# **APPROVED**

By Olivia Yu at 12:03 pm, Sep 07, 2017

NMOCD approves of the proposed delineation plan for 1RP-4623.

# 1RP-4623 AMENDED DELINEATION PLAN New Mexico DE State Tank Battery Produced Fluids Spill

Lea County, New Mexico

Latitude: N32.838611° Longitude: W-103.293889°

LAI Project No. 17-0179-02

August 22, 2017

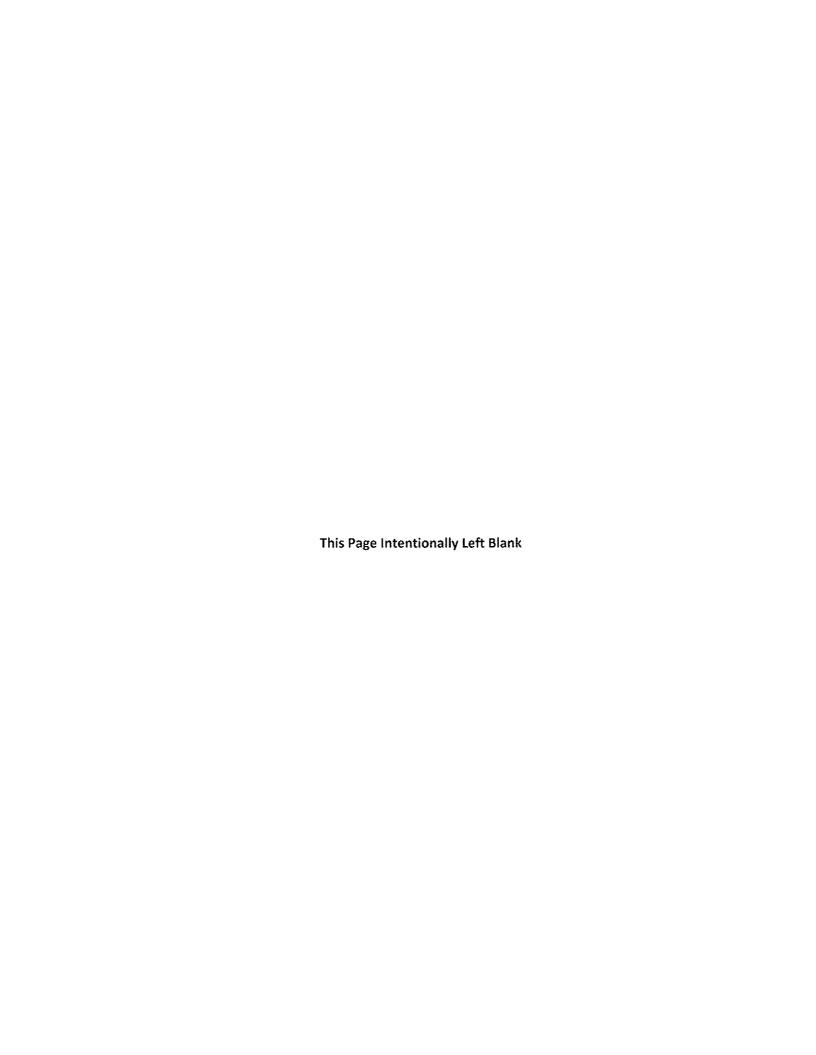
Prepared for:

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1RP-4263 Amended Delineation Plan New Mexico DE State #1 Tank Battery Produced Fluids Spill August 22, 2017

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This amended delineation plan is submitted to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (OCD) District 1 on behalf of Kevin O. Butler & Associates, Inc. (KOB) for a produced fluids (crude oil and produced water) spill at the New Mexico DE State #1 tank battery (Site) located in Unit F (SE/4, NW/4), Section 18, Township 17 South, Range 37 East, in Lea County, New Mexico. The geodetic position is North 32.838611° and West -103.293889°. Figure 1 presents a location and topographic map. Figure 2 presents an aerial map.

## 1.1 Background

The spill occurred on January 20, 2017, after dump valve failure at the heater treater. The leak caused a release of crude oil and produced water that was contained inside the earthen firewall. The surface owner is the State of New Mexico State Land Office (SLO). On February 28, 2017, the initial C-141<sub>1</sub> was submitted to OCD District 1 and approved on March 1, 2017, with conditions that KOB will submit a plan to delineate the spill prior to conducting remediation action. Attachment A presents the initial C-141.

