the discharge," the NOI states "*Discharge Area*: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water." The depth to ground water most likely to be affected by the discharge was not identified.

In regards of NMGC demonstrating compliance to Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC, "for each 640 contiguous acres or less of a discharge site, prominently posting a synopsis of the public notice at least 2 feet by 3 feet in size, in English and in Spanish, at a place conspicuous to the public, approved by the department, at or near the proposed facility for 30 days; one additional notice, in a form approved by and may be provided by the department, shall be posted at a place located off the discharge site, at a place conspicuous to the public and approved by the department; the department may require a second posting location for more than 640 contiguous acres or when the discharge site is not located on contiguous properties," the NOI states "In addition, a sign will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and the Embudo Valley Medical Center in Rinconada providing a synopsis of the public notice." The BLM visitor center in Pilar is approximately 3.5 miles from the proposed discharge area and the Embudo Valley Medical Center in Rinconada is approximately 9.4 miles away. The NOI does not propose to post a synopsis of the public notice on a sign at or near the discharge area in which four permanent residences are located and NMGC requests a waiver to discharge within 300 feet of Residence #1, within 100 feet of Residences #2 and #3, and less than 200 feet from Residence #4.

Please contact Brad Jones of my staff, at (505) 476-3487 or <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u>, to schedule a conference call to discuss the review and issues regarding the technical information of the proposed NOI application.

Respectfully,

Jim Griswold Environmental Bureau Chief

JG/baj



RECEIVED OCD

CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

August 18, 2017

Mr. Brad Jones State of New Mexico - Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: NMGC test of Taos Mainline (Pilar) Notice of Intent to Hydrostatically Test and Discharge

Dear Mr. Jones,

On May 26, 2017 New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) submitted a notice of intent to hydrostatically test and discharge water from the Taos Mainline, Taos County New Mexico. The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) replied with a letter on June 9, 2017 saying the application was administratively incomplete. NMGC submitted corrections to the proposal on July 20th. In response to further comments made by Brad Jones at OCD on the July 20th and August 8th revision, NMGC is submitting the following revisions to the proposal. Following the Oil Conservation Division Guidelines for Hydrostatic Test Dewatering, NMGC has provided the following information:

Summary of Activities

NMGC will hydrostatically test 6.7 miles of new 12- inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8- inch pipe that will be installed to replace the Taos mainline. To reduce water usage, the new pipe will be tested in four segments requiring a total of approximately 78,500 gallons of water from a municipal or domestic source. The City of Espanola public works department has been identified as a potential source for this project. Fresh water will be hauled and stored in tanks at the NMGC Rinconada launcher station in Rinconada, NM at the south end of the project. Approximately 76,200 gallons of water will be put into the new 12-inch pipe at the Rinconada station to test the first 2.3 miles. NMGC will then transfer 69,700 gallons into the second section which is 2.1 miles. The extra water (6,500 gallons) from the first section will be hauled back by an C-133 water hauler to the Rinconada station at the south end. The water from the second section (69,700 gallons) will be transferred to the third section and 8,800 gallons from the tank at Rinconada will be added (using a C-133 water hauler) for a total of 78,500 gallons for the third 2.4 mile section. The last section of 8- inch pipe will use 6,500 gallons of water transferred from

1

the third section. A water sample will be taken after the completion of the last test section and sent to be analyzed for WQCC standards. The remaining water from the first 3 sections will be pushed back (in the pipe) to the south end and stored in the tanks at the Rinconada station while the water from the 4th section will be stored in a tank on the north end (at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station) until the results from the water analysis are received. The hydrostatic test water, upon receiving OCD approval, will be discharged on private property near the north end of the project in a manner that prevents erosion and entry into or near existing drainages or waterways and impact to adjacent properties.

A. Name and Address of Discharger

NMGC Marcelle Fiedler BC 22 PO Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87199

B. Location and Legal Description of Discharge

Collection Points: Most of test water (72,000 gallons) will be collected at the Rinconada launcher station which is at the south end of the new 7.2 miles of pipe. The Rinconada station is within Section 15, Township 23N, and Range 10E. The Rinconada station can be found by driving from Rinconada, NM on US68 about 0.5 mile north from NMDOT milepost (MP) 23 to a location on the west side of US68 between the highway and the river. Approximately 6,500 gallons of water will be stored at the north end of the project at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station within Section 28, Township 24N, and Range 11E. The Pilar Launcher/receiver station is on the west side of Highway 68 at MP 30. Enclosed are maps showing the locations where the water will be collected.

Discharge Point: Before the water is discharged, the hydrostatic test water will be analyzed by an accredited analytical laboratory. If approved by OCD, test waters will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar NM. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 approximately a quarter mile north of MP 32 would like to have the water sprayed onto their property. The property is 66 acres total but water will be sprayed within the areas cleared of vegetation, other than grasses, totaling 19 acres. Enclosed is a map showing the locations where water will be sprayed.

D. Maps

The following maps are included with this permit application.

- Appendix A Overview of project area
- Appendix B Land Ownership maps (topo map)
- Appendix C Water collection site (topo and aerial map)
- Appendix D Discharge location site (topo and aerial map)
- Appendix E Well map and POD's
- Appendix F Geology of area
- Appendix G Soils
- Appendix H FEMA maps

E. Demonstration of Compliance with Siting Criteria

See attached Maps and Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria completed by the NMGC Project Engineer for demonstration of compliance with Siting Criteria for the water collection area and proposed discharge areas.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Collection Areas</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- *i.* Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, the hydrostatic test water collected in tanks will be more than 200 feet from any watercourse at the south end by Rinconada. At the Pilar launcher station, the tank holding 6,500 gallons is 166 ft from an ephemeral stream located to the northeast. In addition, there are 2 small arroyos not shown on the USFWS maps to the north and west. The arroyo to the west is 80 feet away and the one to the north is 120 feet away. These arroyos were GPS'ed and are shown on the map provided. The tank at Pilar will have 1 and 1/3 containment and it will be inspected daily when holding water to look for leaks. There are no lakebeds, sinkholes or playa lakes within 200ft. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet west from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (RG44010) associated with this well shows it is expired. The closest active well to the tanks on the south end at Rinconada station is 1900ft away. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft away. The POD number is RG09961. There is a pending well (POD RG20336) more than 2000 ft from the Pilar location. (see Well location maps, POD print outs, and section N below)
 - 3. USGS quad maps show the nearest springs are more than 2.5 miles from the north end of the project.
 - 4. The Rinconada and Pilar locations are not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).
 - http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=cbe088e7c8704464aa0fc34eb99e7f30
- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft of either the Rinconada or Pilar collection areas. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 6. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines and email verification was submitted to NMGC that there are no mines in the area. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines using the USGS quad maps to search. There are none within the Trampas USGS quad maps near Rinconada. There is a closed mine within the Carson quad map near Pilar but it is not within the Township, Range and Section of the collection location. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property. (see attached maps)

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html

v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church

7. NMGC Rinconada and Pilar water collection areas are not within 500 feet of any permanent residences, school, hospital, institution, or church.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Discharge Area</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, discharge on the private land will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse. The only hydrological feature on the property crosses the far northeast corner and NMGC will be more than 200 ft from it. There are no lakebeds, sinkholes or playa lakes within 200ft. (see Discharge area maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the private property used for discharging water. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2500 ft to the east of the discharge area. The POD for this well is RG16717. The records for well POD RG11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed and POD RG07747 was cancelled. (see Well location maps, POD print outs, and section N below)
 - 3. USGS quad maps show the nearest springs are more than 2.5 miles from the north end of the project.
 - 4. The discharge area is not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=cbe088e7c8704464aa0fc34eb99e7f30

- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - 5. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 6. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines. NMGC has email verification that there are no abandoned mines in the area of discharge. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines using USGS quad maps. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property. See attached maps.
 - http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html
- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 7. There are four permanent residences within 500 feet of the areas where NMGC plans to discharge the water. There are 3 residences (residents 1-3) within the property where water will be discharged and 1 resident (resident 4) on the property directly to the north that has an adjoining property line. No water will be discharged on the neighboring property, but residence #4 is 170 feet from the discharge area.

The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres). The topography slopes gently from east to west so water will drain away from the structure (residence #2) in the SE part of the property when water is sprayed in the SW area. NMGC will maintain a 100ft buffer from residence #2. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 ft from the SW discharge

area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area. However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water in the NE area every other day to allow extra time for infiltration. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily. (see Discharge area maps)

F. Description of Activities

The natural gas transmission pipeline will be hydrostatically tested in 4 sections using approximately 78,500 gallons of water. (City of Espanola has been identified as a source for water). The first section will use approximately 76,200 gallons of water, 69,700 gallons will be transferred into the second section, the third section will use 78,500 gallons and the last section will use 6,500 gallons. Each section will be tested for a minimum of 8 hours.

NMGC anticipates starting the hydrostatic test in October 2017. Once hydrostatic testing starts, it will take 3-5 days to test each section. After the tests are complete, the water will be stored in holding tanks for an additional 14 days while the water analysis is completed. When the results of the water analysis are received, and with OCD permission, the water will be sprayed onto private property approximately 6-8 weeks after hydrostatic testing starts. It will take approximately 5 days to discharge all the water. NMGC anticipates that the water will be off site by approximately December 1st.

G. Method & Location for Collection and Retention of Fluids

Hydrostatic Test

Collection Area (Rinconada): Four 21,000 gallon closed top frac tanks will be used to contain the test water after the tests are completed. The tanks will be placed within a temporary use area (TUA) on the west side of US 68 about 0.5 mile north of Rinconada. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. When filling, the tanks will be interconnected. When a tank has been filled, valves will be closed/disconnected to isolate the filled tank. NMGC will use plastic liner or drip trays under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing test water.

Collection Area (Pilar): A single 10,000-gallon closed top frac tank will be placed where the new Pilar launching station will be constructed to store about 6,500 gallons from the hydro test of 8 inch section of pipe. The tank will be placed within TUA on the west side of US 68 about 1 mile north of Pilar. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment around the tank since it is within 200 feet of an ephemeral waterway. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.

H. BMPs to Contain Discharge On Site & Control Erosion

Plastic liner and drip trays will be placed under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. Water will be sprayed onto the ground in a controlled rate so that erosion does

not occur. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. Water will not be sprayed on days when wind will carry the water off the ground. Boundaries of areas where water will not be discharged will be flagged or have signs.

I. Request for Alternate Treatment/Disposal

NMGC is not requesting an alternate discharge location.

J. Hydrostatic Test Water Sampling Plan

A sample of the hydrostatic test water will be collected from the pipe after the last test section is complete. The test water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC 20.6.2.3103 (A)(B)(C). Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for review and approval to discharge. NMGC will expedite the laboratory analyses to minimize the storage time of the test water.

K. <u>Method of Disposal of Fluids and Solids after Test Completion if the Water exceeds the</u> <u>WQCC standards</u>

NMGC is a transmission and distribution company. Therefore, waste generated by NMGC is RCRA nonexempt. If the hydrostatic test water does not meet OCD conditions (WQCC standards) for discharge to the ROW and is not a RCRA characterized hazardous waste (40 CFR 261.21-24), NMGC will dispose of it at the class one injection well at Agua Moss LLC facility near Farmington, NM. Transportation of such water will only be performed by an OCD authorized C-133 water hauler. If the water is tested as a RCRA characterized hazardous waste, test water will be shipped by a licensed transporter to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal.

L. Expected Quality & Volume of Discharge

The expected volume of the hydrostatic test discharge is approximately 78,500 gallons. Based on water analyzes from previous hydrostatic tests on new pipe, NMGC anticipates that water quality will meet WQCC standards for discharge.

M. Geological Characteristics of Subsurface at Discharge Site

General Geology: The geology of the region consists of a diverse mix of structural, volcanic and depositional terrains associated with Laramide-age uplift, Teritary-age extensional tectonics and Quaternary-age depositions. The Rio Grande Gorge and Taos Plateau are some of the major structural elements of the area. These features are part of a larger structure, the Rio Grande rift. It is approximately 240 km long, and is bordered by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east, and the Tusas and San Juan Mountains on the west. The southern part of the basin is a physiographically and geologically unique terrain known as the Taos Plateau. The plateau is composed mostly of 3-5 million-year-old basalts that were erupted locally. The basin fill is comprised of a wide variety of alluvial, colluvium, and eolian deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. The Rio Grande has cut through these sedimentary and igneous deposits to expose the layers known as the Rio Grande Gorge.

Collection and Discharge Areas:

The geology at the location where NMGC will discharge water (private property on the north end) is mapped as quaternary (Qp) with piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower

Pleistocene). This includes deposits of higher gradient, tributaries bordering major stream valleys, alluvial veneers of the piedmont slope, and alluvial fans.

At the south end of the project, by the Rinconada launcher, the geology is quaternary (Ql) – landslide deposits and colluvium (Holocene to Pleistocene).

The geology in the middle at the Pilar launcher is Tertiary (Tsf), the lower Santa Fe group (upper Miocene to uppermost Oligocene.

The geology of the collection and discharge sites are similar in nature but the surface formation that they occur on are different. The first collection site at Rinconada is comprised of landslide deposits and colluvium from the Holocene and Pleistocene, the sediment material is not well sorted and is of a lose nature. The second discharge site at Pilar is comprised of alluvial deposits of the Santa Fe Group from the Miocene and Oligocene periods. The sediment material is moderately sorted and is comprised of mostly course grained mixed clastic and is unconsolidated. The discharge site is on privately owned land and is comprised of alluvial deposits from the Holocene and Pleistocene periods. The site is part of the Piedmont Alluvial deposits and are also course grained unconsolidated clastic deposits.

Geologic Reference:

 New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, 2003, Geologic Map of New Mexico, Peter A. Scholle, State Geologist, Published in coorperation with the US Geological Survey. Electronic access to the map may be found: http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/maps/geologic/state/home.html

Soils (see attached soil maps)

Collection Area (Rinconada): The Rinconada collection area consists of two soil types: 1) Chita loam and 2) Tinaja Rock outcrop complex. The Chita loam association consists of Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock. The Tinaja Rock outcrop complex is derived from sandstone and is an extremely gravelly loam that is well drained.

Collection Area (Pilar): The Pilar collection area consists of Orthents-Rock outcrop association which is colluvium derived from basalt. It is well drained and very gravelly loam.

Discharge Area: Soils in the discharge area on private property is part of the Silva-Sedillo association. This soil is alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale.

N. Depth & TDS Concentration of Ground Water Most Likely to be Affected by Discharge

Collection Areas: According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet west from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (RG44010) associated with this well shows it is expired (print out of this and other PODs is attached). Other wells in the area (more than 2,000 ft away) have a depth to water from between 10 to 130 feet. Given that the Rinconda collection location is 200 feet higher in elevation then those wells, the depth to ground water at the collection location is likely between 210 and 330 feet. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft to the south and its depth to water is 22ft. The POD number is RG09961. The elevation at that well is 6340 feet and the elevation at the Pilar location is 6400 feet.

groundwater at the Pilar collection location is approximately 82 ft. There is a pending well (POD RG20336) more than 2000 ft from the Pilar location.

Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water and the depth to water is 400 ft. The POD for this well is RG16717. Since the elevation at the well is 100 feet higher than the discharge area, the depth to groundwater at the discharge area is likely approximately 300 ft. The records for well POD RG11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed and POD RG07747 was cancelled.

Total dissolved solids (TDS) for the project area: There are two springs 2.5 miles northeast of the discharge location. The springs have a TDS of 258 and 303 mg/l. In the general area, TDS values from the Picuris piedmont aquifer ranges from 200 to 400 mg/l and it is reasonable to assume that the TDS range is 200-400 mg/L for the collection and discharge areas. (Source: Hydrogeologic Investigation of the Southern Taos Valley, Taos NM, NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2016). (page 74 from the report is attached)

O. ID of Landowners at and Adjacent to Discharge Site and Collection/Retention Site

A map is provided showing the landownership of the underlying and adjacent property owners from the water collection location and the area where water will be sprayed if approved by OCD. The collection locations are on Bureau of Land Management property and the discharge location is on private land. Both have been notified of the project and have been involved in the project planning. NMGC has received a permit from BLM for this project. The BLM permit application included a discussion of the frac tanks that will collect water from the hydrostatic test. NMGC has received written confirmation from the private landowner giving approval to discharge the water on their property (see attached letter). The landowner adjacent to the private landowner (residence #4 - Mark and Ann Robertson) where water will be discharged has been notified by letter of the project. NMGC is researching the other private landowners within 1/3 of a mile of the discharge location and will notify them of the proposed hydrostatic test. BLM is the surrounding landowner at the Pilar collection location. There are 2 private landowners within 1/3 of a mile of a mile of the Rinconda collection location. They are Patricia Nielsen and Leslie Rogers – Peckman and they will be notified of the hydrostatic test.

Release

In the event of a release associated with project activities, NMGC will conduct corrective action pursuant to WQCC Regulation 20.6.2.1203 NMAC and release notification pursuant to OCD Rule 29 (19.15.29 NMAC).

Public Notice

Once OCD rules this application as administratively complete, NMGC will provide notice in Spanish and English of the permit application in the Taos News as a display ad (not in the legal or classified section) at least 3 inches by 4 inches following requirements in NMAC 20.6.2.3108. In addition, a 2ft by 3ft sign with a synopsis of the public notice in Spanish and English will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and within the Highway 68 right-of-way on the west side near the private property where water will be discharged as defined in 20.6.2.3108.B.1 for 30 days.

NMGC will also send a copy of the public notice by certified mail, return receipt to the owner of the discharge location and send a copy of the public notice by mail to all owners within 1/3 mile from the discharge site as listed in section O above.

A check for \$100 was enclosed with the original submittal on May 26, 2017.

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required please notify me in writing. Please call me at (505) 697-3516 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Mull Mu

Marcelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Scientist Attachment: Location maps

Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria

I, Rebecca Sandoval, Project Engineer with NMGC visited the project site in the field on August 4, 2017 and verified that the location where NMGC will collect and discharge the hydrostatic test water from the pipe meets the following siting criteria:

A. Collection Areas

- Is not within an active wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system (nearest active wells are between 1900 and 2500ft away and the nearest springs are 2.5 miles away) or within a 100 year floodplain.
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft of the Rinconada collection location. There is an arroyo (as shown on the National Wetland Inventory data) within 170 feet of the Pilar collection location. In addition, there are 2 small arroyos not shown on the USFWS maps to the north and west. The arroyo to the west is 80 feet away and the one to the north is 120 feet away. These arroyos were GPS'ed and are shown on the map provided.
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are no schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft
- There are no permanent residence, schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft.

B. Discharge Area

- Is not within 1,000 ft of a wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system (nearest active well is 2500ft away and the nearest springs are 2.5 miles away) or within 100 year floodplain
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are four private residences within 500 ft of the discharge area. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from the residences: 300ft from residence #1, 100ft from residences #2 and 3, and 170ft from residence #4.

My observations in the field match the enclosed map showing where NMGC plans to collect the water.

apuca Sundwal 9-8-201

Photos



Rinconada collection location



Pilar collection location

I



SW discharge area private land



NE discharge area private land

Attachments

From:	Tompson, Mike, EMNRD
То:	Fiedler, Marcelle F.
Cc:	Kretzmann, John, EMNRD
Subject:	RE: recorded mines
Date:	Friday, April 28, 2017 8:06:14 AM

***** Don't be quick to click! We're counting on you! This email is from an external sender! Don't click links or open attachments from unknown sources. Forward suspicious emails as an attachment to <u>phishing@tecoenergy.com</u> for analysis by our cyber security team. ****

Hello Marcelle,

The New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division has no knowledge of any abandoned mines in the four sections detailed in your email.

Please let us know if you have any other questions.

Mike Tompson New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division (505) 476-3427

From: Fiedler, Marcelle F. [mailto:Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com]
Sent: Thursday, April 27, 2017 2:27 PM
To: Tompson, Mike, EMNRD <Mike.Tompson@state.nm.us>
Subject: recorded mines

Hi Mike

New Mexico Gas Company is planning to do a hydrostatic pressure test of a gas transmission line near Rinconada and Pilar, NM later this year. As part of the permit application process with the Oil Conservation Division, we need to obtain information on the location of active or abandoned mines in the area of our test. Can you please tell me if there are any active or abandoned mines within the following sections?

- 1. Section 15 T23N r10E
- 2. Section 22, 23, 28 T24N R11E

Thank you for your assistance. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109 Active Mines in New Mexico



August 3, 2017

CadNSDI PLSS Township



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey,

Active Mines in New Mexico





CadNSDI PLSS Township



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, US GS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey,

vertical upflow of deeply sourced thermal waters along faults or at fault intersections.

To further investigate groundwater sources and intermixing, we examine distribution maps of major ions and Piper diagrams that show cation and anion percentages and ion trends. Chemistry data from shallow wells between the mountain front and the Rio Pueblo, including Ponce de Leon and upper Arroyo del Alamo, are used to construct concentration maps of the dissolved solids content and the major ions Ca/Na, HCO3, SO4, and Cl for the shallow basin and bedrock aquifers (Figs. 29-33). Chemistry results from surface water and wells in the deep confined aquifer were not used to create the concentration maps, but are shown on the figures. Ion chemistry and summary statistics for each aquifer are presented in Table 9. The observed patterns and some hydrologic implications are discussed.

Dissolved solid content—Concentrations of dissolved solids, called TDS, range from 86–790 mg/L in the Picuris piedmont aquifer (Fig. 29, Table 9). High TDS values (400–600 mg/L) are clustered in the northern Rio Grande del Rancho valley and westward toward the Taos golf course, but both higher and lower values are scattered throughout the area, for example: 790 mg/L TDS in a 122-foot deep well (TV-136) and 390 mg/L TDS in an adjacent 105-foot deep well (TV-238) (Fig. 29, Table 9). An intriguing and unusual trend in the distribution of TDS in the basin-fill aquifers is that TDS does not increase with depth, and concentrations in the deep confined aquifer (180–313 mg/L) are lower than or comparable to those in the shallow Picuris piedmont aquifer. Bedrock aquifers exhibit an extreme range in TDS, with the highest concentrations found in the hydrothermal waters at Ponce de Leon (492–1,888 mg/L) and the lowest from a well in quartzite bedrock in the upper Arroyo del Alamo watershed (48 mg/L, TV-230).

Calcium and sodium—Calcium concentrations range from 2.6 to 175 mg/L, and sodium ranges from 8.2 to 143 mg/L (Table 9). The distribution of calcium and sodium is illustrated as a calcium-to-sodium ratio (Fig. 30), where values greater than 1 indicate calcium dominance and values less than 1 indicate sodium dominance. Shallow groundwater in the Picuris piedmont aquifer is generally Ca-rich, as are stream waters from the Rio Grande del Rancho (TV-512), Rio Pueblo (TV-513) and Rio Lucero (TV-514). The

Total dissolved solids (mg/L) <200 200-400 400-600 >600 0 0.5 km 230 260 280 409 270 355 293 292 4 1049 290 1888 220 sin-bedrock boundary 270

Figure 29. Map showing the dissolved solid content (TDS) in the Picuris piedmont aquifer. Values for the deep confined aquifer are also shown.

Data

- Well in Picuris piedmont aquifer
- Well in deep confined aquifer
- Spring
- Surface water

Depth specific samples

Contoured value
 #
 #

Geologic features

Bedrock

 Hydrogeologic window

 Northern projection of Miranda graben

 Picuris-Pecos fault

 Geophysical fault

Appendix A

(mere)



Proposed Mainline	
 Access Road Survey Line	
US Bureau of Land Management	
US Bureau of Reclamation	
US Dept. of Agriculture	
US Dept. of Defense	
US Dept. of Energy	
US Forest Service	
US Fish and Wildlife Service	
US Bureau of Indian Affairs	
US National Park or Preserve	
Private	
NM State	11
NM State Game and Fish	1.3
NM State Park	

Appendix B



Landowners within 1/3 mile





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Landowners within 1/3 mile





Pilamew one third mile buffer

-					
0	260	520	1,040	1,560	2,080



Λ	1000ft buffer	
	200ft buffer	
	one third mile buffer	

Pilar_collection_and_discharge_sites

-	_	-			- Eas
0	260	520	1,040	1,560	2,080
				10 00 0000	

Appendix C



Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route




Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



Appendix D



Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



Appendix E

James and a second second second second

James and James and

(management)

(management)

(mark)

(managed ()managed (





N









Discharge Location- Private land Well Location and Depth to Water



Rinconada OSE Well Locations



Augus	t 3, 2017		
OSEV	Vells	•	PEN
٠	Other		OSE District Boundary
	ACT		



Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,

> New Mexico Office of the State Engineer These maps are distributed "as is" without warranty of any kind.

Pilar OSE Well Locations



August 3, 2017 OSE Wells	•	PEN	1:18,056 0 0.15 0.3 0.6 mi
• Other		OSE District Boundary	0 0.175 0.35 0.7 km Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors
• ACT			Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,

New Mexico Office of the State Engineer These maps are distributed "as is" without warranty of any kind.

Private OSE Well Locations





OSE District Boundary

- Other
- ACT



Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,

> New Mexico Office of the State Engineer These maps are distributed "as is" without warranty of any kind.

	wk rne Number:	RG 44010		Subbasir	1: -	Cross Referen	ce: -
	Primary Purpose:	DOM 72	-12-1 DO	MESTIC ON	E HOUSEH	OLD	
	Primary Status:	EXP E	XPIRED				
	Total Acres:			Subfile:	-		
	Total Diversion:			Cause/C	ase: -		
	Owner:	PERCY E.	GONZAL	.ES			
1	<u>67023 72121 1986-0</u>	<u>7-15</u> E: For n	XP EXP	CONVERSIO	N RG 4401 ersion Trans	0 T actions, please see H	lelp
ent Po	oints of Diversion				(NAD83 UT	M in meters)	
			0				

7/6/17 9:56 AM

WATER RIGHT SUMMARY



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Point of Diversion Summary

			(quart	ers are 1=	NW 2=	NE 3=	SW 4=SE	E)			
			(qua	rters are s	malles	t to lar	gest)	(NAD	83 UT	TM in meters	s)
Well Tag	PC	D Number	Q64	Q16 Q4	Sec	Tws	Rng		Х		Y
	R	6 09961		2	33	24N	11E	430	743	4014620	* 🚱
Driller Licen	se:	227	Driller C	ompany	: R0	OYBA		ERWE		RILLING	
Driller Name	:	ROYBAL, JAKE	E.								
Drill Start Da	te:	11/05/1963	Drill Fini	sh Date	:	11/	11/1963		Plug	Date:	
Log File Date	e:	11/20/1963	PCW Rc	Date:					Sour	ce:	Shallow
Pump Type:			Pipe Dise	charge	Size:				Estir	nated Yie	eld:
Casing Size:		6.63	Depth W	ell:		110) feet		Dept	h Water:	22 feet
v	ate	r Bearing Strati	fications:	Тор	Bott	om	Descrip	otion			
				65		78	Sandsto	one/G	ravel	/Conglom	erate
		Casing Per	forations:	Тор	Bott	om					
				90		110					

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.



72121 All Applications Under Statute 72-12-1

nsaction Number: 608	132	Tra	nsaction De	esc: RG 203	36 CLW	File Date: 06/06/20
Primary Status: PN	IT Per	mit				
Person Assigned: ***	'R App ****	rovea				
Applicant: KA	THLEEN	KNO	тн			
Events						
Date	Туре	Desc	ription		Comment	Processed By
06/06/2017	APP	Арр	lication Rece	eived	*	*****
06/06/2017	FIN	Fina	I Action on a	pplication		*****
06/06/2017	WAP	Gen	eral Approva	al Letter		*****
Change To:					200 X	
WR File Nbr	Acre	s	Diversion	Consumpti	ve Purpose of	Use
RG 20336			3		DOM 72-12 HOUSEHO	2-1 DOMESTIC ONE
**Point of Divers	ion				nedellie	
RG 20336 POD	2		430423	4014803	2	
RG 20336		R	430320	4014237* 🌘	<u>ک</u>	
An () after no	rthing valu	e indic	ates UTM loca	tion was derive	d from PLSS - se	e Help

Remarks

THIS PROCESS IS TO DRILL A NEW WELL THE CURRENT WELL IS NOT PRODUCING.

Conditions

- 11 This permit authorizes the diversion of water for domestic use to serve a single household. The total diversion of water under this permit shall not exceed 3 acre-feet per year. The diversion of water for domestic use may include the watering of non-commercial trees, lawn and garden not to exceed one acre.
- 6D Well pod_basin pod_nbr pod_suffix shall be plugged completely using the following method per Rules and Regulations Governing Well Driller Licensing, Construction, Repair and Plugging of Wells; 19.27.4.30.C unless an alternative plugging method is proposed by the well owner and approved by the State Engineer. A Plugging Report for said well shall be filed with the Office of the State Engineer in a District Office within 20 days of completion of the plugging, but no later than log_due

Action of the State Engineer

** See Image For Any Additional Conditions of Approval **

Approval Code:A - ApprovedAction Date:06/06/2017Log Due Date:06/06/2018State Engineer:Tom Blaine, P.E.

