PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Kaiser-Francis Oil Company
LEASE NO.:	NMNM-015321
WELL NAME & NO.:	Red Hills 103H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	2400' FSL & 1795' FWL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	0330' FSL & 2182' FWL Sec. 06, T. 26 S., R 33 E.
LOCATION:	Section 31, T. 25 S., R 33 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	County, New Mexico

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)
 - Lea County

Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 3933612

- 1. A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated 500 feet prior to drilling into the Delaware formation. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper

copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:

After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Medium Cave/Karst

Possibility of water flows in the Salado and Castile. Possibility of lost circulation in Red Beds, Rustler, and Delaware.

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 910 feet (a minimum of 25 feet into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the

lead cement slurry.

- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Formation below the 13-3/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst.

If cement does not circulate to surface on the intermediate casing, the cement on the production casing must come to surface.

Formation below the 9-5/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.

Centralizers required on horizontal leg, must be type for horizontal service and a minimum of one every other joint.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

□ Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. Excess calculates to 6% - Additional cement may be required.

4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API 53.
- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be psi. 5M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - a. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).

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- b. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- c. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- d. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- e. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

JAM 101518

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PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	KAISER FRANCIS OIL COMPANY
LEASE NO.:	NMNM015321
WELL NAME & NO.:	RED HILLS 103H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	2400'/S & 1795'/W
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	330'/S & 2185'/W
LOCATION:	SECTION 31, T25S, R33E, NMPM
COUNTY:	LEA

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

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I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

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V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production:

Construction:

In the advent that any underground voids are opened up during construction activities, construction activities will be halted and the BLM will be notified immediately.

No Blasting:

No blasting will be utilized for pad construction. The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.

Pad Berming:

- The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g., caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)
- Following a rain event, all fluids will vacuumed off of the pad and hauled off-site and disposed at a proper disposal facility.

Tank Battery Liners and Berms:

Tank battery locations and all facilities will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing, or equivalent, to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain $1\frac{1}{2}$ times the content of the largest tank.

Leak Detection System:

A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. Leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM for approval.

Automatic Shut-off Systems:

Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns: Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:

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Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Directional Drilling:

Kick off for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cave-bearing zone, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment in cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

Pressure Testing:

The operator will perform annual pressure monitoring on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

Hydrology

The entire well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The berm shall be maintained through the life of the well and after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion.

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ times the content of the largest tank or 24 hour production, whichever is greater. Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

A leak detection plan will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating valves and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

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Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

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Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: 400' + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4%

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

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Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ¹/₂ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

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Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory

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revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per <u>acre are to be doubled.</u> The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species	l <u>b/acre</u>
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



Operator Certification

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

NAME: Melanie Wilson		Signed on: 05/09/2018			
Title: Regulatory Analyst					
Street Address: 106 W.	Riverside Drive				
City: Calsbad	State: NM	Zip : 88220			
Phone: (575)914-1461					
Email address: mjp1692	@gmail.com				
Field Represe	ntative				
Representative Name	: Todd Passmore				
Street Address: 6 Des	ta Drive, Suite 3100				
City: Midland	State: TX	Zip : 79705			

Phone: (432)894-0165

Email address: tpassmore@mar-win.com

KAISER-FRANCIS OIL COMPANY HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S) CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR DRILLING/COMPLETION WORKOVER/FACILITY

Red Hills 103H SECTION 31 -T25S-R33E LEA COUNTY, NM

This well/facility is not expected to have H_2S , but due to the sensitive location, the following is submitted as requested.

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EMERGENCY RESPONSE ACTIVATION AND GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES

Activation of the Emergency Action Plan

In the event of any emergency situation, all personnel on location should first ensure that the following items are initiated. After that, they should refer to the appropriate Specific Emergency Guidance sections below for further responsibilities:

- 1. Notify the senior ranking contract representative on site.
- 2. Notify Kaiser-Francis representative in charge.
- 3. Notify civil authorities if the Kaiser-Francis Representative cannot be contacted and the situation dictates.
- 4. Perform rescue and first aid as required (without jeopardizing additional personnel).

General Responsibilities

In the event of an H₂S emergency, the following plan will be initiated.

- 1) All personnel will immediately evacuate to an up-wind and if possible up-hill "safe area".
- 2) If for any reason a person must enter the hazardous area, they must wear a SCBA (Self contained breathing apparatus).
- 3) Always use the "buddy system".
- 4) Isolate the well/problem if possible.
- 5) Account for all personnel
- 6) Display the proper colors, warning all unsuspecting personnel of the danger at hand
- 7) Contact the Company personnel as soon as possible if not at the location. (use the enclosed call list as instructed)

At this point the company representative will evaluate the situation and coordinate the necessary duties to bring the situation under control, and if necessary, the notification of emergency response agencies and residents.

INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBILITIES DURING AN H2S RELEASE

The following procedures and responsibilities will be implemented on activation of the H₂S siren and lights.

All Personnel:

1.

On alarm, don escape unit (if available) and report to upwind briefing area.

Rig Manager/Tool Pusher:

- 1. Check that all personnel are accounted for and their condition.
- 2. Administer or arrange for first aid treatment, and/or call EMTs as needed.
- 3. Identify two people best suited to secure well and perform rescue, and instruct them to don SCBA.
- 4. Notify Contract management and Kaiser-Francis Representative.
- 5. Remain at the briefing area, assess and monitor personnel and overall situation for hazards or conditions that might warrant a change in the action plan.

Two People Responsible for Shut-in and Rescue:

- 1. Don SCBA and acquire tools to secure well and perform rescue, i.e., wrenches, retrieval ropes, etc.
- 2. Utilize the buddy system to secure well and perform rescue(s).
- 3. Return to the briefing area and stand by for further instructions.

All Other Personnel:

 Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE. Additionally the first responder(s) must evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE. First responder(s) must take care not to injure themselves during this operation. Company and/or local officials must be contacted to aid in this operation. Evacuation of the public should be beyond the 100 ppm ROE.

Kaiser-Francis Oil Company Representative:

- 1. Remain at the briefing area, assess and monitor personnel and overall situation for hazards or conditions that might warrant a change in the action plan.
- 2. Notify company management or Local Incident Commander, and Police, Fire Department, or other local emergency services as required.

PROCEDURE FOR IGNITING AN UNCONTROLLABLE CONDITION:

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police shall be the Incident Command of any major release.

The decision to ignite a well should be a last resort and one if not both of the following pertain.

- 1) Human life and/or property are in danger.
- 2) There is no hope of bringing the situation under control with the prevailing conditions at the site.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR IGNITION:

- 1) Two people are required. They must be equipped with positive pressure; self contained breathing apparatus and a "D"-ring style, full body, OSHA approved safety harness. Non-flammable rope will be attached.
- 2) One of the people will be a qualified safety person who will test the atmosphere for H₂S, Oxygen, & LFL. The other person will be the company supervisor; he is responsible for igniting the well.
- 3) Ignite up-wind from a distance no closer than necessary. Make sure that where you ignite from has the maximum escape avenue available. A 25mm flare gun shall be used, with a +/-500' range to ignite the gas.
- 4) Prior to ignition, make a final check for combustible gases.
- 5) Following ignition, continue with the emergency actions & procedures as before.

CONTACTING AUTHORITIES

Kaiser-Francis personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. This response plan must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER). EMERGENCY CALL LIST: (Start and continue until ONE of these people have been reached)

Kaiser-Francis Oil Co.	<u>OFFCE</u> 918/494-0000	MOBILE
Bill Wilkinson	580/668-2335	580/221-4637
David Zerger	918/491-4350	918/557-6708
Charles Lock	918/491-4337	918/671-6510
Stuart Blake	918/491-4347	918/510-4126
Robert Sanford	918/491-4201	918/770-2682
Matt Warner	918/491-4379	720/556-2313

EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBERS: Lea County, New Mexico

State Police – Artesia State Police – Hobbs	575/748-9718 575/392-5580
State Police – Carlsbad	575/885-3138
Lea County Sheriff - Lovington	575/396-3611
Local Emergency Planning Center - Lea County	575/396-8607
Local Emergency Planning Center – Eddy County	575/885-3581
Fire Fighting, Rescue & Ambulance – Carlsbad	911 or 575/885-3125
Fire Fighting, Rescue & Ambulance – Hobbs	911 or 575/397-9308
Fire Fighting – Jal Volunteer Fire Department	911 or 505/395-2221
New Mexico Oil & Gas Commission – Artesia	575/748-1283
New Mexico Oil & Gas Commission – Hobbs	575/393-6161
Air Medical Transport Services – Hobbs	800/550-1025
Med Flight Air Ambulance – Albuquerque	505/842-4433
Angel MedFlight	844/553-9033
DXP	432/580-3770
BJ Services	575/392-5556
Halliburton	575/392-6531
	800/844-8451

PROTECTION OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC/ROE:

In the event of a release with a concentration greater than 100 ppm H_2S , the ROE (Radius of Exposure) calculations will be done to determine if the following conditions have been met:

- Does the 100 ppm ROE include any public area (any place not associated with this site)
- Does the 500 ppm ROE include any public road (any road which the general public may travel)
- Is the 100 ppm ROE equal to or greater than 3000 feet

If any one of these conditions have been met then the Contingency Plan will be implemented. The following shows how to calculate the radius of exposure and an example.