## 1.2 Physical Setting

The physical setting is as follows:

- Elevation is approximately 3,825 feet above mean sea level (MSL);
- Topography slopes towards the southeast;
- The nearest surface water feature is a playa located about 3,000 feet southeast of the Site;
- The soils are designated as "Kimbrough Gravelly Loam" and "Kimbrough-Lea complex", consisting of calcareous alluvium derived from reworking the Blackwater Draw (Pleistocene) and Ogallala (Pliocene) formations, in descending order;
- The soil developed over cemented material (caliche);
- The upper geological unit is the Tertiary-age Blackwater Draw and Ogallala formations, in descending order, comprised of very fine to medium-grained quartz sand and gravel, with minor amount of silt and clay with indistinct to massive crossbeds;
- The Ogallala formation is underlain by clay, silty clay, shale and sandstone of the Chinle formation (Triassic) and is about 300 feet thick;
- According to records from the U.S. Geological Survey (U.S.G.S.) and State of New Mexico
  Office of the State Engineer (OSE) the nearest fresh water well is located in Unit J (NW/4,
  SW/4), Section 18, Township 17 South, Range 37 East or about 3,000 feet southeast (down
  gradient) from the Site;

<sup>1</sup> The initial C-141 states the latitude and longitude as the well location and should be latitude North 32.838611° and longitude West -103.293889°.

1RP-4263 Amended Delineation Plan New Mexico DE State #1 Tank Battery Produced Fluids Spill August 22, 2017

• The well is used for livestock watering with depth to groundwater reported at approximately 50.62 feet below ground surface (bgs) in 1996.

#### 1.3 Remediation Action Levels

Remediation action levels (RRAL) were calculated for benzene, BTEX and TPH based on the following criteria established by the OCD in "Guidelines for Remediation of Leaks, Spills and Releases, August 13, 1993":

Criteria	Result	Score
Depth-to-Groundwater	50 - 99 feet	10
Wellhead Protection Area	No	0
Distance to Surface Water Body	>1000 Horizontal Feet	0

The following RRAL apply to the release for ranking score: 10

Benzene 10 mg/Kg
 BTEX 50 mg/Kg
 TPH 1,000 mg/Kg

#### 2.0 DELINEATION PLAN

LAI proposes to use an air rotary rig and jam tube sampler to collect soil samples at four (4) locations in each cardinal direction (north, south, east and west) outside the spill area and near the center of the spill, as shown on Figure 2. Soil samples will be collected from each location at 0 to 1, 3 to 4, 5 to 6, 7 to 8, 10 to 11 and 15 to 16 feet bgs. The samples will be tested in the field for chloride using QuanTab® chloride test strips (300 - 6,000 mg/L). Additional samples may be collected if chloride is not delineated vertically to 600 milligrams per kilogram (mg/Kg) with an additional ten (10) vertical feet below the deepest sample from each location. The samples will be delivered to a qualified laboratory under preservation and chain of custody. The laboratory will analyze soil samples for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene (BTEX) by EPA SW-846 Method 8021B, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), including gasoline range organics (GRO), diesel range organics (DRO) and oil range organics (ORO) by EPA SW-846 Method 8015M and chloride by EPA Method 300. Figure 2 presents the boring locations and approximate latitude and longitude.

### 3.0 REMEDIATION PLAN

KOB will include a remediation plan in the delineation report to be submitted to the OCD upon receipt of the laboratory report.

