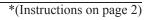
Form 3160-3 (June 2015) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE IN BUREAU OF LAND MANA APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DE	S NTERIOR AGEMEN	-		FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires: January 31, 2018 5. Lease Serial No. NMNM136226 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name						
1b. Type of Well:       ✓       Oil Well       Gas Well       Ot         1c. Type of Completion:       Hydraulic Fracturing       ✓       Sin	EENTER her ngle Zone [	Multiple Zone			Well No. 20549					
<ol> <li>Name of Operator MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY</li> <li>3a. Address</li> <li>5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500 Dallas TX 75240</li> <li>4. Location of Well (<i>Report location clearly and in accordance w</i> At surface SESE / 390 FSL / 614 FEL / LAT 32.124193 At proposed prod. zone NENE / 60 FNL / 992 FEL / LAT</li> </ol>	(972)371-5 vith any State 88 / LONG -	requirements.*) 103.3830062		9. API Well No. <b>30</b> 10. Field and Pool, WC-025 G-08 S25 11. Sec., T. R. M. or SEC 17 / T25S / R	or Explor 535340; E r Blk. and	atory <b>97088</b> BONE SPRING Survey or Area				
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post officient         11 miles         15. Distance from proposed*       390 feet         location to nearest       390 feet         property or lease line, ft.       (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)         18. Distance from proposed location*       to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for on this lease ft         30 feet       30 feet	16. No of ad 799.2 19. Propose	d Depth	320 20. BLM/	12. County or Parisl LEA ng Unit dedicated to t BIA Bond No. in file 1B001079	his well	13. State NM				
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3257 feet	22. Approxi 08/24/2020 24. Attac	imate date work will st	tart*	<ul><li>23. Estimated duration</li><li>60 days</li></ul>						
<ul> <li>The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of (as applicable)</li> <li>1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.</li> <li>2. A Drilling Plan.</li> <li>3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest Syster SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office)</li> </ul>	n Lands, the	<ul><li>4. Bond to cover the Item 20 above).</li><li>5. Operator certifica</li></ul>	operation	is unless covered by an mation and/or plans as	n existing	bond on file (see				
25. Signature (Electronic Submission) Title Regulatory	Nicky	(Printed/Typed) Fitzgerald / Ph: (972	2)371-54	48	Date 08/12/2	2019				
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission) Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applican applicant to conduct operations thereon.	Cody Office CARL	SBAD		in the subject lease w	Date 04/08/2 which wou					
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, m of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements of					any depar	tment or agency				

## GCP Rec 04/13/2020

SL





04/21/2020

## PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

<b>OPERATOR'S NAME:</b>	MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY
LEASE NO.:	NMNM136226
WELL NAME & NO.:	LESLIE FED COM / 124H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	390'/S & 614'/E
<b>BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE</b>	60'/N & 992'/E
LOCATION:	Section 17, T.25 S., R.35 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Lea County, New Mexico

### COA

H2S	C Yes	🖲 No	
Potash	None	© Secretary	© R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	• Low	C Medium	Ö High
Cave/Karst Potential	Critical		
Variance	O None	Flex Hose	C Other
Wellhead	Conventional	C Multibowl	Soth
Other	□4 String Area	Capitan Reef	□ WIPP
Other	Fluid Filled	Cement Squeeze	Pilot Hole
Special Requirements	🗖 Water Disposal	COM	🗖 Unit

### A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

### **B. CASING**

#### **Casing Design:**

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **965** feet (a minimum of **25 feet (Lea County)** into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after

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completing the cement job.

- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of <u>8</u>
   <u>hours</u> or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

# Intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet BLM minimum collapse requirement.

2. The **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately **5423** feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing is:

### **Option 1 (Single Stage):**

• Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst or potash.

### **Option 2:**

Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.

- a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
  - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office.
     Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst or potash.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

### **Option 1 (Single Stage):**

• Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

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### **Option 2:**

Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.

- a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

### C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).'

### 2.

### **Option 1:**

- a. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **3000 (3M)** psi.
- b. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the intermediate casing shoe shall be **5000** (**5M**) psi.

### **Option 2:**

- 1. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000** (**5M**) psi.
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.

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- d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

### **D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)**

#### **Communitization Agreement**

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 E Greene St. Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. <u>When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.</u>

## **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)
  - Eddy County Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822
  - Lea County
     Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 393-3612
- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
  - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
  - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
    - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
    - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
    - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

### A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>24</u> <u>hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

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#### B. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
  - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including

lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
- c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

### D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

#### NMK04012020

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#### U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



04/08/2020

### **Operator Certification**

I hereby certify that I, or someone under my direct supervision, have inspected the drill site and access route proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions which currently exist; that I have full knowledge of state and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or the company I represent, am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are

NAME: Nicky Fitzgerald		Signed on: 08/12/2019
Title: Regulatory		
Street Address: 5400 LBJ FREEW	AY STE 1500	
City: DALLAS	State: TX	<b>Zip:</b> 75240
Phone: (972)371-5448		
Email address: nicky.fitzgerald@m	atadorresources.com	
Field Representative		
Representative Name:		
Street Address:		

City: State:

Zip:

Phone:

Email address:

# **WAFMSS**

#### U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Submission Date: 08/12/2019

Well Number: 124H Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes Show Final Text

04/08/2020

Application Data Report

APD ID: 10400043720

**Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY** 

Well Name: LESLIE FED COM

Well Type: OIL WELL

### Section 1 - General

Tie to previous NOS?	N	Submission Date: 08/12/2019
User: Nicky Fitzgerald	Title:	Regulatory
Is the first lease penetr	ated for productio	n Federal or Indian? FED
Lease Acres: 799.2		
Allotted?	Reservation:	
Federal or Indian agree	ment:	
APD Operator: MATADO	OR PRODUCTION	COMPANY
	User: Nicky Fitzgerald Is the first lease penetr Lease Acres: 799.2 Allotted? Federal or Indian agree	Is the first lease penetrated for productio Lease Acres: 799.2

### **Operator Info**

Operator Organization Name: MAT	ADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY	
Operator Address: 5400 LBJ Freew	ay, Suite 1500	7:
Operator PO Box:		<b>Zip:</b> 75240
Operator City: Dallas	State: TX	

Operator Phone: (972)371-5200

Operator Internet Address: amonroe@matadorresources.com

### **Section 2 - Well Information**

Well in Master Development Plan? NO	Master Development Plan nam	ie:
Well in Master SUPO? NO	Master SUPO name:	
Well in Master Drilling Plan? NO	Master Drilling Plan name:	
Well Name: LESLIE FED COM	Well Number: 124H	Well API Number:
Field/Pool or Exploratory? Field and Pool	Field Name: WC-025 G-08	Pool Name: WC-025 G-08
	S2535340; BONE SPRING	S2535340

Well Number: 124H

Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? NATURAL GAS, CO2, OIL

Is the proposed well in a Helium production area	? N Use Existing Well Pad? YES	New surface disturbance? N
Type of Well Pad: MULTIPLE WELL	Multiple Well Pad Name:	Number: 4
Well Class: HORIZONTAL	LESLIE FED COM SLOT Number of Legs: 1	
Well Work Type: Drill		
Well Type: OIL WELL		
Describe Well Type:		
Well sub-Type: INFILL		
Describe sub-type:		
Distance to town: 11 Miles Distance	to nearest well: 30 FT Dista	Ince to lease line: 390 FT
Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measurer	ment: 320 Acres	
Well plat: LO_LESLIE_FED_COM_124H_Signe	d_C_102_20200114162029.pdf	
Well work start Date: 08/24/2020	Duration: 60 DAYS	

### **Section 3 - Well Location Table**

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

Describe Survey Type:

Datum: NAD83

Survey number:

Vertical Datum: NAVD88

**Reference Datum:** 

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD	Will this well produce from this lease?
SHL	390	FSL	614	FEL	25S	35E	17		32.12419	-	LEA	NEW	NEW	F	NMNM	325	0	0	
Leg								SESE	38	103.3830		MEXI	MEXI		136226	7			
#1										062									
KOP	100	FSL	991	FEL	25S	35E	17		32.12339	-	LEA	NEW	NEW	F	NMNM	-	103	103	
Leg								SESE	98	103.3842		MEXI	MEXI		136226	708	56	42	
#1										228						5			
PPP	528	FSL	991	FEL	25S	35E	8		32.13758	-	LEA	NEW	NEW	F	NMNM	-	161	109	
Leg	0							SESE	6	103.3863		MEXI	MEXI		125658	765	00	15	
#1-1										6						8			

### Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY

Well Name: LESLIE FED COM

#### Well Number: 124H

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD	Will this well produce from this lease?
PPP	100	FSL	991	FEL	35S	35E	17		32.12339	-	LEA	NEW	NEW	F	NMNM	-	109	108	
Leg								SESE	98	103.3842		MEXI	MEXI		136226	758	59	39	
#1-2										228						2			
EXIT	100	FNL	992	FEL	25S	35E	8		32.15187	-	LEA	NEW	NEW	F	FEE	-	211	109	
Leg								NENE	27	103.3842		MEXI	MEXI			765	01	15	
#1										304						8			
BHL	60	FNL	992	FEL	25S	35E	8		32.15198	-	LEA	NEW	NEW	F	FEE	-	211	109	
Leg								NENE	26	103.3842		MEXI	MEXI			765	41	15	
#1										304						8			

# AFMSS

APD ID: 10400043720

#### U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Submission Date: 08/12/2019

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

04/08/2020

Drilling Plan Data Report

**Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY** Well Name: LESLIE FED COM

Well Type: OIL WELL

Well Number: 124H Well Work Type: Drill

Show Final Text

### **Section 1 - Geologic Formations**

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
499126	QUATERNARY	3257	0	0	Ĵ	NONE	N
499127	RUSTLER	2347	910	910	ANHYDRITE	NONE	N
499128	TOP SALT	1942	1315	1315	SALT	NONE	N
499129	CASTILE	-380	3637	3637	SALT	NONE	N
499130	BASE OF SALT	-2083	5340	5340	SALT	NONE	N
499131	BELL CANYON	-2141	5398	5398	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
499132	BRUSHY CANYON	-4513	7770	7770	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
499133	BONE SPRING LIME	-5845	9102	9102	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
499134	BONE SPRING 1ST	-7096	10353	10353	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
499135	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7243	10500	10516	OTHER : Carbonate	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
499136	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7582	10839	10959	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

### Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 12000

Equipment: A 12,000' 5000-psi BOP stack consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram, and one annular preventer will be utilized below surface casing to TD. See attachments for BOP and choke manifold diagrams. An accumulator complying with Onshore Order #2 requirements for the pressure rating of the BOP stack will be present. A rotating head will also be installed as needed.

#### Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Matador requests a variance to have the option of running a multi-bowl wellhead assembly for setting the Intermediate 1 and Production Strings. The BOPs will not be tested again unless any flanges are separated. Matador requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed coflex hose is attached. The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. If the specific hose is not available, then

#### **Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY**

Well Name: LESLIE FED COM

#### Well Number: 124H

one of equal or higher rating will be used. Matador requests a variance to have the option of batch drilling this well with other wells on the same pad. In the event that this well is batch drilled, the wellbore will be secured with a blind flange of like pressure. When the rig returns to this well and BOPs are installed, the operator will perform a full BOP test. **Testing Procedure:** BOP will be inspected and operated as required in Onshore Order #2. Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. A third party company will test the BOPs. After setting surface casing, a minimum 5M BOPE system will be installed. Test pressures will be 250 psi low and 5000 psi high with the annular preventer being tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high before drilling below surface shoe. In the event that the rig drills multiple wells on the pad and any seal subject to test pressures are broken, a full BOP test will be performed when the rig returns and the 5M BOPE system is re-installed.

#### Choke Diagram Attachment:

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_5M\_Choke\_Manifold\_Arrangement\_20190716095222.pdf

#### **BOP Diagram Attachment:**

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_5M\_BOP\_20190716095238.pdf

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_Co\_Flex\_Certs\_20190807093434.pdf

#### **Section 3 - Casing**

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	935	0	935			935	J-55	54.5		_	1.12 5	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
	INTERMED IATE	12.2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	5423	0	5423			5423	J-55	40	BUTT	_	1.12 5	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8
3	PRODUCTI ON	8.75	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	21141	0	10915			21141	P- 110			_	1.12 5	BUOY	1.8	BUOY	1.8

#### **Casing Attachments**

Well Number: 124H

#### **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 1 String Type: SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_124H\_BLM\_Casing\_Design\_Assumptions\_3\_string\_20190716095741.pdf

Casing ID: 2 String Type: INTERMEDIATE

**Inspection Document:** 

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_124H\_BLM\_Casing\_Design\_Assumptions\_3\_string\_20190716095755.pdf

Casing ID: 3 String Type: PRODUCTION

**Inspection Document:** 

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_BLM\_Casing\_Design\_Assumptions\_3\_string\_20190716095816.pdf

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_Casing\_Specs\_5.5in\_20lb\_VAM\_DWCC\_IS\_HT\_Plus\_20190716095817.PDF

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_3\_String\_Wellhead\_Diagram\_20190716095940.pdf

Well Name: LESLIE FED COM

Well Number: 124H

Section	4-00		L								
String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	635	430	1.72	12.5	734	50	С	5% NaCl + LCM
SURFACE	Tail		635	935	250	1.38	14.8	347	50	С	5% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	4338	990	2.13	12.6	2108	50	С	Bentonite + 1% CaCL2 + 8% NaCl + LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4338	5423	390	1.38	14.8	544	50	С	5% NaCl + LCM
PRODUCTION	Lead		5223	9856	650	2.22	11.5	1452	25	н	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM
PRODUCTION	Tail		9856	2114 1	2650	1.35	13.2	3573	25	н	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM

### Section 4 - Cement

### Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

**Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions:** An electronic Pason mud monitoring system complying with Onshore Order 2 will be used. All necessary mud products (barite, bentonite, LCM) for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions. **Describe the mud monitoring system utilized:** A 2-person mud logging program will be used from Kick-off point to TD.

### Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Max Weight (Ibs/gal)	Density (Ibs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	НА	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	935	SPUD MUD	8.4	8.8							

#### **Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY**

Well Name: LESLIE FED COM

Well Number: 124H

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Max Weight (Ibs/gal)	Density (Ibs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	НА	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
5423	1091 5	OTHER : Cut Brine/OBM	8.6	9.4							
935	5423	SALT SATURATED	9.5	10.2							

#### Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

#### List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

A 2-person mud logging program will be used from Kick-off point to TD. No electric logs are planned at this time. GR will be collected through the MWD tools from Intermediate casing to TD. CBL with CCL will be run as far as gravity will let it fall to top of curve.

#### List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

CBL,GR,MUDLOG,OTH

#### Other log type(s):

CCL

#### Coring operation description for the well:

No core or drill stem test is planned.

#### **Section 7 - Pressure**

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 5335

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2933.7

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 160

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

**Describe:** 

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? NO Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

**Operator Name: MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANY** 

Well Name: LESLIE FED COM

Well Number: 124H

### **Section 8 - Other Information**

#### Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

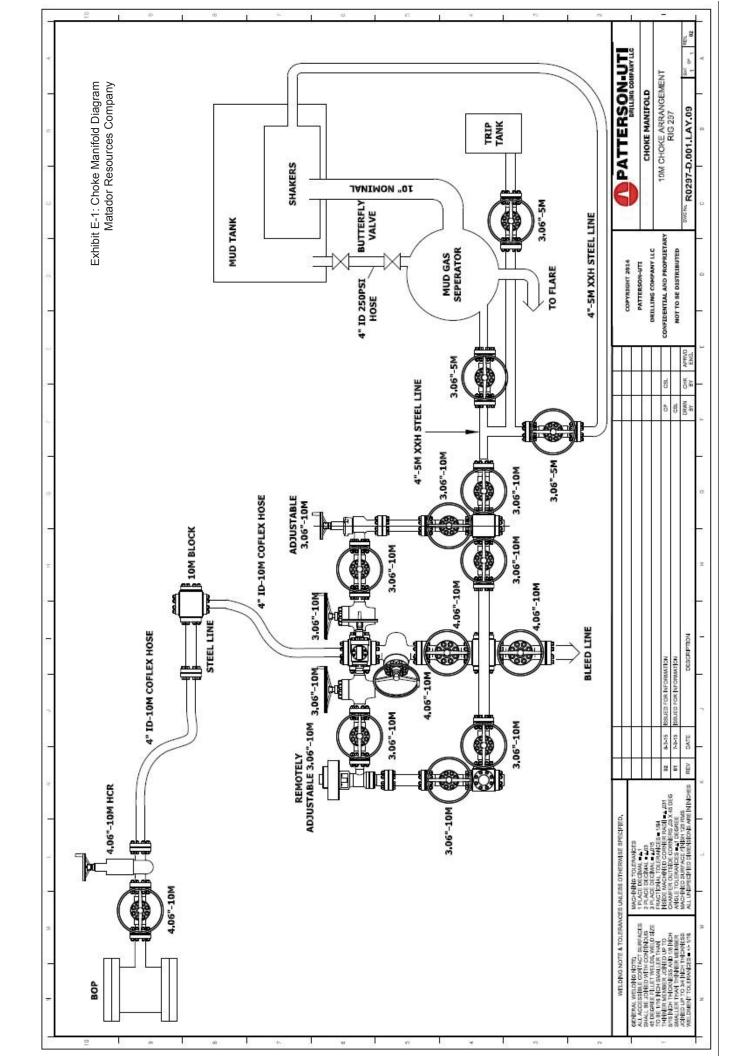
Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_Directional\_Well\_Plan\_v1\_20190716102637.pdf Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_Directional\_AC\_Report\_v1\_20190716102652.pdf

#### Other proposed operations facets description:

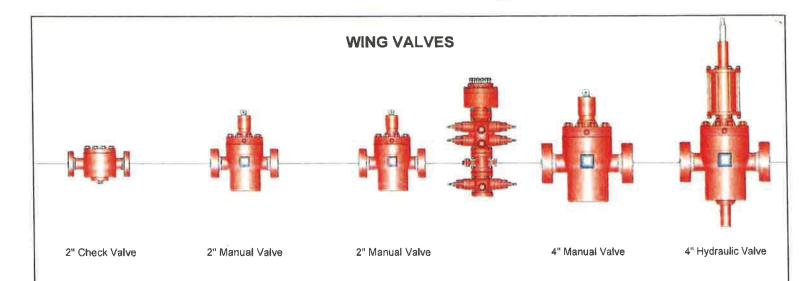
#### Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_3\_String\_Wellhead\_Diagram\_20190716102749.pdf H2S\_Plan\_20190716102748.pdf Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_Closed\_Loop\_System\_20190716102750.pdf Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_\_124H\_Drill\_Plan\_20190716102750.pdf Gas\_Capture\_\_Leslie\_Fed\_Com\_Wells\_20190807095110.pdf

#### Other Variance attachment:



Mat	Exhibit E-1: BOP tador Resources Company	
	ITI	<b>RIG:</b> 297
and the second design of the		PATTERSON-UTI #PS2-628
and the second second second	Made by Cameron (Shaffer Spherical)	STYLE: New Shaffer Spherical
	Clone Annular	BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 5,000
		HEIGHT: 48 1/2" WEIGHT: 13,800 lbs
100.0 km 0		PATTERSON-UTI # PC2-128
		STYLE: New Cameron Type U
		BORE <u>13 5/8"</u> pressure 10,000
		RAMS: TOP_5" Pipe_BTM_Blinds_
an 'ee' an		неіднт: <u>66 5/8"</u> weight: <u>24,000 lbs</u>
1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1 (1		Length _40" Outlets 4" 10M
m in the second second		DSA <u>4" 10M x 2" 10M</u>
	1284-01228-05C	PATTERSON-UTI # PC2-228
		STYLE: New Cameron Type U
		BORE 13 5/8" PRESSURE 10,000
		RAMS:5" Ріре неіднт:41_5/8"_weight:13,000 lbs



### **Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions**

#### **Surface Casing**

Collapse: DF<sub>c</sub>=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

#### Burst: DFb=1.125

• Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: DFt=1.8

• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

### Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: DFc=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: DF<sub>b</sub>=1.125

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

#### Tensile: DFt=1.8

• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

### **Production Casing**

Collapse: DF<sub>C</sub>=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: DF<sub>b</sub>=1.125

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

#### Tensile: DFt=1.8

• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

### **Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions**

#### **Surface Casing**

Collapse: DF<sub>c</sub>=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

#### Burst: DFb=1.125

• Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: DFt=1.8

• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

### Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: DFc=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: DF<sub>b</sub>=1.125

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

#### Tensile: DFt=1.8

• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

### **Production Casing**

Collapse: DF<sub>C</sub>=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: DF<sub>b</sub>=1.125

- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

#### Tensile: DFt=1.8

• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).

### **Casing Design Criteria and Load Case Assumptions**

#### **Surface Casing**

Collapse: DF<sub>c</sub>=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.52 psi/ft).

#### Burst: DFb=1.125

• Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.43 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

Tensile: DFt=1.8

• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (8.3 ppg).

### Intermediate #2 Casing

Collapse: DFc=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: DF<sub>b</sub>=1.125

- Pressure Test: Casing test per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Gas Kick Profile: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at that depth. Surface burst pressure will be fracture gradient at setting depth less a gas gradient to equivalent height of 50 bbl kick with Drill Pipe inside casing and mud gradient with which the next hole section will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft). External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Fracture at Shoe with 1/3 BHP at Surface: Internal burst force at the shoe will be Fracture Pressure at setting depth. Internal burst force at surface will be 1/3 of pore pressure at setting depth. External force will be equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.52 psi/ft) which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

#### Tensile: DFt=1.8

• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (10.0 ppg).

### **Production Casing**

Collapse: DF<sub>C</sub>=1.125

- Full Internal Evacuation: Collapse force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft). The effects of axial load on collapse will be considered.
- Cementing: Collapse force equal to the gradient of planned cement slurries to planned depths and mud gradient in which the casing will be run above that (0.47 psi/ft) and an internal force equal to mud gradient of displacement fluid (0.43 psi/ft).

Burst: DF<sub>b</sub>=1.125

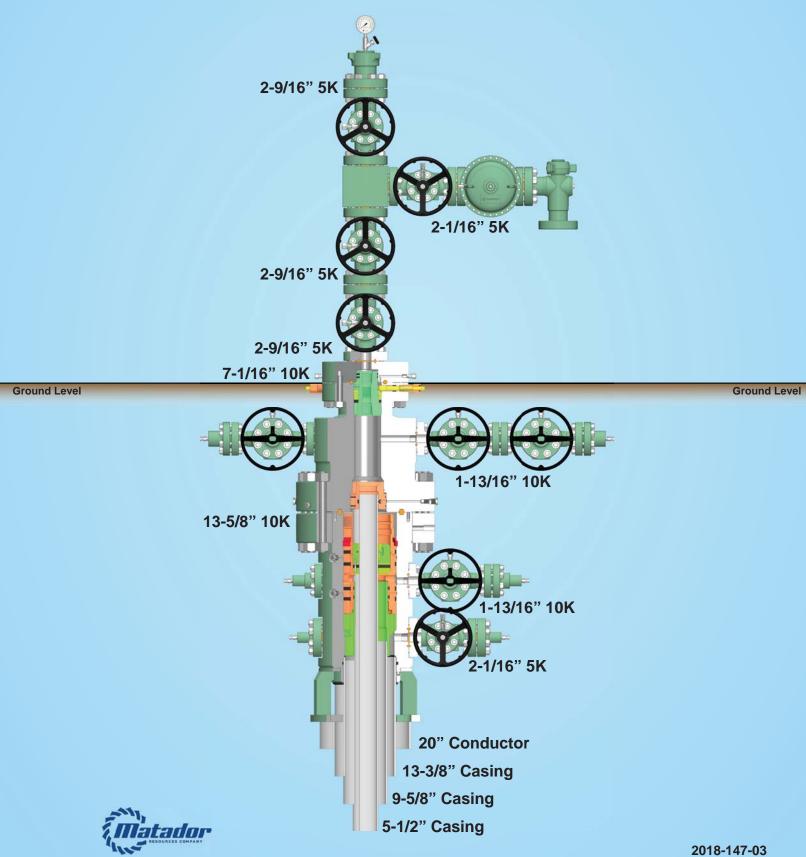
- Pressure Test: 8000 psi casing test with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.
- Injection Down Casing: 9500 psi surface injection pressure plus an internal pressure gradient of 0.65 psi/ft with an external force equal to the mud gradient in which the casing will be run (0.47 psi/ft), which is a more conservative backup force than pore pressure.

#### Tensile: DFt=1.8

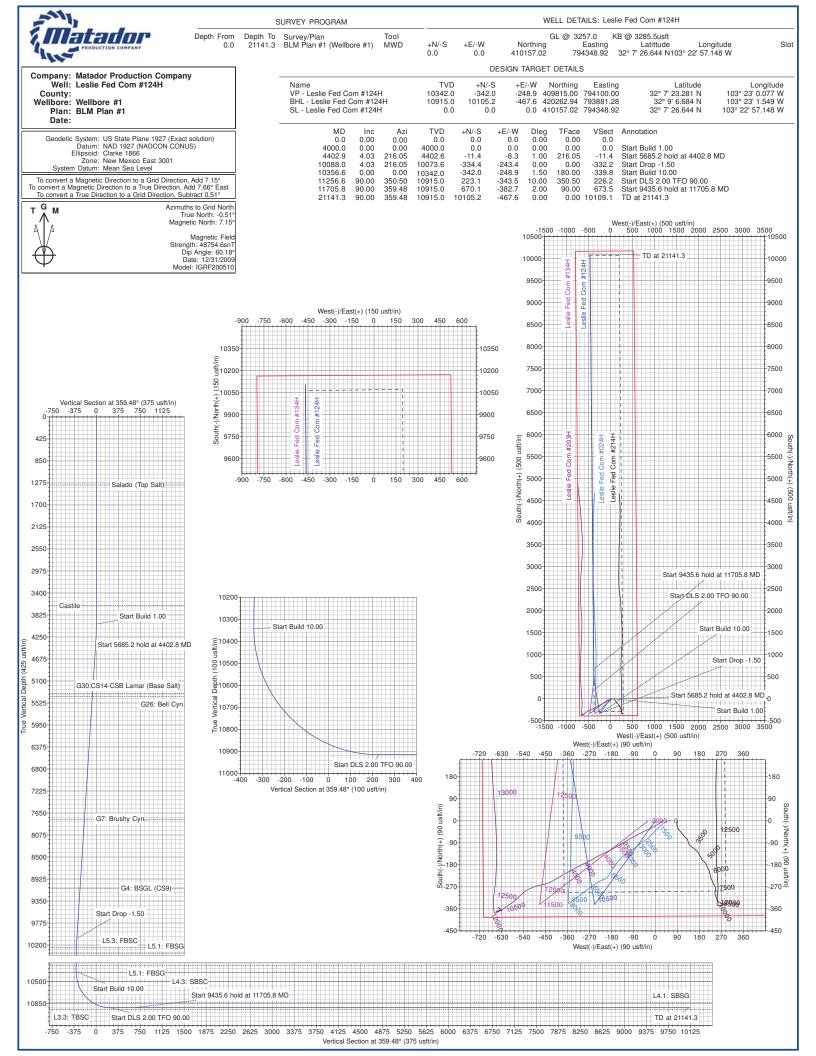
• Overpull: A downward force of 100,000 lbs is applied at the shoe along with the weight of the casing string utilizing the effects of buoyancy (9.0 ppg).



