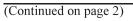
Form 3160-3 (June 2015) UNITED STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE BUREAU OF LAND MAN APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO 1a. Type of work:	INTE NAGE	MENT		BS 20 ED	OMB N Expires: Ja 5. Lease Serial No. NMNM0000127A 6. If Indian, Allotee 7. If Unit or CA Ag	e or Tribe N	137 2018 Name
1b. Type of Well:	Other Single 2	Zone	Multiple Zone		NMNM 135614 8. Lease Name and SALADO DRAW 9 2H		
2. Name of Operator MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY [14744]					9. API Well No. 3	0-025	-48040
3a. Address           PO Box 5270, Hobbs, NM 88240		Phone N 5) 393-5	o. <i>(include area cod</i> 905	le)	10. Field and Pool, SANDERS TANK;	-	
<ol> <li>Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance At surface TR C / 345 FNL / 1930 FWL / LAT 32.064 At proposed prod. zone TR N / 100 FSL / 2310 FWL / L</li> </ol>	3295 /	LONG -	103.5795455	83137	11. Sec., T. R. M. of SEC 9/T26S/R33E		Survey or Area
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post o 30 miles	ffice*				12. County or Paris LEA		13. State NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. <b>320</b>		res in lease	17. Spaci 160.0	ng Unit dedicated to t	this well	
<ol> <li>Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft.</li> </ol>		Proposed 10 feet	l Depth / 17465 feet	20, BLM/ FED: NN	/BIA Bond No. in file /11693	:	
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3308 feet		Approxii )4/2019	nate date work will	start*	<ul><li>23. Estimated durat</li><li>60 days</li></ul>	ion	
	24	. Attaci	hments				
<ul> <li>The following, completed in accordance with the requirements (as applicable)</li> <li>1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.</li> <li>2. A Drilling Plan.</li> <li>3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest Syst SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office</li> </ul>	tem Lar		<ol> <li>Bond to cover th Item 20 above).</li> <li>Operator certific</li> </ol>	ne operation	Hydraulic Fracturing r is unless covered by a mation and/or plans as	n existing	bond on file (see
25. Signature (Electronic Submission)			(Printed/Typed) LEY BISHOP / Pt	n: (575) 39	93-5905	Date 09/09/20	019
Title Regulatory							
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)		1	(Printed/Typed) _ayton / Ph: (575)	234-5959		Date 06/24/20	020
Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals		Office Carlsb	ad Field Office				
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applic applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	ant hold	is legal o	or equitable title to the	hose rights	in the subject lease w	hich woul	d entitle the
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statement						any depart	ment or agency

# GCP Rec 11/06/2020

Revised C-102 Rec 11/24/2020

SL



\*(Instructions on page 2)

11/24/2020

APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS Approval Date: 06/24/2020

## INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM I: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the wen, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionany drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

## NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48( d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service wen or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record win be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM conects this information to anow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

**BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT:** Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Conection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

## **Additional Operator Remarks**

#### **Location of Well**

0. SHL: TR C / 345 FNL / 1930 FWL / TWSP: 26S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 9 / LAT: 32.0643295 / LONG: -103.5795455 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet) PPP: TR K / 2638 FSL / 1652 FWL / TWSP: 26S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 9 / LAT: 32.0580094 / LONG: -103.5783159 (TVD: 12516 feet, MD: 14930 feet) PPP: TR C / 100 FNL / 2310 FWL / TWSP: 26S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 9 / LAT: 32.0650006 / LONG: -103.5783181 (TVD: 12270 feet, MD: 12303 feet) BHL: TR N / 100 FSL / 2310 FWL / TWSP: 26S / RANGE: 33E / SECTION: 9 / LAT: 32.0510396 / LONG: -103.5783181 (TVD: 12510 feet, MD: 17465 feet)

#### **BLM Point of Contact**

Name: Tenille Ortiz Title: Legal Instruments Examiner Phone: (575) 234-2224 Email: tortiz@blm.gov

#### **Review and Appeal Rights**

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

# PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

### **MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY**

#### SALADO DRAW 9 W0CN FED COM 1H

Surface Hole Location: 345' FNL & 1900' FWL, Section 9, T. 26 S., R. 33 E. Bottom Hole Location: 100' FSL & 1652' FWL, Section 9, T. 26 S, R 33 E.

