

# REPORTS

**DATE:** 2004

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#### 2004 ANNUAL GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT FORMER UNOCAL SOUTH VACUUM UNIT SECTION 35, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 35 EAST LEA COUNTY, NEW MENICO

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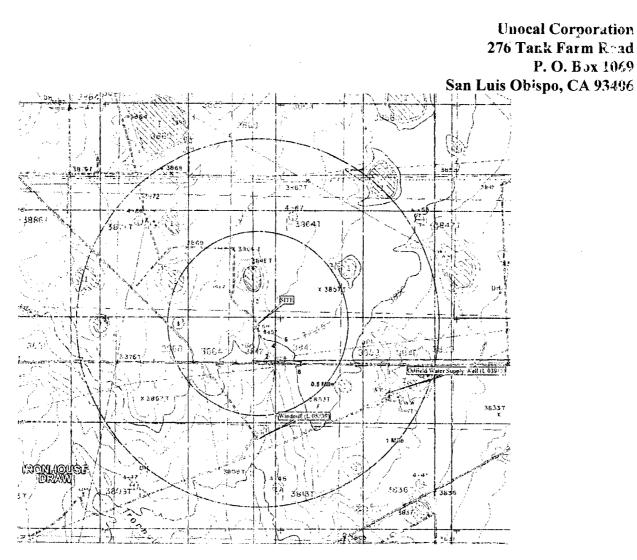
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Prepared For:

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Prepared By:

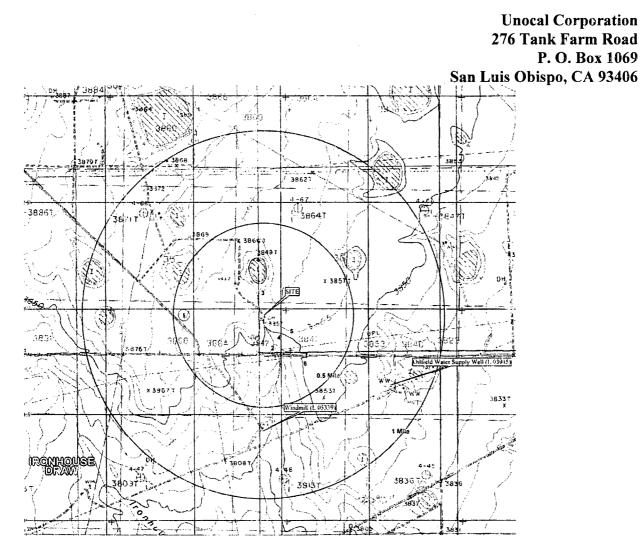
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P. O. Box 7624 Midland, Texas 79703

#### 2004 ANNUAL GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT FORMER UNOCAL SOUTH VACUUM UNIT SECTION 35, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 35 EAST LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

OCTOBER 6, 2004

**Prepared For:** 



**Prepared By:** 



P. O. Box 7624 Midland, Texas 79708





OIL CERET WATTON

Later

November 11, 2004

Mr. William C. Olson New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division – Environmental Bureau 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

SUBJECT: TRANSMITTAL LETTER 2004 ANNUAL GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT FORMER UNOCAL SOUTH VACUUM UNIT SEC 35, T18S, R35E LEA COUNTY, NEW MEXICO CASE #1R0277

Dear Mr. Olson:

Enclosed is the 2004 Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report for the Former Unocal South Vacuum Unit site located in Lea County, New Mexico.

Please contact me at (432) 682-0808 or Achebe Hope of Unocal (Real Estate and Remediation Services Group) at (805) 547-5448 with any questions or comments.

Sincerely,

Gilbert J. Van Deventer, REM, PG, NMCS Trident Environmental – Midland, TX

#### Attachments

 xc: Achebe Hope, Unocal – San Luis Obispo, CA Chris Kocka, ENSR – Warrenville, IL Paul Sheeley, OCD - Hobbs, NM

# 2004 Annual Groundwater Monitoring Report Unocal Corporation Real Estate and Remediation Services Former Unocal South Vacuum Unit Lea County, New Mexico

Prepared by:

*Trident Environmental P. O. Box 7624 Midland, Texas 79708 (915) 682-0808 FAX (915) 682-0727* 

SBMITTED BY:

Gilbert J. Van Deventer, PG, NMCS, REM Project Manager DATE:

11-11-04

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- Appendix A Laboratory Analytical Reports and Chain-of-Custody Documentation
- Appendix B Monitoring Well Sampling Data Forms

Appendix C Description of Fate and Transport Modeling



#### 1.0 Executive Summary

Trident Environmental (Trident) was retained by ENSR Corporation (ENSR), on behalf of Unocal Real Estate and Remediation Services (Unocal), to perform the 2004 annual groundwater sampling and monitoring operations at the Former Unocal South Vacuum Unit, which is located at township 18 south, range 35 east, section 35 in Lea County, New Mexico. This report documents the 2004 annual sampling event performed by Trident at the site on August 12, 2004. This report contains the historical groundwater elevation and analytical data from monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-6. The sampling event was conducted in accordance with the November 2, 2000 Groundwater Remediation Plan submitted by Unocal and the requirements specified in the New Mexico Oil and Conservation Division (OCD) letter dated February 8, 2001.

Based on the sampling and monitoring data to date, the following conclusions relevant to groundwater conditions at the Former Unocal South Vacuum Unit are evident:

- Chloride and total dissolved solids (TDS) concentrations in MW-1, near the source area, have generally decreased since 1996. Similarly, chloride and TDS levels have decreased in the closest downgradient well, MW-4, since 1999 when that well was installed. Chloride and TDS concentrations in the remaining wells (MW-2, MW-3, MW-5, and MW-6) have remained relatively consistent with previous levels.
- The fate and transport modeling results continue to support the contention that the chloride and TDS plume is not likely to impact existing sources of water supply, the closest of which, a livestock well (Windmill L 05339) lies approximately 3,200 feet south of the source.
- According to conservative model simulations, the chloride plume will travel a maximum of 3,460 feet southeast of the source in approximately 160 years before concentrations return to levels below the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) standard of 250 mg/L. The same analysis indicates that the TDS plume will travel only 2,100 feet in approximately 90 years before concentrations return to levels below the WQCC standard of 1,000 mg/L.



- Based on the modeling results and predicted natural attenuation processes (advection and dispersion), there will be no adverse impact to human health and the environment nor will the livestock well exceed WQCC standards for chlorides or TDS due to the plume originating and traveling southeast, versus south, from the former emergency overflow pit.
- Groundwater elevations have been steadily decreasing at a rate of approximately 0.3 feet per year since the initial sampling event of monitoring well MW-1 in January 1995.

Unocal has performed exemplary remedial actions to the source area, including plugging of the SWD well in 1971 and encapsulating the former surface impoundment area with solidification material in 1995, thus eliminating the threat of any continued release from the source. Based on the identified potential receptor and fate and transport modeling results, the chloride/TDS plume at the site presents low risk to human health and the environment; therefore Trident recommends the following actions for site closure:

- Continue the natural attenuation annual monitoring program with groundwater sampling and analysis of chloride and TDS concentrations for each of the six monitoring wells.
- Update flow and transport model to confirm the plume is naturally attenuating as described.
- Submit the 2005 annual groundwater monitoring report to OCD in January 2006 to document natural attenuation conditions.



#### 2.0 Groundwater Sampling Procedures

Each of the six monitoring wells, MW-1 through MW-6, was gauged for depth to groundwater using a Solinst Model 101 electronic water indicator immediately prior to purging operations. A total of 36 gallons of groundwater was purged from each site monitoring well (5 to 10 gallons per well) using a decontaminated 2-inch diameter PVC bailer. After purging, groundwater samples were collected and parameters were measured using a Hanna Model 98130 pH-Conductivity-Temperature meter. Water samples for each monitoring well were transferred into 500 milliliter (ml) plastic containers for laboratory analysis of total dissolved solids (TDS) (EPA Method 160.1) and chloride (EPA Method 325.3). For each set of samples, chain of custody forms documenting sample identification numbers, collection times, and delivery times to the laboratory were completed. All water samples were placed in an ice-filled cooler immediately after collection and transported to SPL, Inc. in Houston, Texas for analysis.

#### 3.0 Groundwater Elevations, Hydraulic Gradient and Flow Direction

Depth to groundwater varies from approximately 50.10 to 71.62 feet below top of well casing at the site. Groundwater elevations are summarized in Table 1. A groundwater gradient map indicating the direction of groundwater flow is illustrated in Figure 1. A historical groundwater elevation graph is shown in Figure 2. The groundwater gradient direction is to the southeast with a hydraulic gradient of approximately 0.004 ft/ft. According to published reports (*Ground-Water Conditions in Northern Lea County, New Mexico*, Ash, 1963 and *Geology and Ground-Water Conditions in Southern Lea County, New Mexico*, Nicholson and Clebsch, 1961) the groundwater encountered at the site is that of the Tertiary Ogallala Formation. The Ogallala Formation unconformably overlies the impermeable red-beds of the Triassic Chinle Formation at an elevation of approximately 3700 feet above mean sea level (AMSL). Based on the current groundwater elevations measured on site and published data referenced, the saturated thickness of the Ogallala Formation at the site ranges from approximately 87 to 97 feet.



#### 4.0 Groundwater Quality Conditions

Groundwater sample analytical results are presented in Table 1. The WQCC standards are presented for comparison. Those constituents that recorded concentrations above the WQCC standards are highlighted in boldface type. The WQCC standard of 250 mg/L for chloride was exceeded in MW-1 (628 mg/L), MW-2 (451 mg/L), and MW-4 (1,130 mg/L). The WQCC standard of 1,000 mg/L for TDS was exceeded in MW-1 (2,050 mg/L) and MW-4 (2,480 mg/L). The groundwater samples obtained from upgradient monitoring well MW-3 and downgradient wells MW-5 and MW-6 had chloride and TDS concentrations below WQCC standards.

The chloride and TDS concentrations are depicted graphically in Figure 3 and 4, respectively. The concentration isopleths were drawn utilizing the Surfer® (version 6.0) contour modeling program (Kriging method). Since this contouring program does not take into account the known groundwater gradient, some of the isopleths were manually converged into a more southeasterly orientation. Graphs depicting historical TDS and chloride concentrations in monitoring wells MW-1 through MW-6 are shown in Figures 5 and 6.

Chloride and TDS concentrations in MW-1, near the source area, have consistently decreased since 1996, with the exception of an increase in TDS concentrations during the 2003 sampling event. TDS concentrations in MW-1 have resumed a decreasing trend during the last year of monitoring. Similarly, chloride and TDS levels have decreased in the closest downgradient well, MW-4, since 1999 when that well was installed. Chloride and TDS concentrations in monitoring well MW-3 have slightly increased since 2000, whereas chloride and TDS levels in MW-2, MW-5, and MW-6 have remained relatively consistent with previous years.



#### 5.0 Fate and Transport Modeling Results

Fate and transport modeling was performed by Trident to simulate the movement of the chloride and TDS groundwater plume over time. Simulations were conducted using the two-dimensional groundwater flow and contaminant transport model WinTran, version 1.03 (1995) designed and distributed by Environmental Simulations, Inc. (ESI) of Herndon, Virginia. WinTran is built around a steady-state analytical element flow model, linked to a finite element contaminant transport model. A more detailed discussion of the flow and transport parameters used, assumptions, model calibrations, and simulation results are described in Appendix C.

Figures 7A and 7B show the close match achieved by the chloride and TDS modeling simulations as compared to the current observed plume (Figures 3 and 4). Hydrodynamic dispersion serves to broaden the dimensions of the plume while reducing the concentrations in the middle of the plume, as depicted in Figures 8A and 8B (50 years from now). Advective flow moves the center of plume mass downgradient by a distance of approximately 750 feet from the former SWD pit and approximately 300 feet upgradient from well MW-4.

Continued attenuation by dilution and dispersion of the plume, after the maximum chloride and TDS concentrations decrease to levels below WQCC standards, is shown in Figures 9A (year 2164) and 9B (year 2094), respectively. The center of the chloride plume is approximately 3,460 ft away from the pit and well source in the year 2164. The center of the TDS plume is approximately 2,100 ft away from the pit and well source in the year 2094.

