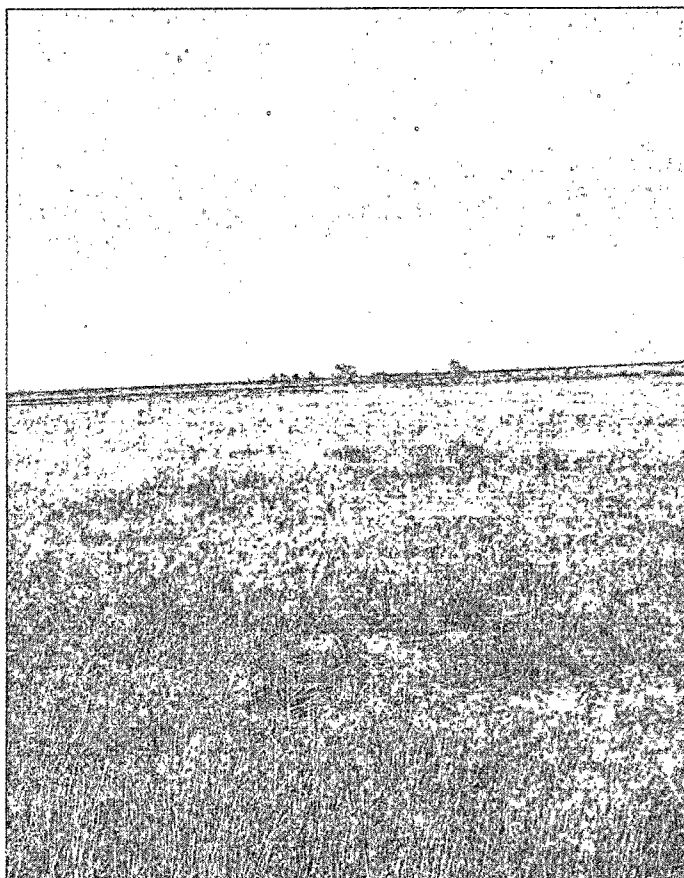


November 2013

**C-144 Permit Package for  
Pulliam Farm 27-P 001  
Temporary Pit  
Section 27 T8N R35E, Curry County NM**



HOBBS OCD

DEC 23 2013

RECEIVED

**Prepared for  
Alta Mesa Services, LP  
Houston, Texas**

**Prepared by  
R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.  
Albuquerque, New Mexico**

DEC 30 2013

# R. T. HICKS CONSULTANTS, LTD.

901 Rio Grande Blvd NW ▲ Suite F-142 ▲ Albuquerque, NM 87104 ▲ 505.266.5004 ▲ Fax: 505.266-0745

November 18, 2013

Mr. Geoffrey Leking  
NMOCD District  
1625 French Drive  
Hobbs, NM 88240  
Via E-Mail and US Mail

RE: Alta Mesa Services LP, Pulliam Farms 27-P 001

Dear Geoff:

On behalf of Alta Mesa Services, LP, R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd. is pleased to submit the C-144 application package for the above-referenced well. Please note the following:

1. Generic Plans that comply with the new Pit Rule are included in this submission; two of three and have been recently approved by OCD. With the exception of one word, the Design Construction Plan is the same as a recently approved plan. We changed the word "will" to "may" in the first sentence of the second paragraph (the operator may install a system that can drain water entrained in the drilling waste of the drilling pit). This change was required to allow the design construction plan to conform to the closure plan – the drainage system in the pit is optional.
2. Plates 1 and 2 are based on a previously-approved C-144 application with similar dimensions and volumes.
3. We anticipate "in place" burial of stabilized solids.
4. This letter and application is copied to Dale Pulliam to notify the surface landowner of the operator's intent to use on-site burial.
5. We certify that we performed a visual inspection of the site.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding this application, please contact me. As always, we appreciate your work ethic and attention to detail.

Sincerely,  
R.T. Hicks Consultants



Randall Hicks  
Principal

Copy: Alta Mesa Services, LP  
Dale Pulliam

# **C-144 and Site Specific Information for Temporary Pit**

**R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.**

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142  
Albuquerque, NM 87104

District I  
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240  
District II  
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210  
District III  
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410  
District IV  
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico  
Energy Minerals and Natural Resources  
Department  
Oil Conservation Division  
1220 South St. Francis Dr.  
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-144  
Revised June 6, 2013

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.  
For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or  
Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

Type of action: ☐ Below grade tank registration  
☒ Permit of a pit or proposed alternative method  
☐ Closure of a pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method  
☐ Modification to an existing permit/or registration  
☐ Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method

**Instructions:** Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, below-grade tank or alternative request

Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the environment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.

1.  
Operator: Alta Mesa Services. LP OGRID #: 295752  
Address: 15021 Katy Freeway, Suite 400, Houston, Texas 77094  
Facility or well name: Pulliam Farms 27-P 001  
API Number: 30-009-20025-00-00 OCD Permit Number: P1-06542  
U/L or Qtr/Qtr P Section 27 Township 8N Range 35E County: Curry  
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude N 34.52' 49.11" Longitude W 103.12' 59.62" W NAD: ☐ 1927 ☒ 1983  
Surface Owner: ☐ Federal ☐ State ☒ Private ☐ Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment

2.  
☒ **Pit:** Subsection F, G or J of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  
Temporary: ☒ Drilling ☐ Workover  
☐ Permanent ☐ Emergency ☐ Cavitation ☐ P&A ☐ Multi-Well Fluid Management Low Chloride Drilling Fluid ☐ yes ☒ no  
☒ Lined ☐ Unlined Liner type: Thickness 20 mil ☒ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_  
☒ String-Reinforced  
Liner Seams: ☒ Welded ☐ Factory ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_ Volume: 23,307 bbl Dimensions: L 160 x W 170 x D 5-9 ft

3.  
☐ **Below-grade tank:** Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  
Volume: \_\_\_\_\_ bbl Type of fluid: \_\_\_\_\_  
Tank Construction material: \_\_\_\_\_  
☐ Secondary containment with leak detection ☐ Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off  
☐ Visible sidewalls and liner ☐ Visible sidewalls only ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_  
Liner type: Thickness \_\_\_\_\_ mil ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_

4.  
☐ **Alternative Method:**  
Submittal of an exception request is required. Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

5.  
**Fencing:** Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks)  
☐ Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church)  
☒ Four foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet  
☐ Alternate. Please specify \_\_\_\_\_

6.

**Netting:** Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (*Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks*)

- ☐ Screen ☐ Netting ☐ Other \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)

7.

**Signs:** Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC

- ☐ 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers
- ☒ Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC

8.

**Variations and Exceptions:**

Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.

**Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:**

- ☐ Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.
- ☐ Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.

9.

**Siting Criteria (regarding permitting):** 19.15.17.10 NMAC

**Instructions:** The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptable source material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.

**General siting**

**Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank.**

- ☒ NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; ☒ USGS; ☒ Data obtained from nearby wells

☐ Yes ☒ No  
☐ NA

**Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit.**

NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells See Figures 1 & 2

☐ Yes ☒ No  
☐ NA

Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (**Does not apply to below grade tanks**) See Figure 5

- Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality

☐ Yes ☒ No

Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (**Does not apply to below grade tanks**) See Figure 7

- Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division

☐ Yes ☒ No

Within an unstable area. (**Does not apply to below grade tanks**) See Figure 8

- Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map

☐ Yes ☒ No

Within a 100-year floodplain. (**Does not apply to below grade tanks**) See Figure 9

- FEMA map

☐ Yes ☒ No

**Below Grade Tanks**

Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).

- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

☐ Yes ☐ No

Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;

- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

☐ Yes ☐ No

**Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)**

Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.)

- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

☐ Yes ☐ No

Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.

- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image

☐ Yes ☐ No

Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application.

NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

☐ Yes ☐ No

Within 100 feet of a wetland.

- US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

☐ Yes ☐ No

### **Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid**

Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site  
**See Figure 3**

☐ Yes ☒ No

Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.

☐ Yes ☒ No

- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image. **See Figure 4**

Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application;

- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site **See Figures 1 & 2**

☐ Yes ☒ No

Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site **See Figure 6**

☐ Yes ☒ No

### **Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit**

Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).

☐ Yes ☐ No

- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

☐ Yes ☐ No

Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.

- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image

Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.

☐ Yes ☐ No

- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

☐ Yes ☐ No

Within 500 feet of a wetland.

- US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site

#### **10. Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist:** Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC

**Instructions:** Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.

- ☐ Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC
- ☒ Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC
- ☒ Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC
- ☒ Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
- ☒ Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC
- ☒ Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC

☐ Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: \_\_\_\_\_ or Permit Number: \_\_\_\_\_

#### **11. Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist:** Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC

**Instructions:** Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.

- ☐ Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
- ☐ Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC
- ☐ A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit.
- ☐ Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC
- ☐ Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC
- ☐ Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC

☐ Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: \_\_\_\_\_ or Permit Number: \_\_\_\_\_

12.

**Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist:** Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC

**Instructions:** Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.

- ☐ Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC  
☐ Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC  
☐ Climatological Factors Assessment  
☐ Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  
☐ Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  
☐ Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  
☐ Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  
☐ Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan  
☐ Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC  
☐ Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  
☐ Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H<sub>2</sub>S, Prevention Plan  
☐ Emergency Response Plan  
☐ Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization  
☐ Monitoring and Inspection Plan  
☐ Erosion Control Plan  
☐ Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC

13.

**Proposed Closure:** 19.15.17.13 NMAC

**Instructions:** Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.

- Type: ☒ Drilling ☐ Workover ☐ Emergency ☐ Cavitation ☐ P&A ☐ Permanent Pit ☐ Below-grade Tank ☐ Multi-well Fluid Management Pit  
☐ Alternative
- Proposed Closure Method: ☐ Waste Excavation and Removal  
☐ Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)  
☒ On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems)  
☒ In-place Burial ☐ On-site Trench Burial  
☐ Alternative Closure Method

14.

**Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist:** (19.15.17.13 NMAC) **Instructions:** Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.

- ☐ Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  
☐ Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  
☐ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings)  
☐ Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  
☐ Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  
☐ Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC

15.

**Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only):** 19.15.17.10 NMAC

**Instructions:** Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable source material are provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. Please refer to 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.<br>- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells   | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No<br><input type="checkbox"/> NA |
| Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste<br>- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells   | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No<br><input type="checkbox"/> NA |
| Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.<br>- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No<br><input type="checkbox"/> NA |
| Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).<br>- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No                                |
| Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.<br>- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image  | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No                                |
| Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.<br>- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No                                |
| Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality   | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No                                |
| Within 300 feet of a wetland.<br>US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site   | <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No                                |
| Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance   |  |

adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Within an unstable area. - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Within a 100-year floodplain. - FEMA map	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

16.  
**On-Site Closure Plan Checklist:** (19.15.17.13 NMAC) *Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.*

- ☒ Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC
- ☒ Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
- ☐ Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
- ☒ Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
- ☒ Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
- ☐ Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
- ☒ Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
- ☐ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannot be achieved)
- ☒ Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
- ☒ Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
- ☒ Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC

17.  
**Operator Application Certification:**

I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Name (Print): Bridget Helfrich Title: Regulatory Coordinator

Signature: *Bridget Helfrich* Date: November 18, 2013

e-mail address: bhelfrich@altamesa.net Telephone: (281) 943-1373

18.  
**OCD Approval:** ☐ Permit Application (including closure plan) ☐ Closure Plan (only) ☐ OCD Conditions (see attachment)

OCD Representative Signature: *Jeffrey Sekim* Approval Date: 12/17/13

Title: Environmental Specialist Permit Number: P1-06542

19.  
**Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion):** 19.15.17.13 NMAC

*Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting the closure report. The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not complete this section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed.*

☐ Closure Completion Date: \_\_\_\_\_

20.  
**Closure Method:**

- ☐ Waste Excavation and Removal ☐ On-Site Closure Method ☐ Alternative Closure Method ☐ Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)
- ☐ If different from approved plan, please explain.

21.  
**Closure Report Attachment Checklist:** *Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure report. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.*

- ☐ Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division)
- ☐ Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only)
- ☐ Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits)
- ☐ Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable)
- ☐ Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure)
- ☐ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number
- ☐ Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation
- ☐ Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique
- ☐ Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation)

On-site Closure Location: Latitude \_\_\_\_\_ Longitude \_\_\_\_\_ NAD: ☐ 1927 ☐ 1983



**Operator Closure Certification:**

I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.

Name (Print): \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

e-mail address: \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_

## Distance to Groundwater

**Figure 1, Figure 2, and the discussion presented below demonstrates that groundwater (fresh water as defined by NMOCD Rules) at the location is greater than 100 feet beneath the temporary pit, not containing low chloride fluids. Hence, groundwater will be more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste meeting criteria for burial trench or in place closure.**

Figure 1 is an area geologic and topographic map that shows:

1. The location of the temporary pit as an orange square. Circles with radius of 200-feet, 300-feet, 500-feet and 1000-feet are centered on the temporary pit.
2. Water wells from the OSE database from Section 27 and surrounding sections appear as colored squares that indicate well depth. OSE wells are often miss-located in the WATERS database as older wells are plotted in the center of the quarter, quarter, quarter, of the Section Township and Range
3. Two measured wells from the Misc. Water Wells database are shown in a similar fashion..
4. Water wells from the USGS database as large green triangles.
5. The depth-to-water from the most recent available measurement for each well is provided adjacent to the well symbol.

Figure 2 is an area topographic map that shows:

1. The location of the temporary pit as an orange square.
2. Water wells with groundwater elevation data and the same symbols as those shown in Figure 1. As OSE data are estimates from driller's logs, these wells are not plotted on Figure 2.
3. The water table elevation the date of the water measurement for each water well and the identifier number of the well.

## Geology

The proposed temporary pit is located in the Great Plains physiographic province. Within this province, the principal landform is a low-relief erosional surface that slopes gently to the east-southeast from the Mescalero rim to the west and north. The location for the Pulliam Farms 27-P 001 Well is about 4.5 miles south of the Mescalero Rim, which forms the south side of the Canadian River Valley. The pit is located on top of Quaternary alluvium and the underlying Tertiary Ogallala Formation (Qoa/To covering all of Figure 1). The Ogallala Formation consists primarily of sand and silt with some clay and gravel. Caliche layers occur at variable depths within the Ogallala.