Calculation for the 100 ppm ROE:

Calculation for the 500 ppm ROE:

X = [(1.589)(concentration)(Q)] (0.6258)

(H2S concentrations in decimal form) 10,000 ppm +=1.+ 1,000 ppm +=.1+ 100 ppm +=.01+ 10 ppm +=.001+

X+[(0.4546)(concentration)(Q)] (.06258)

EXAMPLE: If a well/facility has been determined to have 150 ppm H_2S in the gas mixture and the well/facility is producing at a gas rate of 200 MCFPD then:

ROE for 100 PPM	X=[(1.589)(.0150)(200)] (0.6258)
	X=2.65'
ROE for 500 PPM	X=[(.4546)(.0150)(200)] (0.6258) X=1.2'

(These calculations will be forwarded to the appropriate District NMOCD office when applicable.)

PUBLIC EVACUATION PLAN:

(When the supervisor has determined that the General Public will be involved, the following plan will be implemented)

- 1) Notification of the emergency response agencies of the hazardous condition and Implement evacuation procedures.
- 2) A trained person in H₂S safety, shall monitor with detection equipment the H₂S Concentration, wind and area of exposure (ROE). This person will determine the outer perimeter of the hazardous area. The extent of the evacuation area will be determined from the data being collected. Monitoring shall continue until the situation has been resolved. (All monitoring equipment will be UL approved, for use in class I groups A,B,C & D, Division I, hazardous locations. All monitors will have a minimum capability of measuring H₂S, oxygen, and flammable values.)
- 3) Law enforcement shall be notified to set up necessary barriers and maintain such for the duration of the situation as well as aid in the evacuation procedure.
- 4) The company supervising personnel shall stay in communication with all agencies through out the duration of the situation and inform such agencies when the situation has been contained and the effected area(s) is safe to enter.

CHARACTERISTICS OF H2S AND SO2

Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen		1.189			
Sulfide	H₂S	Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm	600 ppm
		2.21			
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm

TRAINING:

All responders must have training in the detection of H₂S measures for protection against the gas, equipment used for protection and emergency response. Weekly drills by all crews will be conducted and recorded in the IADC daily log. Additionally, responders must be equipped with H₂S monitors at all times.

PUBLIC RELATIONS

Kaiser-Francis recognizes that the news media have a legitimate interest in incidents at Kaiser-Francis facilities that could affect the public. It is to the company's benefit to cooperate with the news media when incidents occur because these media are our best liaison with the public.

Our objective is to see that all reports of any emergency are factual and represent the company's position fairly and accurately. Cooperation with news media representatives is the most reliable guarantee that this objective will be met.

All contract and Kaiser-Francis employees are instructed **NOT** to make any statement to the media concerning the emergency incident. If a media representative contacts any employee, they should refer them to the designated Emergency Command Center where they should contact the Incident Commander or his designated relief for any information concerning the incident.



Kaiser-Francis Oil Company

Lea County, NM (NAD 83) Red Hills 103H

OH

Plan: Plan 1 07-03-18

Standard Planning Report

03 July, 2018





A TAP T REPARA TELA . на применатирани и изпристи стички колтон с Везециине Database: USA Compass Well 103H Local Co-ordinate Reference: Company: Kaiser-Francis Oil Company TVD Reference: RKB @ 3441.30usft (Cactus 171) Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83) **MD Reference:** RKB @ 3441.30usft (Cactus 171) Site: Red Hills North Reference: Grid Well: 103H **Survey Calculation Method:** Minimum Curvature Wellbore: OH Plan 1 07-03-18 Design: Project Lea County, NM (NAD 83) Map System: US State Plane 1983 System Datum: Mean Sea Level North American Datum 1983 Geo Datum: Map Zone: New Mexico Eastern Zone Site Red Hills 395.908.27 usft Northing: Site Position: Latitude: 32° 5' 11.01036 N Easting: 763,976.93 usft Longitude: 103° 36' 52.01054 W From: Map Grid Convergence: **Position Uncertainty:** 0.00 usft Slot Radius: 13-3/16 " 0.38 Well 103H +N/-S 0.61 usft 395,908.88 usft Well Position Latitude: 32° 5' 11,00980 N Northing: +E/-W 99.99 usft 764,076.92 usft Longitude: 103° 36' 50.84827 W Easting: **Position Uncertainty** 0.00 usft Wellhead Elevation: Ground Level: 3,418.30 usft Weilbore OH Magnetics **Model Name** Sample Date Declination **Dip Angle** Field Strength (°) (°) (nT) **MVHD** 9/3/2018 6.72 59.76 47,833.06821938 Plan 1 07-03-18 Design Audit Notes: Version: Phase: PLAN Tie On Depth: 0.00 +E/-W Vertical Section: Depth From (TVD) +N/-S Direction (usft) (usft) (usft) (°) -----0.00 0.00 0.00 179.44 **Plan Sections** Measured Vertical Dogleg Build Turn Depth Inclination +N/-S +E/-W Rate Azimuth Depth Rate Rate TFO (usft) (usft) (usft) (usft) (°/100usft) (°/100usft) (°/100usft) (°) (°) (°) Target 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.500.00 0.00 0.00 1,500.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 1.799.85 6.00 62.28 1,799.30 7.29 13.88 2.00 2.00 0.00 62.28 5,662.38 6.00 62.28 5,640.70 195.02 371.10 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 5,962.23 0.00 0.00 5,940.00 202.31 384.98 2.00 -2.00 0.00 180.00 9,199.27 0.00 0.00 202.31 384.98 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 9.177.04 10,099.27 90.00 179.44 -370.62 390.60 10.00 10.00 19.94 179.44 9,750.00 17,070.86 459.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 BHL - Red Hills 103 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -7,341.87



