Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr.

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

1220 S. St. Fran	cis Dr., Santa F	Fe, NM 87505	5	Sa		Fe, NM 875						
			Rele	ase Notific			and the second	Actio	n			
						OPERA	ГOR		🛛 Initia	al Report	Final R	
Name of Co	mpany: Jay	ent Comp	any		Contact: Jim Foster							
Address: 2425 W Loop South, Ste. 810, Houston, Texas 77027						Telephone No.: 979-324-2139						
Facility Nar	ne: Dolly N	0.1				Facility Typ	e: Tank Batte	ry				
Surface Owner: BLM Mineral Owne)wner:	BLM	API No.: 30-025-22370					
						ON OF RE						
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the		h/South Line	Feet from the	Fast	/West Line	County		
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				NAT	URF	E OF REL	EASE					
	ase: Produced						Release: 30-50				Approx. 99%	
	lease: Faulty		g flowline			Date and Hour of Occurrence Date and Hour of Discovery						
	ate Notice Gi	0.000.000	Yes 🛛	No 🗌 Not R	equired							
By Whom?		10				Date and I						
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.						
	use of Problem ure occurred a			n Taken.* e flowline and tru	nkline.						18, 2017	
Release occ	a Affected an urred approx on locations.			en.* orth of the heate	r treat	er. Free liqu	ds were vacu	imed. I	mpacted so	ils have be	en excavated a	
egulations a public health should their o or the environ	Il operators ar or the enviro operations hav	re required t nment. The ve failed to a dition, NMC	o report ar acceptanc adequately OCD accep	is true and comp d/or file certain r e of a C-141 repo investigate and r tance of a C-141	elease ort by the emedia	notifications a he NMOCD m ate contaminat	nd perform corr arked as "Final on that pose a t	ective ac Report" hreat to g	ctions for rele does not reli ground water	eases which eve the oper ; surface wa	may endanger rator of liability ater, human healt	
111						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION						
Signature:						Approved by Environmental Specialist:						
	. min roster						5/18/20	17		2		
Fitle: Envir	onmental Con	sultant				Approval Da	te:	• /	Expiration	Date:		
E-mail Addre	ess: jim@tea	ntimberwol	<u>f.com</u>			Conditions o	0.000	1	1	Attached		
Date:	5/17/17			-324-2139		see atta	ched direc	tive				
Attach Addi	tional Sheets	s If Necess	ary			1RP-4704	4 InOY	(1713)	836844		171383736	

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Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on $_5/17/2017$ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number $_1R-_4704$ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _6/18/2017_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

• Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.

• Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C_6 thru C_{36}), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.

• Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.

• Composite sampling is not generally allowed.

• Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

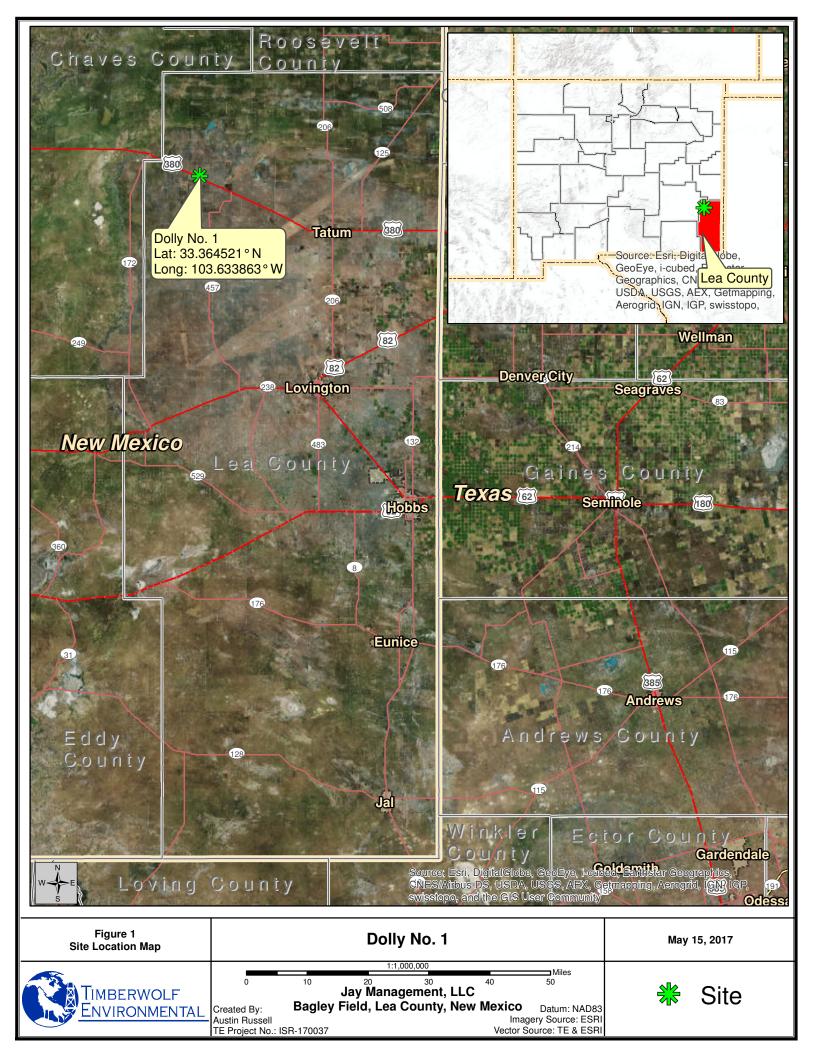
•Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.

