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Form C-141 Revised April 3, 2017

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505 Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

1220 S. St. Fran	ncis Dr., Santa	a Fe, NM 87505		Sa	nta F	e, NM 875	505					
			Rele	ease Notific	atio	n and Co	orrective A	ction				
						OPERA	ГOR	🛛 Initi	al Report		Final Report	
						Contact: Robert McNeill						
,						Telephone No.: 432-683-7443						
Facility Na	me: Stealt	h Federal C	om #004	H		Facility Typ	e: Tank Batter	·y				
Surface Ow	ner: BLM			Mineral C	wner:	Federal		API N	API No.: 30-025-43338			
				LOCA	TIO	N OF RE	LEASE					
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range	Feet from the		/South Line	Feet from the	East/West Line	County			
Р	17	19S	32E	317		South	940	East		Lea	L	
			Lat	itude: 32.65407	565 L	ongitude: -1	03.7828455 NA	AD83				
				NAT	'URE	OF REL	EASE					
Type of Release: Oil						Volume of	Release:		Volume Recovered:			
Source of Release: Flare						18bbls Date and F	Hour of Occurrence	12bbls	Date and Hour of Discovery:			
Source of Release. Mare						12/23/2017			12/23/2017 8:10am			
Was Immedi	ate Notice O		Yes 🛛	No 🛛 Not Re	anirad	If YES, To	Whom?	·				
By Whom?					quileu	Date and H	Jour					
Was a Watercourse Reached?						If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.						
			Yes 🗵] No								
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*						RECEIVED						
								'u at 1:45 p	m Dec	· 27	2017	
Describe Ca	use of Probl	em and Reme	tial Action	n Taken.*			y onvia i	u ut 1.40 p	<i>, D</i> cc	, _ ,	2011	
Freezing cau	sed loss of s	supply gas pre	ssure to F	WKO pneumatic	dumps	which resulted	d in fluid being se	nt to the flare.				
Describe Are	ea Affected	and Cleanup A	Action Tak	en *								
		-										
								any possible imp	act from the	release	and we will	
present a ren	nediation wo	ork plan to the	NMOCD	for approval prio	r to any	significant re	emediation activiti	ies.				
I hereby cert	ify that the i	nformation gi	ven above	is true and comp	lete to t	he best of my	knowledge and u	nderstand that pur	suant to NM	OCD r	ules and	
								tive actions for re				
								eport" does not rel eat to ground wate				
								responsibility for a				
federal, state	, or local lav	ws and/or regu	lations.		-							
							OIL CON	SERVATION	DIVISIO	<u> </u>		
	Shald	m ALT						9	1			
Signature: Sheldon gitan						Approved by Environmental Specialist:						
Printed Nam	e: Sheldon I	L. Hitchcock							0			
	· · ·						12/27/20	17	D .			
Title: HSE C	Coordinator					Approval Da	te:	Expiration	Date:	(
E-mail Address: slhitchcock@concho.com						Conditions of Approval: Attached						
Date: 12/27/2017 Phone: 575-746-2010						see attached directive						
* Attach Add		ets If Necess			-				1			
			-			1RP-490	4 pOV172	36149956				
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							D	20450400	1			
							ΙΡΟΥ17	36150102				

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _12/27/2017_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-4904_ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _1/27/2018_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

• Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.

• Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.

• Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.

• Composite sampling is not generally allowed.

• Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

•Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.

• If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

• Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us