Database [.]	USA Compas	**************************************	1	i ocal	Co-ordinate	Reference	Well 103H		
Company:	Kaiser-Franci	is Oil Compar	v		oo-oramate Zeference	Reference.	RKB @ 34	41 30ueft (Cad	tue 171)
Project:	Les County I	NM (NAD 83)	TVD Reference: RKD (() 3441.300sti (Cactus 171)		(US 171)				
Pilos	Dod Lillo			North Peference. Crid			aus 171)		
Site:				North	Reference: Grid				
Well:	103H			Surve	y Calculatio	on Method: Minimum Curvature			
Wellbore:	он								
Design:	Plan 1 07-03	-18							
Olemand Summer	17	· · ·							
Planned Survey								-	
Measured			Vertical			Vertical	Dogleg	Build	Turn
Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	Section	Rate	Rate	Rate
(usft)	(°)	(°)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)
1 500 00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
KOP, Begir	12.00°/100° Bu		4 500 00						
1,600.00	2.00	62.28	1,599.98	0.81	1.54	-0.80	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,700.00	4.00	62.28	1,699.84	3.25	6.18	-3.19	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,799.85	6.00	62.28	1,799.30	7.29	13.88	-7.16	2.00	2.00	0.00
Hold 6.00°	INC at 62.28° A	zm							
1,800.00	6.00	62.28	1,799.45	7.30	13.89	-7.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.00	6.00	62.28	1,898.90	12.16	23.14	-11.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.00	6.00	62.28	1,998.36	17.02	32.39	-16.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.00	6.00	62.28	2,097.81	21.88	41.64	-21.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.00	6.00	62.28	2,197.26	26.74	50.89	-26.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
0 000 00	6.00	60.00	2 206 70	34.00	60.40	04.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.00	0.00	02.20	2,290.12	31.00	00.13	-31.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.00	6.00	02.20	2,390.17	30.40	09.38	-35.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.00	0.00	02.20	2,490.02	41.32	/ 0.03	-40.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.00	0.00	02.20	2,595.07	40.10	87.88	-45.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.00	0.00	02.20	2,094.55	51.04	97.13	-50.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.00	6.00	62.28	2,793.98	55.90	106.38	~54.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.00	6.00	62.28	2,893.43	60.76	115.62	-59.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.00	6.00	62.28	2,992.88	65.62	124.87	-64.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.00	6.00	62.28	3,092.34	70.48	134.12	-69.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.00	6.00	62.28	3,191.79	75.34	143.37	-73.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.300.00	6.00	62.28	3.291.24	80.20	152.62	-78.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400,00	6.00	62.28	3,390,70	85.06	161.87	-83.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.00	6.00	62.28	3,490,15	89.92	171.12	-88.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.00	6.00	62.28	3,589.60	94.78	180.36	-93.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.00	6.00	62.28	3,689.05	99.64	189.61	-97.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 800 00	6.00	62.29	3 700 51	104 50	100.06	102 55	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.00	6.00	62.20	3,700.51	104.50	209 11	-102.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
4 000 00	6.00	62.28	3 987 41	114 22	217 36	-112.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.00	6.00	62.28	4 086 86	119.08	226.61	-116.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.00	6.00	62.28	4,186.32	123.94	235.85	-121 63	0.00	0.00	0.00
4 000 00	0.00	00.00	4 005 77	400.00		400.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.00	6.00	62.28	4,285.//	128.80	245.10	-126.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	6.00	02.20	4,305.22	133.00	254.35	-131.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00	0.00	04.40 62.20	4,404.00 1 591 12	130.02	203.00	-130.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00	0.00 £ 00	02.20 62.20	4,304.13 1 603 60	140.00 140.00	212.00	-14U./1	0.00	0.00	0.00
₩,700.00	0.00	04.20	4 ,003.30	140.24	202.10	-140.40	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00	6.00	62.28	4,783.03	153.10	291.34	-150.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.00	6.00	62.28	4,882.49	157.96	300.5 9	-155.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.00	6.00	62.28	4,981.94	162.82	309.84	-159.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.00	6.00	62.28	5,081.39	167.68	319.09	-164.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,200.00	6.00	62.28	5,180.84	172.54	328.34	-169.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
5 300 00	6 00	62 28	5,280.30	177 40	337 50	-174 10	0.00	0.00	0 00
5,400.00	6.00	62.28	5.379 75	182 26	346 84	-178 87	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.00	6.00	62.28	5,479,20	187 12	356.08	-183 64	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.00	6.00	62 28	5,578.66	191.98	365 33	-188 41	0.00	0.00	0.00
5.662.38	6.00	62.28	5,640.70	195.02	371.10	-191 38	0.00	0.00	0.00
Begin 2 00	°/100' Dron	52.20	2,2,0.70		0,1,10	.51.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
200 Segui 2.00	Diop	_							
5,700.00	5.24	62.28	5,678.13	196.73	374.36	-193.06	2.00	-2.00	0.00
5,800.00	3.24	62.28	5,777.85	200.17	380.91	-196.44	2.00	-2.00	0.00
5,900.00	1.24	62.28	5,877.77	202.00	384.38	-198.23	2.00	-2.00	0.00
5,962.23	0.00	0.00	5,940.00	202.31	384.98	-198.54	2.00	-2.00	-100.07
Begin Verti	cal Hold								
9,199.27	0.00	0.00	9,177.04	202.31	384.98	-198.54	0.00	0.00	0.00