SALADO DRAW 9 W1CN FED COM 2H

Surface Hole Location: 345' FNL & 1930' FWL, Section 9, T. 26 S., R. 33 E. Bottom Hole Location: 100' FSL & 2310' FWL, Section 9, T. 26 S, R 33 E.

#### Lease Number NMNM0000127A

Lea County

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions
Permit Expiration
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Cave/Karst
Watershed
Cultural
Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
Road Section Diagram
Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

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## I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

## **II. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

# **III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES**

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

## **IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS**

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for

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acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

# V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

# **Cave and Karst**

\*\* Depending on location, additional Drilling, Casing, and Cementing procedures may be required by engineering to protect critical karst groundwater recharge areas.

## **Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation**

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production.

## **Construction:**

In the advent that any underground voids are opened up during construction activities, construction activities will be halted and the BLM will be notified immediately.

## No Blasting:

No blasting will be utilized for pad construction. The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.

## Pad Berming:

The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.

- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)

#### Tank Battery Liners and Berms:

Tank battery locations and all facilities will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.

#### Leak Detection System:

A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. Leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM for approval.

#### Automatic Shut-off Systems:

Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

## **Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation**

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns:

#### **Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:**

Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

#### **Directional Drilling:**

Kick off for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

#### Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cave-bearing zone, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

#### Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

### Pressure Testing:

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Annual pressure monitoring will be performed by the operator on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

# <u>Watershed</u>

- The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
- Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion.
- Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24 hour production, whichever is greater.
- Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.
- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 24 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)
- A leak detection plan will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.

# VI. CONSTRUCTION

## A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

## B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

## C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

## D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

## E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be

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constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

## F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

## **Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

## G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

## Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

## Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

### Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

## Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

## Turnouts

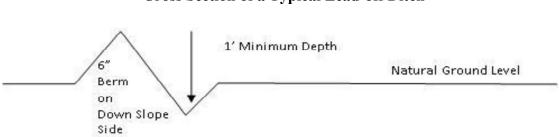
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Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

### Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.



## **Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch**

All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: 400' + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval 4%

## Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

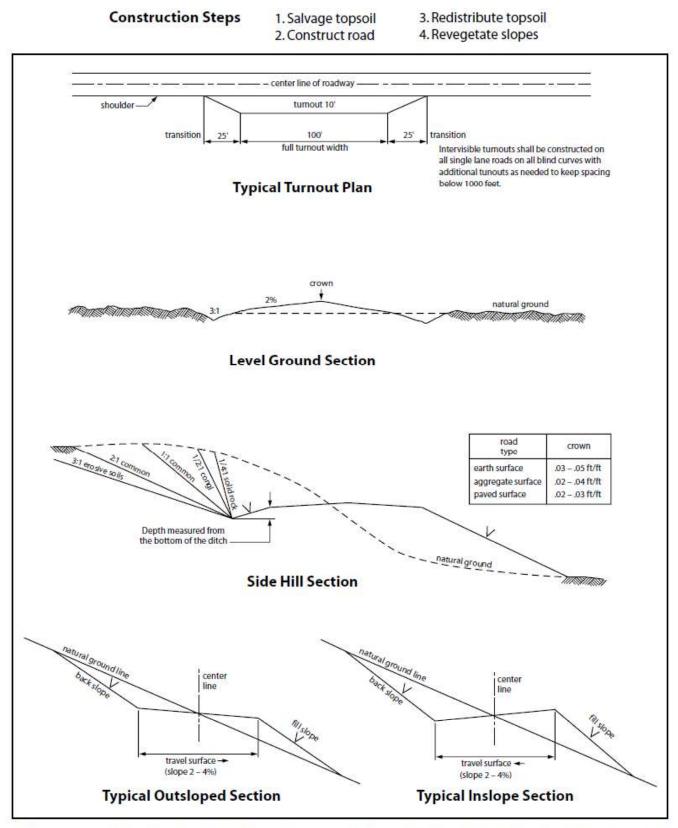
#### Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

#### Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

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# VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

## A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

### **Placement of Production Facilities**

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

## Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

### Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. <u>Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.</u>

## **Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures**

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production

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equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

