HOBBS OCD Form 3160-3			ATS-13-810		
SEP 0 9 2013 UNITED STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Expires October 31, 2014 5. Lease Serial No.		
DUDEALLOFTAND MA			NM LC 058395(0)		
RECEIVED APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO	DRILL OR REENTER	6. If Indian, Allot N/A	ee or Tribe Name		
			greement, Name and No.		
la. Type of work: X DRILL REENT	TER	-101615	109872		
lb. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well X Other Inje	ction X Single Zone Multip				
2. Name of Operator	1,000	9. API Well No. 30-025-	Lr Qh		
ConocoPhillips Company	3b. Phone No. (include area code)	10. Field and Pool, c	or Exploratory L 3 2		
/9/10-1810	(432)688-6913	Maljamar; Gr	rayburg, San Andres		
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with a		11. Sec., T. R. M. or Sec. 22, T17S	Blk.and Survey or Area		
At surface UL I, Sec. 22, T17S, R32E; 2055' FSL	& 1310' FEL	500.22, 1170	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
At proposed prod. zone same as above		12. County or Parish	13. State		
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* approximately 5 miles SE of Maljamar, New Me	xico	Lea County	NM		
15. Distance from proposed* 1310'		17. Spacing Unit dedicated to thi	s well		
location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	120	40 acres			
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft.	<ul> <li>19. Proposed Depth</li> <li>4345' MD/TVD</li> </ul>	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. on file ES 0085			
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.)	22 Approximate date work will start	* 23. Estimated durat	ion		
3995' GL	11/15/2013	10 days			
	24. Attachments				
<ol> <li>Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.</li> <li>A Drilling Plan.</li> <li>A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office).</li> </ol>	I Lands, the 5. Operator certifica	e operations unless covered by a tion pecific information and/or plans			
25. Signature SNSAN BMaundo	Name (Printed/Typed) Susan B. Maunder		Date 5-16-13		
itte		·····			
Senior Regulatory Specialist	Name (Printed/Typed)		D-GED - 1 2013		
Approved by (Signature) /s/George MacDonell	Name (Frinea/Typeu)		DagEP - 4 2013		
itle FIELD MANAGER	Office CARLSBAD	FIELD OFFICE			
application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant hole onduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	ds legal or equitable title to those rights	in the subject lease which would APPROVAL F	entitle the applicant to OR TWO YEARS		
itle 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a catates any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as	rime for any person knowingly and wi	llfully to make to any department	or agency of the United		
(Continued on page 2)		*/1	structions on near <b>P</b> ()		
E ATTACHED FOR O NDITIONS OF APPROVAL	g    / I / drilling / v DISPOS/ been appi	VSERVATION DIVISIO ION OF APPROVAL vorkover ONLY - CANN AL until the injection/dis oved by the OCD Santa	Approval for <b>IOT INJECT OR</b> posal order has a Fe office.		
	Approval Subjec & Special S	t to General Requirements Stipulations Attached	115		
			PN		

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SEP 1 2 2013

# Drilling Plan ConocoPhillips Company Maljamar; Grayburg-San Andres

# MCA Unit #510

Lea County, New Mexico

## 1. Estimated tops of geological markers and estimated depths to water, oil, or gas formations:

The ranges of depths for the formation tops, thicknesses, and planned Total Depths for all the wells to be drilled under this Master Drilling Plan are presented in the table below.

The datum for these depths is RKB (which is 13' above Ground Level).

Formations	Top Depth FT TVD	Contents
Quaternary	Quaternary Surface Fresh Water	
Rustler	850	Anhydrite
Salado (top of salt)	1023	Salt
Tansill	2039	Gas, Oil and Water
Yates	2173	Gas, Oil and Water
Seven Rivers	249*1	Gas, Oil and Water
Queen	3135	Gas, Oil and Water
Grayburg	3527	Gas, Oil and Water
Grayburg-6	3747	Gas, Oil and Water
San Andres-7	3954	Gas, Oil and Water
San Andres-9	4143	Gas, Oil and Water
Total Depth	4345	200' below deepest estimated perforation

All of the water bearing formations identified above will be protected by setting of the <u>8-5/8</u> surface casing <u>25' – 70' into the Rustler formation</u> and circulating of cement from casing shoe to surface in accordance with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Title 19.

The targeted oil and gas bearing formations identified above will be protected by setting of the <u>5-1/2</u>" production casing <u>10' off bottom of TD</u> and circulating of cement from casing shoe to surface in accordance with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Title 19.