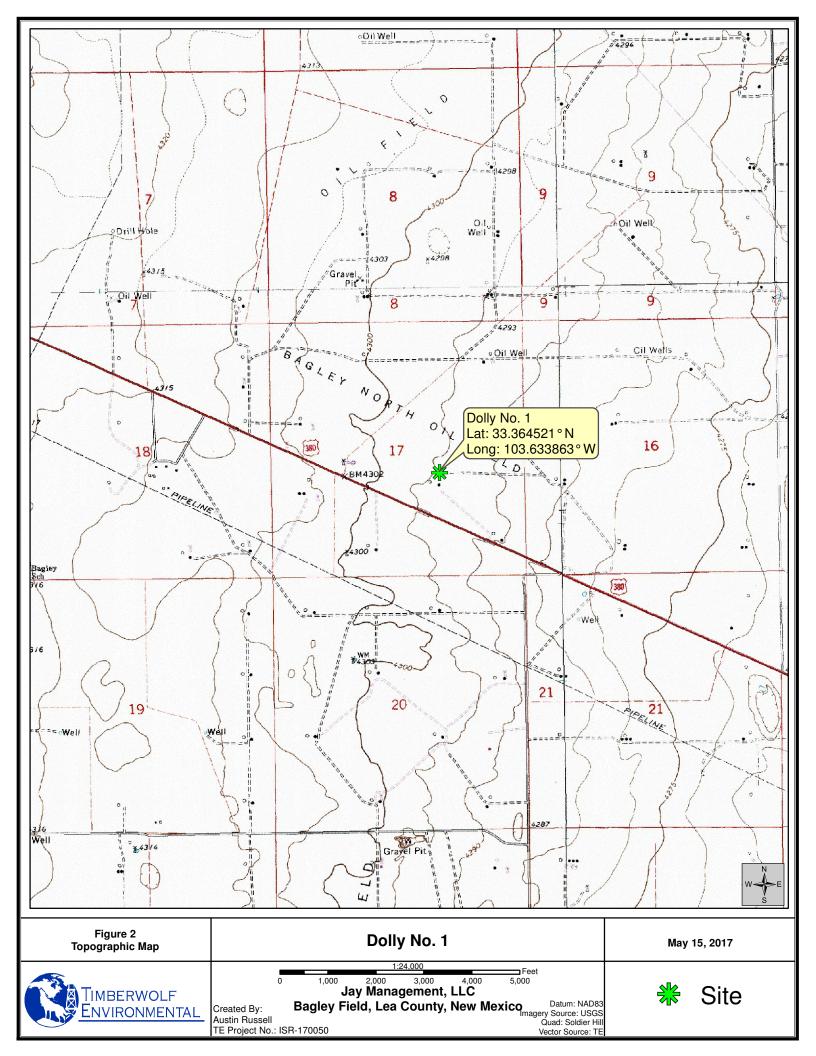
• If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

• Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us







	Feet									
	0	50	100	150	200	250				
TIMBERWOLF	Jay Management, LLC									
	Created By:	Bagley	Field, Lea	County, N	ew Mexico	Datum: NAD83				
	Austin Russell	SB-170050			0	Imagery Source: ESRI				