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.



saction Nu	mber: 42091	72121 8	All Applications Un Transaction Desc:	der Stati RG 1671	ute 72-12-1	File Date: 05/19/196
Primary St Secondary Person Ass Ap	tatus: PM Status: LOG signed: *** pplicant: CH	Γ Pern G Wel **** RIS WES	nit I Log Received T			
Events						
images	Date 05/19/1969	Туре АРР	Description Application Received		Comment *	Processed By ******
	06/10/1969	FIN	Final Action on applic	ation		*****
	06/10/1969	WAP	General Approval Let	ter		*****
images	06/01/1970	LOG	Well Log Received		*	*****
	07/23/2013	QAT	Quality Assurance Co	mpleted	IMAGE	*****
Change T	0:					
WR Fil	e Nbr	Acre	s Diversion C	onsumpti	ive Purpose of Us	e
RG 167	717		3		DOL 72-12- LIVESTOCK	I DOMESTIC AND
**Poi RG	16717	l	SW NE 2	23 24N	11E in Taos C	ounty
Remarks						
	WELL LOCA NEAR HOUS	TION: O E.	N PILAR HILL ABOV	E THE N	MICA MILL 1/3	MILE
Condition 4	Use shall be li exceed one act	mited to re and/or	household, non-comm stock use.	ercial tre	es, lawn and gar	den not to

Action of the State Engineer

** See Image For Any Additional Conditions of Approval **Approval Code:A - ApprovedAction Date:06/10/1969Log Due Date:06/16/1970State Engineer:Example State S

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data

7/6/17 9:53 AM

TRANSACTION SUMMARY



Processed By ******	Comment					
*****			Description	Туре	Date	Events
	*	ed	Application Receive	APP	07/22/1964	images
*****		lication	Final Action on appl	FIN	07/22/1964	-
*****		etter	General Approval L	WAP	07/22/1964	
*****		Completed	Quality Assurance C	QAT	06/18/2004	
*****		Completed	Quality Assurance C	QAT	06/18/2004	
					0:	Change To
Use	ve Purpose of Use	Consumpti	es Diversion	Acre	e Nbr	WR File
-12	ve Purpose of U DOM 72-12 HOUSEHO	Consumpti	es Diversion 3	Acre	o: e Nbr 529	Change To WR File RG 115

Conditions

4 Use shall be limited to household, non-commercial trees, lawn and garden not to exceed one acre and/or stock use.

Action of the State Engineer

** See Image For Any Additional Conditions of Approval **

Approval Code:	A - Approved
Action Date:	07/22/1964
Log Due Date:	07/15/1965

State Engineer:

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/I&C make. no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data

7/6/17 9:57 AM

TRANSACTION SUMMARY



72121 All Applications Under Statute 72-12-1

saction N	lumber: 3101	37	Transaction Desc: RG 077	47	File Date: 07/27/1962
Primary S Secondar Person A A	Status: CA ry Status: FIN ssigned: **** pplicant: HA	N Car I Fina **** ROLD L	ncelled Permit alized . LAW		
Events					and a second and a second s
	Date	Туре	Description	Comment	Processed By
et images	07/27/1962	APP	Application Received	*	*****
	07/27/1962	FIN	Final Action on application		*****
	07/27/1962	WAP	General Approval Letter		*****
	07/16/1963	FCN	Finalize Cancel of permit		***
Change	То:				
WR Fi	le Nbr	Acre	s Diversion Consumpt	ive Purpose of	Use
RG 07	7747		3	DOM 72-1	2-1 DOMESTIC ONE
**Po	int of Diversi	on		HOUSEHO	DLD
R	G 07747		SE NW 23 24N	11E in Taos	County

Remarks

ALSO TO BE USED FOR LIVESTOCK WATERING.

APPROXIMATELY 3/4 MILES SOUTH OF HONDO CANYON TOWARDS PILAR.

Conditions

4 Use shall be limited to household, non-commercial trees, lawn and garden not to exceed one acre and/or stock use.

Action of the State Engineer

** See Image For Any Additional Conditions of Approval **

Approval Code:A - ApprovedAction Date:07/27/1962Log Due Date:07/15/1963State Engineer:

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

Appendix F

•

.



Appendix G

(and some

-

(and the second second

(second)

(annual)

(and see all s

-



Soil Map—Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties (Rinconada Station)

	MAP L	EGEND		MAP INFORMATION
Area of In Soils Special Special Special Special	MAP L Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI) Soil Map Unit Polygons Soil Map Unit Points Soil Map Unit Polygons Soil Map Unit	EGEND	Spoil Area Stony Spot Very Stony Spot Wet Spot Other Special Line Features atures Streams and Canals tation Rails Interstate Highways US Routes Major Roads Local Roads Ind Aerial Photography	MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000. Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more details scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator distance and area. A projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data of the version date(s) listed below! Soil (Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Deita: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographied: Sep 22, 2011—A
-∷ ● ◇ ♪ Ø	Sandy Spot Severely Eroded Spot Sinkhole Slide or Slip Sodic Spot			Date(s) aerial images were photog _{aph} ed: Sep 22, 2011—A 25, 2012 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Rio Ar	Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties (NM650)					
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI			
148	Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	8.4	54.7%			
242	Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes	7.0	45.3%			
Totals for Area of Interest		15.4	100.0%			

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

148-Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1wh4 Elevation: 6,000 to 7,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 100 to 140 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Chita and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Chita

Setting

Landform: Mesas Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 3 inches: loam BA and Bt - 3 to 10 inches: loam Btk and Bk - 10 to 38 inches: silty clay loam 2Bk - 38 to 60 inches: gravelly sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 5 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Low Capacity of the most limiting layer to trainsmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of flooding: None Calcium carbonate, maximum in prcfile: 35 percent Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaine to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6c Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Dermala

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope, head slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Pinyon-Juniper/Skunkbush Sumac Shallow Sandy (F036XB133NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Pinavetes

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Dunes Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: Sandy Slopes (R036XB111NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016



Map Unit Description: Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes---Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

242-Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1wj2 Elevation: 5,800 to 7,800 feet Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 49 degrees F Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Tinaja and similar soils: 50 percent Rock outcrop: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Tinaja

Setting

Landform: Escarpments Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Colluvium derived from sandstone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: extremely gravelly loam Bk1 - 4 to 43 inches: very cobbly sandy clay loam 2Bk2 - 43 to 60 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 45 to 75 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: High Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

- Frequency of flooding: None
- Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

SDA

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: Steep Gravelly - Woodland (F035XG135NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

R - 0 to 60 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 in/hr)

Minor Components

Chita

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Mesas Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Menefee

Percent of map unit: 7 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope, head slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: Gravelly - Woodland (F035XG134NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Teromote

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Alluvial fans Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM)



Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016

140





Page 1 of 3

Soil Map—Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (Pilar Launcher)

Area of In	terest (AOI)	8	Spoil Area
	Area of Interest (AOI)	٥	Stony Spot
Soils	Soil Map Unit Polygons	0	Very Stony Spot
	Soil Map Unit Lines	8	Wet Spot
	Soil Man Unit Points	Δ	Other
Special	Point Fostures	-	Special Line Features
to)	Blowout	Water Fea	itures
N7	Borrow Pit	~	Streams and Canals
	Clay Spot	Transport	ation
*	Ciay Spot	+++	Rails
0	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways
X	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes
	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads
0	Landfill	-	Local Roads
A	Lava Flow	Backgrou	nd
-	Marsh or swamp		Aerial Photography
*	Mine or Quarry		
0	Miscellaneous Water		
0	Perennial Water		
Y	Rock Outcrop		,
+	Saline Spot		
1	Sandy Spot		
•	Severely Eroded Spot		
•	Sinkhole		
>	Slide or Slip		
15	Sodic Spot		
-			

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 22, 2011—Apr 25, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Map Unit Legend

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (NM670)					
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
ORG	Orthents-Badland association, very steep	6.0	5.0%		
ОТБ	Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep	61.4	50.7%		
PfC	Petaca-Prieta complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes	rieta complex, 1 to 8 53.6 slopes	44.3%		
RcG	Rock outcrop, very steep	0.1	0.1%		
Totals for Area of Interest	otals for Area of Interest		100.0%		

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

OTG—Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: k1gl Elevation: 6,400 to 10,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 9 to 23 inches Mean annual air temperature: 44 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 140 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Orthents and similar soils: 50 percent Rock outcrop: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Orthents

Setting

Landform: Canyons Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Colluvium derived from basalt

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: very gravelly loam H2 - 10 to 60 inches: very gravelly clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 40 to 80 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Very high Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.21 to 0.71 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0 Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

JSDA

Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Breaks (R051XA006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

R - 0 to 60 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Runoff class: Very high Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8 Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Montecito

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Ecological site: south of Gallup 13-16 (F036XA001NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Trampas

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Ecological site: Pine Grassland (R048AY010NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015





MAP LEGEND				MAP INFORMATION	
Area of Interest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI)		a	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.	
Soils	Soil Man Linit Polygons	å	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.	
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	Ŷ	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of map ping can caus misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of so	
	Soil Map Unit Points	۵ •	Other Special Line Features	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detai	
Special Point Features		Water Fea	atures	scale.	
Borrow Pit		Streams and Canals		Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.	
×	Clay Spot	Transport	Rails	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:	
\diamond	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)	
\sim	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Merca projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as t Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required	
~.	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads		
Ø	Landfill		Local Roads		
A.	Lava Flow	Backgrou	und Acricl Distances bu	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified d	
عله	Marsh or swamp		Aerial Photography	of the version date(s) listed below.	
ж Ф	Mine or Quarry Miscellaneous V/ater	tine or Quarry Aiscellaneous Vater		Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Counties, New Mexico	
Š	Perennial Water			Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015	
v	Rock Outcrop			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.	
+	Saline Spot			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 22, 2011-	
۵ ° ۵ ° ۵	Sandy Spot			25, 2012	
	Severely Eroded Spot	ly Eroded Spot le r Slip		The orthophoto or other basemar) on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the backg round imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor	
0	Sinkhole				
Þ	Slide or Slip			shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.	
ß	Sodic Spot				
Map Unit Legend

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Countles, New Mexico (NM670)				
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
SSC	Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping	40.9	100.0%	
Totals for Area of Interest		40.9	100.0%	

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

SSC—Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: k1hf Elevation: 6,500 to 8,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 115 to 135 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Silva and similar soils: 65 percent Sedillo and similar soils: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Silva

Setting

Landform: Ridges, divides Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: loam

H2 - 3 to 31 inches: clay loam

H3 - 31 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):
Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0

Available water storage in profile: High (about 10.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e



Map Unit Description: Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping---Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

> Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Sedillo

Setting

Landform: Divides Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: gravelly loam

- H2 3 to 11 inches: very gravelly clay loam
- H3 11 to 60 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):

Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 3 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0 Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Gravelly Slopes (R036XA004NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Fernando

Percent of map unit: Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Manzano

Percent of map unit: Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM)

USDA

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015

Appendix H

FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official) Rinrondada collection location



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official) Pilar cullection location





Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official) Private land discharge location



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC), 7120 Wyoming Blvd NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109, has submitted an application for an Individual Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit to the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division (OCD) for discharging the hydrostatic test water from the Taos Mainline, a newly constructed natural gas pipeline. Approximately 6.7 miles of new 12-inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8-inch pipe will be hydrostatically tested using water from the City of Espanola. NMGC will discharge the test water within T24N R11W Sections 22 and 23. This location is west of Highway 68 about a 1/4 mile north of NMDOT milepost 32 (approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar, NM). The hydrostatic test is scheduled for November 2017. Approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater will be generated from the hydrostatic test of new pipe. Because NMGC is testing new pipe, the water is expected to meet Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) water quality standards in NMAC 20.6.2.3103. If WQCC water quality standards are not met the test water will be hauled to an OCD approved facility for disposal. The depth of groundwater potentially affected by the discharge is about 300 feet below the surface. The total dissolved solids in the region range from 200-400 mg/l.

Any interested person may obtain information, submit comments, and request to be placed on a facility-specific mailing list for future notices by contacting Brad Jones at the New Mexico OCD at 1220 South St Francis Drive, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, Telephone (505) 476-3487. The OCD will accept comments and statements of interest regarding the permit application and will provide future notices for this pipeline upon request.

Jones, Brad A., EMNRD

From: Sent: To: Subject: Jones, Brad A., EMNRD Thursday, August 17, 2017 5:22 PM 'Fiedler, Marcelle F.' RE: Pilar hydrostatic test NOI

Marcelle,

Thank you for making the appropriate revisions. Please mail OCD a hardcopy.

Brad

Brad A. Jones Environmental Engineer EMNRD Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. Saint Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 E-mail: <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u> Office: (505) 476-3487 Fax: (505) 476-3462

From: Fiedler, Marcelle F. [mailto:Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com] Sent: Thursday, August 17, 2017 2:59 PM To: Jones, Brad A., EMNRD <brad.a.jones@state.nm.us> Subject: RE: Pilar hydrostatic test NOI

Brad

I believe I captured what we discussed today. Let me know if this looks alright and I will send it in the mail tomorrow. marcelle

From: Jones, Brad A., EMNRD [mailto:brad.a.jones@state.nm.us] Sent: Thursday, August 17, 2017 9:45 AM To: Fiedler, Marcelle F. <<u>Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com</u>> Subject: Pilar hydrostatic test NOI

***** Don't be quick to click! We're counting on you! This email is from an external sender! Don't click links or open attachments from unknown sources. Forward suspicious emails as an attachment to <u>phishing@tecoenergy.com</u> for analysis by our cyber security team. *****

Brad A. Jones Environmental Engineer EMNRD Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. Saint Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 E-mail: <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u>

Office: (505) 476-3487 *Fax:* (505) 476-3462

NOTICE: This email is intended only for the individual(s) to whom it is addressed and may contain confidential information. If you have received this email by mistake, please notify the sender immediately, delete this email from your system and do not copy or disclose it to anyone else. Although we take precautions to protect against viruses, we advise you to take your own precautions to protect against viruses as we accept no liability for any which remain.

Jones, Brad A., EMNRD

From:	Fiedler, Marcelle F. <marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com></marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com>	
Sent:	Thursday, August 17, 2017 2:59 PM	
То:	Jones, Brad A., EMNRD	
Subject:	RE: Pilar hydrostatic test NOI	
Attachments:	2017 Pilar hydro test ver4 recover.doc; public notice Pilar 2017.doc	

Brad

I believe I captured what we discussed today. Let me know if this looks alright and I will send it in the mail tomorrow. marcelle

From: Jones, Brad A., EMNRD [mailto:brad.a.jones@state.nm.us] Sent: Thursday, August 17, 2017 9:45 AM To: Fiedler, Marcelle F. <Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com> Subject: Pilar hydrostatic test NOI

***** Don't be quick to click! We're counting on you! This email is from an external sender! Don't click links or open attachments from unknown sources. Forward suspicious emails as an attachment to <u>phishing@tecoenergy.com</u> for analysis by our cyber security team. ****

Brad A. Jones Environmental Engineer EMNRD Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. Saint Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 E-mail: <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u> Office: (505) 476-3487 Fax: (505) 476-3462

NOTICE: This email is intended only for the individual(s) to whom it is addressed and may contain confidential information. If you have received this email by mistake, please notify the sender immediately, delete this email from your system and do not copy or disclose it to anyone else. Although we take precautions to protect against viruses, we advise you to take your own precautions to protect against viruses as we accept no liability for any which remain.



CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

August 17, 2017

Mr. Brad Jones State of New Mexico - Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: NMGC test of Taos Mainline (Pilar) Notice of Intent to Hydrostatically Test and Discharge

Dear Mr. Jones,

On May 26, 2017 New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) submitted a notice of intent to hydrostatically test and discharge water from the Taos Mainline, Taos County New Mexico. The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) replied with a letter on June 9, 2017 saying the application was administratively incomplete. NMGC submitted corrections to the proposal on July 20th. In response to further comments made by Brad Jones at OCD on the July 20th revision, NMGC is submitting the following revisions to the proposal. Following the Oil Conservation Division Guidelines for Hydrostatic Test Dewatering, NMGC has provided the following information:

Summary of Activities

NMGC will hydrostatically test 6.7 miles of new 12- inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8- inch pipe that will be installed to replace the Taos mainline. To reduce water usage, the new pipe will be tested in four segments requiring a total of approximately 78,500 gallons of water from a municipal or domestic source. The City of Espanola public works department has been identified as a potential source for this project. Fresh water will be hauled and stored in tenks at the NMGC Rinconada launcher station in Rinconada, NM at the south end of the project. Approximately 76,200 gallons of water will be put into the new 12-inch pipe at the Rinconada station to test the first 2.3 miles. NMGC will then transfer 69,700 gallons into the second section which is 2.1 miles. The extra water (6,500 gallons) from the first section will be hauled back by an C-133 water hauler to the Rinconada station at the south end. The water from the second section (69,700 gallons) will be transferred to the third section and 8,800 gallons from the 'ank at Rinconada will be added (using a C-133 water hauler) for a total of 78,500 gallons tor the third 2.4 mile section. A water sample will be taken after the completion of the last test section and

sent to be analyzed for WQCC standards. The remaining water from the first 3 sections will be pushed back (in the pipe) to the south end and stored in the tanks at the Rinconada station while the water from the 4th section will be stored in a tank on the north end (at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station) until the results from the water analysis are received. The hydrostatic test water, upon receiving OCD approval, will be discharged on private property near the north end of the project in a manner that prevents erosion and entry into or near existing drainages or waterways and impact to adjacent properties.

A. Name and Address of Discharger

NMGC Marcelle Fiedler BC 22 PO Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87199

B. Location and Legal Description of Discharge

Collection Points: Most of test water (72,000 gallons) will be collected at the Rinconada launcher station which is at the south end of the new 7.2 miles of pipe. The Rinconada station is within Section 15, Township 23N, and Range 10E. The Rinconada station can be found by driving from Rinconada, NM on US68 about 0.5 mile north from NMDOT milepost (MP) 23 to a location on the west side of US68 between the highway and the river. Approximately 6,500 gallons of water will be stored at the north end of the project at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station within Section 28, Township 24N, and Range 11E. The Pilar Launcher/receiver station is on the west side of Highway 68 at MP 30. Enclosed are maps showing the locations where the water will be collected.

Discharge Point: Before the water is discharged, the hydrostatic test water will be analyzed by an accredited analytical laboratory. If approved by OCD, test waters will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar NM. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 approximately a quarter mile north of MP 32 would like to have the water sprayed onto their property. The property is 66 acres total but water will be sprayed within the areas cleared of vegetation, other than grasses, totaling 19 acres. Enclosed is a map showing the locations where water will be sprayed.

D. Maps

The following maps are included with this permit application.

Appendix A - Overview of project area

Appendix B - Land Ownership maps (topo map)

Appendix C - Water collection site (topo and aerial map)

Appendix D - Discharge location site (topo and aerial map)

Appendix E - Well map and POD's

Appendix F - Geology of area

Appendix G - Soils

Appendix H - FEMA maps

E. Demonstration of Compliance with Siting Criteria

See attached Maps and Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria completed by the NMGC Project Engineer for demonstration of compliance with Siting Criteria for the water collection area and proposed discharge areas.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Collection Areas</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, the hydrostatic test water collected in tanks will be more than 200 feet from any watercourse at the south end by Rinconada. At the Pilar launcher station, the tank holding 6,500 gallons is 166 ft from an ephemeral stream located to the northeast. In addition, there are 2 small arroyos not shown on the USFWS maps to the north and west. The arroyo to the west is 80 feet away and the one to the north is 120 feet away. These arroyos were GPS'ed and are shown on the map provided. The tank at Pilar will have 1 and 1/3 containment and it will be inspected daily when holding water to look for leaks. There are no lakebeds, sinkholes or playa lakes within 200ft. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet west from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (RG44010) associated with this well shows it is expired. The closest active well to the tanks on the south end at Rinconada station is 1900ft away. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft away. The POD number is RG09961. There is a pending well (POD RG20336) more than 2000 ft from the Pilar location. (see Well location maps, POD print outs, and section N below)
 - 3. USGS quad maps show the nearest springs are more than 2.5 miles from the north end of the project.
 - 4. The Rinconada and Pilar locations are not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=cbe088e7c8704464aa0fc34eb99e7f30

- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - 5. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft of either the Rinconada or Pilar collection areas. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 6. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines and email verification was submitted to NMGC that there are no mines in the area. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines using the USGS quad maps to search. There are none within the Trampas USGS quad maps near Rinconada. There is a closed mine within the Carson quad map near Pilar but it is not within the Township, Range and Section of the collection location. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property. (see attached maps)

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html

v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church

7. NMGC Rinconada and Pilar water collection areas are not within 500 feet of any permanent residences, school, hospital, institution, or church.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Discharge Area</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, discharge on the private land will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse. The only hydrological feature on the property crosses the far northeast corner and NMGC will be more than 200 ft from it. There are no lakebeds, sinkholes or playa lakes within 200ft. (see Discharge area maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the private property used for discharging water. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2500 ft to the east of the discharge area. The POD for this well is RG16717. The records for well POD RG11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed and POD RG07747 was cancelled. (see Well location maps, POD print outs, and section N below)
 - 3. USGS quad maps show the nearest springs are more than 2.5 miles from the north end of the project.
 - 4. The discharge area is not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=cbe088e7c8704464aa0fc34eb99e7f30

- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - 5. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 6. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines. NMGC has email verification that there are no abandoned mines in the area of discharge. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines using USGS quad maps. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property. See attached maps.

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html

- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 7. There are four permanent residences within 500 feet of the areas where NMGC plans to discharge the water. There are 3 residences (residents 1-3) within the property where water will be discharged and 1 resident (resident 4) on the property directly to the north that has an adjoining property line. No water will be discharged on the neighboring property, but residence #4 is 170 feet from the discharge area.

The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres). The topography slopes gently from east to west so water will drain away from the structure (residence #2) in the SE part of the property when water is sprayed in the SW area. NMGC will maintain a 100ft buffer from residence #2. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 ft from the SW discharge

area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area. However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water in the NE area every other day to allow extra time for infiltration. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily. (see Discharge area maps)

F. Description of Activities

The natural gas transmission pipeline will be hydrostatically tested in 4 sections using approximately 78,500 gallons of water. (City of Espanola has been identified as a source for water). The first section will use approximately 76,200 gallons of water, 69,700 gallons will be transferred into the second section, the third section will use 78,500 gallons and the last section will use 6,500 gallons. Each section will be tested for a minimum of 8 hours.

NMGC anticipates starting the hydrostatic test in October 2017. Once hydrostatic testing starts, it will take 3-5 days to test each section. After the tests are complete, the water will be stored in holding tanks for an additional 14 days while the water analysis is completed. When the results of the water analysis are received, and with OCD permission, the water will be sprayed onto private property approximately 6-8 weeks after hydrostatic testing starts. It will take approximately 5 days to discharge all the water. NMGC anticipates that the water will be off site by approximately December 1st.

G. Method & Location for Collection and Retention of Fluids

Hydrostatic Test

Collection Area (Rinconada): Four 21,000 gallon closed top frac tanks will be used to contain the test water after the tests are completed. The tanks will be placed within a temporary use area (TUA) on the west side of US 68 about 0.5 mile north of Rinconada. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. When filling, the tanks will be interconnected. When a tank has been filled, valves will be closed/disconnected to isolate the filled tank. NMGC will use plastic liner or drip trays under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing test water.

Collection Area (Pilar): A single 10,000-gallon closed top frac tank will be placed where the new Pilar launching station will be constructed to store about 6,500 gallons from the hydro test of 8 inch section of pipe. The tank will be placed within TUA on the west side of US 68 about 1 mile north of Pilar. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment around the tank since it is within 200 feet of an ephemeral waterway. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.

H. BMPs to Contain Discharge On Site & Control Erosion

Plastic liner and drip trays will be placed under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. Water will be sprayed onto the ground in a controlled rate so that erosion does not occur. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. Water will not be sprayed on days when wind will carry the water off the ground. Boundaries of areas where water will not be discharged will be flagged or have signs.

I. Request for Alternate Treatment/Disposal

NMGC is not requesting an alternate discharge location.

J. Hydrostatic Test Water Sampling Plan

A sample of the hydrostatic test water will be collected from the pipe after the last test section is complete. The test water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC 20.6.2.3103 (A)(B)(C). Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for review and approval to discharge. NMGC will expedite the laboratory analyses to minimize the storage time of the test water.

K. <u>Method of Disposal of Fluids and Solids after Test Completion if the Water exceeds the</u> <u>WQCC standards</u>

NMGC is a transmission and distribution company. Therefore, waste generated by NMGC is RCRA nonexempt. If the hydrostatic test water does not meet OCD conditions (WQCC standards) for discharge to the ROW and is not a RCRA characterized hazardous waste (40 CFR 261.21-24), NMGC will dispose of it at the class one injection well at Agua Moss LLC facility near Farmington, NM. Transportation of such water will only be performed by an OCD authorized C-133 water hauler. If the water is tested as a RCRA characterized hazardous waste, test water will be shipped by a licensed transporter to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal.

L. Expected Quality & Volume of Discharge

The expected volume of the hydrostatic test discharge is approximately 78,500 gallons. Based on water analyzes from previous hydrostatic tests on new pipe, NMGC anticipates that water quality will meet WQCC standards for discharge.

M. Geological Characteristics of Subsurface at Discharge Site

General Geology: The geology of the region consists of a diverse mix of structural, volcanic and depositional terrains associated with Laramide-age uplift, Teritary-age extensional tectonics and Quaternary-age depositions. The Rio Grande Gorge and Taos Plateau are some of the major structural elements of the area. These features are part of a larger structure, the Rio Grande rift. It is approximately 240 km long, and is bordered by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east, and the Tusas and San Juan Mountains on the west. The southern part of the basin is a physiographically and geologically unique terrain known as the Taos Plateau. The plateau is composed mostly of 3-5 million-year-old basalts that were erupted locally. The basin fill is comprised of a wide variety of alluvial, colluvium, and eolian deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. The Rio Grande has cut through these sedimentary and igneous deposits to expose the layers known as the Rio Grande Gorge.

Collection and Discharge Areas:

The geology at the location where NMGC will discharge water (private property on the north end) is mapped as quaternary (Qp) with piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower Pleistocene). This includes deposits of higher gradient, tributaries bordering major stream valleys, alluvial veneers of the piedmont slope, and alluvial fans.

At the south end of the project, by the Rinconada launcher, the geology is quaternary (Ql) – landslide deposits and colluvium (Holocene to Pleistocene).

The geology in the middle at the Pilar launcher is Tertiary (Tsf), the lower Santa Fe group (upper Miocene to uppermost Oligocene.

The geology of the collection and discharge sites are similar in nature but the surface formation that they occur on are different. The first collection site at Rinconada is comprised of landslide deposits and colluvium from the Holocene and Pleistocene, the sediment material is not well sorted and is of a lose nature. The second discharge site at Pilar is comprised of alluvial deposits of the Santa Fe Group from the Miocene and Oligocene periods. The sediment material is moderately sorted and is comprised of mostly course grained mixed clastic and is unconsolidated. The discharge site is on privately owned land and is comprised of alluvial deposits from the Holocene and Pleistocene periods. The site is part of the Piedmont Alluvial deposits and are also course grained unconsolidated clastic deposits.

Geologic Reference:

1) New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, 2003, Geologic Map of New Mexico, Peter A. Scholle, State Geologist, Published in coorperation with the US Geological Survey. Electronic access to the map may be found: http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/maps/geologic/state/home.html

Soils (see attached soil maps)

Collection Area (Rinconada): The Rinconada collection area consists of two soil types: 1) Chita loam and 2) Tinaja Rock outcrop complex. The Chita loam association consists of Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock. The Tinaja Rock outcrop complex is derived from sandstone and is an extremely gravelly loam that is well drained.

Collection Area (Pilar): The Pilar collection area consists of Orthents-Rock outcrop association which is colluvium derived from basalt. It is well drained and very gravelly loam.

Discharge Area: Soils in the discharge area on private property is part of the Silva-Sedillo association. This soil is alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale.

N. Depth & TDS Concentration of Ground Water Most Likely to be Affected by Discharge

Collection Areas: According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet west from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (RG44010) associated with this well shows it is expired (print out of this and other PODs is attached). Other wells in the area (more than 2,000 ft away) have a depth to water from between 10 to 130 feet. Given that the Rinconda collection location is 200 feet higher in elevation then those wells, the depth to ground water at the

collection location is likely between 210 and 330 feet. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft to the south and its depth to water is 22ft. The POD number is RG09961. The elevation at that well is 6340 feet and the elevation at the Pilar location is 6400 feet. Therefore, the groundwater at the Pilar collection location is approximately 82 ft. There is a pending well (POD RG20336) more than 2000 ft from the Pilar location.

Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water and the depth to water is 400 ft. The POD for this well is RG16717. Since the elevation at the well is 100 feet higher than the discharge area, the depth to groundwater at the discharge area is likely approximately 300 ft. The records for well POD RG11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed and POD RG07747 was cancelled.

Total dissolved solids (TDS) for the project area: There are two springs 2.5 miles northeast of the discharge location. The springs have a TDS of 258 and 303 mg/l. In the general area, TDS values from the Picuris piedmont aquifer ranges from 200 to 400 mg/l and it is reasonable to assume that the TDS range is 200-400 mg/L for the collection and discharge areas. (Source: Hydrogeologic Investigation of the Southern Taos Valley, Taos NM, NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2016). (page 74 from the report is attached)

O. <u>ID of Landowners at and Adjacent to Discharge Site and Collection/Retention Site</u> A map is provided showing the landownership of the underlying and adjacent property owners from the water collection location and the area where water will be sprayed if approved by OCD. The collection locations are on Bureau of Land Management property and the discharge location is on private land. Both have been notified of the project and have been involved in the project planning. NMGC has received a permit from BLM for this project. The BLM permit application included a discussion of the frac tanks that will collect water from the hydrostatic test. NMGC has received written confirmation from the private landowner giving approval to discharge the water on their property (see attached letter). The landowner adjacent to the private landowner (residence #4 - Mark and Ann Robertson) where water will be discharged has been notified by letter of the project. NMGC is researching the other private landowners within 1/3 of a mile of the discharge location and will notify them of the proposed hydrostatic test. BLM is the surrounding landowner at the Pilar collection location. There are 2 private landowners within 1/3 of a mile of the Rinconda collection location. They are Patricia Nielsen and Leslie Rogers – Peckman and they will be notified of the hydrostatic test.

Release

In the event of a release associated with project activities, NMGC will conduct corrective action pursuant to WQCC Regulation 20.6.2.1203 NMAC and release notification pursuant to OCD Rule 29 (19.15.29 NMAC).

Public Notice

Once OCD rules this application as administratively complete, NMGC will provide notice in Spanish and English of the permit application in the Taos News as a display ad (not in the legal or classified section) at least 3 inches by 4 inches following requirements in NMAC 20.6.2.3108. In addition, a 2ft by 3ft sign with a synopsis of the public notice in Spanish and English will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and within the Highway 68 right-of-way on the west

side near the private property where water will be discharged as defined in 20.6.2.3108.B.1 for 30 days.

NMGC will also send a copy of the public notice by certified mail, return receipt to the owner of the discharge location and send a copy of the public notice by mail to all owners within 1/3 mile from the discharge site as listed in section O above.

A check for \$100 was enclosed with the original submittal on May 26, 2017.