# **13-5/8" 10K MN-DS Wellhead** 13-3/8 x 9-5/8 x 5-1/2 Casing Program



#### Rev: 01 NOTE: All dimensions on this drawing are estimated measurements and should be evaluated by engineering.



# **Matador Production Company**

Antelope Ridge Leslie Leslie Fed Com #124H

Wellbore #1

Plan: BLM Plan #1

# **Standard Planning Report**

20 June, 2019

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Well: Wellbore: Design:	Matac Antelo Leslie Wellb	Fed Com #124	Company		TVD Refer MD Refere North Ref	ence:	ft ft ture			
Project	Antelo	be Ridge								
Map System: Geo Datum: Map Zone:	NAD 192	e Plane 1927 (E 27 (NADCON C xico East 3001			System Dat	tum:		ean Sea Level	ale factor	
Site	Leslie									
Site Position: From: Position Uncert		Long 0.1	Northi Eastin 0 usft Slot Ra	g:		,058.43 usft ,848.60 usft 13-3/16 ''	Latitude: Longitude: Grid Converg	ence:		32° 7' 25.799 N 103° 23' 14.602 W 0.50 °
Well	Leslie F	ed Com #124F	1							
Well Position Position Uncert	+N/-S +E/-W ainty	1,500	.3 usft Ea	rthing: sting: Ilhead Elevat	tion:	410,157.02 794,348.92	usft Lor	itude: igitude: und Level:		32° 7' 26.644 N 103° 22' 57.148 W 3,257.0 usft
Wellbore	Wellbo	ore #1								
Magnetics	Mo	del Name	Sample	e Date	Declina (°)	tion	Dip A ('	-		Strength nT)
		IGRF200510	1	2/31/2009		7.66		60.18	48,7	754.57919623
Design	BLM P	an #1								
Audit Notes:										
Version:	1		Phase	e: F	PLAN	Tie	On Depth:		0.0	
Vertical Section	:	C	Depth From (TV (usft) 0.0	′D)	<b>+N/-S</b> (usft) 98.6	(u:	/ <b>-W</b> sft) 00.3		rection (°) 59.48	
Plan Survey To Depth Fro (usft)	om Dept (us	ft) Survey	6/20/2019 <b>(Wellbore)</b> an #1 (Wellbore	e #1)	Tool Name MWD OWSG MWD	- Standard	Remarks			
Plan Sections Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.0 4,000.0 4,402.8 10,088.0 10,356.6 11,256.6	0.00 0.00 4.03 4.03 0.00 90.00 90.00	0.00 0.00 216.04 216.04 0.00 350.50 359.48	0.0 4,000.0 4,402.5 10,073.7 10,342.0 10,915.0 10,915.0	98.6 98.6 87.1 -235.8 -243.4 321.7 768.6	1,500.3 1,500.3 1,492.0 1,257.0 1,251.5 1,156.9 1,117.7	0.00 0.00 1.00 1.50 10.00 2.00	0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00 -1.50 10.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 2.00	0.00 0.00 216.04 0.00 180.00 350.50 90.00	VP - Leslie Fed Com ;
11,705.8										

Database:	EDM 5000.14 Server	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Leslie
Company:	Matador Production Company	TVD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Project:	Antelope Ridge	MD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Site:	Leslie	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Leslie Fed Com #124H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	BLM Plan #1		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.0	0.00	0.00	200.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
300.0	0.00	0.00	300.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.0	0.00	0.00	700.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
800.0	0.00	0.00	800.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
900.0	0.00	0.00	900.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.0	0.00	0.00	1,000.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.0	0.00	0.00	1,200.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.0	0.00	0.00	1,300.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,315.3	0.00	0.00	1,315.3	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Salado (Top	Salt)								
1,400.0	0.00	0.00	1,400.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.0	0.00	0.00	1,500.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,600.0	0.00	0.00	1,600.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.0	0.00	0.00	1,700.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.0	0.00	0.00	1,800.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.0	0.00	0.00	1,900.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.0	0.00	0.00	2,000.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.0	0.00	0.00	2,100.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.0	0.00	0.00	2,200.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.0	0.00	0.00	2,300.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.0	0.00	0.00	2,400.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.0	0.00	0.00	2,500.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.0	0.00	0.00	2,600.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.0	0.00	0.00	2,700.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.0	0.00	0.00	2,800.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.0	0.00	0.00	2,900.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.0	0.00	0.00	3,000.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.0	0.00	0.00	3,100.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.0	0.00	0.00	3,200.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.0	0.00	0.00	3,300.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.0	0.00	0.00	3,400.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.0	0.00	0.00	3,500.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.0	0.00	0.00	3,600.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,636.8	0.00	0.00	3,636.8	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Castile	0.00	0.00	2 700 0	00.0	1 500 0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.0	0.00	0.00	3,700.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.0	0.00	0.00	3,800.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.0	0.00	0.00	3,900.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.0	0.00	0.00	4,000.0	98.6	1,500.3	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start Build 1		246.04	4 100 0	07.0	1 400 8	0.7	1.00	1.00	0.00
4,100.0 4,200.0	1.00 2.00	216.04 216.04	4,100.0 4,200.0	97.9 95.8	1,499.8 1,498.3	-0.7 -2.8	1.00 1.00	1.00 1.00	0.00
4,300.0	3.00	216.04	4,299.9	92.2	1,495.7	-6.3	1.00	1.00	0.00
4,400.0	4.00	216.04	4,399.7	87.3	1,492.1	-11.2	1.00	1.00	0.00
4,402.8	4.03	216.04	4,402.5	87.1	1,492.0	-11.4	1.00	1.00	0.00
Start 5685.2	hold at 4402.8 N 4.03	216.04	4,499.4	81.6	1,488.0	-16.9	0.00	0.00	0.00

Database:	EDM 5000.14 Server	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Leslie
Company:	Matador Production Company	TVD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Project:	Antelope Ridge	MD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Site:	Leslie	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Leslie Fed Com #124H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	BLM Plan #1		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
4,600.0	4.03	216.04	4,599.2	75.9	1,483.8	-22.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.0	4.03	216.04	4,698.9	70.3	1,479.7	-28.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.0	4.03	216.04	4,798.7	64.6	1,475.6	-33.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.0	4.03	216.04	4,898.4	58.9	1,471.4	-39.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.0	4.03	216.04	4,998.2	53.2	1,467.3	-45.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.0	4.03	216.04	5,097.9	47.5	1,463.2	-50.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,200.0	4.03	216.04	5,197.7	41.9	1,459.0	-56.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.0	4.03	216.04	5,297.5	36.2	1,454.9	-62.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
,	4.03						0.00		
5,342.6		216.04	5,339.9	33.8	1,453.1	-64.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	SB Lamar (Base	,	5 007 0	0.0 5	4 450 0				
5,400.0	4.03	216.04	5,397.2	30.5	1,450.8	-67.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.3	4.03	216.04	5,397.5	30.5	1,450.8	-67.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
G26: Bell Cy	n.								
5,500.0	4.03	216.04	5,497.0	24.8	1,446.6	-73.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.0	4.03	216.04	5,596.7	19.1	1,442.5	-78.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.0	4.03	216.04	5,696.5	13.5	1,438.4	-84.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.0	4.03	216.04	5,796.2	7.8	1,434.2	-90.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.0	4.03	216.04	5,896.0	2.1	1,430.1	-95.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.0		216.04		-3.6			0.00	0.00	0.00
,	4.03		5,995.7		1,426.0	-101.5			
6,100.0	4.03	216.04	6,095.5	-9.3	1,421.8	-107.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.0	4.03	216.04	6,195.2	-14.9	1,417.7	-112.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.0	4.03	216.04	6,295.0	-20.6	1,413.6	-118.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.0	4.03	216.04	6,394.7	-26.3	1,409.4	-124.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.0	4.03	216.04	6,494.5	-32.0	1,405.3	-129.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.0	4.03	216.04	6,594.2	-37.7	1,401.2	-135.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.0	4.03	216.04	6,694.0	-43.3	1,397.0	-141.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.0	4.03	216.04	6,793.7	-49.0	1,392.9	-146.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.0	4.03	216.04	6,893.5	-54.7	1,388.8	-152.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.0	4.03	216.04	6,993.3	-60.4	1,384.6	-157.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.0	4.03	216.04	7,093.0	-66.1	1,380.5	-163.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.0	4.03	216.04	7,192.8	-71.7	1,376.4	-169.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.0 7,400.0	4.03	216.04 216.04	7,292.5 7,392.3	-77.4 -83.1	1,372.2 1,368.1	-174.9 -180.5	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
7,400.0	4.03	216.04		-03.1	1,300.1	-160.5		0.00	0.00
7,500.0	4.03	216.04	7,492.0	-88.8	1,364.0	-186.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,600.0	4.03	216.04	7,591.8	-94.5	1,359.8	-191.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,700.0	4.03	216.04	7,691.5	-100.2	1,355.7	-197.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,779.1	4.03	216.04	7,770.4	-104.6	1,352.4	-201.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
G7: Brushy	Cyn.								
7,800.0	4.03	216.04	7,791.3	-105.8	1,351.6	-203.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.0	4.03	216.04	7,891.0	-111.5	1,347.4	-208.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.0	4.03	216.04	7,990.8	-117.2	1,343.3	-214.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.0	4.03	216.04	8,090.5	-122.9	1,343.3	-214.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.0	4.03	216.04	8,190.3	-128.6	1,335.0	-225.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.0	4.03	216.04	8,290.0	-134.2	1,330.9	-223.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.0	4.03	216.04	8,389.8	-139.9	1,326.8	-236.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.0	4.03	216.04	8,489.5	-145.6	1,322.6	-242.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.0	4.03	216.04	8,589.3	-151.3	1,318.5	-248.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,700.0	4.03	216.04	8,689.1	-157.0	1,314.4	-253.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,800.0	4.03	216.04	8,788.8	-162.6	1,310.2	-259.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.0	4.03	216.04	8,888.6	-168.3	1,306.1	-265.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,000.0	4.03	216.04	8,988.3	-174.0	1,302.0	-270.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,100.0	4.03	216.04	9,088.1	-179.7	1,297.8	-276.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	4.00	210.04	5,000.1	-110.1	1,201.0	-210.4	0.00	0.00	0.00

Database:	EDM 5000.14 Server	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Leslie
Company:	Matador Production Company	TVD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Project:	Antelope Ridge	MD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Site:	Leslie	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Leslie Fed Com #124H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	BLM Plan #1		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
G4: BSGL (C		010.01	0.407.0	105.1	4 000 -	600 <i>(</i>	0.05		0.00
9,200.0	4.03	216.04	9,187.8	-185.4	1,293.7	-282.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.0	4.03	216.04	9,287.6	-191.0	1,289.6	-287.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,400.0	4.03	216.04	9,387.3	-196.7	1,285.4	-293.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,500.0	4.03	216.04	9,487.1	-202.4	1,281.3	-299.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,600.0	4.03	216.04	9,586.8	-208.1	1,277.2	-304.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,700.0	4.03	216.04	9,686.6	-213.8	1,273.0	-310.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,800.0	4.03	216.04	9,786.3	-219.4	1,268.9	-315.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,900.0	4.03	216.04	9,886.1	-225.1	1,264.8	-321.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,000.0	4.03	216.04	9,985.8	-230.8	1,260.6	-327.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,088.0	4.03	216.04	10,073.7	-235.8	1,257.0	-332.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start Drop -									
10,100.0	3.85	216.04	10,085.6	-236.5	1,256.5	-332.8	1.50	-1.50	0.00
10,200.0	2.35	216.04	10,185.4	-240.8	1,253.3	-337.2	1.50	-1.50	0.00
10,262.6	1.41	216.04	10,248.0	-242.5	1,252.1	-338.8	1.50	-1.50	0.00
L5.3: FBSC									
10,300.0	0.85	216.04	10,285.4	-243.1	1,251.7	-339.4	1.50	-1.50	0.00
10,356.6	0.00	0.00	10,342.0	-243.4	1,251.5	-339.8	1.50	-1.50	0.00
Start Build 1									
10,367.8	1.12	350.50	10,353.2	-243.3	1,251.4	-339.7	10.00	10.00	0.00
L5.1: FBSG									
10,400.0	4.34	350.50	10,385.4	-241.8	1,251.2	-338.1	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,400.0	14.34	350.50	10,483.9	-225.8	1,248.5	-322.1	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,516.7	16.01	350.50	10,500.1	-221.5	1,247.8	-317.8	10.00	10.00	0.00
L4.3: SBSC			,		,=				
10,600.0	24.34	350.50	10,578.1	-193.2	1,243.1	-289.5	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,700.0	34.34	350.50	10,665.2	-144.9	1,235.0	-241.1	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,800.0	44.34	350.50	10,742.4	-82.5	1,224.5	-178.6	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,800.0	44.34 54.34	350.50	10,742.4	-02.5 -7.8	1,224.5	-178.6	10.00	10.00	0.00
10,959.5	60.29	350.50	10,839.6	41.6	1,203.8	-54.3	10.00	10.00	0.00
L4.1: SBSG	00.20	200.00	. 5,555.5	11.0	.,200.0	01.0	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,000.0	64.34	350.50	10,858.5	77.0	1,197.8	-18.9	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,100.0	74.34	350.50	10,893.7	169.1	1,182.4	73.4	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,200.0 11,256.6	84.34 90.00	350.50 350.50	10,912.2 10,915.0	265.9 321.7	1,166.2 1,156.9	170 <u>.</u> 4 226.2	10.00 10.00	10.00 10.00	0.00 0.00
	90.00 00 TFO 90.00	330.30	10,915.0	521.1	1,130.9	220.2	10.00	10.00	0.00
11,300.0	90.00	351.37	10,915.0	364.5	1,150.1	269.1	2.00	0.00	2.00
11,400.0	90.00	353.37	10,915.0	463.6	1,136.8	368.3	2.00	0.00	2.00
11,500.0	90.00	355.37	10,915.0	563.1	1,127.0	467.9	2.00	0.00	2.00
11,600.0	90.00	357.37	10,915.0	662.9	1,120.6	567.8	2.00	0.00	2.00
11,700.0 11,705.8	90.00 90.00	359.37 359.48	10,915.0	762.9 768.6	1,117.8	667.7 673.5	2.00 2.00	0.00 0.00	2.00 2.00
	hold at 11705.8		10,915.0	/00.0	1,117.7	013.3	2.00	0.00	2.00
11,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	862.9	1,116,9	767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	962.9	1,116.0	867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
,									
12,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	1,062.9	1,115.1	967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	1,162.9	1,114.2	1,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,200.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	1,262.9	1,113.3	1,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,300.0 12,400.0	90.00 90.00	359.48 359.48	10,915.0 10,915.0	1,362.9 1,462.9	1,112.4 1,111.5	1,267.7 1,367.7	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
12,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	1,562.9	1,110.6	1,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	1,662.9	1,109.7	1,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	1,762.8	1,108.7	1.667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00

