AP - 111

SWMUs No. 1 (Aeration Basin) & GMW-1

WORK PLAN

August 2018



EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report for 2017 (Report) incorporates field monitoring, sampling, and inspection of active wells located on the facility. Analytical data and field notes are incorporated into this report to show any changes or discoveries of various constituents found in the groundwater collected for sampling. On February 15, 2012, Groundwater Discharge Permit GW-032 was rescinded by the Oil Conservation Division (OCD) of New Mexico. We are; however, required to continue to abate pollution of groundwater pursuant to 19.15.30 NMAC (Remediation) under case number AP-111 with remediation activities already in place under Groundwater Discharge Permit GW-032. Monitoring and field work activities conducted for 2017 followed the guidelines of the "Approval with Modifications, Annual Facility-Wide Ground Water Monitoring Report: Gallup Refinery 2013, HWB-WRG-14-006", dated May 18, 2016 from New Mexico Environmental Department Hazard Waste Bureau (NMED HWB). New monitoring wells (BW-4A, BW-4B, BW-5A, BW-5B, BW-5C, OW-53, OW-55, OW-56, OW-57, OW-58, OW-59, and OW-60) were installed in 2016 and 2017 and have been added to the most recent Facility-Wide Ground Water Monitoring Work Plan. Although the wells were not yet included in an approved Monitoring Work Plan in 2017, groundwater samples were collected at these wells and the results are presented in the subsequent investigation reports and are also included in this Annual Monitoring Report. The well completion logs are included in Appendix H.

GROUNDWATER MONITORING

There are 100 monitoring wells located throughout the refinery property that are subject to the ground water monitoring program. The groundwater program consists of a number of sampling locations, target analyses, and monitoring frequencies that include quarterly, semi-annual, and annual. A brief analytical summary is included below while a more detailed summary is discussed in Section 7. In addition to the monitoring wells, there are three leak detection units (LDUs) at the new API Separator (NAPIS). The monitoring wells and LDUs have been grouped as follows:



GROUP A	GROUP B	GROUP C	GROUP D	GROUP E
BW-1A, 1B, 1C	GWM-1, 2, 3	OW-13, 14, 29, 30	PW-2, 3, 4	MKTF-1 thru
BW-2A, 2B, 2C	NAPIS-1, 2, 3, KA-3	OW-50, 52, 53, 54,	OW-1, 10	MKTF-45
BW-3A, 3B, 3C	OAPIS-1	OW-55, 56, 57, 58	OW-11, 12	
BW-4A, 4B	East LDU, West LDU, Oil Sump LDU	RW-1, 2, 5, 6		
BW-5A, 5B, 5C	STP1-NW, STP1-SW			
MW-1, 2, 4, 5	OW-59, 60			
SMW-2, 4				



GROUP A - WELLS

There are a total of 14 boundary wells located on the western and northwestern boundary of the refinery property.

- No benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, or total xylenes (BTEX) or methyl tert butyl ether (MTBE) constituents have been detected in any of the boundary wells, with the exception of MTBE in samples collected from BW-5B and BW-5C and toluene in BW-5B. Low concentrations of toluene and MTBE were detected in samples collected from BW-5B in December 2017. MTBE was detected in the sample collected from BW-5C in December 2017.
- Chloride exceeded the standard in BW-5C. Uranium exceed the standard in samples collected at BW-5B and BW-5C.

There are a total of six wells that monitor the groundwater in the area of the land treatment unit (LTU).

- No BTEX or MTBE have been detected in any of the MW wells in 2017.
- No concentrations of BTEX or MTBE were detected in any of the SMW wells, with the exception of SMW-2 which has had low concentrations of MTBE below the applicable standard.
- In SMW-2, chloride and sulfate were detected above the WQCC standards since 2011. Low concentrations of fluoride, chloride and sulfate have been detected in SMW-4. DRO and GRO were detected in SWM-2 above screening levels.
- Low concentrations of metals (total and dissolved) have been detected in both wells. Chromium and uranium were detected in both wells above the WQCC standards in 2017. Manganese was detected in SMW-2 above the WQCC standard in 2017.

GROUP B - WELLS

There are 12 monitoring wells and three leak detection units (LDUs) in Group B.

GWM-1, GWM-2, and GWM-3

- No samples have been collected from GWM-1 since the third quarter 2015 due to the detection of separate phase hydrocarbon (SPH).
- No groundwater was present in GWM-2 and GWM-3 in 2017.

NAPIS-1, NAPIS-2, NAPIS-3, and KA-3

- BTEX and MTBE concentrations were below the applicable standards in the first and second quarters of 2017 in NAPIS-1. Separate phase hydrocarbon was detected in NAPIS-1 in the third and fourth quarters. Benzene and MTBE concentrations in NAPIS-2 have frequently exceeded the applicable standards since 2008 and remained in exceedance or slightly below exceedance level for 2017. BTEX constituents were not detected in NAPIS-3 in 2017. MTBE was detected in all four quarters of 2017 in NAPIS-3, however, none of the concentrations were above the standard. In KA-3, the benzene concentration was detected above the applicable standard in the first quarter of 2017.
- DRO was detected above applicable standards in NAPIS-2 (all four quarters), NAPIS-3 (first quarter), and KA-3 (fourth quarter). Detections of GRO above the applicable standard occurred in NAPIS-1 (third quarter), NAPIS-2 (all four quarters), NAPIS-3 (second and fourth quarter) and KA-3 (all four quarters). MRO has not been detected in any of the NAPIS or KA wells.
- Barium, iron and manganese were detected in NAPIS-2 at concentration levels exceeding the applicable standards in 2017.
- Uranium was detected in 2017 in NAPIS-3 at concentration levels exceeding the WQCC standards.



- Manganese was detected in all four guarters of 2017 above the applicable standard in KA-3.
- Bis (2-ethyhexyl) phthalate was detected in concentrations that exceeding the applicable standards in NAPIS-1. NAPIS-2, NAPIS-3, and KA-3 in 2017. Naphthalene was detected in NAPIS-2 during all four guarters. The concentrations exceed the applicable standard.

East LDU, West LDU, and Oil Sump LDU

- No water has been detected in the Oil Sump LDU since June 2013.
- Benzene (all four guarters) and total xylenes (third guarter) were detected in the East LDU at concentration levels above the applicable standard. Low concentrations of toluene, ethyl benzene, total xylenes and MTBE were also detected. DRO and GRO were also detected above the applicable standards in all four guarters of 2017.
- In the West LDU, benzene exceeded applicable standards in all four quarters of 2017. Toluene, ethyl benzene, total xylenes, and MTBE were also detected at concentration levels below the applicable standards. DRO and GRO were also detected above the applicable standards in all four guarters of 2017.
- In 2017, chromium, iron, and manganese have been detected in concentrations exceeding applicable standards in both the East and West LDUs.
- Concentrations of the organic constituents 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene, naphthalene, 1methylnaphthalene, and 2-methylnaphthalene have exceeded applicable standards in both the East and West LDUs in 2017.

OAPIS-1

- Benzene and MTBE have exceeded the applicable standards since 2013. -
- Concentrations of fluoride, chloride, DRO and GRO have shown exceedances in OAPIS-1 since 2013.
- Arsenic, barium, iron, manganese and uranium concentrations exceeded applicable standards in OAPIS-1 in 2017.
- The reported concentrations of naphthalene, 1-methylnaphthalene and bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate exceeded applicable standards in 2017.

STP1-NW, STP1-SW, OW-59, and OW-60

- STP1-SW remained dry in 2017.
- There were no detections of BTEX, MTBE, DRO, GRO, or MRO above applicable standards in 2017 in STP-1 NW.
- DRO and GRO was detected in the fourth guarter of 2017 in OW-59 above the applicable standards. GRO was detected below the applicable standard in OW-60.
- Sulfate and chloride concentrations exceeded the applicable standards in OW-59 and OW-60, with nitrate/nitrite exceeded in water samples collected from OW-60.
- Chloride, iron, manganese, and uranium exceeded applicable standards in STP-1-NW in 2017.
- The constituent uranium was reported to have total and dissolved concentrations that exceeded the applicable standard for OW-59 and OW-60 for the fourth guarter of 2017. The dissolved arsenic concentrations reported for the fourth guarter for OW-59 and OW-60 exceeded the applicable standard.
- The concentration of Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate in OW-60 exceeded the applicable standard.



GROUP C WELLS

Group C wells include 12 observation wells and four recovery wells.

OW-13, OW-14, OW-29, and OW-30

- No detectable concentrations of BTEX were reported in 2017 for OW-13. Low concentrations of MTBE continue to be detected at values below the applicable standard.
- The 2017 benzene and MTBE concentrations for OW-14 were above the applicable standard for all four quarters.
- No detectable concentrations of BTEX were reported in 2017 for OW-29. The MTBE concentrations were above the applicable standard for all four quarters.
- In OW-30, benzene was reported above the applicable standard in the fourth quarter. MTBE concentrations were reported above the applicable standard in all four quarters of 2017.
- DRO was detected above the applicable standard in OW-14, OW-29, and OW-30.
- GRO was detected above the applicable standard in all four wells in all four quarters of 2017.

OW-50, and OW-52

- BTEX, DRO, GRO, and MRO constituents have not been detected in either OW-50 or OW-52 since 2010 through 2016; however, a low concentration of MTBE was detected in both wells in 2016 and 2017 annual groundwater sampling events.
- Low concentrations of total and dissolved arsenic, barium, iron, lead, manganese, selenium, mercury and zinc have been detected in OW-50 and OW-52 in 2017.

OW-54, OW-55, and OW-56

- In OW-54, benzene and MTBE concentrations exceeded the applicable standards during all four quarters, but toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes were detected at concentrations below the applicable standards. In OW-55, benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene, total xylenes and MTBE exceed applicable standards in 2017. There were no detectable concentrations of benzene and MTBE in samples collected at OW-56 that exceeded the applicable standards in 2017.
- DRO and GRO were detected above the applicable standards in all three wells in all quarters of 2017.
- Chloride concentrations for OW-54, OW-55, and OW-56 exceeded the applicable standard during all four quarters of 2017
- Iron, lead, and manganese concentrations exceeded the applicable standards in OW-54 and OW-55, while uranium only exceeded the standard in samples collected at OW-54.
- Reportable concentrations of naphthalene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene, 1-methylnaphthalene, and 1,2-dichloroethane exceeded the applicable standards in either OW-54, OW-55, and/or OW-56 in 2017.

OW-57 and OW-58

- BTEX and MTBE was detected in both wells in 2017. Benzene concentrations exceeded the applicable standard in both OW-57 and OW-58. Toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes concentrations exceeded the applicable standard in OW-58. MTBE concentrations exceeded the applicable standard in OW-57 and in OW-58.
- DRO and GRO concentrations exceeded the applicable standards in both OW-57 and OW-58 in 2017.
- Barium, iron, and manganese concentrations exceeded the applicable standards in OW-57 and OW-58.
 Arsenic exceeded the standard in OW-57 and lead exceeded the standard in OW-58.



- Reportable concentrations of naphthalene, 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, and 1-methylnaphthalene exceeded the applicable standards in OW-57 and/or OW-58 in 2017.

RW-1, RW-2, RW-5, and RW-6

- No samples were collected from RW-1 in 2017 due to the presence of SPH. No samples were collected from RW-5 and RW-6 during the second, third and fourth quarters of 2017 due to the detection of SPH in the wells;
- BTEX and MTBE concentrations exceeded applicable standards in RW-2 in 2017. Benzene exceeded the
 applicable standard in RW-5 and benzene and total xylenes concentrations exceeded applicable standards in
 RW-6. Concentrations of toluene, total xylenes and ethyl benzene were detected in RW-5 and RW-6, which did
 not exceed applicable standards.
- Volatile organic compounds were detected in RW-2, RW-5 and RW-6 in the groundwater samples collected in 2017. 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene, naphthalene, 1-methylnaphthalene and 2methylnaphthalene were detected in concentrations exceeding the applicable standards.

GROUP D WELLS

The Group D wells can be found within the refinery property and include three process/production (i.e., water supply)

wells and four observation wells.

PW-2, PW-3, and PW-4

- No BTEX or MTBE constituents were detected in the process wells in 2017.
- Low concentrations of arsenic, barium, iron, manganese, selenium, and zinc were detected in the wells in 2017 at concentration levels below applicable standards.
- Two organic constituents were detected at levels below applicable standards in 2017 (bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate and di-n-octylphthalate).

OW-1, OW-10, OW-11, and OW-12

- BTEX was not detected in OW-1 and OW-10 in 2017. MTBE was detected in low concentrations below the applicable standard in both wells in 2017.
- Low concentrations of cations were detected in OW-1 throughout 2017 at concentration levels below the applicable standard. OW-10 had exceedances of chloride in all of 2017.
- GRO was detected in the fourth quarter in OW-1 and the second, third and fourth quarters of 2017 in OW-10. DRO and MRO was not detected in OW-1 and OW-10 in 2017.
- The 2017 metals analysis for OW-1 and OW-10 reported exceedances above the applicable standards for chromium, lead and uranium.
- BTEX and MTBE have not been detected in OW-11 and OW-12 since 2006 and remained non-detect for 2017.
- Fluoride, nitrite, and sulfate concentrations continue to exceed the applicable standards in OW-11.



treatment pond (STP1) in May 2014. Two new monitoring wells (OW-59 and OW-60) were installed in June 2017. Observation wells OW-59 and OW-60 were installed upgradient of SMW-2 and downgradient of the Aeration Basin to assess chlorides, which have been detected in the area.

6.2.1 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS: GWM-1, GWM-2, and GWM-3

The GWM series of wells are all screened in the Chinle/Alluvium Interface stratigraphic unit. GWM-1 and GWM-2 are located on the west side of the aeration basin straddling the dike that separates AL-2 and EP-1. Downgradient from GWM-1 and GWM-2 is GWM-3 located on the northwest corner of EP-1. These wells are inspected and groundwater samples collected on a quarterly basis if sufficient water is present to support sample collection. No groundwater has been detected in GWM-2 or GWM-3 since 2013. If water is detected, NMED and OCD are notified within 24 hours of discovery. In the fourth quarter of 2015, an SPH level was detected in GWM-1 for the first time. SPH was found to be present in GMW-1 during all four quarterly gauging events in 2017 and thus no groundwater samples were collected for chemical analysis.

WELL ID	QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4
GWM-1	3/16/17	6/2/17	9/8/17	12/4/17
GWM-2	3/16/17	6/2/17	9/8/17	12/4/17
GWM-3	3/16/17	6/2/17	9/8/17	12/4/17

Quarterly inspections of the GMW wells were completed on the following dates:

6.2.2 GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELLS: NAPIS-1, NAPIS-2, NAPIS-3, and KA-3

The NAPIS groundwater monitoring wells are located east of the aeration lagoons. NAPIS-1 is an upgradient well located on the southeast side of the API separator. The NAPIS-2 monitoring well is located near the southwest corner of the API separator, and NAPIS-3 is located in the northwest corner. KA-3 is located between NAPIS-2 and NAPIS-3 on the west side of the API separator. These wells are screened in the Chinle/Alluvium Interface stratigraphic unit with three of the wells (NAPIS-2, NAPIS-3, and KA-3) installed with flush mount surface completions.

The NAPIS and KA wells are sampled on a quarterly basis. In agreement with OCD and approved by NMED, the third quarter sampling is combined with the annual sampling event. Groundwater samples were analyzed for the following parameters: VOCs, SVOCs, major cations/anions, and WQCC total and dissolved metals.



