District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

## State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Form C-141 Revised August 8, 2011 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Release Notification and Corrective Action														
	OPERATOR				Initial Report  Final Repor									
Name of Co				bbert McNeill										
Address:	Telephone No. 432-683-7443													
						Facility Type: Tank Battery								
Surface Owner: Federal Mineral Owner:						API No. 30-025-36797								
LOCATION OF RELEASE														
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the	Nortl	h/South Line		from the		West Line County			•	
M 11 20S 33E 810						South 660 West						Lea		
Latitude 32.582877 Longitude -103.640467														
Type of Release: Volume of Release: Volume Recovered:														
Oil and Produced Water											tecovered: ) bbls Oil & 10 bbls PW			
Source of Release:						Date and Hour of Occurrence: Date and					Hour of Discovery:			
Heater Treater Was Immediate Notice Given?						March 18, 2017 9:30 am Ma If YES, To Whom?					larch 18, 20	)179:	30 am	
was immedia	11 125, 10	wnon	17											
By Whom?						Date and Hour:								
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.								
☐ Yes ⊠ No						DECEIVED								
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*						RECEIVED								
	By Olivia Yu at 3:56 pm, Mar 22, 2017													
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.*														
				on a heater treate	er, caus	ing fluids to b	e releas	sed through	the reli	ief valve, T	ne pressure	valve	was replaced.	
Describe Are	a Affected	and Cleanup A	Action Tak	en.*										
The release v	vas within a	nd unlined fac	ility with	overspray on the	adjace	nt pasture. A v	acuum	truck was	dispatch	ned to remo	ve all freest	andin	g fluids.	
				eate any possible	impact	from the relea	se and	we will pr	esent a r	remediation	work plan	to the	NMOCD for	
		nificant remed		is true and comp	lete to	the best of my	knowle	edge and u	nderstar	nd that purs	uant to NM	OCD	rules and	
regulations a	ll operators	are required to	report ar	id/or file certain r	elease	notifications a	nd perf	orm correc	tive acti	ions for rele	ases which	may	endanger	
public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability														
should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to ground water, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other														
		ws and/or regu	-					-						
Signature: Relicica Hashell						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION								
Signature: Kircua Trusture														
Printed Nam	e:	Rebecca l	Haskell			Approved by Environmental Specialist:								
Title:		Senior HS	E Coordi	nator		Approval Date: 3/22/2017 Expiration Date:								
E-mail Address: rhaskell@concho.com						Conditions of Approval;  Attached						/		
Date: March 21, 2017 Phone: 432-683-7443						see attached directive				Attached Li				
		Phone: ets If Necess		-/443							1			
			)			1RP-465	1	nOY1	7001	57566	1 —			
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## Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on \_3/21/2017\_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number \_\_1R-\_4651\_ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District \_1\_ office in \_\_Hobbs\_\_\_\_ on or before \_4/22/2017\_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

## Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us