In this province, the principal aquifer is the Ogallala with the aquitard underneath formed by dense clay redbeds of the Dockum Formation. The top of the redbeds in the area is about 4200 feet above sea level (Bradley, Kalaswad, 2003). The location lies at an elevation of about 4560 feet (Figure 2).

In the site area, the topography slopes to the southeast. The gradient is approximately 43 feet/mile (.008 foot/foot). On this surface are depression features containing playas. The 25

square miles having Section 27 at its center contain about 9 of these features. The playa diameters range from a little less than an eighth of a mile to a bit more than a quarter of a mile. Topographic relief of the depression features varies from about 15 feet to more than 60 feet. Drainage features, where present, lead to the playas (Figure 3).

The origin of these features is thought to be due to the intermittent action of multiple processes (Smith, 2003). The features are considered to form initially from low surface irregularities filling with surface water during precipitation events. Contributing processes include:

- Wind driven wave erosion rounds out the depression.
- Fluvial processes bring additional soil into the depression from the margins.
- Dissolution of soil carbonate from material in the playa creates subsidence.
- Wind removal of materials left on the bare playa floor leads to deepening of the depression
- With capture of additional overland flow, these processes lead to enlargement of the local depression.
- The deepening process is limited by amount of rainfall and sediment inflow to the depression.

The playa areas have increased infiltration compared to the surface as a whole.

# Siting Criteria (19.15.17.10 NMAC)

## Alta Mesa Services, Pulliam Farms 27-P 001

### Water Table Elevation

Table 1 shows the elevations of USGS wells, Misc. wells and OSE wells near the location. There are 11 USGS wells, 4 OSE wells and 2 miscellaneous wells within a radius of about 3-miles of the location. Gauging dates of USGS and Misc. wells vary from 1972 to November 2013. Estimates of depth to water from the OSE database are also provided but were not used to develop the potentiometric surface map of Figure 2.

**Table 1:** Groundwater Data – entries in yellow are closest wells to the drilling location.

Well Numbers	Well Location						Well Source Information					Groundwater Elevation Data						
	Township (north)	Range (east)	Section	Quarter Section (64, 16, 4)			NM-OSE Database	USGS Database	USGS Topo Sheet	Aerial Photograph	Field Verification	Surface Elevation (Topo Sheet)	Depth to Water	Groundwater Elev. (using topo elev.)	Gauging Date	Well Total Depth (measured)	Depth to Water (measured)	Groundwater Elevation (Calculated from Topo)
USGS-6728	8	35	27	1	3	3		Y	Y	Y	Y	4618	151.6	4466.4	1972			
USGS-6711	8	35	33	1	4	3		Y	Y	Y	Y	4578	121.8	4456.2	1982			
USGS-6733	8	35	22	1	3	4		Y	Y	Y	Y	4602	149.7	4452.3	1992			
USGS-6718	8	35	34	4	4	1		Y	Y	Y	Y	4556	147.1	4408.9	1986			
USGS-6708	7	35	3	1	1	1		Y	Y	Y	Y	4546	151	4395.0	2006			
USGS-6745	8	35	14	3	3	4		Y	Y	Y		4580		4580.0	1972			
USGS-6743	8	35	23	2	2	1		Y	Y	Y		4578		4578.0	1986			
USGS-6751	8	35	13	4	3	4		Y	Y	Y		4612	224.7	4387.3	1982			
USGS-6730	8	36	19	3	3	3		Y	Y	Y		4595	234.2	4360.8	1982			
USGS-6702	7	35	1					Y	Y	Y		4515	182	4333.0	1976			
USGS-6703	7	35	1					Y	Y	Y		4510	172.4	4337.6	1986			
CC 01890	8	35	21	4	1	1	Y	N	N	Y	Y	4670	184.0	4486.0	2005			
CC01621	7	35	9	1	2	2	Y	N	N	Y		4541	140.0	4401.0	2004			
CC 01490	8	35	23	2	2	3	Y	N	N	N		4618	164.0	4454.0	2002			
CC 02151	8	35	24	1	4	1	Y	N	Y	Y		4605	230.0	4375.0	2010			
Misc. 95 (Section 27 Well Casing)	8	35	27	1	1	4	N	N	N	Y	Y	4565				>150	>150	< 4415
Misc. 96 (Pulliam Barn Well)	8	35	26	1	1	2	N	N	Y	Y	Y	4581				>150	138.5	4442.5

Y indicates Yes, N indicates No, (blank) indicates not verified,

As can be seen in Figure 2, USGS-6728, USGS-6733, USGS-6718, Misc-95 and Misc-96 are the closest wells to the location. Depths to water measured by the USGS are 151.6 feet, 149.7 feet, and 147.1 feet respectively. During our site visit on November 6, 2013, we measured a depth to water of 138.5 feet in the Pulliam Barn Well (Misc.-96) and >150 feet in Misc-95 (due to measuring device). The average depth to water of these wells is more than 146-feet. However, the measurements at these five wells span 40 years.

## Hydrogeology

With known groundwater elevations at least three locations, a water table gradient can always be calculated for the area inside the triangle created by the three locations -- provided the measurements are obtained within a timeframe of stable groundwater conditions. Due to relatively close-spaced measurements, we chose to solve a five--point problem using the water table elevations at

- USGS-4493 (4453-feet in 1982),
- USGS-6718 (4409-feet in 1986),,
- USGS-6702 (4439 feet in 1986),
- USGS-6751 (4386 feet in 1982) and
- USGS-6743 (4428 feet in 1986)

This solution is consistent with the potentiometric surface having a gradient to the southeast shown in Figure 2.

Using the gradient established above, a groundwater elevation can be calculated beneath the Pulliam 27-P 001 temporary pit location of about 4425-feet. Given the surface elevation of 4571-feet, the corresponding depth to water is about 146-feet.

About 0.45 miles north of the Pulliam 27-P 001 temporary pit location is an abandoned windmill site (Misc-95 well or Section 27 Well Casing in Table 1). Depth to water is greater than the 150 feet as measured by Hicks Consultants (limited by water probe tape length). Hence, the water table elevation is less than 4415 feet at this location. Using the same assumptions as given to calculate a depth to water beneath the Pulliam 27-P 001 well location, a groundwater elevation at the Section 27 Well Casing is calculated as 4435-feet. Clearly, the calculations based upon groundwater elevations in Figure 2 predicts a higher groundwater elevation than exists.

The most likely explanation of the discrepancy between the November, 2013 measured data and the calculated depths based upon older measurements is that groundwater elevations have declined within the Ogallala aquifer. Hence, calculations based on this older data over predicted ground water elevations in this area. Allowing for the variation in time, the data does demonstrate a groundwater gradient flowing to the southeast, consistent with the regional flow of the Ogallala aquifer.

We conclude with a high degree of certainty that groundwater, as defined by OCD Rules, exists beneath the Pulliam 27-P 001 site at a depth of at least 146 feet.

## Distance to Surface Water

**Figure 3 and the site visit demonstrates that the location is not within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Therefore the temporary pit can be closed by burial trench or in place closure as it is not within 100**

**feet of a continuously flowing watercourse or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high water mark).**

- The nearest topographic depression is located more than 2000 feet to the east-northeast (see Figure 2 and 3). Its bottom is an intermittent playa lake. This feature was dry during our November 6, 2013 visit.
- The closest watercourse is an intermittent channel more than 4500 feet to the southwest. This drainage leads to a playa south-southwest of the temporary pit location and was dry at the time of our visit.
- No watercourses or water bodies exist within 300-feet of the location.
- We observed no evidence of a sinkhole or unstable ground during our site visit.

### **Distance to Permanent Residence or Structures**

**Figure 4 and the site visit demonstrates that the location is not within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, church, or other structure in existence at the time of initial application. This meets a criteria for closure by trench burial or in-place closure.**

- The closest structure is an unoccupied residence more than 2000 feet south of the location.

### **Distance to Non-Public Water Supply**

**Figures 1 and Figure 2 demonstrates that the location is not within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application. In addition, the temporary pit can be closed by burial trench or in place closure as it is not within 300 feet of a spring or private, domestic fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes.**

- Figure 1 and 2 show the locations of all area water wells, active or plugged/abandoned
- The nearest well is USGS-6718 located more than 2000 feet south of the Pulliam farm 27-P 001 site. USGS-6718 is a domestic well adjacent to the closest structure, an unoccupied residence.
- The abandoned Section 27 Well Casing location is more than 2100 feet to the northeast.
- No springs were identified within the mapping area (see Figure 3).

### **Distance to Municipal Boundaries and Fresh Water Fields**

**Figure 5 demonstrates that the location is not within incorporated municipal boundaries or defined municipal fresh water well fields covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. This also qualifies the location for burial trench or in-place closure.**

- The closest municipality is Grady, New Mexico, approximately 7 miles to the southwest. San Jon, New Mexico is more than 16 miles to the northwest. See Figure 5a.

- The closest public well field is for the incorporated village of Grady, New Mexico. See Figure 5b.

### **Distance to Wetlands**

**Figure 6 demonstrates the location is not within 500 feet of wetlands. This also qualifies the location for burial trench or in-place closure.**

- The closest designated wetland is a “freshwater pond” located more than 2000 feet to the east-northeast. After sufficient precipitation, this playa/depression feature contains surface water. It was dry at the time of the November 6, 2013 visit.

### **Distance to Subsurface Mines**

**Figure 7 and our general reconnaissance of the area demonstrate that the nearest mines are caliche/gravel pits. The location is not within an area overlying a subsurface mine.**

- The nearest mapped caliche pit is located approximately 4 miles to the southeast, about one mile east of Broadview.

### **Distance to High or Critical Karst (Unstable) Areas**

**Figure 8 shows the location of the temporary pits with respect to the USGS Karst Map of New Mexico.**

The proposed temporary pit is located within a map unit (shown in grey-green) having the description of: “Fissures and voids present to a depth of 250’ or more in areas of subsidence from piping in thick unconsolidated materials”. Within the Great Plains, playas are “piped” features in that the material within a vertical cylinder is physically lower than the material around it. Processes causing this are discussed within the Geology section earlier in this submission. As the Pulliam 27-P 001 location is not within a playa or “piped” feature; the following observations are consistent with the description of the map unit.

- No evidence of solution voids or features were observed near the site during the field inspection.
- No evidence of unstable ground was observed.
- The nearest topographic lows are depression/playas located more than 2000 feet to the east-northeast and more than 4500 feet to the south-southwest (see Figure 3).
- The Pulliam 27-P 001 location is not located on or near sinkholes or unstable ground as described in NMOCD Rules.

### **Distance to 100-Year Floodplain**

**Figure 9 demonstrates that the location is not within a floodplain as mapped by the Federal Emergency Management Agency with respect to the Flood Insurance Rate 100-Year Floodplain.**

- Figure 9 shows that the Pulliam 27-P 001 location is not within any floodplain.

### **Temporary Pit Design**

Please refer to Plates 1 and 2 for the design of the temporary pit and the Design and Construction Plan at the end of this application.

### **References**

Bradley, R.G., Kalaswad, S., 2003, The Groundwater Resources of the Dockum Aquifer in Texas, Texas Water Development Board Report 359, Page 22

[http://www.twdb.state.tx.us/publications/reports/numbered\\_reports/doc/R359/Report%20359%20Dockum%20Final.pdf](http://www.twdb.state.tx.us/publications/reports/numbered_reports/doc/R359/Report%20359%20Dockum%20Final.pdf)

Smith, L.M., 2003, Playas of the Great Plains, University of Texas Press, pp 36-40.








# **Site Specific Information Figures**

**R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.**





901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142  
Albuquerque, NM 87104

# Legend

-  Location
-  200 ft
-  300 ft
-  500 ft
-  1000 ft






## OSE Water Wells

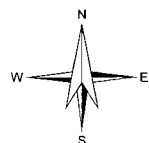
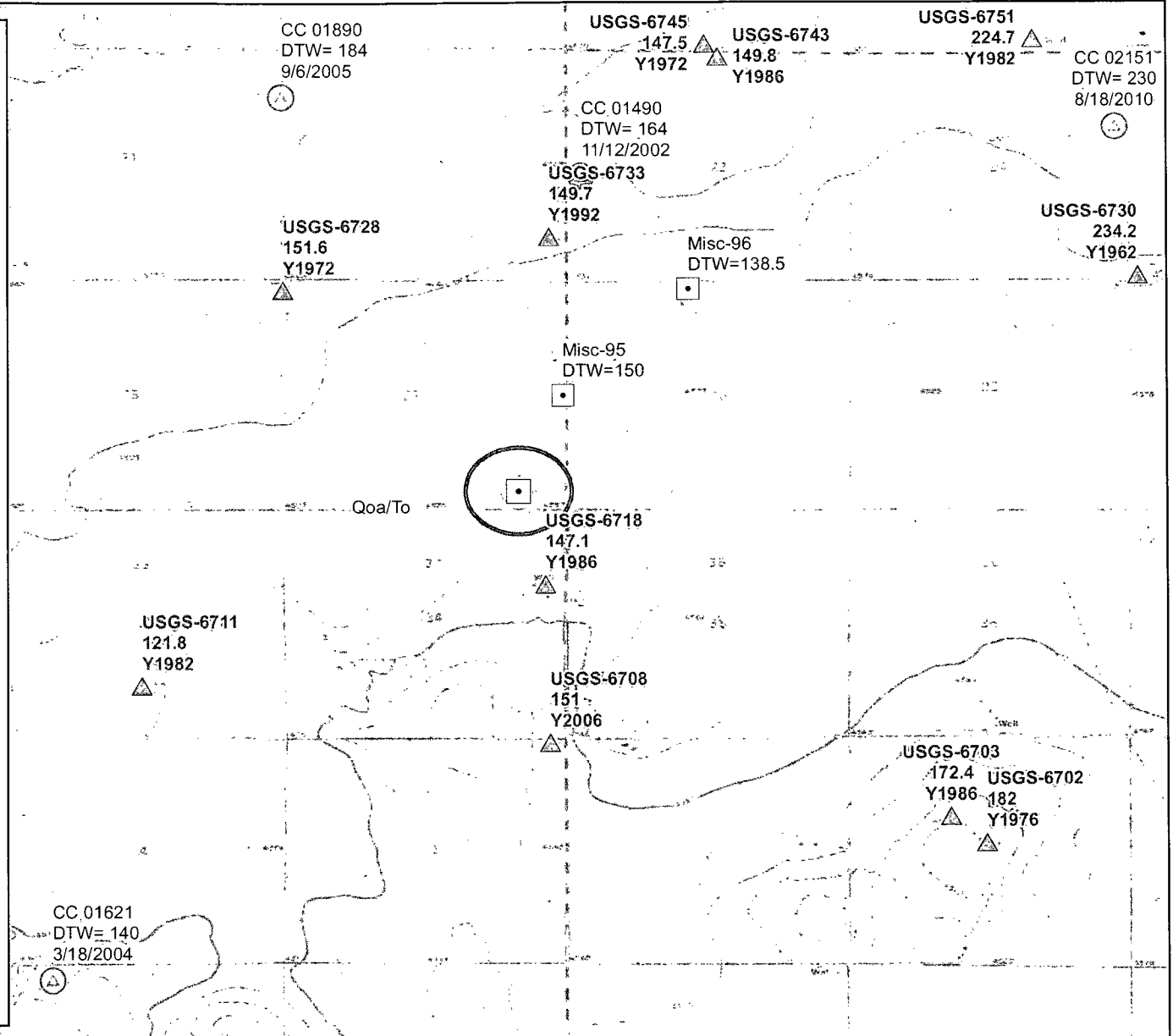
### Well Depth (ft)