### **Containment Structures**

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

### Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

## B. PIPELINES

## STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the Grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat(s) and/or map(s), shall be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to review a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, Holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC § 2601 *et seq.* (1982) with regard to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant (*see* 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and in particular, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193). Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the Authorized Officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. Holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms

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are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. § 9601, *et seq.* or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, *et seq.*) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way Holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way Holder a release is caused by Holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. Holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. Holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

- a. Activities of Holder including, but not limited to: construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility;
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
  - (1) Land clearing
  - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work
  - (3) Blasting
  - (4) Vandalism and sabotage;
- c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of Holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of Holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he/she deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of Holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve Holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to the authorized

right-of-way width of <u>20</u> feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline shall be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline shall be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity shall be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation shall be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.

8. Holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline shall be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather than suspended across these features.

9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of <u>24</u> inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

17. Surface pipelines shall be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

## VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of

Page 15 of 17

vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

# IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

## Seed Mixture 3, for Shallow Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre:

Species	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains Bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	1.0
Green Sprangletop (Leptochloa dubia)	2.0
Sideoats Grama (Bouteloua curtipendula)	5.0

\*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed **x** percent purity **x** percent germination = pounds pure live seed

# PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

<b>OPERATOR'S NAME:</b>	Mewbourne Oil Company
LEASE NO.:	NMNM0000127A
WELL NAME & NO.:	SALADO DRAW 9 W1CN FED COM #2H
<b>SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:</b>	345'/N & 1930'/W
<b>BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE</b>	100'/S & 2310'/W
LOCATION:	Section 9, T.26 S., R.33 E., NMP
COUNTY:	Lea County, New Mexico

## COA

H2S	© Yes	No	
Potash	None	© Secretary	© R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	C Low	Medium	<sup>O</sup> High
Cave/Karst Potential	Critical		
Variance	© None	Flex Hose	<sup>©</sup> Other
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	© Both
Other	4 String Area	🗖 Capitan Reef	□ WIPP
Other	Fluid Filled	Cement Squeeze	🗖 Pilot Hole
Special Requirements	Water Disposal	COM	🗖 Unit

### A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

### **B.** CASING

#### **Casing Design:**

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 960 feet (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after

Page 1 of 8

completing the cement job.

- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of <u>8</u> <u>hours</u> or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately **4835** feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing is:
  - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst or potash. Excess cement calculates to 19%, additional cement might be required.
  - In <u>Medium Cave/Karst Areas</u> if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7 inch production casing is:

### **Option 1 (Single Stage):**

 Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.
 Excess cement calculates to 2%, additional cement might be required.

### **Option 2:**

Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.

- b. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
- c. Second stage above DV tool:

- Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.
- 4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 4-1/2 inch production liner is:
  - Cement should tie-back **100 feet** into the previous casing. Operator shall provide method of verification.

## C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).'

### 2.

## Option 1:

- a. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 (10M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 5000 (5M) psi.
- b. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the intermediate casing shoe shall be 10,000 (10M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 5000 (5M) psi.

## **Option 2:**

- Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 (10M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 5000 (5M) psi.
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.

- d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

## **D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)**

#### **Communitization Agreement**

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 E Greene St. Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. <u>When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.</u>

# **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- Lea County Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 393-3612
- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.

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- a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
- b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
  - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
  - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
  - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

## A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>24</u> <u>hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>.

WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.

- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

### B. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:

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- a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
- b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
- e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
  - c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).

- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

## D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

## OTA04072020

#### Well Number: 2H

#### Is the proposed well in an area containing other mineral resources? USEABLE WATER, NATURAL GAS, OIL

Is the proposed well in a Helium production a	rea? N Use Existing Well Pad? N	New surface disturbance?
Type of Well Pad: SINGLE WELL	Multiple Well Pad Name:	Number:
Well Class: HORIZONTAL	Number of Legs: 1	
Well Work Type: Drill		
Well Type: CONVENTIONAL GAS WELL		
Describe Well Type:		
Well sub-Type: APPRAISAL		
Describe sub-type:		
Distance to town: 30 Miles Distan	ice to nearest well: 50 FT Dist	tance to lease line: 320 FT
Reservoir well spacing assigned acres Measu	urement: 160 Acres	
Well plat: SaladoDraw9W1CNFedCom2H_w	vellplat_20190903105016.pdf	
Well work start Date: 11/04/2019	Duration: 60 DAYS	