COMPASS 5000.14 Build 85F



Database: USA Compass Local Co-ordinate Reference: Well 103H Company: Kaiser-Francis Oil Company TVD Reference: RKB @ 3441 Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83) MD Reference: RKB @ 3441 Site: Red Hills North Reference: Grid Well: 103H Survey Calculation Method: Minimum Cur Wellbore: OH Plan 1 07-03-18	Well 103H RKB @ 3441.30usft (Cactus 171) RKB @ 3441.30usft (Cactus 171) Grid Minimum Curvature		
Planned Survey		,	
Measured Vertical Vertical Dogleg Depth Inclination Azimuth Depth +N/-S +E/-W Section Rate	Build Turr Rate Rate))	
(USR) (°) (°) (USR) (USR) (USR) (°100USR) ((7100usπ) (7100u	lsπ)	
KOP2, Begin 10.00°/100' Build			
9,200.00 0.07 179.44 9,177.77 202.31 384.98 -198.54 10.00	10.00	0.00	
9,300.00 10.07 179.44 9,277.25 193.48 385.07 -189.71 10.00	10.00	0.00	
9,400,00 20,07 179,44 9,373,09 107,51 365,32 -103,73 10,00	10.00	0.00	
9.600.00 40.07 179.44 9.545.89 67.80 386.30 -64.02 10.00	10.00	0.00	
9,700,00 50,07 170,44 9,616,42 2,01 396,99 6,69 10,00	10.00	0.00	
9,800,00 60.07 179,44 9,673,60 -84,79 387,80 88,57 10.00	10.00	0.00	
9,900,00 70,07 179,44 9,715,69 -175,35 388,69 179,14 10,00	10.00	0.00	
10,000.00 80.07 179.44 9,741.42 -271.85 389.63 275.64 10.00	10.00	0.00	
10,099.27 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -370.62 390.60 374.42 10.00	10.00	0.00	
LP, Hold 90.00° inc at 179.44° Azm			
10,100.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -371.35 390.61 375.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
10,200.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -471.34 391.59 475.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
10,300,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -571,34 392,57 575,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
10,400,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -671,33 393,55 675,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
	0.00	0.00	
10,600,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -871,32 395,52 875,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
10,700,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -971,52 396,50 975,15 0,00 10,800,00 90,00 170,44 9,750,00 -1071,31 397,48 1,075,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
10,900,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -1,71,31 398,46 1,75,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
11,000.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -1,271.30 399.44 1,275.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
11.100.00 90.00 179.44 9.750.00 -1.371.30 400.42 1.375.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
11,200.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -1,471.29 401.40 1,475.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
11,300.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -1,571.29 402.38 1,575.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
11,400.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -1,671.28 403.37 1,675.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
11,500.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -1,771.28 404.35 1,775.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
11,600.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -1,871.28 405.33 1,875.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
11,700.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -1,971.27 406.31 1,975.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
11,800.00 90.00 1/9.44 9,750.00 -2,071.27 407.29 2,075.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,900,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -2,771,20 400,27 2,173,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
	0.00	0.00	
12,100,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -2,371,25 410,23 2,375,15 0,00 12,200,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -2,471,25 411,22 2,475,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
12,300,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -2,571,24 412,20 2,575,15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
12,400.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -2,671.24 413.18 2,675.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
12,500.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -2,771.23 414.16 2,775.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
12,600.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -2,871.23 415.14 2,875.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
12,700.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -2,971.22 416.12 2,975.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
12,800.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -3,071.22 417.10 3,075.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
12,900,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -3,171,21 418,08 3,175,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
13,000,00 90,00 179,44 9,790,00 -3,271,21 419,07 3,275,15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
13,100,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -3,371,20 420,05 3,375,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
13,200,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -3,471,20 421,03 3,475,15 0,00 13,200,00 00,00 170,44 0,750,00 2,571,10 423,01 2,575,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
13,500,00 90,00 179,44 9,700,00 -5,571,19 422,01 3,575,15 0,00 13,400,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -3,671,10 422,00 3,675,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
13,500,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -3,771,18 423,97 3,775,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
	0.00	0.00	
13,000,00 90,00 179,44 9,700,00 -3,871,18 424,99 3,679,15 0,00 13,700,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -3,971,17 425,93 3,975,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
13,800,00 90,00 179,44 9,750,00 -3,971,17 426,92 4,075,15 0,00	0.00	0.00	
13,900.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -4,171.16 427.90 4,175.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,000.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -4,271.16 428.88 4,275.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,100.00 90.00 179.44 9,750.00 -4,371.15 429.86 4,375.15 0.00	0.00	0.00	

