<u>District I</u> 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 <u>District IV</u> 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources**

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Form C-141

Revised August 8, 2011

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Release Notification and Corrective Action

						OPERATOR			Initia	l Report		Final Report	
Name of Co	mpany:	COG Operat	OGRID # 2291	37 (Contact:			Robert McNeill					
Address:	600 Wes	t Illinois Ave	lland TX 79701	*: ·	Telephone No. 432-683-7443								
Facility Nan	ne: BC Fe	deral #032			1	Facility Type: Wellhead							
Surface Own	ner: Fe	deral	Mineral O	wner: F	Federal			API No. 30-025-38829					
				LOCA	TION	OF REI	LEASE						
Unit Letter G	er Section Township Range Feet from the No 20 17S 32E 2,360			North/	South Line North	Feet from the 1,650	East/West Line East		County Lea				
ď	20	1/3	32E	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_				cast j		Lea		
Latitude 32.8208771 Longitude -103.7854462 NATURE OF RELEASE													
Type of Release: Volume Recovered: Volume Recovered:													
type of Relea		Oil and Produ		3 bbl. Oil & 4 bbl. PW			2 bbl. Oil & 3 bbl. PW						
Source of Rel				Date and Hour of Occurrence:			Date and Hour of Discovery:						
		Wellhe		September 10, 2017 3:00 pm			September 10, 2017 3:00 pm						
Was Immedia	ite Notice C	Given?	No 🛛 Not Re	quired	If YES, To Whom?								
· - <u> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u>		By Who		Date and Hour:									
Was a Watero	course Reac			If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.									
			No										
If a Watercou	If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*												
						RV	Olivia Vu a	+ 10	20 am	Son 1	2 2	017	
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* By Olivia Yu at 10:20 am, Sep 18, 2017													
The release was due to corrosion on a one-fourth inch nipple on the gauge. The nipple was removed and the gauge was installed directly into the valve.													
		and Cleanup A			Buabe	The Implie	rus removed und	uie gaa	54		,		
The release occurred remained on location. A vacuum truck was dispatched to remove all freestanding fluids. Concho will have the spill area evaluated for any possible impact from the release and we will present a remediation work plan to the NMOCD for approval prior to any significant remediation activities. I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to NMOCD rules and													
regulations al public health should their co or the environ	I operators or the envi operations h nment. In a	are required to ronment. The nave failed to	o report and acceptance acceptanc	e is true and completed of file certain rece of a C-141 reportance of a C-141 reportance of a C-141 received	lease no nt by the mediate	otifications a NMOCD m contaminati	nd perform correct arked as "Final Roon that pose a thre	tive act eport" c eat to g	ions for rele loes not reli round water	eases which eve the ope , surface wa	may er rator of ater, hu	ndanger f liability ıman health	
Signature: 1	0.1.	a Hass		OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION									
Signature: 7	well	a non											
Printed Name	rinted Name: Rebecca Haskell						Approved by Environmental Specialist:						
Title:		Senior HS	SE Coordi	nator		Approval Date: 9/18/2017 Expiration Date:							
E-mail Addre	ess:	rhaskell@	concho.c	om		Conditions of Approval: Attached							
Date: Septem	ber 15, 201	7 Phone:		see attached directive									

* Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary

1RP-4811

nOY1726137462

pOY1726137714

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _9/15/2017_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-4811__ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _10/18/2017_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us