Database:	EDM 5000.14 Server	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Leslie
Company:	Matador Production Company	TVD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Project:	Antelope Ridge	MD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Site:	Leslie	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Leslie Fed Com #124H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	BLM Plan #1		

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
12,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	1,862.8	1,107.8	1,767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,900.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	1,962.8	1,106.9	1,867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,062.8	1,106.0	1,967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,162.8	1,105.1	2,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,262.8	1,104.2	2,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,300.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,362.8	1,103.3	2,267.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,462.8	1,102.4	2,367.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,562.8	1,101.5	2,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,662.8	1,100.6	2,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,762.8	1,099.7	2,667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,862.8	1,098.8	2,767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,900.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	2,962.8	1,097.9	2,867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,062.8	1,097.0	2,967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,162.8	1,096.1	3,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,262.8	1,095.2	3,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,300.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,362.8	1,094.3	3,267.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,462.8	1,093.4	3,367.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,562.8	1,092.5	3,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,662.8	1,091.6	3,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,762.8	1,090.7	3,667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,862.8	1,089.8	3,767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	3,962.8	1,088.9	3,867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	90.00								
15,000.0	90.00	359.48 359.48	10,915.0 10,915.0	4,062.8 4,162.8	1,088.0	3,967.7	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
15,100.0	90.00	359.48 359.48			1,087.1	4,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,200.0 15,300.0	90.00	359.48 359.48	10,915.0 10,915.0	4,262.7 4,362.7	1,086.2 1,085.3	4,167.7 4,267.7	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00
15,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	4,362.7	1,085.5	4,207.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	4,562.7	1,083.5	4,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	4,662.7	1,082.6	4,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	4,762.7	1,081.7	4,667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.0 15,900.0	90.00 90.00	359.48 359.48	10,915.0 10,915.0	4,862.7 4,962.7	1,080.8 1,079.9	4,767.7 4,867.7	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
16,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,062.7	1,079.0	4,967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,162.7	1,078.1	5,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,200.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,262.7	1,077.2	5,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.0 16,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,362.7	1,076.3	5,267.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,462.7	1,075.4	5,367.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,562.7	1,074.5	5,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,662.7	1,073.6	5,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,762.7	1,072.7	5,667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,862.7	1,071.8	5,767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	5,962.7	1,070.9	5,867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,062.7	1,070.0	5,967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,162.7	1,069.1	6,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,262.7	1,068.2	6,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,300.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,362.7	1,067.3	6,267.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,462.7	1,066.4	6,367.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,562.7	1,065.5	6,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,662.6	1,064.6	6,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,762.6	1,063.6	6,667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,862.6	1,062.7	6,767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,900.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	6,962.6	1,061.8	6,867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,062.6	1,060.9	6,967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,162.6	1,060.0	7,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00

#### Planning Report

Database:	EDM 5000.14 Server	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Leslie
Company:	Matador Production Company	TVD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Project:	Antelope Ridge	MD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Site:	Leslie	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Leslie Fed Com #124H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	BLM Plan #1		

#### Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
18,200.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,262.6	1,059.1	7,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,300.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,362.6	1,058.2	7,267.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,462.6	1,057.3	7,367.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,562.6	1,056.4	7,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,662.6	1,055.5	7,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,762.6	1,054.6	7,667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,862.6	1,053.7	7,767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,900.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	7,962.6	1,052.8	7,867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,062.6	1,051.9	7,967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,162.6	1,051.0	8,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,200.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,262.6	1,050.1	8,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,300.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,362.6	1,049.2	8,267.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,462.6	1,048.3	8,367.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,562.6	1,047.4	8,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,662.6	1,046.5	8,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,762.6	1,045.6	8,667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,862.6	1,044.7	8,767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,900.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	8,962.6	1,043.8	8,867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,062.6	1,042.9	8,967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,162.5	1,042.0	9,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,200.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,262.5	1,041.1	9,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,300.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,362.5	1,040.2	9,267.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,400.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,462.5	1,039.3	9,367.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,500.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,562.5	1,038.4	9,467.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,600.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,662.5	1,037.5	9,567.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,700.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,762.5	1,036.6	9,667.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,800.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,862.5	1,035.7	9,767.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,900.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	9,962.5	1,034.8	9,867.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,000.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	10,062.5	1,033.9	9,967.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,100.0	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	10,162.5	1,033.0	10,067.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,141.3	90.00	359.48	10,915.0	10,203.8	1,032.6	10,109.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
TD at 21141.	3								

Design Targets									
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
SL - Leslie Fed Com #12 - plan hits target cer - Point		0.00	0.0	98.6	1,500.3	410,157.02	794,348.92	32° 7' 26.644 N	103° 22' 57.148 W
VP - Leslie Fed Com #12 - plan hits target cer - Point		0.00	10,342.0	-243.4	1,251.5	409,815.00	794,100.00	32° 7' 23.281 N	103° 23' 0.077 W
BHL - Leslie Fed Com # - plan hits target cer - Point		0.00	10,915.0	10,203.8	1,032.6	420,262.93	793,881.28	32° 9' 6.684 N	103° 23' 1.549 W

#### Planning Report

Database:	EDM 5000.14 Server	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Site Leslie
Company:	Matador Production Company	TVD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Project:	Antelope Ridge	MD Reference:	KB @ 3285.5usft
Site:	Leslie	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Leslie Fed Com #124H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	BLM Plan #1		

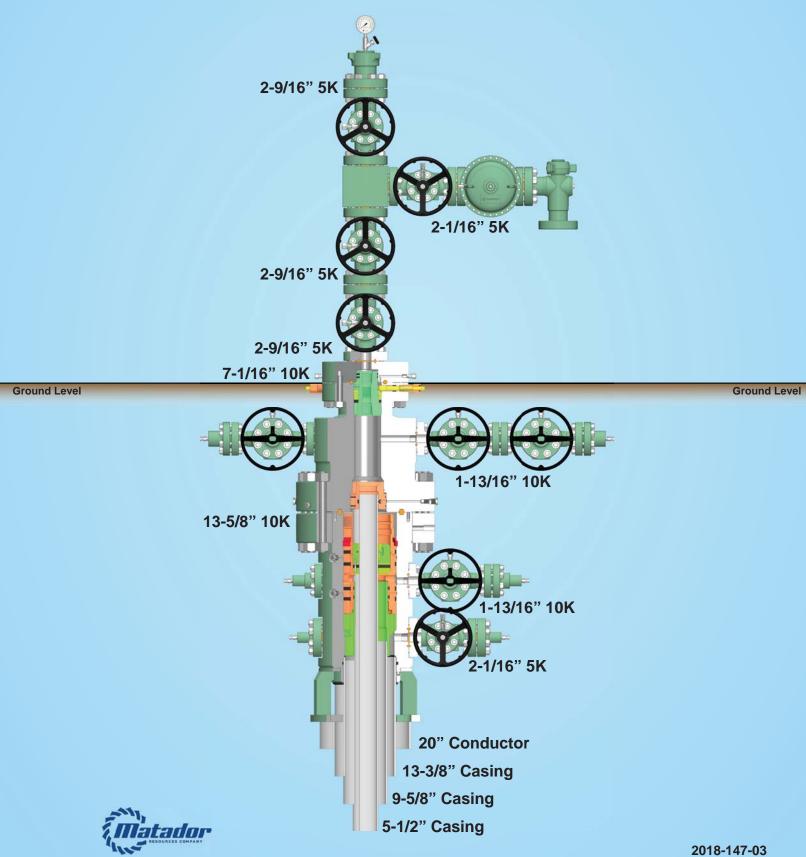
Formations

Measured Depth (usft)	Vertical Depth (usft)	Name	Lithology	Dip (°)	Dip Direction (°)	
1,315.3	1,315.3	Salado (Top Salt)				
3,636.8	3,636.8	Castile				
5,342.6	5,339.9	30:CS14-CSB Lamar (Base Salt)				
5,400.3	5,397.5	G26: Bell Cyn.				
7,779.1	7,770.4	G7: Brushy Cyn.				
9,114.4	9,102.4	G4: BSGL (CS9)	4: BSGL (CS9)			
10,262.6	10,248.0	L5.3: FBSC				
10,367.8	10,353.2	L5.1: FBSG				
10,516.7	10,500.1	4.3: SBSC				
10,959.5	10,839.6	L4.1: SBSG				

Measured	Vertical	Local Coor	dinates	
Depth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	
(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	Comment
4,000.0	4,000.0	98.6	1,500.3	Start Build 1.00
4,402.8	4,402.5	87.1	1,492.0	Start 5685.2 hold at 4402.8 MD
10,088.0	10,073.7	-235.8	1,257.0	Start Drop -1.50
10,356.6	10,342.0	-243.4	1,251.5	Start Build 10.00
11,256.6	10,915.0	321.7	1,156.9	Start DLS 2.00 TFO 90.00
11,705.8	10,915.0	768.6	1,117.7	Start 9435.6 hold at 11705.8 MD
21,141.3	10,915.0	10,203.8	1,032.6	TD at 21141.3



# **13-5/8" 10K MN-DS Wellhead** 13-3/8 x 9-5/8 x 5-1/2 Casing Program



#### Rev: 01 NOTE: All dimensions on this drawing are estimated measurements and should be evaluated by engineering.

## Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan Matador Resources

## 1 H2S safety instructions to the following:

- Characteristics of H2S
- Physical effects and hazards
- Principal and operation of H2S detectors, warning system and briefing areas
- Evacuation procedures, routes and first aid
- Proper use of safety equipment & life support systems
- Essential personnel meeting medical evaluation criteria will receive additional training on the proper use of 30min pressure demand air packs

2 H2S Detection and Alarm Systems:

- H2S sensor/detectors to be located on the drilling rig floor, in the base of the sub structure / cellar area, on the mud pits in the shale shaker area. Additional H2S detectors may be placed as deemed necessary
- An audio alarm system will be installed on the derrick floor and in the doghouse

3 Windsocks and / Wind Streamers:

- Windsocks at mud pit area should be high enough to be visible
- Windsock on the rig floor and / top of doghouse should be high enough to be visible

4 Condition Flags and Signs:

- Warning sign on access road to location
- Flags to be displayed on sign at entrance to location
  - Green Flag Normal Safe Operation Condition
  - o Yellow Flag Potential Pressure and Danger
  - Red Flag Danger (H2S present in dangerous concentrations) Only H2S trained personnel admitted on location

5 <u>Well Control Equipment:</u>

• See Exhibit E-1

6 Communication:

- While working under masks chalkboards will be used for communications
- Hand signals will be used where chalk board is inappropriate
- Two way radio will be used to communicate off location in case of emergency help is required. In most cases cellular telephones will be available at most drilling foreman's trailer or living quarters.

7 Drilling Stem Testing:

• No DST cores are planned at this time

8 Drilling contractor supervisor will be required to be familiar with the effects H2S has on tubulars good and other mechanical equipment

9 If H2S is encountered, mud system will be altered if necessary to maintain control of formation. A mud gas separator will be brought into service along with H2S scavengers if necessary

11 Emergency Contacts

• See exhibit E-6

## HYDROGEN SULFIDE CONTINGENCY PLAN Drilling, Testing, & Completion

# **MRC ENERGY CO.**

Reviewers

------ Operations Manager ----- Operations Supt. ------ Staff RES ------ Field Supt. Blake Hermes---Engineering

H2S Contingency Plan # 0165 Revision# 0

This H2S Contingency Plan is subject to updating

Effective date: July 8, 2015

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## **INTRODUCTION**

The H2S equipment will be rigged up 2 days prior to reaching a potential H2S containing zone. Drilling into any potential H2S zone shall not commence until the on-site MRC Drilling Supervisor has confirmed this plan in place.

The onsite Drilling Foreman will give Total Safety one week (7 days) notice to prepare for rig up of H2S equipment)

To be effective, the plan requires the cooperation and effort of each person participating in the drilling of an  $H_2S$  well. Each person must know his/her responsibilities and all emergency and safety procedures. He/she should thoroughly understand and be able to use with accuracy, all safety equipment while performing his/her normal duties, if the circumstance should arise. He/she should therefore familiarize himself/herself with the location of all safety equipment and check to see that it is properly stored, easily accessible at all times, and routinely maintained.

It is the intention of MRC ENERGY CO. and the Drilling Contractor to make every effort to provide adequate safeguards against harm to persons on the rig and in the immediate vicinity from the effects of hydrogen sulfide, which may be released into the atmosphere under emergency conditions. However, the initiative rests with the individual in utilizing the safeguards provided. The ideas and suggestions of the individuals involved in the drilling of this well are highly welcomed and act as a fundamental tool for providing the safest working conditions possible.

