# 1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	12,822'	Pilot hole depth	N/A
MD at TD:	22,961'	Deepest expected fresh water:	

# **Basin**

Formation	Depth (TVD) from KB	Water/Mineral Bearing/ Target Zone?	Hazards*
Rustler	727	Barren	
Top of Salt	1092	Barren	
Base of Salt	5042	Barren	
Delaware	5292	Hydrocarbon	
Lower Brushy Canyon	9387	Hydrocarbon	
1st BSPG Lime	9567	Hydrocarbon	
1st BSPG Sand	10497	Hydrocarbon	
2nd BSPG Lime	10717	Hydrocarbon	
2nd BSPG Sand	11067	Hydrocarbon	
3rd BSPG Lime	11532	Hydrocarbon	
3rd BSPG Sand	12132	Hydrocarbon	
Wolfcamp	12567	Hydrocarbon	
Wolfcamp "A"	12762	Hydrocarbon	
Wolfcamp "A" Target Base	12832	Hydrocarbon	
Wolfcamp "B" Shale	13777	Hydrocarbon	

<sup>\*</sup>H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

## 2. Casing Program

Hole Size	Casing	Interval	Csg.	Weight	Grade	Conn	SF	SF Burst	SF
	From	To	Size	(lbs)			Collapse		Tension
17.5"	0	775'	13.375"	54.5	J-55	BTC	3.74	3.46	2.11
12.25"	0	11,600'	9.625"	40	P-110	BTC	1.25	1.59	2.58
8.75"	0	22,961'	5.5"	17	P-110	BTC	1.27	1.26	1.83
				<b>BLM Min</b>	imum Safet	y Factor	1.125	1.00	1.6 Dry
									1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Must have table for contingency casing

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 <sup>rd</sup> string cement tied back	
500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 <sup>nd</sup> string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

### 3. Cementing Program

Casing	# Sks	Wt. lb/ gal	H₂0 gal/sk	Yld ft3/ sack	500# Comp. Strength (hours)	Slurry Description
13-3/8" Surface	605	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	Tail: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
	1630	11.9	19.82	2.31	45	Lead: NeoCem®
9-5/8" Inter.	590	14.8	5.31	1.33	25	Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 0.5% bwoc HALAD-344 + 0.4% bwoc CFR-3 + 0.2% BWOC HR-601 + 2% bwoc Bentonite
	750	11.9	19.82	2.31	45	1 <sup>st</sup> Stage Lead: NeoCem®
9-5/8" Interme	790	14.8	5.31	1.33	25	Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 0.5% bwoc HALAD-344 + 0.4% bwoc CFR-3 + 0.2% BWOC HR-601 + 2% bwoc Bentonite
diate					D\	/ Tool = 5000ft
Two	460	11.9	19.82	2.3	45	2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage Lead: NeoCem®
Stage	200	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage Tail: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E- Flake
	135	11.9	19.82	2.3	45	2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage Lead: NeoCem®
5-1/2" Prod	2485	14.5	5.31	1.2	25	Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 0.5% bwoc HALAD-344 + 0.4% bwoc CFR-3 + 0.2% BWOC HR-601 + 2% bwoc Bentonite

If a DV tool is used, depth(s) will be adjusted based on hole conditions and cement volumes will be adjusted proportionally. DV tool will be set a minimum of 50 feet below previous casing and a minimum of 200 feet above current shoe. Lab reports with the 500 psi compressive strength time for the cement will be onsite for review.

Casing String	TOC	% Excess
13-3/8" Surface	0'	100%
9-5/8" Intermediate	0'	50%
9-5/8" Intermediate – Two Stage Option	1 <sup>st</sup> Stage = 5000' / 2 <sup>nd</sup> Stage = 0'	50%
5-1/2" Production Casing	10,600′	25%

#### 4. Pressure Control Equipment

N A variance is requested for the use of a diverter on the surface casing. See attached for schematic.

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP	T	ype	1	Tested to:			
			Anı	nular	X	50% of working pressure			
			Bline	d Ram					
12-1/4"	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe	Ram		5M			
			Doub	le Ram	X	5101			
			Other*						
			Anı	nular	X	50% testing pressure			
			Blind	d Ram					
8-3/4"	12 5/0"	13-5/8"	12 5/9"	5M	Pipe	Ram			
0-3/4	13-3/6	5101	3111	3111	3141	Doub	le Ram	X	5M
			Other *						
			Anı	nular		50% testing pressure			
			Bline	d Ram					
			Pipe	Ram					
			Double Ram						
			Other						
			*						

<sup>\*</sup>Specify if additional ram is utilized.

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Formation integrity test will be performed per Onshore Order #2.
On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.i.

- A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Y Manifold. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.
  - Y Are anchors required by manufacturer?
- Y A multibowl wellhead may be used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.

Devon proposes using a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi.

- Wellhead will be installed by wellhead representatives.
- If the welding is performed by a third party, the wellhead representative will monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- Wellhead representative will install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- Wellhead company will install a solid steel body pack-off to completely isolate
  the lower head after cementing intermediate casing. After installation of the packoff, the pack-off and the lower flange will be tested to 5M, as shown on the
  attached schematic. Everything above the pack-off will not have been altered
  whatsoever from the initial nipple up. Therefore the BOP components will not be
  retested at that time.
- If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible
  with a standard wellhead, the well head will be cut and top out operations will be
  conducted.
- Devon will pressure test all seals above and below the mandrel (but still above the casing) to full working pressure rating.
- Devon will test the casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater, as per Onshore Order #2.