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required please notify me in writing. Please call me at (505) 697-3516 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Marcelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Scientist Attachment: Location maps

Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria

I, Rebecca Sandoval, Project Engineer with NMGC visited the project site in the field on August 4, 2017 and verified that the location where NMGC will collect and discharge the hydrostatic test water from the pipe meets the following siting criteria:

A. Collection Areas

- Is not within an active wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system (nearest active wells are between 1900 and 2500ft away and the nearest springs are 2.5 miles away) or within a 100 year floodplain.
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft of the Rinconada collection location. There is an arroyo (as shown on the National Wetland Inventory data) within 170 feet of the Pilar collection location. In addition, there are 2 small arroyos not shown on the USFWS maps to the north and west. The arroyo to the west is 80 feet away and the one to the north is 120 feet away. These arroyos were GPS'ed and are shown on the map provided.
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are no schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft
- There are no permanent residence, schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft.

B. Discharge Area

- Is not within 1,000 ft of a wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system (nearest active well is 2500ft away and the nearest springs are 2.5 miles away) or within 100 year floodplain
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are four private residences within 500 ft of the discharge area. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from the residences: 300ft from residence #1, 100ft from residences #2 and 3, and 170ft from residence #4.

My observations in the field match the enclosed map showing where NMGC plans to collect the water.

Signature

Date





Rinconada collection location



Pilar collection location



SW discharge area private land



NE discharge area private land



Attachments

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC), 7120 Wyoming Blvd NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109, has submitted an application for an Individual Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit to the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division (OCD) for discharging the hydrostatic test water from the Taos Mainline, a newly constructed natural gas pipeline. Approximately 6.7 miles of new 12-inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8-inch pipe will be hydrostatically tested using water from the City of Espanola. NMGC will discharge the test water within T24N R11W Sections 22 and 23. This location is west of Highway 68 about a ¹/₄ mile north of NMDOT milepost 32 (approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar, NM). The hydrostatic test is scheduled for November 2017. Approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater will be generated from the hydrostatic test of new pipe. Because NMGC is testing new pipe, the water is expected to meet Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) water quality standards in NMAC 20.6.2.3103. If WQCC water quality standards are not met the test water will be hauled to an OCD approved facility for disposal. The depth of groundwater potentially affected by the discharge is about 300 feet below the surface. The total dissolved solids in the region range from 200-400 mg/l.

Any interested person may obtain information, submit comments, and request to be placed on a facility-specific mailing list for future notices by contacting Brad Jones at the New Mexico OCD at 1220 South St Francis Drive, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, Telephone (505) 476-3487. The OCD will accept comments and statements of interest regarding the permit application and will provide future notices for this pipeline upon request.

Jones, Brad A., EMNRD

From:	Jones, Brad A., EMNRD			
Sent:	Thursday, August 17, 2017 9:45 AM			
То:	'Fiedler, Marcelle F.'			
Subject:	Pilar hydrostatic test NOI			
Attachments:	2017 0815 OCD Pilar hydro test ver3.pdf; 2017 0816 OCD public notice Pilar 2017.pdf; Discharge FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official).pdf; Pilar FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official).pdf; Rinconada FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official).pdf			

Brad A. Jones Environmental Engineer EMNRD Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. Saint Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 E-mail: <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u> Office: (505) 476-3487 Fax: (505) 476-3462



<u>CERTIFIED MAIL</u> <u>RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED</u>

August 8, 2017

Mr. Brad Jones State of New Mexico - Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: NMGC test of Taos Mainline (Pilar) Notice of Intent to Hydrostatically Test and Discharge

Dear Mr. Jones,

On May 26, 2017 New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) submitted a notice of intent to hydrostatically test and discharge water from the Taos Mainline, Taos County New Mexico. The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) replied with a letter on June 9, 2017 saying the application was administratively incomplete. NMGC submitted corrections to the proposal on July 20th. In response to further comments made by Brad Jones at OCD on the July 20th revision, NMGC is submitting the following revisions to the proposal. Following the Oil Conservation Division Guidelines for Hydrostatic Test Dewatering, NMGC has provided the following information:

Summary of Activities

NMGC will hydrostatically test 6.7 miles of new 12- inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8- inch pipe that will be installed to replace the Taos mainline. To reduce water usage, the new pipe will be tested in four segments requiring a total of approximately 78,500 gallons of water from a municipal or domestic source. The City of Espanola public works department has been identified as a potential source for this project. Fresh water will be hauled and stored in tanks at the NMGC Rinconada launcher station in Rinconada, NM at the south end of the project. Approximately 76,200 gallons of water will be put into the new 12-inch pipe at the Rinconada station to test the first 2.3 miles. NMGC will then transfer 69,700 gallons into the second section which is 2.1 miles. The extra water (6,500 gallons) from the first section will be hauled back by an C-133 water hauler to the Rinconada station at the south end. The water from the second section (69,700 gallons) will be transferred to the third section and 8,800 gallons for the tank at Rinconada will be added (using a C-133 water hauler) for a total of 78,500 gallons for the third 2.4 mile section. The last section of 8- inch pipe will use 6,500 gallons of water transferred from the third section. A water sample will be taken after the completion of the last test section and

sent to be analyzed for WQCC standards. The remaining water from the first 3 sections will be pushed back (in the pipe) to the south end and stored in the tanks at the Rinconada station while the water from the 4th section will be stored in a tank on the north end (at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station) until the results from the water analysis are received. The hydrostatic test water, upon receiving OCD approval, will be discharged on private property near the north end of the project in a manner that prevents erosion and entry into or near existing drainages or waterways and impact to adjacent properties.

A. Name and Address of Discharger

NMGC Marcelle Fiedler BC 22 PO Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87199

B. Location and Legal Description of Discharge

Collection Points: Most of test water (72,000 gallons) will be collected at the Rinconada launcher station which is at the south end of the new 7.2 miles of pipe. The Rinconada station is within Section 15, Township 23N, and Range 10E. The Rinconada station can be found by driving from Rinconada, NM on US68 about 0.5 mile north from NMDOT milepost (MP) 23 to a location on the west side of US68 between the highway and the river. Approximately 6,500 gallons of water will be stored at the north end of the project at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station within Section 28, Township 24N, and Range 11E. The Pilar Launcher/receiver station is on the west side of Highway 68 at MP 30. Enclosed are maps showing the locations where the water will be collected.

Discharge Point: Before the water is discharged, the hydrostatic test water will be analyzed by an accredited analytical laboratory. If approved by OCD, test waters will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar NM. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 approximately a quarter mile north of MP 32 would like to have the water sprayed onto their property. The property is 66 acres total but water will be sprayed within the areas cleared of vegetation, other than grasses, totaling 19 acres. Enclosed is a map showing the locations where water will be sprayed.

D. Maps

The following maps are included with this permit application.

Appendix A - Overview of project area

Appendix B - Land Ownership maps (topo map)

Appendix C - Water collection site (topo and aerial map)

Appendix D - Discharge location site (topo and aerial map)

Appendix E - Well map and POD's

Appendix F - Geology of area

Appendix G - Soils

Appendix H - FEMA maps

E. Demonstration of Compliance with Siting Criteria

See attached Maps and Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria completed by the NMGC Project Engineer for demonstration of compliance with Siting Criteria for the water collection area and proposed discharge areas.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Collection Areas</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, the hydrostatic test water collected in tanks will be more than 200 feet from any watercourse at the south end by Rinconada. At the Pilar launcher station, the tank holding 6,500 gallons is 166 ft from an ephemeral stream located to the northeast. In addition, there are 2 small arroyos not shown on the USFWS maps to the north and west. The arroyo to the west is 80 feet away and the one to the north is 120 feet away. These arroyos were GPS'ed and are shown on the map provided. The tank at Pilar will have 1 and 1/3 containment and it will be inspected daily when holding water to look for leaks. There are no lakebeds, sinkholes or playa lakes within 200ft. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet west from the Rinconada collection location. The PO 274010) associated with this well shows it is expired. The closest active well to the tanks on the south end at Rinconada station is 1900ft away. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft away. The POD number is 09961. There is a pending well (POD 20336) more than 2000 ft from the Pilar location. (see Well location maps, POD print outs, and section N below)
 - 3. USGS quad maps show the nearest springs are more than 2.5 miles from the north end of the project.
 - 4. The Rinconada and Pilar locations are not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=cbe088e7c8704464aa0fc34eb99e7f30

- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft of either the Rinconada or Pilar collection areas. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 6. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines and email verification was submitted to NMGC that there are no mines in the area. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines using the USGS quad maps to search. There are none within the Trampas USGS quad maps near Rinconada. There is a closed mine within the Carson quad map near Pilar but it is not within the Township, Range and Section of the collection location. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property. (see attached maps)
 - http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html
- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 7. NMGC Rinconada and Pilar water collection areas are not within 500 feet of any permanent residences, school, hospital, institution, or church.

Summary of Comments on October 4, 2000

Page: 3				51410
Number: 1	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 8/16/2017 1:00:22 PM	

POD's are assigned a Basin... without the Basin identified they could be located anywhere within the state. Please provide the proper POD assignment.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Discharge Area</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- *i.* Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, discharge on the private land will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse. The only hydrological feature on the property crosses the far northeast corner and NMGC will be more than 200 ft from it. There are no lakebeds, sinkholes or playa lakes within 200ft. (see Discharge area maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the private property used for discharging water. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2500 ft to the east of the discharge area. The POD for this well is 16717. The records for well POI 29 located on the private property, show it was never installed and POD 07747 was cancelled. (see Well location maps, POD print outs, and section N below)
 - 3. USGS quad maps show the nearest springs are more than 2.5 miles from the north end of the project.
 - 4. The discharge area is not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=cbe088e7c8704464aa0fc34eb99e7f30

- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - 5. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 6. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines. NMGC has email verification that there are no abandoned mines in the area of discharge. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines using USGS quad maps. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property. See attached maps.

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdorline.html

- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 7. There are four permanent residences within 500 feet of the areas where NMGC plans to discharge the water. There are 3 residences (residents 1-3) within the property where water will be discharged and 1 resident (resident 4) on the property directly to the north that has an adjoining property line. No water will be discharged on the neighboring property, but residence #4 is 170 feet from the discharge area.

The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres). The topography slopes gently from east to west so water will drain away from the structure (residence #2) in the SE part of the property when water is sprayed in the SW area. NMGC will maintain a 100ft buff er from residence #2. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 ft from the SW discharge area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area.

Page: 4

and (

Number: 1

(and the second

 Number: 1
 Author: bjones
 Subject: Sticky Note
 Date: 8/16/2017 1:01:01 PM

 POD's are assigned a Basin... without the Basin identified they could be located anywhere within the state.
 Please provide the proper POD
 assignment.

-
However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water in the NE area every other day to allow extra time for infiltration. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily. (see Discharge area maps)

F. Description of Activities

The natural gas transmission pipeline will be hydrostatically tested in 4 sections using approximately 78,500 gallons of water. (City of Espanola has been identified as a source for water). The first section will use approximately 76,200 gallons of water, 69,700 gallons will be transferred into the second section, the third section will use 78,500 gallons and the last section will use 6,500 gallons. Each section will be tested for a minimum of 8 hours.

NMGC anticipates starting the hydrostatic test in October 2017. Once hydrostatic testing starts, it will take 3-5 days to test each section. After the tests are complete, the water will be stored in holding tanks for an additional 14 days while the water analysis is completed. When the results of the water analysis are received, and with OCD permission, the water will be sprayed onto private property approximately 6-8 weeks after hydrostatic testing starts. It will take approximately 5 days to discharge all the water. NMGC anticipates that the water will be off site by approximately December 1st.

G. Method & Location for Collection and Retention of Fluids

Hydrostatic Test

Collection Area (Rinconada): Four 21,000 gallon closed top frac tanks will be used to contain the test water after the tests are completed. The tanks will be placed within a temporary use area (TUA) on the west side of US 68 about 0.5 mile north of Rinconada. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. When filling, the tanks will be interconnected. When a tank has been filled, valves will be closed/disconnected to isolate the filled tank. NMGC will use plastic liner or drip trays under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing test water.

Collection Area (Pilar): A single 10,000-gallon closed top frac tank will be placed where the new Pilar launching station will be constructed to store about 6,500 gallons from the hydro test of 8 inch section of pipe. The tank will be placed within TUA on the west side of US 68 about 1 mile north of Pilar. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment around the tank since it is within 200 feet of an ephemeral waterway. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.

H. BMPs to Contain Discharge On Site & Control Erosion

Plastic liner and drip trays will be placed under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. Water will be sprayed onto the ground in a controlled rate so that erosion does

not occur. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. Water will not be sprayed on days when wind will carry the water off the ground. Boundaries of areas where water will not be discharged will be flagged or have signs.

I. Request for Alternate Treatment/Disposal

NMGC is not requesting an alternate discharge location.

J. Hydrostatic Test Water Sampling Plan

A sample of the hydrostatic test water will be collected from the pipe after the last test section is complete. The test water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC 20.6.2.3103 (A)(B)(C). Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for review and approval to discharge. NMGC will expedite the laboratory analyses to minimize the storage time of the test water.

K. <u>Method of Disposal of Fluids and Solids after Test Completion if the Water exceeds the</u> <u>WQCC standards</u>

If the hydrostatic test water does not meet OCD conditions (WQCC standards) for discharge to the ROW and is not a RCRA characterized hazardous waste (40 CFR 261.21-24), NMGC will dispose of it at the Agua Moss LLC are Farmington, NM. Transportation of such water will only be performed by an OCD authorized C-133 water hauler. If the water is tested as a RCRA characterized hazardous waste, test water will be shipped by a licensed transporter to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal.

L. Expected Quality & Volume of Discharge

The expected volume of the hydrostatic test discharge is approximately 78,500 gallons. Based on water analyzes from previous hydrostatic tests on new pipe, NMGC anticipates that water quality will meet WQCC standards for discharge.

M. Geological Characteristics of Subsurface at Discharge Site

General Geology: The geology of the region consists of a diverse mix of structural, volcanic and depositional terrains associated with Laramide-age uplift, Teritary-age extensional tectonics and Quaternary-age depositions. The Rio Grande Gorge and Taos Plateau are some of the major structural elements of the area. These features are part of a larger structure, the Rio Grande rift. It is approximately 240 km long, and is bordered by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east, and the Tusas and San Juan Mountains on the west. The southern part of the basin is a physiographically and geologically unique terrain known as the Taos Plateau. The plateau is composed mostly of 3-5 million-year-old basalts that were erupted locally. The basin fill is comprised of a wide variety of alluvial, colluvium, and eolian deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. The Rio Grande has cut through these sedimentary and igneous deposits to expose the layers known as the Rio Grande Gorge.

Collection and Discharge Areas:

The geology at the location where NMGC will discharge water (private property on the north end) is mapped as quaternary (Qp) with piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower

Page: 6

(and second second

Number: 1	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 8/16/2017 1:02:15 PM
What is the ba	asis of the proposed t	esting? Is the wastewate	er RCRA exempt or non-exempt waste? and how is this determined? What
type of pipelin	e is this?		

anti i

 Number: 2
 Author: bjones
 Subject: Sticky Note
 Date: 8/16/2017 1:04:26 PM

 what is the significance of having to take this wastewater to the Agua Moss facility?

Pleistocene). This includes deposits of higher gradient, tributaries bordering major stream valleys, alluvial veneers of the piedmont slope, and alluvial fans.

At the south end of the project, by the Rinconada launcher, the geology is quaternary (Ql) – landslide deposits and colluvium (Holocene to Pleistocene).

The geology in the middle at the Pilar launcher is Tertiary (Tsf), the lower Santa Fe group (upper Miocene to uppermost Oligocene.

The geology of the collection and discharge sites are similar in nature but the surface formation that they occur on are different. The first collection site at Rinconada is comprised of landslide deposits and colluvium from the Holocene and Pleistocene, the sediment material is not well sorted and is of a lose nature. The second discharge site at Pilar is comprised of alluvial deposits of the Santa Fe Group from the Miocene and Oligocene periods. The sediment material is moderately sorted and is comprised of mostly course grained mixed clastic and is unconsolidated. The discharge site is on privately owned land and is comprised of alluvial deposits from the Holocene and Pleistocene periods. The site is part of the Piedmont Alluvial deposits and are also course grained unconsolidated clastic deposits.

Geologic Reference:

 New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, 2003, Geologic Map of New Mexico, Peter A. Scholle, State Geologist, Published in coorperation with the US Geological Survey. Electronic access to the map may be found: http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/maps/geologic/state/home.html

Soils (see attached soil maps)

Collection Area (Rinconada): The Rinconada collection area consists of two soil types: 1) Chita loam and 2) Tinaja Rock outcrop complex. The Chita loam association consists of Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock. The Tinaja Rock outcrop complex is derived from sandstone and is an extremely gravelly loam that is well drained.

Collection Area (Pilar): The Pilar collection area consists of Orthents-Rock outcrop association which is colluvium derived from basalt. It is well drained and very gravelly loam.

Discharge Area: Soils in the discharge area on private property is part of the Silva-Sedillo association. This soil is alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale.

N. Depth & TDS Concentration of Ground Water Most Likely to be Affected by Discharge

Collection Areas: According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet west from the Rinconada collection location. The POD 1010) associated with this well shows it is expired (print out of this and other PODs is attached). Other wells in the area (more than 2,000 ft away) have a depth to water from between 10 to 130 feet. Given that the Rinconda collection location is 200 feet higher in elevation then those wells, the depth to ground water at the collection location is likely between 210 and 330 feet. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft to the south and its depth to water is 22ft. The POD number is 09961. The elevation at that well is 6340 feet and the elevation at the Pilar location is 6400 feet. Therefore, the

Page: 7

 Number: 1
 Author: bjones
 Subject: Sticky Note
 Date: 8/16/2017 1:05:02 PM

 POD's are assigned a Basin... without the Basin identified they could be located anywhere within the state. Please provide the proper POD assignment.

100

groundwater at the Pilar collection location is approximately 82 ft. There is a pending well (POD 20336) more than 2000 ft from the Pilar location.

Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water and the depth to water is 400 ft. The POD for this well is 16717. Since the elevation at the well is 100 feet higher than the discharge area, the depth to groundwater at the discharge area is likely approximately 300 ft. The records for well POD 11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed and POD 07747 was cancelled.

Total dissolved solids (TDS) for the project area: There are two springs 2.5 miles northeast of the discharge location. The springs have a TDS of 258 and 303 mg/l. In the general area, TDS values from the Picuris piedmont aquifer ranges from 200 to 400 mg/l and it is reasonable to assume that the TDS range is 200-400 mg/L for the collection and discharge areas. (Source: Hydrogeologic Investigation of the Southern Taos Valley, Taos NM, NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2016). (page 74 from the report is attached)

O. <u>ID of Landowners at and Adjacent to Discharge Site and Collection/Retention Site</u> A map is provided showing the landownership of the underlying and adjacent property owners from the water collection location and the area where water will be sprayed if approved by OCD. The collection locations are on Bureau of Land Management property and the discharge location is on private land. Both have been notified of the project and have been involved in the project planning. NMGC has received a permit from BLM for this project. The BLM permit application included a discussion of the frac tanks that will collect water from the hydrostatic test. NMGC has received written confirmation from the private landowner giving approval to discharge the water on their property (see attached letter). The landowner adjacent to the private landowner (residence #4 - Mark and Ann Robertson) where water will be discharged has been notified by letter of the project. NMGC is researching the other private landowners within 1/3 of a mile of the discharge location and will notify them of the proposed hydrostatic test. BLM is the surrounding landowner at the Pilar collection location. There are 2 private landowners within 1/3 of a mile of the Rinconda collection location. They are Patricia Nielsen and Leslie Rogers – Peckman and they will be notified of the hydrostatic test.

Closing

In the event of a release associated with project activities, NMGC will comply with OCD's Release Notification and Corrective Action regulation NMAC 19.15.29 to remediate the spill as soon as possible. \Box^{1}

Once OCD rules this application as administratively complete, and required, NMGC will provide notice of the permit application in the Taos News as a display ad at least 3 inches by 4 inches following requirements in NMAC 20.6.2.3108. In addition, a 2ft by 3ft sign with a synopsis of the public notice will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and within the Highway 68 right-of-way on the west side near the private property where water will be discharged as defined in 20.6.2.3108.B.1.

A check for \$100 was enclosed with the original submittal on May 26, 2017.

Page: 8

Number: 1 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 8/15/2017 12:15:49 PM
 conduct corrective action pursuant to WQCC Regulation 20.6.2.1203 NMAC and release notification pursuant to OCD Rule 29 (19.15.29 NMAC)

Number: 2 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 8/16/2017 1:14:26 PM

Public notice requirements are required... part of due process. No mention of all public (newspaper and signs) notices have to be in English and Spanish. No mention of compliance to 20.6.2.3108.(2) and (3) NMAC. Please ensure that the mailed notices satisfy the timeline sequence specified in 20.2.6.3108 NMAC. The notices discussed in Item O above do not satisfy the requirements of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required please notify me in writing. Please call me at (505) 697-3516 if you have any questions.

(managed)

Sincerely,

Marcelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Scientist Attachment: Location maps

Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria

becca Sandoval, Project Engineer with NMGC visited the project site in the field on August 117 and verified that the location where NMGC will collect and discharge the hydrostatic test r from the pipe meets the following siting criteria:

1. Collection Areas

- Is not within an active wellhead protection area that supplie ublic or private water system (nearest active wells are between 1900 and 2500ft away the nearest springs are 2.5 miles away) or within a 100 year floodplain.
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft of the Rinconada collection location. There is an arroyo (as shown on the National Wetland Inventory data) within 170 feet of the Pilar collection location. In addition, there are 2 small arroyos not shown on the USFWS maps to the north and west. The arroyo to the west is 80 feet away and the one to the north is 120 feet away. These arroyos were GPS'ed and are shown on the map provided.
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are no schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft
- There are no permanent residence, schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft.
- 3. Discharge Area
- Is not within 1,000 ft of a wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system (nearest active well is 2500ft away and the nearest springs are 2.5 miles away) or within 100 year floodplain
- > There are no watercourses within 200 ft
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are four private residences within 500 ft of the discharge area. NMGC will
 maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from the residences: 300ft from residence #1, 100ft from
 residences #2 and 3, and 170ft from residence #4.

observations in the field match the enclosed map showing where NMGC plans to collect the r.

pur Sandwal Engineer 8-8-2017 Date

Page: 10

Number: 1 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 8/15/2017 9:22:44 AM In the future do not use these terms since they are not applicable to the definition of a wellhead protection area pursuant to 19.15.2.7 NMAC

100

Jacobson () and

......

(and the second second

(means)

(meaning)

(meaning)

(means)

141

×

11

.

Photos



Rinconada collection location



Pilar collection location



SW discharge area private land



NE discharge area private land



From:	Tompson, Mike, EMNRD
To:	Fiedler, Marcelle F,
Cc:	Kretzmann, John, EMNRD
Subject:	RE: recorded mines
Date:	Friday, April 28, 2017 8:06:14 AM

***** Don't be quick to click! We're counting on you! This email is from an external sender! Don't click links or open attachments from unknown sources. Forward suspicious emails as an attachment to <u>phishing@tecoenergy.com</u> for analysis by our cyber security team. ****

Hello Marcelle,

The New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division has no knowledge of any abandoned mines in the four sections detailed in your email.

Please let us know if you have any other questions.

Mike Tompson New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division (505) 476-3427

From: Fiedler, Marcelle F. [mailto:Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com]
Sent: Thursday, April 27, 2017 2:27 PM
To: Tompson, Mike, EMNRD <Mike.Tompson@state.nm.us>
Subject: recorded mines

Hi Mike

New Mexico Gas Company is planning to do a hydrostatic pressure test of a gas transmission line near Rinconada and Pilar, NM later this year. As part of the permit application process with the Oil Conservation Division, we need to obtain information on the location of active or abandoned mines in the area of our test. Can you please tell me if there are any active or abandoned mines within the following sections?

- 1. Section 15 T23N r10E
- 2. Section 22, 23, 28 T24N R11E

Thank you for your assistance. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109





CadNSDI PLSS Township

0.5 2 mi 0 0.5 2 km

Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermep, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey

NM EMNRD ITO GIS BLM and RGIS, of course | RGIS, CadNSDI, TRD, J R Jenks | Esit, HERE, Garmin, FAO, USGS, EPA, NPS |

NEW MEXICO BUREAU OF GEOLOGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES

MAPPING

vertical upflow of deeply sourced thermal waters along faults or at fault intersections.

To further investigate groundwater sources and intermixing, we examine distribution maps of major ions and Piper diagrams that show cation and anion percentages and ion trends. Chemistry data from shallow wells between the mountain front and the Rio Pueblo, including Ponce de Leon and upper Arroyo del Alamo, are used to construct concentration maps of the dissolved solids content and the major ions Ca/Na, HCO3, SO4, and Cl for the shallow basin and bedrock aquifers (Figs. 29-33). Chemistry results from surface water and wells in the deep confined aquifer were not used to create the concentration maps, but are shown on the figures. Ion chemistry and summary statistics for each aquifer are presented in Table 9. The observed patterns and some hydrologic implications are discussed.

Dissolved solid content—Concentrations of dissolved solids, called TDS, range from 86–790 mg/L in the Picuris piedmont aquifer (Fig. 29, Table 9). High TDS values (400–600 mg/L) are clustered in the northern Rio Grande del Rancho valley and westward toward the Taos golf course, but both higher and lower values are scattered throughout the area, for example: 790 mg/L TDS in a 122-foot deep well (TV-136) and 390 mg/L TDS in an adjacent 105-foot deep well (TV-238) (Fig. 29, Table 9). An intriguing and unusual trend in the distribution of TDS in the basin-fill aquifers is that TDS does not increase with depth, and concentrations in the deep confined aquifer (180–313 mg/L) are lower than or comparable to those in the shallow Picuris piedmont aquifer. Bedrock aquifers exhibit an extreme range in TDS, with the highest concentrations found in the hydrothermal waters at Ponce de Leon (492–1,888 mg/L) and the lowest from a well in quartzite bedrock in the upper Arroyo del Alamo watershed (48 mg/L, TV-230).

Calcium and sodium—Calcium concentrations range from 2.6 to 175 mg/L, and sodium ranges from 8.2 to 143 mg/L (Table 9). The distribution of calcium and sodium is illustrated as a calcium-to-sodium ratio (Fig. 30), where values greater than 1 indicate calcium dominance and values less than 1 indicate sodium dominance. Shallow groundwater in the Picuris piedmont aquifer is generally Ca-rich, as are stream waters from the Rio Grande del Rancho (TV-512), Rio Pueblo (TV-513) and Rio Lucero (TV-514). The

Total dissolved solids (mg/L)160 200 <200 200-400 207 0.5 360 342 400-600 256 >600 176 0.5 11 km 0 232 223 230 460 260 280 592 512 456 400 22 409 347 . 270 287 •• 295 316 236 260 355 189 293 . 313 292 • 1049 201 290 191 322 258 303 313 1888 852 220 872 223 isin-bedrock boundary 270

Figure 29. Map showing the dissolved solid content (TDS) in the Picuris piedmont aquifer. Values for the deep confined aquifer are also shown.

Data

- Well in Picuris piedmont aquifer
- Well in deep confined aquifer
- ▼ Spring
- Surface water

Depth specific samples

Contoured value

Geologic features

Bedrock
Hydrogeologic window
Northern projection of
Miranda graben
Picuris-Pecos fault

- - Geophysical fault

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC), 7120 Wyoming Blvd NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109, has submitted an application for an Individual Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit to the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Pesources Department, Oil Conservation Division (OCD) for hydrostatically testin the Taos Mainline, a newly constructed natural gas pipeline. Approximately 6.7 miles of new 12-inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8-inch pipe will be hydrostatically tested using water from the City of Espanola. NMGC will discharge the test water within T24N R11W Sections 22 and 23. This location is west of Highway 68 about a ¼ mile north of NMDOT milepost 32 (approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar, NM). The hydrostatic test is scheduled for November 2017. Approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater will be generated from the hydrostatic test of new pipe. Because NMGC is testing new pipe, the water is expected to meet Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) water quality standards in NMAC 20.6.2.3103. If WQCC water quality standards are not met the test water will be hauled to an OCD approved facility for disposal. The depth of groundwater potentially affected by the discharge is about 300 feet below the surface. The total dissolved solids in the region range from 200-400 mg/l.

Any interested person may obtain information, submit comments, and request to be placed on a facility-specific mailing list for future notices by contacting Brad Jones at the New Mexico OCD at 1220 South St Francis Drive, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, Telephone (505) 476-3487. The OCD will accept comments and statements of interest regarding the permit application and will provide future notices for this pipeline upon request.

Summary of Comments on Microsoft Word - public notice Pilar 2017.doc

Manufacture and Address of the

Page: 1

Number: 1 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 8/16/2017 1:22:29 PM

OCD is not permitting the hydrostatic test. OCD is permitting the surface discharge of the wastewater generated from the hydro test. Please clarify

FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official)



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official)



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

> USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

0.3mi

FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official)



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

Jones, Brad A., EMNRD

From:	Fiedler, Marcelle F. <marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com></marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com>
Sent:	Tuesday, August 8, 2017 3:50 PM
То:	Jones, Brad A., EMNRD
Cc:	Sandoval, Rebecca
Subject:	Pilar hydrostatic test NOI
Attachments:	2017 Pilar hydro test ver3.pdf; OCD NOI maps 1-4.pdf; All LO notification.pdf; All mine data.pdf; All Pilar project well data.pdf; public notice Pilar 2017.doc; Pilar FEMA maps of locations.pdf

Brad

Attached are my revisions to the NOI for the Pilar Hydrostatic test which includes changes in response to your most recent comments from the end of July. Again the well maps are too large to email, but I added a label to the map showing the POD number associated with each well. I hope I have captured all the things we discussed.

Placement of sign - In your comments you asked for clarification about where we will place the 2ft by 3ft sign at the discharge location. NMAC 20.6.2.3108.B.1 says a sign will be placed at or near the proposed facility. NMGC plans to place a sign within Highway 68 ROW on the west side "at or near" the discharge location. Unfortunately I cannot find a definition of "near" in the NMAC. Since we do not know yet the exact location of the sign I hesitate to include a map proposing a location in case we need to change it. As I understand it NMGC must abide by what is written in the notice of intent submitted to OCD. We do intend to have the sign near the discharge location so that it will be visible to the residents living on the property who have also been notified by mail of the hydrostatic test.