The drilling representative is required to enforce these procedures. They are set up for your safety and the safety of all others.

## II. PURPOSE

It is MRC Energy Co.'s intent to provide a safe working place, not only for its employees, but also for other contractors who are aiding in the drilling of this well. The safety of the general public is of utmost concern. All precautions will be taken to keep a safe working environment and protect the public. There is a possibility of encountering toxic hydrogen sulfide gas. Safety procedures must be adhered to in order to protect all personnel connected with the operations as well as people living within the area.

The MRC Energy Co. representative will enforce all aspects of the H2S Contingency Plan. This job will become easier by a careful study of the following pages and training and informing all personnel that will be working on the well, their duties and responsibilities.

## A. OPERATING PROCEDURES

#### **DEFINITIONS:**

For purpose of this plan, on-site personnel shall be referred to as "In Scope Personnel" or "Out of Scope Personnel", per the following definitions:

**In Scope Personnel** – Personnel who will be working or otherwise present in potential H2S release areas, including the rig floor, cellar, pits, and shaker areas.

**Out of Scope Personnel** – Personnel who will not be working or Otherwise present in potential H2S areas. Such personnel include rig Site visitor, delivery and camp services personnel.

#### **GENERAL:**

Before this H<sub>2</sub>S contingency plan becomes operational, all regularly assigned In Scope Personnel (primarily the MRC, drilling contractor, and certain service personnel,) shall be thoroughly trained in the use of breathing equipment, emergency procedures, and responsibilities. Total Safety Technician or a designee assigned by the MRC Drilling Foreman shall keep a list of all personnel who have been through the on-site H<sub>2</sub>S training program at the drill site.

All In Scope Personnel shall be given H2S training and the steps to be taken during H2S conditions under which the well may be drilled. General information will be explained about toxic gases, as well as the physiological effects of H<sub>2</sub>S and the various classified operating conditions. In addition, the reader will be informed his/her general responsibility concerning safety equipment and emergency procedures.

The Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or MRC on-site RSE Technician shall make available the H2S Contingency Plan for all personnel to review.

Without exception, all personnel that arrive on location must proceed directly to and sign-in with the on-site MRC RSE Technician. In Scope Personnel will be required to complete an on-site H2S training and respirator fit testing before starting work, or produce evidence that they have received equivalent training. Out of Scope Personnel will be required to complete a site H2S awareness and general safety briefing. This briefing will consist of a H2S hazard overview, alarm review and required response to alarms.

## B. PROCEDURES TO BE INITIATED PRIOR TO H2S CONTINGENCY PLAN COMPLIANCE:

A list of emergency phone numbers and contacts will be on location and posted at the following locations:

- 1. MRC ENERGY CO.'S Representative's Office
- 2. Drilling Contractor's, Toolpusher Office
- 3. Living Quarters Area

All safety equipment and  $H_2S$  related hardware must be set up as required by MRC Energy Co. with regard to location of briefing areas, breathing equipment, etc. All safety equipment must be inspected periodically (at least weekly) with particular attention to resuscitators and breathing equipment.

In Scope Personnel working in the well site area will be assigned breathing apparatus. Operator and drilling contractor personnel required to work in the following areas will be provided with Self Contained Breathing Apparatus:

- 1. Rig Floor
- 2. Mud Pits
- 3. Derrick
- 4. Shale Shaker
- 5. Cellar

The Total Safety  $H_2S$  Safety Technician will be responsible for rigging up all  $H_2S$  continuous monitoring-type detectors. The Total Safety Technician will monitor and bump test the detector units periodically (at least at least once a week to test alarm function during drilling conditions. In the event  $H_2S$  is detected, or when drilling in a zone confirmed to contain  $H_2S$ , the units shall be bump tested at least once every 24 hours. A bump test/calibration log will be kept on location. All results will be reported to the MRC on-site Drilling Foreman.

All Total Safety H2S equipment will be maintained and inspected by a Total Safety Technician on at least a Weekly basis.

## C. DRILLING BELOW CONTINGENCY PLAN DEPTH

H2S response drills will be held at least once per week if possible or as often as necessary to acquaint the crews and service company personnel of their responsibilities and the proper procedures to shut-in a well. Initial drills will be performed until crews demonstrate competency donning and working under mask. After the MRC Energy Co.'s representative is satisfied with initial blowout drill procedures, a drill will be conducted weekly with each crew, as necessary. The H2S Safety Technician or designee will conduct safety talks and maintain the safety equipment, consult and carry out the instructions of the drilling supervisor. All personnel allowed in the well work area during drilling or testing operations will be instructed in the use of breathing equipment until supervisory personnel are satisfied that they are capable of using it.

After familiarization, each person must perform a drill with breathing equipment. The drill should include getting the breathing equipment, donning the breathing apparatus, and performing expected duties for a short period. A record shall be kept of all personnel drilled and the date of the drill. H2S training records will be kept on location for all personnel.

Rig crews and service company personnel shall be made aware of the location of spare air bottles, resuscitation equipment, portable fire extinguishers,  $H_2S$  monitors and detectors. Knowledge of the location of the  $H_2S$  monitors and detectors are vital in determining as our gas location and the severity of the emergency conditions.

After any device has initially detected H2S, all areas of poor ventilation shall be inspected periodically by means of a portable  $H_2S$  detector instrument. The buddy system will be utilized. (When an alarm sounds, personnel will don an SCBA, shut the well in, and proceed to SBA for roll call. The H2S Technician or designee will mask up, with a buddy and will verify source of H2S and report back to the on-site MRC Foreman.)

#### D. PROCEDURES PROGRAM

- 1. Drill Site
  - a. The drilling rig will be located to allow prevailing winds to blow across the reserve pit.
  - b. A Safe Briefing Area will be provided with a breathing air cascade trailer and or 30-minute SCBA's at the Primary Area. Personnel will assemble at the most up-wind station under alarm conditions, or when so ordered by the MRC Energy Co. representative, the Contractor representative, or

the Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician. Windsocks or streamers will be anchored to various strategic places on a pole about 10 feet high, so it is in easy view from the rig floor at all times.

- c. Warning signs will be posted on the perimeters. "No Smoking" signs will be posted by MRC Energy Co.as well.
- d. One multi-channel automatic H<sub>2</sub>S monitor will be provided by Total Safety and the detector heads will be at the shale shaker, bell nipple, mud pits, rig floor, and quarter's area. The monitor will be located inside HSE or Company man trailer. Should the alarm be shut off to silence the sirens, the blinker light must continue to warn of H<sub>2</sub>S presence. The Total Safety H2S Safety Technician or designee will continuously monitor the detectors and will reactivate the alarm if H<sub>2</sub>S concentrations increase to a dangerous level.
- e. A method of escape will be open at all times.
- f. If available, land line telephone service will be provided or cell phones provided. (Primary communications provided)
- g. A rig communication system will be provided, as needed.
- h. A gas trap, choke manifold, and degasser will be installed.
- i. A kill line, securely anchored and of ample strength, will be laid to the well-head from a safe location. This line is to be used only in an emergency.

#### General

- a. The MRC Energy Co. representative and/or the Contractor's Toolpusher will be available at all times. The drilling supervisor, while on duty, will have complete charge of the rig and location operations and will take whatever action is deemed necessary to insure personnel safety, to protect the well, and to prevent damage.
  - b. A Mud Engineer will be on location at all times when drilling takes place at the depth  $H_2S$  may be expected. The mud engineer will be able to verify the presence or absence of H2S.

## III. CONDITIONS AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES A. DEFINITION OF OPERATIONAL "CONDITIONS"

<b>CONDITION I</b> Warning Flags Alarms	"POSS	SIBLE DANGER" Green No Alarm. Less than 10 ppm			
Characterized By:		Drilling operations in zones that may contain hydrogen sulfide. This condition remains in effect unless H <sub>2</sub> S is detected and it becomes necessary to go to Condition II.			
General Action:		a.	Be alert for a condition change		
		b.	Check all safety equipment for availability and proper functioning.		
		с.	Perform all drills for familiarization and proficiency.		
<b>CONDITION II</b> Warning Flags	"MOD	<b>IODERATE DANGER</b> " Yellow			
Alarms:		Actuat light.	tes at 10 ppm. Continuous flashing		
Characterized By:		hydrog remain the mu sulfide	ag operations in zones containing gen sulfide. This condition will in in effect until adding chemicals to ad system neutralizes the hydrogen e or it becomes necessary to go to tion III.		
General Action:		a.	Be alert for a condition change		
		b.	WHEN DRILLING AHEAD - Driller and designated crewmember will don 30 min SCBA, shut-in the well and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area.		
			WHEN TRIPPING – Driller and two designated crewmembers will don 30 min SCBA, shut in the well and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area. The Derrickman will		

don a 5-minute escape pack, descend to the rig floor, don a 30-min SCBA (if necessary) and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area.

- c. All In Scope Personnel will proceed directly to the appropriate Safe Briefing Area.
- d. Remain in safe briefing area, take roll call and wait for instructions
- e. Contact the Total H2S Technician if not on location.
- f. Personnel shall ensure that their breathing apparatus is properly fitted and operational before entering an H<sub>2</sub>S contaminated area to provide assistance to anyone who may be injured or overcome by toxic gases.
- g. All Out of Scope Personnel will report to the appropriate Safe Briefing Area.

# CONDITION III"EXTREME DANGER"Warning FlagsRed

Alarms	Actuate at 15 ppm. Continuous Sirens and Flashing Lights	
Characterized by:	Critical well operations which pose an immediate threat of $H_2S$ exposure to one personnel and a potential threat to the public.	
General Action:	a.	WHEN DRILLING AHEAD - Driller and designated crewmember will don 30 min SCBA, shut-in the well and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area.
		WHEN TRIPPING – Driller and two designated crewmembers will don 30

min SCBA, shut in the well and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area. The Derrickman will don a 5-minute escape pack, descend to the rig floor, don a 30-min SCBA (if necessary) and immediately proceed to the Safe Briefing Area.

- All In Scope Personnel should don SCBA if nearby and immediately proceed to Safe Briefing Area. If SCBA in not nearby at time of alarm, DO NOT GO TOWARDS RIG AREA, but proceed directly to the Safe Briefing Area
- c. All out of Scope Personnel shall evacuate the location.
- d. Remain in the Safe Briefing Area, take roll call and wait for instructions.
- e. Contact the Total H2S Technician if not on location.
- f. Personnel shall ensure that their breathing apparatus is properly fitted and operational before entering an  $H_2S$  contaminated area to provide assistance to anyone who may be injured or overcome by toxic gases. Use the buddy system.
- g. Remain in safe briefing area, take roll call and wait for instructions.
- h. A cascade breathing air systems shall be mobilized and utilized to conduct any additional on rig work required to correct the H2S release condition.
- i. If well is ignited do not assume area is safe. SO2 is hazardous and not all H2S will burn.

## H<sub>2</sub>S EMERGENCY PROCEDURES; IN SCOPE PERSONNEL

#### A. Day To Day Drilling Operations

- 1. Upon discovering a release of  $H_2S$  gas in the ambient air by warning alarms or in any other way **Do Not Panic**.
- 2. Hold your breath donning the nearest Self Contained Breathing Apparatus and rapidly move up or across-wind away from the areas where H<sub>2</sub>S sensing devices are in place, to the closest available safe briefing area. Continue to use breathing apparatus until it has been determined that the exposure of H<sub>2</sub>S gas in the ambient air no longer exists. **Do Not Panic**!
- 3. Utilize the "Buddy System", i.e.; select and pair up each person participating in the drilling of an H<sub>2</sub>S well prior to an emergency situation.
- 4. Help anyone who is overcome or affected by the H<sub>2</sub>S gas by taking him/her up-wind out of the contaminated area. (This should be done utilizing an SCBA and with a buddy.)
- 5. Take necessary steps to confirm the release of the  $H_2S$  gas into the ambient air.
  - When an H2S alarm activates, two designated personnel using the buddy system, while wearing their self contained breathing apparatus, will determine by the read-out on the fixed monitor which sensing device has detected the release of the H<sub>2</sub>S gas.
  - They will utilize the hand-held sniffer type device at the particular sensing point disclosed on the fixed monitor to corroborate the fact that H<sub>2</sub>S gas has actually been released. This will rule out the possibility of a false alarm. This will be done with a buddy and under mask after reporting to the Safe Briefing Area for roll call and instructions by on-site MRC Foreman.
- 6. Refer to the Emergency Phone Numbers and call emergency personnel.
- 7. Take the necessary steps to suppress the release of  $H_2S$  gas into the ambient air. Comply with the MRC Energy Co. Representative to physically suppress the release of  $H_2S$  gas at the actual release point.

8. Check all of MRC Energy Co.'s monitoring devices and increase gasmonitoring activities with the portable hand-operated H<sub>2</sub>S and gas detector units.

#### **Do Not Panic!**

The MRC Energy Co. representative will assess the situation and with assistance of the Contractor's Representative and Total Safety's  $H_2S$  Safety Technician or on site designee, will assign duties to each person to bring the situation under control.

## B. RESPONSIBILITIES OF WELL-SITE PERSONNEL

In the event of a release of potentially hazardous amounts of H<sub>2</sub>S, all personnel will immediately don their protective breathing apparatus, the well will be shut in and personnel will proceed upwind to the nearest designated safe briefing area for roll call and instructions by MRC Foreman. Consideration will be given to evacuating Out of Scope Personnel, as situation warrants.