The portions of the chloride and TDS plumes that are above WQCC standards do not reach any of the identified potential receptors at any time during their attenuation. The updated fate and transport model is consistent with that determined in the two previous annual reports, however the plumes attenuate sooner and at a reduced terminal distance as a result of inputting the most recent chloride and TDS concentrations.



#### 6.0 Conclusions

Conclusions relevant to groundwater conditions and the remediation performance at the Former Unocal South Vacuum Unit are presented below.

- Chloride and TDS concentrations in MW-1, near the source area, have generally decreased since 1996. Similarly, chloride and TDS levels have decreased in the closest downgradient well, MW-4, since 1999 when that well was installed. Chloride and TDS concentrations in the remaining wells (MW-2, MW-3, MW-5, and MW-6) have remained relatively consistent with previous levels.
- The fate and transport modeling results continue to support the contention that the chloride and total dissolved solids (TDS) plume is not likely to impact existing sources of water supply, the closest of which, a livestock well (Windmill L 05339), lies approximately 3,200 feet south of the source.
- According to conservative model simulations, the chloride plume will travel a maximum of 3,460 feet southeast of the source in approximately 160 years before concentrations return to levels below the New Mexico Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) standard of 250 mg/L. The same analysis indicates that the TDS plume will travel only 2,100 feet in approximately 90 years before concentrations return to levels below the WQCC standard of 1,000 mg/L.
- Based on the modeling results and predicted natural attenuation processes (dispersion and dilution), there will be no adverse impact to human health and the environment nor will the livestock well (Windmill L 05339) exceed WQCC standards for chlorides or TDS due to the plume originating and traveling southeast, versus south, from the former emergency overflow pit.
- Groundwater elevations have been steadily decreasing at a rate of approximately 0.3 feet per year since the initial sampling event of monitoring well MW-1 in January 1995.

Page 6 of 7



#### 7.0 Recommendations

Unocal has performed exemplary remedial actions to the source area, including plugging of the SWD well in 1971 and encapsulating the former surface impoundment area with solidification material in 1995, thus eliminating the threat of any continued release from the source. Based on the identified potential receptor and fate and transport modeling results, the chloride/TDS plume at the site presents low risk to human health and the environment; therefore Trident recommends the following actions for site closure:

- Continue the natural attenuation annual monitoring program with groundwater sampling and analysis of chloride and TDS concentrations for each of the six monitoring wells.
- Update flow and transport model to confirm the plume is naturally attenuating as described.
- Submit the 2005 annual groundwater monitoring report to OCD in January 2006 to document natural attenuation conditions.

# TABLES



Former Unocal South Vacuum Unit

Monitoring Well	Sampling Date	Chloride		Denth	T (0 :	
		(mg/L)	TDS (mg/L)	Depth to Groundwater (feet BTOC)	Top of Casing Elevation (feet AMSL)	Groundwater Elevation (feet AMSL)
	01/27/95	1174	2250	59.57	3858.37	3798.80
	05/18/95	983	2251	61.30	3858.37	3797.07
	08/28/96	1420	2730	61.57	3858.37	3796.80
	08/13/97	1400	2800	61.75	3858.37	3796.62
MW-1	09/30/99	1094	2318	62.51	3858.37	3795.86
1V1 W - 1	06/14/00	<b>92</b> 7	2040	62.85	3858.37	3795.52
	06/18/01	813	1790	63.07	3858.37	3795.30
	07/11/02	784	1680	63.28	3858.37	3795.09
	07/02/03	715	2090	63.66	3858.37	3794.71
	08/12/04	628	2050	63.83	3858.37	3794.54
	09/30/99	298	922	49.51	3841.64	3792.13
	06/14/00	317	852	49.81	3841.64	3791.83
MW-2	06/18/01	288	878	50.06	3841.64	3791.58
101 00 -2	07/11/02	284	808	50.29	3841.64	3791.35
	07/02/03	268	859	50.63	3841.64	3791.01
	08/12/04	451	931	50.81	3841.64	3790.83
	09/30/99	73.6	427	66.74	3864.73	3797.99
	06/14/00	75.5	433	67.01	3864.73	3797.72
MW-3	06/18/01	86.4	495	67.29	3864.73	3797.44
141 44 -5	07/11/02	103	509	67.59	3864.73	3797.14
	07/02/03	98.3	588	67.94	3864.73	3796.79
	08/12/04	111	605	68.07	3864.73	3796.66
	09/30/99	1576	2981	60.18	3852.51	3792.33
	06/14/00	1500	2910	60.55	3852.51	3791.96
MW-4	06/18/01	1530	3180	60.78	3852.51	3791.73
101.00	07/11/02	1290	2660	60.98	3852.51	3791.53
	07/02/03	1250	2610	61.34	3852.51	3791.17
	08/12/04	1130	2480	61.50	3852.51	3791.01
	06/14/00	13.7	274	68.57	3859.84	3791.27
	06/18/01	13.6	322	68.80	3859.84	3791.04
MW-5	07/11/02	15.5	308	68.98	3859.84	3790.86
	07/02/03	12.5	359	69.32	3859.84	3790.52
	08/12/04	15.3	375	69.46	3859.84	3790.38
	06/14/00	48	382	70.79	3858.78	3787.99
	06/18/01	50.8	431	70.98	3858.78	3787.80
MW-6	07/11/02	50	422	71.26	3858.78	3787.52
	07/02/03	46.5	471	71.52	3858.78	3787.26
	08/12/04	55.1	410	71.62	3858.78	3787.16
WQCC S	tandards	250	1000			

# Table 1Summary of Groundwater Sampling ResultsFormer Unocal South Vacuum Unit

Total Dissolved Soilds (TDS) and chloride concentrations listed in milligrams per liter (mg/L)

Analyses performed by Trace Analysis Inc., Lubbock, TX (1995-1998) and SPL, Inc., Houston, TX (1999-2000).

Values in boldface type indicate concentrations exceed New Mexico Water Quality Commission (WQCC) standards.

AMSL - Above Mean Sea Level; BTOC - Below Top of Casing

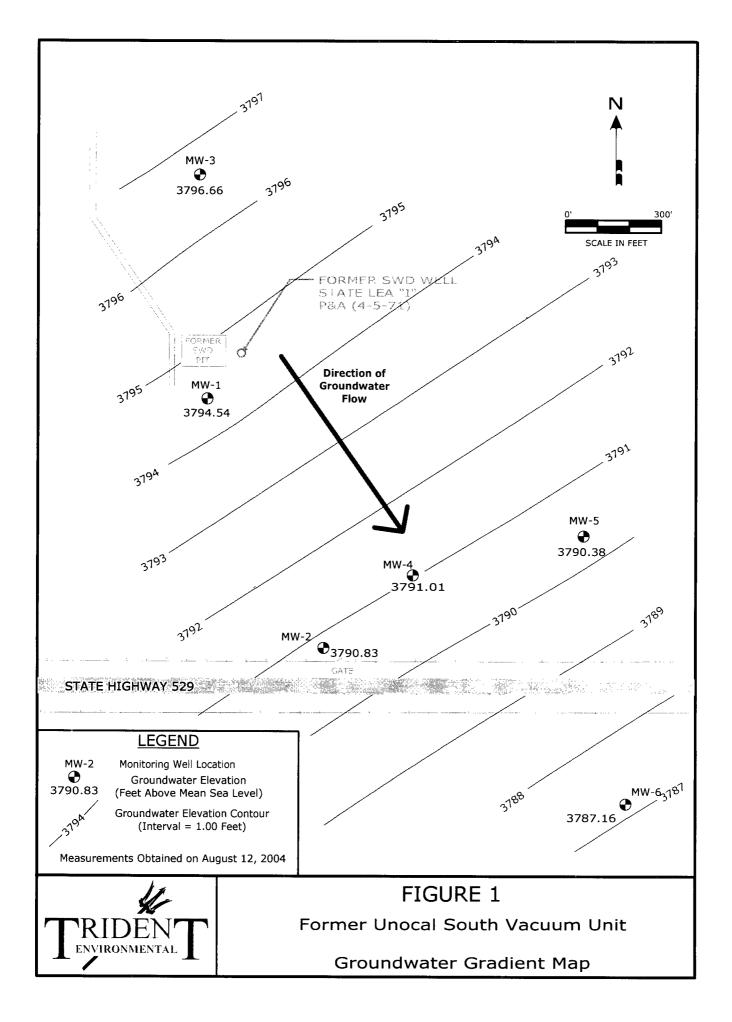
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Groundwater flow direction is to the southeast with a gradient of approx. 0.004 ft/ft.

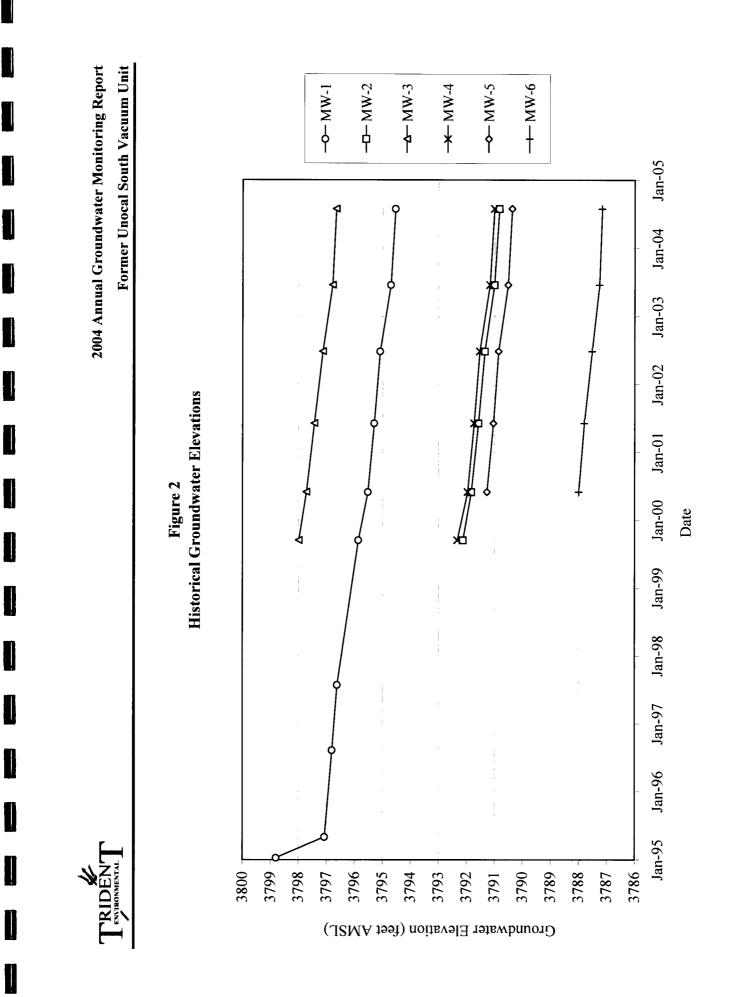
Elevations and state plane coordinates surveyed by Basin Surveys, Hobbs, NM.

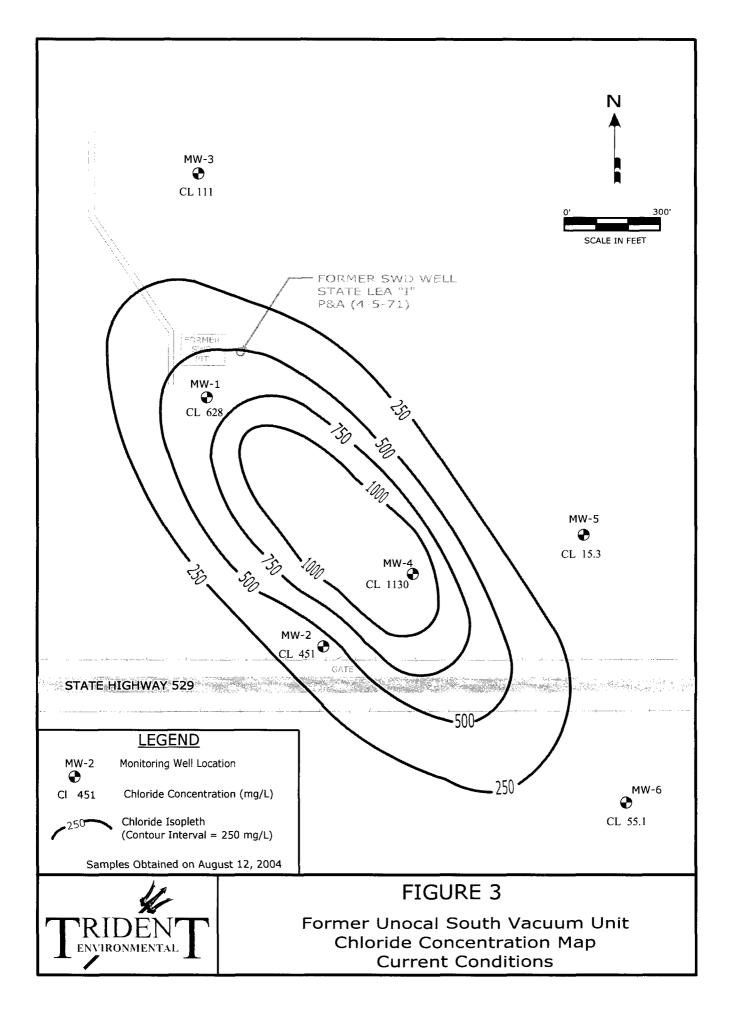
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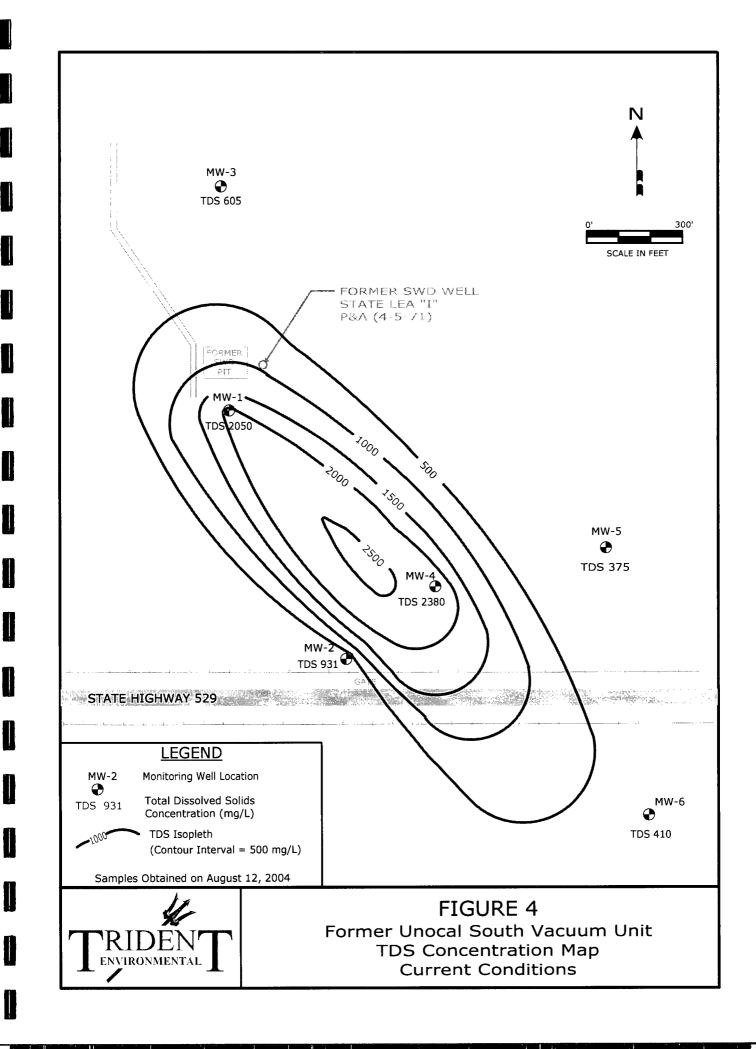
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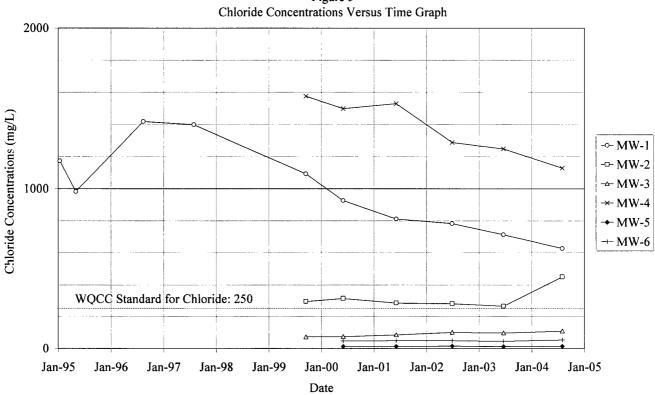




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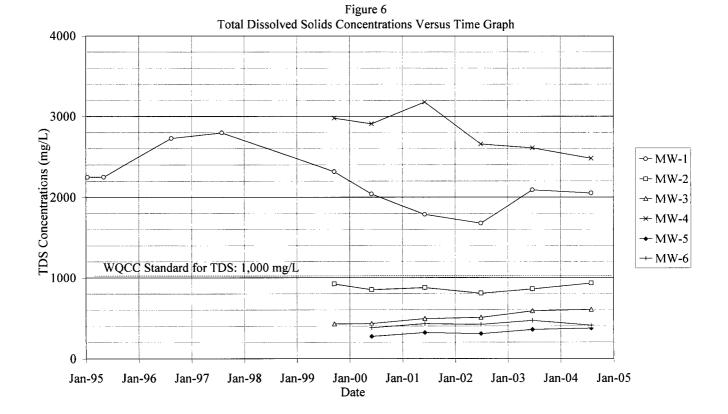
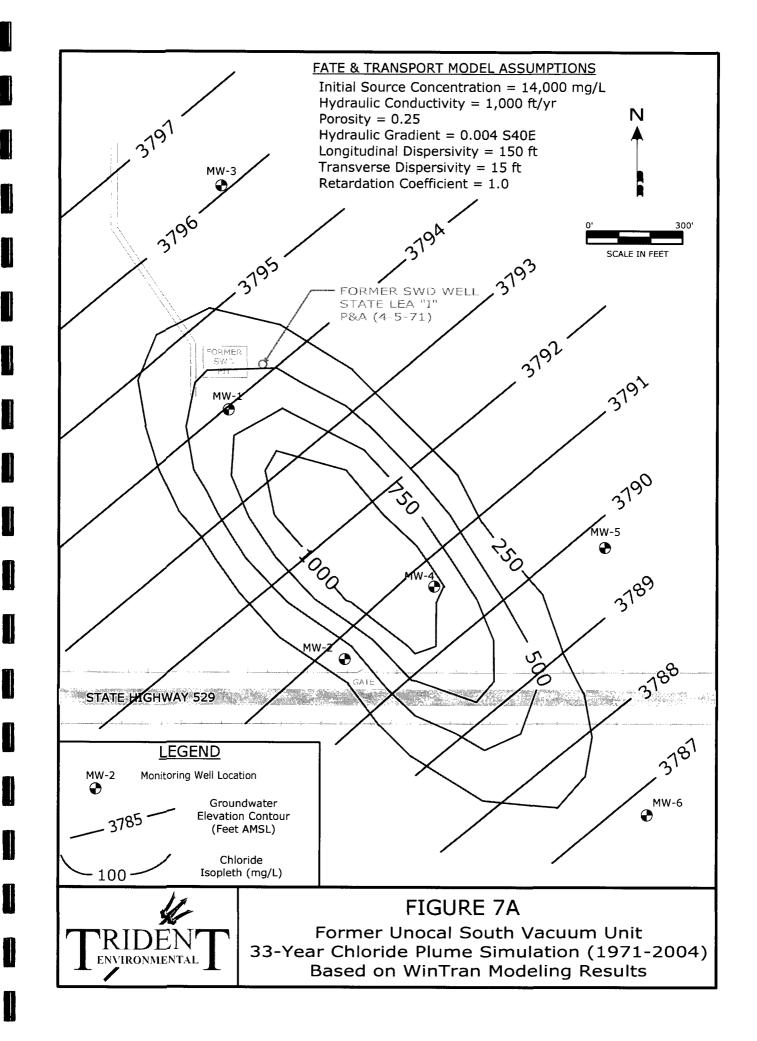
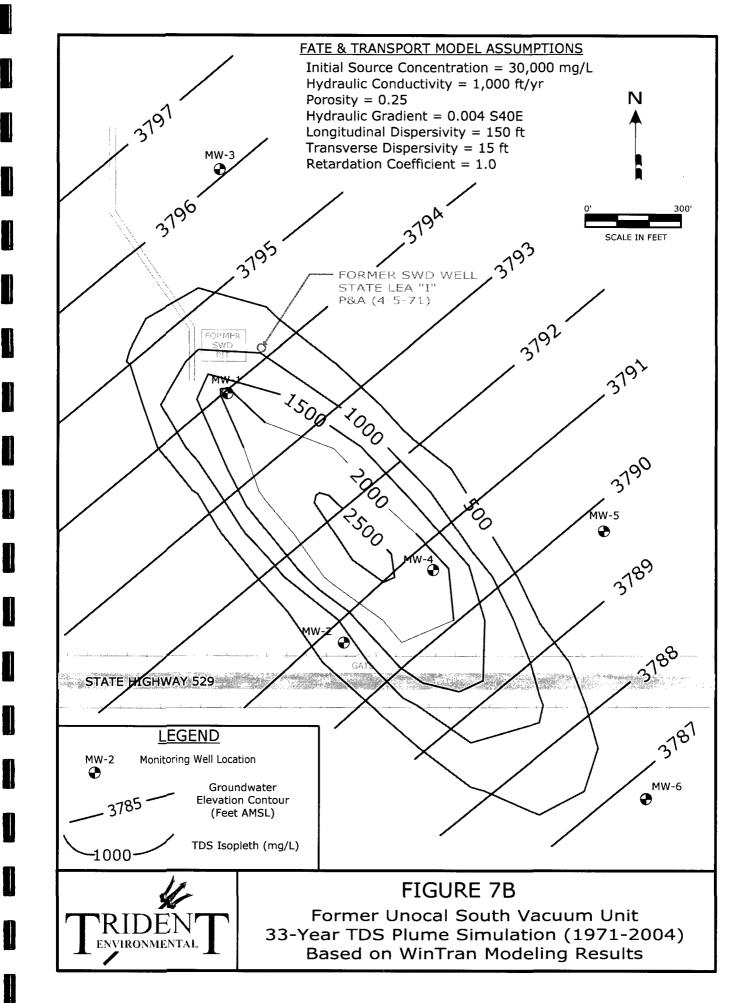


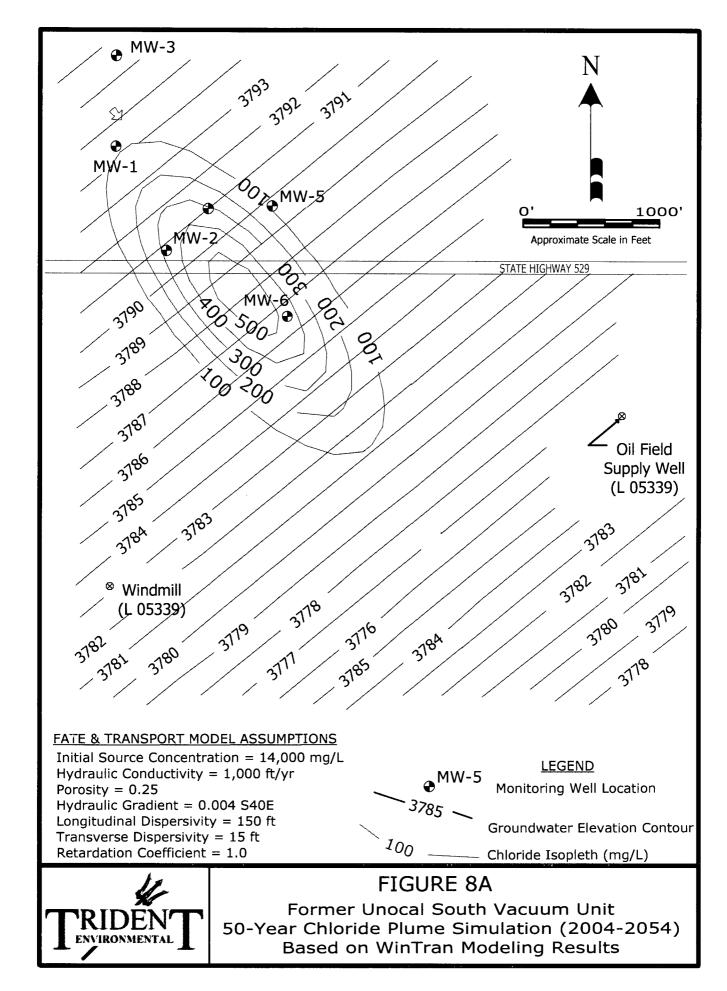
Figure 5

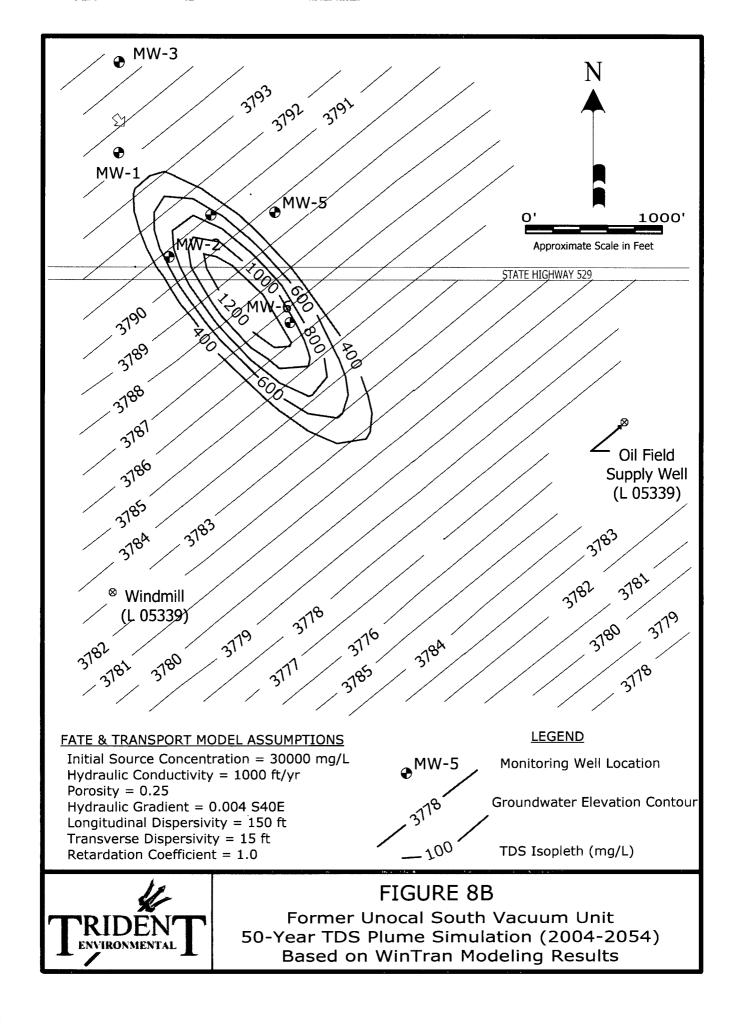


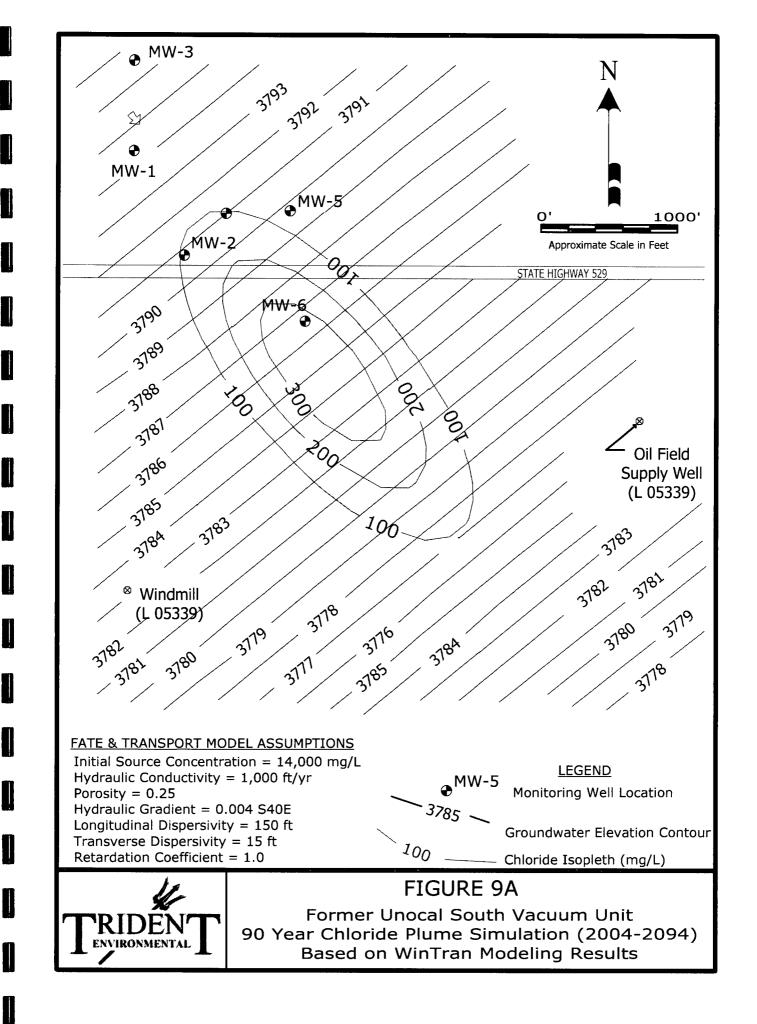


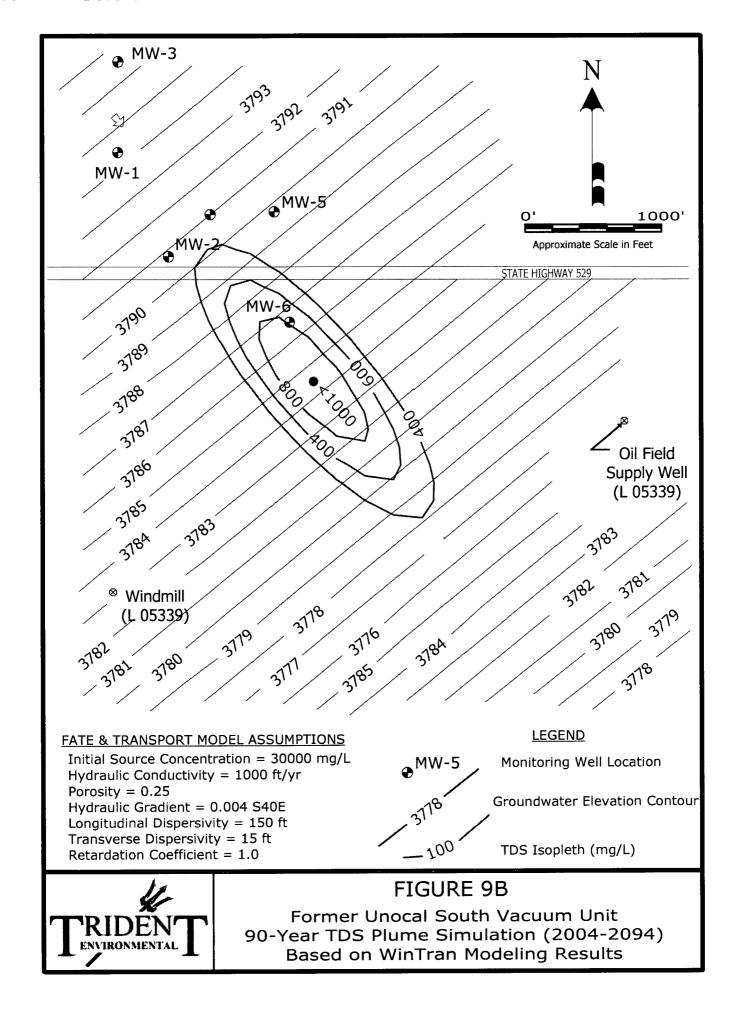


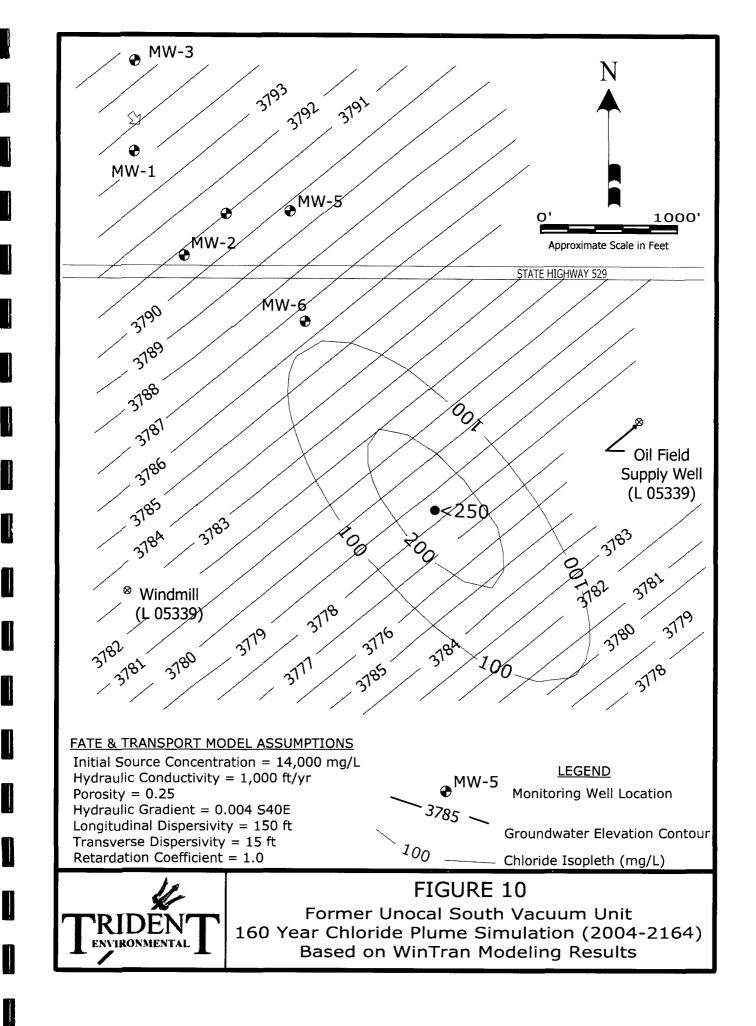
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# APPENDIX A

Laboratory Analytical Reports

And

Chain-of-Custody Documentation

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#### **Unocal Corporation**

Certificate of Analysis Number: <u>04080539</u>									
Report To: Trident Environmental Gil Van Deventer	<u>Project Name:</u> <u>Site:</u> <u>Site Address:</u>	S. Vacuum Unit - Hobbs, NM Former Unocal S. Vacuum Unit							
P.O. Box 7624 Midland TX 79708-7624 ph: (432) 682-0808 fax: (915) 682-0028	<u>PO Number:</u> <u>State:</u> <u>State Cert. No.:</u> <u>Date Reported:</u>	New Mexico 8/25/2004							

## This Report Contains A Total Of 14 Pages

### Excluding This Page, Chain Of Custody

And

Attachments

8/25/2004



HOUSTON LABORATORY 8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE HOUSTON, TX 77054 (713) 660-0901

#### Case Narrative for: Unocal Corporation

Certificate of Analysis Number:

#### 04080539

Report To:	Project Name:	S. Vacuum Unit - Hobbs, NM
Trident Environmental	<u>Site:</u>	Former Unocal S. Vacuum Unit
Gil Van Deventer	Site Address:	
P.O. Box 7624		
Midland	PO Number:	
TX	State:	New Mexico
79708-7624	State Cert. No.:	
ph: (432) 682-0808 fax: (915) 682-0028	Date Reported:	8/25/2004

Results are reported on a wet weight basis unless dry-weight correction is denoted in the units field on the analytical report (" mg\kg-dry " or " ug\kg-dry " ).

Matrix spike (MS) and matrix spike duplicate (MSD) samples are chosen and tested at random from an analytical batch of "like" matrix to check for possible matrix effect. The MS and MSD will provide site specific matrix data only for those samples which are spiked by the laboratory. Since the MS and MSD are chosen at random from an analytical batch, the sample chosen for spike purposes may or may not have been a sample submitted in this sample delivery group. The validity of the analytical procedures for which data is reported in this analytical report is determined by the Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) and the Method Blank (MB). The Laboratory Control Samples and the MS/MSD to ensure method criteria are achieved throughout the entire analytical process.

Any other exceptions associated with this report will be footnoted in the analytical result page(s) or the quality control summary page(s).

Please do not hesitate to contact us if you have any questions or comments pertaining to this data report. Please reference the above Certificate of Analysis Number.

This report shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of the laboratory. The reported results are only representative of the samples submitted for testing.

SPL, Inc. is pleased to be of service to you. We anticipate working with you in fulfilling all your current and future analytical needs.

Elessa Sommers Senior Project Manager



#### HOUSTON LABORATORY 8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE

HOUSTON, TX 77054 (713) 660-0901

#### **Unocal Corporation**

		Certificate o	of Analysis I	Number:	
		<u>0</u>	<u>4080539</u>		
Report To:	Trident Environmental			Project Name:	S. Vacuum Unit - Hobbs, NM
ľ	Gil Van Deventer			Site:	Former Unocal S. Vacuum Unit
	P.O. Box 7624			Site Address:	
	Midland				
-	тх			PO Number:	
	79708-7624			State:	New Mexico
	ph: (432) 682-0808	fax:		State Cert. No.:	
<u>Fax To:</u>	Trident Environmental			Date Reported:	8/25/2004
	Gil Van Deventer	fax : (915) 682-0028			
	L		]		

Client Sample ID	Lab Sample ID	Matrix	Date Collected	Date Received	COC ID	HOLD
W-1	04080539-01	Water	8/12/2004	8/14/2004 10:00:00 AM	11146	
W-2	04080539-02	Water	8/12/2004	8/14/2004 10:00:00 AM	11146	
MW-3	04080539-03	Water	8/12/2004	8/14/2004 10:00:00 AM	11146	
W-4	04080539-04	Water	8/12/2004	8/14/2004 10:00:00 AM	11146	
W-5	04080539-05	Water	8/12/2004	8/14/2004 10:00:00 AM	11146	
WW-6	04080539-06	Water	8/12/2004	8/14/2004 10:00:00 AM	11146	

lessa Sommers enior Project Manager

8/25/2004

Date

Joel Grice Laboratory Director

Ted Yen Quality Assurance Officer

8/25/2004 8:49:25 AM



HOUSTON LABORATORY

8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE

HOUSTON, TX 77054

(713) 660-0901

Client Sample ID MW-1		Colle	ected: (	08/12/2004 0:00	SPL Sample II	<b>):</b> 0408	0539-01	
	Site: Former Unocal S. Vacuum Unit							
Analyses/Method	Result	Rep.Limit		Dil. Factor QUAL	Date Analyzed	Analyst	Seq. #	
CHLORIDE, TOTAL			MCL	E325.2	Units: m	g/L		
Chloride	628	10		10	08/21/04 14:17	DP	2377658	
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS			MCL	E160.1	Units: m	g/L		
Total Dissolved Solids (Residue,Filterable)	2050	20		2	08/18/04 18:00	RA	2372257	

Qualifiers:

,

ND/U - Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

\* - Surrogate Recovery Outside Advisable QC Limits

J - Estimated Value between MDL and PQL

>MCL - Result Over Maximum Contamination Limit(MCL) D - Surrogate Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution MI - Matrix Interference

8/25/2004 8:49:29 AM



#### HOUSTON LABORATORY

8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE

HOUSTON, TX 77054

(713) 660-0901

Client Sample ID MW-2		Colle	cted: C	8/12/2004 0:00	SPL Sample ID	: 0408	0539-02	
	Site: Former Unocal S. Vacuum Unit							
Analyses/Method	Result	Rep.Limit		Dil. Factor QUAL	Date Analyzed	Analyst	Seq. #	
CHLORIDE, TOTAL			MCL	E325.2	Units: mg	 /L		
Chloride	451	5		5	08/21/04 14:17	DP	2377648	
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS			MCL	E160.1	Units: mg	/L		
Total Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filterable)	931	10		1	08/18/04 18:00	RA	2372260	

Qualifiers:

ND/U - Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

\* - Surrogate Recovery Outside Advisable QC Limits

J - Estimated Value between MDL and PQL

>MCL - Result Over Maximum Contamination Limit(MCL) D - Surrogate Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution MI - Matrix Interference

8/25/2004 8:49:29 AM



#### HOUSTON LABORATORY

8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE

HOUSTON, TX 77054 (713) 660-0901

Client Sample ID MW-3	Colle	cted: 0	08/12/2004 0:00	SPL Sample II	<b>D:</b> 0408	0539-03	
	Site: Former Unocal S. Vacuum						
Analyses/Method	Result	Rep.Limit		Dil. Factor QUAL	Date Analyzed	Analyst	Seq. #
CHLORIDE, TOTAL			MCL	E325.2	Units: m	g/L	
Chloride	111	2		2	08/21/04 14:17	DP	2377659
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS			MCL	E160.1	Units: m	g/L	
Total Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filterable)	605	10		1	08/18/04 18:00	RA	2372261

Qualifiers:

ND/U - Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

\* - Surrogate Recovery Outside Advisable QC Limits

J - Estimated Value between MDL and PQL

>MCL - Result Over Maximum Contamination Limit(MCL) D - Surrogate Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution MI - Matrix Interference

8/25/2004 8:49:29 AM



HOUSTON LABORATORY

8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE

HOUSTON, TX 77054 (713) 660-0901

					(713) 000-0901	
Client Sample ID MW-4		Coll	ected: (	08/12/2004 0:00	SPL Sample ID:	04080539-04
		Site	: For	mer Unocal S. Va	cuum Unit	
Analyses/Method	Result	Rep.Limit		Dil. Factor QUAL	Date Analyzed	Analyst Seq. #
CHLORIDE, TOTAL			MCL	E325.2	Units: mg/	
Chloride	1130	50		50	08/21/04 14:17 D	P 2377657
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS			MCL	E160 1	Unite: mal	

TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS			MCL	E160.1	Units: mg/L	
Total Dissolved Solids (Residue,Filterable)	2480	20		2	08/18/04 18:00 RA	2372262

Qualifiers:

ND/U - Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

\* - Surrogate Recovery Outside Advisable QC Limits

J - Estimated Value between MDL and PQL

>MCL - Result Over Maximum Contamination Limit(MCL) D - Surrogate Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution MI - Matrix Interference

8/25/2004 8:49:29 AM



### HOUSTON LABORATORY

8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE

HOUSTON, TX 77054

(713) 660-0901

Client Sample ID MW-5	Colle	cted: C	8/12/2004 0:00	SPL Sample ID	: 0408	0539-05	
		Site:	For	mer Unocal S. Va	icuum Unit		
Analyses/Method	Result	Rep.Limit		Dil. Factor QUAL	Date Analyzed	Analyst	Seq. #
CHLORIDE, TOTAL			MCL	E325.2	Units: mg	/L	
Chloride	15.3	1		1	08/21/04 14:17	DP	2377650
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS			MCL	E160.1	Units: mg	/L	
Total Dissolved Solids (Residue,Filterable)	375	10		.1	08/18/04 18:00	RA	2372263

Qualifiers:

ND/U - Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

\* - Surrogate Recovery Outside Advisable QC Limits

J - Estimated Value between MDL and PQL

>MCL - Result Over Maximum Contamination Limit(MCL) D - Surrogate Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution MI - Matrix Interference



### HOUSTON LABORATORY

8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE

HOUSTON, TX 77054

(713) 660-0901

Client Sample ID MW-6	Colle	cted: (	08/12/2004 0:00	SPL Sample ID: 04	080539-06	
		Site	For	mer Unocal S. Va	cuum Unit	
Analyses/Method	Result	Rep.Limit		Dil. Factor QUAL	Date Analyzed Analys	t Seq. #
CHLORIDE, TOTAL			MCL	E325.2	Units: mg/L	
Chloride	55.1	1		1	08/21/04 14:17 DP	2377653
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS			MCL	E160.1	Units: mg/L	
Total Dissolved Solids (Residue,Filterable)	410	10		1	08/18/04 18:00 RA	2372264

Qualifiers:

ND/U - Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

\* - Surrogate Recovery Outside Advisable QC Limits

J - Estimated Value between MDL and PQL

>MCL - Result Over Maximum Contamination Limit(MCL) D - Surrogate Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution MI - Matrix Interference

8/25/2004 8:49:30 AM

Quality Control Documentation

8/25/2004 8:49:30 AM



HOUSTON LABORATORY 8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE HOUSTON, TX 77054 (713) 660-0901

### **Unocal Corporation**

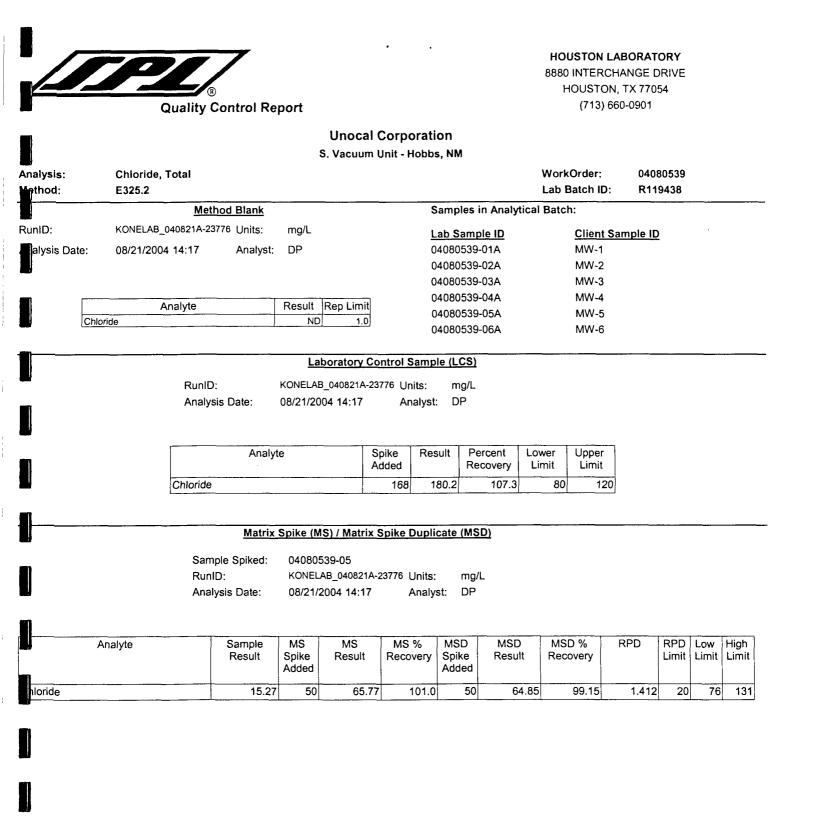
S. Vacuum Unit - Hobbs, NM

<b>.</b>		S. V	/acuum Uni	it - Hobbs,	NM			
Analysis:	Total Dissolve	əd Solids					/orkOrder:	04080539
ethod:	E160.1						ab Batch ID:	R119147
		Method Blank		Sa	nples in	Analytical B	atch:	
RunID:	WET_040818Q-23	2372243 Units: mg/L			o Sample		Client Sar	mple ID
halysis Date:	08/18/2004 18:0	:00 Analyst: RA			80539-0		MW-2	
					80539-0		MW-3	
					)80539-0 )80539-0		MW-4 MW-5	
	Analyt		ep Limit		)80539-0		MW-6	
Tot	al Dissolved Solids (Re	Residue, Filterable) ND	10	-				•
n		Labor	atory Cont	rol Sample	(LCS)	<u> </u>	······································	
	F	RunID: WET_0408180	Q-2372245	Units:	mg/L			
		Analysis Date: 08/18/2004		Analyst:	RA			
		· · · ·		,				
-		Analyte	Spik					
			Add			overy Limi		
	lota	tal Dissolved Solids (Residue,Fil		200 198 Duplicate	0.0	97.50	95 107	
			Jampie	Duplicate				
n		Original Sample: 0408053	9-06					
		RunID: WET_040	0818Q-237226	64 Units:	mg/	L		
-		Analysis Date: 08/18/20	04 18:00	Analy	st: RA			
N								
							000	
		Analyte		Sample Result	DUP Result	RPD	RPD Limit	
		Total Dissolved Solids (Resid	due.Filtera	410	410	0	20	
						-		
Ŋ								
R								
n								
]								
8								
0								
		atected at the Departing Limit		MI Matei	Interfor	2000		
Qualifiers:		etected at the Reporting Limit	Blank	MI - Matri			to Dilution	
Qualifiers:	B - Analyte det	etected at the Reporting Limit etected in the associated Method value between MDL and PQL	l Blank	D - Recov	ery Unre	ence portable due de Advisable		

rounding, the reported RPD may differ from the displayed RPD values but is correct as reported.

I

Method Blank         Samples in Analytical Batch:           unID:         WET_0408180-287243         Units:         mg/L         Lab Sample ID         Client Sample ID           abysis Date:         08/18/2004 18:00         Analyst:         RA         04080539-01A         MW-1           itadi Sample 10         Client Sample ID         Client Sample ID         MW-1           itadi Sample 2004 18:00         Analyst:         RA         04080539-01A         MW-1           itadi Sample 2004 18:00         Analysis         ND         100         100           itadi Sample 2004 18:00         Analysis         MA-         MM-1           Analysis Date:         08/18/2004 18:00         Analysis         Total Dissolved Solids (Residue Filter 200         195:0         96         107           Sample Duplicate         Original Sample:         04080059-01         Result         R		R Quality Con	ntrol Rep	port				HOUSTON LAB 8880 INTERCHA HOUSTON, <sup>-</sup> (713) 660	NGE DRIVE TX 77054
Naty Size     Total Dissolved Solids     Work Order:     04080539       Nathod Elank     Samples in Ansiytical Batch:     R119417A       InfD:     WET_60085Q-3372243     Units:     mg/L     Lab Sample ID     Client Sample ID       Analyte     Result [Rep Limit]     D06080539-01A     MW-1       Image: Solids (Reside Filterate)     ND     10       Lab Sample ID     Client Sample ID       Multical Batch:     NW-1       Multinter     NW-1       Multic	•				-				
ptriod:     E160.1     Lab Batch ID:     R119147A       Method Blank InD:     Method Blank WET_04061862472243     Units: mpL     Samples in Analytical Batch:     Client Sample ID 04080539-01A     MW-1       Mail analyte     Result     Rep Limit 10     US     MW-1     MW-1       Mail analyte     Result     Rep Limit 10     MW-1     MW-1       Mail analysis Date:     08/18/2004 18:00     Analysis RA     Mine Recovery Limit     Limit Limit       Mail analysis Date:     08/18/2004 18:00     Analysis     mgl       Mail analysis Date:     08/18/2004 18:00     Analysis     mgl       Mine Mail analysis Date:     08/18/2004 18:00     Analysis     mgl       Mail analysis Date:     08/18/2004 18:00     Analysis     mgl       Mail analysis Date:     08/18/2004 18:00     Analysis     mgl       Mine Mail analysis Date:     08/18/2004 18:00     Analysis     mgl       Mine Mail analysis Date:     08/18/2004 18:00     Analysis <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>S. Vacu</th> <th>um Unit - H</th> <th>obbs, NM</th> <th>l</th> <th>Mark Ordan</th> <th>04000520</th>				S. Vacu	um Unit - H	obbs, NM	l	Mark Ordan	04000520
NDD:       WET_0408165-2372243       Units:       mg/L       Lab Sample ID       Client Sample ID         Jaysis Date:       08/19/2004 18:00       Analyte:       Result Rep Limit       04/060039-01A       MW-1         Image: Solids (Residue, Filteratio)       No       No       10       MW-1         Image: Solids (Residue, Filteratio)       No       Analysis       Resource of the solids       MW-1         Image: Solids (Residue, Filteration)       No       Analysis       Resource of the solids       Resource of the solids       Resource of the solids       No         Image: Solids (Residue, Filteration)       No       Analysis (Residue, Filteration)       No       Solid (Resource of the solid solid (Resource of the solid so	ethod:								
Introduction     District Status     District Status     District Status       Image: Status     04080539-01A     MW-1       Image: Status     Image: Status     MW-1       Image: Status     Analyse: Result Rep Limit     MW-1       Image: Status     Methods Status     Result Rep Limit       Image: Status     No     10         Image: Status     Methods Status     Methods Status       Image: Status     Methods Status     Methods Status     MW-1       Image: Status     Methods Status     Methods Status     MW-1         Image: Status     Methods Status     Methods Status     MW-1         Image: Status     Methods Status     Methods Status     Methods Status         Image: Status <td></td> <td>Method</td> <td>Blank</td> <td></td> <td><u></u></td> <td>Sampl</td> <td>les in Analy</td> <td>tical Batch:</td> <td></td>		Method	Blank		<u></u>	Sampl	les in Analy	tical Batch:	
Analysis       Result       Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)       Analysis       Date       Result       Result       Result       Result       Laboratory       Laboratory       Control Sample (LCS)       Analysis       Result       Control Sample (LCS)       Control	unID:	WET_040818Q-2372243	Units:	mg/L		Lab Sa	ample ID	<u>Client Sar</u>	nple ID
Total Disadued Solide (Residue, Filterable)       ND       10         Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)         Run(D:       WET_0408190.2332245       Units:       mpL         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analysi: RA         Image: Colspan="2">Sample Duplicate         Units:       mpL         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       97.50       95       107         Sample Duplicate         Original Sample:       04080059-01         Run(D:       WET_0408402.2372261       Units:       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analysi: RA         Image: Colspan="2">Original Sample:       04080059-01         Run(D:       WET_0408402.2372261       Units:       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analysi: RA       Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Image: Colspan="2">Colspan="2"         Colspan="2" <td< td=""><td>alysis Date:</td><td>08/18/2004 18:00</td><td>Analyst:</td><td>RA</td><td></td><td>04080</td><td>539-01A</td><td>MW-1</td><td></td></td<>	alysis Date:	08/18/2004 18:00	Analyst:	RA		04080	539-01A	MW-1	
Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)         RunID:       WET_0408160-2372245       Units:       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:       RA         İmailie Intervention (Imailie)         Analyte       Added       Percent       Lower       Upper         Total Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       200       195.0       97.50       95       107         Sample Duplicate         Original Sample:       04080609-01         RunID:       WET_069810-2372251       Units:       mg/L         Analyte       Sample Duplicate       00/16/2004       Analysis Date:       09/16/2004         MunID:       WET_069810-2372251       Units:       mg/L         Analyte       Sample       Result       Result       RPD         Image:       NolU-Nol Detected at the Reporting Limit       Mi-Matrix Interference       D. Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution         J - Estimated value between MDL and PQL       -       Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution       -         VC- Not Obtected at the Reporting Limit       D. Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution       -         J - Estimated value between MDL and PQL       -       Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution ot apply.         NC- Not									
RuniD:       WET_0408160-2372245       Units:       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:       RA         Image: Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:       RA         Image: Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:       RA         Image: Analysis Date:       04/08/06/09-01       Recovery Immit Upper       Immit Umit Immit Analysis Date:         Original Sample:       04/08/06/09-01       Result       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:       RA         Immit Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       40       40       0       20         Immit Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       40       40       0       20         Immit Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       40       40       0       20         Immit Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       40       40       0       20         Immit Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       40       0       20       20         Immit Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       40       0       20       20         Immit Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       0       0       20	Tota	al Dissolved Solids (Residue,Fill	erable)	ND	10				
Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analysis       RA         Image: Splice in the splice in	·····			Laborator	y Control S	ample (L(	CS)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Added       Recovery       Limit       Limit         Total Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       200       195.0       97.50       95       107         Sample Duplicate         Original Sample:       0408069-01         RunID:       WET_0409180-2372251       Units:       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:       RA         Milescolute       Sample       DUP       RPD       Limit         Total Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       40       0       20	R			-			-		
Total Dissolved Solids (Residue, Filtera       200       195.0       97.50       95       107         Sample Duplicate         Original Sample:       04080609-01         RunID:       WET_0408180-2372251       Units:       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:       RA         Image: Colspan="2">Manage: Colspan="2">Result         Mile       Sample       DUP       RPD         Image: Colspan="2">Colspan="2"         Colspan="2"			Analyte	)		Result			
Sample Duplicate         Original Sample:       04080609-01         RunID:       WET_0408180-2372251         Units:       mg/L         Analysis Date:       08/18/2004 18:00       Analyst:         Result       DUP       RPD         Image: Sample Duplicate       Result       Result         Image: Sample Duplicate       Sample Dup       RPD         Image: Sample Dup       Result       Result       Image: Sample Dup         Image: Sample Dup       Result       Result       Image: Sample Dup         Image: Sample Dup       Result       Result       Image: Sample Dup         Image: Sample Dup       Result Result       Result       Image: Sample Dup         Image: Sample Dup       Sample Dup       Result       Result       Image: Sample Dup         Image: Sample Dup       Sample Sample Sample Sample Sample Sample Dup to significant figures and Dup to significant figures and Dup to significant figures and Dup       Result Sample Sampl		Total Dissol	ved Solids	(Residue Filtera		195.0			
B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank J - Estimated value between MDL and PQL N/C - Not Calculated - Sample concentration is greater than 4 times the amount of spike added. Control limits do not apply. The percent recoveries for QC samples are correct as reported. Due to significant figures and founding, the reported RPD may differ from the displayed RPD values but is correct as reported.									
B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank J - Estimated value between MDL and PQL N/C - Not Calculated - Sample concentration is greater than 4 times the amount of spike added. Control limits do not apply. The percent recoveries for QC samples are correct as reported. Due to significant figures and founding, the reported RPD may differ from the displayed RPD values but is correct as reported.		Total			Re	sult Re	esult	Limit	
The percent recoveries for QC samples are correct as reported. Due to significant figures and ounding, the reported RRD may differ from the displayed RRD values but is correct as reported.		Total			Re	sult Re	esult	Limit	
counding, the reported RDD may differ from the displayed RDD values but is correct as reported	Qualifiers:	ND/U - Not Detected at B - Analyte detected in J - Estimated value bet	Dissolved S	Solids (Residue, ting Limit ated Method Bla and PQL	Re Filtera Mi unk D - * -	- Matrix In Recovery Recovery	terference Unreportab Outside Adv	Limit 0 20	
	1	ND/U - Not Detected at B - Analyte detected in J - Estimated value bet N/C - Not Calculated -	Dissolved S the Report the associa ween MDL Sample cor	ting Limit ated Method Bla and PQL ncentration is gro	Re Filtera Mi unk D - * - j eater than 4	- Matrix In Recovery times the	terference Unreportab Outside Adv amount of s	Limit 0 20	mits do not apply.



Qualifiers:

ers: ND/U - Not Detected at the Reporting Limit

MI - Matrix Interference

B - Analyte detected in the associated Method Blank

J - Estimated value between MDL and PQL

D - Recovery Unreportable due to Dilution

\* - Recovery Outside Advisable QC Limits

N/C - Not Calculated - Sample concentration is greater than 4 times the amount of spike added. Control limits do not apply.

he percent recoveries for QC samples are correct as reported. Due to significant figures and rounding, the reported RPD may differ from the displayed RPD values but is correct as reported.

8/25/2004 8:49:32 AM

Sample Receipt Checklist And Chain of Custody

8/25/2004 8:49:32 AM



HOUSTON LABORATORY

8880 INTERCHANGE DRIVE HOUSTON, TX 77054 (713) 660-0901

### Sample Receipt Checklist

Workorder: Date and Time Received: Temperature:	04080539 8/14/2004 10:00:00 AM 4.0°C		Receive Carrier Chilled	name:	RE Fedex-Priority Water ice	
1. Shipping container/co	ooler in good condition?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌	Not Pres	ent	
2. Custody seals intact	on shippping container/cooler?	Yes	No 🗌	Not Pres	ent 🗹	
3. Custody seals intact	on sample bottles?	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	Not Pres	ent 🗹	
4. Chain of custody pres	sent?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
5. Chain of custody sign	ned when relinquished and received?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
6. Chain of custody agre	ees with sample labels?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
7. Samples in proper co	ontainer/bottle?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
8. Sample containers in	tact?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
9. Sufficient sample vol	ume for indicated test?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
10. All samples received	within holding time?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
11. Container/Temp Blan	k temperature in compliance?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌			
12. Water - VOA vials hav	ve zero headspace?	Yes 🗌	No 🗌	Not App	licable 🗹	
13. Water - pH acceptabl	e upon receipt?	Yes 🗹	No 🗌	Not App	licable 🗌	
SPL Representati Client Name Contact		Contact Date	& Time:			
Non Conformance Issues:						
Client Instructions:						
				<u> </u>		

Company Name: Tv: Je Address: P O Box: 7624       Civern G         Civernaround       Civernaround       State: Tx: Je Address: P O Box: 7624         Telephone: 432 / 632 / 7624       State: Tx: Sample:         Turnaround       Cionadar Days       DateTime         Company Name: Tv: Je Address: P O Box: 7624       Sample: Tx: Je Address: 763 / 7624         Telephone: 432 / 632 / 7624       State: Tx: Sample:         Turnaround       Cionadar Days       DateTime         CoopE: Construction       Cientic: Concernation       DateTime         MW-1       8-12-04       Wate         MW-2       9-12-04       Wate         MW-3       8-12-04       Wate         MW-4       8-12-04       Wate         MW-5       8-12-04       Wate         MW-4       8-12-04       Wate         MW-4       8-12-04       Wate         MW-5       8-12-04       Wate         MW-4       8-12-04       Wate         MW-5       8-12-04       Wate         Mu-4       8-12-04       Wate         Mu-4       8-12-04       Wate         Mu-4       8-12-04       Wate         Mu-4       8-12-04       Wate         Relinqu	SPL       SPL         Agendation performed Ave.       Agendation performed Ave.	son Ambassador Cattery Pkwy. Scont. Louisiana 70583 (318) 237-7080 roject Name: For May & Angroad S (318) 237-7080 Fax: (319) 237-7080 Fax: (319) 237-7080 Fax: (319) 237-7080 Fax: (319) 237-7080 Concel to Concel to Angroad Standard) Concel to Angroad Standard) Concel to Angroad Standard Concel to Concel to Angroad Standard) Concel to Angroad Standard Concel to to Angroad Standard	Chain of 11146 Custody Record Hape Thr: Chris Kocke Level B Devel A Devel B Devel A Comments Commen
6 N		04080;	639
		Ξ	UNOCAL®
	~ 2	<ul> <li>☐ 500 Ambassador Caffery Pkwy.</li> <li>Scott, Louisiana 70583</li> <li>(318) 237-4775</li> <li>Fax: (318) 237-7080</li> </ul>	1 <b></b>
Name: Trichent Envi	inertal	ne: Former U	Unit
P0 B0× 7624		oject Manager: A c	lope
Millind	Code: 7970	AFER Invoice to: ENSR	Chris Kocke
Ro ~ 2 & 9 / 2 / 1	FAX: 432-682-07	7 Site# 27755 Diehl Rd, Ste 100	F
Cal Van Deventer	er: Lolla LL	Kevel D (Standard)	
d	🗆 3 Days 🛛 🖸		ENSR Proj. #
□ 2 Days □ 1			/ / / 06 940 543
Detecl.      Eval.	Demol. Closure		
Date/Time Sampled	Cont. Type	$\langle \rangle$	Comments
-1 2-12-04 W	1 P/IL		
1-2 7+2-04 W.	$(\rho/h)$		ahora
W-3 2-12-04 Wo	1 P/16		
-12-04 W.	1 1 1/16		
W-5 8-12-04 Wa	16		
2-12-0	1 0/16		
			Fed
			101
			TIX# 8446-4897-7350
Relinquished By:	3/13/04 Time: 133	Received By WWW M	14/04 Time: 1000
Relinguished By:		Received By:	Time:
Relinguished By:		Received By:	Time:
Samples Received in Good Condition?	□ No Samples on Ice? □	No Method of Shipmer	ge of

# APPENDIX B

# Monitoring Well Sampling Data Forms

l

	CLIENT:	Unc	cal Corpora	tion		WELL ID: MW-1			
S	ITE NAME:	Former U	nocal S. Vac	uum Unit	_	DATE	: 8/12/2004		
PR	OJECT NO.		V-107		-	SAMPLER	: Van Deventer		
PURGING	METHOD:		Hand Ba	iled 🗌 Pu	imp If Pu	imp, Type	:		
SAMPLING	S METHOD:		🗹 Disposat	ole Bailer [	] Direct	from Disc	harge Hose 🗌 Other:		
DESCRIB	E EQUIPMEN	T DECONT	AMINATION	METHOD B	EFORE SA	MPLING T	THE WELL:		
⊡ Glove	s⊡ Alcono	ox 🗹 Dist	illed Water I	Rinse 🗌	Other:				
DISPOSAI		OF PURGE V	VATER:		e Dischar	ge 🗌 Dr	ums 🗹 Disposal Facility		
DEPTH TO HEIGHT O	PTH OF WE WATER: OF WATER C METER:	OLUMN:	70.00 63.83 6.17 Inch	Feet Feet Feet		3.0	_Minimum Gallons to purge 3 well volumes		
TIME	VOLUME PURGED	темр. ° <b>с</b>	COND. mS/cm	рН	DO mg/L	Turb	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE AND REMARKS		
11:51	0								
11:53	1	20.3	2.08	7.24					
11:55	2	20.1	1.97	7.22					
11:57	3	19.7	1.99	7.22					
12:02	4	19.9	2.08	7.11					
12:04	5	19.6	2.03	7.11					
						12:07	Collected sample		
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
0:13	:Total Time	e (hr:min)	5	:Total Vol	(gal)	0.38	:Average Flow Rate (gal/min)		
COMMENT	rs:	Parameters	obtained u	sing a calib	rated Har	ina Model	98130 pH-Temperature-Conductivity meter.		
Sample pl	laced into 5	00 ml plast	ic container,	and put or	n ice in co	oler.			
Delivered	sample to s	SPL (Housto	n TX) for Cl	nloride and	TDS anal	vses.			

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C:/FORMS/SAMPLING DATA FORM

	CLIENT:	Unc	ocal Corpora	tion		WELL ID	LL ID: MW-2			
9	SITE NAME:	Former U	nocal S. Va	cuum Unit	_	DATE	8/12/2004			
PF	OJECT NO.		V-107		-		:Van Deventer			
PURGING	METHOD:		✓ Hand Ba	iled 🗌 Pu	imp If Pu	imp, Type	·			
SAMPLIN	G METHOD:		🗹 Disposal	ole Bailer [	] Direct	from Disc	harge Hose 🗌 Other:			
DESCRIB	e equipmen	T DECONT	AMINATION	METHOD B	EFORE S	AMPLING T	THE WELL:			
Glove	es⊡ Alcono	ox 🗹 Dist	illed Water	Rinse 🗌	Other:					
DISPOSA	L METHOD (	OF PURGE V	VATER:		e Dischar	qe 🗌 Dr	ums 🗹 Disposal Facility			
DEPTH TO HEIGHT (	EPTH OF WE D WATER: DF WATER C METER:	OLUMN:	71.00 50.81 20.19 Inch	Feet Feet Feet		9.9				
TIME	VOLUME PURGED	темр. ° <b>с</b>	COND. mS/cm	рН	DO mg/L	Turb	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE AND REMARKS			
10:18	0									
10:23	2	20.7	0.97	6.89						
10:27	4	20.2	1.21	7.73						
10:30	6	19.9	1.24	8.18						
10:34	8	19.8	1.32	8.27						
10:39	10	19.9	1.36	8.26			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		<u></u>				10:40	Collected sample			
						ו•				
	<b></b>			<u> </u>						
							:Average Flow Rate (gal/min)			
							98130 pH-Temperature-Conductivity meter.			
			ic container							

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	CLIENT:	Unc	cal Corpora	tion	WELL ID: MW-3					
S	ITE NAME:	Former U	nocal S. Vac	uum Unit	_	DATE	:8/12/2004			
PR	OJECT NO.		V-107		_		: Van Deventer			
PURGING	METHOD:		🗹 Hand Ba	iled 🗌 Pu	imp If Pi	imp, Type	·			
SAMPLING	G METHOD:		🗹 Disposab	le Bailer [	] Direct	from Disc	harge Hose 🔲 Other:			
DESCRIB	E EQUIPMEN	NT DECONT	AMINATION	METHOD B	EFORE S	AMPLING T	THE WELL:			
Glove	s 🗹 Alcono	ox 🗹 Dist	illed Water I	Rinse 🗌	Other:					
DISPOSA		OF PURGE V	VATER:	Surface	e Dischar	ge 🗌 Dr	ums 🗹 Disposal Facility			
DEPTH TO HEIGHT O	F WATER C	EL: COLUMN: 2.0	68.07 8.93	Feet Feet Feet		4.4	_Minimum Gallons to purge 3 well volumes			
TIME	VOLUME PURGED	темр. ° <b>с</b>	COND. mS/cm	pН	DO mg/L	Turb	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE AND REMARKS			
12:17	0									
12:20	1	20	0.60	7.42						
12:24	2	19.8	0.61	7.34						
12:26	3	19.8	0.59	7.34						
12:28	4	19.7	0.62	7.33						
12:31	5	19.9	0.60	7.33						
						12:32	Collected sample			
		*****								
0:14	:Total Time	e (hr:min)	5	:Total Vol	(gal)	0.36	:Average Flow Rate (gal/min)			
COMMENT	rs:	Parameters	obtained us	sing a calib	rated Har	nna Model	98130 pH-Temperature-Conductivity meter.			
Sample p	laced into 5	00 ml plast	ic container,	and put or	n ice in co	ooler.				
Delivered	sample to \$	SPL (Housto	on TX) for Cl	nloride and	TDS ana	lyses.				

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	CLIENT:	Unc	cal Corpora	tion	-	WELL ID:	MW-4		
S	SITE NAME:	Former U	nocal S. Vac	uum Unit	-	DATE	8/12/2004		
PR	OJECT NO.		V-107		-	SAMPLER	Van Deventer		
PURGING	METHOD:		🗹 Hand Ba	iled 🗌 Pu	imp If Pu	imp, Type:			
SAMPLING	G METHOD:		🗹 Disposat	le Bailer	] Direct	from Disc	harge Hose 🗌 Other:		
DESCRIB	e equipmen	NT DECONT	AMINATION	METHOD B	EFORE SA	AMPLING T	HE WELL:		
Glove	es 🗹 🛛 Alcono	ox 🗹 Dist	illed Water I	Rinse 🗌	Other:				
DISPOSA		OF PURGE V	VATER:	Surface	e Dischar	ge 🗌 Dri	ums 🗹 Disposal Facility		
DEPTH TO HEIGHT O	EPTH OF WE D WATER: DF WATER C METER:	OLUMN:		Feet Feet Feet		4.7	_Minimum Gallons to purge 3 well volumes		
TIME	VOLUME PURGED	темр. ° <b>с</b>	COND. mS/cm	рН	DO mg/L	Turb	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE AND REMARKS		
11:24	0								
11:28	2	20	4.17	7.58					
11:33	4	20.2	4.19	7.60					
11:37	6	20.3	4.23	7.64			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
						11:38	Sample collected		
L									
							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	L								
0:13	:Total Time	e (hr:min)	6	:Total Vol	(gal)	0.46	:Average Flow Rate (gal/min)		
COMMENT	rs:	Parameters	s obtained u	sing a calib	rated Har	na Model	98130 pH-Temperature-Conductivity meter.		
Sample p	laced into 5	00 ml plast	ic container,	and put or	n ice in co	oler.			
Delivered	sample to s	SPL (Housto	on TX) for C	nloride and	TDS anal	yses.			

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CLIENT:		Unocal Corporation			WELL ID: _		MW-5				
SITE NAME:Former		Former U	Unocal S. Vacuum Unit		DATE:		8/12/2004				
PROJECT NO		V-107				Van Deventer					
		_			-						
PURGING	METHOD:		✓ Hand Ba	iled 🗌 Pu	ump If Pu	imp, Type:					
SAMPLING METHOD: 🗹 Disposable Bailer 🗌 Direct from Discharge Hose 🗌 Other:											
DESCRIBE EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION METHOD BEFORE SAMPLING THE WELL:											
☑ Glove	s 🗹 Alcon	ox 🗹 Dist	illed Water	Rinse 🗌	Other:						
DISPOSAI		OF PURGE V	VATER:	Surface	e Dischar	ge 🗌 Dr	ums 🗹 Disposal Facility				
DEPTH TO HEIGHT O	EPTH OF WE WATER: OF WATER C METER:	OLUMN:		Feet Feet Feet		2.7	_Minimum Gallons to purge 3 well volumes				
TIME	VOLUME PURGED	темр. ° <b>с</b>	COND. mS/cm	рН	DO mg/L	Turb	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE AND REMARKS				
10:57	0										
10:59	1	20.1	0.45	7.60							
11:04	2	19.9	0.40	7.34							
11:06	3	19.7	0.40	7.31							
11:09	4	19.6	0.40	7.32							
11:12	5	19.6	0.40	7.33							
						11:13	Sample collected				
0:15	:Total Tim	e (hr:min)	5	:Total Vol	(gal)	0.33	:Average Flow Rate (gal/min)				
COMMENTS: Parameters obtained using a calibrated Hanna Model 98130 pH-Temperature-Conductivity meter.											
Sample p	laced into 5	00 ml plast	ic container,	and put or	n ice in co	oler.					
Delivered	sample to :	SPL (Housto	on TX) for Cl	nloride and	TDS anal	yses.					

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CLIENT:		Unocal Corporation			WELL ID:		MW-6						
SITE NAME: Former U		nocal S. Vacuum Unit		DATE:		8/12/2004							
PROJECT NO			V-107		_	SAMPLER	Van Deventer						
					-								
PURGING	METHOD:		🗹 Hand Ba	iled 🗌 Pu	imp If Pu	imp, Type:							
SAMPLING	SAMPLING METHOD:  Isposable Bailer I Direct from Discharge Hose Other:												
DESCRIBE EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION METHOD BEFORE SAMPLING THE WELL:													
☑ Gloves ☑ Alconox ☑ Distilled Water Rinse □ Other:													
DISPOSAL METHOD OF PURGE WATER: 🗌 Surface Discharge 🗌 Drums 🗹 Disposal Facility													
TOTAL DEPTH OF WELL:76.00FeetDEPTH TO WATER:71.62FeetHEIGHT OF WATER COLUMN:4.38FeetWELL DIAMETER:2.0Inch													
TIME	VOLUME PURGED	темр. ° <b>с</b>	COND. mS/cm	рН	DO mq/L	Turb	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE AND REMARKS						
13:01	0												
13:04	1	21.1	0.6	7.45									
13:06	2	20.5	0.55	7.43									
13:10	3	20.1	0.54	7.42									
13:14	4	19.9	0.52	7.43									
13:17	5	19.8	0.54	7.40									
						13:18	Sample collected						
0:16	:Total Tim	e (hr:min)	5	:Total Vol	(gal)	0.31	:Average Flow Rate (gal/min)						
COMMENTS: Parameters obtained using a calibrated Hanna Model 98130 pH-Temperature-Conductivity meter.													
Sample placed into 500 ml plastic container, and put on ice in cooler.													
Delivered sample to SPL (Houston TX) for Chloride and TDS analyses.													

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# APPENDIX C

# Description of Fate and Transport Modeling

### **Description of Fate and Transport Modeling**

### Conceptual Model

Produced water containing high concentrations of chloride, and resultant high levels of total dissolved solids (TDS), was reportedly discharged into a surface pit and adjoining injection well for a period of about 10 years, until the well was plugged and abandoned in1971. The chloride and TDS plume continued to migrate southeastwards for the next approximately 30 years after the source input was stopped, producing the configuration and constituent concentration distribution observed currently. Extrapolating from current conditions for decades into the future, taking account of both advective flow and attenuation by hydrodynamic dispersion, enables prediction of the probable distance that the residual plume will travel as well as the gradually declining concentrations in the plume.

### Basic Site Data

Information about site conditions was obtained from data in a TRW Inc. "Report of Additional Groundwater Investigation, Former Unocal South Vacuum Unit, Lea County, New Mexico" (July 18, 2000). This included lithologic records from well installations, water level data, and water quality analytical results.

#### Simulation Model

Simulations were conducted with the two-dimensional groundwater flow and contaminant transport model WinTran, version 1.03 (1995) designed and distributed by Environmental Simulations, Inc. (ESI) of Herndon, Virginia. WinTran is built around a steady-state analytical element flow model, linked to a finite element contaminant transport model. The Windows interface allows for rapid data input, processing, parameter manipulation and optimization, and output in multiple formats. The fundamental mathematics of the model solutions, model verification (benchmarked against MODFLOW), and use of WinTran is documented in the "Guide to Using WinTran" published by ESI.

#### Base Map

A simplified site base map, edited with TurboCAD (Version 7), was exported to a universal drawing exchange file (DXF) file format. The DXF base map was imported into WinTran, which preserves the original units of measurement.

### Flow Parameters

Input requirements for the steady-state groundwater flow simulation include: hydraulic gradient and direction of flow, hydraulic conductivity, aquifer top and bottom elevations, and reference head. The values used were based on the following sources:

- Hydraulic gradient measured gradient of 0.004 feet/foot from August 12, 2004 site measurements reported by Trident.
- Direction of flow measured direction of approximately S 40° E from August 12, 2004 site measurements reported by Trident.
- Hydraulic conductivity no site measurements were available; therefore, a literature value based on the saturated zone lithology was selected. Typical lithology is described as silty sand and very fine sand. Fetter (1988, Table 4.5, p. 80) cites an average range of 10<sup>-5</sup> to 10<sup>-3</sup> cm/sec for hydraulic conductivity of silty sands and fine sands. A conservative upper limit was selected, and converted from S.I. unit to 2.8 ft/day, or approximately 1000 ft/yr.
- Aquifer top and bottom elevations bottom elevation of Ogallala Formation at 3700 feet reported by Trident. The top elevation for an unconfined aquifer must be greater than the reference head. An elevation of 4000 feet was assumed.
- Reference head measured unconfined head of 3795.5 feet adjacent to the former pit and upgradient well MW-1 from August 2004 measurements reported by Trident.

### Transport Parameters

Input requirements for the contaminant transport numerical simulation include: longitudinal and transverse dispersivity, porosity, diffusion coefficient, contaminant half-life, and retardation coefficient. The values used were based on the following sources:

- Longitudinal and transverse dispersivity no site measurements were available; therefore, a literature value based on the plume length was selected. Fetter (1993, Section 2.11, pp. 71-77) notes the apparent scale-dependency of longitudinal dispersivity, which typically may be about 0.1 times the flow length. For the current site scale and plume length of approximately 1500 feet, a value of 150 feet was selected for longitudinal dispersivity. According to the WinTran user's guide (ESI, 1995, p.11), longitudinal dispersivity is usually 5 to 10 times higher than transverse dispersivity; therefore, a value of 30 feet (i.e., one-fifth of the longitudinal value) was selected for transverse dispersivity.
- Porosity no site measurements were available; therefore a literature value based on saturated zone lithology was selected. Typical lithology is described as silty sand and very fine sand. A range of 0.25 to 0.50 is typically given for unconsolidated "sand" (e.g., Freeze & Cherry, 1979, Table 2.4, p. 37); however, the Ogallala Formation is predominantly very fine grained, compacted and partly cemented, and may also fit within the range of 0.05 to 0.30 for sandstone. Fetter (1988, Table 4.3 and Figure 4.10, pp. 74-75) cites an average value of 0.20 for the specific yield of very fine sands. Specific retention of silty fine sand is approximately 0.05, for a total porosity of 0.25, which is the value selected for the transport modeling. WinTran uses the porosity term to estimate groundwater velocity, and actually requires an effective porosity value. Fetter (1988, Section 4.4, pp. 84-85) notes that pores of most sediments down to clay size are interconnected and that the effective porosity is virtually equal to the total porosity.
- Diffusion coefficient this parameter is normally only relevant for very slow fluid movement, and is commonly assumed to be zero for advective-dominated transport, as in the present case.

- Contaminant half-life this parameter accounts for chemical decay (e.g., radioisotopes, biological transformation of organic molecules); however, the species of interest in the present case are inorganic ions and are not expected to decay to any appreciable extent. A conservative value of 1000 years was used, which produces a negligible decay coefficient of less than 0.001 yr<sup>-1</sup>.
- Retardation coefficient this parameter accounts for sorption processes that slow the movement of contaminants relative to the groundwater velocity. Inorganic ions such as chloride are commonly taken as conservative tracers in groundwater and are not considered to be retarded; therefore, a value of 1.0 was selected for the retardation coefficient.

### Flow Model Calibration

The vicinity of the site where water level measurements were recorded in August 12, 2004 is simulated closely by the flow model. It is known that groundwater levels in the Ogallala Formation are decreasing slowly (less than 0.5 ft/yr), but this effect cannot be reproduced in the steady-state flow model. Water levels were probably somewhat higher than the present day during the period of brine disposal and initial transport. Even if the declining trend continues into the future, it does not affect the transport model solution for long extrapolation times, since sufficient saturated thickness remains (i.e., above the assumed aquifer base elevation of 3700 feet) for a valid flow and transport solution.

The average groundwater velocity may be estimated using the darcy expression:  $v = (k \cdot i) / n$ where k is the hydraulic conductivity (ft/yr), i is the hydraulic gradient (ft/foot), and n is the effective porosity (unitless). The resultant average velocity is 16 ft/yr.

### Transport Model Calibration

The objective of the transport modeling was to first obtain a plume configuration with concentration values that closely match current observed values. This was done by simulating an initial contaminant release to groundwater for a period of 11 years (c. 1960 to 1971) with a constant source concentration located at the pit and injection well, then simulating a 28-year transport period (c. 1971 to 1999) with no further contaminant input but restarting the model from the end of Year 11 by retaining the mass of contaminant from the initial plume. The model was again run for 4 years (1999 to 2003) at one-year increments after entering in the known concentrations at each monitoring well. An iterative approach was needed to optimize the initial source concentration so that the plume at Year 39 resembled the actual plume conditions in 1999. An initial value of 14,000 mg/L for chloride and 30,000 mg/L for TDS were found to produce the best match. The initial chloride value was also chosen because it is typical of chloride concentrations within the producing formation (Devonian) in the South Vacuum Oil Field according to chemists at Martin Water Laboratories (verbal communication, 12-05-01). Actual disposal concentrations during the 1960s are unknown, and may have been higher than these values, but it is presumed that some attenuation and dilution may have occurred in the vadose zone, which is currently 48 to 68 feet thick. WinTran does not account for vadose zone transport, and the source input is treated as an injection well with instantaneous transfer of contaminant mass to groundwater.

Figures 7A and 7B show the close match achieved by the chloride and TDS simulations compared to the current observed plume.

### Simulation of Fate and Transport

Estimation of chloride and TDS fate and transport was achieved by restarting the transport model from the end of Year 43 (2003) by retaining the distribution of contaminant mass and projecting for a further 50 years into the future. As depicted in Figures 8A and 8B, dispersion serves to broaden the dimensions of the plume while reducing the concentrations in the middle of the plume. Advective flow moves the center of plume mass downgradient by a distance of approximately 750 feet from the former source area (SWD pit) and approximately 300 feet upgradient from well MW-4.

Running the model for 160 years in the future (Year 2160) produces a chloride plume center concentration of 248 mg/L (below the WQCC standard of 250 mg/L) as shown in Figure 9A. The center of the chloride plume is approximately 3,460 ft away from the former pit and well source at that time.

Running the model for 93 years in the future (Year 2093) produces a TDS plume center concentration of 995 mg/L (below the WQCC standard of 1,000 mg/L) as shown in Figure 9B. The center of the TDS plume is approximately 2,100 ft away from the pit and well source at that time.

These results support the contention that the chloride and TDS plume is not likely to impact any existing sources of water supply, the closest of which is a windmill (NM File No. L05339) approximately 3,000 feet south of the source.

The trend of decreasing concentration is not linear (exponential e<sup>-kt</sup> function). Interestingly, the center of the plume moves at a greater rate (22 feet/year) over successive time intervals than would be assumed from the groundwater velocity alone (16 feet/year), due to the added effect of dispersion.

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