Expired well – You ask for clarification about the expired well (POD 44010) near the Rinconada collection location. I do not know what the Office of State Engineers means by expired. The OSE maps show this well as no longer active as best as I can tell. I have enclosed a print out of the POD for your information.

C-133 hauler – When hauling water that has been inside the pipeline we are required to use a C-133 water hauler. The list of haulers is quite extensive and we do not yet know who our contractor will be using. I cannot at the this time specify which company we will use, but the NOI states we will use a C-133 hauler and I have forward the OCD list to the contractor.

FEMA maps – as you suggested on the phone I down loaded the FIRM panel maps to show the floodplain data. These files are too large for me to email and I feel the official FEMA FIRM maps I provided in the last revision adequately demonstrate our project is not within the 100 year floodplain.

Please review the revised NOI NMGC has prepared for this project and I hope it can be considered complete and we can begin the public notice process. In this email I did not include the geology or soil information as you have that from a previous submittal.

Sincerely, Marcelle Fiedler

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109 Mailing address: PO Box 97500, BC 22 Albuquerque, NM 87199-7500

Office: 505-697-3516 Cell: 505-220-1056

New email address is: Marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com

NOTICE: This email is intended only for the individual(s) to whom it is addressed and may contain confidential information. If you have received this email by mistake, please notify the sender immediately, delete this email from your system and do not copy or disclose it to anyone else. Although we take precautions to protect against viruses, we advise you to take your own precautions to protect against viruses as we accept no liability for any which remain.



CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

August 8, 2017

Mr. Brad Jones State of New Mexico - Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: NMGC test of Taos Mainline (Pilar) Notice of Intent to Hydrostatically Test and Discharge

Dear Mr. Jones,

On May 26, 2017 New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) submitted a notice of intent to hydrostatically test and discharge water from the Taos Mainline, Taos County New Mexico. The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) replied with a letter on June 9, 2017 saying the application was administratively incomplete. NMGC submitted corrections to the proposal on July 20th. In response to further comments made by Brad Jones at OCD on the July 20th revision, NMGC is submitting the following revisions to the proposal. Following the Oil Conservation Division Guidelines for Hydrostatic Test Dewatering, NMGC has provided the following information:

Summary of Activities

NMGC will hydrostatically test 6.7 miles of new 12- inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8- inch pipe that will be installed to replace the Taos mainline. To reduce water usage, the new pipe will be tested in four segments requiring a total of approximately 78,500 gallons of water from a municipal or domestic source. The City of Espanola public works department has been identified as a potential source for this project. Fresh water will be hauled and stored in tanks at the NMGC Rinconada launcher station in Rinconada, NM at the south end of the project. Approximately 76,200 gallons of water will be put into the new 12-inch pipe at the Rinconada station to test the first 2.3 miles. NMGC will then transfer 69,700 gallons into the second section which is 2.1 miles. The extra water (6,500 gallons) from the first section will be hauled back by an C-133 water hauler to the Rinconada station at the south end. The water from the second section (69,700 gallons) will be transferred to the third section and 8,800 gallons for the tank at Rinconada will be added (using a C-133 water hauler) for a total of 78,500 gallons for the third 2.4 mile section. A water sample will be taken after the completion of the last test section and

1

sent to be analyzed for WQCC standards. The remaining water from the first 3 sections will be pushed back (in the pipe) to the south end and stored in the tanks at the Rinconada station while the water from the 4th section will be stored in a tank on the north end (at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station) until the results from the water analysis are received. The hydrostatic test water, upon receiving OCD approval, will be discharged on private property near the north end of the project in a manner that prevents erosion and entry into or near existing drainages or waterways and impact to adjacent properties.

A. Name and Address of Discharger

NMGC Marcelle Fiedler BC 22 PO Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87199

B. Location and Legal Description of Discharge

Collection Points: Most of test water (72,000 gallons) will be collected at the Rinconada launcher station which is at the south end of the new 7.2 miles of pipe. The Rinconada station is within Section 15, Township 23N, and Range 10E. The Rinconada station can be found by driving from Rinconada, NM on US68 about 0.5 mile north from NMDOT milepost (MP) 23 to a location on the west side of US68 between the highway and the river. Approximately 6,500 gallons of water will be stored at the north end of the project at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station within Section 28, Township 24N, and Range 11E. The Pilar Launcher/receiver station is on the west side of Highway 68 at MP 30. Enclosed are maps showing the locations where the water will be collected.

Discharge Point: Before the water is discharged, the hydrostatic test water will be analyzed by an accredited analytical laboratory. If approved by OCD, test waters will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar NM. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 approximately a quarter mile north of MP 32 would like to have the water sprayed onto their property. The property is 66 acres total but water will be sprayed within the areas cleared of vegetation, other than grasses, totaling 19 acres. Enclosed is a map showing the locations where water will be sprayed.

D. Maps

The following maps are included with this permit application.

Appendix A - Overview of project area

Appendix B - Land Ownership maps (topo map)

Appendix C - Water collection site (topo and aerial map)

Appendix D - Discharge location site (topo and aerial map)

Appendix E - Well map and POD's

Appendix F - Geology of area

Appendix G - Soils

Appendix H - FEMA maps

E. Demonstration of Compliance with Siting Criteria

See attached Maps and Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria completed by the NMGC Project Engineer for demonstration of compliance with Siting Criteria for the water collection area and proposed discharge areas.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Collection Areas</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, the hydrostatic test water collected in tanks will be more than 200 feet from any watercourse at the south end by Rinconada. At the Pilar launcher station, the tank holding 6,500 gallons is 166 ft from an ephemeral stream located to the northeast. In addition, there are 2 small arroyos not shown on the USFWS maps to the north and west. The arroyo to the west is 80 feet away and the one to the north is 120 feet away. These arroyos were GPS'ed and are shown on the map provided. The tank at Pilar will have 1 and 1/3 containment and it will be inspected daily when holding water to look for leaks. There are no lakebeds, sinkholes or playa lakes within 200ft. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet west from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (44010) associated with this well shows it is expired. The closest active well to the tanks on the south end at Rinconada station is 1900ft away. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft away. The POD number is 09961. There is a pending well (POD 20336) more than 2000 ft from the Pilar location. (see Well location maps, POD print outs, and section N below)
 - 3. USGS quad maps show the nearest springs are more than 2.5 miles from the north end of the project.
 - 4. The Rinconada and Pilar locations are not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=cbe088e7c8704464aa0fc34eb99e7f30

- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft of either the Rinconada or Pilar collection areas. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 6. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines and email verification was submitted to NMGC that there are no mines in the area. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines using the USGS quad maps to search. There are none within the Trampas USGS quad maps near Rinconada. There is a closed mine within the Carson quad map near Pilar but it is not within the Township, Range and Section of the collection location. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property. (see attached maps)
 - http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html
- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 7. NMGC Rinconada and Pilar water collection areas are not within 500 feet of any permanent residences, school, hospital, institution, or church.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Discharge Area</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, discharge on the private land will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse. The only hydrological feature on the property crosses the far northeast corner and NMGC will be more than 200 ft from it. There are no lakebeds, sinkholes or playa lakes within 200ft. (see Discharge area maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the private property used for discharging water. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2500 ft to the east of the discharge area. The POD for this well is 16717. The records for well POD 11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed and POD 07747 was cancelled. (see Well location maps, POD print outs, and section N below)
 - 3. USGS quad maps show the nearest springs are more than 2.5 miles from the north end of the project.
 - 4. The discharge area is not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=cbe088e7c8704464aa0fc34eb99e7f30

- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - 5. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 6. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines. NMGC has email verification that there are no abandoned mines in the area of discharge. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines using USGS quad maps. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property. See attached maps.

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html

- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 7. There are four permanent residences within 500 feet of the areas where NMGC plans to discharge the water. There are 3 residences (residents 1-3) within the property where water will be discharged and 1 resident (resident 4) on the property directly to the north that has an adjoining property line. No water will be discharged on the neighboring property, but residence #4 is 170 feet from the discharge area.

The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres). The topography slopes gently from east to west so water will drain away from the structure (residence #2) in the SE part of the property when water is sprayed in the SW area. NMGC will maintain a 100ft buffer from residence #2. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 ft from the SW discharge area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area.

However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water in the NE area every other day to allow extra time for infiltration. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily. (see Discharge area maps)

F. Description of Activities

The natural gas transmission pipeline will be hydrostatically tested in 4 sections using approximately 78,500 gallons of water. (City of Espanola has been identified as a source for water). The first section will use approximately 76,200 gallons of water, 69,700 gallons will be transferred into the second section, the third section will use 78,500 gallons and the last section will use 6,500 gallons. Each section will be tested for a minimum of 8 hours.

NMGC anticipates starting the hydrostatic test in October 2017. Once hydrostatic testing starts, it will take 3-5 days to test each section. After the tests are complete, the water will be stored in holding tanks for an additional 14 days while the water analysis is completed. When the results of the water analysis are received, and with OCD permission, the water will be sprayed onto private property approximately 6-8 weeks after hydrostatic testing starts. It will take approximately 5 days to discharge all the water. NMGC anticipates that the water will be off site by approximately December 1st.

G. Method & Location for Collection and Retention of Fluids

Hydrostatic Test

Collection Area (Rinconada): Four 21,000 gallon closed top frac tanks will be used to contain the test water after the tests are completed. The tanks will be placed within a temporary use area (TUA) on the west side of US 68 about 0.5 mile north of Rinconada. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. When filling, the tanks will be interconnected. When a tank has been filled, valves will be closed/disconnected to isolate the filled tank. NMGC will use plastic liner or drip trays under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing test water.

Collection Area (Pilar): A single 10,000-gallon closed top frac tank will be placed where the new Pilar launching station will be constructed to store about 6,500 gallons from the hydro test of 8 inch section of pipe. The tank will be placed within TUA on the west side of US 68 about 1 mile north of Pilar. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment around the tank since it is within 200 feet of an ephemeral waterway. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.

H. BMPs to Contain Discharge On Site & Control Erosion

Plastic liner and drip trays will be placed under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. Water will be sprayed onto the ground in a controlled rate so that erosion does

not occur. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. Water will not be sprayed on days when wind will carry the water off the ground. Boundaries of areas where water will not be discharged will be flagged or have signs.

I. Request for Alternate Treatment/Disposal

NMGC is not requesting an alternate discharge location.

J. Hydrostatic Test Water Sampling Plan

A sample of the hydrostatic test water will be collected from the pipe after the last test section is complete. The test water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC 20.6.2.3103 (A)(B)(C). Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for review and approval to discharge. NMGC will expedite the laboratory analyses to minimize the storage time of the test water.

K. <u>Method of Disposal of Fluids and Solids after Test Completion if the Water exceeds the</u> <u>WQCC standards</u>

If the hydrostatic test water does not meet OCD conditions (WQCC standards) for discharge to the ROW and is not a RCRA characterized hazardous waste (40 CFR 261.21-24), NMGC will dispose of it at the Agua Moss LLC facility near Farmington, NM. Transportation of such water will only be performed by an OCD authorized C-133 water hauler. If the water is tested as a RCRA characterized hazardous waste, test water will be shipped by a licensed transporter to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal.

L. Expected Quality & Volume of Discharge

The expected volume of the hydrostatic test discharge is approximately 78,500 gallons. Based on water analyzes from previous hydrostatic tests on new pipe, NMGC anticipates that water quality will meet WQCC standards for discharge.

M. Geological Characteristics of Subsurface at Discharge Site

General Geology: The geology of the region consists of a diverse mix of structural, volcanic and depositional terrains associated with Laramide-age uplift, Teritary-age extensional tectonics and Quaternary-age depositions. The Rio Grande Gorge and Taos Plateau are some of the major structural elements of the area. These features are part of a larger structure, the Rio Grande rift. It is approximately 240 km long, and is bordered by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east, and the Tusas and San Juan Mountains on the west. The southern part of the basin is a physiographically and geologically unique terrain known as the Taos Plateau. The plateau is composed mostly of 3-5 million-year-old basalts that were erupted locally. The basin fill is comprised of a wide variety of alluvial, colluvium, and eolian deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. The Rio Grande has cut through these sedimentary and igneous deposits to expose the layers known as the Rio Grande Gorge.

Collection and Discharge Areas:

The geology at the location where NMGC will discharge water (private property on the north end) is mapped as quaternary (Qp) with piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower

Pleistocene). This includes deposits of higher gradient, tributaries bordering major stream valleys, alluvial veneers of the piedmont slope, and alluvial fans.

At the south end of the project, by the Rinconada launcher, the geology is quaternary (Ql) – landslide deposits and colluvium (Holocene to Pleistocene).

The geology in the middle at the Pilar launcher is Tertiary (Tsf), the lower Santa Fe group (upper Miocene to uppermost Oligocene.

The geology of the collection and discharge sites are similar in nature but the surface formation that they occur on are different. The first collection site at Rinconada is comprised of landslide deposits and colluvium from the Holocene and Pleistocene, the sediment material is not well sorted and is of a lose nature. The second discharge site at Pilar is comprised of alluvial deposits of the Santa Fe Group from the Miocene and Oligocene periods. The sediment material is moderately sorted and is comprised of mostly course grained mixed clastic and is unconsolidated. The discharge site is on privately owned land and is comprised of alluvial deposits from the Holocene and Pleistocene periods. The site is part of the Piedmont Alluvial deposits and are also course grained unconsolidated clastic deposits.

Geologic Reference:

 New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, 2003, Geologic Map of New Mexico, Peter A. Scholle, State Geologist, Published in coorperation with the US Geological Survey. Electronic access to the map may be found: http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/maps/geologic/state/home.html

Soils (see attached soil maps)

Collection Area (Rinconada): The Rinconada collection area consists of two soil types: 1) Chita loam and 2) Tinaja Rock outcrop complex. The Chita loam association consists of Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock. The Tinaja Rock outcrop complex is derived from sandstone and is an extremely gravelly loam that is well drained.

Collection Area (Pilar): The Pilar collection area consists of Orthents-Rock outcrop association which is colluvium derived from basalt. It is well drained and very gravelly loam.

Discharge Area: Soils in the discharge area on private property is part of the Silva-Sedillo association. This soil is alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale.

N. Depth & TDS Concentration of Ground Water Most Likely to be Affected by Discharge

Collection Areas: According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet west from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (44010) associated with this well shows it is expired (print out of this and other PODs is attached). Other wells in the area (more than 2,000 ft away) have a depth to water from between 10 to 130 feet. Given that the Rinconda collection location is 200 feet higher in elevation then those wells, the depth to ground water at the collection location is likely between 210 and 330 feet. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft to the south and its depth to water is 22ft. The POD number is 09961. The elevation at that well is 6340 feet and the elevation at the Pilar location is 6400 feet. Therefore, the

groundwater at the Pilar collection location is approximately 82 ft. There is a pending well (POD 20336) more than 2000 ft from the Pilar location.

Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water and the depth to water is 400 ft. The POD for this well is 16717. Since the elevation at the well is 100 feet higher than the discharge area, the depth to groundwater at the discharge area is likely approximately 300 ft. The records for well POD 11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed and POD 07747 was cancelled.

Total dissolved solids (TDS) for the project area: There are two springs 2.5 miles northeast of the discharge location. The springs have a TDS of 258 and 303 mg/l. In the general area, TDS values from the Picuris piedmont aquifer ranges from 200 to 400 mg/l and it is reasonable to assume that the TDS range is 200-400 mg/L for the collection and discharge areas. (Source: Hydrogeologic Investigation of the Southern Taos Valley, Taos NM, NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2016). (page 74 from the report is attached)

O. <u>ID of Landowners at and Adjacent to Discharge Site and Collection/Retention Site</u> A map is provided showing the landownership of the underlying and adjacent property owners from the water collection location and the area where water will be sprayed if approved by OCD. The collection locations are on Bureau of Land Management property and the discharge location is on private land. Both have been notified of the project and have been involved in the project planning. NMGC has received a permit from BLM for this project. The BLM permit application included a discussion of the frac tanks that will collect water from the hydrostatic test. NMGC has received written confirmation from the private landowner giving approval to discharge the water on their property (see attached letter). The landowner adjacent to the private landowner (residence #4 - Mark and Ann Robertson) where water will be discharged has been notified by letter of the project. NMGC is researching the other private landowners within 1/3 of a mile of the discharge location and will notify them of the proposed hydrostatic test. BLM is the surrounding landowner at the Pilar collection location. There are 2 private landowners within 1/3 of a mile of the Rinconda collection location. They are Patricia Nielsen and Leslie Rogers – Peckman and they will be notified of the hydrostatic test.

Closing

In the event of a release associated with project activities, NMGC will comply with OCD's Release Notification and Corrective Action regulation NMAC 19.15.29 to remediate the spill as soon as possible.

Once OCD rules this application as administratively complete, and if required, NMGC will provide notice of the permit application in the Taos News as a display ad at least 3 inches by 4 inches following requirements in NMAC 20.6.2.3108. In addition, a 2ft by 3ft sign with a synopsis of the public notice will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and within the Highway 68 right-of-way on the west side near the private property where water will be discharged as defined in 20.6.2.3108.B.1.

A check for \$100 was enclosed with the original submittal on May 26, 2017.

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required please notify me in writing. Please call me at (505) 697-3516 if you have any questions.

(means)

(means)

Sincerely,

Marcelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Scientist Attachment: Location maps
Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria

I, Rebecca Sandoval, Project Engineer with NMGC visited the project site in the field on August 4, 2017 and verified that the location where NMGC will collect and discharge the hydrostatic test water from the pipe meets the following siting criteria:

A. Collection Areas

- Is not within an active wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system (nearest active wells are between 1900 and 2500ft away and the nearest springs are 2.5 miles away) or within a 100 year floodplain.
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft of the Rinconada collection location. There is an arroyo (as shown on the National Wetland Inventory data) within 170 feet of the Pilar collection location. In addition, there are 2 small arroyos not shown on the USFWS maps to the north and west. The arroyo to the west is 80 feet away and the one to the north is 120 feet away. These arroyos were GPS'ed and are shown on the map provided.
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are no schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft
- There are no permanent residence, schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft.

B. Discharge Area

- Is not within 1,000 ft of a wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system (nearest active well is 2500ft away and the nearest springs are 2.5 miles away) or within 100 year floodplain
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are four private residences within 500 ft of the discharge area. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from the residences: 300ft from residence #1, 100ft from residences #2 and 3, and 170ft from residence #4.

My observations in the field match the enclosed map showing where NMGC plans to collect the water.

epun Sandwal 0-8-2017



nal.

Photos



Rinconada collection location



Pilar collection location



SW discharge area private land



NE discharge area private land





From:	Tompson, Mike, EMNRD
То:	Fiedler, Marcelle F.
Cc:	Kretzmann, John, EMNRD
Subject:	RE: recorded mines
Date:	Friday, April 28, 2017 8:06:14 AM
To: Cc: Subject: Date:	Fiedler, Marcelle F. Kretzmann, John, EMNRD RE: recorded mines Friday, April 28, 2017 8:06:14 AM

***** Don't be quick to click! We're counting on you! This email is from an external sender! Don't click links or open attachments from unknown sources. Forward suspicious emails as an attachment to <u>phishing@tecoenergy.com</u> for analysis by our cyber security team. ****

Hello Marcelle,

The New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division has no knowledge of any abandoned mines in the four sections detailed in your email.

Please let us know if you have any other questions.

Mike Tompson New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division (505) 476-3427

From: Fiedler, Marcelle F. [mailto:Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com]
Sent: Thursday, April 27, 2017 2:27 PM
To: Tompson, Mike, EMNRD <Mike.Tompson@state.nm.us>
Subject: recorded mines

Hi Mike

New Mexico Gas Company is planning to do a hydrostatic pressure test of a gas transmission line near Rinconada and Pilar, NM later this year. As part of the permit application process with the Oil Conservation Division, we need to obtain information on the location of active or abandoned mines in the area of our test. Can you please tell me if there are any active or abandoned mines within the following sections?

- 1. Section 15 T23N r10E
- 2. Section 22, 23, 28 T24N R11E

Thank you for your assistance. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109 Active Mines in New Mexico



August 3, 2017

CadNSDI PLSS Township



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey,

Active Mines in New Mexico





CadNSDI PLSS Township



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey,

U APPING PROGRAM

vertical upflow of deeply sourced thermal waters along faults or at fault intersections.

To further investigate groundwater sources and intermixing, we examine distribution maps of major ions and Piper diagrams that show cation and anion percentages and ion trends. Chemistry data from shallow wells between the mountain front and the Rio Pueblo, including Ponce de Leon and upper Arroyo del Alamo, are used to construct concentration maps of the dissolved solids content and the major ions Ca/Na, HCO3, SO4, and Cl for the shallow basin and bedrock aquifers (Figs. 29-33). Chemistry results from surface water and wells in the deep confined aquifer were not used to create the concentration maps, but are shown on the figures. Ion chemistry and summary statistics for each aquifer are presented in Table 9. The observed patterns and some hydrologic implications are discussed.

Dissolved solid content—Concentrations of dissolved solids, called TDS, range from 86–790 mg/L in the Picuris piedmont aquifer (Fig. 29, Table 9). High TDS values (400–600 mg/L) are clustered in the northern Rio Grande del Rancho valley and westward toward the Taos golf course, but both higher and lower values are scattered throughout the area, for example: 790 mg/L TDS in a 122-foot deep well (TV-136) and 390 mg/L TDS in an adjacent 105-foot deep well (TV-238) (Fig. 29, Table 9). An intriguing and unusual trend in the distribution of TDS in the basin-fill aquifers is that TDS does not increase with depth, and concentrations in the deep confined aquifer (180–313 mg/L) are lower than or comparable to those in the shallow Picuris piedmont aquifer. Bedrock aquifers exhibit an extreme range in TDS, with the highest concentrations found in the hydrothermal waters at Ponce de Leon (492–1,888 mg/L) and the lowest from a well in quartzite bedrock in the upper Arroyo del Alamo watershed (48 mg/L, TV-230).

Calcium and sodium—Calcium concentrations range from 2.6 to 175 mg/L, and sodium ranges from 8.2 to 143 mg/L (Table 9). The distribution of calcium and sodium is illustrated as a calcium-to-sodium ratio (Fig. 30), where values greater than 1 indicate calcium dominance and values less than 1 indicate sodium dominance. Shallow groundwater in the Picuris piedmont aquifer is generally Ca-rich, as are stream waters from the Rio Grande del Rancho (TV-512), Rio Pueblo (TV-513) and Rio Lucero (TV-514). The

Total dissolved solids (mg/L)<200 200-400 05 1 400-600 >600 1 km 0 0.5 258 460 260280 156 409 347 270 287 386 355 293 202 327 313 1888 -bedrock boundary 270

Figure 29. Map showing the dissolved solid content (TDS) in the Picuris piedmont aquifer. Values for the deep confined aquifer are also shown.

Data

- Well in Picuris piedmont aquifer
- Well in deep confined aquifer
- Spring
- Surface water

Depth specific samples

- Contoured value

- #

Geologic features

Bedrock





- - Geophysical fault





Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Landowners within 1/3 mile





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Landowners within 1/3 mile



Pilar Frac Tank

	520	1.040	1.000	2.000
2 260	520	1 040	1 560	2 080





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



July 19, 2017

Mr. Chris Gallegos Right-of-Way Agent New Mexico Gas Company 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Albuquerque, NM

Dear Mr. Gallegos,

I am in receipt of your letter dated July 19, 2017, and have accepted your request to discharge approximately 78,500 gallons of hydrostatic test water onto the West Property discharge area (Exhibit A).

We understand that New Mexico Gas Company will provide all equipment necessary to perform the discharge.

This letter serves as permission to your request

If you have questions, please feel free to contact Pilar West, The West Family Limited Partnership representative at (505) 603-8735.

Thank you,

7000 Pilar West.

The West Family Limited Partnership

DECEIVED BY:



N	500R be
	10000 1
	200R b

 Ephemeral
 Intermittent
 Perennial
NM_Wetlands

Residences
Pilar_collection_and_discharge_sites

155 310

620

930

1,240

	SENDER: COMPLETE THIS SECTION	COMPLETE THIS SECTION ON DELIVERY
New M GAS CC	 Complete Items 1, 2, and 3. Also complete Item 4 if Restricted Delivery is desired. Print your name and address on the reverse so that we can return the card to you. Attach this card to the back of the mailplece, or on the front if space permits. Anticle Addressed to: 	A Signature X MAL Solution agent B. Received by (Control Narre) Marry Kobrey Solution and Delivery D. is delivery address argument from term 1? WYES, enter delivery address.del 2017 No
CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REC	HC 69 Bux 7B Pilar Embudo, NM 87531	3. Service Type S. Certified Mai [®] Priority Mail Express ^{**} Registered Insured Mail Collect on Delivery
·		4. Restricted Delivery? (Extra Fee)
Mark and Ann Robertson HC 69 Box 7B Pilar	2. Article Number (Transfer from service label) 7034 05	10 0001 3864 2824
Embudo, NM 87531	PS Form 3811, July 2013 Domestic Re	tum Receipt

RE: New Mexico Gas Company Hydrostatic test water discharge

Dear Mark and Ann,

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) is writing to inform you of a hydrostatic test which will occur as part of the construction of a new pipeline along Highway 68. After the new pipe has been constructed, it must be tested to ensure the pipeline's integrity. The water used for the hydrostatic test will be sprayed onto property owned by the West's immediately to your south. NMGC will not be spraying water on your property. NMGC will be spraying approximately 78,500 gallons of water onto the ground. As part of our permit requirement with the New Mexico Oil Conservation District (OCD), the water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC 20.6.2.3103 (A)(B(C). These are drinking water standards. Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for approval to discharge. NMGC will only be spraying the water on the ground if it meets the New Mexico Water Quality Certification Commission's human health, domestic water supply, and irrigation standards. NMGC will provide all equipment necessary to perform the discharge and anticipates spraying water around November 2017. NMGC will be spraying water for about 5-10 days.

As part of our discharge permit application to the OCD, NMGC must notify all neighboring landowners to the location where we will be spraying water.

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required, please call me at (505) 697-3516.

Sincerely,

Mull nur

Marcelle Fiedler NMGC, Senior Environmental Scientist

2824	U.S. Postal Service In CERTIFIED MAIL IN REC (Dom Service Of Constrained Const	CEIPT loverage Provided) at www.usps.com
199E 1000 0150	Postage \$ Constituted Free Return Preciver(Free (Endorssming Required) Restricted Deliver (Free (Endorssming Required) Topal (Hartinge & Free \$	Poetmerk Hare
HTOL	Barry To RADEXSON Street Apt. No.: or PO Bar No. + C 69 Bux = City, State, 2P4-4 Embudo, PS Form 3800, August 2005	7.B P.1an NM 87531

Tompson, Mike, EMNRD
Fiedler, Marcelle F.
Kretzmann, John, EMNRD
RE: recorded mines
Friday, April 28, 2017 8:06:14 AM

***** Don't be quick to click! We're counting on you! This email is from an external sender! Don't click links or open attachments from unknown sources. Forward suspicious emails as an attachment to <u>phishing@tecoenergy.com</u> for analysis by our cyber security team. ****

Hello Marcelle,

The New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division has no knowledge of any abandoned mines in the four sections detailed in your email.

Please let us know if you have any other questions.

Mike Tompson New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division (505) 476-3427

From: Fiedler, Marcelle F. [mailto:Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com]
Sent: Thursday, April 27, 2017 2:27 PM
To: Tompson, Mike, EMNRD <Mike.Tompson@state.nm.us>
Subject: recorded mines

Hi Mike

New Mexico Gas Company is planning to do a hydrostatic pressure test of a gas transmission line near Rinconada and Pilar, NM later this year. As part of the permit application process with the Oil Conservation Division, we need to obtain information on the location of active or abandoned mines in the area of our test. Can you please tell me if there are any active or abandoned mines within the following sections?

- 1. Section 15 T23N r10E
- 2. Section 22, 23, 28 T24N R11E

Thank you for your assistance. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109 Active Mines in New Mexico



August 3, 2017

CadNSDI PLSS Township



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey,

Active Mines in New Mexico



August 3, 2017

CadNSDI PLSS Township



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey,

NM EMNRD ITO GIS BLM and RGIS, of course | RGIS, CadNSDI, TRD, J R Jenks | Esti, HERE, Garmin, FAO, USGS, EPA, NPS |

Private OSE Well Locations



August 3, 2017 OSE Wells

OSE District Boundary

031

Other

• ACT



Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,

> New Mexico Office of the State Engineer These maps are distributed "as is" without warranty of any kind.

Pilar OSE Well Locations







Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community Source: Esri, LigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,

> New Mexico Office of the State Engineer These maps are distributed "as is" without warranty of any kind.

Rinconada OSE Well Locations



August 3, 2017 **OSE Wells**

- PEN **OSE District Boundary**
- Other
- ACT



Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors Esri, HERE, DeLorme, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS,

> New Mexico Office of the State Engineer These maps are distributed "as is" without warranty of any kind.