## 1. MRC ENERGY CO.'S Well-site Representatives

- a. If MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative is incapacitated or not on location, this responsibility will fall to the Toolpusher/Driller.
- b. Immediately upon assessing the situation, set this plan into Action by initiating the proper procedures to contain the gas and notify the appropriate people and agencies.
- c. Ensure that the alarm area indicated by the fixed H<sub>2</sub>S Monitor is checked and verified with a portable H<sub>2</sub>S detector. (Safety Technician if on location or MRC assigned designee with a buddy utilizing SCBA's)
- d. Consult Pusher/driller of remedial actions as needed.
- e. Ensure that non-essential personnel proceed to the safe briefing area.
- f. Ensure location entrance barricades are positioned. Keep the number of persons on location to a minimum during hazardous operations.

- g. Consult each contractor, Service Company and all others allowed to enter the site, that H2S gas may be encountered and the potential hazards that may exist.
- h. Authorize the evacuation of local residents if H<sub>2</sub>S threatens Their safety.
  - i. Non essential personnel should be evacuated from location if Situation warrants.

## 2. Toolpusher

- a. Toolpusher/Driller will assume responsibilities of MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative if that person is incapacitated or not on location.
- Ensure that the alarm area indicated by the fixed H<sub>2</sub>S monitor is checked and verified with a portable H<sub>2</sub>S gas detector. (Alarm area indicated by the monitor will be Checked by the H2S Technician and a buddy, under mask.) This will be done after checking in and roll call at the Upwind Safe Briefing Area.
- c. Confer with MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative or superintendent and direct remedial action to suppress the H<sub>2</sub>S and control the well.
- d. Ensure that personnel at the safe briefing area are instructed on emergency actions required.
- e. Ensure that personnel at the drill floor area are instructed on emergency actions required.
- f. Ensure that all personnel observe the appropriate safety and emergency procedures.
- g. Ensure that all persons are accounted for and provided emergency assistance as necessary.

## 3. Mud Engineer

- a. Run a sulfide check on the flowline mud.
- b. Take steps to determine the source of the  $H_2S$  and suppress it. Lime and  $H_2S$  scavenger shall be added to the mud as necessary.

## 4. Total H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician, if on location, or MRC Designee

- a. H2S Safety Technician or designee don nearest SCBA and report to Safe Briefing Area for roll call, take a buddy masked up and check monitor and verify with a portable H<sub>2</sub>S detector the alarm area indicated by the fixed H<sub>2</sub>S monitor. Advise the Toolpusher/Driller and MRC Energy Co.'s well-site representative of findings. Record all findings.
- b. If H<sub>2</sub>S is flared, check for sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) near the flare as necessary. Take hourly readings at different perimeters, log readings and record on location.
- c. Ensure that personnel at the safe briefing area are instructed on emergency actions required.
- d. Ensure that the appropriate warning flags are displayed.
- e. Ensure that all personnel are in S.C.B.A. as necessary.
- f. Ensure that all persons are accounted for and provide emergency assistance as necessary.
- g. Be prepared to evacuate rig if order is issued.

#### 5. General Personnel & Visitors

a. All In Scope Personnel, if not specifically designated to shut the well in or control the well, shall proceed to the (upwind) safe briefing area. All Out of Scope Personnel shall immediately proceed to the appropriate (upwind) safe briefing area or evacuate the site as conditions warrant.

- b. During any emergency, use the "buddy" system to prevent anyone from entering or being left in a gas area alone, even wearing breathing apparatus.
- c. Provide assistance to anyone who may be injured or overcome by toxic gases. Personnel shall ensure that their breathing apparatus is properly fitted and operational before entering a potentially H<sub>2</sub>S contaminated area.
- d. Remain in safe briefing area and wait for instructions.

## C. INSTRUCTIONS FOR IGNITING THE WELL

1. The Toolpusher/Driller will confer with MRC Energy Co.'s wellsite representative who will secure the approval of the "Texas Wells Delivery Manager, prior to igniting the well, if at all possible.

> The Toolpusher/Driller will be responsible for igniting the well in the event of severe well control problems. This decision should be made only as a last resort in situations where it is clear that:

- a. Human life and property are endangered, or
- b. There is no hope of controlling the well under current conditions.
- 2. Once the decision has been made, the following procedures should be followed:
  - a. Two people wearing self-contained breathing apparatus will be needed for the actual lighting of the well. They must first establish the flammable perimeter by using an explosimeter. This should be established at 30% to 40% of the lower flammable limits.
  - b. After the flammable perimeter has been established and everyone removed from the area, the ignition team should select a site upwind of the well from which to ignite the well. This site should offer the maximum protection and have a clear path for retreat from the area.

- c. The ignition team should have safety belts and lifeline attached and manned before attempting ignition. If the leak is not ignited on the first attempt, move in 20 to 30 feet and fire again. Continue to monitor with the explosimeter and NEVER fire from an area with over 75% of the Lower Explosive Limit (LEL). If having trouble igniting the well, try firing 40 degrees to 90 degrees on either side of the well.
- d. If ignition is not possible due to the makeup of the gas, the toxic perimeter must be established and evacuation continued until the well is contained.
- e. All personnel must act only as directed by the person in charge of the operations.

NOTE: After the well is ignited, burning hydrogen sulfide  $(H_2S)$  will convert to sulfur dioxide  $(SO_2)$ , which is also a highly toxic gas.

## DO NOT ASSUME THE AREA IS SAFE AFTER THE WELL IS IGNITED

## D. CORING PROCEDURES

Only essential personnel shall be on the rig floor. Ten (10) stands prior to retrieving core barrel; all personnel on drill floor and in derrick shall confirm self-Contained breathing apparatus available and ready for use.

A Total H2S Technician will don a SCBA with a buddy assigned from the rig crew, and continuously monitor for H2S at each connection. Any levels detected will require operations to be shut down and all involved personnel to don SCBAs. Precautions will remain in place until barrel is laid down.

All involved personnel will don SCBAs when removing the inner barrel from the outer barrel. SCBAs can be removed once the absence of H2S in confirmed by the Total H2S Technician.

Cores will be appropriately marked and sealed for transportation.

## **Normal Operations**

## 1. Responsibilities of well-site personnel a. Well-site Representative

- Notify H<sub>2</sub>S Technician of expected date to reach Contingency Plan implementation depth (Two (2) days prior to reaching suspected H<sub>2</sub>S bearing zone) or prior to starting well work.
- 2. Ensure H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician completes rig-up procedures prior to reaching Contingency Plan effective depth.
- 3. Restrict the number of personnel at the drilling rig or well site to a minimum while drilling, starting well work, testing or coring.
- 4. Ensure weekly H<sub>2</sub>S drills/training are performed, if possible.

## B. Toolpusher

- 1. Ensure that necessary H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment is provided on the rig, and that it is properly inspected and maintained.
- 2. Ensure that all personnel that work in the well area, are thoroughly trained in the use of  $H_2S$  safety equipment and periodic drills are held to maintain an adequate level of proficiency.

## C. In Scope Personnel

- 1. Remain clean-shaven. Beards and long sideburns do not allow a proper facepiece seal.
- 2. Receive H<sub>2</sub>S safety training on location, or confirm prior training by certification that is one year within date.
- 3. Familiarize yourself with the rig's Contingency Plan.
- 4. Inspect and practice putting on your breathing apparatus.

- 5. Know the location of the "safe briefing areas".
- 6. Keep yourself "wind conscious". Be prepared to quickly move upwind and away in the event of any emergency involving release of H<sub>2</sub>S.

#### D. Total Safety H<sub>2</sub>S Safety Technician or MRC Designee

- 1. Conduct training as necessary to ensure all personnel working in well area are familiar with the contingency procedures and the operation of emergency equipment.
- 2. Check all H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment to ensure that it is ready for emergency use:
  - Check pressure weekly for each shift on breathing apparatus (both 30-minute and hippacks) to make sure they are charged to full volume.
  - Check pressure on cascade air bottles, if on location, to see that they are capable of recharging breathing apparatus.
  - Check oxygen resuscitator, if on location, to ensure that it is charged to full volume.
  - Check H<sub>2</sub>S detectors weekly for each shift (fixed and portable), and explosimeter, to ensure they are working properly.
- 3. Provide a weekly report to MRC Energy Co.'s wellsite representative documenting:
  - Calibrations performed on H<sub>2</sub>S detectors.
  - Proper location and working order of H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment.
  - Attendance of all personnel, trained or retrained, and their company.
  - Weekly drills, if held and a list of personnel participating and summary of actions.

## **OUT OF SCOPE PERSONNEL**

MRC Energy Co. policy will not require Out of Scope Personnel to be clean shaven, have processed medical questionnaires, fit testing, or have certified H2S Training.

## SAFETY EQUIPMENT

# All respirators will be designed, selected, used and maintained in conformance with ANSI Z88.2, American National Standard for respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment must be provided and used. Those who are expected to use respiratory equipment in case of an emergency will be carefully instructed in the proper use and told why the equipment is being used. Careful attention will be given to the minute details in order to avoid possible misuse of the equipment during periods of extreme stress.

Self-contained breathing apparatus provides complete respiratory and eye protection in any concentration of toxic gases and under any condition of oxygen deficiency. The wearer is independent of the surrounding atmosphere because he/she is breathing with a system admitting no outside air. It consists of a full face mask, breathing tube, pressure demand regulator, air supply cylinder, and harness. Pure breathing air from the supply cylinder flows to the mask automatically through the pressure demand regulator which reduces the pressure to a breathing level. Upon inhalation, air flows into the mask at a rate precisely regulated to the user's demand. Upon exhalation, the flow to the mask stops and the exhaled breath passes through a valve in the face piece to the surrounding atmosphere. The apparatus includes an alarm & gauge which warns the wearer to leave the contaminated area for a new cylinder of air or cylinder refill.

The derrickman is provided with a full face piece unit attached to a 5– minute escape cylinder. He will also have his own self-contained 30-minute unit breathing apparatus located on the drilling floor. He will use the 5-minute unit to exit the derrick to the floor, donning the 30-minute unit located on the floor, if needed.

All respiratory protective equipment, when not in use, should be stored in a clean, cool, dry place, and out of direct sunlight to retard the deterioration of rubber parts. After each use, the mask assembly will be scrubbed with soap and water, rinsed thoroughly, and dried. Air cylinders can be recharged to a full condition from a cascade system.

Personnel in each crew will be trained in the proper techniques of bottle filling.

The primary piece of equipment to be utilized, should anyone be overcome by hydrogen sulfide, is the oxygen resuscitator, if on location.

When asphyxiation occurs, the victim must be moved to fresh air and immediately given artificial respiration. In order to assure readiness, the bottles of oxygen will be checked at regular intervals and an extra tank kept on hand.

Hand-operated pump-type detectors incorporating detector tubes will give more accurate readings of hydrogen sulfide. The pump-type draws air to be tested through the detector tube containing lead acetate-silica gel granules. Presence of hydrogen sulfide in the air sample is shown by the development of a dark brown stain on the granules, which is the

scale reading of the concentration of hydrogen sulfide. By changing the type of detector tube used, this detector may also be used for sulfur dioxide  $(SO_2)$  detection when hydrogen sulfide  $(H_2S)$  is being burned in the flare area.

Provisions must be made for the storage of all safety equipment as is evident from the foregoing discussion. All equipment must be stored in an available location so that anyone engaged in normal work situations is no more than "one breath away" from a mask.

## **V – TOXICITY OF VARIOUS GASES**

Lethal	Chemical	Specific		
Common Name ppm⁴	Formula	Gravity <sup>1</sup>	PEL (OSHA) <sup>2</sup>	STEL <sup>3</sup>
Hydrogen Cyanide 300	HCN	0.94	10	150
Hydrogen Sulfide	$H_2S$	1.18	20 Pea	ak- 50ppm
600 Note: The ACGIH(7) re 15ppm.	commends a TW	A(6) value of 10	ppm as the TLV(5) for	H2S and an STEL of
Sulfur Dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.21	2	5 ppm
Chlorine	CL <sub>2</sub>	2.45	1	
Carbon Monoxide 1000	CO	0.97	35	200/1 Hour
Carbon Dioxide 10%	CO <sub>2</sub>	1.52	5000	5%
Methane	$CH_4$	0.55	90000	

<sup>1</sup> Air = 1.0

<sup>2</sup> Permissible - Concentration at which is believed that all workers may repeatedly be exposed, day after day, without adverse effect.

<sup>3</sup> **STEL -** Short Term Exposure Limit. A 15-minute time weighted average.

<sup>4</sup> Lethal - Concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

**TLV** – Threshold Limit Value; a concentration recommended by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

**TWA** – Time Weighted Average; the average concentration of contaminant one can be exposed to over a given eight-hour period.

**ACGIH** – (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) is an organization comprised of Occupational Health Professionals believed by many to be the top experts in the field of Industrial Hygiene. They are recognized as an expert rexource by OSHA. The ACGIH releases a biannual publication "Threshold Limit Values and Biological Indices" that many safety professionals consider to be the authoritative document on airborne contaminants.

Reference: API RP-49, September 1974 - Reissued August 1978

## VI. PROPERTIES OF GASES

## A. <u>CARBON DIOXIDE</u>

1. Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) is usually considered inert and is commonly used to extinguish fires. It is 1.52 times heavier than air and will concentrate in low areas of still air. Humans cannot breathe air containing more than 10% CO<sub>2</sub> without losing conscience or becoming disorientation in a few minutes. Continued exposure to CO<sub>2</sub> after being affected will cause convulsions, coma, and respiratory failure.

2. The threshold limit of  $CO_2$  is 5000 ppm. Short-term exposure to 50,000 ppm (5%) is reasonable. This gas is colorless, odorless, and can be tolerated in relatively high concentrations.

## B. <u>HYDROGEN SULFIDE</u>

1. Hydrogen Sulfide  $(H_2S)$  is a colorless, transparent, flammable gas. It is heavier than air and, hence, may accumulate in low places.