COMPASS 5000.14 Build 85F



Database: Company: Project: Site: Well:	USA Compa Kaiser-Franc Lea County, Red Hills 103H	Local Co-ordinate Reference: TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference: Survey Calculation Method:				Well 103H RKB @ 34 RKB @ 34 Grid Minimum (Well 103H RKB @ 3441.30usft (Cactus 171) RKB @ 3441.30usft (Cactus 171) Grid Minimum Curvature				
Wellbore:	OH										
Design:	Plan 1 07-03	3-18							a maana kuna alkadaa a		
Planned Survey									•••		
			Martha al				14	D	D-114	-	
Measured	I	A	Vertical				Vertical	Dogleg	Build	Turn	
(usft)	inclination (°)	Azimutn (°)	(usft)	+N/-S (usft)	-	+E/-W (usft)	(usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)	(°/100usft)	
14,200.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-4,471.	15	430.84	4,475.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,300.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-4,571.	15	431.82	4,575.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,400.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-4,671.	.14	432.80	4,675.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,500.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-4,771.	14	433.78	4,775.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,600.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-4,871.	13	434.76	4,875.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,700.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-4,971.	13	435.75	4,975.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,800.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,071.	.12	436.73	5,075.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
14,900.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,171.	12	437.71	5,175.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,000.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,271	.11	438.69	5,275.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,100.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,371	.11	439.67	5,375.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,200.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,471.	10	440.65	5,475.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,300.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,571.	10	441.63	5,575.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,400.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,671.	.09	442.61	5,675.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,500.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,771.	09	443.60	5,775.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,600.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,871.	08	444.58	5,875.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,700.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-5,971.	08	445.56	5,975.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,800.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,071.	07	446.54	6,075.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
15,900.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,171.	07	447.52	6,175.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,000.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,271.	06	448.50	6,275.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,100.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,371.	06	449.48	6,375.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,200.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,471.	05	450.46	6,475.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,300.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,571.	05	451.45	6,575.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,400.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,671.	04	452.43	6,675.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,500.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,771.	04	453.41	6,775.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,600,00	90.00	179.44	9.750.00	-6.871.	03	454.39	6.875.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,700.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-6,971.	03	455.37	6,975.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,800.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-7,071.	02	456.35	7,075.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
16,900.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-7,171.	02	457.33	7,175.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
17,000.00	90.00	179.44	9,750.00	-7,271.	02	458.31	7,275.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	
17,070.86 TD at 1707	90.00 0.86	179.44	9,750.00	-7,341.	87	459.01	7,346.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Design Targets				-	-				· · · · ·		
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. 1 (°) (1	ſVD +N/ usft) (us	-S + ft) (E/-W usft)	Northi (usft	ng Ea :) (asting usft)	Latitude	Lonaitude	
BHL - Red Hills 103 - plan hits target - Point	H 0.00 t center	0.00 9,	750.00 -7,34	¥1.87	459.01	388,5	567.01 7	64,535.93 32	2° 3' 58.32793	N 03° 36' 46.08298 V	