## **Section 3 - Well Location Table**

Survey Type: RECTANGULAR

**Describe Survey Type:** 

Datum: NAD83

Survey number:

Vertical Datum: NAVD88

Reference Datum: GROUND LEVEL

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD	Will this well produce from this lease?
SHL Leg #1	345	FNL	193 0	FW L	26S	33E	9	Tract C	32.06432 95	- 103.5795 455			NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 000012 7A	330 8	0	0	Y
KOP Leg #1	10	FNL	231 0	FW L	26S	33E	9	Tract C	32.06527 55	- 103.5783 182			NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 000012 7A	- 863 9	119 59	119 47	Y
PPP Leg #1-1	100	FNL	231 0	FW L	26S	33E	9	Tract C	32.06500 06	- 103.5783 181	LEA		NEW MEXI CO	F	NMNM 000012 7A	- 896 2	123 03	122 70	Y

# Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY Well Name: SALADO DRAW 9 W1CN FED COM

#### Well Number: 2H

Wellbore	NS-Foot	NS Indicator	EW-Foot	EW Indicator	Twsp	Range	Section	Aliquot/Lot/Tract	Latitude	Longitude	County	State	Meridian	Lease Type	Lease Number	Elevation	MD	TVD	Will this well produce from this lease?
PPP Leg #1-2	263 8	FSL	165 2	FW L	26S	33E	9	Tract K	32.05800 94	- 103.5783 159	LEA		NEW MEXI CO	F	FEE	- 920 8	149 30	125 16	Y
EXIT Leg #1	100	FSL	231 0	FW L	26S	33E	9	Tract N	32.05103 96	- 103.5783 137	LEA		NEW MEXI CO	F	FEE	- 920 2	174 65	125 10	Y
BHL Leg #1	100	FSL	231 0	FW L	26S	33E	9	Tract N	32.05103 96	- 103.5783 137	LEA		NEW MEXI CO	F	FEE	- 920 2	174 65	125 10	Y



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Drilling Plan Data Report

06/25/2020

APD ID: 10400046772 Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY Well Name: SALADO DRAW 9 W1CN FED COM Well Type: CONVENTIONAL GAS WELL

Submission Date: 09/09/2019

Well Number: 2H Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

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Show Final Text

## **Section 1 - Geologic Formations**

_							
Formation	<b>–</b> <i>–</i> <b>–</b>		True Vertical				Producing
ID	Formation Name	Elevation	Depth	Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	
526691	UNKNOWN	3335	27	27	OTHER : Top soil	NONE	N
526702	RUSTLER	2490	845	845	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	USEABLE WATER	N
526703	TOP SALT	2119	1216	1216	SALT	NONE	N
526692	BOTTOM SALT	-1345	4680	4680	SALT	NONE	N
526699	LAMAR	-1575	4910	4910	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
526695	BELL CANYON	-1605	4940	4940	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
526696	CHERRY CANYON	-2705	6040	6040	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
526697	MANZANITA	-2854	6189	6189	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
526690	BONE SPRING	-5625	8960	8960	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
526693	BONE SPRING 1ST	-6630	9965	9965	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
526694	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7185	10520	10520	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
526701	BONE SPRING 3RD	-8270	11605	11605	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
526698	WOLFCAMP	-8630	11965	11965	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY Well Name: SALADO DRAW 9 W1CN FED COM

Well Number: 2H

#### Pressure Rating (PSI): 10M

Rating Depth: 17465

Equipment: Annular, Pipe Rams, Blind Rams

#### Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Request variance for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. Anchors not required by manufacturer. A multi-bowl wellhead will be used. See attached schematic. Testing Procedure: BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

## Choke Diagram Attachment:

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Flex\_Line\_Specs\_20200325084848.pdf Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_10M\_BOPE\_Choke\_Diagram\_20200325084849.pdf Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Flex\_Line\_Specs\_API\_16C\_20200325084849.pdf

#### **BOP Diagram Attachment:**

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_10M\_Annular\_BOP\_Variance\_20200325084907.doc

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_10M\_BOPE\_Schematic\_w\_5M\_Annular\_20200325084908.pdf

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_10M\_Multi\_Bowl\_WH\_Running\_Proc\_20200325084910.pdf

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	920	0	920	3308	2388	920	H-40	48	ST&C	1.83	4.11	DRY	7.29	DRY	12.2 5
	INTERMED IATE	12.2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	4835	0	4835	3326	-1527	4835	L-80	40	LT&C	1.23	2.29	DRY	3.76	DRY	4.74
	PRODUCTI ON	8.75	7.0	NEW	API	N	0	12700	0	12700	3326	-9392	12700	HCP -110	26	LT&C	1.26	1.61	DRY	2.1	DRY	2.51
4	LINER	6.12 5	4.5	NEW	API	N	11959	17465	11947	12510	-8639	-9202	5506	P- 110	13.5	LT&C	1.37	1.59	DRY	4.55	DRY	5.68

## Section 3 - Casing

#### **Casing Attachments**

Well Number: 2H

#### **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 1 String Type:SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Csg\_Assumptions\_20190909085327.pdf

Casing ID: 2 String Type:INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Csg\_Assumptions\_20190909085342.pdf

Casing ID: 3 String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Csg\_Assumptions\_20190909085419.pdf

Well Number: 2H

#### **Casing Attachments**

Casing ID: 4 String Ty

String Type:LINER

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

**Tapered String Spec:** 

#### Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Csg\_Assumptions\_20190909085512.pdf

Section	4 - Ce	emen	t								
String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	728	480	2.12	12.5	1018	100	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
SURFACE	Tail	~	728	920	200	1.34	14.8	268	100	Class C	Retarder
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	4145	760	2.12	12.5	1611	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4145	4835	200	1.34	14.8	268	25	Class C	Retarder
PRODUCTION	Lead	6189	4635	5503	80	2.12	12.5	170	25	Class C	Gel, Retarder, Defoamer, Extender
PRODUCTION	Tail		5503	6189	100	1.34	14.8	134	25	Class C	Retarder
PRODUCTION	Lead	6189	6189	1021 2	360	2.12	12.5	763	25	Class C	Gel, Retarder, Defoamer, Extender
PRODUCTION	Tail		1021 2	1270 0	400	1.18	15.6	472	25	Class H	Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
LINER	Lead		1195 9	1746 5	220	2.97	11.2	653	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-Settling Agent

**Operator Name:** MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY **Well Name:** SALADO DRAW 9 W1CN FED COM

Well Number: 2H

## Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Lost circulation material Sweeps Mud scavengers in surface hole

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Pason/PVT/Visual Monitoring

## **Circulating Medium Table**

Depth	om Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Weight (Ibs/gal)	sity (lbs/cu ft)	Strength (Ibs/100 sqft)		Viscosity (CP)	(mqq) yir	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
Top	Bottom	Mud	Min V	Max	Density	Gel S	Н	Visc	Salinity	Filtra	Addit
0	920	SPUD MUD	8.6	8.8							
920	4835	SALT SATURATED	10	10							
4835	1252 0	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	9.5							
1252 0	1252 0	OIL-BASED MUD	10	13							

## Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Will run GR/CNL from KOP (11959') to surface.

Will run MWD GR from KOP (11959') to TD.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

COMPENSATED NEUTRON LOG, DIRECTIONAL SURVEY, GAMMA RAY LOG, MEASUREMENT WHILE DRILLING, MUD LOG/GEOLOGIC LITHOLOGY LOG,

Coring operation description for the well:

None

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY Well Name: SALADO DRAW 9 W1CN FED COM

Well Number: 2H

## **Section 7 - Pressure**

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 7806

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 5052

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 165

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

## Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_H2S\_Plan\_20200325084930.pdf

## **Section 8 - Other Information**

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

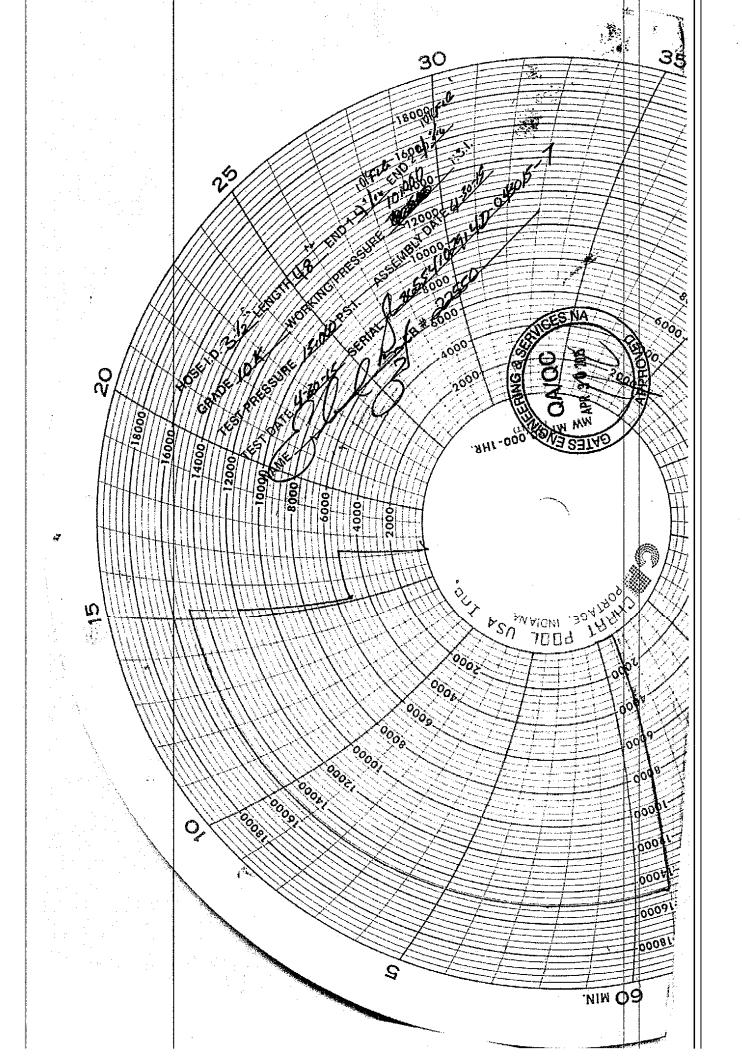
Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Dir\_Plot\_20190909090020.pdf Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Dir\_Plan\_20190909090030.pdf

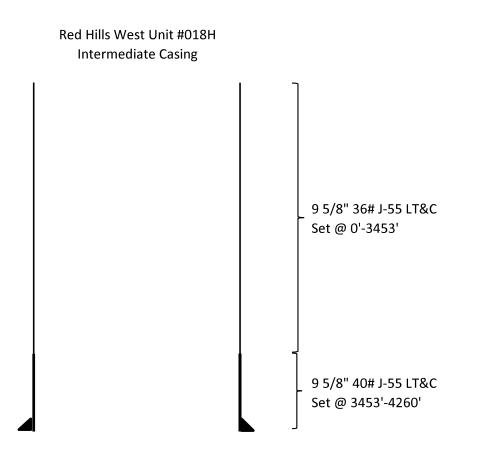
# Other proposed operations facets description:

#### Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_C101\_20190909090040.pdf Salado\_Draw\_9\_W1CN\_Fed\_Com\_2H\_Drlg\_Program\_20190909090040.pdf Other Variance attachment:

44TH STREET	TH AMERICA, INC. , TEXAS 78405		PHONE: 361-887-9807 FAX: 361-887-0812 EMAIL: <i>Tim.Cantu@gates.com</i> WEB: www.gates.com
10K C	EMENTING ASSEMBL	LY PRESSURE T	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
istomer :	AUSTIN DISTRIBUTING	Test Date:	4/30/2015
ustomer Ref. :	4060578	Hose Serial No.:	D-043015-7 JUSTIN CROPPER
ivoice No. :	500506	Created By:	
roduct Description:		10K3.548.0CK4.1/1610KFLG	e/e le
	4 1/16 10Y FLC	Ford Sitting 7 1	4 1/16 10X FIG
	4 1/16 10K FLG 4773-6290	End Fitting 2 : Assembly Code :	4 1/16 10K FLG
ates Part No. : Iorking Pressure : Gates E & S M the Gates Oil	4773-6290 10,000 PSI North America, Inc. certifies field Roughneck Agreement/S	Assembly Code : Test Pressure : s that the following h	L36554102914D-043015-7 15,000 PSI ose assembly has been tested to bents and passed the 15 minute
ates Part No. : Yorking Pressure : Gates E & S M the Gates Oil hydrostatic tesi	4773-6290 10,000 PSI North America, Inc. certifies field Roughneck Agreement/S t per API Spec 7K/Q1, Fifth Ed	Assembly Code : Test Pressure : s that the following h Specification requirem dition, June 2010, Te uct number. Hose but	L36554102914D-043015-7 15,000 PSI ose assembly has been tested to nents and passed the 15 minute st pressure 9.6.7 and per Table 9 rst pressure 9.6.7.2 exceeds the
ates Part No. : Jorking Pressure : Gates E & S M the Gates Oil hydrostatic tesl	4773-6290 10,000 PSI North America, Inc. certifies field Roughneck Agreement/S t per API Spec 7K/Q1, Fifth Ec in accordance with this produ	Assembly Code : Test Pressure : s that the following h Specification requirem dition, June 2010, Te uct number. Hose but	L36554102914D-043015-7 15,000 PSI ose assembly has been tested to nents and passed the 15 minute st pressure 9.6.7 and per Table 9 rst pressure 9.6.7.2 exceeds the
ates Part No. : Vorking Pressure : Gates E & S I the Gates Oil hydrostatic test to 15,000 psi	4773-6290 10,000 PSI North America, Inc. certifies field Roughneck Agreement/S t per API Spec 7K/Q1, Fifth Ec in accordance with this produ minimum of 2.5 times t	Assembly Code : Test Pressure : s that the following h Specification requirem dition, June 2010, Te uct number. Hose but the working pressure Produciton:	L36554102914D-043015-7 15,000 PSI ose assembly has been tested to bents and passed the 15 minute st pressure 9.6.7 and per Table 9 rst pressure 9.6.7.2 exceeds the per Table 9. PRODUCTION
Addes Part No. : Vorking Pressure : Gates E & S M the Gates Oil hydrostatic test to 15,000 psi Quality Manager : Date :	4773-6290 10,000 PSI North America, Inc. certifies field Roughneck Agreement/S t per API Spec 7K/Q1, Fifth Ec in accordance with this produ minimum of 2.5 times t	Assembly Code : Test Pressure : s that the following h Specification requirem dition, June 2010, Te uct number. Hose but the working pressure Produciton: Date :	L36554102914D-043015-7 15,000 PSI ose assembly has been tested to bents and passed the 15 minute st pressure 9.6.7 and per Table 9 rst pressure 9.6.7.2 exceeds the per Table 9.
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	SF	SF	SF Jt	SF Body
Casing	Collapse	Burst	Tension	Tension
36# J-55	1.13	1.96	2.89	4.54
40# J-55	1.16	1.78	16.11	19.52

## 2. Casing Program

Hole	Casing	Interval	Csg.	Weight	Grade	Conn.	SF	SF	SF Jt	SF Body
Size	From	То	Size	(lbs)			Collapse	Burst	Tension	Tension
17.5"	0'	920'	13.375"	48	H40	STC	1.83	4.11	7.29	12.25
12.25"	0'	4835'	9.625"	40	L80	LTC	1.23	2.29	3.76	4.74
8.75"	0'	12,700'	7"	26	HCP110	LTC	1.26	1.61	2.10	2.51
6.125"	11,959'	17,465'	4.5"	13.5	P110	LTC	1.37	1.59	4.55	5.68
				BLM Min	imum Safet	y Factor	1.125	1	1.6 Dry	1.6 Dry
									1.8 Wet	1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	Ν
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 <sup>rd</sup> string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 <sup>nd</sup> string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

## 2. Casing Program

Hole	Casing	Interval	Csg.	Weight	Grade	Conn.	SF	SF	SF Jt	SF Body
Size	From	То	Size	(lbs)			Collapse	Burst	Tension	Tension
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12.25"	0'	4835'	9.625"	40	L80	LTC	1.23	2.29	3.76	4.74
8.75"	0'	12,700'	7"	26	HCP110	LTC	1.26	1.61	2.10	2.51
6.125"	11,959'	17,465'	4.5"	13.5	P110	LTC	1.37	1.59	4.55	5.68
				BLM Min	imum Safet	y Factor	1.125	1	1.6 Dry	1.6 Dry
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Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
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## 2. Casing Program

Hole	Casing	Interval	Csg.	Weight	Grade	Conn.	SF	SF	SF Jt	SF Body
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8.75"	0'	12,700'	7"	26	HCP110	LTC	1.26	1.61	2.10	2.51
6.125"	11,959'	17,465'	4.5"	13.5	P110	LTC	1.37	1.59	4.55	5.68
				BLM Min	imum Safet	y Factor	1.125	1	1.6 Dry	1.6 Dry
									1.8 Wet	1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	Ν
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
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## 2. Casing Program

Hole	Casing	g Interval	Csg.	Weight	Grade	Conn.	SF	SF	SF Jt	SF Body
Size	From	То	Size	(lbs)			Collapse	Burst	Tension	Tension
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8.75"	0'	12,700'	7"	26	HCP110	LTC	1.26	1.61	2.10	2.51
6.125"	11,959'	17,465'	4.5"	13.5	P110	LTC	1.37	1.59	4.55	5.68
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All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 <sup>rd</sup> string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 <sup>nd</sup> string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

> **Oil Conservation Division** 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

#### GAS CAPTURE PLAN

Date: 9-4-19

 $\boxtimes$  Original

Operator & OGRID No.: Mewbourne Oil Company - 14744

OCD-HOBBS

11/06/2020

□ Amended - Reason for Amendment:

This Gas Capture Plan outlines actions to be taken by the Operator to reduce well/production facility flaring/venting for new completion (new drill, recomplete to new zone, re-frac) activity.

Note: Form C-129 must be submitted and approved prior to exceeding 60 days allowed by Rule (Subsection A of 19.15.18.12 NMAC).

#### Well(s)/Production Facility – Name of facility

The well(s) that will be located at the production facility are shown in the table below.

Well Name	API	Well Location (ULSTR)	Footages	Expected MCF/D	Flared or Vented	Comments
Salado Draw 9 W1CN Fed Com #2H	30-025-480	C - 9 - 26S - 33E	345 FNL & 1930 FWI	0	NA	ONLINE AFTER FRAC

#### **Gathering System and Pipeline Notification**

Well(s) will be connected to a production facility after flowback operations are complete, if gas transporter system is in place. The gas produced from production facility is dedicated to \_\_\_\_\_\_ and will be connected to Energy Transfer low/high pressure gathering system located in County, New Mexico. It will require ' of pipeline to connect the facility to low/high pressure gathering system. Mewbourne Oil Company provides (periodically) to Energy Transfer a drilling, completion and estimated first production date for wells that are scheduled to be drilled in the foreseeable future. In addition, Mewbourne Oil Company and Energy Transfer have periodic conference calls to discuss changes to drilling and completion schedules. Gas from these wells will be processed at Processing Plant located in Sec. 33, Twn. 24S, Rng. 37E, Lea County, New Mexico. Energy Transfer The actual flow of the gas will be based on compression operating parameters and gathering system pressures.

#### **Flowback Strategy**

After the fracture treatment/completion operations, well(s) will be produced to temporary production tanks and gas will be flared or vented. During flowback, the fluids and sand content will be monitored. When the produced fluids contain minimal sand, the wells will be turned to production facilities. Gas sales should start as soon as the wells start flowing through the production facilities, unless there are operational issues on Energy Transfer system at that time. Based on current information, it is Operator's belief the system can take this gas upon completion of the well(s).

Safety requirements during cleanout operations from the use of underbalanced air cleanout systems may necessitate that sand and non-pipeline quality gas be vented and/or flared rather than sold on a temporary basis.

#### **Alternatives to Reduce Flaring**

Below are alternatives considered from a conceptual standpoint to reduce the amount of gas flared.

- Power Generation On lease •
  - Only a portion of gas is consumed operating the generator, remainder of gas will be flared
  - Compressed Natural Gas On lease
    - Gas flared would be minimal, but might be uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines
- NGL Removal On lease
  - Plants are expensive, residue gas is still flared, and uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines