

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

HOBBS OFFICE OCC

Form C-122

Revised 12-1-55

MULTI-POINT BACK PRESSURE TEST FOR GAS WELLS

1957 FEB 11 AM 10:07

Pool Bumont Formation Yates - 7 Rivers County Lea

Initial _____ Annual _____ Special X Date of Test 6-15-56

Company Amerada Petroleum Corporation Lease State WE*G* Well No. 1

Unit H Sec. 34 Twp. 20 Rge. 36 Purchaser El Paso Natural Gas Company

Casing 7" Wt. 23.0# I.D. 6.366" Set at 4300 Perf. 3150 To 3600

Tubing 2-3/8" Wt. 4.7# I.D. 1.995 Set at 3636 Perf. 3632 To 3636

Gas Pay: From 3150 To 3600 L 3632 xG 0.680 -GL 2470' Bar.Press. 13.2

Producing Thru: Casing _____ Tubing X Type Well Single

Single-Bradenhead-G. G. or G.O. Dual

Date of Completion: 5-25-56 Packer 3131 Reservoir Temp. 91°

OBSERVED DATA

Tested Through (Bubblers) (Orifices) (Meter) Type Taps FLANGE

No.	Flow Data			Tubing Data		Casing Data		Duration of Flow Hr.	
	(Packer) (Line) Size	(Orifice) (Orifice) Size	Press. psig	Diff. h _w	Temp. °F.	Press. psig	Temp. °F.		Press. psig
SI						<u>686</u>			<u>72</u>
1.	<u>4"</u>	<u>0.750"</u>	<u>249</u>	<u>26.0</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>626</u>			<u>24</u>
2.	<u>4"</u>	<u>0.750"</u>	<u>325</u>	<u>40.3</u>	<u>77</u>	<u>546</u>			<u>24</u>
3.	<u>4"</u>	<u>0.750"</u>	<u>297</u>	<u>56.3</u>	<u>81</u>	<u>486</u>			<u>24</u>
4.	<u>4"</u>	<u>0.750"</u>	<u>325</u>	<u>75.7</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>408</u>			<u>24</u>
5.									

FLOW CALCULATIONS

No.	Coefficient (24-Hour)	$\sqrt{h_{wpf}}$	Pressure psia	Flow Temp. Factor F _t	Gravity Factor F _g	Compress. Factor F _{pv}	Rate of Flow Q-MCFPD @ 15.025 psia
1.	<u>3.435</u>	<u>82.57</u>	<u>262.2</u>	<u>0.9868</u>	<u>0.9393</u>	<u>1.026</u>	<u>269.7</u>
2.	<u>3.435</u>	<u>116.71</u>	<u>338.2</u>	<u>0.9840</u>	<u>0.9393</u>	<u>1.034</u>	<u>383.1</u>
3.	<u>3.435</u>	<u>132.13</u>	<u>310.2</u>	<u>0.9804</u>	<u>0.9393</u>	<u>1.030</u>	<u>430.5</u>
4.	<u>3.435</u>	<u>160.00</u>	<u>338.2</u>	<u>0.9795</u>	<u>0.9393</u>	<u>1.033</u>	<u>522.3</u>
5.							

PRESSURE CALCULATIONS

Gas Liquid Hydrocarbon Ratio Dry cf/bbl. Specific Gravity Separator Gas 0.655
 Gravity of Liquid Hydrocarbons _____ deg. Specific Gravity Flowing Fluid _____
 F_c 9.936 (1-e^{-s}) 0.156 P_c 699.2 P_c² 489.9

No.	P _w Pt (psia)	P _t ²	F _c Q	(F _c Q) ²	(F _c Q) ² (1-e ^{-s})	P _w ²	P _c ² -P _w ²	Cal. P _w	P _w /P _c
1.	<u>639.2</u>	<u>408.6</u>	<u>2.68</u>	<u>7.18</u>	<u>1.12</u>	<u>409.7</u>	<u>79.2</u>	<u>640.1</u>	<u>91.55</u>
2.	<u>559.2</u>	<u>312.7</u>	<u>3.81</u>	<u>14.52</u>	<u>2.27</u>	<u>315.0</u>	<u>173.9</u>	<u>561.2</u>	<u>80.26</u>
3.	<u>499.2</u>	<u>249.2</u>	<u>4.28</u>	<u>18.32</u>	<u>2.86</u>	<u>242.1</u>	<u>236.8</u>	<u>502.1</u>	<u>71.81</u>
4.	<u>421.2</u>	<u>177.4</u>	<u>5.19</u>	<u>26.94</u>	<u>4.20</u>	<u>181.6</u>	<u>307.3</u>	<u>426.1</u>	<u>60.94</u>
5.									

Absolute Potential: 680 MCFPD; n .5333
 COMPANY Amerada Petroleum Corporation
 ADDRESS _____
 AGENT and TITLE W.G. Abbott
 WITNESSED _____
 COMPANY EPNG

REMARKS

INSTRUCTIONS

This form is to be used for reporting multi-point back pressure tests on gas wells in the State, except those on which special orders are applicable. Three copies of this form and the back pressure curve shall be filed with the Commission at Box 871, Santa Fe.

The log log paper used for plotting the back pressure curve shall be of at least three inch cycles.

NOMENCLATURE

Q = Actual rate of flow at end of flow period at W. H. working pressure (P_w).
MCF/da. @ 15.025 psia and 60° F.

P_c = 72 hour wellhead shut-in casing (or tubing) pressure whichever is greater.
psia

P_w = Static wellhead working pressure as determined at the end of flow period.
(Casing if flowing thru tubing, tubing if flowing thru casing.) psia

P_t = Flowing wellhead pressure (tubing if flowing through tubing, casing if
flowing through casing.) psia

P_f = Meter pressure, psia.

h_w = Differential meter pressure, inches water.

F_g = Gravity correction factor.

F_t = Flowing temperature correction factor.

F_{pv} = Supercompressibility factor.

n = Slope of back pressure curve.

Note: If P_w cannot be taken because of manner of completion or condition of well, then P_w must be calculated by adding the pressure drop due to friction within the flow string to P_t .