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## REPORTS

DATE: 1987

## 1987 STATUS REPORT VACUUM FIELD WATERFLOW TECHNICAL COMMITTEE DECEMBER 15, 1987

This is the third annual report presented to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division by the Vacuum Field operators. Efforts of the Vacuum Waterflow Technical Committee during the past 12 months concentrated towards implementation of measures adopted in 1986 to identify and solve the causes of the waterflow problem. The most viable techniques identified are as follows:

- Pressure falloff tests evaluating storage volumes.

  Pressure falloffs are a standard industry method of evaluating injection wells. One variable which is calculated from early time data is wellbore storage. Any injection wells communicating with the salt section whether through a direct channel or other wellbores, should exhibit significantly larger storage. This anomalous behavior will provide a means of screening wells for communication.
- 2) Radioactive tracer surveys using scintillation detectors.
  Radioactive material released into the injection well fluids is traced by a detector and if channeling is present will be sensed.
- Nuclear decay time logs.

  This method traces fluid movement behind casing by activating the oxygen in water as it passes by the tool thus creating the tracer material. Measures velocity of fluid channeling.
- Works similar to the nuclear decay time logs.

  Design of this tool allows measurement of volumes channeling. Major disadvantage of this tool is the size prohibits running through tubing.
- 5) Radial differential temperature surveys.

  Sensitive temperature measuring device with extending probes which contact casing wall and read differences in temperature thus detecting channeling (+0.01 degrees Farenheit).

EV- 9 /3 mm : 4"

Field wide, 263 wells were identified as target wells. This classification consisted of wells injecting above 900 psi. These are broken down by operator as follows:

ARCO	12
MOBIL	88
PHILLIPS	85
TEXACO	78

Examination of 146 target wells by one or more of the various techniques adopted by the committee failed to establish communication between the injection interval and salt section. This includes 192 surveys of one type or another as shown in the following table:

WELL SURVEYS AS OF 12/01/87

OPERATOR	WELLS EXAMINED	FALLOFFS	PROFILES TEMPERATURE	DECAY TEMPERATURE	TDT	TOTAL SURVEYS
Arco	6	2	5	0	0	7
Mobil	35	1	34	0	0	35
Phillips	55	31	51	5	0	87
Texaco	50	32	30	0	1	63

Falloff tests conducted on 66 wells identified ten wells as possibly in some way contributing to the waterflow problem. This could be either through direct channeling or communication through other wellbores. A wellbore storage volume greater than 5000 bbls is being used as a cutoff to identify questionable areas where additional investigation is necessary.

The ten wells identified are:

Central Vacuum Unit Well Nos.: 58, 60 72, 73, 81 and 141.

Vacuum Grayburg San Andres Unit Well No. 49\*\*.

East Vacuum Grayburg San Andres Unit Well Nos.: 0524-005, 2801-007\*, 2801-005\*.

Further investigation of these areas is underway.

\*Radioactive tracer surveys run on these wells did not identify communication with salt section.

\*\*Radioactive tracer survey and thermal decay time log did not identify communication with salt section.

Radioactive tracer and temperature surveys run on 125 of the targeted wells did not identify any wells communicating with the salt section.

Field drilling activity for the year included 39 wells penetrating the salt section. Waterflows from the salt section occurred in 6 wells. One additional waterflow occurred from the Queen formation. This along with wells identified by the OCD as experiencing bradenhead pressures through their annual surveys have been mapped. Eight wells experienced bradenhead pressure. Only one of these, Phillips EVGSAU No. 3229-001, required remedial action.

A list of wells drilled and those experiencing troubles in 1987 is attached. Bradenhead/casing leaks tabulated for the history of the Vacuum Field follows:

## SUMMARY OF BRADENHEAD/CASING LEAK FOR THE VACUUM FIELD

	<u>YEAR</u>	LEAKS
	1987	1
	1986	1
	1985	2
	1984	9
	1983	8
	1982	24
	1981	23
	1980	59
Prior to	1980	91

Seven wells currently monitor pressure across the salt section with Mobil's Bridges State No. 6 being completed in 1987. No significant pressure changes occurred during the past year on any of the monitor wells.

Wells experiencing waterflows from the salt section with maximum flow rate and final flow rate:

Texaco

Central Vacuum Unit No. 302 - 2000 BPH - 100 BPH

N.M. "O" ST. NCT-1 No. 26 N.M. "O" ST. NCT-1 No. 27 - 1200 BPH - 120 BPH

- 3000 BPH - 150 BPH

N.M. "R" ST. NCT-3 No. 24 - 110 BPH - 30 BPH

Phillips-

East Vacuum Grayburg San Andres Unit #3229-010 -

43 BPH-minimal

Lea Well No. 34 - 34 BPH - 0

Well with waterflow from the Queen:

Phillips-

Philmex No. 20 - 39 BPH-minimal

Wells experiencing bradenhead/casing leaks:

Arco Hale State No. 1

Bridges State No. 49 Mobil

Bridges State No. 61

Bridges State No. 89

East Vacuum Grayburg San Andres Unit No. 2054-001 Phillips-

East Vacuum Grayburg San Andres Unit No. 3229-001

Samedan -State GS16 No. 1

Yates Angle State No. 1

Lea County, New Mexico																	_	5/87
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## Key To Map

Well drilled during 1987:

- which did not encounter any water flow

0

- which encountered water flow in the Salado



- which encountered water flow in the Queen



Existing well which had bradenhead pressure or casing leak in the salt section during 1987