Surface Use Plan Kaiser-Francis Oil Company Red Hills 103H 2400' FSL & 1795' FWL, NESW Section 31, T25S, R33E Lea County, New Mexico

Surface Use & Operating Plan

Red Hills Pad 002

Wells: Red Hills 002H, Red Hills 102H, Red Hills 402H, and Red Hills 502H

Wells: Red Hills 003H, Red Hills 103H, Red Hills 403H, and Red Hills 503H

- Surface Owner: BLM
- New Road: 1833' of new road
- Facilities: Production facilities will be installed on well pad

• Well Site Information

V Door: North Topsoil: West

Interim Reclamation: No reclamation is planned

<u>Notes</u>

Drilling pad located on Federal Land. Jeff Robbins is the surface tenant and has been contacted by Kaiser-Francis Oil Company.

Onsite: On-site was done by William Degrush (BLM); Matt Warner (Kaiser-Francis), and Frank Jaramillo (Madron Surveying) on Apr 19, 2018.

NOS #: 10400029451



SURFACE USE AND OPERATING PLAN

1. Existing & Proposed Access Roads

- A. The well site survey and elevation plat for the proposed well is attached with this application. It was staked by Madron Surveying, Carlsbad, NM.
- B. All roads to the location are shown on the Road Map attachment. The existing lease roads are illustrated in red and are adequate for travel during drilling and disposal operations. Upgrading existing roads prior to drilling the well will be done where necessary. Proposed new access road is shown in red dashes on the Road Map attachment and is shown in detail on the Access Road Map attachment.
- C. Directions to location: See Madron Surveying Wellsite Layout attachment
- D. Based on current road maintenance performed on other roads serving existing wells, we anticipate maintaining the lease roads leading to the proposed well pad at least once a year on dry conditions and twice a year in wetter conditions.

2. Proposed Access Road:

The Access Road Map shows that 1833' of new access road will be required for this location. The access road will be constructed as follows:

The maximum width of the running surface will be 15'. The road will be crowned, ditched and constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche. Ditches will be at 3:1 slope and 3' feet wide. Water will be diverted where necessary to avoid ponding, prevent erosion, maintain good drainage, and to be consistent with local drainage patterns.

- A. The average grade will be less than 2%.
- B. No turnouts are planned.
- C. No cattleguard, culvert, gates, low water crossings or fence cuts are necessary.
- D. Surfacing material will consist of native caliche. Caliche will be obtained from the actual well site if available. If not available onsite, caliche will be hauled from nearby caliche pit on landowner's farm.

3. Location of Existing Well:

The 1-Mile Radius attachment shows existing wells within a one-mile radius of the proposed wellbore.

4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Facilities:

- A. There are currently no production facilities at this well site.
- B. Upon successfully completion of this well, we plan to install a production facility initially consisting of 2-1000 bbl water tanks and 8-1000 bbl oil tanks, a temporary 6x20 horizontal 3-phase separator, a 48" x 10' 3-phase separator, a 8 x 20' heater treater and a 48"x 10' 2-phase separator.
- C. Any additional caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. If caliche does not exist or is not plentiful from the well site, the caliche will be hauled from the nearest BLM approved caliche pit.
- D. No power line to this location is planned at this time.
- E. If completion of the well is successful, rehabilitation plans will include the following:
 - The original topsoil from the well site will be returned to the location, and the site will be re-contoured as close as possible to the original site.

5. Location and Type of Water Supply:

The well will be drilled with combination brine and fresh water mud system as outlined in the drilling program. The water will be obtained from a private source. Fresh water will come from landowner's water source used to fill KFOC utilized frac pit also located on land owner's surface. Brine water will come from Mesquite SWD, Inc.'s Malaga I Brine Station in Section 12-T23S-R28E and the alternate source is Mesquite SWD, Inc.'s Malaga II Brine Station in Section 20-T24S-R29E.

6. Source of Construction Materials and Location "Turn-Over" Procedure:

Obtaining caliche: One primary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means, caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. Amount will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

- A. Equipment that is needed to construct the proposed location will be as follows: Two dozers to flip the site for caliche and to move topsoil, one blade to level the surface, one Road Roller to roll and compact this site, one backhoe to dig the cellar, one water truck to water location and dust abatement and two dump trucks to haul surface material. If caliche is not available onsite and have to haul caliche from a private pit, in addition to equipment mentioned above we will have 10 belly dumps and one front end loader.
- B. The time line to complete construction will be approximately 10 days.

- C. The top 6 inches of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the south side of the location. Maximum height of the topsoil stock pile will be 3'.
- D. An approximate 160' X 160' area is used within the proposed well site to remove caliche.
- E. Subsoil is removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad.
- F. When caliche is found, material will be stock piled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- G. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- H. There will be no interim reclamation. Once well is drilled, the stock piled top soil will be seeded in place.
- I. Neither caliche, nor subsoil will be stock piled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat.