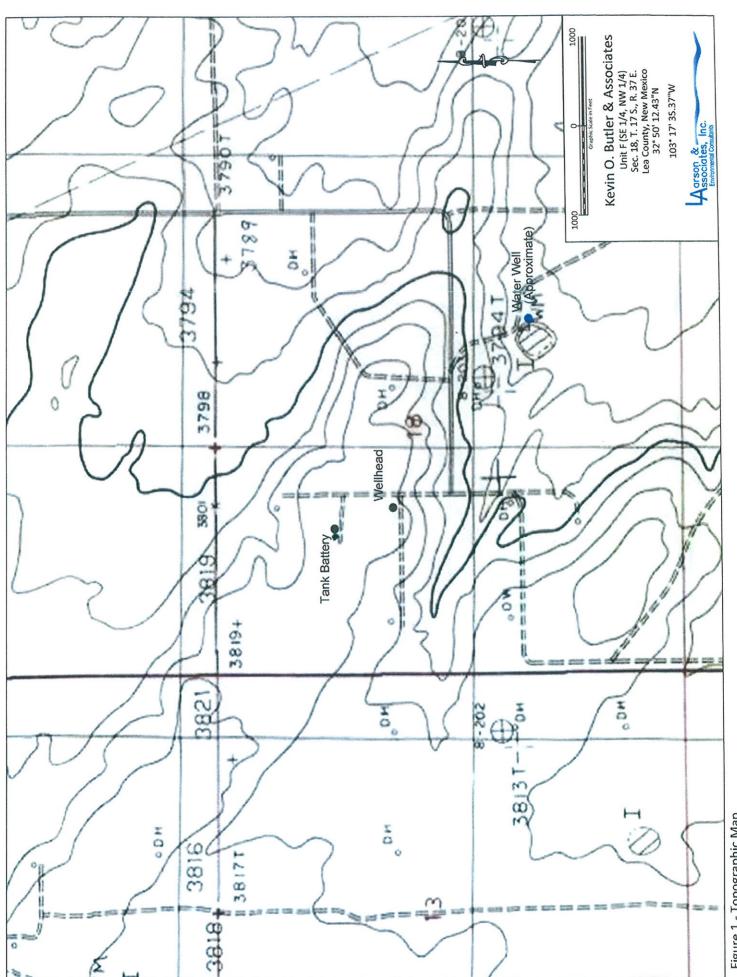


Figure 1 - Topographic Map



Figure 2 - Aerial Map

Attachment A

Initial C-141

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

## State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Form C-141 Revised August 8, 2011

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Release Notification and Corrective Action													
						OPERATOR			Initial Report Final Report				
Name of Company Kevin O. Butler & Associates, Inc.						Contact Lisa Builta							
Address P.O. Box 1171 Midland, TX 79701						Telephone No. 432-682-1178							
Facility Name New Mexico DE State						Facility Type Battery							
Surface Owner Mineral Owner					wner				API No.	30-025-2	21618		
LOCATION OF RELEASE													
				h/South Line Feet from the			East/West Line County						
F	18	178	37E	1980	F	NL	1903	F	WL	LEA			
Latitude 32.8368089645864 Longitude 103.293127712051 Location of battery: 32.838553, -103.293886													
Type of Rele						Volume of Release Volume Recovered							
Source of Re		ff Setting Le	ase				Hour of Occurrence	e 1/30/17	Date and	Hour of Di	scovery 1/30	17	
Was Immedi	ate Notice (		Yes [	No Not Re	equired		copeland - Pump	oer					
By Whom?							lour 1/30/17	1 11/					
Was a Water	course Read		Yes 🔁	No		If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.							
		em and Reme nup was perfo		n Taken.* is lease back in 20			Yu at 8:4					s brought in	
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*  Inside of battery area will be dug out and contaminated dirt will be hauled off to an OCD approved site. Clean dirt will be hauled in and fresh berms will be set up													
regulations a public health should their or or the environ	Il operators or the envi operations h nment. In a	are required tronment. The	o report and acceptant adequately OCD accept	e is true and comp nd/or file certain rose of a C-141 report investigate and rotance of a C-141	elease nort by the emediat	otifications a e NMOCD n e contaminat	and perform corre parked as "Final Fion that pose a the type the operator of	ctive ac Report" reat to g respons	tions for rel does not rel ground wate sibility for c	leases which lieve the oper, surface vectors	th may endar perator of lial water, human with any ot	iger pility i health	
							OIL CON	ISER	VATION	DIVIS	ION		
Signature: Lisa Builta				Approved by Environmental Specialist:									
Printed Name: Lisa Builta													
					Approval Da	3/1/2017		Expiration	Date:				
E-mail Addre	Address: lisab@kobutler.com Conditions of Approval:							Attach	ed 🗹				
Date: 2/28/1	7		Phone	432-682-1178		see attached directive							

\* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

1RP-4623

nOY1706028741

pOY1706030335

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on \_2/28/2017\_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number \_\_1R-\_4623\_has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District \_1\_ office in \_\_Hobbs\_\_\_\_ on or before \_4/1/2017\_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C<sub>6</sub> thru C<sub>36</sub>), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC (include algorithm for validation purposes), EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

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