2. Although the slightest presence of H<sub>2</sub>S in the air is normally detectable by its characteristic "rotten egg" odor, it is dangerous to rely on the odor as a means of detecting excessive concentrations because the sense of smell is rapidly lost, allowing lethal concentrations to be accumulated without warning. The following table indicates the poisonous nature of H<sub>2</sub>S.

CC	CONCENTRATION		EFFECTS
% H <sub>2</sub> S	PPM	GR/100 SCF1	
0.001	10	.65	Safe for 8 hours without respirator. Obvious and unpleasant odor.
0.0015	15	0.975	Safe for 15 minutes of exposure without respirator.
0.01	100	6.48	Kills smell in 3-15 minutes; may sting eyes and throat.
0.02	200	12.96	Kills smell quickly; stings eyes and throat.
0.05	500	32.96	Dizziness; breathing ceases in a few minutes; need prompt artificial respiration.
0.07	700	45.92	Rapid Unconsciousness; death will result if not rescued promptly.
0.1	1000	64.80	Instant unconsciousness, followed by death within minutes.

<sup>1</sup> Grains per 100 Cubic Feet

## VII. Treatment Procedures for Hydrogen Sulfide Poisoning

- A. Remove the victim to fresh air.
- B. If breathing has ceased or is labored, begin resuscitation immediately.
  Note: This is the quickest and preferred method of clearing victim's lungs of contaminated air; however, under disaster conditions, it may not be practical to move the victim to fresh air. In such instances, where those rendering first aid must continue to wear masks, a resuscitator should be used.
- C. Apply resuscitator to help purge H<sub>2</sub>S from the blood stream.
- D. Keep the victim at rest and prevent chilling.
- E. Get victim under physician's care as soon as possible.

## C. <u>SULPHUR DIOXIDE</u>

- 1. Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) is a colorless, non-flammable, transparent gas.
- 2. SO<sub>2</sub> is produced during the burning of H<sub>2</sub>S. Although SO<sub>2</sub> is heavier than air, it can be picked up by a breeze and carried downwind at elevated temperatures. Since SO<sub>2</sub> is extremely irritating to the eyes and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, it has exceptionally good warning powers in this respect. The following table indicates the toxic nature of SO<sub>2</sub>:

CONCEN	TRATION	EFFECTS
% SO <sub>2</sub>	PPM	
0.0005	3 to 5	Pungent odor, normally a person can detect $SO_2$ in this range.
0.0012	12	Throat irritation, coughing, constriction of the chest, tearing and smarting of eyes.
0.015	150	So irritating that it can only be endured for a few minutes.
.05	500	Causes a sense of suffocation, event with the first breath.

## VIII. BREATHING AIR EQUIPMENT DRILLS FOR ON & OFF DUTY PERSONNEL

An H<sub>2</sub>S Drill and Training Session must be given once a week to ALL on-duty personnel with off duty personnel. On-duty and Off-duty personnel will reverse roles on alternate drills.

An H2S drill and training session must be given once a week to all off-duty personnel in coincidence with on-duty personnel reversing roles on alternate drills.

The purpose of this drill is to instruct the crews in the operation and use of breathing air and H<sub>2</sub>S related emergency equipment and to allow the personnel to become acquainted with using the equipment under working conditions. The crews should be trained to put on the breathing air equipment within one minute when required or requested to do so.

The following procedure should be used for weekly drills. The MRC supervisor must be satisfied that the crews are proficient with the equipment.

- 1. All personnel should be informed that a drill will be held.
- 2. The Total H2S Safety Technician or a designee assigned by the MRC Drilling Foreman should initiate the drill by signaling as he/she would if H2S was detected.
- 3. Personnel should don their breathing apparatus.
- 4. Once the breathing air equipment is on, the H2S Technician should check all personnel to insure proper operation.

A training and information session will be conducted after each drill to answer any H<sub>2</sub>S related questions and to cover any gaps identified from one of the following topics:

- Condition II, and III alerts and steps to be taken by all personnel.
- The importance of wind direction when dealing with  $H_2S$ .
- Proper use and storage of all types of breathing equipment.
- Proper use and storage of oxygen resuscitators.
- Proper use and storage of H<sub>2</sub>S detectors (Mini Checks or equivalent).
- The "buddy system" and the procedure for rescuing a person overcome by  $H_2S$ .
- · Responsibilities and duties.
- · Location of H<sub>2</sub>S safety equipment.
- Other parts of the "H<sub>2</sub>S Contingency Plan" that should be reviewed.

NOTE: A record of attendance must be kept for weekly drills and training sessions.

## IX. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING CURRICULUM

(FOR EMPLOYERS, VISITORS, AND CONTRACTORS) EACH PERSON WILL BE INFORMED ON THE RESTRICTIONS OF HAVING BEARDS AND CONTACT LENS. THEY WILL ALSO BE INFORMED OF THE AVAILABILITY OF SPECTACLE KITS.

AFTER THE H2S EQUIPMENT IS RIGGED UP, ALL IN SCOPE PERSONNEL WILL BE H2S TRAINED AND PUT THROUGH A DRILL. ANY DEFICIENCIES WILL BE CORRECTED.

Training Completion cards are good for one year and will indicate date of completion or expiration. Personnel previously trained on another facility and visiting, must attend a "supplemental briefing" on H2S equipment and procedures before beginning duty. Visitors who remain on the location more than 24 hours must receive full H2S training given all crew members. A "supplemental briefing" will include but not be limited to: Location of respirators, familiarization with safe briefing areas, alarms with instruction on responsibilities in the event of a release and hazards of H2S and (SO2, if applicable). A training and drill log will be kept.

Topics for full H2S training shall include the following equipment if on location, but not be limited to the following:

## 1. Brief Introduction on H2S

- A. Slide or Computer presentation (If Available)
- B. H2S material will be distributed
- C. Re-emphasize the properties, toxicity, and hazards of H2S
- D. Source of SO2 (if applicable)

## 2. H2S Detection

- A. Description of H2S sensors
- B. Description of warning system (how it works & it's location)
- C. Actual location of H2S sensors
- D. Instruction on use of pump type detector (Gastec)
- E. Use of card detectors, ampoules, or dosimeters
- F. Use of combustible gas detector
- G. Other personnel detectors used
- H. Alarm conditions I & II,
- I. SO2 alarms (if applicable)

## 3. H2S Protection

- A. Types of breathing apparatus provided (30-minute SCBA & 5-minute SCBA (with voice diaphragms for communication if supplied)
- B. Principle of how breathing apparatus works
- C. Demonstration on how to use breathing apparatus
- D. Location of breathing apparatus

## 4. Cascade System

- A. Description of cascade system
- B. How system works
- C. Cascade location of rig with reference to briefing areas
- D. How to use cascade system (with 5-minute hose work line units & refill, if supplied)
- E. Importance of wind direction and actual location of Windsocks
- F. Purpose of compressor/function (if one is on site)

## 5. H2S Rescue and First Aid

- A. Importance of wind direction
- B. Safe briefing area
- C. Buddy system
- D. H2S symptoms
- E. Methods of rescue

## 6. Hands on Training

- A. Donning/familiarization of SCBA 30-minue unit
- B. Donning/familiarization of SKADA 5- MIN. Packs
- C. Familiarization of cascades
- D. Use of O2 resuscitator
- E. Alarm conditions upwind briefing areas, etc...
- F. Duties and responsibilities of all personnel
- G. Procedures for evacuation
- H. Search and Rescue teams

## 7. Certification

A. Testing on material covered

# TOTAL SAFETY US INC., FIT TEST

## X. EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

Employee Name:		Date:				
Date of Employee Medical	Evaluation:					
Medical Status (circle): Authorized	Medical Status (circle): Unrestricted Limitations on Use Authorized					
RESPIRATOR INFORMATIO	DIN					
Respirator Type (Dustmasl	<, SCBA, etc):					
Brand:						
Size: (circle): XS	S	М	L	XL		
FIT TEST INFORMATION						
Type of Fit Test Performed	:					
<u>Quantitative</u> Porta Count Fittester 3000	)		Fit Factor: Fit Factor:			
Qualitative						
Irritant Smok			Passed / Faile			
Isoamyl Acet Saccharin	ate (Banana Oil	/	Passed / Faile Passed / Faile			
Bitrex			Passed / Faile			
I hereby certify that this fittest was Protocols found in Appendix A of		accordance wi	th the OSHA I	Fit Testing		
Fit Tester Name (Print):						
Signature:			Date:			

## XI. H<sub>2</sub>S SAFETY SERVICES

HYDROGEN SULFIDE SAFETY PACKAGE – Contained on location in Total Safety H2S Equipment Trailer, unless otherwise noted:

## **RESPIRATORY SAFETY SYSTEMS**

## QTY DESCRIPTION

- 30-Minute Pressure Demand SCBA
   (4-Primary Safe Briefing Area, 4-Secondary Safe Briefing Area, 4-floor with one of these for derrick man)
- 9 Hose Line 5-minute Work Unit w/Escape Cylinder (1 in derrick, 6 on drill floor, 1 in mud pit wt area, 1 in shaker area)

The following shall be part of the package if requested by the MRC Foremen (at least one trailer with cascade system is required to be located in the MRC Magnolia asset for use as needed)

- 1 Breathing air cascade of 10 bottles w/regulator
- 2 Refill lines to refill 30-minute units on location
- 1 6-Man manifold that can be rigged up to work area on floor, if needed
- 6 25 foot hose lines
- 2 50 foot hose lines
- 100 Feet of hose line to rig cascade up to 12 man manifold on floor
- 12 30-minute Self Contained Breathing apparatus

## DETECTION AND ALARM SAFETY SYSTEM

- 1 H2S Fixed Monitor w/8Channels (Loc determined at rig up) suggested.
- (Mud pit area, shaker area, bell nipple area, floor/driller area, & outside quarters)
- 5 H2S Sensors
- 3 Explosion Proof Alarms (Light and Siren)
- (1 on floor, 1 in work area, 1 in trailer area where quarters are located)
- 2 Personal H2S monitors
- 1 Portable Tri-Gas Hand Held Meter (O2, LEL, H2S)
- 1 Sensidyne/Gastech Manual Pump Type Detector
- 8 Boxes H2S Tubes Various Ranges
- 2 Boxes SO2 Tubes Various Ranges
- 1 Calibration Gas
- 1 Set Paper Work for Records: Training, Cal, Inspection, other

## ADDITIONAL SAFETY RELATED EQUIPMENT

#### QTY DESCRIPTION

- 2 Windsocks with Pole and Bracket
- 1 Set Well Condition Sign w/Green, Yellow, Red Flags
- 1 Primary Safe Briefing Area Sign
- 1 Secondary Safe Briefing Area Sign
- 6 Operating Condition Signs for Work Areas & Living Quarters

## TRAILER WITH BREATHING AIR CASCADE WILL ALSO INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

This equipment will be part of the H2S equipment stored in the trailer, when on location

- 1 First aid kit
- 1 Fire Blanket
- 1 Eye wash station
- 2 Safety Harness w/150' safety line

## XII. EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS (Updated March 18, 2009)

## **EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS**

MRC Energy Co. Emergency Phone # MRC Energy Co. Permian Operations Phone------**MRC Energy Co. Production** 113 Daw Rd Mansfield LA 71052

Title	Names	Phone	Cell
<b>Operations Manager</b>			
Operation Supt.			
Operations			
Supervisor			
Operations			
Supervisor			
Office Supervisor			
HSE			
Scheduler Planner			

## Hydrogen Sulfide Safety Consultants

Total Safety W. Bender	575-392-2973	After Hours 24 Hour Call
Blvd. Hobbs, NM		Center Through Office
		Number
Tommy Throckmorton	575-392-2973	940-268-9614
Operations Manager		
Rodney Jourdan Sales	575-392-2973	432-349-3928
Contact		

# MRC Energy Co. MEDICAL RESPONSE PLAN AND IT'S MEDICAL PROTOCOLS WILL BE FOLLOWED

# MEDICAL COORDINATOR # -----

## Emergency Numbers & Directions

## Hospitals (911)

Artesia General Hospital		
702 N. 13 <sup>th</sup> St.	Main Phone Number	575-748-3333
Artesia, NM 88210		
Nor-Lea General Hospital		
1600 N. Main Ave.	Main Phone Number	575-396-6611
Lovington, NM 88260		
Lea Regional Medical		
Center	Main Phone Number	575-492-5260
5419 N. Lovington Hwy		
Hobbs, NM 88240		
Carlsbad General Hospital		
2430 W. Pierce St.	Main Phone Number	575-887-4100
Carlsbad, NM		
Lovelace Regional Hospital		
117 E. 19 <sup>th</sup> St	Main Phone Number	575-627-7000
Roswell, NM 88201		
Winkler Co. Memorial		
Hospital	Main Phone Number	432-586-8299
821 Jeffee Dr.		
Kermit, Texas 79745		
<b>Reeves County Hospital</b>		
2323 Texas St.	Main Phone Number	432-447-3551
Pecos, Texas 79772		

## State Police (911)

Texas DPS Loving co.	Office Number	422 277 2411
225 N.Pecos	Office Number	432-377-2411
Mentone, Texas 79754		
<b>Texas DPS Winkler Co.</b>		
100 E Winkler	Office Number	432-586-3465
Kermit, Texas 79745		
<b>Texas DPS Pecos Co.</b>		
148 N I-20 Frontage RD	Office Number	432-447-3532
Pecos, Texas 79772		
New Mexico State Police		
3300 W. Main St	Office Number	575-748-9718
Artesia, NM		
New Mexico State Police		
304 N. Canyon St	Office Number	575-885-3137
Carlsbad, NM 88220		
New Mexico State Police		
5100 Jack Gomez Blvd.	Office Number	575-392-5588
Hobbs, NM 88240		

## Local Law Enforcement (911) (Sheriff)

<b>Reeves Co. Sheriff</b>		
500 N. Oak ST	Office Number	432-445-4901
Pecos, Texas 79722		
Winkler Co. Sheriff		
1300 Bellaire St.	Office Number	432-586-3461
Kermit, Texas 79745		
Loving Co. Sheriff		
Courthouse	Office Number	432-377-2411
Mentone, Texas		
Lea Co. Sheriff		
1417 S. Commercial St.	Office Number	
Lovington, NM 88260		
Eddy Co. Sheriff		
305 N 7th St.	Office Number	575-766-9888
Artesia, NM 88210		
Eddy Co. Sheriff		
305 N 7th St.	Office Number	575-746-9888
Carlsbad, NM 88220		

# Federal & State Agencies

OSHA Lubbock Area Office 1205 Texas Av. Room 806 Lubbock, Texas 79401	Main Number	806-472-7681 EXT 7685
New Mexico Environment Department 400 N Pennsylvania Roswell, NM 88201	Joe Fresquez	575-623-3935
Texas Railroad Commission Midland, Texas	Main Number	844-773-0305
BLM Carlsbad, NM Field Office 620 E. Green ST Carlsbad, NM 88220	Main Number	575-234-5972
BLM Hobbs Field Station 414 W. Taylor Rd. Hobbs, NM 88240	Main Number	575-393-3612
BLM Roswell District Office 2909 W. Second St. Roswell, NM 88201	Main Number	575-627-0272
TECQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality	Main Number	800-832-8224
New Mexico OCDU.S. EnvironmentalProtection Agency Region6Texas/New Mexico	Main Number	214-655-2222
National Response Center Toxic Chemicals & Oil Spills	Main Number	800-424-8802

## **Rig Company**

## XIII. EVACUATION OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC

The procedure to be used in alerting nearby persons in the event of any occurrence that could pose a threat to life or property will be arranged and completed with public officials in detail, prior to drilling into the hydrogen sulfide formations.