After running the 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 5M will be installed on the wellhead system and will undergo a 250 psi low pressure test followed by a 5,000 psi high pressure test. The 5,000 psi high and 250 psi low test will cover testing requirements a maximum of 30 days, as per Onshore Order #2. If the well is not complete within 30 days of this BOP test, another full BOP test will be conducted, as per Onshore Order #2.

After running the 9-5/8' intermediate casing with a mandrel hanger, the 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 5M will already be installed on the wellhead.

The pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill pipe is out of the hole. These tests will be logged in the daily driller's log. A 2" kill line and 3" choke line will be incorporated into the drilling spool below the ram BOP. In addition to the rams and annular preventer, additional BOP accessories include a kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines, and choke manifold rated at 5,000 psi WP.

Devon's proposed wellhead manufactures will be FMC Technologies, Cactus Wellhead, or Cameron.

Devon requests a variance to use a flexible line with flanged ends between the BOP and the choke manifold (choke line). The line will be kept as straight as possible with minimal turns.

See attached schematic.

5. Mud Program

Depth		Type	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss	
From	То					
0	775'	FW Gel	8.4-8.5	28-34	N/C	
775'	11,600'	Oil Based Mud	8.4-9.0	40-50	10-15	
11,600'	22,961'	Oil Based Mud	10.5-11.0	40-50	10-15	

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain	PVT/Pason/Visual Monitoring
of fluid?	

## 6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Logg	ging, Coring and Testing.				
X	Will run GR/CNL fromTD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole). Stated				
	logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.				
	Quad Combo is planned on being taken from intermediate shoe to TD				
	Drill stem test? If yes, explain				
	Coring? If yes, explain				

Add	litional logs planned	Interval
	Resistivity	Int. shoe to KOP
	Density	Int. shoe to KOP
X	CBL	Production casing
X	Mud log	Intermediate shoe to TD
	PEX	

### 7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	7317 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No

Mitigation measure for abnormal conditions. Describe. Lost circulation material/sweeps/mud scavengers.

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

	To this formation with the province to the man and the	
N	H2S is present	
Y	H2S Plan attached	

#### 8. Other facets of operation

Is this a walking operation? No. Will be pre-setting casing? No.

Attachments

_X_	Directi	ional	Plan
	Other,	desc	ribe

Casing Assumptions and Load Cases

Surface

All casing design assumptions were ran in Stress Check to determine safety factor which meet or exceed both Devon Energy and BLM minimum requirements. All casing strings will be filled while running in hole in order to not exceed collapse rating of the pipe.

Surface Casing Burst Design			
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure	
Pressure Test	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole- section plus Test psi	
Drill Ahead	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole section	
Displace to Gas	Formation Pore Pressure	Dry gas from next casing point	

	Surface Casing Collapse Design	
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure
Full Evacuation	Water gradient in cement, mud above TOC	None
Cementing	Wet cement weight	Water (8.33ppg)

Surface Casing Tension Design		
Load Case	Assumptions	
Overpull	100kips	
Runing in hole	3 ft/s	
Service Loads	N/A	

Casing Assumptions and Load Cases

Intermediate

All casing design assumptions were ran in Stress Check to determine safety factor which meet or exceed both Devon Energy and BLM minimum requirements. All casing strings will be filled while running in hole in order to not exceed collapse rating of the pipe.

Intermediate Casing Burst Design			
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure	
Pressure Test	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole- section plus Test psi	
Drill Ahead	Formation Pore Pressure	Max mud weight of next hole section	
Fracture @ Shoe	Formation Pore Pressure	Dry gas	

Intermediate Casing Collapse Design		gn
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure
Full Evacuation	Water gradient in cement, mud above TOC	None
Cementing	Wet cement weight	Water (8.33ppg)

Intermed	late Casing Tension Design	
Load Case	Assumptions	
Overpull	100kips	
Runing in hole	2 ft/s	
Service Loads	N/A	

All casing design assumptions were ran in Stress Check to determine safety factor which meet or exceed both Devon Energy and BLM minimum requirements. All casing strings will be filled while running in hole in order to not exceed collapse rating of the pipe.

Production Casing Burst Design		
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure
Pressure Test	Formation Pore Pressure	Fluid in hole (water or produced water) + test psi
Tubing Leak	Formation Pore Pressure	Packer @ KOP, leak below surface 8.6 ppg packer fluid
Stimulation	Formation Pore Pressure	Max frac pressure with heaviest frac fluid

	Production Casing Collapse Design	1
Load Case	External Pressure	Internal Pressure
Full Evacuation	Water gradient in cement, mud above TOC.	None
Cementing	Wet cement weight	Water (8.33ppg)

Production Casing Tension Design		
Load Case	Assumptions	
Overpull	100kips	
Runing in hole	2 ft/s	
Service Loads	N/A	