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(Date: 4/22/2013)

## 2. Proposed casing program:

Туре	Hole Size	Interval MD RKB (ft)		OD	Wt	Gr	Gr Conn	MIY	Col	olJt Str	Safety Factors Calculated per ConocoPhillips Corporate Criteria		
Type	(in)	From	То	(inches)	(lb/ft)		Çum	(psi)	(psi)	(klbs)	Burst DF	Collapse DF	Jt Str DF (Tension) Dry/Buoyant
Cond	20	0	40' – 85' (30' – 75' BGL)	16	0.5" wall	В	Line Pipe	N/A	N/A	N/A	NA	NĂ	NA
Alt. Cond	20	0	40' – 85' (30' – 75' BGL)	13-3/8	48#	H-40	PE	1730	740	N/A	NA -	NA	NA
Surf	12-1/4	0	875' - 920'	8-5/8	24#	J-55	STC	2950	1370	244	1.55	3,35	3.53
Prod	7-7/8	0	4290' 4335'	5-1/2	17#	J-55	LTC	5320	4910	247	2.36	3.77	2.20

The casing will be suitable for  $H_2S$  Service. All casing will be new.

The surface and production casing will be set approximately 10' off bottom and we will drill the hole with a 45' range uncertainty for casing set depth to fit the casing string so that the cementing head is positioned at the floor for the cement job.

The production casing will be set 155' to 200' below the deepest estimated perforation to provide rathole for the pumping completion and for the logs to get deep enough to log the interval of interest.

## Casing Safety Factors - BLM Criteria:

Туре	Depth	W t	MIY	Col	Jt Str	Drill Fluid		Collaps e	Tensile-Dry	Tens-Bouy
				137	24400					
Surface Casing	920	24	2950	0	0	8.5	7.25	3.37	11.1	12.7
				491	24700					
Production Casing	4335	17	5320	0	0	10	2.36	2.18	3.35	3.96

## Casing Safety Factors – Additional ConocoPhillips Criteria:

ConocoPhillips casing design policy establishes Corporate Minimum Design Factors (see table below) and requires that service life load cases be considered and provided for in the casing design.

ConocoPhillips Co	rporate Criteria for Minimum I	Design Factors
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	Burst	Collapse	Axial
Casing Design Factors	1.15	1.05	1.4