In the event of an actual emergency, the following steps will be immediately taken:

- 1. The MRC Energy Co.'s representative will dispatch sufficient personnel to immediately warn each resident and transients down-wind within radius of exposure from the well site. Then warn all residence in the radius of exposure. Additional evacuation zones may be necessary as the situation warrants.
- 2. The MRC Energy Co.'s representative will immediately notify proper authorities, including the Sheriff's Office, Highway Patrol, and any other public officials as described above and will enlist their assistance in warning residents and transients in the calculated radius of exposure.
- 3. The MRC Energy Co.'s representative will dispatch sufficient personnel to divert traffic in the vicinity away from the potentially dangerous area. A guard to the entrance of the well site will be posted to monitor essential and non essential traffic.
- 4. General:
  - A. The area included within the radius of exposure is considered to be the zone of maximum potential hazard from a hydrogen sulfide gas escape. Immediate evacuation of public areas, in accordance with the provisions of this contingency plan, is imperative. When it is determined that conditions exist which create an additional area (beyond the initial zone of maximum potential hazard) vulnerable to possible hazard, public areas in the additional hazardous area will be evacuated in accordance with the contingency plan.
  - B. In the event of a disaster, after the public areas have been evacuated and traffic stopped, it is expected that local civil authorities will have arrived and within a few hours will have assumed direction of and control of the public, including all public areas. MRC Energy Co. will cooperate with these authorities to the fullest extent and will exert every effort by careful advice to such authorities to prevent panic or rumors.
  - C. MRC Energy Co. will dispatch appropriate management personnel at the disaster site as soon as possible. The company's personnel

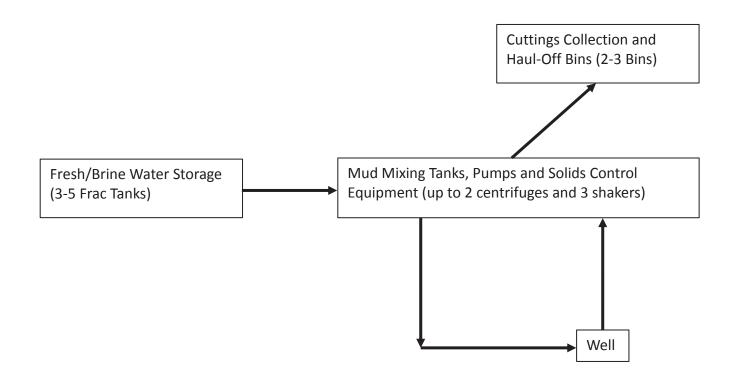
will cooperate with and provide such information to civil authorities as they might require.

D. One of the products of the combustion of hydrogen sulfide is sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>). Under certain conditions this gas may be equally as dangerous as H<sub>2</sub>S. A pump type detector device, which determines the percent of SO<sub>2</sub> in air through concentrations in ppm, will be available. Although normal air movement is sufficient to dissipate this material to safe levels, the SO<sub>2</sub> detector should be utilized to check concentrations in the proximity of the well once every hour, or as necessary and the situation warrants. Also, if any low areas are suspected of having high concentrations, personnel should be made aware of these areas, and steps should be taken to determine whether or not these low areas are hazardous.

## Exhibit E-6: H2S Contingency Plan Emergency Contacts Matador Resources Company

Company Office			
Matador Resources Company	(972)-371-5200		
Key Personnel			
Name	Title	Office	Mobile
Billy Goodwin	Vice President Drilling	972-371-5210	817-522-2928
Gary Martin	Drilling Superintendent		601-669-1774
Dee Smith	Drilling Superintendent	972-371-5447	972-822-1010
Blake Hermes	Drilling Engineer	972-371-5485	713-876-8558
	Construction Superintendent		
	Construction Superintendent		•
<u>Artesia</u>			
Ambulance		911	
State Police		575-746-2703	
City Police		575-746-2703	
Sheriff's Office		575-746-9888	
Fire Department		575-746-2701	
Local Emergency Planning Committe		575-746-2122	
New Mexico Oil Conservation Divisio	n	575-748-1283	_
<u>Carlsbad</u>			
Ambulance		911	
State Police		575-885-3137	
City Police		575-885-2111	
Sheriff's Office		575-887-7551	
Fire Department		575-887-3798	
Local Emergency Planning Committe		575-887-6544	
New Mexico Oil Conservation Divisio	n	575-887-6544	-
<u>Santa Fe</u>			
New Mexico Emergency Response Co		505-476-9600	
New Mexico Emergency Response Co		505-827-9126	
New Mexico State Emergency Opera	tions Center	505-476-9635	-
National			
National Emegency Response Center	(Washington, D.C.)	800-424-8802	-
Medical			
Flight for Life- 4000 24th St.; Lubboc	k, TX	806-743-9911	
Aerocare- R3, Box 49F; Lubbock, TX		806-747-8923	
Med Flight Air Amb- 2301 Yale Blvd S		505-842-4433	
SB Air Med Service- 2505 Clark Carr I	oop S.E.; Albuquerque, NM	505-842-4949	
<u>Other</u>			
Boots & Coots IWC		800-256-9688	or 281-931-8884
Cudd Pressure Control		432-699-0139	or 432-563-3356
Haliburton		575-746-2757	
B.J. Services		575-746-3569	

# **Closed-Loop System**



#### **Operating and Maintenance Plan:**

During drilling operations, third party service companies will utilize solids control equipment to remove cuttings from the drilling fluids and collect it in haul-off bins. Equipment will be closely monitored at all times while drilling by the derrick man and the service company employees.

#### **Closure Plan:**

During drilling operations, third party service companies will haul off drill solids and fluids to an approved disposal facility. At the end of the well, all closed loop equipment will be removed from the location.

SHL: 390' FSL & 614' FEL Section 17 BHL: 60' FNL & 992' FEL Section 8 Township/Range: 25S 35E Elevation Above Sea Level: 3257

#### Drilling Operation Plan

Leslie Fed Com #124H

Proposed Drilling Depth: 21141' MD / 10915' TVD

Type of well: Horizontal well, no pilot hole

Permitted Well Type: Oil

Geologic Name of Surface Formation: Quaternary Deposits

KOP Lat/Long (NAD83): 32.1232591847 N / -103.3838197714 W TD Lat/Long (NAD83): 32.1519817785 N / -103.3842318054 W

#### 1. Estimated Tops

Formation	MD (ft)	TVD (ft)	Thickness (ft)	Lithology	Resource
Rustler	910	910	405	Anhydrite	Barren
Top of Salt	1,315	1,315	2,322	Salt	Barren
Castile	3,637	3,637	1,703	Salt	Barren
Base of Salt	5,340	5,340	58	Salt	Barren
Bell Canyon	5,398	5,398	2,372	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
Brushy Canyon	7,770	7,770	1,332	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
Bone Spring Lime	9,102	9,102	1,251	Limestone	Oil/Natural Gas
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,353	10,353	147	Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
КОР	10,356	10,342		Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
2nd Bone Spring Carbonate	10,516	10,500	339	Carbonate	Oil/Natural Gas
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,959	10,839		Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas
TD	21,141	10,915		Sandstone	Oil/Natural Gas

#### 2. Notable Zones

2nd Bone Spring is the goal. All perforations will be within the setback requirements as prescribed or permitted by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. OSE estimated ground water depth at this location is 175'.

#### 3. Pressure Control

#### <u>Equipment</u>

A 12,000' 5000-psi BOP stack consisting of 3 rams with 2 pipe rams, 1 blind ram, and one annular preventer will be utilized below surface casing to TD. See attachments for BOP and choke manifold diagrams.

An accumulator complying with Onshore Order #2 requirements for the pressure rating of the BOP stack will be present. A rotating head will also be installed as needed.

#### Testing Procedure

BOP will be inspected and operated as required in Onshore Order #2. Kelly cock and sub equipped with a full opening valve sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position.

A third party company will test the BOPs.

After setting surface casing, a minimum 5M BOPE system will be installed. Test pressures will be 250 psi low and 5000 psi high with the annular preventer being tested to 250 psi low and 2500 psi high before drilling below surface shoe. In the event that the rig drills multiple wells on the pad and any seal subject to test pressures are broken, a full BOP test will be performed when the rig returns and the 5M BOPE system is re-installed.

#### Variance Request

Matador requests a variance to have the option of running a multi-bowl wellhead assembly for setting the Intermediate 1 and Production Strings. The BOPs will not be tested again unless any flanges are separated.

Matador requests a variance to drill this well using a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold. Certification for proposed co-flex hose is attached. The hose is not required by the manufacturer to be anchored. If the specific hose is not available, then one of equal or higher rating will be used.

Matador requests a variance to have the option of batch drilling this well with other wells on the same pad. In the event that this well is batch drilled, the wellbore will be secured with a blind flange of like pressure. When the rig returns to this well and BOPs are installed, the operator will perform a full BOP test.

#### 4. Casing & Cement

String	Hole Size (in)	Set MD (ft)	Set TVD (ft)	Casing Size (in)	Wt. (lb/ft)	Grade	Joint	Collapse	Burst	Tension
Surface	17.5	0 - 935	0 - 935	13.375	54.5	J-55	BUTT	1.125	1.125	1.8
Intermediate 1	12.25	0 - 5423	0 - 5423	9.625	40	J-55	BUTT	1.125	1.125	1.8
Production	8.75	0 - 21141	0 - 10915	5.5	20	P-110	DWC/C-IS HT Plus	1.125	1.125	1.8

All casing will be API and new. See attached casing assumption worksheet.

- All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Order #2 - III.B.1.h

- Rustler top will be validated via drilling parameters (i.e. reduction in ROP) and surface casing setting depth revised accordingly if needed

String	Туре	Sacks	Yield	Cu. Ft.	Weight	Percent Excess	Top of Cement	Class	Blend	
Surface	Lead	430	1.72	734	12.5	50%	0	С	5% NaCl + LCM	
	Tail	250	1.38	347	14.8	50%	635	С	5% NaCl + LCM	
Intermediate 1	Lead	990	2.13	2108	12.6	50%	0	С	Bentonite + 1% CaCL2 + 8% NaCl + LCM	
	Tail	390	1.38	544	14.8	50%	4338	С	5% NaCl + LCM	
Production	Lead	650	2.22	1452	11.5	25%	5223	Н	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM	
	Tail	2650	1.35	3573	13.2	25%	9856	Н	Fluid Loss + Dispersant + Retarder + LCM	

#### 5. Mud Program

An electronic Pason mud monitoring system complying with Onshore Order 2 will be used. All necessary mud products (barite, bentonite, LCM) for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Mud program is subject to change due to hole conditions.

Hole Section	Hole Size (in)	Mud Type	Interval MD (ft)	Density (lb/gal)	Viscosity	Fluid Loss
Surface	17.5	Spud Mud	0 - 935	8.4 - 8.8	28-30	NC
Intermediate 1	12.25	Brine Water	935 - 5423	9.5 - 10.2	28-30	NC
Production	8.75	Cut Brine/OBM	5423 - 21141	8.6 - 9.4	28-30	NC

#### 6. Cores, Test, & Logs

No core or drill stem test is planned.

A 2-person mud logging program will be used from Kick-off point to TD.

No electric logs are planned at this time. GR will be collected through the MWD tools from Intermediate casing to TD. CBL with CCL will be run as far as gravity will let it fall to top of curve.

#### 7. Down Hole Conditions

No abnormal pressure or temperature is expected. Maximum anticipated surface pressure is 2934 psi. Expected bottom hole temperature is 160° F.

In accordance with Onshore Order 6, Matador does not anticipate that there will be enough H2S from the surface to the Bone Spring formations to meet the BLM's minimum requirements for the submission of a "H2S Drilling Operation Plan" or "Public Protection Plan" for the drilling and completion of this well. Since we have a H2S safety package on all wells, attached is a "H2S Drilling Operations Plan." Adequate flare lines will be installed off the mud/gas separator where gas may be flared safely. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of the equipment being used.