In the event that no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from the nearest BLM caliche pit

Methods of Handling Water Disposal:

- A. The well will be drilled utilizing a closed loop mud system. Drill cuttings will be held in roll-off style mud boxes and taken to an approved commercial disposal facility.
- B. Drilling fluids will be contained in steel mud pits and taken to an approved commercial disposal facility.
- C. Water produced from the well during completion will be held temporarily in steel tanks and then taken to an NMOCD approved commercial disposal facility.
- D. Garbage and trash produced during drilling or completion operations will be collected in a trash bin and hauled to an approved landfill.
- E. Human waste and grey water will need to be properly contained and disposed of. Proper disposal and elimination of waste and grey water may include but are not limited to portable septic systems and/or portable waste gathering systems (i.e. portable toilets).
- F. After the rig is moved out and the well is either completed or abandoned, all waste materials will be cleaned up within 30 days. In the event of a dry hole only a dry hole marker will remain.

7. Ancillary Facilities:

No airstrip, campsite or other facilities will be built as a result of the operation on this well.

8. Well Site Layout:

- A. The drill pad layout, with elevations staked by Madron Surveying, is shown in the Wellsite Layout attachment. Dimensions of the pad and pits are shown on the Drilling Site Layout. V door direction is north. Topsoil, if available, will be stockpiled on the west side of location, per BLM specifications. No major cuts will be required. A berm will be constructed on the east side of the pad.
- B. The Drilling Site Layout exhibit shows the proposed orientation of closed loop system and access road. No permanent living facilities are planned, but a temporary foreman/toolpusher's trailer will be on location during the drilling operations.

9. Plans for Restoration of the Surface:

- A. Interim Reclamation will take place within six months after the well has been completed. The pad will be downsized by reclaiming the areas not needed for disposal operations. The portions of the pad that are not needed for disposal operations will be re-contoured to its original state as much as possible. The caliche that is removed will be reused to either build another pad site or for road repairs within the lease. The stockpiled topsoil will then be spread out reclaimed area and reseeded with a BLM approved seed mixture. In the event that the well must be worked over or maintained, it may be necessary to drive, park, and/or operate machinery on reclaimed land. This area will be repaired or reclaimed after work is complete.
- B. Final Reclamation: Upon plugging and abandoning the well all caliche for well pad and lease road will be removed and surface will be recountoured to reflect its surroundings as much as possible within six months. Caliche will be recycled for road repair or reused for another well pad within the lease. If any topsoil remains, it will be spread out and the area will be re-seeded with a BLM approved mixture and re-vegetated as per BLM orders. When required by BLM, the well pad site will be restored to match preconstruction grades.

10. Surface Ownership:

- A. The surface is owned by the BLM. The surface tenant is Jeff Robbins 575-390-0660
- B. The proposed road routes and surface location will be restored as directed by the BLM.

11. Other Information:

- A. Around the wellsite, no wildlife was observed but it is likely that mule deer, rabbits, coyotes and rodents traverse the area.
- B. There is no permanent or live water in the immediate area.

12. Bond Coverage:

Bond Coverage is Statewide Bond # 106397421

15. Operator's Representative:

The Kaiser-Francis Oil Company representative responsible for assuring compliance with the surface use plan is as follows:

Robert Sanford Drilling Manager Kaiser-Francis Oil Company PO Box 21468 Tulsa, OK 74121 Office: 918-770-2682



Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Wellbore: Design:	USA Compass Kaiser-Francis Oil Company Lea County, NM (NAD 83) Red Hills 103H OH Plan 1 07-03-18			Local C TVD Re MD Ref North R Survey	o-ordinate Reference: ference: erence: eference: Calculation Method:	Well 103H RKB @ 3441.30usft (Cactus 171) RKB @ 3441.30usft (Cactus 171) Grid Minimum Curvature
Plan Annot	ations	·······			·····	······································
	Measured Depth (usft)	Vertical Depth (usft)	Local Cooi +N/-S (usft)	dinates +E/-W (usft)	Comment	
	1,500.00 1,799.85 5,662.38 5,962.23 9,199.27 10,099.27	1,500.00 1,799.30 5,640.70 5,940.00 9,177.04 9,750.00	0.00 7.29 195.02 202.31 202.31 -370.62	0.00 13.88 371.10 384.98 384.98 390.60	KOP, Begin 2.00°/100' Hold 6.00° Inc at 62.28 Begin 2.00°/100' Drop Begin Vertical Hold KOP2, Begin 10.00°/1 LP, Hold 90.00° Inc at TP at 47270 96	Build 3° Azm 00' Build 179.44° Azm