Type Conductor Súrface(Casing(8-5/5, 24# U-55)STC)	Depth         Wtt == MIY.         Colside JI: Str.>. Pipe Yield MW#         Burste Col         Tén           85         65         35000         -         432966         -         <
Production Casing(51/2*17#1/55 LTC)	
The maximum internal (burst) load on the Production Casing occurs du	n the surface casing is tested to 1500 psi (es per ELM Onshore Order 2 - El. Requirements) ring the tracture structetion where the maximum allowable working pressure
(MANP) is the pressure that would if Concorphilips Comprete Citer Surface Cesing Test Pressure Surface Rated Working Pressure (BOPE) Rated SW	1500 per Predicted Pore Pressure at TD (PPTD) = 8.55 pres 3000 per Predicted Free Oraclent et Shoe (CSFO) = 19.23 pres
Surface Casing Burst Safety Factor = API Burst Rating	Maximum Pradicted Surface Pressure (MPSP) 'OR' Maximum Allowable Surface Pressure (MASP) API burit Rating / Corporate Minimum Burit Design Factor
Surface Casing Burst Safety Factor: Case #1. MPSP (MWhyd next section Case #2. MPSP (Field SW @ Bullhead <sub>CSF0</sub> + 200 ps	
Case #3. MPSP (Kick Vol @:next;section TL Case #4. MPSP (PPTD - GG Case #3 & #4 Limited to MPSP (CSFG + D.2, ppg	) = 4335 x 0.052 x 8.55 341.5 4077 = 11779 ) = 4335 x 0.052 x 8.55 433.5 = 1494 ) = 200 x 0.052 x (19.23 + 0.25) = 930
MASP (MWHyd"+ Test Pressure Burst Sâfety Factor (Max MPSP or MASF Production Casing Burst Safety Factor	) = 2950 微/ 1907 = 2 1.552
Case #1: MPSP (MWMyart Case #4: MPSP (PPTD - GG Burst Safety Factor (Max: MPSF MAWP for the Fracture Stimulation (Corporate Criteria	)= 4335 x 0.052 x .8.55 433.5 = 1494 )= 5320 7 <u>2254</u> = 2.36
Collanse – ConocoPhillins Required Load Cases	
The maximum collapse load on the Surface Casing occurs when cern The maximum collapse load on the Production Casing occurs when ci therefore, the external pressure profile for the evecuation cases sho	enting to surface, 1/3 evacuation to the next casing setting depth, or deepest depth of exposure (full evacuation). menting to surface, or 1/3 evacuation to the deepest depth of exposure, and uld be equal to the pore pressure of the hortcols on the outside of the casing which we assumed to be PPTD.
Burface Casing Collapse Safety Factor – API Collapse Production Casing Collapse Safety Factor – API Collapse Production Casing Collapse Safety Factor – API Collapse Cement Displacement Fluid (FW)	Tathing / Full Evocution OR: Coment Displacement during Cementing to Surface
Surface Cemert Lead Surface Cemert TeB Top of Surface Tel Cemert	= 14.8 pog
Surface Casing Collapse Safety Factor: Full Evacuation Diff Pressure Cementing Diff Lift Pressure	
Collapse Safety Factor Production Casing Collapse Safety Factor: 1/3 Evacuation Diff Pressure	= 1370 / 409 = 3.35 = ((∞, 4335),x + 0.052, ∞, 8.55, 3), ( 4335, √/ 53, 2, 1, 0.052, x + 8.34)) = 1301
Cementing Diff Lift Pressure Collapse Safety Facto	=    (+ 1135 + x, 0.052, x + 118 + )) + ((+ 3200 + x + 0.052 + (+ 14.5 + )), 1880 )) = 11229 = 4910} / (+ 1301) = + 3.77
Tensial Strength - ConocoPhillips Required Load Ca The maximum axial (tension) load occurs it cosing were to get stuck	
Meximum Alloweble Axial Loed for Joint - API Joint Meximum Alloweble Hook Loed (Linited to 75% of ) Meximum Alloweble Overpull Mergin - Meximum Al	Shenggin Retiring / Corporate Minimum Axital Design Fector; 8g Max Load) - Maximum Allowabie Axial Load owabie Hock Load - Bouyent Wu of the String
Tenstal Safety Factor = API Pipe Yield 'OR' API John Rig Max Load (300,000 lbs) x 75% Minimum Overpul Required	
Surface Casing Tensial Strength Safety Factor: Air W Bouyant W	= 122080 = 22060 - 4x 0.870 = 19215
Max, Allowable Axial Load (Pipe Yield) Max, Allowable Axial Load (Joint) Max, Allowable Hook Load (Limited 10,75% of Rig Max Load)	= - 2301000 // <u>1.40</u> = 272143 = 244000 // <u>1.40</u> = - 174286 = 174286
Max. Allowable Overpull Margin Tensial Safety Factor Production Casing Tensial Strength Safety Factor.	== 244000 <sup>1</sup> // (/ 19215 + 60000 ) = 3.53
Air Wi Bouyant Wi Max "Allowable" Axial Load (Pipe Yield) Max " Allowable "Axial Load (Joint)	= 773695 x 0.847 = 62444 = 2773000 / 1.40 = 195000
Max /Allowable Hook Load (Limited to 75% of Rig Max Load) Max. Allowable Overpull Margin Tensial Safety Factor	== 176429 == 176429 (√73695 x 0.847 ) = 113985
<u>Compression Strength – ConocoPhillips Required Lo</u>	ad Cases
The maximum exter (compression) load for the well is where the surfu- which is support of a patter or landing ring. The surface cosing is also of the not insted, Any other woll loads such as a single subtrain or other Compression Safety Factor - API Avial Vioint Strength Reing 'OR' API.	elizatives to beer 60% of the load would need to be added to the load
Wellnesd Load	- 2 <b>3000 be</b> 
Surf Casing Wi (Bouyant) Prod Casing Wi (Bouyant) Tubing Wi (Arr,Wi)	= (73695 x 0.847 ) + 162444 = 4335 x <u>6.5</u> = <u>28178</u>
Conductor	

## 3. Proposed cementing program:

#### 16" or 13-3/8" Conductor:

Cement to surface with rathole mix, ready mix or Class C Neat cement. (Note: The gravel used in the cement is not to exceed 3/8" diameter) TOC at surface.

## 8-5/8" Surface Casing Cementing Program:

The intention for the cementing program for the Surface Casing is to:

- Place the Tail Slurry from the casing shoe to 300' above the casing shoe,
- Bring the Lead Slurry to surface.

Spacer: 20 bbls Fresh Water

	Slurry		vals MD	Weight ppg	Sx	Vol Cuft	Additives	Yield ft³/sx
Lead	Class C	Surface	575' – 620'	13.6	300	510	+ 2% Extender + 2% CaCl <sub>2</sub> + 0.125 lb/sx Lost Circulation Control Agent + 0.2% Defoamer Excess =200% based on gauge hole volume	1.70
Tail	Class C	575' – 620'	875' – 920'	14.8	200	268	1% CaCl2 Excess = 100% based on gauge hole volume	1.34

Displacement: Fresh Water.

Note: In accordance with the Pecos District Conditions of Approval, we will Wait on Cement (WOC) for a period of not less than 18 hrs after placement or until at least 500 psi compressive strength has been reached in both the Lead Slurry and Tail Slurry cements on the Surface Casing, whichever is greater.

## 5-1/2" Production Casing Cementing Program – Single Stage Cementing Option:

The intention for the cementing program for the Production Casing – Single Stage Cementing Option is to:

- Place the Tail Slurry from the casing shoe to above the top of the Paddock,
- Bring the Lead Slurry to surface.

#### Spacer: 20 bbls Fresh Water

	Slurry	y Intervals Ft MD		Weight ppg		Vol Cuft	Additives	Yield ft³/sx	
Lea d	50:50 Poz/C	Surface	3200'	11.8	450	1031	+ 10 % Extender + 5 % NaCl + 0.2 % Defoamer + 5 lb/sx LCM/Extender + 0.125 lb/sx Lost Circulation Control Agent + 0.5 % Fluid Loss Excess = 20% or more if needed based on gauge hole volume	2.29	
Tail	Poz/C C02 Resistant Cement	3200'	4290' – 4335'	14.5	300	378	+ 1 % Extender + 0.5 % Fluid Loss + 0.4 % Dispersant + 0.2 % Defoamer Excess = 60% or more if needed based on gauge hole volume	1.26	

Displacement: Fresh Water with approximately 250 ppm gluteraldehyde biocide.

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# 5-1/2" Production Casing Cementing Program - Two-Stage Cementing Option: See Cath

ConocoPhillips Company respectfully requests the options to our cementing program. The intention for the cementing program for the Production Casing - Two-Stage Cementing Option is to:

- Provide a contingency plan for using a Stage Tool and Annulus Casing Packer(s) to isolate losses or waterflow 0 if either of these events occurs while drilling the well.
- Place the Stage 1 Cement from the casing shoe to the stage tool, 0
- Bring Stage 2 Cement from the stage tool to surface. 0

#### Spacer: 20 bbls Fresh Water

Sta	ge 1 - Slurry		tervals Ft MD	Weight ppg	Sx	Vol Cuft	Additives	Yield ft³/sx
Lea d	Poz/C CO2 Resistant Cement	3200'	4290' – 4335'	14.5	300	378	+ 1 % Extender + 0.5 % Fluid Loss + 0.4 % Dispersant + 0.2 % Defoamer Excess = 60% or more if needed based on gauge hole volume	1.26

Sta	ge 2 - Slurry		rvals MD	Weight ppg	Sx	Vol Cuft	Additives	Yield ft <sup>3</sup> /sx
Lea d	50:50 Poz/C	Surface	1400'	11.8	250	573	+ 10 % Extender + 5 % NaCl + 0.2 % Defoamer + 5 lb/sx LCM/Extender + 0.125 lb/sx Lost Circulation Control Agent + 0.5 % Fluid Loss Excess = 120% or more if needed based on gauge hole volume	2.29
Tail	Poz/C CO2 Resistant Cement	1400'	Stage Tool ~ 3200'	14.5	400	504	+ 1 % Extender + 0.5 % Fluid Loss + 0.4 % Dispersant + 0.2 % Defoamer Excess = 10% or more if needed based on gauge hole volume	1.26

Displacement: Fresh Water

### Proposal for Option to Adjust Production Casing Cement Volumes:

The production casing cement volumes for the proposed single stage and two-stage option presented above are estimates based on gauge hole. We will adjust these volumes based on the caliper log data for each well and our trends for amount of cement returns to surface. Also, if no caliper log is available for any particular well, we would propose an option to possibly increase the production casing cement volume to account for any uncertainty in regard to the hole volume.

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## 4. Pressure Control Equipment:

A <u>11" 3M</u> system will be installed, used, maintained, and tested accordingly as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2.

Our BOP equipment will be:

- Rotating Head
- o Annular BOP, 11" 3M
- o Blind Ram, 11" 3M
- o Pipe Ram, 11" 3M

After nippling up, and every 30 days thereafter or whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken followed by related repairs, blowout preventors will be pressure tested. BOP will be inspected and operated at least daily to insure good working order. All pressure and operating tests will be done by an independent service company and recorded on the daily drilling reports. BOP will be tested using a test plug to isolate BOP stack from casing. BOP test will include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi for a minimum of 10 minutes or until requirements of test are met, whichever is longer. Ram type preventers and associated equipment will be tested to the approved stack working pressure of 3000 psi isolated by test plug. Annular type preventers will be tested to 50 percent of rated working pressure, and therefore will be tested to 1500 psi. Pressure will be held for at least 10 minutes or until provisions of test are met, whichever is longer. Valve on casing head below test plug will be open during testing of BOP stack. BOP will comply with all provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as specified. See Attached BOPE Schematic. A variance is respectfully requested to allow for the use of flexible hose. The variance request is included as a separate enclosure with attachments.

## 5. Proposed Mud System:

DEPTH	TYPE	Density ppg	FV sec/qt	API Fluid Loss cc/30 min	рН	Vol bbl
0 – Surface Casing Point	Fresh Water or Fresh Water Native Mud in Steel Pits	8.5 – 9.0	28 – 40	N.C.	N.C.	300 – 500
Surface Casing Point to TD	Brine (Saturated NaCl <sub>2</sub> ) in Steel Pits	10	29	N.C.	10 - 11	500 – 1000
Conversion to Mud at TD	Brine Based Mud (NaCl <sub>2</sub> ) in Steel Pits	10	33 – 40	5 – 10	10 – 11	0 – 500

The mud systems that are proposed for use are as follows:

Gas detection equipment and pit level flow monitoring equipment will be on location. A flow paddle will be installed in the flow line to monitor relative amount of mud flowing in the non-pressurized return line. Mud probes will be installed in the individual tanks to monitor pit volumes of the drilling fluid with a pit volume totalizer. Gas detecting equipment and H2S monitor alarm will be installed in the mud return system and will be monitored. A mud gas separator will be installed and operable before drilling out from the Surface Casing. The gases shall be piped into the flare system. Drilling mud containing H2S shall be degassed in accordance with API RP-49, item 5.14.

In the event that the well is flowing from a waterflow, then we would discharge excess drilling fluids from the steel mud pits through a fas-line into steel frac tanks at an offset location for containment. Depending on the rate of waterflow, excess fluids will be hauled to an approved disposal facility, or if in suitable condition, may be reused on the next well.

No reserve pit will be built.

### Proposal for Option to Not Mud Up at TD:

FW, Brine, and Mud volume presented above are estimates based on gauge 12-1/4" or 7-7/8" holes. We will adjust these volume based on hole conditions. We do not plan to keep any weighting material at the wellsite. Also, we propose an option to not mud up leaving only brine in the hole if we have good hole stability.

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## 6. Logging, Coring, and Testing Program:

- a. No drill stem tests will be done
- b. Remote gas monitoring planned for the production hole section (optional).
- c. No whole cores are planned
- d. The open hole electrical logging program is planned to be as follows:
  - Total Depth to 1700': Spectral GR, Gamma Ray, Resistivity, Density, and BHC Sonic
  - Total Depth to surface Casing Shoe: Caliper
  - Total Depth to surface, Gamma Ray and Neutron
  - Total Depth to 3200'; Dielectric Scanner
  - Formation pressure data (XPT) on electric line
  - Rotary Sidewall Cores on electric line if needed (optional)
  - FMI (Formation MicroImager) if needed (optional)
  - UBI (Ultrasonic Borehole Imager) if needed (optional)

#### 7. Abnormal Pressures and Temperatures:

- No abnormal pressures are expected to be encountered.
- Loss of circulation is a possibility in the horizons below the Top of Grayburg. We expect that normal Loss of Circulation Material will be successful in healing any such loss of circulation events.
  - The bottom hole pressure is expected to be 8.55 ppg gradient.
  - The expected Bottom Hole Temperature is 115 degrees F.
- The estimated H<sub>2</sub>S concentrations and ROE calculations for the gas in the zones to be penetrated are presented in the table below for the various producing horizons in this area:

FORMATION / ZONE	H2S	Gas Rate	ROE	ROE
	(PPM)	(MCFD)	100 PPM	500 PPM
Grayburg / San Andres (from MCA)	14000	38	59	27

ConocoPhillips will comply with the provisions of Oil and Gas Order # 6, Hydrogen Sulfide Operations. Also, ConocoPhillips will provide an H2S Contingency Plan (please see copy attached) and will keep this plan updated and posted at the wellsite during the drilling operation.

## 8. Anticipated starting date and duration of operations:

Well pad and road constructions will begin as soon as all agency approvals are obtained. Anticipated date to drill this well is in late 2013 after receiving approval of the APD.

# Attachments:

- Attachment # 1 ......Two-stage Cementing Schematic
- Attachment # 2......BOP and Choke Manifold Schematic 3M System
- Attachment # 3......Diagram of Choke Manifold Equipment

# Contact Information:

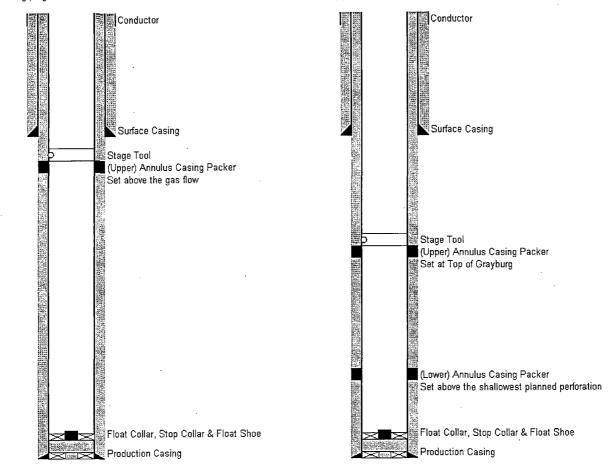
Proposed 22 April 2013 by: James Chen Drilling Engineer, ConocoPhillips Company Phone (832) 486-2184 Cell (832) 768-1647

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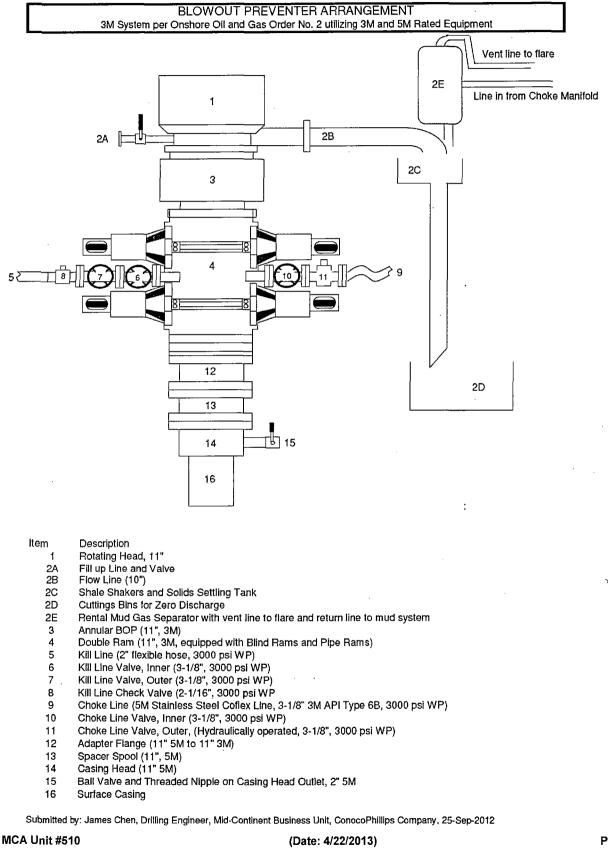
Two-Stage Cementing (Alternative for Shallow Gas) Provide contingency plan for using two-stage cementing for the production casing cement job if gas flow occurs during the drilling operations. See APD Drill Plan Section 3. Proposed cementing program. Two-Stage Cementing (Alternative for Oil / Water / Gas & Water Flow) Provide contingency plan for using two-stage cementing for the production casing cement job if oil or water flow occurs during the drilling operations. See APD Drill Plan Section 3. Proposed cementing program.



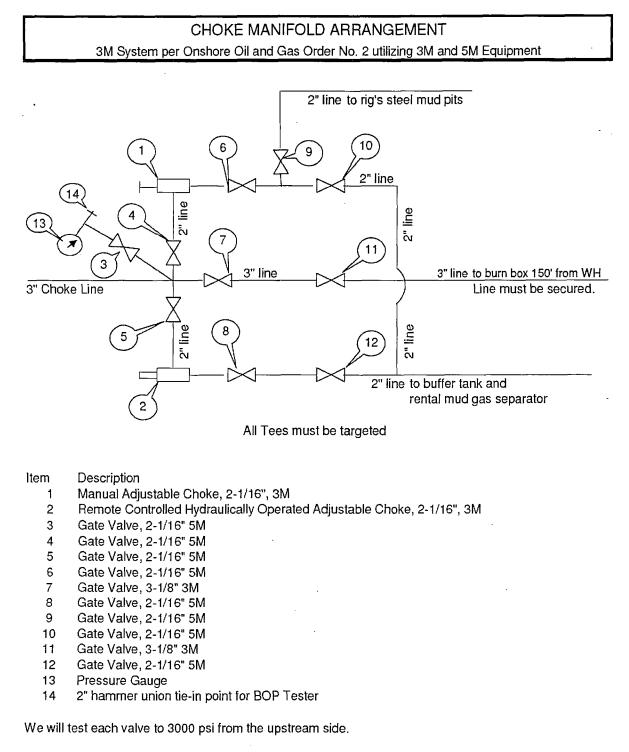
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Submitted by: James Chen Drilling Engineer, Mid-Continent Business Unit, ConocoPhillips Company Date: 21-March-2013

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# **Request for Variance**

# **ConocoPhillips Company**

Lease Number: USA LC 058395B Well: MCA Unit #510 Location: Sec. 22, T17S, R32E Date: 04-21-13

# Request:

ConocoPhillips Company respectfully requests a variance to install a flexible choke line instead of a straight choke line prescribed in the Onshore Order No. 2, III.A.2.b Minimum standards and enforcement provisions for choke manifold equipment. This request is made under the provision of Onshore Order No. 2, IV Variances from Minimum Standard. The rig to be used to drill this well is equipped with a flexible choke line if the requested variance is approved and determined that the proposed alternative meets the objectives of the applicable minimum standards.

# Justifications:

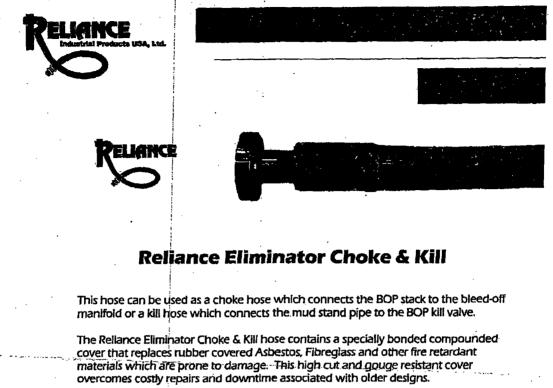
The applicability of the flexible choke line will reduce the number of target tees required to make up from the choke valve to the choke manifold. This configuration will facilitate ease of rig up and BOPE Testing.

# Attachments:

- Attachment # 1 Specification from Manufacturer
- Attachment # 2 Mill & Test Certification from Manufacturer

# **Contact Information:**

Program prepared by: James Chen Drilling Engineer, ConocoPhillips Company Phone (832) 486-2184 Cell (832) 768-1647 Date: 26 September 2012



The Reliance Eliminator Choke & Kill hose has been verified by an independent engineer to meet and exceed EUB Directive 36 (700°C for 5 minutes).

Nom. ID		Nom OD Weig		ght Min Bend Rad		nd Radi				
	n <b>m. ir</b>		mm	lb/ft	kg/m	ln.	mm.		psi	Mp
	6.2 5.		129,79	14.5	21,46	48	1219		000	34.4
3-1/2 8	8.9 5.	79	147.06	20.14	29.80	54	1371.	65	000	34.4
				;						
								•		
Fittings		i	Flanges		Han	nmer Un	ions		Other	
RC4X5055	R35		5000# API	Type 6B	Ali Un	ion Configu	rations	LP Three		
RC3X5055			3000# API			Ŭ			Grayloci	
RC4X5575								Cu	stom Er	abr
							·			
			,							
	1								•	

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