- 1-Methylnaphthalene All four quarters; and
- Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate First, second, and fourth quarters.

6.2.5 STP1-NW, STP1-SW, OW-59, and OW-60

Monitoring well STP1-NW is located on the west end of the north bay (STP-1) and STP1-SW is located on the southwest corner of the south bay of STP-1. Observation wells OW-59 and OW-60, which were installed in June 2017, are located to the northwest. Ground water samples were analyzed for the following analytes: VOCs, SVOCs, DRO, GRO, MRO, major cations/anions, WQCC total and dissolved metals.

The wells were inspected and groundwater samples collected on the dates listed below in 2017. STP1-SW was found to be dry on each inspection, thus no groundwater samples were collected at STP1-SW.

WELL ID	QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4
STP1-NW	2/21/17	6/2/17	9/5/17	12/4/17
STP1-SW	2/21/17 NS	6/2/17 NS	9/5/17 NS	12/4/17 NS
OW-59	NI	NI	9/5/17 NS	12/6/17
OW-60	NI	NI	9/5/17 NS	12/6/17

NS – Well was not sampled. NI – Well not installed.

- There were no BTEX constituents detected in 2017 in STP1-NW, OW-59, and OW-60 (Table 8.14).
- Low concentrations of MTBE were detected in 2017 in STP1-NW, OW-59, and OW-60.
- There were no DRO, GRO, or MRO constituents detected in 2017 in STP1-NW. DRO and GRO was detected in the fourth quarter of 2017 in OW-59 above the applicable standards. GRO was detected below the applicable standard in OW-60.
- Chloride was detected above the applicable standard of 250 mg/L in all four quarters of 2017 in samples collected from STP1-NW and samples collected in the fourth quarter from OW-59 and OW-60.
- Nitrites and nitrates were detected at concentrations above the applicable standards in all four quarters of 2017 in STP1-NW and the fourth quarter in OW-60.
- Sulfate concentrations exceeded the applicable standard in OW-59 and OW-60.
- Low concentrations of total and dissolved metals were reported during all four quarters of 2017 (Tables 8.14.1 and 8.14.2). The constituent uranium was reported to have total and dissolved concentrations that exceeded the applicable standard for OW-59 and OW-60 for the fourth quarter of 2017. The dissolved arsenic concentrations reported for the fourth quarter for OW-59 and OW-60 exceeded the applicable standard.
- Low concentrations of 1-methynaphthalene and acetone were reported for 2017. The concentration of Bis (2ethylhexyl) phthalate in OW-60 exceeded the applicable standard (Table 8.14.3).



The installation on July 17, 2012 of monitoring well OAPIS-1 is from a site investigation conducted according to the Investigation Work Plan Solid Waste Management Unit (SMWU) No. 1 Aeration Basin and SMWU No. 14 Old API Separator.

- No significant deviations from past analytical at OAPIS-1.

<u>RECOMMENDATION:</u> Continue with current inspection schedule.

Monitor wells OW-59 and OW-60 were installed downgradient of STP1-NW. The installation of these wells is in response to elevated chlorides detected downgradient in SWM-2.

- There were no BTEX constituents detected in 2017 in STP1-NW, OW-59, and OW-60.
- Low concentrations of MTBE were detected in 2017 in STP1-NW, OW-59, and OW-60.
- Chloride was detected above the applicable standard of 250 mg/L in all four quarters of 2017.

RECOMMENDATION: Continue with current inspection schedule at STP1 wells. Wells OW-59 and OW-60 were added

to the monitoring plan in March 2018.

7.3 GROUP C – GROUNDWATER MONITORING

Groundwater monitoring activities from the Group C wells (northeast side of the Refinery) have shown that an MTBE

and hydrocarbon plume exists in the northeastern portion of the main tank farm and extends downgradient to the north

towards OW-50 and OW-52 and to the west near OW-54.

- Although concentration levels of MTBE in OW-13, which is screened in the deeper Sonsela aquifer, do not exceed the applicable standard of 0.143 mg/L, sample data indicates a steady increase of MTBE from year to year. No detectable concentrations of BTEX were reported in 2017 for OW-13.
- The 2017 benzene and MTBE concentrations for OW-14 were above the applicable standard of 0.005 mg/L and 0.143 mg/L for all four quarters. There were detectable concentrations of toluene, ethyl benzene, and total xylene.
- No detectable concentrations of BTEX were reported in 2017 for OW-29. The MTBE concentrations were above the applicable standard of 0.143 mg/L for all four quarters;
- In OW-30, the benzene concentration was reported above the applicable standard in the fourth quarter. MTBE concentrations were reported above the applicable standard in all four quarters of 2017. No detectable concentrations of toluene, ethyl benzene, and total xylenes were reported in 2017 for OW-30.
- An investigation work plan was initiated concerning OW-14 contaminant plume migration. Additional soil borings and wells were installed in the tank farm area and results are being evaluated. A new work plan was also recently submitted to replace OW-13 and evaluate for potential well completion concerns.
- BTEX, DRO, GRO, and MRO constituents have not been detected in either OW-50 or OW-52 since 2010 through 2016, however, a low concentration of MTBE was detected in both wells in 2016 and 2017 annual groundwater sampling events.
- In OW-54, benzene and MTBE concentrations exceeded the applicable standards during all four quarters. Toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes were detected at concentrations below the applicable standard.



SECTION 8 DATA TABLES

- 8.1 BW-1A/B/C, BW-2A/B/C, BW-3A/B/C, BW-4A/4B, BW-5A/B/C
- 8.2 MW-1, MW-2, MW-4, MW-5
- 8.3 SMW-2, SMW-4

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- 8.4 OW-11, OW-12
- 8.5 OW-50, OW-52
- 8.6 PW-2, PW-3, PW-4
- 8.7 GWM-1, GWM-2, GWM-3
- 8.8 NAPIS-1, NAPIS-2, NAPIS-3, KA-3
- 8.9 OAPIS-1
- 8.10 LEAK DETECTION UNITS (East LDU, West LDU, Oil Sump LDU)
- 8.11 RW-1, RW-2, RW-5, RW-6
- 8.12 OW-1, OW-10
- 8.13 OW-13, OW-14, OW-29, OW-30, OW-54, OW-55, OW-56, OW-57, OW-58
- 8.14 STP1-NW, STP1-SW, OW-59, OW-60
- 8.15 EVAPORATION PONDS EP-1 EP-12B
- 8.16 STP-1 to EP-2
- 8-17 MKTF-1 thru MKTF-45

COMPLETE DATA TABLES ON ATTACHED CD.

8.14 STP1-NW, OW-59, OW-60 BTEX, MTBE, General Chemistry and DRO/GRO/MRO Analytical Result Summary

								PARAN	IETERS			
	STANDARDS		Benzene (mg/L)	Toluene (mg/L)	Ethyl Benzene (mg/L)	Total Xylenes (mg/L)	MTBE (mg/L)	Fluoride (mg/L)	Chloride (mg/L)	Nitrite (mg/L)	Nitrate (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)
N N	VQCC 20NMAC 6.2.31	.03	0.01	0.75	0.75	0.62	NE	1.6	250	NE	10	600
	40 CFR 141.62 MCL		0.005	1	0.7	10	NE	4.0	NE	1	10	NE
NME	D Tap Water (MARCH	1 2017)	0.00455	1.09	0.0149	0.193	0.143	1.18	NE	1.97	31.59	NE
EPA R	SL for Tap Water (MA	Y 2018)	0.00046	0.11	0.0015	0.19	0.014	0.8	NE	2	3.2	NE
N	MED SSG (MARCH 20)17)	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE
Well ID	DATE SAMPLED	METHOD										
STP1-NW	12/04/17	8260B	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.0015	< 0.001	<0.5	2200	26	26	150
	09/05/17	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	0.00057	<0.5	2300	25	25	160
	06/02/17	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	0.00043	<0.1	2100	24	24	140
	02/21/17	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	0.00063	<0.5	2000	24	24	140
	11/14/16	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	0.00036	<0.5	2000	<2.0	24	140
	09/09/16	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	0.0003	<0.5	1800	26	26	150
	06/07/16	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	0.0006	0.058	2400	20	20	150
	03/02/16	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	0.47	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	10/29/15	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	< 0.001	0.26	2100	21	21	130
	08/11/15	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	< 0.001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	06/02/15	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	< 0.001	<0.5	2100	25	25	130
	03/10/15	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	< 0.001	< 0.1	2400	22	22	150
	11/18/14	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	< 0.001	0.29	1800	<2.0	18	120
	09/17/14	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	< 0.001	0.26	1800	<2.0	18	120
<u> </u>	06/16/14	8260B	<0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.0015	< 0.001	0.85	1000	15	15	160
OW-59	12/06/17	8260B	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.001	< 0.0015	0.0094	<0.5	1700	<2	<2	2600
OW-60	12/06/17	8260B	< 0.001	< 0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	0.00028	1.1	1700	14	14	780

DEFINITIONS

NE = Not established

NA = Not analyzed

Bold and highlighted values represent values above the applicable standards

STANDARDS

WQCC 20 NMAC 6.2.3103 - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/l TDS Concentration or Less.

a) Human Health Standards; b) Other Standards for Domestic Water

40 CFR 141.62 Detection Limits for Inorganic Contaminants

EPA Regional Screening Level (RSL) Summary Table

NMED Risk Assessment Guidance for Investigations and Remediations Table A-1

NMED Soil Screening Guidance Volume 1, Table 6-4 (groundwater), (March 2017)

8.14.1 STP1-NW, OW-59, OW-60 Total Metals Analytical Result Summary

								P	ARAMETER	S	
			Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Copper	Iron	Lead	Manganese	Selenium
	STANDARDS		(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
	WQCC 20NMAC 6.2.3103		0.1	1	0.01	0.05	1	1	0.05	0.2	0.05
40 CFR 141.62 MCL			0.01	2	0.005	0.1	1.3	NE	0.015	NE	0.05
	NMED Tap Water (MARCH 2	017)	0.000855	3.28	0.00624	0.0057	0.7898	13.8	NE	2.02	0.0987
E	EPA RSL for Tap Water (MAY	2018)	0.000052	0.38	0.00092	NE	0.8	14	0.015	0.43	0.1
Well ID	DATE SAMPLED	METHOD									
STP1-NW	12/04/17	200.7/200.8	< 0.05	0.11	< 0.002	<0.006	< 0.006	0.39	<0.0025	0.011	< 0.05
	09/05/17	200.7/200.8	0.007	0.14	< 0.002	0.0038	<0.006	1.9	0.0021	0.036	0.028
	06/02/17	200.7/200.8	0.0045	0.16	< 0.002	0.0027	<0.006	3.1	0.0029	0.062	0.014
	02/21/17	200.7/200.8	0.0094	0.29	< 0.002	0.0042	< 0.006	3.1	0.0043	0.14	0.019
	11/14/16	200.7/200.8	0.011	0.24	< 0.002	0.0096	0.0049	11	0.016	0.31	0.021
	09/09/16	200.7/200.8	0.007	0.18	< 0.002	< 0.006	<0.006	1.4	0.0013	0.029	0.025
	06/07/16	200.7/200.8	<0.05	0.2	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	3	0.0031	0.056	0.021
	03/02/16	200.7/200.8	<0.02	0.19	< 0.002	0.0028	< 0.006	3.6	0.0044	0.11	0.011
	10/29/15	200.7/200.8	0.0075	0.13	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.15	0.0055	0.032	0.019
	08/11/15	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.22	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	6.1	0.0068	0.11	0.018
	06/02/15	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.24	< 0.002	0.0066	< 0.006	3.2	< 0.005	0.095	< 0.02
	03/10/15	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.23	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	4.3	< 0.01	0.075	0.026
	11/18/14	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.13	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.15	< 0.001	0.032	0.024
	09/17/14	200.7/200.8	< 0.01	0.21	< 0.002	0.0092	< 0.006	6.5	0.0098	0.15	0.022
	06/16/14	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.11	< 0.002	<0.006	< 0.006	0.42	< 0.01	0.055	0.028
OW-59	12/06/17	200.7/200.8	0.0095	0.064	< 0.002	<0.006	0.0042	2.1	0.0014	0.17	< 0.02
OW-60	12/06/17	200.7/200.8	<0.02	0.12	<0.002	0.0033	<0.006	3.1	0.002	0.13	0.021

DEFINITIONS

NE = Not established

NA = Not analyzed

Bold and highlighted values represent values above the applicable standards

STANDARDS

WQCC 20 NMAC 6.2.3103 - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/l TDS Concentration or Less.

a) Human Health Standards; b) Other Standards for Domestic Water

40 CFR 141.62 Detection Limits for Inorganic Contaminants

EPA Regional Screening Level (RSL) Summary Table

NMED Risk Assessment Guidance for Investigations and Remediations Table A-1

8.14.2 STP1-NW, OW-59, OW-60

Dissolved Metals Analytical Result Summary

								PAR	AMETERS		
	STANDARDS		Arsenic (mg/L)	Barium (mg/L)	Cadmium (mg/L)	Chromium (mg/L)	Copper (mg/L)	Iron (mg/L)	Lead (mg/L)	Manganese (mg/L)	Seleniun (mg/L)
	WQCC 20NMAC 6.2.3	3103	0.1	1	0.01	0.05	1	1	0.05	0.2	0.05
40 CFR 141.62 MCL			0.01	2	0.005	0.1	1.3	NE	0.015	NE	0.05
NMED Tap Water (MARCH 2017)			0.000855	3.28	0.00624	0.0057	0.7898	13.8	NE	2.02	0.0987
EI	EPA RSL for Tap Water (MAY 2018)			0.38	0.0092	NE	0.8	14	0.015	0.43	0.1
Well ID	DATE SAMPLED	METHOD									
STP1-NW	12/04/17	200.7/200.8	0.009	0.11	<0.002	<0.006	<0.006	0.039	< 0.0005	0.00078	0.019
	09/05/17	200.7/200.8	<0.05	0.11	< 0.002	0.0029	< 0.006	0.04	< 0.0025	0.0016	0.029
	06/02/17	200.7/200.8	0.0055	0.13	< 0.002	< 0.006	<0.006	0.037	< 0.0005	0.00046	0.017
	02/21/17	200.7/200.8	0.0063	0.12	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.031	< 0.0025	0.00045	0.002
	11/14/16	200.7/200.8	0.0089	0.13	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.2	0.00039	0.0086	0.033
	09/09/16	200.7/200.8	0.0084	0.17	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.037	< 0.0005	0.00053	0.026
	06/07/16	200.7/200.8	0.0082	0.17	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.067	< 0.0025	0.0024	0.025
	03/02/16	200.7/200.8	0.005	0.14	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.13	0.0003	0.0038	0.015
	10/29/15	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.14	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.066	< 0.0025	0.0032	0.031
	08/11/15	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.13	< 0.002	< 0.006	< 0.006	0.12	< 0.0025	0.0039	0.018
	06/02/15	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.13	< 0.002	< 0.006	<0.006	0.045	< 0.01	< 0.002	0.02
	03/10/15	200.7/200.8	<0.05	0.18	< 0.002	< 0.006	<0.006	0.091	< 0.001	0.0039	< 0.05
	11/18/14	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.12	< 0.002	< 0.006	<0.006	0.026	< 0.001	0.028	0.023
	09/08/14	200.7/200.8	<0.01	0.12	< 0.02	< 0.006	<0.006	0.046	<0.01	0.033	0.027
OW-59	12/06/17	200.7/200.8	0.012	0.013	<0.002	<0.006	<0.006	0.024	< 0.0025	0.13	0.023
OW-60	12/06/17	200.7/200.8	0.013	0.029	< 0.002	<0.006	<0.006	0.02	< 0.0005	0.042	0.031