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Right Summary

WR File Number: RG 44010 Subbasin: **Cross Reference:** Primary Purpose: DOM 72-12-1 DOMESTIC ONE HOUSEHOLD **Primary Status:** EXP EXPIRED Subfile: **Total Acres: Total Diversion:** Cause/Case: -**Owner:** PERCY E. GONZALES **Documents on File** From/ Status To Trn # Doc File/Act 1 2 Transaction Desc. Acres Diversion Consumptive 67023 72121 1986-07-15 EXP EXP CONVERSION RG 44010 Т ---For more infomation on Conversion Transactions, please see Help---**Current Points of Diversion** (NAD83 UTM in meters) 0 **POD** Number Source 64Q16Q4Sec Tws Rng X Y **Other Location Desc** RG 44010 15 23N 10E 422267 4009465* *An (*) after northing value indicates UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

7/6/17 9:56 AM

WATER RIGHT SUMMARY



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Point of Diversion Summary

			(quart	ers are 1=	NW 2=	NE 3=	SW 4=SE	:)		
			(qua	rters are s	malles	t to larg	gest)	(NAD83 U	TM in meters)	
Well Tag	PC	DD Number	Q64	Q16 Q4	Sec	Tws	Rng	Х	Y	
	R	G 09961		2	33	24N	11E	430743	4014620*	\$
Driller Lice	nse:	227	Driller Co	ompany	: R0	OYBA			RILLING	
Driller Nam	ie:	ROYBAL, JAKE	EE.							
Drill Start D	Date:	11/05/1963	Drill Fini	sh Date	:	11/	11/1963	Plug	Date:	
Log File Da	ate:	11/20/1963	PCW Rc	v Date:				Sou	rce:	Shallow
Pump Type	e:		Pipe Dise	charge	Size:			Estin	nated Yiel	d:
Casing Size	e:	6.63	Depth W	Depth Well:		110 feet		Depth Water:	22 feet	
	Wate	r Bearing Strati	fications:	Тор	Bott	om	Descrip	tion		
			-	65		78	Sandsto	ne/Gravel	/Conglome	rate
		Casing Per	forations:	Тор	Bott	om				
				90	1	110				
		A								

*UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Transaction Summary

72121 All Applications Under Statute 72-12-1

Transaction Number: 608132 Transaction Desc: RG 20336 CLW File Date: 06/06/2017 Primary Status: PMT Permit Secondary Status: APR Approved Person Assigned: ******* Applicant: KATHLEEN KNOTH **Events** Date Туре Description Comment **Processed By** ****** 06/06/2017 APP **Application Received** 06/06/2017 FIN Final Action on application ***** 06/06/2017 WAP **General Approval Letter** Change To: WR File Nbr Acres Diversion **Consumptive Purpose of Use** DOM 72-12-1 DOMESTIC ONE RG 20336 3 HOUSEHOLD **Point of Diversion RG 20336 POD2 430423 4014803 RG 20336 R 430320 4014237* *An (*) after northing value indicates UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

Remarks

THIS PROCESS IS TO DRILL A NEW WELL THE CURRENT WELL IS NOT PRODUCING.

Conditions

- 11 This permit authorizes the diversion of water for domestic use to serve a single household. The total diversion of water under this permit shall not exceed 3 acre-feet per year. The diversion of water for domestic use may include the watering of non-commercial trees, lawn and garden not to exceed one acre.
- 6D Well pod_basin pod_nbr pod_suffix shall be plugged completely using the following method per Rules and Regulations Governing Well Driller Licensing, Construction, Repair and Plugging of Wells; 19.27.4.30.C unless an alternative plugging method is proposed by the well owner and approved by the State Engineer. A Plugging Report for said well shall be filed with the Office of the State Engineer in a District Office within 20 days of completion of the plugging, but no later than log_due

Action of the State Engineer

** See Image For Any Additional Conditions of Approval **

Approval Code: A - Approved Action Date: 06/06/2017 Log Due Date: 06/06/2018 State Engineer: Tom Blaine, P.E.

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

(meaning)



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Transaction Summary

		72121	All Applications Under	Statute 72-12-1	
saction Nu	imber: 4209	18	Transaction Desc: RG	16717	File Date: 05/19/196
Primary S	status: PM	T Pern	nit		
Secondary	Status: LO	G Wel	l Log Received		
Person As	signed: ***	****			
А	pplicant: CH	RIS WES	ST		
Events					
	Date	Туре	Description	Comment	Processed By
images	05/19/1969	APP	Application Received	*	*****
	06/10/1969	FIN	Final Action on application	n	*****
	06/10/1969	WAP	General Approval Letter		*****
images	06/01/1970	LOG	Well Log Received	*	*****
	07/23/2013	QAT	Quality Assurance Compl	eted IMAGE	*****
Charge	For				
WR Fi	le Nbr	Acre	s Diversion Cons	umptive Purpose of	Use
RG 16	717		3	DOL 72-1	2-1 DOMESTIC AND
**Po	int of Diversion			LIVESTO	CK WATERING
RC	G 16717	-	SW NE 23	24N 11E in Taos	County
<u></u>					
Remarks					
	WELL LOCA NEAR HOUS	TION: C E.	N PILAR HILL ABOVE 1	THE MICA MILL 1	/3 MILE

4 Use shall be limited to household, non-commercial trees, lawn and garden not to exceed one acre and/or stock use.

```
Action of the State Engineer
```

```
      ** See Image For Any Additional Conditions of Approval **

      Approval Code:
      A - Approved

      Action Date:
      06/10/1969

      Log Due Date:
      06/16/1970

      State Engineer:
      Example State Stat
```

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

7/6/17 9:53 AM

TRANSACTION SUMMARY



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Transaction Summary

Primary So Secondary Person Ass Aj	tatus: PM Status: AP signed: *** oplicant: HA	T Peri R App	nit proved . LAW		
x Events					
images	Date 07/22/1964	Туре АРР	Description Application Received	Comment *	Processed By ******
	07/22/1964	FIN	Final Action on application		******
	07/22/1964	WAP	General Approval Letter		******
	06/18/2004	QAT	Quality Assurance Completed		******
	06/18/2004	QAT	Quality Assurance Completed		******
x					
Change T	0:				
WR Fil	e Nbr	Acre	es Diversion Consumpti	ve Purpose of U	Jse
RG 115 **Poi	nt of Diversio	n	3	DOM 72-1 HOUSEHO	2-1 DOMESTIC ONE LD
RG	11529		SW NW 23 24N	11E in Taos	County

Conditions

4 Use shall be limited to household, non-commercial trees, lawn and garden not to exceed one acre and/or stock use.

Action of the State Engineer

** See Image For Any Additional Conditions of Approval **					
Approval Code:	A - Approved				
Action Date:	07/22/1964				
Log Due Date:	07/15/1965				
State Engineer:					

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

7/6/17 9:57 AM

TRANSACTION SUMMARY



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Transaction Summary

72121 All Applications Under Statute 72-12-1

nsaction Number: 310137		37	Transaction Desc: RG 07747		File Date: 07/27/196
Primary S	Status: CA	N Car	celled Permit		
Secondar	y Status: FIN	Fina	alized		
Person A	ssigned: ****	***			
A	pplicant: HA	ROLD L	LAW		
Events					
	Date	Туре	Description	Comment	Processed By
get images	07/27/1962	APP	Application Received	*	***
	07/27/1962	FIN	Final Action on application		*****
	07/27/1962	WAP	General Approval Letter		******
	07/16/1963	FCN	Finalize Cancel of permit		******
Change	То:		an and an and an and an and an and an and an		And a second
WR File Nbr		Acre	s Diversion Consumpt	ive Purpose of	Use
RG 07747		3		DOM 72-12-1 DOMESTIC ONE	
**Po	int of Diversi	on		HOUSEHC	
RO	G 07747		SE NW 23 24N	11E in Taos	County

Remarks

ALSO TO BE USED FOR LIVESTOCK WATERING.

APPROXIMATELY 3/4 MILES SOUTH OF HONDO CANYON TOWARDS PILAR.

Conditions

4 Use shall be limited to household, non-commercial trees, lawn and garden not to exceed one acre and/or stock use.

Action of the State Engineer

** See Image For Any Additional Conditions of Approval **

Approval Code: A - Approved Action Date: 07/27/1962 Log Due Date: 07/15/1963 State Engineer:
FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official)



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e 0.3ml

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead; http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3ml

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft



USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC), 7120 Wyoming Blvd NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109, has submitted an application for an Individual Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit to the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division (OCD) for hydrostatically testing the Taos Mainline, a newly constructed natural gas pipeline. Approximately 6.7 miles of new 12-inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8-inch pipe will be hydrostatically tested using water from the City of Espanola. NMGC will discharge the test water within T24N R11W Sections 22 and 23. This location is west of Highway 68 about a ¹/₄ mile north of NMDOT milepost 32 (approximately 3.5 miles north of Pilar, NM). The hydrostatic test is scheduled for November 2017. Approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater will be generated from the hydrostatic test of new pipe. Because NMGC is testing new pipe, the water is expected to meet Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) water quality standards in NMAC 20.6.2.3103. If WQCC water quality standards are not met the test water will be hauled to an OCD approved facility for disposal. The depth of groundwater potentially affected by the discharge is about 300 feet below the surface. The total dissolved solids in the region range from 200-400 mg/l.

Any interested person may obtain information, submit comments, and request to be placed on a facility-specific mailing list for future notices by contacting Brad Jones at the New Mexico OCD at 1220 South St Francis Drive, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, Telephone (505) 476-3487. The OCD will accept comments and statements of interest regarding the permit application and will provide future notices for this pipeline upon request.

Jones, Brad A., EMNRD

From:	Fiedler, Marcelle F. <marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com></marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com>
Sent:	Wednesday, August 2, 2017 11:59 AM
То:	Jones, Brad A., EMNRD
Subject:	maps
Attachments:	4 Discharge location aerial.pdf; 4a Discharge location topo.pdf

I compared the maps I emailed you with those I mailed you and I think one difference is on maps 4 and 4a. attached are the versions I printed and mailed to you.

The well maps were too large to email and so they are only in the mailed paper version. Talk to you this afternoon. marcelle

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109

Mailing address: PO Box 97500, BC 22 Albuquerque, NM 87199-7500

Office: 505-697-3516 Cell: 505-220-1056

New email address is: Marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com

NOTICE: This email is intended only for the individual(s) to whom it is addressed and may contain confidential information. If you have received this email by mistake, please notify the sender immediately, delete this email from your system and do not copy or disclose it to anyone else. Although we take precautions to protect against viruses, we advise you to take your own precautions to protect against viruses as we accept no liability for any which remain.



Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



Jones, Brad A., EMNRD

From:Jones, Brad A., EMNRDSent:Wednesday, August 2, 2017 2:51 PMTo:'Fiedler, Marcelle F.'Subject:RE: mapsAttachments:2017 0726 OCD 4 Discharge location aerial w arces 2.pdf; 2017 0726 OCD 4a Discharge
location topo w acres 2.pdf; 2017 0726 OCD 2017 Pilar hydro test ver2.pdf; 2017 0726
OCD Pilar FEMA maps of locations.pdf; 2017 0727 OCD public notice Pilar 2017.pdf

Brad A. Jones Environmental Engineer EMNRD Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. Saint Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 E-mail: <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u> Office: (505) 476-3487 Fax: (505) 476-3462

From: Fiedler, Marcelle F. [mailto:Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com] Sent: Wednesday, August 2, 2017 11:59 AM To: Jones, Brad A., EMNRD <brad.a.jones@state.nm.us> Subject: maps

I compared the maps I emailed you with those I mailed you and I think one difference is on maps 4 and 4a. attached are the versions I printed and mailed to you.

The well maps were too large to email and so they are only in the mailed paper version. Talk to you this afternoon. marcelle

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109

Mailing address: PO Box 97500, BC 22 Albuquerque, NM 87199-7500

Office: 505-697-3516 Cell: 505-220-1056

New email address is: Marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com

NOTICE: This email is intended only for the individual(s) to whom it is addressed and may contain confidential information. If you have received this email by mistake, please notify the sender immediately, delete this email from your system and do not copy or disclose it to anyone else. Although we take precautions to protect against viruses, we advise you to take your own precautions to protect against viruses as we accept no liability for any which remain.



CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

July 10, 2017

Mr. Brad Jones State of New Mexico - Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: NMGC test of Taos Mainline (Pilar) Notice of Intent to Hydrostatically Test and Discharge

Dear Mr. Jones,

On May 26, 2017 New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) submitted a notice of intent to hydrostatically test and discharge water from the Taos Mainline, Taos County New Mexico. The Oil Conservation Division replied with a letter on June 9, 2017 saying the application was administratively incomplete. With this submittal NMGC has addressed the issues mentioned in the letter along with other details as discussed over the phone with Brad Jones. Following the Oil Conservation Division Guidelines for Hydrostatic Test Dewatering, NMGC has provided the following information:

Summary of Activities

NMGC will hydrostatically test 6.7 miles of new 12- inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8- inch pipe that will be installed to replace the Taos mainline. To reduce water usage, the new pipe will be tested in four segments requiring a total of approximately 78,500 gallons of water from a municipal or domestic source. The City of Espanola public works department has been identified as a potential source for this project. Fresh water will be hauled and stored in tanks at the NMGC Rinconada launcher station in Rinconada, NM at the south end of the project. Approximately 76,200 gallons of water will be put into the new 12-inch pipe at the Rinconada station to test the first 2.3 miles. NMGC will then transfer 69,700 gallons into the second section which is 2.1 miles. The extra water (6,500 gallons) from the first section will be hauled back (10 Huck) to the Rinconada station at the south end. The water from the second section (69,700 galaxies) will be transferred to the third section and 8,800 gallons from the tank at Rinconada will be added for a total of 78,500 gallons for the third 2.4 mile section. The last section of 8- inch pipe will use 6,500 gallons of water transferred from the third section. A water sample will be taken after the completion of the third test section and sent to be analyzed for WQCC standards. The remaining water from the first 3 sections will be pushed back (in the pipe) to the south end and stored in the tanks at the Rinconada station while the water from the 4th section will be stored in a tank on the

Summary of Comments on October 4, 2000

Page: 1

Number: 1Author: bjonesSubject: Sticky NoteWill the wastewater be hauled by an approved c-133 hauler

Date: 7/26/2017 5:31:57 PM

north end (at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station) until the results from the water analysis are received. The hydrostatic test water, upon receiving OCD approval, will be discharged on private property near the north end of the project in a manner that prevents erosion and entry into or near existing drainages or waterways and impact to adjacent properties.

A. Name and Address of Discharger

NMGC Marcelle Fiedler BC 22 PO Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87199

B. Location and Legal Description of Discharge

Collection Points: Most of test water (72,000 gallons) will be collected at the Rinconada launcher station which is at the south end of the new 7.2 miles of pipe. The Rinconada station is within Section 15, Township 23N, and Range 10E. The Rinconada station can be found by driving from Rinconada, NM on US68 about 0.5 mile north from NMDOT milepost (MP) 23 to a location on the west side of US68 between the highway and the river. The location is more than 500ft from the Rio Grande and 200 ft higher in elevation than the river. Approximately 6,500 gallons of water will be stored at the north end of the project at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station within Section 28, Township 24N, and Range 11E. The Pilar Launcher/receiver station is on the west side of Highway 68 at MP 30. Enclosed are maps showing the locations where the water will be collected.

Discharge Point: Before the water is discharged, the hydrostatic test water will be analyzed by an accredited analytical laboratory. If approved by OCD, test waters will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 3 miles north of MP NM. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 approximately a quarter mile north of MP 32 would like to have the water sprayed onto their property. The property is 66 acres total and has three structures within it. The neighbori geandowner directly to the north has one residence. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from all existing structures and be 300 ft from one structure. Water will be sprayed within the area cleared of vegetation, other than grasses, totaling 19 acres. Enclosed is a map showing the locations where water will be sprayed. It will take approximately 5 days to discharge all the water.

D. Maps

The following maps are included with this permit application.

- Overview of project area and Land Ownership map (topo map)
- Water collection site (topo and aerial map)
- Discharge location site (topo and aerial map)
- Wells
- · Geology of area
- Soils
- FEMA map

Page: 2

- Number: 1	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 5:56:50 PM	14 WAR
need this desc	ription in notice		<u></u>	

 Number: 2
 Author: bjones
 Subject: Sticky Note
 Date: 7/26/2017 5:56:50 PM

 Based upon the proposed language, it seems that the discharge is proposed on 2 parcel owned by 2 different private owners. Please
 🔤 Number: 2 clarify and please illustrate the property lines.

Number: 3

Number: 3Author: bjonesSubject: Sticky NoteDate: 7/26/2017 5:53:46 PMPlease refer to the residences by the numbers provided on the maps to clarify which setback applies

E. Demonstration of Compliance with Siting Criteria

See attached Maps and Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria completed by the NMGC Project Engineer for demonstration of compliance with Siting Criteria for the water collection area and proposed discharge areas. Boundaries of areas where water will not be discharged will be flagged or have signs.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Collection Areas</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- *i.* Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, the hydrostatic test water collected in tanks will be more than 200 feet from any watercourse at the south end by Rinconada. At the Pilar launcher station the tank holding 6,500 gallons is within 200 Dan ephemeral stream. The tank at Pilar will have 1 and 1/3 containment and it will be inspected daily when holding water to look for leaks. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- *ii. Within an existing wellhead protection are* 2100 *year floodplain*2. The closest private well to the tanks on the south end at Rinconada station is almost 200 (ft) way. Records from the State Engineers Office (SEO) show the nearest well is more than 2000 the Pilar launcher were one tank will hold water. (see Well location map and section N below).
 - 3. The Rinconada and Pilar locations are not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEM
- iii. Within or within 5001 of a wetland
 - 4. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft of either the Rinconada or Pilar collection areas. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 5. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines and m everification was submitted to NMGC that there are no mines in the area. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines. There are none within the Trampas USGS quad maps near Rinconada. There is a closed mine within the Carson quad map near Pilar but it is not within the Township, Range and Section of the collection location. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property.

http://www.emnrd.state.nrn.us/mmd/mmdonline.html

- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 6. NMGC Rinconada and Pilar water collection areas are not within 500 feet of any permanent residences, school, hospital, institution, or church.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Discharge Area</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. *Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake*
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, discharge on the private land will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse. The only hydrological feature on the property crosses the far northeast corner and NMGC will be more than 200 ft from it. (see Discharge area maps)
- *ii.* Within an existing wellhed \mathcal{D}_{s}^{1} prection area or 100 year floodplain

7]

Page: 3

(addressed)

🔤 Number: 1	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 5:59:49 PM
Please identify	the approximate dis	tance is it 10 feet? "With	in 200 ft" does not clarify
🔠 Number: 2	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:01:54 PM
Please review	the definition of well	nead protection area in the	e OCD regulations (19.15.2.7.W NMAC) and complete the assessment
Number: 3	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:18:08 PM
The email vers not identify th	ion did not include a e POD assigned to th	map illustrating the locati ie well. Please address and	ons of the wells <mark>the maile</mark> d version suggests a well is within 500 ft but does d demonstrate
Number: 4	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:18:56 PM
Number: 5	Author: biones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:04:46 PM
Please see cor	nment on proposed a	maps	
🔤 Number: 6	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:11:44 PM
The email resp mines. None lat/long/ or le	oonse is clear that it c were provided. The N gal address but not b	nly addresses abandoned MMD database is limited ir ooth.	mines. OCD requested maps from the MMD website to demonstrate active n its search ability based upon the location data input. Most are entered by
Number: 7	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:15:42 PM
Where are the	maps discussed in th	ne last two sentences? Ple	ase provide
Number 8	Author biones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/31/2017 2:42:43 PM

 Number: 8
 Author: bjones
 Subject: Sticky Note
 Date: 7/31/2017 2:42:43 PM

 Please review the definition of wellhead protection area in the OCD regulations (19.15.2.7.W NMAC) and complete the assessment

- 2. Records from the State Engineers Office (SEO) show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where water will be spraved. The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the propart. (see Discharge area maps and section N below)
- 3. The discharge area is not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).
- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - 4. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 5. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines. NMGC has p³ail verification that there are no abandoned mines in the area of discharge. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property.

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html

- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 6. There are four permanent residences within 500 feet of the areas where NMGC plans to discharge the water. (see Discharge area maps) The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres). The topography slopes gently from east to west so water will drain away from the structure in the SE part of the property (residence #2) when water is sprayed in the SW area. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 ft from the SW discharge area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area. However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water in the Impart and moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily.

F. Description of Activities

The natural gas transmission pipeline will be hydrostatically tested in 4 sections using approximately 78,500 gallons of water. (City of Espanola has been identified as a source for water). The first section will use approximately 76,200 gallons of water, 69,700 gallons will be transferred into the second section, the third section will use 78,500 gallons and the last section will use 6,500 gallons. Each section will be tested for a minimum of 8 hours.

NMGC anticipates starting the hydrostatic test in October 2017. Once hydrostatic testing starts, it will take 3-5 days to test each section. After the tests are complete, the water will be stored in holding tanks for an additional 14 days while the water analysis is completed. When the results of the water analysis are received, and with OCD permission, the water will be sprayed onto private property approximately 6-8 weeks after hydrostatic testing starts. NMGC anticipates that the water will be off site by approximately December 1st.

Page: 4

- Number: 1	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/31/2017 2:42:43 PM
The email vers	ion did not include a	map illustrating the locati	ons of the wells the mailed version illustrates a well abutting the proposed
NW discharge	area. The map illust	rates 3 wells. Please addre	ess and demonstrate
Number: 2	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/31/2017 2:42:57 PM
Please see cor	nment on proposed i	maps	
Number: 3	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/31/2017 2:43:21 PM
mines. None lat/long/ or le	were provided. The N gal address but not b	MD database is limited in oth.	n its search ability based upon the location data input. Most are entered by
Number: 4	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:27:40 PM
Where are the	maps discussed in th	ne last two sentences? Ple	ase provide
Number: 5	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/31/2017 2:46:46 PM
Is this a differe	ent area from th NE a	rea discussed above in thi	s response? Please modify/clarify
Number: 6	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:31:02 PM
This sentence	should be provided i	n item H. Please provide	

This sentence should be provided in item H. Please provide

G. Method & Location for Collection and Retention of Fluids

Hydrostatic Test

Collection Area (Rinconada): Four 21,000 gallon mobile alks will be used to contain the test water after the tests are completed. The tanks will be placed within a temporary use area (TUA) on the west side of US 68 about 0.5 mile north of Rinconada. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. When filling, the tanks will be interconnected. When a tank has been filled, valves will be closed/disconnected to isolate the filled tank. NMGC will use plastic liner or drip trays under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing test water.

Collection Area (Pilar): A single 10,000-gallon an 2 will be placed where the new Pilar launching station will be constructed to store about 6,500 gallons from the hydro test of 8 inch section of pipe. The tank will be placed within TUA on the west side of US 68 about 1 mile north of Pilar. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment around the tank since it is within 200 feet of an ephemeral waterway. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.

H. BMPs to Contain Discharge On Site & Control Erosion

Plastic liner and drip trays will be placed under noses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. Water will be sprayed 3^3 the ground in a controlled rate so that erosion does not occur. Water will not be sprayed on days when wind will carry the water off the ground.

I. <u>Request for Alternate Treatment/Disposal</u>

If the hydrostatic test water does not meet OCD conditions for discharge to the ROW and is not a characteristic hazardous waste, NMGC will dispose of it at the Agua Moss LLC facility near Farmington, NM. Transportation of such water will only be performed by an OCD authorized C-133 water hauler. If the water is tested as a characteristic hazardous waste, test water will be shipped by a licensed transporter to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal.

J. Hydrostatic Test Water Sampling Plan

A sample of the hydrostatic test water will be collected from the pipe after the thir (A) section is complete. The test water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC (A)(B)(C). Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for review and approval to discharge. NMGC will expedite the laboratory analyses to minimize the storage time of the test water.

K. Method of Disposal of Fluids and Solids after Test Completion

If approved by OCD, test waters will be sprayed onto private land at a controlled rate.

L. Expected Quality & Volume of Discharge

The expected volume of the hydrostatic test discharge is approximately 78,500 gallons. Based on water analyzes from previous hydrostatic tests on new pipe, NMGC anticipates that water quality will meet WQCC standards for discharge.

M. Geological Characteristics of Subsurface at Discharge Site

Page: 5

Number: 1	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:34:16 PM
Please clarify v	vhat is a "mobile tank	c." Are they closed top fra	c tanks?
Number: 2	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:35:42 PM
Are they close	d top frac tanks? Plea	ase clarify what type of tan	ık.
Number: 3	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:38:13 PM
What is the protocol whether the proposed of t	oposed method the v discharge areas?	wastewater will be "spraye	d" and at what rate. What method is proposed to "contain" the discharge to
Number of	Author: biones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:50:43 PM

A set of the set of

General Geology: The geology of the region consists of a diverse mix of structural, volcanic and depositional terrains associated with Laramide-age uplift, Teritary-age extensional tectonics and Quaternary-age depositions. The Rio Grande Gorge and Taos Plateau are some of the major structural elements of the area. These features are part of a larger structure, the Rio Grande rift. It is approximately 240 km long, and is bordered by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east, and the Tusas and San Juan Mountains on the west. The southern part of the basin is a physiographically and geologically unique terrain known as the Taos Plateau. The plateau is composed mostly of 3-5 million-year-old basalts that were erupted locally. The basin fill is comprised of a wide variety of alluvial, colluvium, and eolian deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. The Rio Grande has cut through these sedimentary and igneous deposits to expose the layers known as the Rio Grande Gorge.

Collection and Discharge Areas:

The geology at the location where NMGC will discharge water (private property on the north end) is mapped as quaternary (Qp) with piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower Pleistocene). This includes deposits of higher gradient, tributaries bordering major stream valleys, alluvial veneers of the piedmont slope, and alluvial fans.

At the south end of the project, by the Rinconada launcher, the geology is quaternary (Ql) – landslide deposits and colluvium (Holocene to Pleistocene).

The geology in the middle at the Pilar launcher is Tertiary (Tsf), the lower Santa Fe group (upper Miocene to uppermost Oligocene.

The geology of the collection and discharge sites are similar in nature but the surface formation that they occur on are different. The first collection site at Rinconada is comprised of landslide deposits and colluvium from the Holocene and Pleistocene, the sediment material is not well sorted and is of a lose nature. The second discharge site at Pilar is comprised of alluvial deposits of the Santa Fe Group from the Miocene and Oligocene periods. The sediment material is moderately sorted and is comprised of mostly course grained mixed clastic and is unconsolidated. The discharge site is on privately owned land and is comprised of alluvial deposits from the Holocene and Pleistocene periods. The site is part of the Piedmont Alluvial deposits and are also course grained unconsolidated clastic deposits.

Geologic Reference:

 New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, 2003, Geologic Map of New Mexico, Peter A. Scholle, State Geologist, Published in coorperation with the US Geological Survey. Electronic access to the map may be found: http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/maps/geologic/state/home.html

Soils (see attached soil maps)

Collection Area (Rinconada): The Rinconada collection area consists of two soil types: 1) Chita loam and 2) Tinaja Rock outcrop complex. The Chita loam association consists of Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock. The Tinaja Rock outcrop complex is derived from sandstone and is an extremely gravelly loam that is well drained.

Collection Area (Pilar): The Pilar collection area consists of Orthents-Rock outcrop association which is colluvium derived from basalt. It is well drained and very gravelly loam.

Discharge Area: Soils in the discharge area on private property is part of the Silva-Sedillo association. This soil is alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale.

N. Depth & TDS Concentration of Ground Water Most Likely to be Affected by Discharge

Collection Areas: According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 55 11 from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (2010) associated with this well shows it is experimental Other wells in the area (more than 2,000 fr away) have a depth to water from between 10 40 4 feet. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,50 5 way and its depth to water is 22ft. The POD number is 09961.

Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are 10 Etive wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC 2 discharge water and the depth to water is 400 ft. The POD for this well is 16717. The records for well POD 11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed.

Total dissolved solids (TDS) for the project area: Two springs northeast of Pilar have a TDS of 258 and 303 mg/l. In the general area, TDS values from the Picuris piedmont aquifer ranges from 200 to 400 mg/l and it is reasonable to assume that the TDS range is 200-400 mg/L for the collection and discharge areas. (Source: Hydrogeologic Investigation of the Southern Taos Valley, Taos NM, NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2016). (page 74 from the report is attached)

O. I SLandowners at and Adjacent to Discharge Site and Collection/Retention Site A many provided showing the landownership of the underlying and adjacent property of by OCD. The collection locations are on Bureau of Land Management property and the discharge location is on provioland. Both have been notified of the project and have been involved in the project planning. BLM is the surrounding landowner for almost all of the locations. Any other landowners within 1/3 of a miles of the collection and discharge locations will be notified of the proposed hydrostatic test.

Closing

In the event of a release associated with project activities, NMGC will comply with OCD's Release Notification and Corrective Action regulation NMAC 19.15.29 to remediate the spill as soon as possible.

Once OCD rules this application as administratively complete, and if required, NMGC will 12 by ide notice of the permit application in the Taos News following requirements in NMAC 20.6.2.3108. In addition, a sign with a synopsis of the public notice will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and within the Highway 68 right-of-way on the west side main the property where water will be discharged.

Page: 7

James James James

Number: 1	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:59:59 PM
in what directio	n?		
Number: 2	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:54:48 PM
OSE database a	ssigns a Basin to ea	ch well number Please pr	rovide the basin designation for each well and identify the wells by POD on
the maps to sup	oport the discussion		
Number: 3	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 6:55:58 PM
How is this well	expired? please cla	rify	
-Number: 4	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:07:19 AM
Is the Riconada	area and the area w	here the wells are located	are all the same elevation or flat? Please identify the DTW at the Riconada
area.			
Number: 5	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/26/2017 7:01:53 PM
in what directio	n? Is the Pilar static	on and the well located on	the same elevation? If not please identify the DTW at the Pilar station
Number: 6	Author: biones	Subiect: Sticky Note	Date: 7/28/2017 5:12:54 PM
No maps provid	ded in the email vers	sion. The hardcopy submit	ttal included a map illustrating 3 nearby wells, with 1 well abutting the NW
discharge area.	No PODs were prov	vided on the map	
🚓 Number: 7	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:14:46 AM
Based upon this	s statement, the pro	posed discharge locations	are at the same elevation of where the well is located more than 2000 ft
away. Please id	entify the DTW at th	ne proposed discharge loc	ations
Number: 8	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:27:13 AM
Based upon the	proposed language	e provided in Item B, it see	ms that the discharge is proposed on 2 parcel owned by 2 different private
owners. Please	clarify and please ill	ustrate the property lines.	
Number: 9	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:18:00 AM
The map does r	not provide the requ	ired information. Please in	dentify
Number: 10	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:21:34 AM
Please provide t	the required informa	ation. OCD will not be abl	le to confirm or verify the public notice demonstration to determine
compliance in o	order to issue the pe	ermit	
- Number: 11	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:29:06 AM
These parties ha	ave not been identif	ied in this submittal. Pleas	se provide
	if the method of a	atica required	
Also, please clai	my the method of h	ouce required	
Number: 12	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:28:29 AM
Please identify t	the newspaper posti	ng requirements and the r	requirement for the sign posting
🔤 Number: 13	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:23:07 AM
Unsure what "n	ear" means please	illustrate on a map or prov	vide further clarification.

(ment)

January January



A check for \$100 was enclosed with the original submittal on May 26, 2017.

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required please notify me in writing. Please call me at (505) 697-3516 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Marcelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Scientist Attachment: Location maps

4

8

Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria

I, Rebecca Sandoval, Project Engineer with NMGC visited the project site in the field on May 16, 2017 and verified that the location where NMGC will collect and discharge the hydrostatic test water from the pipe meets the following siting criteria:

A. Collection Areas

- Is not within 1,000 ft of an active wellhead protection area that supplies p 1 or private water system or within a 100 year floodplain
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft of the Rinconada collection location. There is an arroyo within 200 feet downhill of the Pilar collection location. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secon by containment for the tank to hold all the water if there is a failure.
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are no schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft
- There are no permanent residence, schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft.

B. Discharge Area

- Is not within 1,000 ft of a wellhead protection area that supplies public or p
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are four private residences within 500 ft of the discharge area. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from the residences and mitigate the potential for flooding by discharging water down topographic slope of residence #2 and the down only spray water in the discharge area upslope of residence #3 every other day. UNLGC will spray water in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding.

My observations in the field match the enclosed map showing where NMGC plans to collect the water.

Signature

Title

Date

Page: 9

Number: 1	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:36:56 AM
Assessment d	oes not seem to be b	ased upon OCD's definitio	n of a wellhead protection area (19.15.2.7.W NMAC)
Number: 2	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:34:45 AM
If there is a fea ft" can mean 1	ature which does not 10 ft away	satisfy the siting criteria se	etbacks, then a measurement should be taken and documented. "Within 200
Mumber: 3	Author: bjones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:37:27 AM
Assessment d	oes not seem to be b	ased upon OCD's definitio	n of a wellhead protection area (19.15.2.7.W NMAC)
	Author: biones	Subject: Sticky Note	Date: 7/27/2017 7:40:27 AM

Based upon the topographic maps, this comment does not seen appropriate for residence #4. This would the discharge would occur outside of the proposed NW discharge area. Please clarify.



W.

(encodered)

.





Rinconada collection location



Pilar collection location



SW discharge area private land



NE discharge area private land

14

•



Attachments



Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



Summary of Comments on 2017 0726 OCD 4 Discharge location aerial w arces 2.pdf

Page: 1

Number: 1 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 7/26/2017 7:03:30 PM based upon the key, there is a perennial stream within the setback area

Dischardie Locabbe-Private and



Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



Summary of Comments on 2017 0726 OCD 4a Discharge location topo w acres 2.pdf

Page: 1

in mercent

Number: 1 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 7/26/2017 7:04:17 PM based upon the key, there is a perennial stream within the setback area

National Flood Hazard Layer (Official)



lood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available rl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University, Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Nicrosoft
Summary of Comments on 2017 0726 OCD Pilar FEMA maps of locations.pdf

Page: 1

 Number: 1
 Author: bjones
 Subject: Sticky Note
 Date: 7/26/2017 5:04:32 PM

 Seeking a map generated from this panel... should illustrate designated zones



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: 0.3mi http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/webmap/print.html

7/6/2017

Page: 2

 Number: 1
 Author: bjones
 Subject: Sticky Note
 Date: 7/26/2017 5:04:47 PM

 Seeking a map generated from this panel... should illustrate designated zones



http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/home/webmap/print.html

7/6/2017

Page: 3

Number: 1 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 7/26/2017 5:06:00 PM Seeking a map generated from this panel... should illustrate designated zones

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC), 7120 Wyoming Blvd NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109, has submitted an application for an Individual Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit to the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division (OCD) for hydrostatically testing the Taos Mainline, a newly constructed natural gas pipeline. Approximately 6.7 miles of new 12-inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8-inch pipe will be hydrostatically tested using water from the City of Espanola. NMGC will discharge the test water within T24N R11W Sections 22 and 23. This location is west of Highway 68 about a ¼ mile north of NMDOT milep 2. Approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater will be generated from the hydrostatic test of new pipe. Because NMGC is testing new pipe, the water is expected to meet Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) water quality standards. If WQCC water quality standards are not met the test water will be hauled to an OCD approved facility for disposal. The depth of groundwater potentially affected by the discharge is about 400 fee

Any interested person may obtain information, submit comments, and request to be placed on a facility-specific mailing list for future notices by contacting Brad Jones at the New Mexico OCD at 1220 South St Francis Drive, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, Telephone (505) 476-3487. The OCD will accept comments and statements of interest regarding the permit application and will provide future notices for this pipeline upon request.

Summary of Comments on Microsoft Word - public notice Pilar 2017.doc

Page: 1

Number: 1 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 7/27/2017 4:48:06 PM Please identify how many miles north of Pilar.

Number: 2 Author: bjones Subject: Sticky Note Date: 7/27/2017 4:49:14 PM
Is the elevation of the discharge locations the same as where the well is located? If not, then GW is not 400 bgs at the proposed discharge locations. Please modify

Jones, Brad A., EMNRD

From: Sent: To: Subject: Attachments: Fiedler, Marcelle F. <Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com> Tuesday, July 18, 2017 11:19 AM Jones, Brad A., EMNRD draft of public notice public notice Pilar 2017.doc

Brad

Attached is a draft of the public notice for the Pilar hydrostatic test. marcelle

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109

Mailing address: PO Box 97500, BC 22 Albuquerque, NM 87199-7500

Office: 505-697-3516 Cell: 505-220-1056

New email address is: Marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com

NGTICE: This email is intended only for the individual(s) to whom it is addressed and may contain confidential information. If you have received this email by mistake, please notify the sender immediately, delete this email from your system and do not copy or disclose it to anyone else. Although we take precautions to protect against viruses, we advise you to take your own precautions to protect against viruses as we accept no liability for any which remain.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC), 7120 Wyoming Blvd NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109, has submitted an application for an Individual Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit to the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division (OCD) for hydrostatically testing the Taos Mainline, a newly constructed natural gas pipeline. Approximately 6.7 miles of new 12-inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8-inch pipe will be hydrostatically tested using water from the City of Espanola. NMGC will discharge the test water within T24N R11W Sections 22 and 23. This location is west of Highway 68 about a ¹/₄ mile north of NMDOT milepost 32. Approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater will be generated from the hydrostatic test of new pipe. Because NMGC is testing new pipe, the water is expected to meet Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) water quality standards. If WQCC water quality standards are not met the test water will be hauled to an OCD approved facility for disposal. The depth of groundwater potentially affected by the discharge is about 400 feet below the surface. The total dissolved solids in the region range from 200-400 mg/l.

Any interested person may obtain information, submit comments, and request to be placed on a facility-specific mailing list for future notices by contacting Brad Jones at the New Mexico OCD at 1220 South St Francis Drive, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, Telephone (505) 476-3487. The OCD will accept comments and statements of interest regarding the permit application and will provide future notices for this pipeline upon request.

Jones, Brad A., EMNRD

From:	Fiedler, Marcelle F. < Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com>
Sent:	Tuesday, July 11, 2017 2:29 PM
То:	Jones, Brad A., EMNRD
Cc:	Sandoval, Rebecca
Subject:	Pilar hydrostatic test
Attachments:	3 Collection Rinconada aerial 2.pdf; 3a Collection Rinconada topo.pdf; 4 Discharge location aerial w arces 2.pdf; 4a Discharge location topo w acres 2.pdf; 1 Pilar overview and landown ver2.pdf; 2 Collection Pilar aerial 2.pdf; 2a Collection Pilar topo.pdf; Pilar FEMA maps of locations.pdf; 2017 Pilar hydro test ver2.pdf; 7 All soil maps and soil description.pdf

Brad

Attached is a draft pdf of a revision to the permit application submitted in May for your review. I have addressed the issues we discussed on the phone and in your letter.

Some of the maps are too large to send by email. They are the well location maps.

I do not see anywhere in the guidelines or the regs that a draft of the public notice must be submitted with the application. Can you show me where it says that is required to be submitted? thanks marcelle

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109

Mailing address: PO Box 97500, BC 22 Albuquerque, NM 87199-7500

Office: 505-697-3516 Cell: 505-220-1056

New email address is: Marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com

NOTICE: This email is intended only for the individual(s) to whom it is addressed and may contain confidential information. If you have received this email by mistake, please notify the sender immediately, delete this email from your system and do not copy or disclose it to anyone else. Although we take precautions to protect against viruses, we advise you to take your own precautions to protect against viruses as we accept no liability for any which remain.



CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

July 10, 2017

Mr. Brad Jones State of New Mexico - Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: NMGC test of Taos Mainline (Pilar) Notice of Intent to Hydrostatically Test and Discharge

Dear Mr. Jones,

On May 26, 2017 New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) submitted a notice of intent to hydrostatically test and discharge water from the Taos Mainline, Taos County New Mexico. The Oil Conservation Division replied with a letter on June 9, 2017 saying the application was administratively incomplete. With this submittal NMGC has addressed the issues mentioned in the letter along with other details as discussed over the phone with Brad Jones. Following the Oil Conservation Division Guidelines for Hydrostatic Test Dewatering, NMGC has provided the following information:

Summary of Activities

NMGC will hydrostatically test 6.7 miles of new 12- inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8- inch pipe that will be installed to replace the Taos mainline. To reduce water usage, the new pipe will be tested in four segments requiring a total of approximately 78,500 gallons of water from a municipal or domestic source. The City of Espanola public works department has been identified as a potential source for this project. Fresh water will be hauled and stored in tanks at the NMGC Rinconada launcher station in Rinconada, NM at the south end of the project. Approximately 76,200 gallons of water will be put into the new 12-inch pipe at the Rinconada station to test the first 2.3 miles. NMGC will then transfer 69,700 gallons into the second section which is 2.1 miles. The extra water (6,500 gallons) from the first section will be hauled back (by truck) to the Rinconada station at the south end. The water from the second section (69,700 gallons) will be transferred to the third section and 8.800 gallons from the tank at Rinconada will be added for a total of 78,500 gallons for the third 2.4 mile section. The last section of 8- inch pipe will use 6,500 gallons of water transferred from the third section. A water sample will be taken after the completion of the third test section and sent to be analyzed for WQCC standards. The remaining water from the first 3 sections will be pushed back (in the pipe) to the south end and stored in the tanks at the Rinconada station while the water from the 4th section will be stored in a tank on the

north end (at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station) until the results from the water analysis are received. The hydrostatic test water, upon receiving OCD approval, will be discharged on private property near the north end of the project in a manner that prevents erosion and entry into or near existing drainages or waterways and impact to adjacent properties.

A. Name and Address of Discharger

NMGC Marcelle Fiedler BC 22 PO Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87199

B. Location and Legal Description of Discharge

Collection Points: Most of test water (72,000 gallons) will be collected at the Rinconada launcher station which is at the south end of the new 7.2 miles of pipe. The Rinconada station is within Section 15, Township 23N, and Range 10E. The Rinconada station can be found by driving from Rinconada, NM on US68 about 0.5 mile north from NMDOT milepost (MP) 23 to a location on the west side of US68 between the highway and the river. The location is more than 500ft from the Rio Grande and 200 ft higher in elevation than the river. Approximately 6,500 gallons of water will be stored at the north end of the project at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station within Section 28, Township 24N, and Range 11E. The Pilar Launcher/receiver station is on the west side of Highway 68 at MP 30. Enclosed are maps showing the locations where the water will be collected.

Discharge Point: Before the water is discharged, the hydrostatic test water will be analyzed by an accredited analytical laboratory. If approved by OCD, test waters will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 3 miles north of Pilar NM. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 approximately a quarter mile north of MP 32 would like to have the water sprayed onto their property. The property is 66 acres total and has three structures within it. The neighboring landowner directly to the north has one residence. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from all existing structures and be 300 ft from one structure. Water will be sprayed within the area cleared of vegetation, other than grasses, totaling 19 acres. Enclosed is a map showing the locations where water will be sprayed. It will take approximately 5 days to discharge all the water.

D. Maps

The following maps are included with this permit application.

- Overview of project area and Land Ownership map (topo map)
- Water collection site (topo and aerial map)
- Discharge location site (topo and aerial map)
- Wells
- · Geology of area
- Soils
- FEMA map

E. Demonstration of Compliance with Siting Criteria

See attached Maps and Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria completed by the NMGC Project Engineer for demonstration of compliance with Siting Criteria for the water collection area and proposed discharge areas. Boundaries of areas where water will not be discharged will be flagged or have signs.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Collection Areas</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, the hydrostatic test water collected in tanks will be more than 200 feet from any watercourse at the south end by Rinconada. At the Pilar launcher station the tank holding 6,500 gallons is within 200 ft of an ephemeral stream. The tank at Pilar will have 1 and 1/3 containment and it will be inspected daily when holding water to look for leaks. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - 2. The closest private well to the tanks on the south end at Rinconada station is almost 2000ft away. Records from the State Engineers Office (SEO) show the nearest well is more than 2000ft from the Pilar launcher were one tank will hold water. (see Well location map and section N below).
 - 3. The Rinconada and Pilar locations are not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).
- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft of either the Rinconada or Pilar collection areas. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 5. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines and email verification was submitted to NMGC that there are no mines in the area. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines. There are none within the Trampas USGS quad maps near Rinconada. There is a closed mine within the Carson quad map near Pilar but it is not within the Township, Range and Section of the collection location. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property.
 - http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html
- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 6. NMGC Rinconada and Pilar water collection areas are not within 500 feet of any permanent residences, school, hospital, institution, or church.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Discharge Area</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, discharge on the private land will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse. The only hydrological feature on the property crosses the far northeast corner and NMGC will be more than 200 ft from it. (see Discharge area maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain

- 2. Records from the State Engineers Office (SEO) show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where water will be sprayed. The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. (see Discharge area maps and section N below)
- 3. The discharge area is not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).
- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 5. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines. NMGC has email verification that there are no abandoned mines in the area of discharge. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property.
- <u>http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html</u> v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 6. There are four permanent residences within 500 feet of the areas where NMGC plans to discharge the water. (see Discharge area maps) The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres). The topography slopes gently from east to west so water will drain away from the structure in the SE part of the property (residence #2) when water is sprayed in the SW area. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 ft from the SW discharge area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area. However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water in the NW area every other day to allow extra time for infiltration. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily.

F. Description of Activities

The natural gas transmission pipeline will be hydrostatically tested in 4 sections using approximately 78,500 gallons of water. (City of Espanola has been identified as a source for water). The first section will use approximately 76,200 gallons of water, 69,700 gallons will be transferred into the second section, the third section will use 78,500 gallons and the last section will use 6,500 gallons. Each section will be tested for a minimum of 8 hours.

NMGC anticipates starting the hydrostatic test in October 2017. Once hydrostatic testing starts, it will take 3-5 days to test each section. After the tests are complete, the water will be stored in holding tanks for an additional 14 days while the water analysis is completed. When the results of the water analysis are received, and with OCD permission, the water will be sprayed onto private property approximately 6-8 weeks after hydrostatic testing starts. NMGC anticipates that the water will be off site by approximately December 1st.

G. Method & Location for Collection and Retention of Fluids

Hydrostatic Test

Collection Area (Rinconada): Four 21,000 gallon mobile tanks will be used to contain the test water after the tests are completed. The tanks will be placed within a temporary use area (TUA) on the west side of US 68 about 0.5 mile north of Rinconada. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. When filling, the tanks will be interconnected. When a tank has been filled, valves will be closed/disconnected to isolate the filled tank. NMGC will use plastic liner or drip trays under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing test water.

Collection Area (Pilar): A single 10,000-gallon tank will be placed where the new Pilar launching station will be constructed to store about 6,500 gallons from the hydro test of 8 inch section of pipe. The tank will be placed within TUA on the west side of US 68 about 1 mile north of Pilar. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment around the tank since it is within 200 feet of an ephemeral waterway. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.

H. BMPs to Contain Discharge On Site & Control Erosion

Plastic liner and drip trays will be placed under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. Water will be sprayed onto the ground in a controlled rate so that erosion does not occur. Water will not be sprayed on days when wind will carry the water off the ground.

I. Request for Alternate Treatment/Disposal

If the hydrostatic test water does not meet OCD conditions for discharge to the ROW and is not a characteristic hazardous waste, NMGC will dispose of it at the Agua Moss LLC facility near Farmington, NM. Transportation of such water will only be performed by an OCD authorized C-133 water hauler. If the water is tested as a characteristic hazardous waste, test water will be shipped by a licensed transporter to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal.

J. Hydrostatic Test Water Sampling Plan

A sample of the hydrostatic test water will be collected from the pipe after the third test section is complete. The test water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC 20.6.2.3103 (A)(B)(C). Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for review and approval to discharge. NMGC will expedite the laboratory analyses to minimize the storage time of the test water.

K. Method of Disposal of Fluids and Solids after Test Completion

If approved by OCD, test waters will be sprayed onto private land at a controlled rate.

L. Expected Quality & Volume of Discharge

The expected volume of the hydrostatic test discharge is approximately 78,500 gallons. Based on water analyzes from previous hydrostatic tests on new pipe, NMGC anticipates that water quality will meet WQCC standards for discharge.

M. Geological Characteristics of Subsurface at Discharge Site

General Geology: The geology of the region consists of a diverse mix of structural, volcanic and depositional terrains associated with Laramide-age uplift, Teritary-age extensional tectonics and Quaternary-age depositions. The Rio Grande Gorge and Taos Plateau are some of the major structural elements of the area. These features are part of a larger structure, the Rio Grande rift. It is approximately 240 km long, and is bordered by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east, and the Tusas and San Juan Mountains on the west. The southern part of the basin is a physiographically and geologically unique terrain known as the Taos Plateau. The plateau is composed mostly of 3-5 million-year-old basalts that were erupted locally. The basin fill is comprised of a wide variety of alluvial, colluvium, and eolian deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. The Rio Grande has cut through these sedimentary and igneous deposits to expose the layers known as the Rio Grande Gorge.

Collection and Discharge Areas:

The geology at the location where NMGC will discharge water (private property on the north end) is mapped as quaternary (Qp) with piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower Pleistocene). This includes deposits of higher gradient, tributaries bordering major stream valleys, alluvial veneers of the piedmont slope, and alluvial fans.

At the south end of the project, by the Rinconada launcher, the geology is quaternary (Ql) – landslide deposits and colluvium (Holocene to Pleistocene).

The geology in the middle at the Pilar launcher is Tertiary (Tsf), the lower Santa Fe group (upper Miocene to uppermost Oligocene.

The geology of the collection and discharge sites are similar in nature but the surface formation that they occur on are different. The first collection site at Rinconada is comprised of landslide deposits and colluvium from the Holocene and Pleistocene, the sediment material is not well sorted and is of a lose nature. The second discharge site at Pilar is comprised of alluvial deposits of the Santa Fe Group from the Miocene and Oligocene periods. The sediment material is moderately sorted and is comprised of mostly course grained mixed clastic and is unconsolidated. The discharge site is on privately owned land and is comprised of alluvial deposits from the Holocene and Pleistocene periods. The site is part of the Piedmont Alluvial deposits and are also course grained unconsolidated clastic deposits.

Geologic Reference:

 New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, 2003, Geologic Map of New Mexico, Peter A. Scholle, State Geologist, Published in coorperation with the US Geological Survey. Electronic access to the map may be found: http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/maps/geologic/state/home.html

Soils (see attached soil maps)

Collection Area (Rinconada): The Rinconada collection area consists of two soil types: 1) Chita loam and 2) Tinaja Rock outcrop complex. The Chita loam association consists of Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock. The Tinaja Rock outcrop complex is derived from sandstone and is an extremely gravelly loam that is well drained.

Collection Area (Pilar): The Pilar collection area consists of Orthents-Rock outcrop association which is colluvium derived from basalt. It is well drained and very gravelly loam.

Discharge Area: Soils in the discharge area on private property is part of the Silva-Sedillo association. This soil is alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale.

N. Depth & TDS Concentration of Ground Water Most Likely to be Affected by Discharge

Collection Areas: According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (44010) associated with this well shows it is expired. Other wells in the area (more than 2,000 ft away) have a depth to water from between 10 to 140 feet. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft away and its depth to water is 22ft. The POD number is 09961.

Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water and the depth to water is 400 ft. The POD for this well is 16717. The records for well POD 11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed.

Total dissolved solids (TDS) for the project area: Two springs northeast of Pilar have a TDS of 258 and 303 mg/l. In the general area, TDS values from the Picuris piedmont aquifer ranges from 200 to 400 mg/l and it is reasonable to assume that the TDS range is 200-400 mg/L for the collection and discharge areas. (Source: Hydrogeologic Investigation of the Southern Taos Valley, Taos NM, NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2016). (page 74 from the report is attached)

O. <u>ID of Landowners at and Adjacent to Discharge Site and Collection/Retention Site</u> A map is provided showing the landownership of the underlying and adjacent property owners from the water collection location and the area where water will be sprayed if approved by OCD. The collection locations are on Bureau of Land Management property and the discharge location is on private land. Both have been notified of the project and have been involved in the project planning. BLM is the surrounding landowner for almost all of the locations. Any other landowners within 1/3 of a miles of the collection and discharge locations will be notified of the proposed hydrostatic test.

Closing

In the event of a release associated with project activities, NMGC will comply with OCD's Release Notification and Corrective Action regulation NMAC 19.15.29 to remediate the spill as soon as possible.

Once OCD rules this application as administratively complete, and if required, NMGC will provide notice of the permit application in the Taos News following requirements in NMAC 20.6.2.3108. In addition, a sign with a synopsis of the public notice will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and within the Highway 68 right-of-way on the west side near the private property where water will be discharged.

A check for \$100 was enclosed with the original submittal on May 26, 2017.

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required please notify me in writing. Please call me at (505) 697-3516 if you have any questions.

8

Sincerely,

Marcelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Scientist Attachment: Location maps

Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria

I, Rebecca Sandoval, Project Engineer with NMGC visited the project site in the field on May 16, 2017 and verified that the location where NMGC will collect and discharge the hydrostatic test water from the pipe meets the following siting criteria:

A. Collection Areas

- Is not within 1,000 ft of an active wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system or within a 100 year floodplain
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft of the Rinconada collection location. There is an arroyo within 200 feet downhill of the Pilar collection location. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment for the tank to hold all the water if there is a failure.
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are no schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft
- There are no permanent residence, schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft.

B. Discharge Area

- Is not within 1,000 ft of a wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system or within 100 year floodplain
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are four private residences within 500 ft of the discharge area. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from the residences and mitigate the potential for flooding by discharging water down topographic slope of residence #2 and #4 and only spray water in the discharge area upslope of residence #3 every other day. NMGC will spray water in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding.

My observations in the field match the enclosed map showing where NMGC plans to collect the water.

Signature

Title

Date

.

.

10

Photos



Rinconada collection location



Pilar collection location



SW discharge area private land



NE discharge area private land



Attachments



0	195	390	780	1,170	1,560
					Fee



Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route







Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route

- N 500ft buffer 1000ft buffer 200ft buffer 200ft buffer NM_Wetlands
- Pilar_collection_and_discharge_sites

~	200	000	1,000	1,000	_,
0	250	500	1 000	1.500	2 000



Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official)



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e 0.3ml

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

NFHL (click to expand) LOMRs Effective LOMAS . **FIRM Panels** Cross-Sections Flood Hazard Boundaries Limit Lines SFHA / Flood Zone Boundary Other Boundaries Flood Hazard Zones PANEL PANEL 1% Annual Chance 35055C0925E 35055C0950E Flood Hazard eff. 10/6/2010 eff. 10/6/2010 **Regulatory Floodway** Special Floodway Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard 0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard Area with Reduced 1 **Risk Due to Levee** esri

FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official) Private lay ABchange Location

Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft



Page 1 of 3
Soil Map—Rio Amba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties (Rinconada Station)

	WAP L	EGEND	
Area of In	terest (AOI)	8	Spoil Area
	Area of Interest (AOI)	0	Stony Spot
Soils		0	Very Stony Spot
	Soil Map Unit Polygons	10	Wet Spot
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	۰ ۸	Other
	Soil Map Unit Points		Special Line Features
Special	Point Features	Water For	
()	Blowout	water rea	Streams and Canals
	Borrow Pit	Transport	
×	Clay Spot	H	Rails
0	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways
×	Gravel Pit	-	US Routes
	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads
0	Landfill	~	Local Roads
٨	Lava Flow	Backgrou	Ind
4	Marsh or swamp		Aerial Photography
*	Mine or Quarry		
0	Miscellaneous Water		
0	Perennial Water		
×	Rock Outcrop		
+	Saline Spot		
141	Sandy Spot		
	Severely Eroded Spot		
•	Sinkhole		
\$	Slide or Slip		
	Sodic Spot		

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 22, 2011—Apr 25, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



Map Unit Legend

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties (NM650)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
148	Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	8.4	54.7%
242	Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes	7.0	45.3%
Totals for Area of Interest		15.4	100.0%

1017 - 1987 - 1987

CONTRACTOR OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIP

Natural Resources Conservation Service

USDA

Rinconada Station

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

148—Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1wh4 Elevation: 6,000 to 7,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 100 to 140 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Chita and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Chita

Setting

Landform: Mesas Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 3 inches: loam BA and Bt - 3 to 10 inches: loam Btk and Bk - 10 to 38 inches: silty clay loam 2Bk - 38 to 60 inches: gravelly sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 5 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Low Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.7 inches)

Map Unit Description: Chita Ioam, 0 to 5 percent slopes---Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

Rinconada Station

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6c Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Dermala

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope, head slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Pinyon-Juniper/Skunkbush Sumac Shallow Sandy (F036XB133NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Pinavetes

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Dunes Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: Sandy Slopes (R036XB111NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016

JSD4

Map Unit Description: Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes---Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

Rinconada Station

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

242—Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1wj2 Elevation: 5,800 to 7,800 feet Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 49 degrees F Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Tinaja and similar soils: 50 percent Rock outcrop: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Tinaja

Setting

Landform: Escarpments Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Colluvium derived from sandstone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: extremely gravelly loam Bk1 - 4 to 43 inches: very cobbly sandy clay loam 2Bk2 - 43 to 60 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 45 to 75 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: High Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

USDA

Map Unit Description: Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes-Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

Rinconada Station

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: Steep Gravelly - Woodland (F035XG135NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

R - 0 to 60 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 in/hr)

Minor Components

Chita

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Mesas Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Menefee

Percent of map unit: 7 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope, head slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: Gravelly - Woodland (F035XG134NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Teromote

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Alluvial fans Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM)

USD/

Map Unit Description: Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes---Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

Rinconada Station

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016





Soil Map—Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (Pilar Launcher)

Area of Int	terest (AOI)	8	Spoil Area
	Area of Interest (AOI)	٥	Stony Spot
Solls		0	Very Stony Spot
	Soil Map Unit Polygons	W.	Wet Spot
~	Soil Map Unit Lines	~	Other
	Soil Map Unit Points	-	Special Line Features
Special	Point Features	Man Par	
()	Blowout	water Fea	Streems and Canals
×	Borrow Pit	~	Streams and Garlais
36	Clay Spot	Transportation	
0	Closed Depression	+++	Interstate Lighways
ž	Gravel Pit	~	Interstate Highways
676	Grouply Spot	~	US Routes
ň	Gravery Spor		Major Roads
0	Landfill	-	Local Roads
٨	Lava Flow	Background	
-	Marsh or swamp		Aerial Photography
*	Mine or Quarry		
0	Miscellaneous Water		
0	Perennial Water		
×	Rock Outcrop		
+	Saline Spot		
	Sandy Spot		
-	Severely Eroded Spot		
	Sinkhole		
ò	Slide or Slip		

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 22, 2011—Apr 25, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (NM670)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
ORG	Orthents-Badland association, very steep	6.0	5.0%
OTG	Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep	61.4	50.7%
PfC	Petaca-Prieta complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes	53.6	44.3%
RcG	Rock outcrop, very steep	0.1	0.1%
Totals for Area of Interest		121.1	100.0%

USDA

Map Unit Description: Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep----Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico **Pilar Launcher**

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

OTG—Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: k1gl Elevation: 6,400 to 10,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 9 to 23 inches Mean annual air temperature: 44 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 140 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Orthents and similar soils: 50 percent Rock outcrop: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Orthents

Setting

Landform: Canyons Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Colluvium derived from basalt

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: very gravelly loam H2 - 10 to 60 inches: very gravelly clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 40 to 80 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.21 to 0.71 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Pilar Launcher

Map Unit Description: Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep---Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

> Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Breaks (R051XA006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

R - 0 to 60 inches: bedrock

Properties and gualities

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Runoff class: Very high Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8 Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Montecito

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Ecological site: south of Gallup 13-16 (F036XA001NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Trampas

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Ecological site: Pine Grassland (R048AY010NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015



Soil Map—Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (discharge private property)



USDA

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

Map Unit Legend

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (NM670)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
SSC	Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping	40.9	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		40.9	100.0%

USDA

Private land

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

SSC—Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: k1hf Elevation: 6,500 to 8,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 115 to 135 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Silva and similar soils: 65 percent Sedillo and similar soils: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Silva

Setting

Landform: Ridges, divides Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: loam

H2 - 3 to 31 inches: clay loam

H3 - 31 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 5 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: High Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0 Available water storage in profile: High (about 10.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e



Private land

Map Unit Description: Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping---Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

> Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Sedillo

Setting

Landform: Divides Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: gravelly loam H2 - 3 to 11 inches: very gravelly clay loam H3 - 11 to 60 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 15 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: High Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 3 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0 Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Gravelly Slopes (R036XA004NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Fernando

Percent of map unit: Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Manzano

Percent of map unit: Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015 T -

Susana Martinez Governor

Ken McQueen Cabinet Secretary

Matthias Sayer Deputy Cabinet Secretary David R. Catanach, Division Director Oil Conservation Division



June 9, 2017

Ms. Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company P.O. Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87109-7500

Re: Hydrostatic Test Wastewater Discharge Notice of Intent Review (HIP-136) New Mexico Gas Company Taos Mainline (Pilar) Project Location: Sections 22 and 23, Township 24 North, Range 11 East, NMPM, Taos County, New Mexico

Dear Ms. Fiedler:

The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) has completed the review of New Mexico Gas Company's (NMGC) notice of intent (NOI), dated May 26, 2017 and received by OCD on June 1, 2017, for authorization to discharge approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater generated from a hydrostatic test of approximately 4.4 miles of a new 12-inch natural gas transmission pipeline and 2.4 miles of an existing 8-inch natural gas transmission pipeline, approximately 3.5 miles northeast of Pilar, New Mexico. OCD has determined the request to **administratively incomplete**.

Pursuant to 20.6.2.3108.A NMAC, "Within 15 days of receipt of an application for a discharge permit, modification or renewal, the department shall review the application for administrative completeness. To be deemed administratively complete, an application shall provide all of the information required by Paragraphs (1) through (5) of Subsection F of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC and shall indicate, for department approval, the proposed locations and newspaper for providing notice required by Paragraphs (1) and (4) of Subsection B or Paragraph (2) of Subsection C of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC." In regards of NMGC demonstrating compliance to Paragraph (2) of Subsection F of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC. In regards of NMGC demonstrating compliance to Paragraph (2) of Subsection F of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC, "the location of the discharge, including <u>a street address</u>, if available, and <u>sufficient information to locate the facility with respect to surrounding landmarks</u>," the NOI states "If approved by OCD, test water will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 2 miles north of the end of the project. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 would like to have the water sprayed onto his property." The information provided in the NOI does not include sufficient information to locate the facility with respect to surrounding the project.

New Mexico Gas Company HIP-136 June 9, 2017 Page 2 of 2

In regards of NMGC demonstrating compliance to Paragraph (5) of Subsection F of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC, "the depth to and total dissolved solids concentration of the ground water most likely to be affected by the discharge," the NOI states "Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water." The depth to ground water most likely to be affected by the discharge was not identified.

In regards of NMGC demonstrating compliance to Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 20.6.2.3108 NMAC, "for each 640 contiguous acres or less of a discharge site, prominently posting a synopsis of the public notice at least 2 feet by 3 feet in size, in English and in Spanish, at a place conspicuous to the public, approved by the department, at or near the proposed facility for 30 days; one additional notice, in a form approved by and may be provided by the department, shall be posted at a place located off the discharge site, at a place conspicuous to the public and approved by the department; the department may require a second posting location for more than 640 contiguous acres or when the discharge site is not located on contiguous properties," the NOI states "In addition, a sign will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and the Embudo Valley Medical Center in Rinconada providing a synopsis of the public notice." The BLM visitor center in Pilar is approximately 3.5 miles from the proposed discharge area and the Embudo Valley Medical Center in Rinconada is approximately 9.4 miles away. The NOI does not propose to post a synopsis of the public notice on a sign at or near the discharge area in which four permanent residences are located and NMGC requests a waiver to discharge within 300 feet of Residence #1, within 100 feet of Residences #2 and #3, and less than 200 feet from Residence #4.

Please contact Brad Jones of my staff, at (505) 476-3487 or <u>brad.a.jones@state.nm.us</u>, to schedule a conference call to discuss the review and issues regarding the technical information of the proposed NOI application.

Respectfully,

Jim Griswold Environmental Bureau Chief

JG/baj



CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

May 26, 2017

Mr. Brad Jones State of New Mexico - Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: NMGC test of Taos Mainline (Pilar) Notice of Intent to Hydrostatically Test and Discharge

Dear Mr. Jones,

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) is submitting this notice of intent to hydrostatically test and discharge water from the Taos Mainline, Taos County New Mexico. This work is being performed on a new natural gas transmission pipeline that will be installed to replace 6 miles of the existing Taos mainline. Following the Oil Conservation Division Guidelines for Hydrostatic Test Dewatering, NMGC has provided the following information.

Summary of Activities

NMGC will hydrostatically test 6.7 miles of 12- inch pipe and 0.4 miles of 8- inch pipe that will be installed to replace the Taos mainline. To reduce water usage, the new pipe will be tested in four segments requiring a total of approximately 78,500 gallons of water from a municipal or domestic source. The City of Espanola public works department has been identified as a potential source for this project. Fresh water will be hauled and stored in tanks at the NMGC Rinconada launcher station in Rinconada, NM at the south end of the project. Approximately 76,200 gallons of water will be put into the new 12-inch pipe at the Rinconada station to test the first 2.3 miles. A water sample will be taken after the completion of the first test section and sent to be analyzed for WQCC standards. NMGC will then transfer 69,700 gallons into the second section which is 2.1 miles. The extra water (6,500 gallons) from the first section will be hauled back to the Rinconada station at the south end. The water from the second section (69,700 gallons) will be transferred to the third section and 8,800 gallons from the tank at Rinconada will be added for a total of 78,500 gallons for the third 2.4 mile section. The last section of 8- inch pipe will use 6,500 gallons of water transferred from the third section. The remaining water from the first 3 sections will be pushed back (in the pipe) to the south end and stored in the tanks at the Rinconada station while the water from the 4th section will be stored in a tank on the north end (at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station) until the results from the water analysis are received. The hydrostatic test water, upon receiving OCD approval, will be discharged on private property near the north end of the project in a manner that prevents erosion and entry into or near existing drainages or waterways and impact to adjacent properties.

Name and Address of Discharger NMGC Marcelle Fiedler BC 22 PO Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87199

Location and Legal Description of Discharge

Collection Points: Most of test water (72,000 gallons) will be collected at the Rinconada launcher station which is at the south end of the new 7.2 miles of pipe. The Rinconada station is within Section 15, Township 23N, and Range 10E. The Rinconada station can be found by driving from Rinconada, NM on US68 about 0.5 mile to a location on the west side of US68 between the highway and the river. The location is more than 500ft from the Rio Grande and 200 ft higher in elevation than the river. Approximately 6,500 gallons of water will be stored at the north end of the project at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station within Section 28, Township 24N, and Range 11E. Enclosed are maps showing the locations where the water will be collected.

Discharge Point: Before the water is discharged, the hydrostatic test water will be analyzed by an accredited analytical laboratory. If approved by OCD, test waters will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 2 miles north of the end of the project. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 would like to have the water sprayed onto his property. The property is 66 acres total and has three structures within it. The neighboring landowner directly to the north has one residence. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from all existing structures. Water will be sprayed within the area cleared of vegetation, other than grasses, totaling 19 acres. Enclosed is a map showing the locations where water will be sprayed. The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres). The topography slopes gently from east to west so water will drain away from the structure in the SE part of the property (residence #2) when water is sprayed in the SW area. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 ft from the SW area where water will be discharged. Residence #3 is down slope from the NW discharge area. However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water is the NW area every other day to allow extra time for infiltration. A moving water truck with a spray attachment will be utilized to discharge the water. The only hydrological feature on the property crosses the far northeast corner and NMGC will be more than 200 ft from it. The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. It will take approximately 5 days to discharge all the water.

<u>Maps</u>

The following maps are included with this permit application.

- Overview of project area and Land Ownership map (topo map)
- Water collection site (topo and aerial map)
- Discharge location site (topo and aerial map)
- Wells

4

- Geology of area
- Soils

3

• Wetland maps of collection and discharge areas

Demonstration of Compliance with Siting Criteria

See attached Maps and Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria completed by the NMGC Project Engineer for demonstration of compliance with Siting Criteria for the water collection area and proposed discharge areas. Boundaries of areas where water will not be discharged will be flagged or have signs.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Collection Areas</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- 1. Hydrostatic test water collected in tanks will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse at the south end by Rinconada. At the Pilar launcher station the tank holding 6,500 gallons is within 200 ft of a dry arroyo. The tank at Pilar will have 1 and 1/3 containment (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- 2. Records from the State Engineers Office (SEO) show the nearest well is more than 2000ft from the Pilar launcher were one tank will hold water. The closest private well to the tanks on the south end at Rinconada station is almost 2000ft away. (see Well location map).
- 3. There are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- 4. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines and email verification was submitted to NMGC that there are no mines in the area. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines. There are none within the Township, Range and Sections of the Collection areas.

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html

5. NMGC water collection areas are not within 500 feet of any permanent residences.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Discharge Area</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- 1. Discharge on the private land will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse (see Discharge area maps)
- 2. Records from the State Engineers Office (SEO) show the nearest well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where water will be sprayed. The landowner does not have any wells on the property. (see Discharge area maps)
- 3. There are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- 4. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines. NMGC has email verification that there are no abandoned mines in the area of discharge. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines. There are none within the Township, Range and Sections of the discharge area. <u>http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html</u>
- 5. There are four permanent residences within 500 feet of the areas where NMGC plans to discharge the water. (see Discharge area maps) The SW discharge location is down topographic slope of the structure in the SE part of the property (residence #2). The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300

ft from the SW discharge area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area. However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water is the NW area every other day to allow extra time for infiltration. Water will be sprayed in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily.

Description of Activities

The natural gas transmission pipeline will be hydrostatically tested in 4 sections using approximately 78,500 gallons of water. (City of Espanola has been identified as a source for water). The first section will use approximately 76,200 gallons of water, 69,700 gallons will be transferred into the second section, the third section will use 78,500 gallons and the last section will use 6,500 gallons. Each section will be tested for a minimum of 8 hours.

NMGC anticipates starting the hydrostatic test in October 2017. Once hydrostatic testing starts, it will take 3-5 days to test each section. After the tests are complete, the water will be stored in holding tanks for an additional 14 days while the water analysis is completed. When the results of the water analysis are received, and with OCD permission, the water will be sprayed onto private property approximately 6-8 weeks after hydrostatic testing starts. NMGC anticipates that the water will be off site by approximately December 1st.

Method & Location for Collection and Retention of Fluids

Hydrostatic Test

Collection Area (Rinconada): Four 21,000 gallon mobile tanks will be used to contain the test water after the tests are completed. The tanks will be placed within a temporary use area (TUA) on the west side of US 68 about 0.5 miles north of Rinconada. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. When filling, the tanks will be interconnected. When a tank has been filled, valves will be closed/disconnected to isolate the filled tank. NMGC will use plastic liner or drip trays under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing test water.

Collection Area (Pilar): A single 10,000-gallon tank will be placed where the new Pilar launching station will be constructed to store about 6,500 gallons from the hydro test of 8 inch section of pipe. The tank will be placed within TUA on the west side of US 68 about 1 mile north of Pilar. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment around the tank since it is within 200 feet of an arroyo. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.

BMPs to Contain Discharge On Site & Control Erosion

Plastic liner and drip trays will be placed under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. Water will be sprayed onto the ground in a controlled rate so that erosion does not occur. Water will not be sprayed on days when wind will carry the water off the ground.

Request for Alternate Treatment/Disposal

If the hydrostatic test water does not meet OCD conditions for discharge to the ROW and is not a characteristic hazardous waste, NMGC will dispose of it at the Agua Moss LLC facility near Farmington, NM. Transportation of such water will only be performed by an OCD authorized C-133 water hauler. If the water is tested as a characteristic hazardous waste, test water will be shipped by a licensed transporter to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal.

Hydrostatic Test Water Sampling Plan

à

A sample of the hydrostatic test water will be collected from the pipe after the first test section is complete. The test water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC 20.6.2.3103 (A)(B)(C). Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for review and approval to discharge. NMGC will expedite the laboratory analyses to minimize the storage time of the test water.

Expected Quality & Volume of Discharge

The expected volume of the hydrostatic test discharge is approximately 78,500 gallons. Based on water analyzes from previous hydrostatic tests, NMGC anticipates that water quality will meet WQCC standards for discharge.

Geological Characteristics of Subsurface at Discharge Site

General Geology: The geology of the region consists of a diverse mix of structural, volcanic and depositional terrains associated with Laramide-age uplift, Teritary-age extensional tectonics and Quaternary-age depositions. The Rio Grande Gorge and Taos Plateau are some of the major structural elements of the area. These features are part of a larger structure, the Rio Grande rift. It is approximately 240 km long, and is bordered by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east, and the Tusas and San Juan Mountains on the west. The southern part of the basin is a physiographically and geologically unique terrain known as the Taos Plateau. The plateau is composed mostly of 3-5 million-year-old basalts that were erupted locally. The basin fill is comprised of a wide variety of alluvial, colluvium, and eolian deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. The Rio Grande has cut through these sedimentary and igneous deposits to expose the layers known as the Rio Grande Gorge.

Collection and Discharge Areas:

The geology at the location where NMGC will discharge water (private property on the north end) is mapped as quaternary (Qp) with piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower Pleistocene). This includes deposits of higher gradient, tributaries bordering major stream valleys, alluvial veneers of the piedmont slope, and alluvial fans.

At the south end of the project, by the Rinconada launcher, the geology is quaternary (Ql) – landslide deposits and colluvium (Holocene to Pleistocene).

The geology in the middle at the Pilar launcher is Tertiary (Tsf), the lower Santa Fe group (upper Miocene to uppermost Oligocene.

The geology of the collection and discharge sites are similar in nature but the surface formation that they occur on are different. The first collection site at Rinconada is comprised of landslide deposits and colluvium from the Holocene and Pleistocene, the sediment material is not well sorted and is of a lose nature. The second discharge site at Pilar is comprised of alluvial deposits

of the Santa Fe Group from the Miocene and Oligocene periods. The sediment material is moderately sorted and is comprised of mostly course grained mixed clastic and is unconsolidated. The discharge site is on privately owned land and is comprised of alluvial deposits from the Holocene and Pleistocene periods. The site is part of the Piedmont Alluvial deposits and are also course grained unconsolidated clastic deposits.

Geologic Reference:

 New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, 2003, Geologic Map of New Mexico, Peter A. Scholle, State Geologist, Published in coorperation with the US Geological Survey. Electronic access to the map may be found: http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/maps/geologic/state/home.html

Soils (see attached soil maps)

Collection Area (Rinconada): The Rinconada collection area consists of two soil types: 1) Chita loam and 2) Tinaja Rock outcrop complex. The Chita loam association consists of Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock. The Tinaja Rock outcrop complex is derived from sandstone and is an extremely gravelly loam that is well drained.

Collection Area (Pilar): The Pilar collection area consists of Orthents-Rock outcrop association which is colluvium derived from basalt. It is well drained and very gravelly loam.

Discharge Area: Soils in the discharge area on private property is part of the Silva-Sedillo association. This soil is alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale.

Depth & TDS Concentration of Ground Water Most Likely to be Affected by Discharge

Collection Areas: According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet from the Rinconada collection location. This well however, appears abandoned as the depth to water is 0. Other wells in the area (more than 2,000 ft away) have a depth to water from between 10 to 140 feet. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft away and its depth to water is 22ft.

Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water.

Total dissolved solids (TDS) for the project area: Two springs northeast of Pilar have a TDS of 258 and 303 mg/l. In the general area, TDS values from the Picuris piedmont aquifer ranges from 200 to 400 mg/l and it is reasonable to assume that the TDS range is 200-400 mg/L for the collection and discharge areas. (Source: Hydrogeologic Investigation of the Southern Taos Valley, Taos NM, NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2016). (page 74 from the report is attached)

ID of Landowners at and Adjacent to Discharge Site and Collection/Retention Site A map is provided showing the landownership of the underlying and adjacent property owners from the water collection location and the area where water will be sprayed if approved by OCD. The collection locations are on Bureau of Land Management property and the discharge location is on private land. Both have been notified of the project and have been involved in the project planning. BLM is the surrounding landowner for almost all of the locations. Any other landowners within 1/3 of a miles of the collection and discharge locations will be notified of the proposed hydrostatic test.

<u>Closing</u>

۲

In the event of a release associated with project activities, NMGC will comply with OCD's Release Notification and Corrective Action regulation NMAC 19.15.29 to remediate the spill as soon as possible.

Once OCD rules this application as administratively complete, and if required, NMGC will provide notice of the permit application in the Taos News following requirements in NMAC 20.6.2.3108. In addition, a sign will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and the Embudo Valley Medical Center in Rinconada providing a synopsis of the public notice.

A check for \$100 is enclosed for the filing fee.

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required please notify me in writing. Please call me at (505) 697-3516 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Mull Mull

Marcelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Scientist Attachment: Location maps

Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria

I, Rebecca Sandoval, Project Engineer with NMGC visited the project site in the field on May 16, 2017 and verified that the location where NMGC will collect and discharge the hydrostatic test water from the pipe meets the following siting criteria:

A. Collection Areas

- Is not within 1,000 ft of an active wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft of the Rinconada collection location. There is an arroyo within 200 feet downhill of the Pilar collection location. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment for the tank to hold all the water if there is a failure.
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are no schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft
- There are no permanent residence, schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft.

B. Discharge Area

- Is not within 1,000 ft of a wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system.
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are four private residences within 500 ft of the discharge area. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from the residences and mitigate the potential for flooding by discharging water down topographic slope of residence #2 and #4 and only spray water in the discharge area upslope of residence #3 every other day. NMGC will spray water in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding.

My observations in the field match the enclosed map showing where NMGC plans to collect the water.

ebuce Sanderal Engineer 5-23-2017 Date

Photos



Rinconada collection location



Pilar collection location



SW discharge area private land



NE discharge area private land

•



.

r.

,

From:	Tompson, Mike, EMNRD	
To:	Fiedler, Marcelle F.	
Cc:	Kretzmann, John, EMNRD	
Subject:	RE: recorded mines	
Date:	Friday, April 28, 2017 8:06:14 AM	

***** Don't be quick to click! We're counting on you! This email is from an external sender! Don't click links or open attachments from unknown sources. Forward suspicious emails as an attachment to <u>phishing@tecoenergy.com</u> for analysis by our cyber security team. *****

Hello Marcelle,

The New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division has no knowledge of any abandoned mines in the four sections detailed in your email.

Please let us know if you have any other questions.

Mike Tompson New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division (505) 476-3427

From: Fiedler, Marcelle F. [mailto:Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com]
Sent: Thursday, April 27, 2017 2:27 PM
To: Tompson, Mike, EMNRD <Mike.Tompson@state.nm.us>
Subject: recorded mines

Hi Mike

New Mexico Gas Company is planning to do a hydrostatic pressure test of a gas transmission line near Rinconada and Pilar, NM later this year. As part of the permit application process with the Oil Conservation Division, we need to obtain information on the location of active or abandoned mines in the area of our test. Can you please tell me if there are any active or abandoned mines within the following sections?

- 1. Section 15 T23N r10E
- 2. Section 22, 23, 28 T24N R11E

Thank you for your assistance. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109
Mailing address: PO Box 97500, BC 22 Albuquerque, NM 87199-7500

Office: 505-697-3516 Cell: 505-220-1056

New email address is: Marcelle.fiedler@nmgco.com

NOTICE: This email is intended only for the individual(s) to whom it is addressed and may contain confidential information. If you have received this email by mistake, please notify the sender immediately, delete this email from your system and do not copy or disclose it to anyone else. Although we take precautions to protect against viruses, we advise you to take your own precautions to protect against viruses as we accept no liability for any which remain.



vertical upflow of deeply sourced thermal waters along faults or at fault intersections.

To further investigate groundwater sources and intermixing, we examine distribution maps of major ions and Piper diagrams that show cation and anion percentages and ion trends. Chemistry data from shallow wells between the mountain front and the Rio Pueblo, including Ponce de Leon and upper Arroyo del Alamo, are used to construct concentration maps of the dissolved solids content and the major ions Ca/Na, HCO₃, SO₄, and Cl for the shallow basin and bedrock aquifers (Figs. 29-33). Chemistry results from surface water and wells in the deep confined aquifer were not used to create the concentration maps, but are shown on the figures. Ion chemistry and summary statistics for each aquifer are presented in Table 9. The observed patterns and some hydrologic implications are discussed.

Dissolved solid content—Concentrations of dissolved solids, called TDS, range from 86–790 mg/L in the Picuris piedmont aquifer (Fig. 29, Table 9). High TDS values (400–600 mg/L) are clustered in the northern Rio Grande del Rancho valley and westward toward the Taos golf course, but both higher and lower values are scattered throughout the area, for example: 790 mg/L TDS in a 122-foot deep well (TV-136) and 390 mg/L TDS in an adjacent 105-foot deep well (TV-238) (Fig. 29, Table 9). An intriguing and unusual trend in the distribution of TDS in the basin-fill aquifers is that TDS does not increase with depth, and concentrations in the deep confined aquifer (180–313 mg/L) are lower than or comparable to those in the shallow Picuris piedmont aquifer. Bedrock aquifers exhibit an extreme range in TDS, with the highest concentrations found in the hydrothermal waters at Ponce de Leon (492–1,888 mg/L) and the lowest from a well in quartzite bedrock in the upper Arroyo del Alamo watershed (48 mg/L, TV-230).

Calcium and sodium—Calcium concentrations range from 2.6 to 175 mg/L, and sodium ranges from 8.2 to 143 mg/L (Table 9). The distribution of calcium and sodium is illustrated as a calcium-to-sodium ratio (Fig. 30), where values greater than 1 indicate calcium dominance and values less than 1 indicate sodium dominance. Shallow groundwater in the Picuris piedmont aquifer is generally Ca-rich, as are stream waters from the Rio Grande del Rancho (TV-512), Rio Pueblo (TV-513) and Rio Lucero (TV-514). The

Total dissolved solids (mg/L) <200 200-400 400-600 258 >600 0 0.5 1 km 473 223 230 25 460 260 280 456 409 270 287 . 316 355 189 293 292 1049 201 290 · 322 313 1888 220 bedrock boundary 270

Figure 29. Map showing the dissolved solid content (TDS) in the Picuris piedmont aquifer. Values for the deep confined aquifer are also shown.

Data

- Well in Picuris piedmont aquifer
- Well in deep confined aquifer
- Spring

Surface water

Depth specific samples

Contoured value

Geologic features

Bedrock

III Hydrogeologic window Northern projection of Miranda graben

---- Picuris-Pecos fault

---- Geophysical fault



Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route













1

Page 1 of 3

Soil Map—Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties (Rinconada Station)

Area of Inte	erest (AOI)	8	Spoil Area	The so
	Area of Interest (AOI)	0	Stony Spot	1.24,0
Soils	Soil Man Linit Polyaons	0	Very Stony Spot	Warnir
	Soil Man Lloit Lines	8	Wet Spot	Enlarg
-	Soil Man Linit Pointe	Δ	Other	line pla
Special S	Coint Festures	-	Special Line Features	contra
(o)	Blowout	Water Fea	itures	
53	Borrow Pit	~	Streams and Canals	Please
6.35	Clay Spot	Transport	ation	Course
*	Ciay Spot	+++	Rails	Source Web S
\diamond	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways	Coordi
×	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes	Maps
	Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	project
0	Landfill	(Pedi	Local Roads	Albers
٨	Lava Flow	Backgrou	nd	accura
-	Marsh or swamp		Aerial Photography	This pr
*	Mine or Quarry			or the
0	Miscellaneous Water			Arriba
0	Perennial Water			Survey
~	Rock Outcrop			Soil ma
+	Saline Spot			Date/s
141	Sandy Spot			25, 20
	Severely Eroded Spot			The or
•	Sinkhole			compil
\$	Slide or Slip			shifting
ø	Sodic Spot			

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 22, 2011—Apr 25, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.



-

-

Map Unit Legend

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties (NM650)				
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
148	Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	8.4	54.7%	
242	Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes	7.0	45.3%	
Totals for Area of Interest		15.4	100.0%	



1

*

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

148-Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1wh4 Elevation: 6,000 to 7,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 100 to 140 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Chita and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Chita

Setting

Landform: Mesas Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 3 inches: loam BA and Bt - 3 to 10 inches: loam Btk and Bk - 10 to 38 inches: silty clay loam 2Bk - 38 to 60 inches: gravelly sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.7 inches)

JSDA

٦

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6c Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Dermala

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope, head slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Pinyon-Juniper/Skunkbush Sumac Shallow Sandy (F036XB133NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Pinavetes

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Dunes Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: Sandy Slopes (R036XB111NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016

USDA

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

242—Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1wj2 Elevation: 5,800 to 7,800 feet Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 49 degrees F Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Tinaja and similar soils: 50 percent Rock outcrop: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Tinaja

Setting

Landform: Escarpments Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Colluvium derived from sandstone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: extremely gravelly loam Bk1 - 4 to 43 inches: very cobbly sandy clay loam 2Bk2 - 43 to 60 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 45 to 75 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: High Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

USDA

٦

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: Steep Gravelly - Woodland (F035XG135NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

R - 0 to 60 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 in/hr)

Minor Components

Chita

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Mesas Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Menefee

Percent of map unit: 7 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope, head slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: Gravelly - Woodland (F035XG134NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Teromote

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Alluvial fans Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016



i.

.,



Soil Map-Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (Pilar Launcher)

	MAP L	EGEND)	MAP INFORMATIO
Area of Inter	est (AOI)	8	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were
	Area of Interest (AOI)	0	Stony Spot	1:24,000.
Solis	Soil Map Unit Polygons	0	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this sca
_	Soil Map Unit Lines	8	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of ma
	Soil Man Linit Points	Δ	Other	line placement. The maps do not show the sm
Canadal Da	Son Map One Points	-	Special Line Features	contrasting soils that could have been shown
Special Po	Blowout	Water Fea	atures	State.
	Borrow Pit	~	Streams and Canals	Please rely on the bar scale on each map she
		Transportation		measurements.
×	Clay Spot	+++	Rails	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conserv. Web Soil Survey URL:
0	Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3
×	Gravel Pit	~	US Routes	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on
. (Gravelly Spot	~	Major Roads	projection, which preserves direction and shap
0	Landfill	-	Local Roads	Albers equal-area conic projection, should be
A 1	Lava Flow	Backgrou	ind	accurate calculations of distance or area are r
4	Marsh or swamp	and and	Aerial Photography	This product is generated from the USDA-NR of the version date(s) listed below.
* '	Vine or Quarry			Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of
0	Viscellaneous Water			Counties, New Mexico
0	Perennial Water			Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015
¥ 1	Rock Outcrop			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for 1.50,000 or larger
+ 4	Saline Spot		inter,	Date(s) serial images were abategraphed:
	Sandy Spot			25, 2012
	Severely Eroded Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the
6 8	Sinkhole			compiled and digitized probably differs from the
b	Slide or Slip			shifting of map unit boundaries may be evider
	Sodic Spot			
-				

ON

mapped at

ale.

apping can cause d accuracy of soil nall areas of at a more detailed

eet for map

ation Service 3857)

the Web Mercator pe but distorts s area, such as the used if more required.

CS certified data as

Rio Arriba and Mora

or map scales

Sep 22, 2011-Apr

he soil lines were ne background , some minor nt.



1

2

Map Unit Legend

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (NM670)				
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
ORG	Orthents-Badland association, very steep	6.0	5.0%	
OTG	Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep	61.4	50.7%	
PfC	Petaca-Prieta complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes	53.6	44.3%	
RcG	Rock outcrop, very steep	0.1	0.1%	
Totals for Area of Interest		121.1	100.0%	

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

OTG—Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: k1gl Elevation: 6,400 to 10,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 9 to 23 inches Mean annual air temperature: 44 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 140 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Orthents and similar soils: 50 percent Rock outcrop: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Orthents

Setting

Landform: Canyons Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Colluvium derived from basalt

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: very gravelly loam H2 - 10 to 60 inches: very gravelly clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 40 to 80 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.21 to 0.71 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhios/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0
Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

JSD/

Map Unit Description: Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep---Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

Pilar Launcher

Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Breaks (R051XA006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

R - 0 to 60 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Runoff class: Very high Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8 Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Montecito

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Ecological site: south of Gallup 13-16 (F036XA001NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Trampas

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Ecological site: Pine Grassland (R048AY010NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015





Soil Map—Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (discharge private property)



Natural Resources Conservation Service

USDA

4/28/2017 Page 2 of 3 .

.

Map Unit Legend

Taos	County and Parts of Rio Arriba an	d Mora Counties, New Mexico (NM	1670)
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
SSC	Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping	40.9	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		40.9	100.0%



Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

SSC—Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: k1hf Elevation: 6,500 to 8,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 115 to 135 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Silva and similar soils: 65 percent Sedillo and similar soils: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Silva

Setting

Landform: Ridges, divides Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: loam H2 - 3 to 31 inches: clay loam

H3 - 31 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 5 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: High Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0 Available water storage in profile: High (about 10.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e



Map Unit Description: Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping---Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

> Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Sedillo

Setting

Landform: Divides Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: gravelly loam H2 - 3 to 11 inches: very gravelly clay loam

H3 - 11 to 60 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):

Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 3 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0 Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Gravelly Slopes (R036XA004NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Fernando

Percent of map unit: Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Manzano

Percent of map unit: Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015



.





	Proposed Mainline
-	Access Road Survey Line
	US Bureau of Land Management
	US Bureau of Reclamation
	US Dept. of Agriculture
	US Dept. of Defense
100	US Dept. of Energy
·	US Forest Service
	US Fish and Wildlife Service
	US Bureau of Indian Affairs
	US National Park or Preserve
	Private
	NM State
	NM State Game and Fish
	NM State Park



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

Rinconada launcher



May 2, 2017



Estuarine and Marine Deepwater



Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Lake

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Pond



This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

> National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory

pilar launcher



May 2, 2017



Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

- rgent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- Freshwater Pond
 - Lake

Other Riverine This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

> National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper



U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service **National Wetlands Inventory**

discharge area private land



May 2, 2017



Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Lake

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Freshwater Pond

Riverine

Other

Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife

National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper

-

£

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC), 7120 Wyoming Blvd NE, Albuquerque, NM 87109, has submitted an application for an Individual Hydrostatic Test Discharge Permit to the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, Oil Conservation Division (OCD) for hydrostatically testing the Taos Mainline, a newly constructed natural gas pipeline. Approximately 6.7 miles of new 12-inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8-inch pipe will be hydrostatically tested using water from the City of Espanola. NMGC will discharge the test water within T24N R11W Sections 22 and 23. This location is west of Highway 68 about a ¹/₄ mile north of NMDOT milepost 32. The hydrostatic test is scheduled for November 2017. Approximately 78,500 gallons of wastewater will be generated from the hydrostatic test of new pipe. Because NMGC is testing new pipe, the water is expected to meet Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) water quality standards in NMAC 20.6.2.3103. If WQCC water quality standards are not met the test water will be hauled to an OCD approved facility for disposal. The depth of groundwater potentially affected by the discharge is about 400 feet below the surface. The total dissolved solids in the region range from 200-400 mg/l.

Any interested person may obtain information, submit comments, and request to be placed on a facility-specific mailing list for future notices by contacting Brad Jones at the New Mexico OCD at 1220 South St Francis Drive, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, Telephone (505) 476-3487. The OCD will accept comments and statements of interest regarding the permit application and will provide future notices for this pipeline upon request.


CERTIFIED MAIL RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

July 20, 2017

Mr. Brad Jones State of New Mexico - Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, NM 87505

RE: NMGC test of Taos Mainline (Pilar) Notice of Intent to Hydrostatically Test and Discharge

Dear Mr. Jones,

On May 26, 2017 New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) submitted a notice of intent to hydrostatically test and discharge water from the Taos Mainline, Taos County New Mexico. The Oil Conservation Division replied with a letter on June 9, 2017 saying the application was administratively incomplete. With this submittal NMGC has addressed the issues mentioned in the letter along with other details as discussed over the phone with Brad Jones. Following the Oil Conservation Division Guidelines for Hydrostatic Test Dewatering, NMGC has provided the following information:

Summary of Activities

NMGC will hydrostatically test 6.7 miles of new 12- inch pipe and 0.4 miles of new 8- inch pipe that will be installed to replace the Taos mainline. To reduce water usage, the new pipe will be tested in four segments requiring a total of approximately 78,500 gallons of water from a municipal or domestic source. The City of Espanola public works department has been identified as a potential source for this project. Fresh water will be hauled and stored in tanks at the NMGC Rinconada launcher station in Rinconada, NM at the south end of the project. Approximately 76,200 gallons of water will be put into the new 12-inch pipe at the Rinconada station to test the first 2.3 miles. NMGC will then transfer 69,700 gallons into the second section which is 2.1 miles. The extra water (6,500 gallons) from the first section will be hauled back (by truck) to the Rinconada station at the south end. The water from the second section (69,700 gallons) will be transferred to the third section and 8,800 gallons from the tank at Rinconada will be added for a total of 78,500 gallons for the third 2.4 mile section. The last section of 8- inch pipe will use 6,500 gallons of water transferred from the third section. A water sample will be taken after the completion of the third test section and sent to be analyzed for WQCC standards. The remaining water from the first 3 sections will be pushed back (in the pipe) to the south end and stored in the tanks at the Rinconada station while the water from the 4th section will be stored in a tank on the

1

north end (at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station) until the results from the water analysis are received. The hydrostatic test water, upon receiving OCD approval, will be discharged on private property near the north end of the project in a manner that prevents erosion and entry into or near existing drainages or waterways and impact to adjacent properties.

A. Name and Address of Discharger

NMGC Marcelle Fiedler BC 22 PO Box 97500 Albuquerque, NM 87199

B. Location and Legal Description of Discharge

Collection Points: Most of test water (72,000 gallons) will be collected at the Rinconada launcher station which is at the south end of the new 7.2 miles of pipe. The Rinconada station is within Section 15, Township 23N, and Range 10E. The Rinconada station can be found by driving from Rinconada, NM on US68 about 0.5 mile north from NMDOT milepost (MP) 23 to a location on the west side of US68 between the highway and the river. The location is more than 500ft from the Rio Grande and 200 ft higher in elevation than the river. Approximately 6,500 gallons of water will be stored at the north end of the project at the new Pilar Launcher/Receiver station within Section 28, Township 24N, and Range 11E. The Pilar Launcher/receiver station is on the west side of Highway 68 at MP 30. Enclosed are maps showing the locations where the water will be collected.

Discharge Point: Before the water is discharged, the hydrostatic test water will be analyzed by an accredited analytical laboratory. If approved by OCD, test waters will be discharged on private land within Sections 22 and 23 of T24N and R11E approximately 3 miles north of Pilar NM. A private landowner on the west side of US 68 approximately a quarter mile north of MP 32 would like to have the water sprayed onto their property. The property is 66 acres total and has three structures within it. The neighboring landowner directly to the north has one residence. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from all existing structures and be 300 ft from one structure. Water will be sprayed within the area cleared of vegetation, other than grasses, totaling 19 acres. Enclosed is a map showing the locations where water will be sprayed. It will take approximately 5 days to discharge all the water.

D. Maps

The following maps are included with this permit application.

- Overview of project area and Land Ownership map (topo map)
- Water collection site (topo and aerial map)
- Discharge location site (topo and aerial map)
- Wells
- Geology of area
- Soils
- FEMA map

E. Demonstration of Compliance with Siting Criteria

See attached Maps and Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria completed by the NMGC Project Engineer for demonstration of compliance with Siting Criteria for the water collection area and proposed discharge areas. Boundaries of areas where water will not be discharged will be flagged or have signs.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Collection Areas</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, the hydrostatic test water collected in tanks will be more than 200 feet from any watercourse at the south end by Rinconada. At the Pilar launcher station the tank holding 6,500 gallons is within 200 ft of an ephemeral stream. The tank at Pilar will have 1 and 1/3 containment and it will be inspected daily when holding water to look for leaks. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain
 - The closest private well to the tanks on the south end at Rinconada station is almost 2000ft away. Records from the State Engineers Office (SEO) show the nearest well is more than 2000ft from the Pilar launcher were one tank will hold water. (see Well location map and section N below).
 - 3. The Rinconada and Pilar locations are not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).
- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft of either the Rinconada or Pilar collection areas. (see Collection Location Topo maps)
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 5. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines and email verification was submitted to NMGC that there are no mines in the area. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines. There are none within the Trampas USGS quad maps near Rinconada. There is a closed mine within the Carson quad map near Pilar but it is not within the Township, Range and Section of the collection location. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property.
 - http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html
- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 6. NMGC Rinconada and Pilar water collection areas are not within 500 feet of any permanent residences, school, hospital, institution, or church.

Compliance with the siting criteria for the <u>Discharge Area</u> is met for four of the five siting criteria because:

- i. Within 200ft of a watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake
 - 1. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, discharge on the private land will not be within 200 feet of any watercourse. The only hydrological feature on the property crosses the far northeast corner and NMGC will be more than 200 ft from it. (see Discharge area maps)
- ii. Within an existing wellhead protection area or 100 year floodplain

- 2. Records from the State Engineers Office (SEO) show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where water will be sprayed. The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. (see Discharge area maps and section N below)
- 3. The discharge area is not within a 100 year floodplain (see the attached FEMA maps for each location).
- iii. Within or within 500ft of a wetland
 - 4. Based on data from the USFWS National Wetlands Inventory, there are no wetlands within 500 ft.
- iv. Within the area overlying a subsurface mine
 - 5. NMGC contacted the NM Bureau of Mines and Minerals about subsurface mines. NMGC has email verification that there are no abandoned mines in the area of discharge. (see attached email from Bureau of Mines) In addition, NMGC searched the MMD online tool for active mines. There are 3 active mines within the Taos SW quad map but they are not in the same Township, Range and Section as the discharge area on private property.

http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/mmd/mmdonline.html

- v. Within 500 feet from the nearest residence, school, hospital, institution or church
 - 6. There are four permanent residences within 500 feet of the areas where NMGC plans to discharge the water. (see Discharge area maps) The discharge area is divided into the SW area (12 acres) and NE area (7 acres). The topography slopes gently from east to west so water will drain away from the structure in the SE part of the property (residence #2) when water is sprayed in the SW area. The structure on the west side of the property (residence #1) is 300 ft from the SW discharge area and since the area is relatively flat there should be no impacts to residence #1. The NE residence (#3) is down topographic slope from the NE discharge area. However, the land is relatively flat and NMGC will maintain a 100 ft buffer from residence #3. In addition, NMGC will only spray water in the NW area every other day to allow extra time for infiltration. Water will be sprayed using a moving water truck with a spray attachment in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding. NMGC will utilize the SW discharge area daily.

F. Description of Activities

The natural gas transmission pipeline will be hydrostatically tested in 4 sections using approximately 78,500 gallons of water. (City of Espanola has been identified as a source for water). The first section will use approximately 76,200 gallons of water, 69,700 gallons will be transferred into the second section, the third section will use 78,500 gallons and the last section will use 6,500 gallons. Each section will be tested for a minimum of 8 hours.

NMGC anticipates starting the hydrostatic test in October 2017. Once hydrostatic testing starts, it will take 3-5 days to test each section. After the tests are complete, the water will be stored in holding tanks for an additional 14 days while the water analysis is completed. When the results of the water analysis are received, and with OCD permission, the water will be sprayed onto private property approximately 6-8 weeks after hydrostatic testing starts. NMGC anticipates that the water will be off site by approximately December 1st.

G. Method & Location for Collection and Retention of Fluids

Hydrostatic Test

Collection Area (Rinconada): Four 21,000 gallon mobile tanks will be used to contain the test water after the tests are completed. The tanks will be placed within a temporary use area (TUA) on the west side of US 68 about 0.5 mile north of Rinconada. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. When filling, the tanks will be interconnected. When a tank has been filled, valves will be closed/disconnected to isolate the filled tank. NMGC will use plastic liner or drip trays under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of each tank containing test water.

Collection Area (Pilar): A single 10,000-gallon tank will be placed where the new Pilar launching station will be constructed to store about 6,500 gallons from the hydro test of 8 inch section of pipe. The tank will be placed within TUA on the west side of US 68 about 1 mile north of Pilar. The test water from the pipeline will be transferred into the tanks by pumping it with a hose connected directly from the pipe to the tank. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment around the tank since it is within 200 feet of an ephemeral waterway. NMGC will conduct daily inspections of the tank.

H. BMPs to Contain Discharge On Site & Control Erosion

Plastic liner and drip trays will be placed under hoses and valves to collect drips and leaks when transferring water. Water will be sprayed onto the ground in a controlled rate so that erosion does not occur. Water will not be sprayed on days when wind will carry the water off the ground.

I. Request for Alternate Treatment/Disposal

If the hydrostatic test water does not meet OCD conditions for discharge to the ROW and is not a characteristic hazardous waste, NMGC will dispose of it at the Agua Moss LLC facility near Farmington, NM. Transportation of such water will only be performed by an OCD authorized C-133 water hauler. If the water is tested as a characteristic hazardous waste, test water will be shipped by a licensed transporter to a RCRA permitted TSDF for disposal.

J. Hydrostatic Test Water Sampling Plan

A sample of the hydrostatic test water will be collected from the pipe after the third test section is complete. The test water will be analyzed for the constituents identified in NMAC 20.6.2.3103 (A)(B)(C). Upon receipt of the analytical results, NMGC will submit them to the OCD for review and approval to discharge. NMGC will expedite the laboratory analyses to minimize the storage time of the test water.

K. Method of Disposal of Fluids and Solids after Test Completion

If approved by OCD, test waters will be sprayed onto private land at a controlled rate.

L. Expected Quality & Volume of Discharge

The expected volume of the hydrostatic test discharge is approximately 78,500 gallons. Based on water analyzes from previous hydrostatic tests on new pipe, NMGC anticipates that water quality will meet WQCC standards for discharge.

M. Geological Characteristics of Subsurface at Discharge Site

General Geology: The geology of the region consists of a diverse mix of structural, volcanic and depositional terrains associated with Laramide-age uplift, Teritary-age extensional tectonics and Quaternary-age depositions. The Rio Grande Gorge and Taos Plateau are some of the major structural elements of the area. These features are part of a larger structure, the Rio Grande rift. It is approximately 240 km long, and is bordered by the Sangre de Cristo Mountains on the east, and the Tusas and San Juan Mountains on the west. The southern part of the basin is a physiographically and geologically unique terrain known as the Taos Plateau. The plateau is composed mostly of 3-5 million-year-old basalts that were erupted locally. The basin fill is comprised of a wide variety of alluvial, colluvium, and eolian deposits of Tertiary and Quaternary age. The Rio Grande has cut through these sedimentary and igneous deposits to expose the layers known as the Rio Grande Gorge.

Collection and Discharge Areas:

The geology at the location where NMGC will discharge water (private property on the north end) is mapped as quaternary (Qp) with piedmont alluvial deposits (Holocene to lower Pleistocene). This includes deposits of higher gradient, tributaries bordering major stream valleys, alluvial veneers of the piedmont slope, and alluvial fans.

At the south end of the project, by the Rinconada launcher, the geology is quaternary (Ql) – landslide deposits and colluvium (Holocene to Pleistocene).

The geology in the middle at the Pilar launcher is Tertiary (Tsf), the lower Santa Fe group (upper Miocene to uppermost Oligocene.

The geology of the collection and discharge sites are similar in nature but the surface formation that they occur on are different. The first collection site at Rinconada is comprised of landslide deposits and colluvium from the Holocene and Pleistocene, the sediment material is not well sorted and is of a lose nature. The second discharge site at Pilar is comprised of alluvial deposits of the Santa Fe Group from the Miocene and Oligocene periods. The sediment material is moderately sorted and is comprised of mostly course grained mixed clastic and is unconsolidated. The discharge site is on privately owned land and is comprised of alluvial deposits from the Holocene and Pleistocene periods. The site is part of the Piedmont Alluvial deposits and are also course grained unconsolidated clastic deposits.

Geologic Reference:

 New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, 2003, Geologic Map of New Mexico, Peter A. Scholle, State Geologist, Published in coorperation with the US Geological Survey. Electronic access to the map may be found: http://geoinfo.nmt.edu/publications/maps/geologic/state/home.html

Soils (see attached soil maps)

Collection Area (Rinconada): The Rinconada collection area consists of two soil types: 1) Chita loam and 2) Tinaja Rock outcrop complex. The Chita loam association consists of Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock. The Tinaja Rock outcrop complex is derived from sandstone and is an extremely gravelly loam that is well drained.

Collection Area (Pilar): The Pilar collection area consists of Orthents-Rock outcrop association which is colluvium derived from basalt. It is well drained and very gravelly loam.

Discharge Area: Soils in the discharge area on private property is part of the Silva-Sedillo association. This soil is alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale.

N. Depth & TDS Concentration of Ground Water Most Likely to be Affected by Discharge

Collection Areas: According to State Engineer well records, the nearest well is 550 feet from the Rinconada collection location. The POD (44010) associated with this well shows it is expired. Other wells in the area (more than 2,000 ft away) have a depth to water from between 10 to 140 feet. The well nearest to the Pilar Station is 2,500 ft away and its depth to water is 22ft. The POD number is 09961.

Discharge Area: The landowner has told NMGC there are no active wells on the property. Records from the State Engineers Office, show the nearest active well is more than 2000 ft from the private land where NMGC will discharge water and the depth to water is 400 ft. The POD for this well is 16717. The records for well POD 11529 located on the private property, show it was never installed.

Total dissolved solids (TDS) for the project area: Two springs northeast of Pilar have a TDS of 258 and 303 mg/l. In the general area, TDS values from the Picuris piedmont aquifer ranges from 200 to 400 mg/l and it is reasonable to assume that the TDS range is 200-400 mg/L for the collection and discharge areas. (Source: Hydrogeologic Investigation of the Southern Taos Valley, Taos NM, NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2016). (page 74 from the report is attached)

O. <u>ID of Landowners at and Adjacent to Discharge Site and Collection/Retention Site</u> A map is provided showing the landownership of the underlying and adjacent property owners from the water collection location and the area where water will be sprayed if approved by OCD. The collection locations are on Bureau of Land Management property and the discharge location is on private land. Both have been notified of the project and have been involved in the project planning. BLM is the surrounding landowner for almost all of the locations. Any other landowners within 1/3 of a miles of the collection and discharge locations will be notified of the proposed hydrostatic test.

Closing

In the event of a release associated with project activities, NMGC will comply with OCD's Release Notification and Corrective Action regulation NMAC 19.15.29 to remediate the spill as soon as possible.

Once OCD rules this application as administratively complete, and if required, NMGC will provide notice of the permit application in the Taos News following requirements in NMAC 20.6.2.3108. In addition, a sign with a synopsis of the public notice will be placed at the BLM visitor center in Pilar and within the Highway 68 right-of-way on the west side near the private property where water will be discharged.

A check for \$100 was enclosed with the original submittal on May 26, 2017.

Thank you for your assistance. If additional information is required please notify me in writing. Please call me at (505) 697-3516 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Munn Mur

(man)

Marcelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Scientist Attachment: Location maps

٢

٠

Certification of Compliance with Siting Criteria

I, Rebecca Sandoval, Project Engineer with NMGC visited the project site in the field on May 16, 2017 and verified that the location where NMGC will collect and discharge the hydrostatic test water from the pipe meets the following siting criteria:

A. Collection Areas

- Is not within 1,000 ft of an active wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft of the Rinconada collection location. There is an arroyo within 200 feet downhill of the Pilar collection location. NMGC will install 1 and 1/3 secondary containment for the tank to hold all the water if there is a failure.
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are no schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft
- There are no permanent residence, schools, hospitals, institutions, or churches are within 500 ft.

B. Discharge Area

- Is not within 1,000 ft of a wellhead protection area that supplies public or private water system.
- There are no watercourses within 200 ft
- There are no wetlands within 500 ft
- There are four private residences within 500 ft of the discharge area. NMGC will maintain at least a 100 ft buffer from the residences and mitigate the potential for flooding by discharging water down topographic slope of residence #2 and #4 and only spray water in the discharge area upslope of residence #3 every other day. NMGC will spray water in a controlled manner so as not to cause erosion or flooding.

My observations in the field match the enclosed map showing where NMGC plans to collect the water.

Rebuce Sandril Engineer <u>5-23-201</u> Date

Photos



Rinconada collection location



Pilar collection location



SW discharge area private land



NE discharge area private land

From:	Tompson, Mike, EMNRD		
To:	Fiedler, Marcelle F.		
Cc:	Kretzmann, John, EMNRD		
Subject:	RE: recorded mines		
Date:	Friday, April 28, 2017 8:06:14 AM		

***** Don't be quick to click! We're counting on you! This email is from an external sender! Don't click links or open attachments from unknown sources. Forward suspicious emails as an attachment to <u>phishing@tecoenergy.com</u> for analysis by our cyber security team. *****

Hello Marcelle,

The New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division has no knowledge of any abandoned mines in the four sections detailed in your email.

Please let us know if you have any other questions.

Mike Tompson New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division (505) 476-3427

From: Fiedler, Marcelle F. [mailto:Marcelle.Fiedler@nmgco.com]
Sent: Thursday, April 27, 2017 2:27 PM
To: Tompson, Mike, EMNRD <Mike.Tompson@state.nm.us>
Subject: recorded mines

Hi Mike

New Mexico Gas Company is planning to do a hydrostatic pressure test of a gas transmission line near Rinconada and Pilar, NM later this year. As part of the permit application process with the Oil Conservation Division, we need to obtain information on the location of active or abandoned mines in the area of our test. Can you please tell me if there are any active or abandoned mines within the following sections?

- 1. Section 15 T23N r10E
- 2. Section 22, 23, 28 T24N R11E

Thank you for your assistance. Please contact me if you have any questions.

Marcelle Fiedler New Mexico Gas Company A TECO Energy Company Senior Environmental Scientist 7120 Wyoming Blvd. NE Ste 20 Albuquerque, NM 87109



vertical upflow of deeply sourced thermal waters along faults or at fault intersections.

To further investigate groundwater sources and intermixing, we examine distribution maps of major ions and Piper diagrams that show cation and anion percentages and ion trends. Chemistry data from shallow wells between the mountain front and the Rio Pueblo, including Ponce de Leon and upper Arroyo del Alamo, are used to construct concentration maps of the dissolved solids content and the major ions Ca/Na, HCO3, SO4, and Cl for the shallow basin and bedrock aquifers (Figs. 29-33). Chemistry results from surface water and wells in the deep confined aquifer were not used to create the concentration maps, but are shown on the figures. Ion chemistry and summary statistics for each aquifer are presented in Table 9. The observed patterns and some hydrologic implications are discussed.

Dissolved solid content—Concentrations of dissolved solids, called TDS, range from 86–790 mg/L in the Picuris piedmont aquifer (Fig. 29, Table 9). High TDS values (400–600 mg/L) are clustered in the northern Rio Grande del Rancho valley and westward toward the Taos golf course, but both higher and lower values are scattered throughout the area, for example: 790 mg/L TDS in a 122-foot deep well (TV-136) and 390 mg/L TDS in an adjacent 105-foot deep well (TV-238) (Fig. 29, Table 9). An intriguing and unusual trend in the distribution of TDS in the basin-fill aquifers is that TDS does not increase with depth, and concentrations in the deep confined aquifer (180–313 mg/L) are lower than or comparable to those in the shallow Picuris piedmont aquifer. Bedrock aquifers exhibit an extreme range in TDS, with the highest concentrations found in the hydrothermal waters at Ponce de Leon (492–1,888 mg/L) and the lowest from a well in quartzite bedrock in the upper Arroyo del Alamo watershed (48 mg/L, TV-230).

Calcium and sodium—Calcium concentrations range from 2.6 to 175 mg/L, and sodium ranges from 8.2 to 143 mg/L (Table 9). The distribution of calcium and sodium is illustrated as a calcium-to-sodium ratio (Fig. 30), where values greater than 1 indicate calcium dominance and values less than 1 indicate sodium dominance. Shallow groundwater in the Picuris piedmont aquifer is generally Ca-rich, as are stream waters from the Rio Grande del Rancho (TV-512), Rio Pueblo (TV-513) and Rio Lucero (TV-514). The

Total dissolved solids (ma/L)<200 200-400 05 400-600 >600 1 0 0.5 km 460 260 280 500 409 347 \$ 270 287 386 170 295 316 369 355 189 293 292 • 1049 201 290 313 1888 220 sin-bedrock boundary 270

Figure 29. Map showing the dissolved solid content (TDS) in the Picuris piedmont aquifer. Values for the deep confined aquifer are also shown.

Data

- Well in Picuris piedmont aquifer
- Well in deep confined aquifer
- Spring
- Surface water

Depth specific samples

Contoured value

Geologic features

Bedrock

Hydrogeologic window Northern projection of Miranda graben

---- Picuris-Pecos fault

- - Geophysical fault

Attachments

.



Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Rinconada Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route

- N 500ft buffer _____
 - -- Ephemeral

NM_Wetlands

Perennial

Pilar_collection_and_discharge_sites





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route





Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6e Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Sedillo

Setting

Landform: Divides Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: gravelly loam

H2 - 3 to 11 inches: very gravelly clay loam

H3 - 11 to 60 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 3 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0

to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0 Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.8 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Gravelly Slopes (R036XA004NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Fernando

Percent of map unit: Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Manzano

Percent of map unit: Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM)

ISDA

Map Unit Description: Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping---Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico Private land

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

SSC—Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: k1hf Elevation: 6,500 to 8,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 11 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 115 to 135 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Silva and similar soils: 65 percent Sedillo and similar soils: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Silva

Setting

Landform: Ridges, divides Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex, linear Parent material: Alluvium derived from igneous and metamorphic rock and/or eolian deposits derived from sandstone and shale

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: loam H2 - 3 to 31 inches: clay loam H3 - 31 to 60 inches: clay loam

Properties and qualities

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 5 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: High Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0

to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0

Available water storage in profile: High (about 10.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e

SD,

Map Unit Legend

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (NM670)				
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI	
SSC	Silva-Sedillo association, gently sloping	40.9	100.0%	
Totals for Area of Interest		40.9	100.0%	



Soil Map-Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (discharge private property)

MAP	LEG	END
-----	-----	-----

Area of Interest (AOI) ۵ Very Stony Spot 0 Soil Map Unit Polygons 2 Soil Map Unit Lines Soil Map Unit Points **Special Point Features** Water Features Blowout ~

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot Closed Depression

Gravel Pit X

Area of Interest (AOI)

~

ŧ

(0)

×

0

-

0

٨

4

*

0

V

+

14

-

Ó

3

Soils

Marsh or swamp

Miscellaneous Water

Saverely Eroded Spot

Mine or Quarry

Rock Outcroo

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Sinkhole

Sodic Spot

Slide or Slip

O Perennial Water

Gravelly Spot

Landfill Lava Flow

Background 1

Streams and Canals

Spoil Area

Stony Spot

Wet Spot

Special Line Features

Other

Transportation Rails ----

Interstate Highways ~

US Routes -

Major Roads

Local Roads

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 22, 2011-Apr 25, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

USDA

Natural Resources **Conservation Service** Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

4/28/2017 Page 2 of 3



Map Unit Description: Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep---Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Breaks (R051XA006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

R - 0 to 60 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Runoff class: Very high Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8 Hydric soil rating: Unranked

Minor Components

Montecito

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Ecological site: south of Gallup 13-16 (F036XA001NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Trampas

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Ecological site: Pine Grassland (R048AY010NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015



Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico

OTG—Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: k1gl Elevation: 6,400 to 10,000 feet Mean annual precipitation: 9 to 23 inches Mean annual air temperature: 44 to 54 degrees F Frost-free period: 90 to 140 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Orthents and similar soils: 50 percent Rock outcrop: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Orthents

Setting

Landform: Canyons Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave Parent material: Colluvium derived from basalt

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: very gravelly loam H2 - 10 to 60 inches: very gravelly clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 40 to 80 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.21 to 0.71 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 5 percent
Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum in profile: 2.0
Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 6.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

ISDA

Map Unit Legend

Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (NM670)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
ORG	Orthents-Badland association, very steep	6.0	5.0%
OTG	Orthents-Rock outcrop association, very steep	61.4	50.7%
PfC	Petaca-Prieta complex, 1 to 8 percent slopes	53.6	44.3%
RcG	Rock outcrop, very steep	0.1	0.1%
Totals for Area of Interest		121.1	100.0%



Soil Map—Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico (Pilar Launcher)

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000. Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
 1:24,000. Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator 	
Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
scale. Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
measurements. Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	
maps north the web boil our vey are based of the web mercator	
projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts	
distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.	
Soil Sunnoy Area: Toop County and Parts of Dio Arribo and Mar	
Counties, New Mexico	
Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015	
Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales	
Date(a) acticl images wate shakes shakes and a 22 2011 Act	
25, 2012	
The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were	
compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.	

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

4/28/2017 Page 2 of 3



Rinconada Station

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016



Rinconada Station

Map Unit Description: Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes—Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

> Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: B Ecological site: Steep Gravelly - Woodland (F035XG135NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Rock Outcrop

Typical profile

R - 0 to 60 inches: bedrock

Properties and qualities

Depth to restrictive feature: 0 inches to lithic bedrock Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low (0.00 in/hr)

Minor Components

Chita

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Mesas Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Menefee

Percent of map unit: 7 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope, head slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: Gravelly - Woodland (F035XG134NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Teromote

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Alluvial fans Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM)

SDA

Rinconada Station

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

242—Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1wj2 Elevation: 5,800 to 7,800 feet Mean annual precipitation: 13 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 49 degrees F Frost-free period: 100 to 130 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Tinaja and similar soils: 50 percent Rock outcrop: 30 percent Minor components: 20 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Tinaja

Setting

Landform: Escarpments Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Colluvium derived from sandstone

Typical profile

A - 0 to 4 inches: extremely gravelly loam Bk1 - 4 to 43 inches: very cobbly sandy clay loam 2Bk2 - 43 to 60 inches: sandy loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 45 to 75 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: High Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

JSDA

Map Unit Description: Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes---Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

Rinconada Station

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6c Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: Loamy (R036XB006NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Dermala

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Hills Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope, footslope, shoulder, toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, side slope, head slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Ecological site: Pinyon-Juniper/Skunkbush Sumac Shallow Sandy (F036XB133NM)

Hydric soil rating: No

Pinavetes

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Dunes Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: Sandy Slopes (R036XB111NM) Hydric soil rating: No

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016

SD/

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties

148-Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1wh4 Elevation: 6,000 to 7,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 50 degrees F Frost-free period: 100 to 140 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Chita and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Chita

Setting

Landform: Mesas Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Talf Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Eolian deposits over slope alluvium derived from igneous and sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 3 inches: loam BA and Bt - 3 to 10 inches: loam Btk and Bk - 10 to 38 inches: silty clay loam 2Bk - 38 to 60 inches: gravelly sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 5 percent Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Low Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.60 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.7 inches)

Map Unit Legend

Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties (NM650)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
148	Chita loam, 0 to 5 percent slopes	8.4	54.7%
242	Tinaja-Rock outcrop complex, 45 to 75 percent slopes	7.0	45.3%
Totals for Area of Interest		15.4	100.0%
Soil Map—Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio Arriba and Sandoval Counties (Rinconada Station)

Area of Interest (AOI)	8	Spoil Area	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at	
Area of Interest (AOI)	٥	Stony Spot	1:24,000.	
Solis	0	Very Stony Spot	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.	
Soli Map Unit Polygons	5	Wet Spot	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause	
Soli Map Unit Lines	Δ	Other	line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of	
Soli Map Unit Points		Special Line Features	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detaile	
Special Point Features	Water Fea	itures	Stait.	
Borrow Pit	~	Streams and Canals	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map	
Set Clay Spot	Transport	ation	Source of Many Natural Resources Concertation Service	
	+++	Rails	Web Soil Survey URL:	
Closed Depression	~	Interstate Highways	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)	
Gravel Prt	~	US Routes	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mer projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such a	
Gravelly Spot		Major Roads		
Landfill	ind	Local Roads	Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more	
Lava Flow	Backgrou	nd	accurate calculations of distance of area are required.	
Marsh or swamp	5	Aerial Photography	of the version date(s) listed below.	
Mine or Quarry			Soll Survey Area: Rio Arriba Area, New Mexico, Parts of Rio	
Miscellaneous Water			Arriba and Sandoval Counties	
O Perennial Water			Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 29, 2016	
Rock Outcrop			Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.	
Saline Spot			Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 22 2011-	
Sandy Spot			25, 2012	
Severely Eroded Spot			The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were	
Sinkhole			compiled and digitized probably differs from the backgroun- imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.	
Slide or Slip				
Sodic Spot				

USDA



Private land

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Taos County and Parts of Rio Arriba and Mora Counties, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 11, Nov 24, 2015









	Proposed Mainline	
	Access Road Survey Line	
	US Bureau of Land Management	
	US Bureau of Reclamation	
	US Dept. of Agriculture	
	US Dept. of Defense	
1.1.1	US Dept. of Energy	
	US Forest Service	
	US Fish and Wildlife Service	
	US Bureau of Indian Affairs	
	US National Park or Preserve	
	Private	
	NM State	
	NM State Game and Fish	
	NM State Park	



Discharge Location- Private land Taos Mainline - Rinconada to Pilar Re-Route



FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official)



http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft



Data from Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs) where available digitally. New NFHL FIRMette Print app available: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e

0.3mi

USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (Official) Private layd Aischarge location



USGS The National Map: Orthoimagery | National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA); Delta State University; Esri | Print here instead: http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e Support: FEMAMapSpecialist@riskmapcds.com | USDA FSA, Microsoft

http://tinyurl.com/j4xwp5e







Discharge Location- Private land Well Location and Depth to Water





Collection Location- Pilar Launching Station Well Location and Depth to Water

