District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Revised August 8, 2011

Form C-141

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Release Notification and Corrective Action

				OPERATOR X Initial Report Final Report							
Name of Company: Lucid Energy Delaware						Contact Kerry Egan					
Address 326 West Quay Artesia, NM 88210						Telephone No. 575 513-8988					
Facility Name: Presidente 10" Line						Facility Type: Pipeline ROW					
Surface Owner: State of NM Mineral Own					wner	State		API No.			
otate											
Unit Letter Section Township Range Feet from the North/South Line Feet from the East/West Line County											
Unit Letter	etter Section Township Range F 32 25S 32E F		Feet from the	North	South Line	Feet from the	East/	west Line	County Lea		
Latitude 32.094010 Longitude -103.69991											
NATURE OF RELEASE											
Type of Release: Natural Gas									Volume I	/olume Recovered: None	
						gas, minimal (<5 bbl) liquids			D 111 CD: 10/01/00/0		
Source of Release: External corrosion leak in 10" steel line						Date and Hour of Occurrence: 10/31/2017			Date and Hour of Discovery: 10/31/2017		
Was Immediate Notice Given?						If YES, To Whom?			CEIVED		
☐ Yes ☐ No ☒ Not Required						By C			Olivia Yu at 1:09 pm, Nov 17, 2017		
By Whom? Was a Watercourse Reached?						Date and Hour					
Was a Water	course Read		Yes 🛛	No	If YES, Vo	If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.					
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*											
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* The leak was apparently cause by external corrosion of the pipeline, due to a defect in the pipe											
wrap. Upon discovery of the leak the line was shut-in and depressurized. The corroded section was then cut out and replaced with a new section of pipe.											
The release was primarily of natural gas, and potentially a minor amount of liquids. When operations arrived at the location and began exposing the line,											
there were no free-standing liquids and the soil was not saturated. Soil staining, and odor is very minimal, if present at all. Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*											
					453.1	151 111	. 1 1 .1	DOW			
During the response and repair of the line, an area approximately 45' L x 15' W was excavated along the ROW. The sidewalls, floor, and spoil pile were all sampled to determine the extent of contamination. Pending the results of the sampling a work plan will be developed for the site.											
										suant to NMOCD rules and	
										eases which may endanger	
public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the NMOCD marked as "Final Report" does not relieve the operator of liability											
should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to ground water, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, NMOCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other											
federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.											
reacting states, or result into and or regulations.						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION					
Signature: Hory W						A A					
Printed Nam	e: Kerry Eg			Approved by Environmental Specialist:							
	,					11/17/2017					
Title: Environmental Compliance Coordinator						Approval Date: Expiration Date:					
E-mail Addr	ess: KEgan	@lucid-energ			Conditions of Approval:						
						see attached directive					
	Date: 11/14/2017 Phone: 575 810-6021 See attached uncertive Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary										
Attach Addi	monal She	els II Necess	ary								

fOY1732147575

1RP-4874

pOY1732148245

nOY1732147683

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _11/14/2017_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-4874__ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _12/17/2017_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us