DEFINITIONS

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STANDARDS

WQCC 20 NMAC 6.2.3103 - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/l TDS Concentration or Less.

a) Human Health Standards; b) Other Standards for Domestic Water

40 CFR 141.62 Detection Limits for Inorganic Contaminants

EPA Regional Screening Level (RSL) Summary Table

NMED Risk Assessment Guidance for Investigations and Remediations Table A-1

8.14.3 STP1-NW, OW-59, OW-60

Semi-Volatile and Volatile Organic Compounds, Analytical Result Summary

			P	ARAMETERS	
	STANDARDS		1-Methylnaphthalene (mg/L)	Acetone (mg/L)	Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (mg/L)
\ \	VQCC 20NMAC 6.2.3103	3	NE	NE	NE
	40 CFR 141.62 MCL		NE	NE	0.006
NME	D Tap Water (MARCH 2	017)	0.0114	14.1	0.0556
EPA R	SL for Tap Water (MAY	2018)	0.0011	14	0.0056
Well ID	DATE SAMPLED	METHOD			
STP1-NW	12/04/17	8260B	< 0.004	0.0041	NA
	09/05/17	8260B	0.00054	0.0058	NA
	06/02/17	8260B	<0.004	0.0031	NA
	02/21/17	8260B	<0.004	< 0.01	NA
	11/14/16	8260B	<0.004	< 0.01	NA
	09/09/16	8260B	<0.004	0.011	NA
	06/07/16	8260B	0.00045	< 0.01	NA
	03/02/16	8260B		0.0038	NA
	06/02/15	8270C			<0.01
	03/10/15	8270C			<0.01
	11/18/14	8270C			0.011
OW-59	12/06/17	8260B	<0.004	0.0028	<0.01
OW-60	12/06/17	8260B	<0.004	0.0025	0.045

DEFINITIONS

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Bold and highlighted values represent values above the applicable standards

STANDARDS

WQCC 20 NMAC 6.2.3103 - Standards for Ground Water of 10,000 mg/l TDS Concentration or Less.

a) Human Health Standards; b) Other Standards for Domestic Water

40 CFR 141.62 Detection Limits for Inorganic Contaminants

EPA Regional Screening Level (RSL) Summary Table

NMED Risk Assessment Guidance for Investigations and Remediations Table A-1

9.1 EASUREMENTS

rvey ¹ asing om ions	Total Well Depth (ft)	Depth to SPH (ft)	SPH ² Column Thickness (ft)	Depth to Water (ft)	Ground water Elevation ³ (ft)	Corrected Water Table ⁴ Elevation (factor 0.8) (ft)	Screened Interval Depth Top to Bottom (ft)
	38.30	ND	NA	24.30	NS	NA	20 - 35
	38.50	ND	NA	24.30	NS	NA	20 - 35
	45.55	ND	NA	16.45	NS	NA	25 - 45
	45.70	ND	NA	16.40	NS	NA	25 - 45
	38.80	ND	NA	DRY	NS	NA	21 - 36
	38.30	ND	NA	DRY	NS	NA	21 - 36
	63.50	ND	NA	31.58	NS	NA	41 - 61
	63.50	ND	NA	37.95	NS	NA	41 - 61
	23.00	ND	NA	DRY	NS	NA	10 - 20
	23.02	ND	NA	DRY	NS	NA	10 - 20
	61.45	ND	NA	8.65	NS	NA	48 - 58
	61.45	ND	NA	9.00	NS	NA	48 - 58
	76.35	ND	NA	2.99	NS	NA	64.3-74.30
	76.35	ND	NA	2.80	NS	NA	64.3-74.30

NM = Not Measured

ell is flushmount and located at or below ground level. ater is at top of casing (full) under artesian flow conditions.

and Recovery Wells", dated 9/26/12.

undwater Elevation)

vell bottom casing elevations. Resurveyed on 9/15/2014 by HEI (Hammon Enterprises Inc.). 016.

Sampling Location ID	Frequency	Water Quality Parameters	General Monitoring and Sampling Comments.	Analytical Data Location
Any temporary pond containing fluid	SA		General Chemistry to include Nitrate and Nitrite, VOCs, SVOCs, BOD, COD, E-Coli Bacteria, WQCC Metals	
BW-1A	A - Annual	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Major Cations/Anions, VOCs, WQCC Metals, DRO/GRO/DRO	Appendix G, Section 8.1
BW-1B	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as BW-1A	Appendix G, Section 8.1
BW-1C	A	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as BW-1A	Appendix G, Section 8.1
BW-2A	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as BW-1A	Appendix G, Section 8.1
BW-2B	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as BW-1A	Appendix G, Section 8.1
BW-2C	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as BW-1A	Appendix G, Section 8.1
BW-3A	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as BW-1A	Appendix G, Section 8.1
BW-3B	A	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as BW-1A	Appendix G, Section 8.1
BW-3C	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as BW-1A	Appendix G, Section 8.1
MW-1	Annual and every 10 years beginning 2009 per RCRA Post Closure Permit	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Major Cations/Anions, VOCs, SVOCs, GRO/DRO/MRO, WQCC Metals, Cyanide. For RCRA 10 year requirements: Gen Chem, Modified Skinner List Metals (total and dissolved) including mercury and cyanide, Modified Skinner List VOCs. SVOCs, TPH	Appendix G, Section 8.2
MW-2	Annual and every 10 years beginning 2009 per RCRA Post Closure Permit	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as MW-1	Appendix G, Section 8.2
MW-4	Annual and every 10 years beginning 2009 per RCRA Post Closure Permit	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as MW-1	Appendix G, Section 8.2
MW-5	Annual and every 10 years beginning 2009 per RCRA Post Closure Permit	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as MW-1	Appendix G, Section 8.2
OW-11	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Major Cations/Anions, VOCs, WQCC Metals, GRO/DRO/MRO	Appendix G, Section 8.4
OW-12	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	VOCs, WQCC Metals, GRO/DRO/MRO, General Chemistry	Appendix G, Section 8.4
OW-50 ¹	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	VOCs, WQCC Metals, GRO/DRO/MRO, General Chemistry, EDB	Appendix G, Section 8.5
OW-52 ¹	А	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as OW-50	Appendix G, Section 8.5
SMW-2	A	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Major Cations/Anions, VOCs, SVOCs, GRO/DRO/MRO, WQCC Metals, Cyanide.	Appendix G, Section 8.3
SMW-4	years beginning 2009 per RCRA Post Closure Permit	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	For RCRA 10 year requirements: Gen Chem, Modified Skinner List Metals (total and dissolved) including mercury and cyanide, Modified Skinner List VOC SVOC TPH	Appendix G, Section 8.3
PW-2	Every 3 years. Start 2008	Last sampled 2017	VOCs, SVOCs, WQCC Metals, Cyanide, Nitrates	Appendix G, Section 8.6
PW-3	A		Same as PW-2	Appendix G, Section 8.6
PW-4	SA		Same as PW-2	Appendix G, Section 8.6
NEW WELLS ⁴				
OW-53	Q	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	VOCs, SVOCs, GRO/DRO/MRO, WQCC Metals, Major Cations/Anions Ground Water samples will not be collected if SPH is present in any of the wells.	Appendix G
OW-54	Q	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as OW-53	Appendix G
OW-55	Q	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as OW-54	Appendix G
OW-56	Q	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as OW-55	Appendix G
OW-57	Q	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as OW-56	Appendix G
OW-58	Q	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as OW-57	Appendix G
OW-59	Q	pH, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as OW-58	Appendix G
OW-60	Q	рн, EC, DO, ORP, Temp, TDS	Same as OW-59	Appendix G

Summary of EPA/NMED/RCRA Activity

January

- Submit annual RCRA Financial Assurance Cost Estimates to HWB.
- Completion of Investigation Report for SWMUs 4 and 5.
- NMED approval of revised Investigation Report for SWMUs 1 and 14

April

• Submission of Annual Facility-Wide Ground Water Monitoring Work Plan – updates for 2017

June

- Install additional boundary monitoring wells (BW-4A,BW-4B BW-5A, BW-5B, and BW-5C)
- Install new monitoring wells (OW-59 and OW-60) near SMW-2

September

- Approval of Class 3 Permit Modification
- Submission of 2016 Annual Facility-Wide Ground Water Monitoring Report

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

	0.11		CI.	4.6		1.50		
CLIENI: Western Refining Southwest, (Gallup		Clier	it Sampl		(-39		
Project: 4th QTR 2017 GW Sampling			Co	llection	Date: 12/0	5/201/8	3:40:00 AM	
Lab ID: 1712649-002	Matrix:	AQUEOL	JS R	eceived	Date: 12/8	8/2017 9	9:35:00 AM	
Analyses	Result	MDL	PQL	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed	Batch ID
EPA METHOD 8015M/D: DIESEL RANG	E						Analyst: TOM	
Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	0.55	0.36	1.0	J	mg/L	1	12/14/2017 9:44:11 PM	35490
Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	ND	5.0	5.0		mg/L	1	12/14/2017 9:44:11 PM	35490
Surr: DNOP	110	0	77.5-161		%Rec	1	12/14/2017 9:44:11 PM	35490
EPA METHOD 300.0: ANIONS							Analyst: CJS	
Fluoride	ND	0.22	0.50		mg/L	5	12/18/2017 11:04:38 PM	R47878
Chloride	1700	50	100		mg/L	200	12/26/2017 11:24:33 PM	R48030
Bromide	8.6	0.073	0.50		mg/L	5	12/18/2017 11:04:38 PM	R47878
Phosphorus, Orthophosphate (As P)	ND	1.2	2.5	Н	mg/L	5	12/18/2017 11:04:38 PM	R47878
Sulfate	2600	19	100		mg/L	200	12/26/2017 11:24:33 PM	R48030
Nitrate+Nitrite as N	ND	0.26	2.0		mg/L	10	12/26/2017 10:22:29 PM	R48030
EPA METHOD 200.7: DISSOLVED META	ALS						Analyst: pmf	
Barium	0.013	0.00099	0.0020		mg/L	1	12/28/2017 9:04:22 PM	B48091
Cadmium	ND	0.0010	0.0020		mg/L	1	12/28/2017 9:04:22 PM	B48091
Calcium	220	0.39	5.0		mg/L	5	12/27/2017 7:14:09 PM	B48056
Chromium	ND	0.0013	0.0060		mg/L	1	12/28/2017 9:04:22 PM	B48091
Copper	ND	0.0032	0.0060		mg/L	1	12/28/2017 9:04:22 PM	B48091
Iron	0.024	0.016	0.020		mg/L	1	12/28/2017 9:04:22 PM	B48091
Magnesium	68	0.25	1.0		mg/L	1	12/27/2017 7:12:03 PM	B48056
Manganese	0.13	0.00039	0.0020	*	mg/L	1	12/28/2017 9:04:22 PM	B48091
Potassium	1.0	0.11	1.0	J	mg/L	1	12/27/2017 7:12:03 PM	B48056
Silver	0.0047	0.0018	0.0050	J	mg/L	1	12/28/2017 9:04:22 PM	B48091
Sodium	2500	8.2	50		mg/L	50	12/28/2017 9:15:34 PM	B48091
	0.011	0.0021	0.010		mg/L	1	12/28/2017 9:04:22 PM	B48091
EPA METHOD 200.7: TOTAL METALS							Analyst: JLF	
Barium	0.064	0.0010	0.0020		mg/L	1	12/21/2017 7:16:34 PM	35610
Cadmium	ND	0.00058	0.0020		mg/L	1	12/28/2017 2:54:13 PM	35610
Chromium	ND	0.0018	0.0060		mg/L	1	12/27/2017 4:22:58 PM	35610
Copper	0.0042	0.0041	0.0060	J	mg/L	1	12/21/2017 7:16:34 PM	35610
Iron	2.1	0.051	0.10	*	mg/L	5	12/27/2017 4:24:48 PM	35610
silver	0.0027	0.0011	0.0020	1	mg/L	1	12/27/2017 4:22:58 PM	30010
Zinc	0.0037	0.0012	0.0050	J	mg/L	1	12/20/2017 2:34:13 PM	35610
	0.0041	0.0033	0.010	J	mg/L	I		33010
EPA 200.8: DISSOLVED METALS							Analyst: JLF	
Arsenic	0.012	0.0042	0.010	*	mg/L	10	12/30/2017 2:06:12 PM	B48118
Lead	ND	0.00087	0.0025		mg/L	5	12/28/2017 11:49:03 PM	B48088
Seienium	0.023	0.0076	0.010	ىد	mg/L	10	12/30/2017 2:06:12 PM	B48118
Uranium	0.14	0.0048	0.025	×	mg/L	50	12/28/2017 11:55:37 PM	B48088

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

* Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.

- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

PQL Practical Quanitative Limit

Qualifiers:

S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix

- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Detection Limit
- W Sample container temperature is out of limit as specified
- Page 7 of 68

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Western Refining Southwest, Ga Project: 4th QTR 2017 GW Sampling Lab ID: 1712649-002	llup Matrix:	AQUEOU	Clien Col S Ro	it Sampl llection l eceived l	e ID: OW Date: 12/6 Date: 12/8	-59 5/2017 8/2017	8:40:00 AM 9:35:00 AM	
Analyses	Result	MDL	PQL	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed	Batch ID
200.8 ICPMS METALS:TOTAL							Analyst: DBK	
Arsenic	0.0095	0.0021	0.0050		ma/L	5	1/8/2018 8:09:54 PM	35610
Lead	0.0014	0.0011	0.0025	J	mg/L	5	1/8/2018 8:09:54 PM	35610
Selenium	ND	0.020	0.020		mg/L	20	1/11/2018 4:41:48 PM	35610
Uranium	0.17	0.0031	0.010	*	mg/L	20	1/11/2018 4:41:48 PM	35610
EPA METHOD 245.1: MERCURY							Analyst: MED	
Mercury	ND	0.000037	0.00020		mg/L	1	12/21/2017 1:28:20 PM	35651
EPA METHOD 8270C: SEMIVOLATILES							Analyst: DAM	
Acenaphthene	ND	3.6	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Acenaphthylene	ND	3.5	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Aniline	ND	3.1	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Anthracene	ND	3.5	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Azobenzene	ND	4.5	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Benz(a)anthracene	ND	3.9	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	4.0	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND	4.0	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND	4.0	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	4.4	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Benzoic acid	4.5	3.9	20	J	µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Benzyl alcohol	ND	4.6	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	ND	4.3	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	ND	4.3	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	3.9	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	4.8	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	ND	4.6	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	4.6	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Carbazole	ND	4.6	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ND	6.3	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
4-Chloroaniline	ND	3.5	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	3.7	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
2-Chlorophenol	ND	7.5	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND	3.6	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Chrysene	ND	3.8	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Di-n-butyl phthalate	ND	5.0	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	4.7	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ND	4.6	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Dibenzofuran	ND	4.1	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	2.0	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	1.8	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

* Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.

- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit

Qualifiers:

- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Detection Limit
- W Sample container temperature is out of limit as specified

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Analytical Report Lab Order 1712649

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Western Refining Southwest, Gallup Client Sample ID: OW-59 **Project:** 4th QTR 2017 GW Sampling Collection Date: 12/6/2017 8:40:00 AM Lab ID: 1712649-002 Matrix: AQUEOUS Received Date: 12/8/2017 9:35:00 AM Result PQL Qual Units DF **Date Analyzed Batch ID** Analyses **MDL EPA METHOD 8270C: SEMIVOLATILES** Analyst: DAM 1 4-Dichlorobenzene ND 2.1 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine ND 3.9 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 Diethyl phthalate ND 4.0 10 1 µg/L 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 Dimethyl phthalate 3.6 10 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM ND µg/L 1 35477 2,4-Dichlorophenol ND 5.7 20 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L 2,4-Dimethylphenol ND 2.8 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol ND 3.9 20 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 2,4-Dinitrophenol ND 2.6 20 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L 4.0 2,4-Dinitrotoluene ND 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 2,6-Dinitrotoluene ND 4.5 10 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L Fluoranthene ND 4.3 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 Fluorene ND 4.0 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 Hexachlorobenzene ND 3.8 10 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L ND 1.3 10 1 Hexachlorobutadiene µg/L 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 1.3 10 1 Hexachlorocyclopentadiene ND µq/L 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 Hexachloroethane ND 1.2 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene ND 4.2 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 4.4 Isophorone ND 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 1-Methylnaphthalene ND 3.3 10 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L 2-Methylnaphthalene ND 3.3 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 ND 3.3 1 2-Methylphenol 10 µg/L 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 3+4-Methylphenol ND 3.2 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine ND 4.6 10 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L N-Nitrosodimethylamine ND 3.5 10 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM µg/L 1 35477 ND 3.9 N-Nitrosodiphenylamine 10 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L 2.9 Naphthalene ND 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 2-Nitroaniline ND 4.9 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 10 µg/L 1 3-Nitroaniline ND 4.3 10 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L 4.0 4-Nitroaniline ND 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM Nitrobenzene ND 3.6 10 1 35477 µg/L 2-Nitrophenol ND 5.2 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 4-Nitrophenol ND 5.5 10 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L Pentachlorophenol ND 4.9 20 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 Phenanthrene ND 4.3 10 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 µg/L Phenol ND 3.1 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 10 µg/L 35477 ND 1 Pyrene 4.4 10 µg/L 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 **Pvridine** ND 2.3 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 ND 2.1 10 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol ND 5.1 10 µg/L 1 12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM 35477

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

* Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.

D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix

Н Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

Not Detected at the Reporting Limit ND

PQL Practical Quanitative Limit

Qualifiers:

S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix

- Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В
- Е Value above quantitation range
- I Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- Р Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Detection Limit
- W Sample container temperature is out of limit as specified

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Date Reported: 1/17/2018

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Western Refining Southwest, G	allup		Clier	nt Sampl	le ID: OW	-59		
Project: 4th QTR 2017 GW Sampling			Co	llection	Date: 12/6	5/2017	8:40:00 AM	
Lab ID: 1712649-002	Matrix:	AQUEOU	JS R	eceived	Date: 12/8	8/2017	9:35:00 AM	
Analyses	Result	MDL	PQL	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed	Batch ID
EPA METHOD 8270C: SEMIVOLATILES							Analyst: DAM	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	5.5	10		µg/L	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Surr: 2-Fluorophenol	9.12	0	15-114	S	%Rec	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Surr: Phenol-d5	13.7	0	15-97.9	S	%Rec	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Surr: 2,4,6-Tribromophenol	16.7	0	15-161		%Rec	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Surr: Nitrobenzene-d5	90.0	0	29.3-120		%Rec	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Surr: 2-Fluorobiphenyl	84.8	0	17.5-116		%Rec	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
Surr: 4-Terphenyl-d14	47.7	0	21-92.2		%Rec	1	12/18/2017 1:55:58 PM	35477
EPA METHOD 8260B: VOLATILES							Analyst: DJF	
Benzene	ND	0.062	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Toluene	ND	0.064	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.093	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	9.4	0.24	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.11	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.087	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,2-Dichloroethane (EDC)	ND	0.40	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	ND	0.13	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Naphthalene	ND	0.11	2.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1-Methylnaphthalene	ND	0.16	4.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	0.15	4.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Acetone	2.8	0.82	10	J	ua/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Bromobenzene	ND	0.14	1.0		ua/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.18	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Bromoform	ND	0.21	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Bromomethane	ND	0.26	3.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
2-Butanone	ND	1.1	10		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Carbon disulfide	ND	0.40	10		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.11	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.11	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Chloroethane	ND	0.23	2.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Chloroform	ND	0.40	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Chloromethane	ND	0.29	3.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.40	1.0		ua/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.40	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
cis-1,2-DCE	ND	0.20	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.082	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1.2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	ND	1.4	2.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.072	1.0		ua/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Dibromomethane	ND	0 0.91	1.0		ua/l	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.090	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers: * Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.

- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded
- ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix
- Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank В
- Е Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- Р Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Detection Limit
- W Sample container temperature is out of limit as specified

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Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT: Western Refining Southwest, Ga Project: 4th QTR 2017 GW Sampling Lab ID: 1712649-002	allup Matrix:	AQUEOUS	Clier Co R	nt Sampl llection 1 eceived 1	e ID: OW Date: 12/6 Date: 12/8	7-59 5/2017 8/2017	8:40:00 AM 9:35:00 AM	
Analyses	Result	MDL	PQL	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed	Batch ID
EPA METHOD 8260B: VOLATILES							Analyst: DJF	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.15	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.40	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	1.0	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.40	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.081	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.10	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	0.17	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.16	2.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	0.093	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	0.80	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
2-Hexanone	ND	0.66	10		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Isopropylbenzene	ND	0.051	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
4-Isopropyltoluene	ND	0.096	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	ND	0.71	10		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Methylene Chloride	ND	0.11	3.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
n-Butylbenzene	ND	0.13	3.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
n-Propylbenzene	ND	0.074	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	0.11	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Styrene	ND	0.16	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	0.10	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.10	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.14	2.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	ND	0.13	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
trans-1,2-DCE	ND	0.18	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.22	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.12	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.14	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.073	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.14	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Trichloroethene (TCE)	ND	0.11	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	0.18	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	ND	0.39	2.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Vinyl chloride	ND	0.18	1.0		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Xylenes, Total	ND	0.32	1.5		µg/L	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Surr: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	103	0	70-130		%Rec	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Surr: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	109	0	70-130		%Rec	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Surr: Dibromofluoromethane	102	0	70-130		%Rec	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802
Surr: Toluene-d8	100	0	70-130		%Rec	1	12/14/2017 12:58:33 PM	W47802

EPA METHOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers: * Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.

- D Sample Diluted Due to Matrix
- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceeded

ND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Detection Limit
- W Sample container temperature is out of limit as specified

Analyst: AG

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Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory, Inc.

CLIENT:	Western Refining Southwest, Ga	allup		Clie	nt Samp	le ID: OW	7-59		
Project:	4th QTR 2017 GW Sampling		Collection Date: 12/6/2017 8:40:00 AM						
Lab ID:	1712649-002	Matrix:	ix: AQUEOUS Received Date: 12/8/2017 9:35:00 AM						
Analyses		Result	MDL	PQL	Qual	Units	DF	Date Analyzed	Batch ID
	HOD 8015D: GASOLINE RANGE	Ē						Analyst: AG	
Gasoline	Range Organics (GRO)	3.1	0.0097	0.050		mg/L	1	12/14/2017 5:59:35 PM	R47798
Surr: B	BFB	99.3	0	70-130		%Rec	1	12/14/2017 5:59:35 PM	R47798

Refer to the QC Summary report and sample login checklist for flagged QC data and preservation information.

Qualifiers:	*	Value exceeds Maximum Contaminant Level.	В	Analyte detecte
	D	Sample Diluted Due to Matrix	Е	Value above qu

- H Holding times for preparation or analysis exceededND Not Detected at the Reporting Limit
- PQL Practical Quanitative Limit
- S % Recovery outside of range due to dilution or matrix
- B Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank
- E Value above quantitation range
- J Analyte detected below quantitation limits
- P Sample pH Not In Range
- RL Reporting Detection Limit
- W Sample container temperature is out of limit as specified

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	Environmental Consulting Firm Western Refining SW, Inc Gallup Refinery Job No. WEST17020							Geologist Driller Drilling Rig Drilling Method Sampling Method Comments Total Depth Ground Water Start Date Finish Date	: Tracy Payne : Enviro-Drill Inc/Cohagan : CME75 : Hollow Stem Auger 7 1/4" : 2' Split Spoon Hand Auger to 5 BGL : 40' : 26' : 06/12/2017 : 06/12/2017	Elev., Elev., Elev., Site C N E	V , TOC (, PAD (, GL (ft Coordin	VEI ft.ms ft.ms msl) ates	LL NO. OW-59 (Sheet 1 of 3)) : 6689.73) : 6887.63 : : : : : N1635547.14 : W2544633.00
	Depth (ft.)	PID (ppm)	Saturation	Lithology	USCS	Recovery (%)	Sample	Saturation Saturation DE	SCRIPTION		Well N	Сс Іо. О	ompletion Results W-59
	-3 -2 -1												——Steel Protective Casing
		0.0			CL	100		SILTY CLAY, low, f	ìrm, damp, brown, no				Concrete Pad - 4'x4'x6"
	3	0.0			CL	100		SILTY CLAY, SIMII	LAR TO ABOVE (STA),				
nd\OW-59.boi	4	0.0			CL	100		SILTY CLAY, STA,					
nery\Evaporation Po	6- - 7- -	2.0			СН	70		CLAY, high, stiff, da	amp, brown, no odor,				-Grout -2" SCH 40 PVC w/Threaded Joints
mples/Western Refi	8- - 9- -	1.0			CL	80		SILTY CLAY, low, s odor, sandy at base	stiff, damp, light brown, no 2,				
cuments\M-Tech\sa	10	0.3			ML	70		SILT, low, compact	, damp, brown, no odor,				
[sers/cholmes/Do	12- 13-	0.5			CL			SILTY CLAY, low, v odor, trace sand,	very stiff, damp, brown, no				
03-29-2018 C:\U	1010 Tra Houston 713-955	avis Stre , Texas -1230	et 77002	2				DiSorbo Cor	nsulting, LLC			85	501 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 300 Austin, Texas 78759 512-693-4190

D	onmo Wes	Sent stern Gal ob No	O al CC Refinin lup Refi b. WES	g SW, Ir nery T17020	O ing F inc	C	Geologist Driller Drilling Rig Drilling Method Sampling Method Comments Total Depth Ground Water Start Date Finish Date	: Tracy Payne : Enviro-Drill Inc/Cohagan : CME75 : Hollow Stem Auger 7 1/4" : 2' Split Spoon Hand Auger to 5 BGL : 40' : 26' : 06/12/2017 : 06/12/2017	Elev., TC Elev., P/ Elev., Gl Site Coo N E	WEI DC (ft.msl) AD (ft. msl) L (ft. msl) rdinates	LL NO. OW-59 (Sheet 2 of 3)) : 6689.73) : 6887.63 : : : : : N1635547.14 : W2544633.00
Depth (ft.)	PID (ppm)	Saturation	Lithology	USCS	Recovery (%)	Sample	Saturation Saturation DE	SCRIPTION	We	Co ell No. O'	mpletion Results W-59
13-	0.5				50						
14	0.5			CL	50		SILTY CLAY, high	very stiff damp brown	_		
15-	1.3			СН	50		no odor,	, very suit, damp, brown,			Grout
16-							SILTY CLAY, STA	, no odor,			
17-	1.7			СН	60						
18-	1.1			CL	50		SILTY CLAY, low t brown, no odor,	o moderate, stiff, damp,			Bentonite Pellets 2" SCH 40 PVC w/Threaded Joints
20-							SANDY SILTY CL	AY, low, firm to soft, damp,			
- 21- - 21- - 21-	1.2			CL	50		brown, no odor,				
lion Pon							SANDY CLAY, low	, soft, damp, brown, no			
ery/Evaporat	0.2			CL	60		odor,				10/20 Sieve Sand Filter Pack
ul 24							SILTY CLAY, low,	soft, damp, brown, no			2" Sch 40 PVC Slotted 0.01"
nples/Weste	3.3			CL	70						Screen w/Threaded Joints
S/M-Tech/sau	10.0			ълт	00		SANDY SILT, very odor,	fine, very moist, brown, no	_		
comment:	10.9			IVIL	80						
s/cholmes/Dc	11.6			ML			SANDY SILT, STA	, very moist, no odor,			
1010 Tr 1010 Tr Houstor 713-955	avis Stre 1, Texas 5-1230	et 7700	2				DiSorbo Co	nsulting, LLC		85	01 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 300 Austin, Texas 78759 512-693-4190

D	onmo Wes	Sent stern Gall ob No	O al Co Refining up Refi b. WEST	g SW, Ir nery T17020	ing Fi	C	Geologist Driller Drilling Rig Drilling Method Sampling Method Comments Total Depth Ground Water Start Date Finish Date	: Tracy Payne : Enviro-Drill Inc/Cohagan : CME75 : Hollow Stem Auger 7 1/4" : 2' Split Spoon : Hand Auger to 5 BGL : 40' : 26' : 06/12/2017 : 06/12/2017	WELL NO. OW-59 (Sheet 3 of 3) Elev., TOC (ft.msl) : 6689.73 Elev., PAD (ft.msl) : 6887.63 Elev., GL (ft.msl) : Site Coordinates : N : N1635547.14 E : W2544633.00
Depth (ft.)	PID (ppm)	Saturation	Lithology	USCS	Recovery (%)	Sample	Saturation Saturation DI	ESCRIPTION	Completion Results Well No. OW-59
29-	11.6			ML	80				
30	11.4			CL	90		SILTY CLAY, low, odor,	firm, damp, brown, no	
32-	14.9			CL	90		SILTY CLAY, STA	A, no odor,	2" Sch 40 PVC Slotted 0.01" Screen w/Threaded Joints
33-	16.3			SM	90		SILTY SAND, ver brown, no odor,	y fine, compact, saturated,	
	10.5			CL	60		SILTY CLAY, low, odor,	firm, damp, brown, no	- 10/20 Sieve Sand Filter Pack - 2" Flush Threaded Sch 40 PVC Cap
36	7.3			CL	70		SILTY CLAY, STA	A, no odor,	
38-				СН	70		CLAY, high, firm,	damp, brown, no odor,	
39-	10.0			CL	70		SILTY CLAY, low, white, no odor, tra	firm to soft, grey and ce sand and white nodules.	
40- 41- 42- 43- 43- 44- 45-	avis Stre	et					DiSorbo Co	onsulting, LLC	
33- 34- 35- 35- 36- 37- 38- 38- 40- 41- 41- 42- 43- 44- 44- 45- 1010 Tr Houston 713-955	16.3 10.5 7.3 10.0	et 77002		SM CL CL CH CL	90 60 70 70 70		SILTY SAND, ver brown, no odor, SILTY CLAY, low, odor, SILTY CLAY, STA CLAY, high, firm, SILTY CLAY, low, white, no odor, tra DiSorbo Co	y fine, compact, saturated, firm, damp, brown, no A, no odor, damp, brown, no odor, firm to soft, grey and ce sand and white nodules.	BS01 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 30 Austin, Texas 7875 512-693-415

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Sent via Federal Express Mail

August 22, 2018

Mr. John Kieling Hazardous Waste Bureau Chief New Mexico Environment Department 2905 Rodeo Park Drive East, Building 1 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505-6313

RE: INVESTIGATION WORK PLAN SMWU-1 AND GMW-1 WESTERN REFINING SOUTHWEST INC., GALLUP REFINERY EPA ID # NMD000333211 HWB-WRG-17-008

Dear Mr. Kieling:

On June 4, 2018, Western Refining Southwest Inc., Gallup Refinery (Permittee) received comments from New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) and *a Disapproval of Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report – Gallup Refinery 2016.* Pursuant to comments within the Disapproval NMED requests for the Permittee to address each comment provided by both NMED and the New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) Oil Conservation Division (OCD). NMED Comments 2, 8, and 9 requested Permittee to prepare a Work Plan for NMED's review no later than August 30, 2018. As per request, Permittee is providing the below comments for reference and attached a Work Plan for review.

Comment 2

In the Executive Summary, pages 5 and 6, the Permittee states, "[h]ydrocarbon recovery from RW-1 has shown a steady decrease from 2005 through 2016. It is common for hydrocarbon recovery to decline over time, as the readily recoverable hydrocarbons [are removed from the formation." However, in the Executive Summary, page 5, the Permittee also states, "[t]he SPH column thickness in RW-1 has increased during 2016." According to Table 9.1, Groundwater Measurements, SPH column thickness was measured as 2.50 feet on March 4, 2016 while it was measured as 4.14 feet on September 13, 2016. Although the volume of recoverable hydrocarbons is decreasing, separate phase hydrocarbon (SPH) may still be present as adsorbed phase near residual saturation levels in the soil matrix. Therefore, adsorbed SPH may be migrating through voids in the soil matrix. As a result, SPH column thickness in well RW-1 remains relatively constant with minor fluctuations and does not correlate with a decreasing trend in hydrocarbon recovery. Corrective measures implemented by the Permittee (a combination of hand-bailing and skimming with a bladder pump) is not likely to eliminate adsorbed SPH. As SPH is only observed in well RW-1 among all Group C wells, the SPH plume may be localized and limited to this area. NMED's 2014 Groundwater Monitoring Report Disapproval Comment 18, dated June 20, 2016 required the Permittee to conduct an investigation of the OW-14 contaminant source and groundwater flow direction by installing a groundwater monitoring well north of well RW-1. The investigation has been completed; however, a report has not been submitted or reviewed by NMED. Further and more advanced remediation techniques may be required to address SPH in the soil matrix. No revisions to the Report are required.

Permittee Response: Permittee hereby submits this Work Plan to NMED and OCD in response to such request.

Comment 8

The chloride and sulfate concentrations in the groundwater sample collected from well SMW-2 were recorded as 2,500 and 1,300 mg/L, respectively according to Table 8.3. 1, SMW-2, SMW-4 General Chemistry and DRO/GRO Analytical Result Summary. According to Table 8.15, Evaporation Ponds (EP-1 thru EP-12B) BTEX and General Chemistry Analytical Result Summary, the chloride and sulfate concentrations in the water sample collected from pond EP-2 were recorded as 3,000 and 1,600 mg/L, respectively in the August 2016 sampling event. According to Figure 10, 2016 Alluvium/Chinle Group Interface Water Elevation Map, the shortest distance between well SMW-2 and the northem perimeter of pond EP-2 is approximately 600 feet and the shallow groundwater flow direction indicates that well SMW-2 is directly positioned downgradient from pond EP-2 may be leaking along its northem perimeter or bottom and leaching



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into the shallow aquifer. The Permittee conducted an investigation of the chloride levels in well SWM-2 based on the approved work plan and indicated that the LTU was the potential source and there may be additional sources. The SMW-2 Investigation Report has not been submitted to NMED for review. Potential leakage(s) from pond EP-2 may be one of the additional sources. Propose to investigate whether wastewater is leaking from the northern perimeter or bottom of pond EP-2 through a work plan. Installation of piezometers along the northern perimeter of pond EP-2 may help to determine whether leakage is occurring. No revision to the Report is required.

Permittee Response: Permittee hereby submits this Work Plan to NMED and OCD in response to such request.

Comment 9

In Section 6.2.1, Groundwater Monitoring Wells (GWM-1, GWM-2, GWM-3), page 30, the Permittee states, "[i]n fourth quarter 2015, an SPH level was detected in GWM-1 and in all of 2016 and no groundwater samples were collected. Discussion for detected constituents will be for year 2015." Discussion for detected constituents for year 2015 was included in the 2015 Report; therefore, it is not necessary to discuss them again in the 2016 Report. Remove the discussion regarding the 2015 analytical results from the 2016 Report. Instead, discuss the fact that SPH was present in well GWM-1 throughout 2016. Since it is possible that the source of SPH may be aeration lagoons AL-1 and AL-2, the Permittee must propose to install a monitoring well downgradient from well GWM-1 to evaluate the extent of SPH in the shallow aquifer. The monitoring well could also serve as a sentinel well for the eastern perimeter of pond EP-2. Propose to install a monitoring well halfway between the eastern perimeter of pond EP-2 and well GWM-1 in a work plan.

Permittee Response: Permittee hereby submits this Work Plan to NMED and OCD in response to such request.

Certification (RCRA Permit Condition Part II.C.6)

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision according to a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

If you have any questions regarding the information contained herein, please do not hesitate to contact Jessica O'Brien by telephone at (505) 722-0287 or by email at Jessica.L.Obrien@andeavor.com.

Sincerely

Daniel J. Statile VP and Refinery Manager Western Refining Southwest, Inc. – Gallup Refinery

Enclosures:

CC:

Kristen VanHorn, NMED HWB (via e-mail)

Carl Chavez, OCD (e-doc)

INVESTIGATION WORK PLAN SMW-1 & GMW-1 Areas



Gallup Refinery Western Refining Southwest, Inc. Gallup, New Mexico

EPA ID# NMD000333211

AUGUST 2018

Thous

Scott Crouch Senior Geologist



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Appendix A Boring Logs

Appendix B Investigation Derived Waste Management Plan

List of Acronyms

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) data quality objective (DQO) diesel range organics (DRO)

benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene (BTEX)

- dilution attenuation factor (DAF)
- Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- investigation derived waste (IDW)
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)
- mean sea level (msl)
- monitoring well (MW)
- motor oil range organics (MRO)
- methyl tert butyl ether (MTBE)
- New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC)
- New Mexico Environment Department (NMED)
- New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD)
- photoionization detector (PID)
- polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH)
- polyvinyl chloride (PVC)
- quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC)
- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)
- separate-phase hydrocarbon (SPH)
- semi-volatile organic compound (SVOC)
- Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU)
- total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH)
- toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP)
- volatile organic compound (VOC)

Executive Summary

The Gallup Refinery, which is located 17 miles east of Gallup, New Mexico, has been in operation since the 1950s. Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the facility Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Post-Closure Care Permit and 20.4.1.500 New Mexico Administrative Code, this Investigation Work Plan has been prepared for the area near the on-site evaporation ponds, specifically the area near well SMW-2 and Evaporation Pond No. 2. This area was initially identified by the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) in comment letters regarding the 2013 and 2014 Annual Wide Ground Water Monitoring Reports as requiring additional groundwater monitoring wells and again in the a comment letter on the 2016 Annual Ground Water Monitoring Report

Groundwater samples collected from monitoring well SMW-2 have shown concentrations of chloride and sulfate above screening levels. SMW-2 is down-gradient of a nearby landfarm area and potentially the on-site evaporation ponds. In response to NMED's first request for additional monitoring wells, two new observation wells (OW-59 and OW-60) were installed up-gradient of SMW-2 in September 2016. Groundwater samples collected from these new wells confirmed the presence of chloride and sulfate above screening levels in the area of the landfarm that is authorized by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD). This effort will further evaluate Evaporation Pond No. 2 (EP - 2) as a potential source of the elevated concentrations of chloride and sulfate detected at well SMW-2. To accomplish this objective, two new permanent monitoring wells will be installed immediately down-gradient of EP-2.

Monitoring well GMW-1 is located on the top of the dike that forms the western boundary of the former Aeration Basin (Solid Waste Management Unit No. 1) and lies a short distance to the east of EP-2. Groundwater samples collected at GWM-1 have routinely contained low concentrations of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX), and methyl tert butyl ether (MTBE) with benzene exceeding the screening level. In September 2015, a material apparently resembling separate-phase hydrocarbons (SPH) was observed in the well for the first time. Based on the presence of this material, a new well will be installed to the west of GWM-1, halfway between the Aeration Basin and EP-2.

Section 1 Introduction

The Gallup Refinery is located approximately 17 miles east of Gallup, New Mexico along the north side of Interstate Highway I-40 in McKinley County. The physical address is I-40, Exit #39 Jamestown, New Mexico 87347. The Gallup Refinery is located on 810 acres. Figure 1 presents the refinery location and the regional vicinity.

The Gallup Refinery generally processes crude oil from the Four Corners area transported to the facility by pipeline or tanker truck. Various process units are operated at the facility, including crude distillation, reforming, fluidized catalytic cracking, alkylation, sulfur recovery, merox treater, and hydrotreating. Current and past operations have produced gasoline, diesel fuels, jet fuels, kerosene, propane, butane, and residual fuel.

This investigation work plan addresses the area up-gradient of monitoring well SMW-2 and immediately down-gradient of EP-2, and the area between the former Aeration Basin and EP-2. The purposes of this investigation are to:

- determine the source of the elevated concentrations of chloride and sulfate detected in groundwater samples collected at SMW-2; and
- evaluate the extent of SPH that has been observed in GWM-1.

The investigation activities will be conducted in accordance with Section IV.H.5 of the Post-Closure Care Permit.

Section 2 Background

This section presents background information for the area of the refinery property near monitoring well SMW-2 and GWM-1, including a review of historical waste management activities to identity the following:

- Type and characteristics of all waste and all contaminants handled in the subject areas;
- Known and possible sources of contamination;
- History of operations; and
- Prior investigations.

2.1 SMW-2 Area

Monitoring well SMW-2 is located immediately south of the closed Land Treatment Unit (LTU). This well is not included in the RCRA Permit as part of the detection or shallow monitoring well networks, but groundwater samples are routinely collected and analyzed per the Facility-Wide Ground Water Monitoring Plan. Well SMW-2 is located on the up-gradient end of the LTU. Analytical results for groundwater samples collected since 2010 are included in Table 1. Also included in Table 1 are the analytical results for groundwater samples collected in SMW-4, which is located on the north (down-gradient) end of the LTU. The results for SMW-2 provided in Table 1 indicate the detection of chloride, sulfate, manganese, and uranium at concentrations above the applicable screening levels per the RCRA Permit. Uranium was also detected in groundwater samples collected from SMW-4 at concentrations above the screening level. MTBE has been detected in groundwater samples collected at SMW-2, but has remained below the screening level (NMED, 2017).

Well SMW-2 is located down-gradient of the Central Landfarm Area, which is permitted by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) and also potentially down-gradient of the evaporation ponds (Figure 2). It is noted that the area where the NMOCD Landfarm is currently located appears to overlie former Evaporation Pond #10 (Figure 3). According to information provided in the *Inventory of Solid Waste Management Units,* cell or Evaporation Pond #10 was used for wastewater from the boiler house and water softener regeneration wastes, but did not receive process wastewater discharges through the API Separator. The process of discharging directly to Evaporation Pond #10 was replaced with the addition of a neutralization tank in 1980 (Geoscience Consultants,
Ltd., 1985a). Evaporation Pond #10 was no longer in service in 1985 based on information provided in the 1985 *Discharge Plan Application* (Geoscience Consultants, Ltd., 1985b).

A review of the boring/well completion logs for SMW-2 and SMW-4, as well as other wells in the immediate area, indicates that well SMW-4 is screened in the transmissive media (e.g., sands) that directly overlie the Chinle bedrock. A copy of the boring logs for SMW-2 and SMW-4 are included in Appendix A. The screened interval in well SMW-2 appears to include not only any transmissive materials on top of the bedrock, but also some of the upper sands. Water levels measured in the nearby wells are provided in Table 2 and a map showing the potentiometric surface measured in the shallow wells is included as Figure 2.

In response to NMED's request for additional wells in the area to evaluate the source of chloride and sulfate, two new wells (OW-59 and OW-60) were installed up-gradient of SMW-2 in September 2016. Groundwater samples collected from these new wells confirmed the presence of chloride and sulfate above screening levels up-gradient of SMW-2 and in the area of the landfarm that is authorized by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD). The analyses are summarized in Table 1 and shown on Figure 3. The boring/well completion logs for OW-59 and OW-60 are included in Appendix A.

Both the chloride and sulfate concentrations increased across the OCD landfarm area, but even higher chloride concentrations are up-gradient in well STP1-NW that is east of Evaporation Pond No. 2. The sulfate concentrations observed in OW-59, at the down-gradient end of the OCD landfarm, are the highest observed in groundwater in the area. The sulfate concentrations in the groundwater sample collected at OW-59 is also higher than the historic sulfate concentrations in Evaporation Ponds 2 and 3 dating back to 2010.

2.2 GMW-1 Area

Monitoring well GMW-1 is located on the top of the dike that forms the western boundary of the former Aeration Basin (Solid Waste Management Unit No. 1). This well was installed in 2004 and is screened in the Chinle/Alluvial Interface zone. The boring/well completion log is included in Appendix A. The groundwater samples collected at GWM-1 have routinely detected low concentrations of BTEX and MTBE with benzene exceeding the screening level (Table 1). In September 2015, a material apparently resembling separate-phase hydrocarbons (SPH) was

observed in the well for the first time. Based on the presence of this material, a request was made for a new well to the west of GWM-1, halfway between the Aeration Basin and EP-2.

-

Section 3 Site Conditions

3.1 Surface Conditions

Site topographic features include high ground in the southeast gradually decreasing to a lowland fluvial plain to the northwest. Elevations on the refinery property range from 7,040 feet to 6,860 feet. Surface soils within most of the area of investigation are primarily Rehobeth silty clay loam. Rehobeth soil properties include a pH ranging from 8 to 9 standard units and salinity (naturally occurring and typically measuring up to approximately 8 mmhos/cm).

Regional surface water features include the refinery evaporation ponds and a number of small ponds (one cattle water pond and two small unnamed spring fed ponds). The site is located in the Puerco River Valley, north of the Zuni Uplift with overland flows directed northward to the tributaries of the Puerco River. The Puerco River continues to the west to the confluence with the Little Colorado River. The South Fork of the Puerco River is intermittent and retains flow only during and immediately following precipitation events.

3.2 Subsurface Conditions

The shallow subsurface soils consist of fluvial and alluvial deposits comprised of clay and silt with minor inter-bedded sand layers. Very low permeability bedrock (e.g., claystones and siltstones) underlie the surface soils and effectively form an aquitard. The Chinle Group, which is Upper Triassic, crops out over a large area on the southern margin of the San Juan Basin. The uppermost recognized local Formation is the Petrified Forest Formation and the Sonsela Sandstone Bed is the uppermost recognized regional aquifer. Aquifer test of the Sonsela Bed northeast of Prewitt indicated a transmissivity of greater than $100 \text{ ft}^2/\text{day}$ (Stone and others, 1983). The Sonsela Sandstone's highest point occurs southeast of the site and slopes downward to the northwest as it passes under the refinery. The Sonsela Sandstone forms a water-bearing reservoir with artesian conditions throughout the central and western portions of the refinery property.

