## PRIDE ENERGY COMPANY

Physical Address: 4641 E. 91<sup>st</sup> Street Tulsa, OK 74137

(918) 524-9200 + Fax (918) 524-9292 + www.pride-energy.com Mailing Address: Email Address:

P.O. Box 701950 Tulsa, OK 74170-1950 mattp@pride-energy.com

January 16, 2017

New Mexico Oil Conservation 1625 N. French Drive Hobbs, NM 88240

Via Certified Mail Return Receipt #

91 7199 9991 7034 2014 0874

RE: New Mexico 87 State #001 API # 30-025-23655 Section 33-14S-34E: 2086' FSL and 1,874' FWL (Unit Letter K) Lea County, New Mexico

Dear Maxey,

In reference to the above well, please find enclosed a completed Form C-141 (Initial Report).

Thank you and if there are any questions, please feel free to contact me at 918-524-9200.

Sincerely,

Matthen L. Phide

Matthew L. Pride Pride Energy Company Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

	ion Dii, Ouin			Sa	nta F	e, NM 87	505	5							
			Rele	ease Notific	atio	n and C	lor	rective A	ction	1					
							T	OR		🖂 Init	ial Report	П	Final Repor		
Name of Company Pride Energy Company								Iatthew Pride							
							No								
Facility Name New Mexico 87 State #1 1							/pe	Oil Well							
Surface Owner Mineral Owner										API N	0.				
State of New Mexico State											30-025-23655				
				LOCA	TIO	N OF RE	CLF	EASE							
Unit Letter	Unit Letter Section Township Range Feet from the North						h/South Line Feet from the East/				West Line County				
J	33 14S 34E 2086 South					h 1874				Vest Lea					
L	.1	I			747	7			l						
			La	titude_33.059	/ / /	Longitu	ıde_	-103.5141	53						
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		NAT	URE	OF REI	EA	ASE							
Type of Release Oil and Water							Volume of Release 95 bbls. Volume Recovered						****		
Source of Ke	Source of Release Tank Battery												d Hour of Discovery		
Was Immediate Notice Given?							Unknown 1:55 PM, 1/13/17   If YES, To Whom? 1								
		$\boxtimes$	Yes 🗌	] No 🗌 Not Red	quired	Maxey B									
By Whom? Willie Dean (contract pumper)							Hou								
Was a Watercourse Reached?							If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.								
Yes 🛛 No															
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*							E	IVED							
Describe Cau	ise of Probl	em and Remed	lial Action	n Taken.*	······································	By (	<b>)li</b> v	via Yu at	9:4	9 am.	Mar 01.	20	17		
up the spill.	III was toun	d, the pumping	g unit was	ve rubbed up again immediately turne	ist the	mechanism f and a vac true	that t ck, b	turned the pum backhoe and rou	ping un ıstabou	it on and c t crew wer	aused the tar e called to th	ik to ru e locat	n over. ion to clean		
Describe Are	a Affected	and Cleanup A	ction Tak	ten.*					····						
dug in the pa	st.) A fence the oil well	around the tar	be proper ik battery	te tank battery. The ly disposed of. (mo and pumping unit l be reconstructed a	ost of 1 will al	the free stand lso be constru	ling ( licted	oil ran into a ho to keep livesto	ole that	is within 1 tle) away t	0 feet of the from the surf	tank th	at had been		
public health should their of or the environ	II operators or the envi operations h nment. In a	are required to ronment. The have failed to a	report an acceptanc dequately CD accep	is true and completed id/or file certain releve of a C-141 report investigate and report tance of a C-141 report	lease r t by th mediat	otifications a le NMOCD r te contamina	and p narke tion t	perform correct ed as "Final Re that pose a thre	ive acti port" d	ons for rel oes not rel	eases which i ieve the oper	may en ator of ter buy	danger liability nan health		
Signature: Mattlen L. Pride							OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION								
Printed Name, Matthew L. D. J.							JY								
							/ Env	vironmental Sp	ecialist	:	•				
Title: President of Pride Production Co., Inc. General Partner of Pride Energy Company							Approval Date: 3/1/2017 Expiration Date:								
E-mail Address: mattp@pride-energy.com							Conditions of Approval:								
		see attached directive					-								
Date: Attach Addi	1/16/17 tional Shee	ets If Necess	Ph	one: 918-524-9200			_								
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Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on  $_1/31/2017$  regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number  $_1R-_4625$  has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District \_1\_ office in \_\_Hobbs\_\_\_\_ on or before \_4/1/2017\_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

• Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.

• Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO;  $C_6$  thru  $C_{36}$ ), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.

• Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.

• Composite sampling is not generally allowed.

• Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

•Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.

• If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

• Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us