-  ≤ 150
-  151 - 350
-  351 - 500
-  501 - 1000
-  > 1000

## Misc. Water Wells (Well ID, DTW)

### Well Depth (ft)

-  No Data
-  ≤ 150
-  151 - 350
-  351 - 500
-  > 500



0 1,500 3,000  
Feet

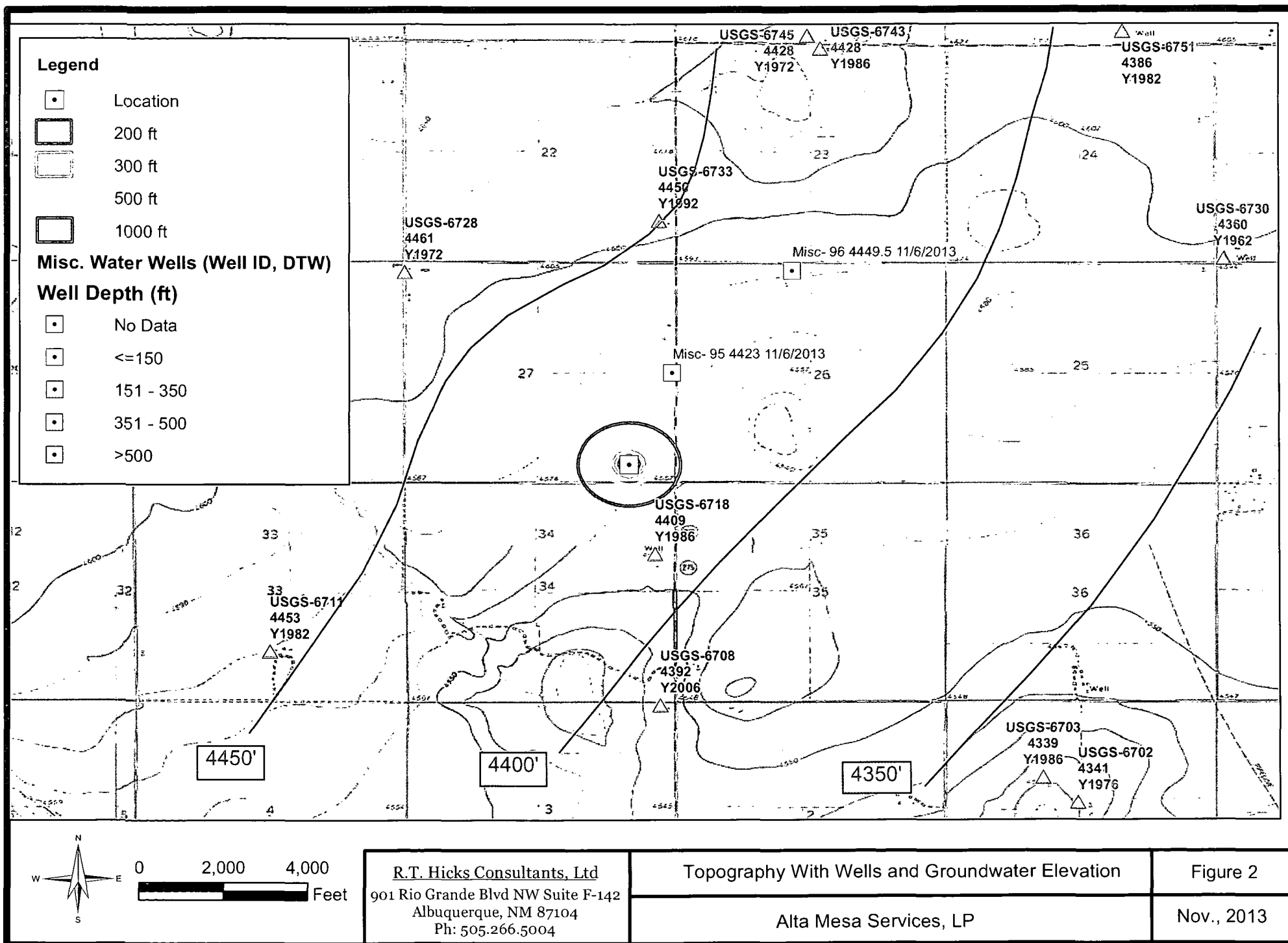
R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd  
901 Rio Grande Blvd NW Suite F-142  
Albuquerque, NM 87104  
Ph: 505.266.5004

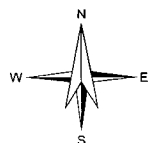
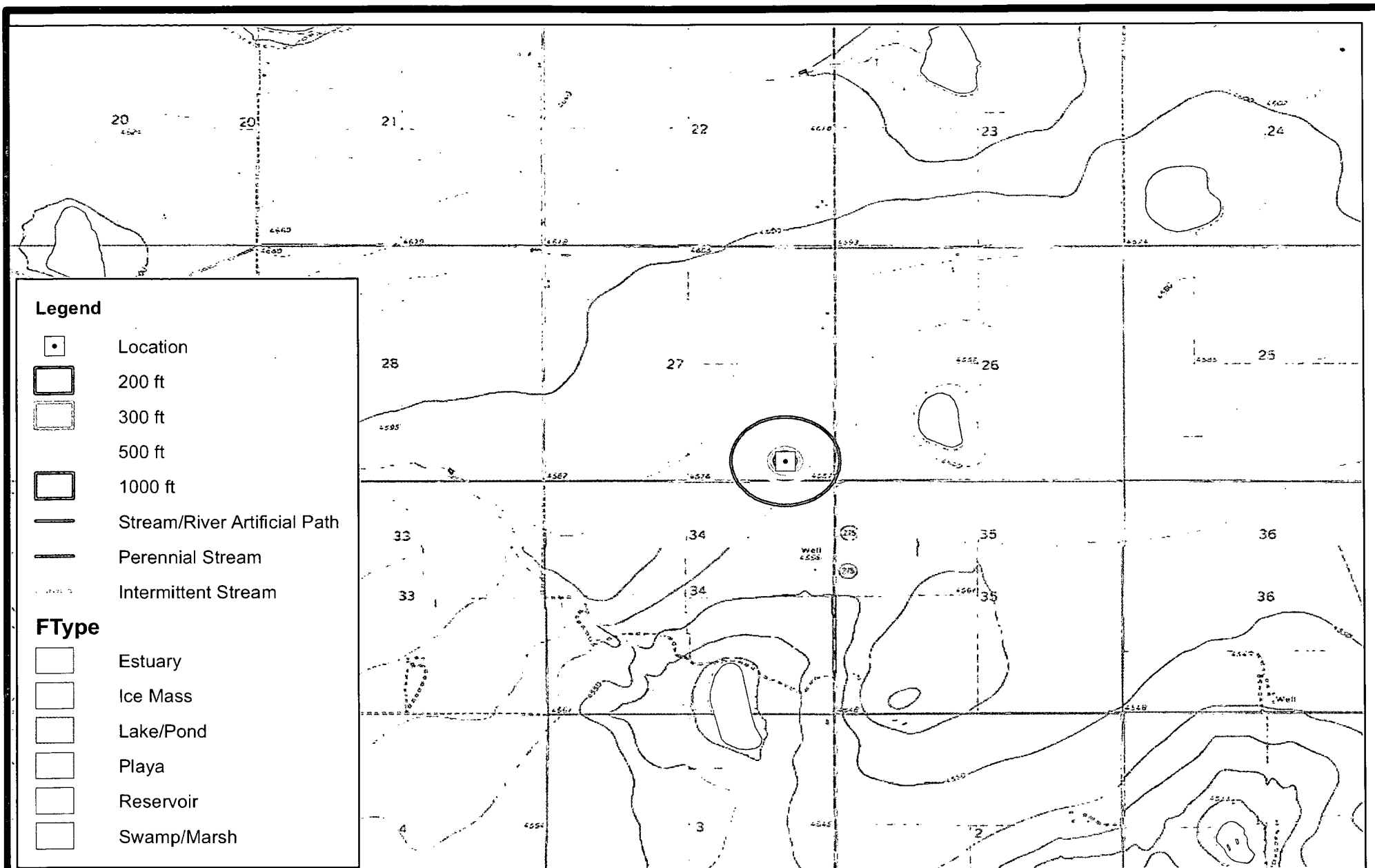
Geology With Wells and Depth to Water Data

Alta Mesa Services, LP

Figure 1

Nov., 2013





0 1,500 3,000  
Feet

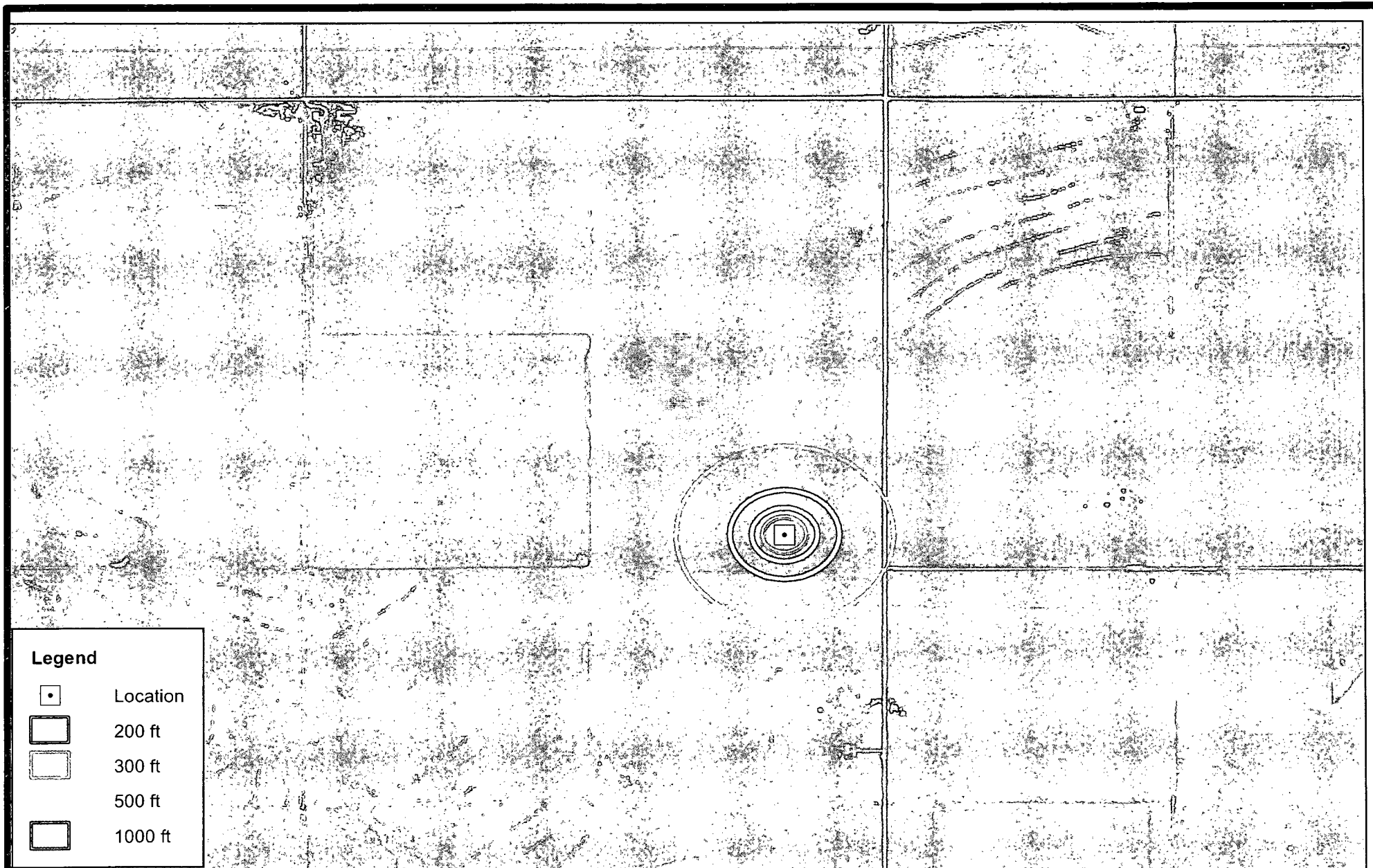
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Topography With Surface Water






Alta Mesa Services, LP

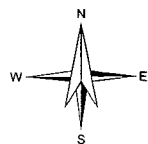
Figure 3


Nov., 2013



# Legend

-  Location
-  200 ft
-  300 ft
-  500 ft
-  1000 ft



0 750 1,500  
 Feet

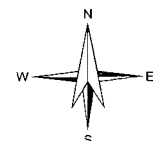
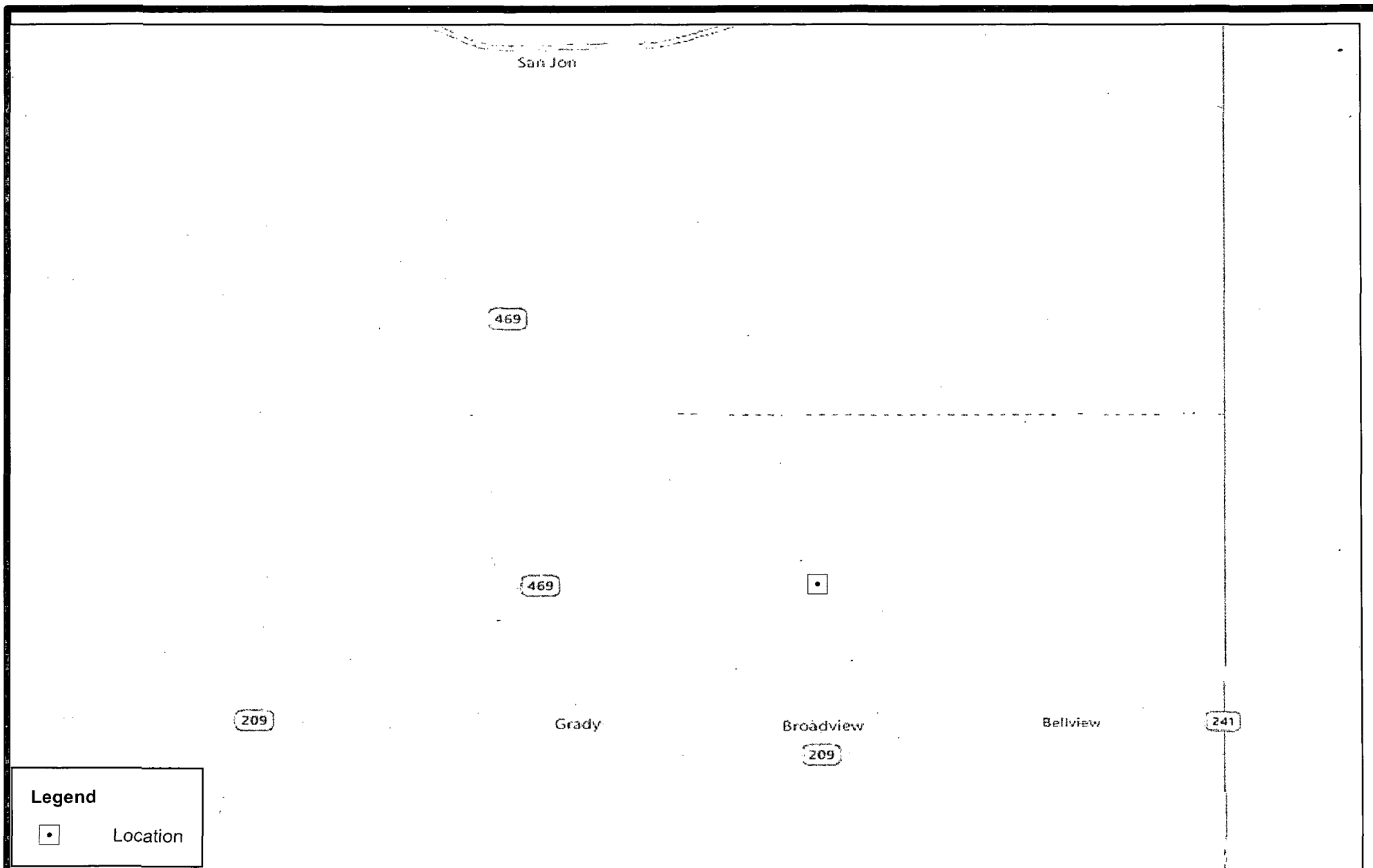
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 Albuquerque, NM 87104  
 Ph: 505.266.5004

2013 Aerial Photograph of Pulliam 27-P 001 Location

Alta Mesa Services, LP

Figure 4

Nov., 2013



0 2 4  
Miles

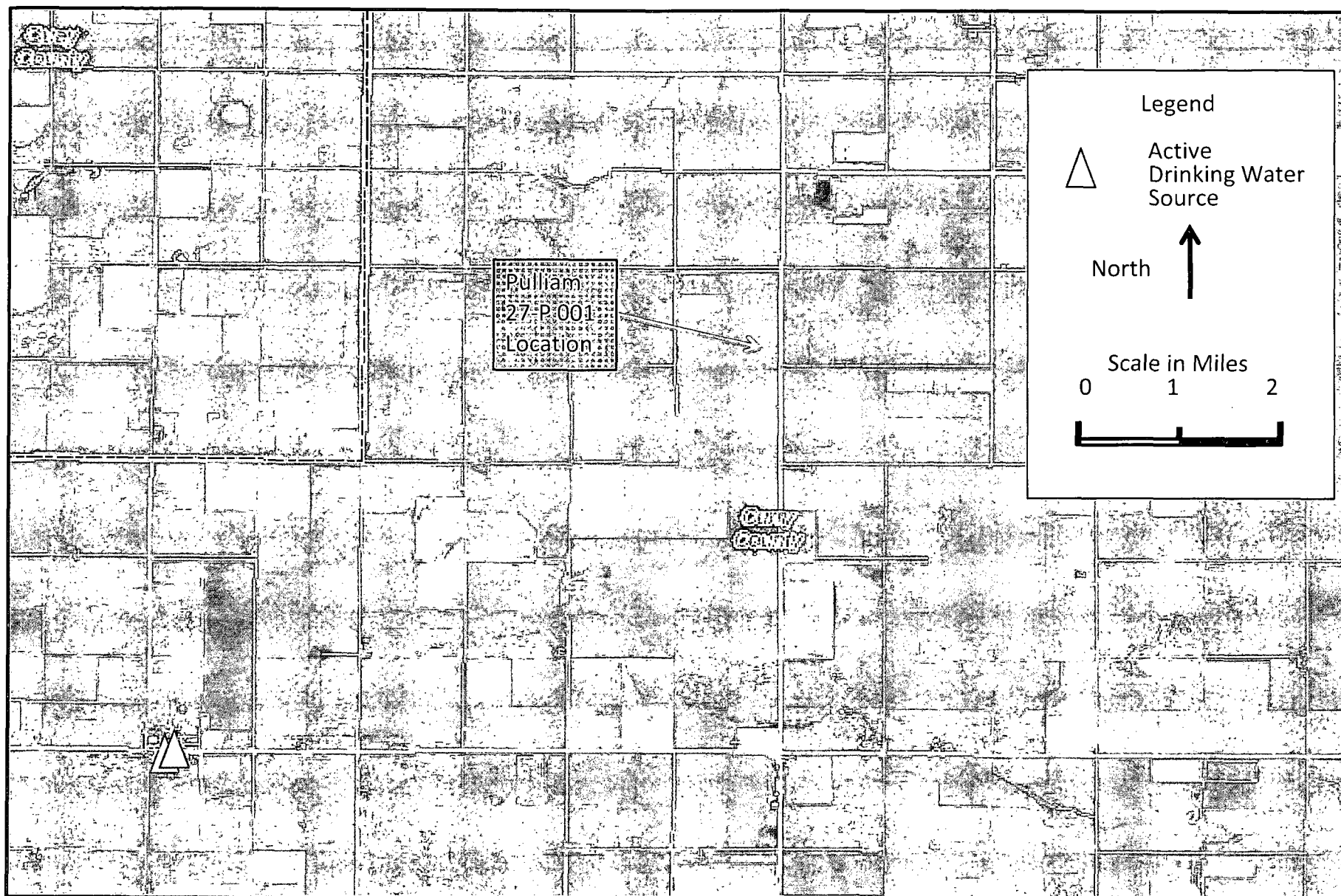
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Nearest Municipalities and Wellfields

Alta Mesa Services, LP

Figure 5a

Nov., 2013



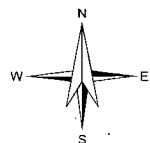
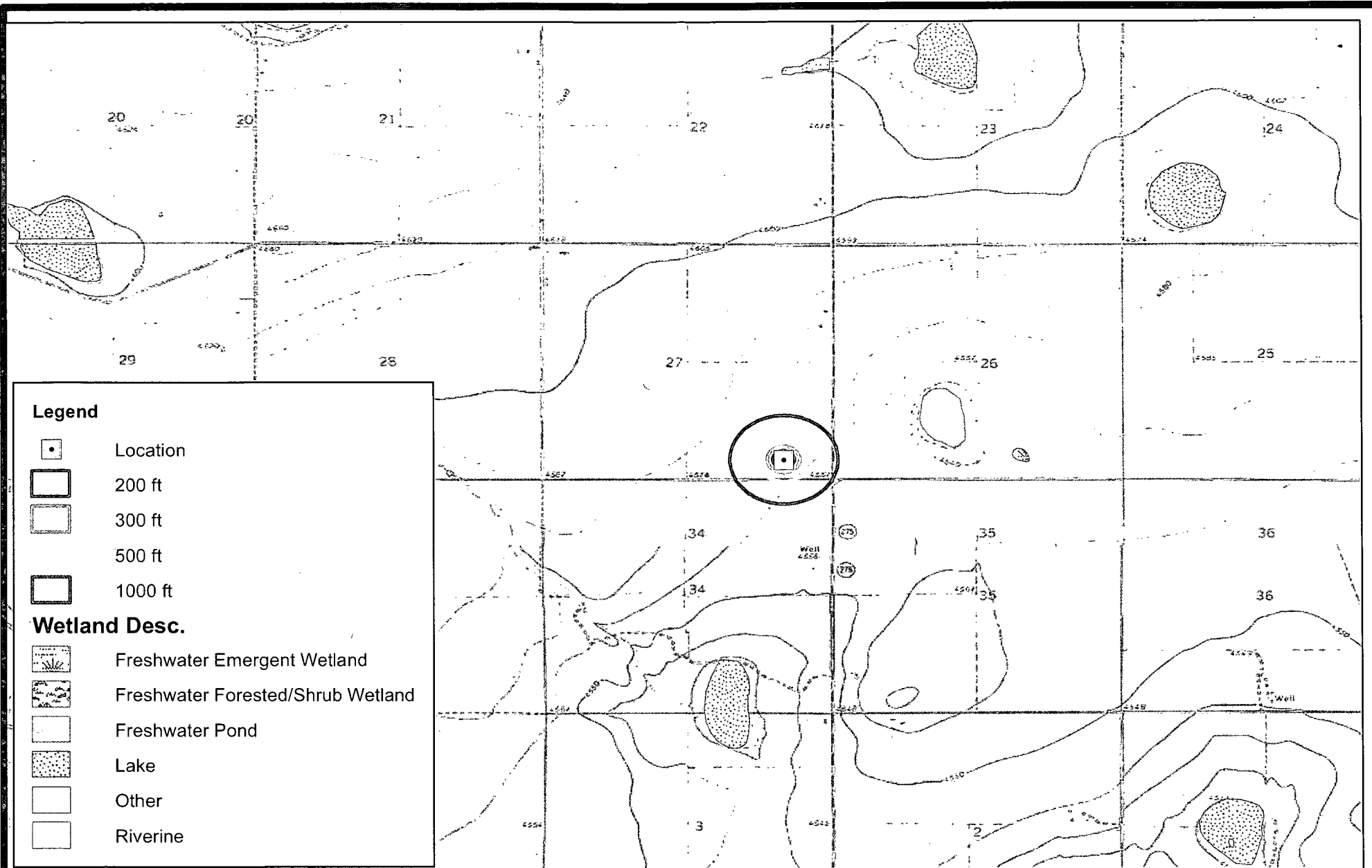
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Albuquerque, N. M. 87104

**Nearest Wellfields, Aerial Photo with Data from NM  
Drinking Water Bureau**

**Alta Mesa Services, LP**

**Figure 5b**

**November 2013**



0 1,500 3,000  
Feet

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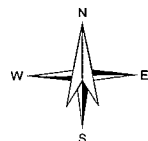
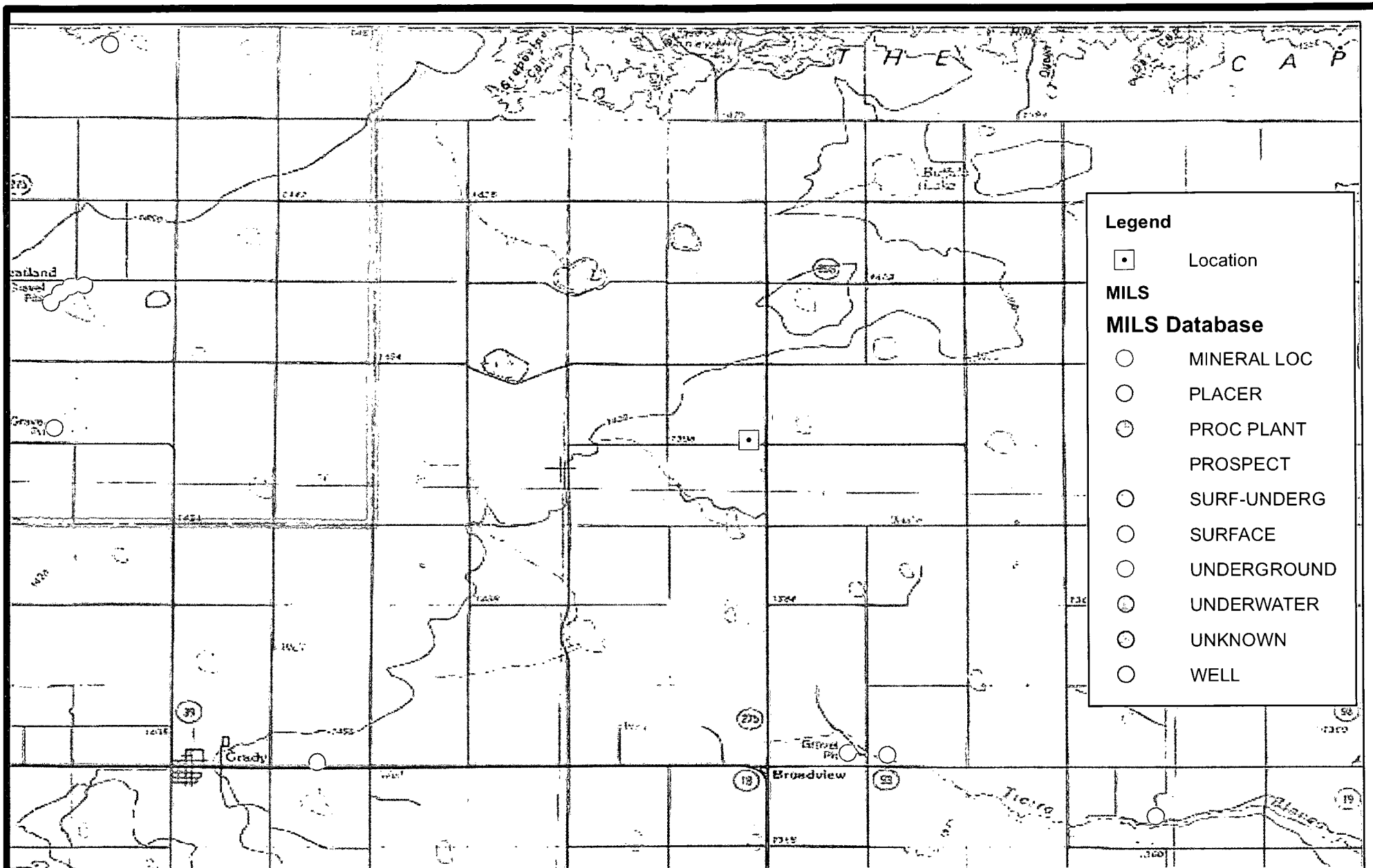
Topography With Wetlandsr

Alta Mesa Services, LP

Figure 6

Nov., 2013





0 0.75 1.5  
Miles

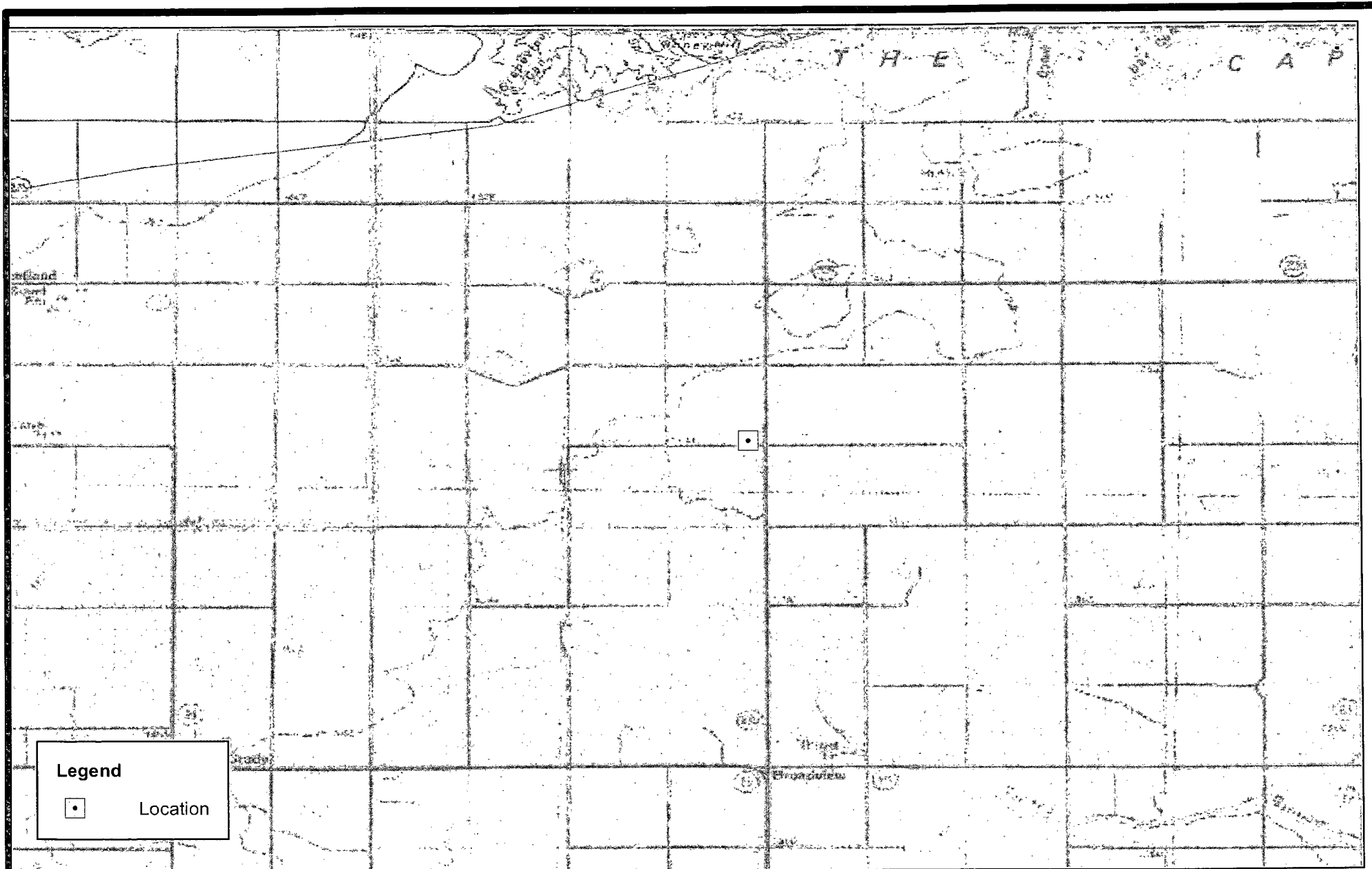
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Nearest Mines to the Pulliam 27-P 001 Site

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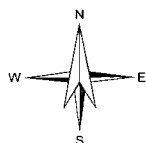
Figure 7

Nov., 2013



**Legend**

□ Location



0 0.75 1.5  
Miles

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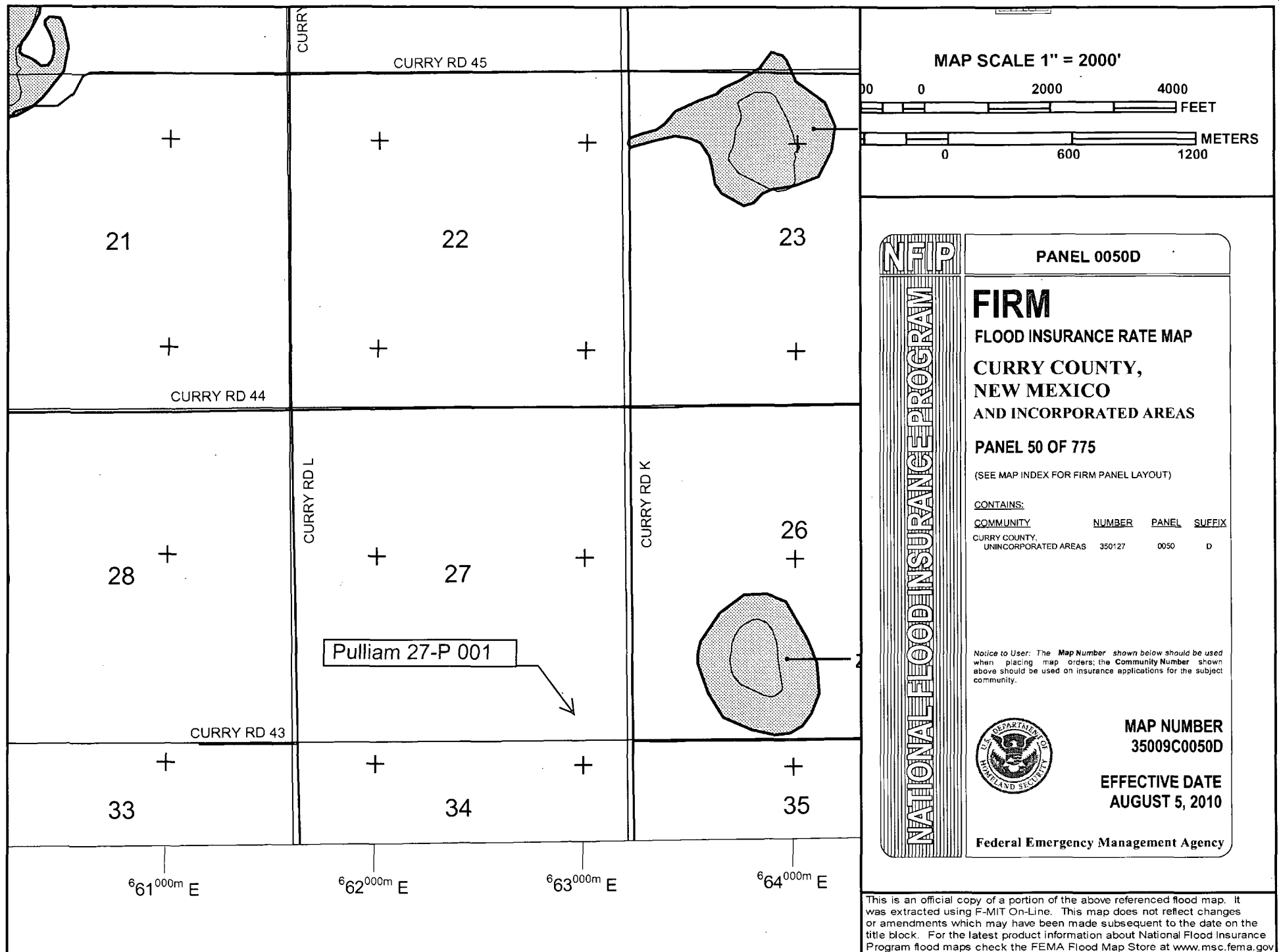
USGS Karst Map of New Mexico, Pulliam 27-P 001 Site

Alta Mesa Services, LP

Figure 8

Nov., 2013

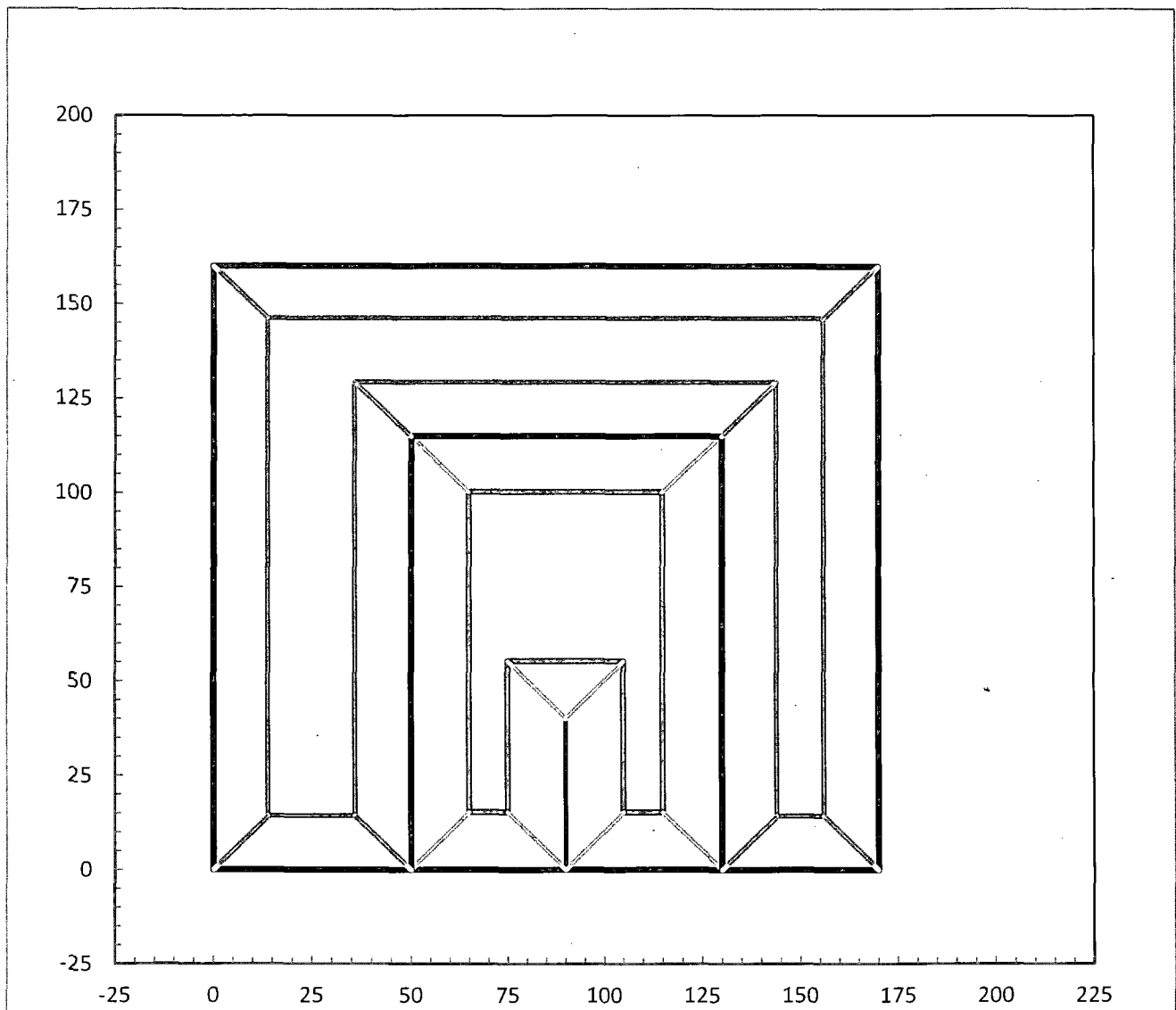
Figure 9: Floodplain Map



# **Site Specific Information Plates**

**R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.**

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#### Drilling Cell Dimensions

Drilling Cell Total Width	170.0
Drilling Cell Total Length	160.0

Slopes of Pit Horizontal Distance	2.00
Slopes of Pit Vertical Distance	1.00
Horseshoe divider width at surface	0.0

#### Inner Horseshoe Dimensions

Total Width (left right)	80.0
Total Length (up down)	115.0
Depth	7.5
Length of Divider	40.0
Divider Width at Surface	0.0
Width of discharge floor	10.0
Width of suction floor	10.0

#### Outer Horseshoe Dimensions

Width Discharge Side	40.0
Width Suction Side	50.0
Length Far Side (up down)	50.0
Width of discharge Floor	12.0
Width of Suction Floor	22.0
Width of Far Side Floor (right-left dimension)	140.0
Length of far side floor (Up-down dimension)	17.0
Depth of Discharge Side	5.0
Depth of Far Side	9.0
Depth of Suction Side	7.0

#### Fluids Cell Dimensions

Width (left-right)	0.0
Length (up-down)	0.0
Depth	10.0

Inner Horseshoe Capacity 7981 bbl  
Outer Horseshoe Capacity 15326 bbl

Frac Cell Capacity 0 bbl  
Total Capacity 23307 bbl

North



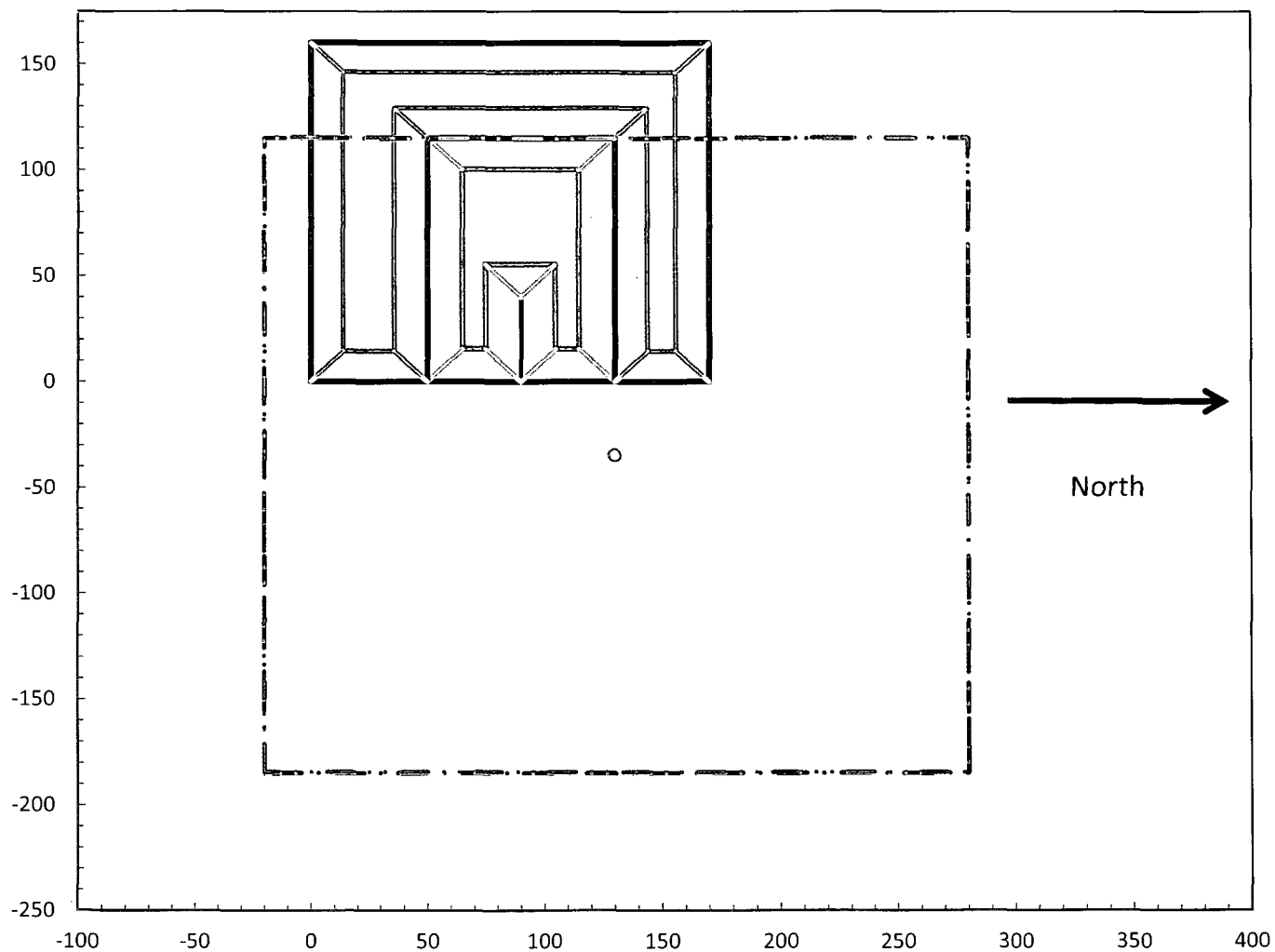
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Drawing of Drilling Cell

Plate 1

Alta Mesa Services, LP

November 2013



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**Drawing of Drilling Pit and Well in Relation to Pad Boundary**

**Alta Mesa Services, LP**

**Plate 2**

**November 2013**

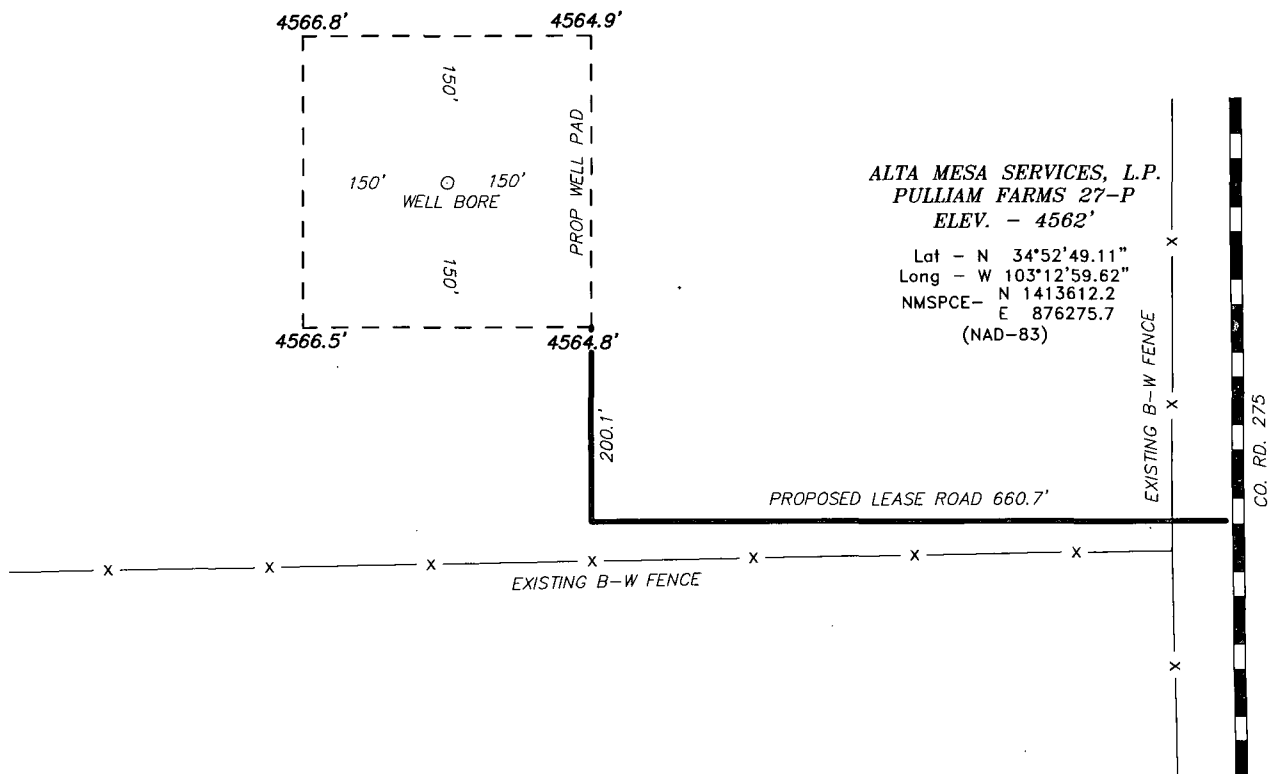
# **Appendix A**

## **Survey Information**

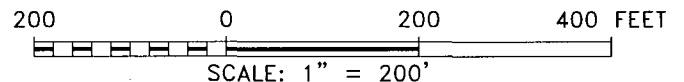
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Albuquerque, NM 87104

SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 8 NORTH, RANGE 35 EAST, N.M.P.M.,  
CURRY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.



TUCUMCARI, NM IS ±35 MILES TO THE NORTHWEST OF LOCATION.



Directions to Location:

FROM THE JUNCTION OF CO. RD. 275 AND CO. RD. 43, GO WEST ON PROPOSED LEASE ROAD TO PROPOSED LOCATION.

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(575) 392-2206 - Fax  
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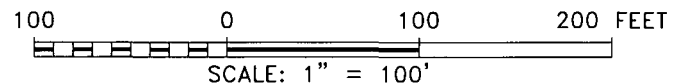
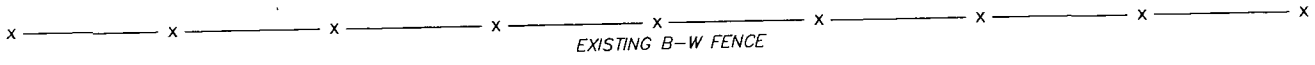
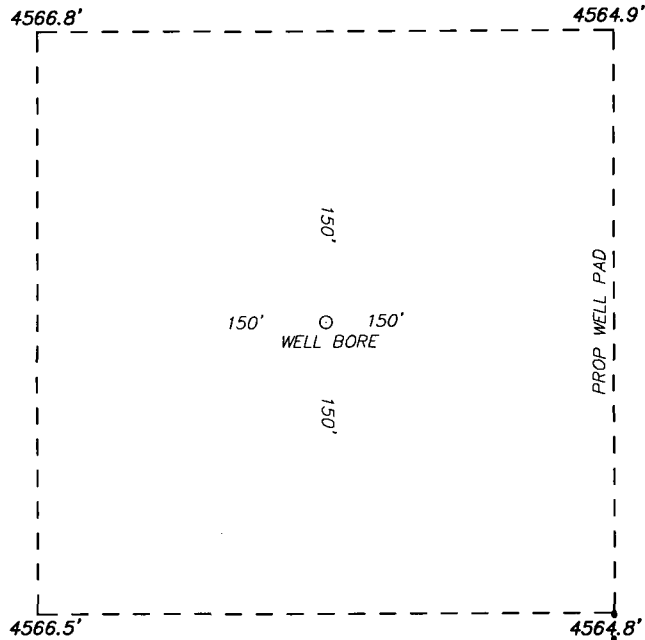
**ALTA MESA SERVICES, L.P.**

REF: PULLIAM FARMS 27-P / WELL PAD TOPO

THE PULLIAM FARMS 27-P LOCATED 358' FROM  
THE SOUTH LINE AND 827' FROM THE EAST LINE OF  
SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 8 NORTH, RANGE 35 EAST,  
N.M.P.M., CURRY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.



SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 8 NORTH, RANGE 35 EAST, N.M.P.M.,  
CURRY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.



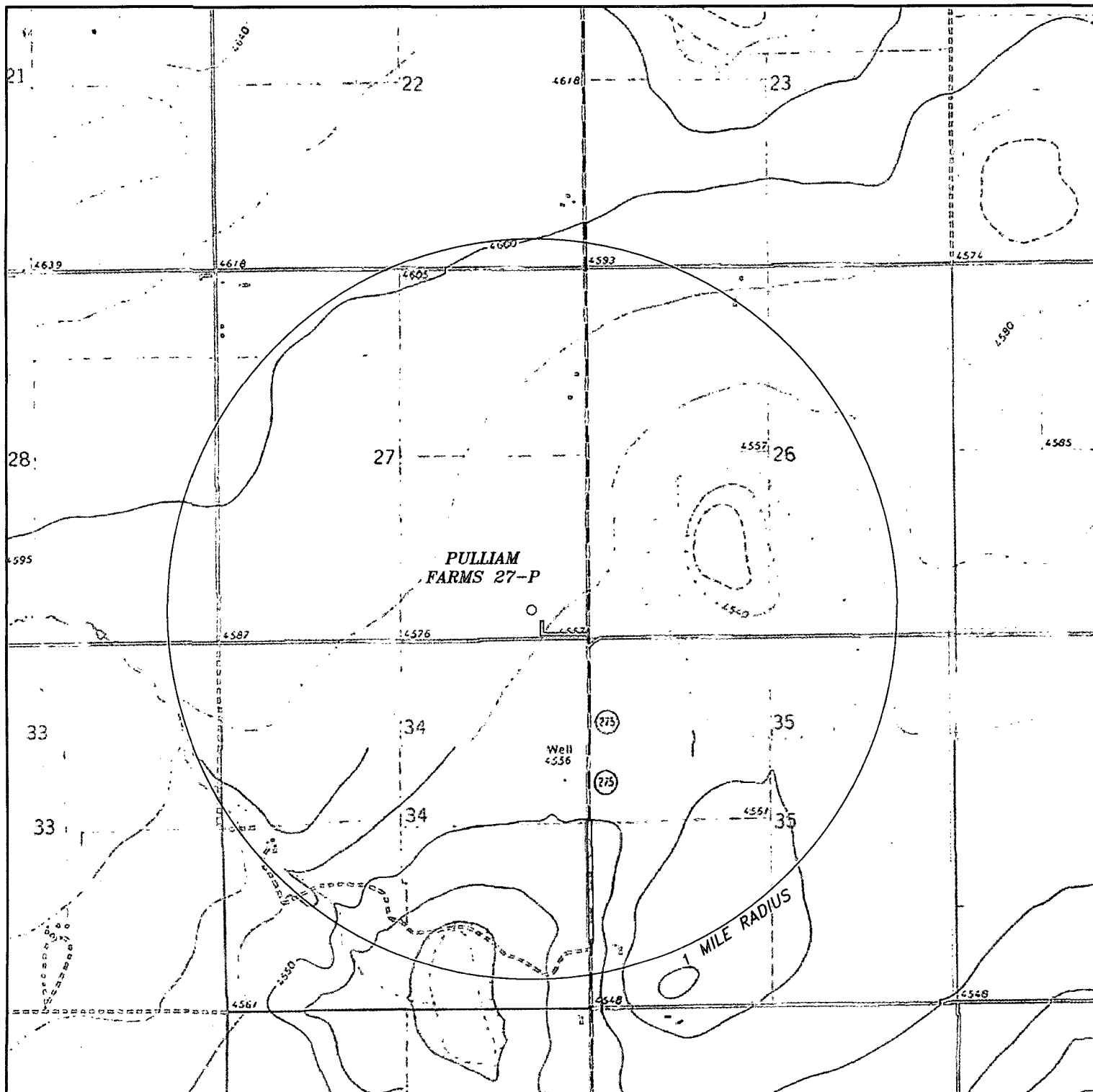
**ALTA MESA SERVICES, L.P.**

REF: PULLIAM FARMS 27-P / WELL PAD TOPO

THE PULLIAM FARMS 27-P LOCATED 358' FROM  
THE SOUTH LINE AND 827' FROM THE EAST LINE OF  
SECTION 27, TOWNSHIP 8 NORTH, RANGE 35 EAST,  
N.M.P.M., CURRY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.



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(575) 392-2206 - Fax  
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**PULLIAM FARMS 27-P**  
 Located 358' FSL and 827' FEL  
 Section 27, Township 8 North, Range 35 East,  
 N.M.P.M., Curry County, New Mexico.

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0' 1000' 2000' 3000' 4000'

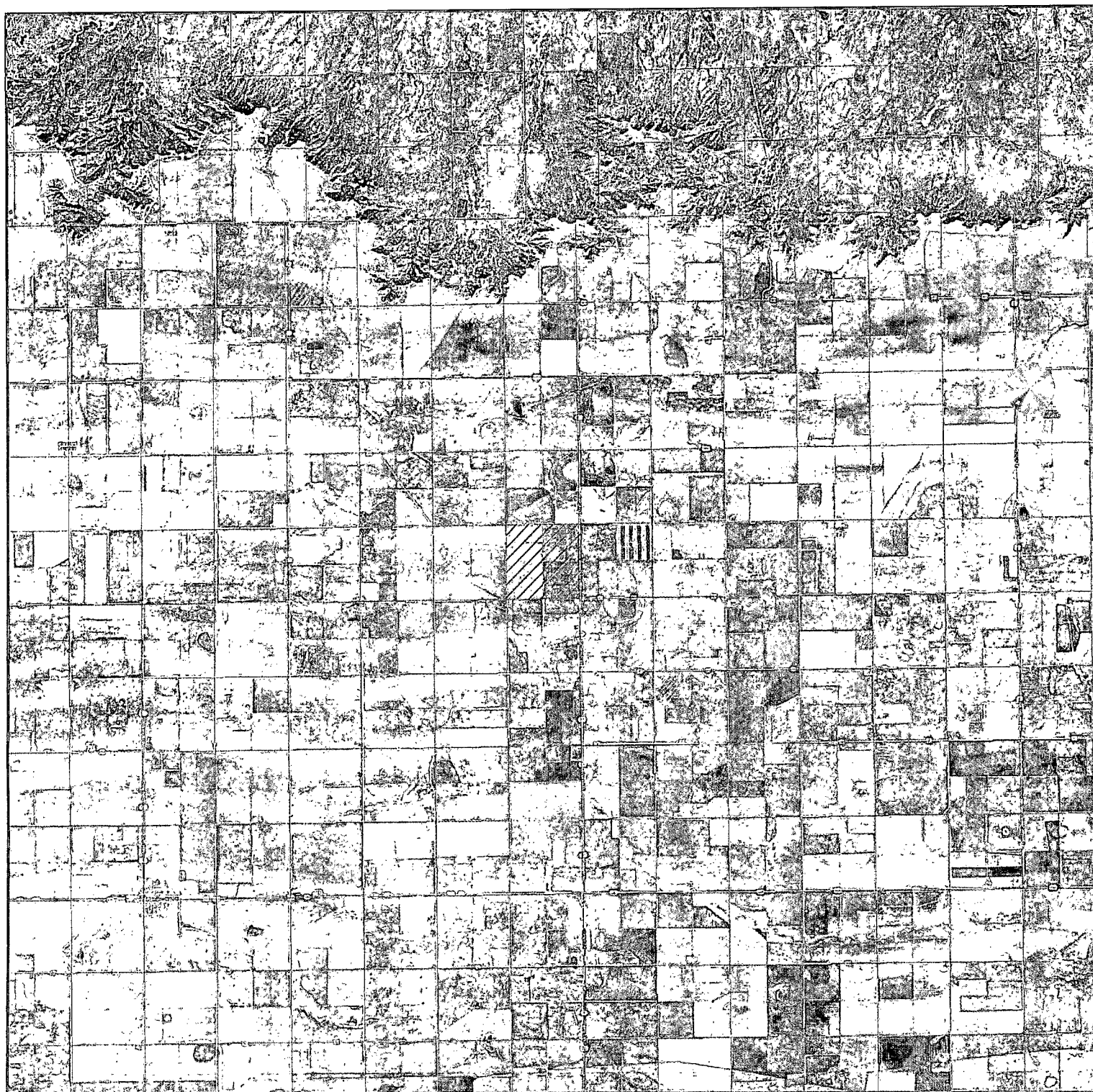
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W.O. Number: JMS 29728

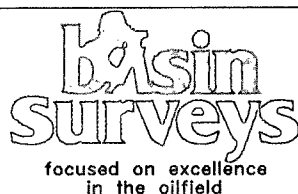
Survey Date: 11-08-2013

YELLOW TINT - USA LAND  
 BLUE TINT - STATE LAND  
 NATURAL COLOR - FEE LAND

**ALTA MESA**  
**SERVICES,**  
**L.P.**



PULLIAM FARMS 27-P  
Located 358' FSL and 827' FEL  
Section 27, Township 8 North, Range 35 East,  
N.M.P.M., Curry County, New Mexico.



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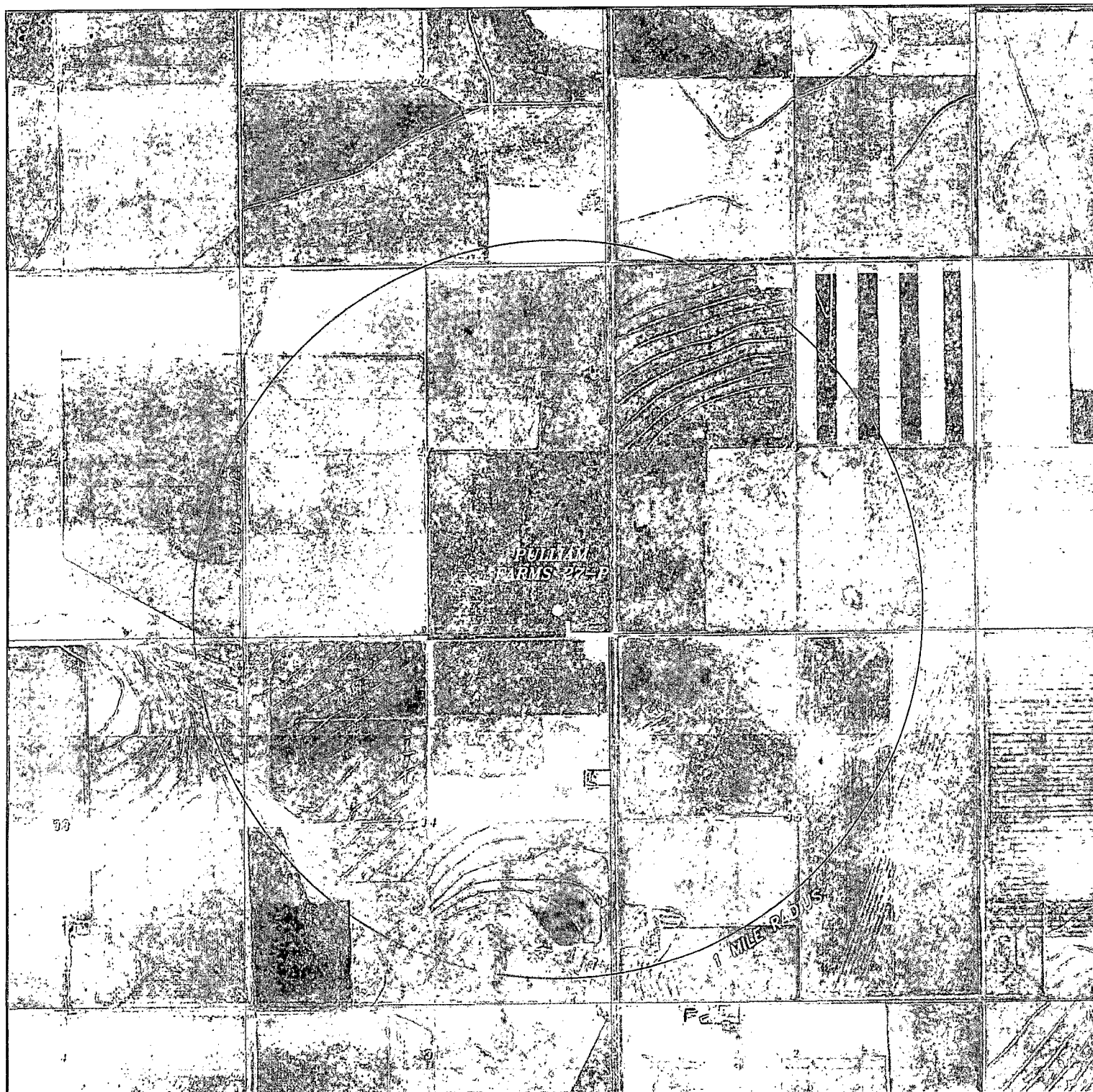
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SCALE: 1" = 2 MILES

W.O. Number: JMS 29728

Survey Date: 11-08-2013

YELLOW TINT - USA LAND  
BLUE TINT - STATE LAND  
NATURAL COLOR - FEE LAND

ALTA MESA  
SERVICES,  
L.P.



**PULLIAM FARMS 27-P**  
 Located 358' FSL and 827' FEL  
 Section 27, Township 8 North, Range 35 East,  
 N.M.P.M., Curry County, New Mexico.

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 (575) 393-7316 - Office  
 (575) 392-2206 - Fax  
 basinsurveys.com

0' 1000' 2000' 3000' 4000'  
 SCALE: 1" = 2000'

W.O. Number: JMS 29728

Survey Date: 11-08-2013

YELLOW TINT - USA LAND  
 BLUE TINT - STATE LAND  
 NATURAL COLOR - FEE LAND

**ALTA MESA**  
**SERVICES,**  
**L.P.**

# **Generic Plans for Temporary Pits**

**R.T. Hicks Consultants, Ltd.**

901 Rio Grande Blvd. NW, Suite F-142  
Albuquerque, NM 87104

## **Temporary Pit Design/Construction Plan**

Plates 1 and 2 show the design of the temporary pit proposed for this project. Field conditions and the drilling rig layout will determine the final configuration of the pit cells, which will consist of the following:

1. A cell for drilling fluid circulation and cuttings storage consisting of:
  - a. An outer horseshoe for fresh water and cut-brine fluid and cuttings
  - b. An inner horseshoe for brine and fluid and cuttings
2. A cell for the storage of fresh water (drilling/stimulation) and stimulation flow-back water prior to re-use or disposal (OPTIONAL)

In addition to the commitments listed below, the operator may install a system that can drain water entrained in the drilling waste of the drilling pit. As described in the closure plan, this system of fabric-wrapped perforated pipe and drainage mats lie on the bottom of the drilling cell of the pit – generally the brine cell. The system will drain to the lowest corner of each cell, generally near the suction area. The exact location will be determined upon completion of the cells. Standpipes rise from the depression and can house a solar-powered pump. The drainage system for the brine cell removes water to an above-ground tank, the fluids cell of the pit, or directly to a truck for re-use or disposal. The drainage system may also be used to introduce fresher water below the residual cuttings/mud, causing the introduced fluid to move upwards through the cuttings/mud and enhance the solids rinsing process. Introduced water can be removed from the pit for re-use via a vacuum truck or recovered from the drainage system at the bottom.

The temporary storage of fluids, fluid reuse or fluid disposal will be conducted in a manner approved by division rules that prevents the contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment. This drainage and rinsing system allows the operator to:

- Recover clear water for possible re-use
- Reduce the concentration of constituents of concern in the drilling waste by removing some water entrained in the drilling waste.

Precipitation and the possible addition of relatively fresh water (see closure plan) will rinse the solid drilling waste, causing additional reduction in the constituents of concern as the water is recovered for re-use or disposal.

For any temporary storage of fluids derived from the drilling pit and placed in an above-ground tank, the following will apply:

1. Construction, operation and maintenance of the temporary storage tank(s) will adhere to all applicable NMOCD Rules including but not limited to:
  - a. Safety stipulations
  - b. Protection from hydrogen sulfide mandates
  - c. Signage and identification requirements
  - d. Secondary containment requirements for temporary tanks
  - e. Applicable netting requirements

2. Any cleaning of the temporary tank(s) will adhere to NMOCD Rules relating to tank cleaning.
3. Transportation of water or drilling fluids derived from the drilling pit will adhere to all applicable NMOCD Rules relating to transportation.
4. Storage of water or drilling fluids in temporary above-ground tanks will also adhere to all applicable Federal mandates.

During final closure of the pit, the tanks and secondary containment system will be removed from the location and the area beneath the tank inspected for any leakage. If any leakage is suspected, the operator will sample the soil beneath the tanks and report any release pursuant to NMOCD Rules.

Finally, we intend to place any temporary tank used in conjunction with the pit drainage system on a 20-mil liner with a berm around it that would allow any inadvertently released fluids to drain or be pumped back into the pit.

### ***Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit***

#### **Stockpile Topsoil**

Prior to constructing the pit the qualified contractor will strip and stockpile the topsoil for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

#### **Signage**

The operator will post an upright sign in a conspicuous place in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC as the pit and the well are operated by the same operator. Section 19.15.16.8 states in part:

19.15.16.8 SIGN ON WELLS:

B. For drilling wells, the operator shall post the sign on the derrick or not more than 20 feet from the well.

C. The sign shall be of durable construction and the lettering shall be legible and large enough to be read under normal conditions at a distance of 50 feet.

F. Each sign shall show the:

(1) well number;

(2) property name;

(3) operator's name;

(4) location by footage, quarter-quarter section, township and range (or unit letter can be substituted for the quarter-quarter section);

and

(5) API number.

The sign will also provide emergency telephone numbers.

#### **Fencing:**

During drilling or workover operations, the operator will not fence the edge of the pit adjacent to the drilling or workover rig.

As the pit is not located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church, the operator will fence the pit to exclude livestock with four-wire strands evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level.

### **Earthwork**

The temporary pit will have a properly constructed foundation and interior slopes consisting of a firm, unyielding base, smooth and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent the liner's rupture or tear.

The slopes of the pit will be no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot (2H:1V) unless in the transmittal letter the operator requested an alternative to the slope requirement with a demonstration that the pit can be operated in a safe manner to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment.

A berm or ditch will surround the temporary pit to prevent run-on of surface water.

If the transmittal letter identifies concerns relating to the presence of karst and associated instability, during construction of the pit the contractor will compact the earth material that forms the foundation for the pit liner. An expected proctor density of greater than 90% will be achieved by

1. adding water to the earth material as appropriate,
2. compacting the earth by walking a crawler-type tractor down the sides and bottom of the pit
3. repeating this process with a second 6-inch lift of earth material if necessary

### **Liner Installation**

The geomembrane liner will consist of 20-mil string reinforced LLDPE or equivalent liner material identified in the transmittal letter or on Form C-144 (that the appropriate division district office approves through approval of this permit application). The geomembrane liner will be composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions. The liner material will be resistant to ultraviolet light. Liner compatibility will comply with EPA SW-846 method 9090A.

The operator will direct the liner installation contractor to:

1. minimize liner seams and orient them up and down, not across a slope
2. use factory welded seams where possible
3. overlap liners four to six inches and orient seams parallel to the line of maximum slope, i.e., oriented along, not across, the slope, prior to any field seaming
4. minimize the number of welded field seams in comers and irregularly shaped areas
5. utilize only qualified personnel to weld field seams
6. avoid excessive stress-strain on the liner
7. place geotextile under the liner where needed to reduce localized stress-strain or protuberances that may otherwise compromise the liner's integrity
8. anchor the edges of all liners in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench that is at least 18 inches deep
9. place additional material (liner, felt, etc.) to ensure that the liner is protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage at any point of discharge into or suction from the lined temporary pit.



## **C-144 Supplemental Documentation for Temporary Pit**

A berm or ditch will surround the temporary pit to prevent run-on of surface water. During drilling operations, the operator may elect to remove run-on protection on the pit edge adjacent to the drilling or workover rig provided that the pit is being used to collect liquids escaping from the drilling or workover rig and this additional fluid will not cause a breach of the temporary pit.

The temporary pit will not be used to vent or flare gas and the volume of the temporary drilling pit, including freeboard, will not exceed 10 acre-feet.

## **Temporary Pit Operating and Maintenance Plan**

The operator will maintain and operate the pit in accordance with the following plan to contain liquids and solids and maintain the integrity of the liner to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment.

If feasible, the operator will recycle, reuse or reclaim all drilling fluids in the temporary pit in a manner approved by division rules that prevents the contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment. Re-use of drilling fluids and workover fluids (stimulation flow-back) for drilling and stimulation of subsequent wells is anticipated. If re-use is not possible, fluids will be sent to disposal at a division-approved facility.

The operator will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste in the pit.

If the pit develops a leak or if any penetration of the pit liner occurs above the liquid's surface, then the operator will repair the damage or initiate replacement of the liner within 48 hours of discovery or will seek a variance from the division district office within this time period.

If the pit develops a leak or if any penetration of the pit liner occurs below the liquid's surface, then the operator will remove all liquid above the damage or leak line within 48 hours of discovery. The operator will also notify the district division office (19.15.29 NMAC) within this same 48 hours of the discovery and repair the damage or replace the pit liner.

The operator will ensure that the drilling contractor installs and uses a header, diverter or other hardware that prevents damage to the liner by erosion, fluid jets or impact from installation and removal of hoses or pipes during injection or withdrawal of liquids.

During construction, the operator or qualified contractor will install diversion ditches and berms around the pit as necessary to prevent the collection of surface water run-on. As outlined in the Construction and Design Plan, during drilling operations, the edge of the temporary pit adjacent to the drilling or workover rig may not have run-on protection if the operator is using the temporary pit to collect liquids escaping from the drilling or workover rig and run-on will not result in a breach of the temporary pit.

The operator will maintain on site an oil absorbent boom to contain and remove oil from the pit's surface.

The operator will only discharge fluids or mineral solids (including cement) generated or used during the drilling, completion, or workover processes into the pit.

The operator will maintain the temporary pit free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris. Immediately after cessation of drilling or a workover operation, the operator will remove any visible or measurable layer of oil from the surface of the pit.

The operator will maintain at least two feet of freeboard for the temporary pit, except under extenuating circumstances, which will be noted on the pit inspection log as described below.

## **C-144 Supplemental Documentation for Temporary Pit**

The operator will inspect the temporary pit containing drilling fluids daily while the drilling rig or workover rig is on site. After the rigs have left the site, the operator will inspect the pit weekly as long as liquids are present in the pit. The operator will maintain a log of the inspections. The operator will make the log available to the division district office upon request.

The operator will remove all free drilling fluids from the surface of the temporary pit within 60 days from the date that the last drilling or workover rig associated with the pit permit is released. The operator will note the date of this release upon Form C-105 or C-103 upon well or workover completion. The operator may request an extension up to two months from the division district office as long as this additional time does not exceed the temporary pit life span (Subsection R of 19.15.17.7 NMAC).

## **Temporary Pit In-Place Closure Plan**

The wastes in the temporary pit are destined for in place burial at the drilling location or, if stated in the permit transmittal letter, a nearby site on the same lease.

The operator will not begin closure operations without approval of the closure plan submitted with the permit application.

### **Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstration**

Compliance with siting criteria is described in the site-specific information appended to the C-144.

### **Proof of Surface Owner Notice**

The application package was transmitted to the surface landowner and OCD via email.

### **Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit**

The design and construction protocols for the temporary pit are provided in the design and construction plan and in Plates 1-2. The drainage system described in the design and construction plan (above) is not shown on the Plates but can be important element of the closure plan.

### **General Protocols and Procedures**

- All free liquids from the pit will be recycled or disposed in a manner consistent with OCD Rules.
- Residual drilling fluids will be removed from the pit within 60 days of release of the drilling rig.
- Water derived from the well stimulation program (flow-back or unused fresh water) that is significantly higher quality than the residual drilling fluids *may* discharge into the pit. The fresher water *may* discharge into the drainage system to flow through the solids or onto the solids in the pit.
- A low-flow pump *may* remove water from the drainage system to a tank or a fluids cell of the temporary pit; thereby further rinsing the residual solids in the pit.
- 20-60 days after placement of fresh flow-back water into the drilling cell, any water in the pit will be removed for re-use or disposal.
- The residual drilling mud and cuttings will be stabilized to a capacity sufficient to support the 4-foot thick soil cover.
- The residual pit solids will not be mixed at a ratio greater than 1 part pit solids to 3 parts dry earth material (e.g. subsoil).
- The pit will not be closed until the stabilized pit contents pass the paint filter liquids test.

### **Waste Material Sampling Plan**

Prior to closure, a five-point (minimum) composite sample of the residual solids in the pit will be tested in a laboratory to demonstrate that the stabilized material will not exceed the contaminant concentrations listed in Table II of 19.15.17.13 NMAC mixed in a ratio of 3:1 with the earth material to be used for mixing and stabilization of the residual cuttings and mud.

In-place burial is the selected on-site disposal alternative.

If a concentration of a contaminant within the material mixed at a ratio not exceeding 3:1 is higher than the concentration given in Table II, closure will proceed in accordance with Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.

### **Protocols and Procedures for Earthwork**

Stabilization of the residual cuttings and mud is accomplished by mixing dry earth material within the temporary pit footprint. After stabilization the operator or qualified contractor will:

1. Place a geomembrane cover over the waste material in a way to prevent infiltration of water and so that infiltrated water does not collect on the geomembrane cover after the upper soil cover has been placed.
2. Use a geomembrane cover made of 20-mil string reinforced LLDPE liner or an equivalent cover approved by the district office that is composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions and complies with EPA SW-846 Method 9090A.
3. Over the sloping, stabilized material and liner, place the Soil Cover:
  - a. at least 3-feet of compacted, uncontaminated, non-waste containing earthen fill with chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0.
  - b. either the background thickness of topsoil or one foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, whichever is greater, over the 3-foot earth material.
4. Contour the cover to
  - a. blend with the surrounding topography
  - b. prevent erosion of the cover and
  - c. prevent ponding over the cover.

### **Closure Notice**

The operator will notify the surface owner by certified mail, return receipt requested, that the operator plans closure operations at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. The notice will include the well name, API number, and location.

After approval for in-place burial, the operator shall notify the district office verbally and in writing at least 72 hours but not more than one week before any closure operation. Notice will include the operator's name and the location of the temporary pit. The location will include unit letter, section number, township and range. If the location is associated with a well, then the well's name, number and API number will be included.

Should onsite burial be on private land, the operator will file a deed notice including exact location of the burial with the county clerk of the county where the onsite burial is located.

### **Closure Report**

Within 60 days of closure completion, the operator will submit a

- i. closure report on form C-144, with necessary attachments
- ii. a certification that all information in the report and attachments is correct, that the

## C-144 Supplemental Documentation for Temporary Pit

- operator has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan
- iii. a plat of the pit location on form C-105
- iv. if burial is in a nearby trench/pit, a separate C-105 showing the exact location

Unless the permit transmittal letter requests an alternative maker to comply with surface landowner specifications, the operator will place at the center of an onsite burial a steel marker that

- is not less than four inches in diameter
- is placed at the bottom of a three-foot deep hole (minimum) that is filled with cement to secure the marker
- is at least four feet above mean ground level
- permanently displays the operator name, lease name, well number, unit letter, section, township and range in welded or stamped legible letters/numbers

### Timing of Closure

The operator will close the temporary pit within 6 months from the date the drilling or workover rig was released from the site. This date will be noted on form C-105 or C-103 filed with the division upon the well's or workover's completion.

### Reclamation and Re-vegetation Plan

In addition to the area of the in-place burial, the operator will reclaim the surface to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area including:

1. the pit location not used for burial
2. other areas associated with the in-place burial including access roads

Areas not reclaimed as described herein due to their use in production or drilling operations will be stabilized and maintained to minimize dust and erosion.

As stated above, the soil cover for burial in-place

- A. consists of a minimum of three feet of non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material with chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg (or background concentration) as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0 placed over the liner and stabilized solids
- B. is capped by the background thickness of topsoil or 1-foot of suitable material to establish vegetation, whichever is greater
- C. blends into surrounding topography
- D. is graded to prevent ponding and to minimize erosion

For all areas disturbed by the closure process that will not be used for production operations or future drilling, the operator will

- I. Replace topsoils and subsoils to their original relative positions

- II. Grade so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns
- III. Reseed in the first favorable growing season following closure

Re-vegetation and reclamation plans imposed by the surface owner will be outlined in communications with the OCD.

The operator will notify the division when the surface grading and revegetation work elements of reclamation are complete.

The operator will notify the division when the site meets the surface owner's requirements or exhibits a uniform vegetative cover that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of pre-disturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.