The diverse properties and complex, irregular stratigraphy of the surface soils across the site cause a wide range of hydraulic conductivity ranging from less than 10⁻² cm/sec for gravel like sands immediately overlying the Petrified Forest Formation to 10⁻⁸ cm/sec in the clay soils located near the surface (Western, 2009). Generally, shallow groundwater at the refinery follows the upper contact of

the Petrified Forest Formation with prevailing flow from the southeast to the northwest, although localized areas may have varying flow directions (Figure 2). Fluid level measurements for wells in the immediate area are included in Table 2.

Section 4 Scope of Services

The site investigation of groundwater will be conducted to determine the source of elevated chloride and sulfate concentrations detected in groundwater samples collected at SMW-2. An additional monitoring well will be installed to the west of GWM-1 to delineate SPH on the west side of the former Aeration Basin. The investigation will commence upon approval of this investigation work plan by NMED.

4.1 SMW-2 Investigation

An investigation of groundwater conditions in the area near SMW-2 is proposed to determine the source of chloride and sulfate detected in groundwater samples collected at SMW-2. Two new shallow monitoring wells are proposed north and northwest of EP-2 (Figure 4). One well will be located near existing well MW-4, which is completed in the Sonsela aquifer, and a second well north of EP-2, approximately halfway between MW-4 and OW-60.

Each well will be screened in the upper-most saturated interval(s) with a maximum screen length of 10 feet. Due to concerns over the construction of SMW-2 using a 20-foot well screen, which possibly allows cross-communication between separate zones (upper sands vs. Chinle/alluvial Interface), care will be taken to avoid screening across intervals that may not otherwise be in hydraulic communication.

4.2 Installation of Well near GMW-1

A new shallow monitoring well will be installed to the west of GWM-1, approximately halfway between the former Aeration Basin and EP-2 (Figure 4). The well will be screened just above the Chinle bedrock in the Chinle/Alluvial Interface zone.

4.3 Soil Sample Field Screening and Logging

Samples obtained from the soil borings will be screened in the field on 2.0 foot intervals for evidence of contaminants. Field screening results will be recorded on the exploratory boring logs. Field screening results will be used to aid in the possible selection of soil samples for laboratory analysis. The primary screening methods include: (1) visual examination, (2) olfactory examination, and (3) headspace vapor screening for volatile organic compounds.

Visual screening includes examination of soil samples for evidence of staining caused by petroleumrelated compounds or other substances that may cause staining of natural soils such as elemental sulfur or cyanide compounds. Headspace vapor screening targets volatile organic compounds and involves placing a soil sample in a plastic sample bag or a foil sealed container allowing space for ambient air. The container will be sealed and then shaken gently to expose the soil to the air trapped in the container. The sealed container will be allowed to rest for a minimum of 5 minutes while vapors equilibrate. Vapors present within the sample bag's headspace will then be measured by inserting the probe of the instrument in a small opening in the bag or through the foil. The maximum value and the ambient air temperature will be recorded on the field boring or test pit log for each sample.

The monitoring instruments will be calibrated each day to the manufacturer's standard for instrument operation. A photoionization detector (PID) equipped with a 10.6 or higher electron volt (eV) lamp or a combustible gas indicator may be used for VOC field screening. Field screening results may be site- and boring-specific and the results may vary with instrument type, the media screened, weather conditions, moisture content, soil type, and type of contaminant, therefore, all conditions capable of influencing the results of field screening will be recorded on the field logs.

Although the borings are being drilled at locations outside known areas of concern, Western will collect soil samples for laboratory analysis if screening indicates the potential for site impacts. The physical characteristics of the samples (such as mineralogy, ASTM soil classification, moisture content, texture, color, presence of stains or odors, and/or field screening results), depth where each sample was obtained, method of sample collection, and other observations will be recorded in the field log by a qualified geologist or engineer. Detailed logs of each boring will be completed in the field by a qualified engineer or geologist. Additional information, such as the presence of waterbearing zones and any unusual or noticeable conditions encountered during drilling, will be recorded on the logs.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control (QA/QC) samples will be collected to monitor the validity of the soil sample collection procedures as follows:

- Field duplicates will be collected at a rate of 10 percent; and
- Equipment blanks will be collected from all sampling apparatus at a frequency of one per day.

4.3.1 Drilling Activities

Soil borings will be drilled using hollow-stem augers. The drilling equipment will be properly decontaminated before drilling each boring. The NMED will be notified as early as practicable if conditions arise or are encountered that do not allow the advancement of borings to the specified depths or at planned sampling locations. Appropriate actions (e.g., installation of protective surface casing or relocation of borings to a less threatening location) will be taken to minimize any negative impacts from investigative borings. Slotted (0.01 inch) PVC well screen will be placed at the bottom of the borings and will extend for 10 feet. A 10/20 sand filter pack will be installed to two feet over the top of the well screen.

4.4 Groundwater Sample Collection

Groundwater samples will be collected from the new monitoring wells within 24 hours of the completion of well purging using disposal bailers. Alternatively, well sampling may also be conducted in accordance with the NMED's Position Paper *Use of Low-Flow and other Non-Traditional Sampling Techniques for RCRA Compliant Groundwater Monitoring* (October 30, 2001, as updated). Sample collection methods will be documented in the field monitoring reports. The samples will be transferred to the appropriate, clean, laboratory-prepared containers provided by the analytical laboratory. Sample handling and chain-of-custody procedures will be in accordance with the procedures presented below in Section 4.4.1.

Groundwater samples intended for metals analysis will be submitted to the laboratory as both total and dissolved metals samples. QA/QC samples will be collected to monitor the validity of the groundwater sample collection procedures as follows:

- Field duplicate water samples will be obtained at a frequency of ten percent, with a minimum, of one duplicate sample per sampling event;
- Equipment rinsate blanks will be obtained for chemical analysis at the rate of ten percent or a minimum of one rinsate blank per sampling day. Equipment rinsate blanks will be collected at a rate of one per sampling day if disposable sampling equipment is used. Rinsate samples will be generated by rinsing deionized water through unused or decontaminated sampling equipment. The rinsate sample will be placed in the appropriate sample container and submitted with the groundwater samples to the analytical laboratory for the appropriate analyses; and

• Trip blanks will accompany laboratory sample bottles and shipping and storage containers intended for VOC analyses. Trip blanks will consist of a sample of analyte-free deionized water prepared by the laboratory and placed in an appropriate sample container. The trip blank will be prepared by the analytical laboratory prior to the sampling event and will be kept with the shipping containers and placed with other water samples obtained from the site each day. Trip blanks will be analyzed at a frequency of one for each shipping container of groundwater samples to be analyzed for VOCs.

4.4.1 Sample Handling

At a minimum, the following procedures will be used at all times when collecting samples during investigation, corrective action, and monitoring activities:

- 1. Neoprene, nitrile, or other protective gloves will be worn when collecting samples. New disposable gloves will be used to collect each sample;
- 2. All samples collected of each medium for chemical analysis will be transferred into clean sample containers supplied by the project analytical laboratory with the exception of soil, rock, and sediment samples obtained in Encore® samplers. Sample container volumes and preservation methods will be in accordance with the most recent standard EPA and industry accepted practices for use by accredited analytical laboratories. Sufficient sample volume will be obtained for the laboratory to complete the method-specific QC analyses on a laboratory-batch basis; and
- 3. Sample labels and documentation will be completed for each sample following procedures discussed below. Immediately after the samples are collected, they will be stored in a cooler with ice or other appropriate storage method until they are delivered to the analytical laboratory. Standard chain-of-custody procedures, as described below, will be followed for all samples collected. All samples will be submitted to the laboratory soon enough to allow the laboratory to conduct the analyses within the method holding times.

Chain-of-custody and shipment procedures will include the following:

- 1. Chain-of-custody forms will be completed at the end of each sampling day, prior to the transfer of samples off site.
- 2. Individual sample containers will be packed to prevent breakage and transported in a sealed cooler with ice or other suitable coolant or other EPA or industry-wide accepted

method. The drainage hole at the bottom of the cooler will be sealed and secured in case of sample container leakage. Temperature blanks will be included with each shipping container.

- 3. Each cooler or other container will be delivered directly to the analytical laboratory.
- 4. Glass bottles will be separated in the shipping container by cushioning material to prevent breakage.
- 5. Plastic containers will be protected from possible puncture during shipping using cushioning material.
- 6. The chain-of-custody form and sample request form will be shipped inside the sealed storage container to be delivered to the laboratory.
- 7. Chain-of-custody seals will be used to seal the sample-shipping container in conformance with EPA protocol.
- 8. Signed and dated chain-of-custody seals will be applied to each cooler prior to transport of samples from the site.
- 9. Upon receipt of the samples at the laboratory, the custody seals will be broken, the chainof-custody form will be signed as received by the laboratory, and the conditions of the samples will be recorded on the form. The original chain-of-custody form will remain with the laboratory and copies will be returned to the relinquishing party.
- 10. Copies of all chain-of-custody forms generated as part of sampling activities will be maintained on-site.

4.5 Collection and Management of Investigation Derived Waste

Drill cuttings, excess sample material and decontamination fluids, and all other investigation derived waste (IDW) associated with soil borings will be contained and characterized using methods based on the boring location, boring depth, drilling method, and type of contaminants suspected or encountered. All purged groundwater and decontamination water will be characterized prior to disposal unless it is disposed in the refinery wastewater treatment system upstream of the API Separator. An IDW management plan is included as Appendix B.

Field equipment requiring calibration will be calibrated to known standards, in accordance with the manufacturers' recommended schedules and procedures. At a minimum, calibration checks will be conducted daily, or at other intervals approved by the Department, and the instruments will be recalibrated, if necessary. Calibration measurements will be recorded in the daily field logs. If field

equipment becomes inoperable, its use will be discontinued until the necessary repairs are made. In the interim, a properly calibrated replacement instrument will be used.

4.6 Documentation of Field Activities

Daily field activities, including observations and field procedures, will be recorded in a field log book. Copies of the completed forms will be maintained in a bound and sequentially numbered field file for reference during field activities. Indelible ink will be used to record all field activities. Photographic documentation of field activities will be performed, as appropriate. The daily record of field activities will include the following:

- 1. Site or unit designation;
- 2. Date;
- 3. Time of arrival and departure;
- 4. Field investigation team members including subcontractors and visitors;
- 5. Weather conditions;
- 6. Daily activities and times conducted;
- 7. Observations;
- 8. Record of samples collected with sample designations and locations specified;
- 9. Photographic log, as appropriate;
- 10. Field monitoring data, including health and safety monitoring;
- 11. Equipment used and calibration records, if appropriate;
- 12. List of additional data sheets and maps completed;
- 13. An inventory of the waste generated and the method of storage or disposal; and
- 14. Signature of personnel completing the field record.

4.7 Chemical Analyses

All samples collected for laboratory analysis will be submitted to an accredited laboratory. The laboratory will use the most recent standard EPA and industry-accepted analytical methods for target analytes as the testing methods for each medium sampled. Chemical analyses will be performed in accordance with the most recent EPA standard analytical methodologies and extraction methods.

Groundwater and soil samples will be analyzed by the following methods:

- SW-846 Method 8260 for volatile organic compounds;
- SW-846 Method 8270 for semi-volatile organic compounds; and

• SW-846 Method 8015B gasoline range (C5-C10), diesel range (>C10-C28), and motor oil range (>C28-C36) organics.

Groundwater and soil samples will also be analyzed for the following Skinner List metals and iron and manganese using the indicated analytical methods shown. The groundwater samples collected for metals analysis will be analyzed for total and dissolved concentrations. Groundwater samples will also be analyzed for major cations (calcium, magnesium, sodium, and potassium) and anions (e.g., carbonate, bicarbonate, sulfate, fluoride and chloride).

Analyte	Analytical Method
Antimony	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Arsenic	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Barium	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Beryllium	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Cadmium	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Chromium	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Cobalt	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Cyanide	SW-846 method 335.4/335.2 mod
Lead	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Mercury	SW-846 method 7470/7471
Nickel	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Selenium	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Silver	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Vanadium	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Zinc	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Iron	SW-846 method 6010/6020
Manganese	SW-846 method 6010/6020

Inorganic Analytical Methods

Groundwater field measurements will be obtained for pH, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen concentrations, oxidation-reduction potential, and temperature.

4.8 Data Quality Objectives

The Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) were developed to ensure that newly collected data are of sufficient quality and quantity to address the project goals, including Quality Assurance/Quality

Control (QA/QC) issues (EPA, 2006). The project goals are established to determine and evaluate the presence, nature, and extent of releases of contaminants at specified SWMUs. The type of data required to meet the project goals includes chemical analyses of soil and groundwater to determine if there has been a release of contaminants.

The quantity of data is location specific and is based on the historical operations at individual locations. Method detection limits should be 20% or less of the applicable background levels, cleanup standards and screening levels.

Additional DQOs include precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, and comparability. Precision is a measurement of the reproducibility of measurements under a given set of circumstances and is commonly stated in terms of standard deviation or coefficient of variation (EPA, 1987). Precision is also specific to sampling activities and analytical performance. Sampling precision will be evaluated through the analyses of duplicate field samples and laboratory replicates will be utilized to assess laboratory precision.

Accuracy is a measurement in the bias of a measurement system and may include many sources of potential error, including the sampling process, field contamination, preservation, handling, sample matrix, sample preparation, and analysis techniques (EPA, 1987). An evaluation of the accuracy will be performed by reviewing the results of field/trip blanks, matrix spikes, and laboratory QC samples.

Representativeness is an expression of the degree to which the data accurately and precisely represent the true environmental conditions. Sample locations and the number of samples have been selected to ensure the data is representative of actual environmental conditions. Based on SWMU specific conditions, this may include either biased (i.e., judgmental) locations/depths or unbiased (systematic grid samples) locations. In addition, sample collection techniques (e.g., field monitoring and decontamination of sampling equipment) will be utilized to help ensure representative results.

Completeness is defined as the percentage of measurements taken that are actually valid measurements, considering field QA and laboratory QC problems. EPA Contract Laboratory Program (CLP) data has been found to be 80-85% complete on a nationwide basis and this has been extrapolated to indicate that Level III, IV, and V analytical techniques will generate data that are approximately 80% complete (EPA, 1987). As an overall project goal, the completeness goal is 85%; however, some samples may be critical based on location or field screening results and thus a

sample-by-sample evaluation will be performed to determine if the completeness goals have been obtained.

Comparability is a qualitative parameter, which expresses the confidence with which one data set can be compared to another. Industry standard sample collection techniques and routine EPA analytical methods will be utilized to help ensure data are comparable to historical and future data. Analytical results will be reported in appropriate units for comparison to historical data and cleanup levels. EPA, 1987, Data Quality Objectives for Remedial Response Activities; United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Emergency and Remedial Response and Office of Waste Programs Enforcement, OSWER Directive 9355.0-7B, 85p.

EPA, 2006, Guidance on Systematic Planning Using the Data Quality Objectives Process, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Environmental Information; EPA/240/B-06/001, p. 111.

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Tables

 Table 1
 SMW-2 and GWM-1 Area Water Analyses

 Table 2
 Fluid Level Measurements

1 - SWM-2 and GWM-1 AREA WATER ANALYSES	ern Refining Southwest, Inc Gallup Refinery.
TABLE 1 - SV	Western F

				1.44.1																
		Benzene (mg/L)	Toluene (mg/L)	Benzene (mg/l)	Xylenes (mg/l)	MTBE (mg/L)	Fluoride (mg/L)	Chloride (mg/L)	Bromide (mg/L)	Nitrite (mg/L)	Nitrate (mg/L)	Phosphor us (mg/L)	Sulfate (mg/L)	Calcium mg/l	Magnesium (mg/l)	Potassium (mg/l)	Sodium (mg/l)	DRO (mg/L)	GRO (mg/L)	MRO (mg/L)
WQCC 20NM	AC 6.2.3103	0.01	0.75	0.75	0.62	NE	1.6	250.0	NE	NE	10	NE	600.0	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE
40 CFR 141.62 M	ICL (JAN 2015)	0.005	1.0	0.7	10	NE	NE	NE	NE	1	10	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE
NMED Tap Wate	- (MARCH 2017)	0.00454	1.09	0.0149	0.193	0.143	1.2	NE	NE	1.97	31.6	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	0.0398	0.0398	0.0398
EPA RSL for Tap M	/ater (JAN 2015)	4.5E-04	0.11	0.0015	0.019	0.014	0.08	NE	NE	0.2	3.2	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE	NE
Well ID	DATE SAMPLED																			
SMW-4	6/28/2017	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.1	63	0.26	NA	0.21	<1.2	180	4.5	1.2	0.52	310	NA	NA	NA
	9/9/2016	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	1.0	53	<1.0	<1.0	<0.5	NA	150	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	0.028	<5.0
	8/14/2015	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	1.0	55	NA	<1.0	<1.0	NA	160	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.05	<5.0
	9/11/2014	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	1.1	53	NA	<1.0	<1.0	NA	150	NA	AN	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.05	<5.0
	9/9/2013 8/20/2013	<0.001	100.0>	100.02	<0.0015	100.02	0.93	59 58	NA		<1.0 <1.0	NA	150	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.0>	< 5.0
	0/24/2012 10/10/2011	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	1.1	58	AN	1.3	1.3	NA	170	AN	AN	NA	AN	<1.0	<0.05	<5.0
	7/16/2010	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.05	NA
<i>C-1</i> 11/1/S	7100/80/9	N A	MA	MA	MA	MA	×0 5	2600	3 8	<0.76	<0.76	۲	1500	300	Ub	0.75	0300	MA	NA	ΔN
7- 1110	0/20/20/0				Z0 0015	0.013	10,	2500	0.7	0.02.02	20 E		1200	No VN			N N			
	8/17/2015	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	0.011	<2.0	3000	NA NA	<4.0	<4.0	AN	1600	AN	AN	NA	AN	<1.0	0.78	<5.0
	9/11/2014	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	0.012	<2.0	2500	NA	<2.0	<2.0	NA	1400	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	0.23	<5.0
	9/9/2013	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.1	2500	NA	<4.0	<4.0	NA	1500	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	0.15	<5.0
	8/23/2012	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.015	0.012	0.16	2400	NA	<2.0	<2.0	NA	1600	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	0.28	<5.0
	10/12/2011	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	0.008	0.22	2600	NA	<10	<10	NA	1600	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	0.36	<5.0
	7/16/2010	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	0.00	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.05	NA
OW-59	6/28/2017	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	0.007	<0.5	2000	4	<2.0	<2.0	<10	3000	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.6	0.2	5
0M-60	6/28/2017	<0.001	0.0002	<0.001	<0.0015	6000.0	<0.5	1600	2.4	NA	з	<2.5	740	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.05	<5
CTD1 NIM	L100/0/3	100.07	100.07	100.07	V0 001E		۰ ر ،	100	с г	νc	۲C	70 E	1 40	00	;	0 1	1 400		\0 UE	C U V
	1102/2/04 1102/2/04	100.02		100.02		0.000431		0012	4.2 2.5C	24	24 21	<.U>	120	88		4.9 MA	1400	0.17	<0.0>	
	8/11/2015	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	AN	AN	NA	<1.0	<0.05	<5.0
	6/2/2015	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	<0.5	2100	NA	25	25	NA	130	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.05	<5.0
	3/10/2015	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	<0.1	2400	3.9	22 3.0	22	<0.5	150	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.05	<5.0
	9/17/2014	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	0.26 0.26	1800	3.1	<2.0	18	<0.5 <0.5	120	NA	NA	NA	AN	<1.0	<0.05 <0.05	<5.0
	6/16/2014	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0015	<0.001	0.85	1000	2.2	15	15	<0.5	160	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0	<0.05	<5.0
T-IMM 5	10/29/2015 10/29/2015					VIV	VIV	~	NON NO	SAMPLES CO	OLLECTED -	HAS AN SPI	I LEVEL	VIV		MIN		00	2 5	10
	CTU2/62/6 8/74/2015		0.033	0 0 1 1	110		PN P								AN AN	NA		00 250	C.1	01
	6/2/2015	0.012	0.003	0.006	0.024	0.051	2.7	1100	AN	<2.0	<2.0	AN	AN	AN	AN AN	NA	AN	1.7	AN AN	<5.0
	3/10/2015	0.011	0.002	0.005	0.021	0.049	2.2	1000	NA	<0.5	<0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.4	0.49	<5.0
	11/13/2014	0.012	<0.005	0.006	0.023	0.05	1.8	1000	NA	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.3	0.5	<5.0
	9/12/2014	0.010	0.003	0.004	0.016	0.041	2.4	910	NA	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.1	0.51	<5.0
	6/5/2014	0.011	0.002	0.005	0.019	0.051	2.2	890	NA	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.4	0.56	<5.0
	3/11/2014	0.009	0.002	0.004	0.015	0.039	2.6	930	NA	<1.0	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.3	0.66	<5.0
	11/11/2013	0.008	0.002	0.004	0.014	0.039	2.3	1000	NA	4.1	4.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.1	0.49	NA
Evap. Pond 2	6/28/2017	NA	NA	ΝA	NA	NA	18	5000	1.9	NA	1.1	<2.5	1400	410	100	140	3100	NA	NA	NA
Evap. Pond 3	6/28/2017	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	16	7100	2.3	NA	1.1	<2.5	1800	540	150	230	4300	NA	NA	NA
1 - SPH found in well																				

Stratigraphic unit in which screen exists	Chinle/Alluvium Interface	Sonsela Sandstone	Sonsela Sandstone	Sonsela Sandstone	Sonsela Sandstone	Chinle/Alluvium Interface																							
Screened Interval Depth Top to Bottom (ft)	63 - 73	117.72 - 127.72	112 - 122	101 - 121	115 - 125	34.31 - 54.31	51.7 - 71.7	17.5 - 23.5	17.5 - 23.5	17.5 - 23.5	17.5 - 23.5	3.2 - 16.2	3.2 - 16.2	3.2 - 16.2	3.2 - 16.2	3 - 15	3 - 15	3 - 15	3 - 15	20 - 50	20 - 50	20 - 50	20 - 50	15 - 30	15 - 30	15 - 30	15 - 30	20 - 35	20 - 35
Corrected Water Table Elevation (Factor 0.8) (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6890.81	6890.98	6891.08	6892.71	N/A																	
Ground water Elevation (ft)	6,845.21	6,871.10	6,864.66	6,874.07	6,871.61	6,859.18	6,850.19	6,890.57	6,890.63	6,890.90	6,891.91	DRY	6,884.00	6,883.81	6,883.66	6,883.92	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6,865.43	6,865.43							
Depth to Water (ft)	33.38	7.02	15.64	7.56	11.22	24.79	29.33	22.04	21.98	21.71	20.70	DRY	20.47	20.66	20.81	20.55	DRY	٧N	DRY	N/A	24.30	24.30							
SPH Column Thickness (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0:30	0.44	0.22	1.00	N/A																	
Depth to SPH (ft)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	21.74	21.54	21.49	19.70	N/A																	
Total Well Depth ft)	69.40	130.83	137.48	121.72	130.83	52.80	69.68	26.20	26.20	26.20	26.20	18.81	18.81	18.81	18.81	17.80	17.80	17.80	17.80	50.00	50.00	50.00	49.74	29.10	29.10	29.10	29.10	38.30	38.50
Well Casing Bottom Elevation (ft)	6,809.19	6,747.29	6,742.82	6,759.91	6,752.00	6,831.17	6,809.84	6,886.41	6,886.41	6,886.41	6,886.41	6,894.28	6,894.28	6,894.28	6,894.28	6,892.45	6,892.45	6,892.45	6,892.45	6,854.47	6,854.47	6,854.47	6,854.47	6,880.38	6,880.38	6,880.38	6,880.38	6,925.93	6,926.13
Stick-up length (ft)	2.43	1.49	1.91	1.74	2.63	2.34	1.89	2.39	2.39	2.39	2.39	2.77	2.77	2.77	2.77	2.90	2.90	2.90	2.90	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	-0.02	2.10	2.10
Well Casing Rim Elevations (ft)	6,878.59	6,878.12	6,880.30	6,881.63	6,882.83	6,883.97	6,879.52	6,912.61	6,912.61	6,912.61	6,912.61	6,913.09	6,913.09	6,913.09	6,913.09	6,910.25	6,910.25	6,910.25	6,910.25	6,904.47	6,904.47	6,904.47	6,904.47	6,912.38	6,912.38	6,912.38	6,912.38	6,889.73	6,889.73
Ground Level Elevations (ft)	6,876.16	6,876.63	6,878.39	6,879.89	6,880.20	6,881.63	6,877.63	6,910.22	6,910.22	6,910.22	6,910.22	6,910.32	6,910.32	6,910.32	6,910.32	6,907.35	6,907.35	6,907.35	6,907.35	6,904.50	6,904.50	6,904.50	6,904.50	6,912.40	6,912.40	6,912.40	6,912.40	6,887.63	6,887.63
Casing Diameter (Inch)	2.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Inspection or Sample Date	09/13/17	09/20/17	09/20/17	09/21/17	09/11/17	09/11/17	09/11/17	03/16/17	06/02/17	09/08/17	12/04/17	03/16/17	06/02/17	09/05/17	12/04/17	03/16/17	06/02/17	09/05/17	12/04/17	02/21/17	06/02/17	09/05/17	12/04/17	02/21/17	06/02/17	09/05/17	12/04/17	09/21/17	12/05/17
Well ID Number	BW-3B	MW-1	MW-2	MW-4	MW-5	SMW-2	SMW-4	GWM-1				GWM-2				GWM-3				STP1-NW				STP1-SW				OW-59	
Date of Installation	10/15/2003	10/14/1981	10/15/1981	10/16/1981	7/21/1986	9/26/1985	9/25/1985	7/8/2004				9/25/2005				9/25/2005				5/6/2014				5/6/2014				6/29/2017	

TABLE 2 - FLUID LEVEL MEASUREMENTS Western Refining Southwest, Inc. - Gallup Refinery

N/A = Not Available NS = Not Surveyed Negative number in Stick up Length column indicates well is flushmount and located at or below ground level. Depth to Water Column - if 0.00 is indicated - means water is at top of casing (full) under artesian flow conditions. Dry indicates no water was detected.

DEFINITIONS:

DTB - Depth to Bottom DTW - Depth to Water SPH = Separate Phase Hydrocarbons * Wells also checked for Artesian flow conditions.

Figures

- Figure 1 Site Location Map
- Figure 2 Chinle/Alluvial Interface Potentiometric Map
- Figure 3 Sulfate and Chloride Concentrations Map
- Figure 4 Proposed Monitoring Well Locations









Appendix A Boring Logs

Sheet: 1 OF 2 Bore Point: SW corner of Pond 1

Precision Engineering, Inc.

P.O. Box 422 Las Cruces, NM 88004 505-523-7674

Water Elevation: Not Encountered Boring No.: GWM-1

Log of Test Borings

Elevation: TBD Date: 7/8/2004

		BLOW			MATERIAL CHARACTERISTICS				
LAB #	DEPTH	COUNT	PLOT	SCALE	(MOISTURE, CONDITION, COLOR, ETC.)	%M	LL	PI	CLASS.
	0-1.5		olololol		Clay, gravelly, red-brown, wet				
			0/0/0/0/						
			olololol						
	1.5-20.0		////////		<u>Clay</u> , red-brown, wet				
				<u>2.5</u>					
			////////						
				1					
			////////	<u>5.0</u>					
			· ////////						
				<u>7.5</u>					
						-			
				10.0					
							-		
				15.0					
				15.0					
	· · ·								
				20.0					
	20-21.5		////////		Clay, black, wet,		·		
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		possessentite * * *				
			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
SIZE &	TYPE OF	BORING: 4	-1/4" ID	Hollov	v Stemmed Auger	LOGG	ED I	BY:	NS

C:\unzipped\Boundry Well Locations\[GWM-1.xls]Sheet1

Sheet: 2 OF 2 Bore Point: SW corner of Pond 1

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Water Elevation: Not Encountered Boring No.: GWM-1 Precision Engineering, Inc. P.O. Box 422

-Sector

P.O. Box 422 Las Gruces, NM 88004 505-523-7674

Log of Test Borings

File #: 03-118 Site: Ciniza Boundry Wells

Elevation: TBD Date: 7/8/2004



			BLOW			MATERIAL CHARACTERISTICS				
	LAB #	DEPTH	COUNT	PLOT	SCALE	(MOISTURE, CONDITION, COLOR, ETC.)	%M	LL	PI	CLASS.
		21.5-24.0	b		<u>22,0</u>	Sand, gravelly				
/		22.5-24.0				Petrified Forest Formation, Painted Desert				
						Member, Mudstone, weathered, red-purple,				
should						reduction spots, hard, moist, blocky/crumbly	<u> </u>			
be.		24.0			05.0	1.D.				
22.5					<u>25.0</u>					
						Sereened interval 18 24				
						Scieened interval 10-24				
					<u>30.0</u>					
~										
·										UP)
			÷				. [
					35.0	,				
	. [
								1		
					<u>40.0</u>					
			_							
						Nav black wet				
						νιαγ , μιασκ, τνει,				
.										(Freedom and States)
÷	I				J					

LOGGED BY: NS

C:\unzipped\Boundry Well Locations\[GWM-1.xls]Sheet2



	Enviro	Wes Jo	Sent stern Gal ob No	O al Co Refining lup Refi b. WEST	g SW, In nery T17020	ing Fi	C	Geologist Driller Drilling Rig Drilling Method Sampling Method Comments Total Depth Ground Water Start Date Finish Date	: Tracy Payne : Enviro-Drill Inc/Cohagan : CME75 : Hollow Stem Auger 7 1/4" : 2' Split Spoon Hand Auger to 5 BGL : 40' : 26' : 06/12/2017 : 06/12/2017	EI EI Si N E	ev., T lev., P lev., G te Cod	V OC (AD (iL (ft. ordin	VE ft.ms ft.ms msl ates	LL NO. OW-59 (Sheet 1 of 3) (sl) : 6689.73 (sl) : 6687.63 (s) : (s) : (s
	i (ft.)	(mdc	ation	оду	\$	very (%)	le	Saturation <u> Saturation</u>			W	ell N	Co lo. C	Completion Results
	Depth	g) OII	Satura	Litholo	nscs	Recov	Samp	DE	SCRIPTION					
	-3- -2- -1-													Steel Protective Casing
		0.0			CL	100		SILTY CLAY, low, odor,	firm, damp, brown, no					Concrete Pad - 4'x4'x6"
	3-	0.0			CL	100		SILTY CLAY, SIMI	ILAR TO ABOVE (STA),					
10d.59.boi	4- - 5- - -	0.0			CL	100		SILTY CLAY, STA	,					
nery\Evaporation Po	6- - 7- -	2.0			СН	70		CLAY, high, stiff, d	lamp, brown, no odor,					—Grout —2" SCH 40 PVC w/Threaded Joints
mples\Western Refi	8	1.0			CL	80		SILTY CLAY, low, odor, sandy at bas	stiff, damp, light brown, no e,					
suments/M-Tech/sa	10	0.3			ML	70		SILT, Iow, compac	t, damp, brown, no odor,					
ers\cholmes\Doc	12- - - 13-	0.5			CL			SILTY CLAY, low, odor, trace sand,	very stiff, damp, brown, no					
03-29-2018 C:\Us	1010 Tra Houston 713-955	avis Stre n, Texas 5-1230	et 7700	2				DiSorbo Co	nsulting, LLC				8	3501 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 300 Austin, Texas 78759 512-693-4190

D	Í	5	0	rk	0)	Geologist : Trac Driller : Envi Drilling Rig : CME Drilling Method : Hollo	y Payne ro-Drill Inc/Cohagan 75 ow Stem Auger 7 1/4" -	WEL	L NO. OW-59 (Sheet 2 of 3)
Envir	ONME Wes Jo	tern Gall b No	al Co Refining lup Refin b. WEST	nsult g SW, Ir nery T17020	ing Fi	rm	Sampling Method: 2' SpComments: HanniTotal Depth: 40'Ground Water: 26'Start Date: 06/1Finish Date: 06/1	blit Spoon d Auger to 5 BGL 2/2017 2/2017	Elev., TOC (ft.msl) Elev., PAD (ft.msl) Elev., GL (ft.msl) Site Coordinates N E	: 6689.73 : 6887.63 : : : N1635547.14 : W2544633.00
							Saturation Saturation		Cor	npletion Results
th (ft.)	(mdd)	uration	ology	SS	overy (%)	ıple			Well No. OV	/-59
Dep	DIG	Satu	Litho	nso	Rec	Sam	DESCR	IPTION		
13-	0.5			CL	50					
15	1.3			СН	50		SILTY CLAY, high, very s no odor,	stiff, damp, brown,		Grout
16-	17			СН	60		SILTY CLAY, STA, no od	lor,		
				011						
18	1.1			CL	50		SILTY CLAY, low to mod brown, no odor,	erate, stiff, damp,		Bentonite Pellets 2" SCH 40 PVC v/Threaded Joints
20-	1.2			CL	50		SANDY SILTY CLAY, low brown, no odor,	v, firm to soft, damp,		
22-	0.2			CL	60		SANDY CLAY, low, soft, odor,	damp, brown, no		0/20 Sieve Sand Filter Pack
24	3.3			CL	70		SILTY CLAY, low, soft, da odor,	amp, brown, no		2" Sch 40 PVC Slotted 0.01" Screen w/Threaded Joints
26-		▼								
27-	10.9			ML	80		odor,	ery moist, brown, no		
28-	11.6			ML			SANDY SILT, STA, very	moist, no odor,		
1010 Tr Houstor 713-955	avis Stre n, Texas	et 77002	2				DiSorbo Consult	ing, LLC	850	1 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 300 Austin, Texas 78759 512-693-4190

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D	onmo Wes Jo	Senta stern Gall ob No	O al Co Refininç lup Refin o. WEST	nsult nsult g SW, In nery F17020	ing Fi	C	Geologist: Tracy PayneDriller: Enviro-Drill Inc/CohagaDrilling Rig: CME75Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger 7 1Sampling Method: 2' Split SpoonComments: Hand Auger to 5' BGLTotal Depth: 48'Ground Water: Not EncounteredStart Date: 6/13/2017	an 1/4" ·	WELL NO. OW-60 (Sheet 1 of 3) Elev., TOC (ft.msl) : 6893.51 Elev., PAD (ft.msl) : 6891.06 Elev., GL (ft.msl) : 512 Site Coordinates : N : N1635335.02 E : W2545018.21
Depth (ft.)	PID (ppm)	Saturation	Lithology	USCS	Recovery (%)	Sample	DESCRIPTION		Completion Results Well No. OW-60 Steel Protective Casing
-3 -2 -1									
0-	6.5			CL	100		SILTY CLAY, low, firm, damp, brown, no odor,		Concrete Pad - 4'x4'x6"
2	5.8			СН	100		CLAY, high, firm to stiff, damp, brown, no odor,)	
4- 5-	6.3			СН	100		CLAY, SIMILAR TO ABOVE (STA), no oc	dor,	
6	8.1			СН	90		CLAY, STA, no odor,		— Grout
8-	9.6			СН	100		CLAY, STA, no odor,		
10	9.1			CL	50		SILTY CLAY, moderate, firm, damp, brow no odor,	vn,	
12-	8.2			CL	50		SILTY CLAY, STA, soft, no odor,		
14	7.9			CL	70		SILTY CLAY, STA, firm, no odor,		
16	8.3			CL			SILTY CLAY, STA, no odor,		
1010 Tr	avis Stre	et					DiSorbo Consulting, LLC		8501 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 300

Houston, Texas 77002 713-955-1230 3501 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 300 Austin, Texas 78759 512-693-4190

D	onme Wes Jo	Sent stern Gal ob No	O al Co Refining lup Refin o. WEST	nsult nsult g SW, Ir nery F17020	ing Fi	C	Geologist: Tracy PayneDriller: Enviro-Drill Inc/CohaganDrilling Rig: CME75Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Auger 7 1/4"Sampling Method: 2' Split SpoonComments: Hand Auger to 5' BGLTotal Depth: 48'Ground Water: Not EncounteredStart Date: 6/13/2017Finish Date: 6/13/2017	WELL NO. OW-60 (Sheet 2 of 3) Elev., TOC (ft.msl) : 6893.51 Elev., PAD (ft.msl) : 6891.06 Elev., GL (ft.msl) : Site Coordinates : N : N1635335.02 E : W2545018.21
Depth (ft.)	PID (ppm)	Saturation	Lithology	USCS	Recovery (%)	Sample	DESCRIPTION	Completion Results Well No. OW-60
17-	8.3			CL	70			Grout
18-	10.1			CL	50		SILTY CLAY, STA, no odor,	
20-	15.3			CL	60		SILTY CLAY, moderate, soft, damp, brown, no odor,	Bentonite Pellets
22	12.1			CL	70		SILTY CLAY, STA, firm, no odor,	2" Sch 40 PVC w/Threaded Joints
24 25	11.6			CL	80		SILTY CLAY, STA,calcareous nodules (white) present, trace gravel, no odor,	
26 27	10.9			CL	80		SILTY CLAY, STA, tan-silt pockets throughout, no odor,	
28-	10.5			ML	80		CLAYEY SILT, low, soft/crumbly, damp, light brown and grey, no odor,	
30	11.1			CL	70		SILTY CLAY, low, firm to crumbly, damp, light reddish brown with trace grey, no odor,	2" Sch 40 PVC Slotted 0.01" Screen w/Threaded Joints
32	15.0			CL	70		SILTY CLAY, STA, no odor,	
34	12.8			CL	80		SILTY CLAY, STA, no odor,	
36- 37-	12.7			CL			SILTY CLAY, low, very stiff, crumbly, damp, light reddish brown, grey, no odor,	
1010 Tr Houstor	avis Stre n, Texas	et 7700:	2			_	DiSorbo Consulting, LLC	8501 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 300 Austin, Texas 78759

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-	D	onmo Wes	Sent stern Gal ob No	O al CC Refinin lup Refi b. WES	g SW, In inery T17020	ing Fi	C rm	Geologist Driller Drilling Rig Drilling Method Sampling Method Comments Total Depth Ground Water Start Date Finish Date	: Tracy Payne : Enviro-Drill Inc/Cohagan : CME75 : Hollow Stem Auger 7 1/4" : 2' Split Spoon Hand Auger to 5' BGL : 48' : Not Encountered : 6/13/2017 : 6/13/2017	WELL NO. OW-60 (Sheet 3 of 3) Elev., TOC (ft.msl) : 6893.51 Elev., PAD (ft. msl) : 6891.06 Elev., GL (ft. msl) : Site Coordinates : N : N1635335.02 E : W2545018.21				
	Depth (ft.)	PID (ppm)	Saturation	Lithology	nscs	Recovery (%)	Sample	DE	SCRIPTION	Completion Results Well No. OW-60				
	37 –	9.9							2" Sch 40 PVC Slotted 0.01" Screen w/Threaded Joints 					
	38 38 39				ML	50		SILT, low, compact to dense/stiff crumbly, damp, light grey, no odor,						
	40				ML	ML 60		SILT, STA, no odor,						
	42				ML	60		SILT, STA, trace very fine sand, no odor,						
s\Documents\M-Tech\samples\Western Refinery\Evaporation Pond\OW-60.bot	44 45	10.1			ML	50		SILT, STA, no odc	yr,	2" Flush Threaded				
	46	9.6			ML	50		SILT, STA, trace reddish brown clay with grey, no odor.						
	48													
	49 	•												
	- - 51 _													
	52 -													
	52													
	54 - - 													
	55													
s\cholme	50 - - - 57 -													
DiSorbo Consulting, LLC 8501 N. Houston, Texas 77002 713-955-1230							8501 N. MoPac Expy, Suite 300 Austin, Texas 78759 512-693-4190							

	Geosci	ence	J		Ĺ	-4	WELL LOGGING FORM
	rsulta	nts, Lt	C1	lien	t_GI	ANT REFINI	NG COMPANY Well Number SMW -2
					<u> </u>	<u>_</u> **	2 ST IS N R IS H State New Mexico
			G Co	unt	<u>y Mc</u>	Kinley	Contractor Fox
			Sp	ud I	Date	9/26/95	Completion Date
			Lo	gs I	lun_	Lith from	Cores Logged By J.C. Hunter
		0		evat	ion.	<u> 6887-8</u>	3Spud In (Fm.)_Chinle
ch		L1tl	sa	mark ples	e 2	rilled w/He .5 and 5.0	intervals for %H ₂ O. Comp. as SS monitor Well
	-		RUI	V Fr	om T	o Sample#/	Ft Lith/Remarks
	1 1 1		-	+	- <u> </u>	850925	55 council of ATA Times should be 15xx not 14xx
70	0 1					3240	etc
	5 +		P	10	12	(712/4. CLYS	0 0-1.5 5014
	10-		Z	5	10	1420/10.0	
	11		న	10	15	1426/15	1.5- H.C CLAY
	-		4	15	120	20	
	20 -		~	7.0	1	-1~- 120 C4	
	25 -	-++	~		$\frac{\sim}{1}$	1438/25	HO-19.0 SANDYCLAY
	30-	-++	6	25	30	14 46 / 30.0	/se
2	1 = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =		7	30	35	1453 35.55	19.0-24 SAND: send (SRY/2); med an
	1		8	35	40	1459 / 40.0	min set at 1 1/2 and
	-						211 76
	1						AT - AS CLAY
	1			•			
	-	11-					25-28 SAND, as above
	1						
	1			1			28-32 CLAYEY SAMA + 0144
	-						a state strest chay
	-					<i>c</i> ¹	
	1						32-38 SAND (WET) med ad hom (IOR4/4)
	1						med gen, med set gty and
	-	11-					3H-40 SEAN
	1	11_					
	111	-	-			9/2	185 Hz 0 fevel 29'2" 9:40
	-	1-				1	11/120° 25MW2
	1	11_		, 			pH 7.1 #8509261445

SMW-4 ULUSLICICO rage. -0T Consultants, Ltd. Client_GIANT REFINING COMPANY Well Number SMW - 4 *_ と ______ S T_15 N R_15 W State New Mexico County McKinley _ Contractor_Fox 1.1.1 Spud Date 9/25/8.5 9/25/85 Completion Date_ Ξ, Logs Run Lith from Cores _ Logged By J.C. Hunter Elevation 6878, 84 __Spud In (Fm.)__Chinle Li tho Remarks Drilled w/Hollow Stem Auger & Continuous Sampler. Collected samples @ 2.5 and 5.0' intervals for %H_0. Comp. as SS monitor Well Depth RUN From To Sample#/Ft Lith/Remarks Actwoon MWI- & MW-2 Depths from ton auger HGL 14. 8:0925:a TTROESO 5 0 5 / (10F 4/2) 0840/40 gryrd (1.5 Soll 5 10 <u> ۲</u> Z 0847 10.0 HINOT rosts dorg me Her 10 Ed. с, 3 10 15 5250 115 rd (5R4/2 15 a, 4 15 Zo 0859 20 20 dense abstic 50 20 کتر 5 5 0906 9,0-25 SANDY CLAY . SAYTO 27.54 6 25 30 30.3 501 (5R3/4). chy w/ 15-20% 30 કરકવ્ય local facul poor sor 30 చి 35 35.2 64 CLY BOUSO 3 - char ad, 37.5 CL 8 40 35 0528/400 CA 40 0936/425 CL 9 175 40 sup cuting to ats' 45 C. 10 45 50 (584/2) 50 an 0254/ مد دجو 11 50 25 mal 500 ci 70 1000- 55 850 \$ E01215/575' CLY 60 55 13 pale rd More 10 Zd 1241/62.5 165 14 60 1242/65,0 bon LIDRY/1 1258 167.5 q ty + K-spen. 9/30/85 15 65 189 1259, NOO 24,0-33.019 madod (SRSL SILTY CLAY. Ø cly w/ 10-20% sit, loc for Scong 26 mod rd bru (in SIty 57.5 - 59.5 59-(us +) pakened GOR 1/2 Sandsterg Colox 1 1. 1 1 . 11 1 11

Appendix B

Investigation Derived Waste Management Plan
Investigation Derived Waste (IDW) Management Plan

All IDW will be properly characterized and disposed of in accordance with all federal, State, and local rules and regulations for storage, labeling, handling, transport, and disposal of waste. The IDW may be characterized for disposal based on the known or suspected contaminants potentially present in the waste.

A dedicated decontamination area will be setup prior to any sample collection activities. The decontamination pad will be constructed so as to capture and contain all decontamination fluids (e.g., wash water and rinse water) and foreign materials washed off the sampling equipment. The fluids will be pumped directly into suitable storage containers (e.g., labeled 55-gallon drums), which will be located at satellite accumulation areas until the fluids are disposed in the refinery wastewater treatment system upstream of the API separator. The solids captured in the decontamination pad will be shoveled into 55-gallon drums and stored at the designated satellite accumulation area pending proper waste characterization for off-site disposal.

Drill cuttings generated during installation of soil borings will be placed directly into 55-gallon drums and staged in the satellite accumulation area pending results of the waste characterization sampling. The portion of soil cores, which are not retained for analytical testing, will be placed into the same 55-gallon drums used to store the associated drill cuttings.

The solids (e.g., drill cuttings and used soil cores) will be characterized by testing to determine if there are any hazardous characteristics in accordance with 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 261. This includes tests for ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, and toxicity. If the materials are not characteristically hazardous, then further testing will be performed pursuant to the requirements of the facility to which the materials will be transported. Depending upon the results of analyses for individual investigation soil samples, additional analyses may include VOCs, TPH and polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs).