HOBBS OCD CONFIDE	NTIAL	C)CD Ho	bbs		13-7
Form 3160 2 D 2 1 2016 Bottom Hole Locatio (March 2012) 2 1 2016 UNITED STATE ERECEIVED DEPARTMENT OF THE BUREAU OF LAND MA APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO	ES INTERIOR NAGEMENT			OMB N		87 2014 //094186
la. Type of work: DRILL REEN	TER			7. If Unit or CA Agree NMNM088526X	ement, Na	me and No.
Ib. Type of Well: 🗸 Oil Well Gas Well Other	Sing	e Zone Multip	nle Zone	8. Lease Name and W THISTLE UNIT		(2088
2. Name of Operator Devon Energy Production Company,)		9. API Well No. 30-025-9	134	32
3a. Address 333 W. Sheridan Ave. Oklahoma City, OK 73102	3b. Phone No. (1 405-552-784	nclude area code) 8		10. Field and Pool, or E Triple X; Bone Sprin		
 Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with At surface 124 FSL & 883 FEL Unit P At proposed prod. zone 2630 FSL & 1340 FEL Unit G; 2 	PP: 80	s.*) 60 FSL & 932 FE	E	11. Sec., T. R. M. or Bl 33-23S-33E	k.and Sur	vey or Area
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* Approximately 24 miles NW of Jal, NM				12. County or Parish Lea County		13. State NM
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)	16. No. of acre NMNM94186 V-2797;640		17. Spacin 240 acre	cing Unit dedicated to this well		
 Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 	19. Proposed D TVD: 10,065	epth 5' MD: 17,728'	1	M/BIA Bond No. on file 104 & NMB-000801		
 Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3,650.5' GL 	22. Approxima 11/10/2018	te date work will sta	rt*	23. Estimated duration 45 days	1	
	24. Attachi	ments				
 The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onsh Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. A Drilling Plan. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest Syster SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 	m Lands, the	 Bond to cover the liter 20 above). Operator certification. Such other site BLM. 	he operatio	ns unless covered by an ormation and/or plans as	may be re	
25. Signature	Name (P David H	rinted/Typed) I. Cook			Date 08/10/2	2016
Regulatory Specialist						
Approved by (Signature) /s/Cody Layton	Name (P	rinted/Typed)			SEP	1 4 2016
FIELD MANAGER	Office			FIELD OFFICE		
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant ho conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	olds legal or equitab	le title to those righ	its in the sub	APPROVAL		
fitle 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations a			willfully to r	nake to any department of	r agency	of the United
(Continued on page 2)		Ka	1.1	*(Instr	ructions	s on page 2)
rlsbad Controlled Water Basin		09/1	27/16			

SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

10 1100

Approval Subject to General Requirements & Special Stipulations Attached

1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	10,065'	Pilot hole depth	N/A	
MD at TD:	17,728'	Deepest expected fresh water:	400'	

Basin

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Formation	Depth (TVD)		Hazards*
14444444444	from KB	Target Zone?	C. C. S.
Rustler	1,335		
Top of Salt	1,840		
Base of Salt	4,950		
Delaware	5,210		
Lower Brushy	8,885		
1st Bone Spring Lime	9,085		
Leonard A	9,243		
Leonard B	9,594		
Leonard B Base	9,715		
Leonard C	9,939		
Leonard C Base	10,085		
1st Bone Spring Sand	10,199		

*H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

See COA 2. Casing Program

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Hole Size	Casing	Interval	Csg.	Weight	Grade	Conn	SF	SF Burst	SF
A. F. S. S. S. S. S.	From	To	Size	(lbs)	1888199	VIII.	Collapse		Tension
17.5"	0	1,400'1380	13.375 "	54.5	J-55	BTC	1.81	1.94	5.59
12.25"	0	4,300'	9.625"	40	J-55	LTC	1.39	1.15	1.89
12.25"	4,300'	5,100'5150	9.625"	40	HCK-55	BTC	2.03	1.15	8.50
8.75"	0	17,728'	5.5"	17	P-110	BTC	1.19	1.62	2.26
				BLM Min	imum Safet	y Factor	1.125	1.00	1.6 Dry
			1						1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h

Must have table for contingency casing

ヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽヽ	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	Ν
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Le constituire Consistent De constituire Constituire C	N ST ST ST
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
	18 18 2 2
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well leasted in high Cove/Warnt?	N
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	IN
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

2 Drilling Plan

3. Cementing Program

Casing	# Sks	Wt. lb/ gal	H20 gal/sk	Yld ft3/ sack	500# Comp. Strength (hours)	Slurry Description
13-3/8"	670	13.5	9.28	1.74	10	Lead: Class C Cement + 4% Gel + 1% Calcium Chloride + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
Surface	550	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	Tail: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
13-3/8"	430	13.5	9.28	1.74	10	1 st Stage Lead: Class C Cement + 4% Gel + 1% Calcium Chloride + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
Surface Two	550	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	1 st Stage Tail: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E- Flake
Stage				V Tool = 300ft		
Option	320	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	2 nd Stage Primary: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
9-5/8" Inter.	1090	12.9	9.81	1.85	14	Lead: (65:35) Class C Cement: Poz (Fly Ash): 6% BWOC Bentonite + 5% BWOW Sodium Chloride + 0.125 Ibs/sack Poly-E-Flake
	430	14.8	6.32	1.33	6	Tail: Class C Cement + 0.125 lbs/sack Poly-E-Flake
5-1/2" Prod	560	11.9	12.89	2.31	n/a	Lead: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 10% BWOC Bentonite + 1 lb/sk of Kol-Seal + 0.3% BWOC HR-601 + 0.5lb/sk D-Air 5000
Single Stage	2100	14.5	5.31	1.2	25	Tail: (50:50) Class H Cement: Poz (Fly Ash) + 0.5% bwoc HALAD-344 + 0.4% bwoc CFR-3 + 0.2% BWOC HR-601 + 2% bwoc Bentonite

If a DV tool is used, depth(s) will be adjusted based on hole conditions and cement volumes will be adjusted proportionally. DV tool will be set a minimum of 50 feet below previous casing and a minimum of 200 feet above current shoe. Lab reports with the 500 psi compressive strength time for the cement will be onsite for review.

Casing String	TOC	% Excess
13-3/8" Surface Single Stage Option	0'	100%
13-3/8" Surface Two Stage Option	1 st Stage = 300' / 2 nd Stage = 0'	100%
9-5/8" Intermediate	0'	75%
5-1/2" Production Casing	4900'	25%

3 Drilling Plan

4. Pressure Control Equipment

N A variance is requested for the use of a diverter on the surface casing. See attached for schematic.

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP	T	ype	4	Tested to:
			Anı	nular	X	50% of working pressure
			Blind	l Ram		
12-1/4"	13-5/8"	3M	Pipe	Ram		3M
			Doub	le Ram	X	5141
			Other*	1000		
			Anı	nular	X	50% testing pressure
	13-5/8"	3M	Blind Ram			
0 2/422			Pipe Ram			
8-3/4"			Double Ram		X	3M
			Other *			
			Anı	nular	X	
			Blind	l Ram		
			Pipe	Ram		
				le Ram	x	
			Other *			

*Specify if additional ram is utilized.

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Y Formation integrity test will be performed per Onshore Order #2. On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.i.

	A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke
Y	Manifold. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.
	Y Are anchors required by manufacturer?
Y	A multibowl wellhead may be used. The BOP will be tested per Onshore Order #2 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum o 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.
	 Devon may use a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi. Wellhead will be installed by wellhead representatives. If the welding is performed by a third party, the wellhead representative will
	monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
	 Wellhead representative will install the test plug for the initial BOP test. The wellhead company will install a solid steel body pack-off to completely isolate the lower head after cementing intermediate casing. After installation of the pack-off, the pack-off and the lower flange will be tested to 3M, as shown on the attached schematic. Everything above the pack-off will not have been altered whatsoever from the initial nipple up. Therefore the BOP components will not be retested at that time.
	 If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head will be cut and top out operations will be conducted.
	• Devon will pressure test all seals above and below the mandrel (but still above the casing) to full working pressure rating.
	 Devon will test the casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater, as per Onshore Order #2.
	After running the 13-3/8" surface casing, a 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will be installed on the Uni-head wellhead system and will undergo a 250 psi low pressure test followed by a 3,000 psi high pressure test. The 3,000 psi high and 250 psi low test will cover testing requirements a maximum of 30 days, as per Onshore Order #2. If the well is not complete within 30 days of this BOP test, another full BOP test will be conducted, as per Onshore Order #2. After running the 9-5/8' intermediate casing with a mandrel hanger, the 13-5/8" BOP/BOPE system with a minimum rating of 3M will already be installed on the wellhead
	The pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill pipe is out of the hole. These tests will be logged in the daily driller's log. A 2" kill line

pipe is out of the hole. These tests will be logged in the daily driller's log. A 2" kill li and 3" choke line will be incorporated into the drilling spool below the ram BOP. In

addition to the rams and annular preventer, additional BOP accessories include a kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines, and choke manifold rated at 3,000 psi WP.

Devon requests a variance to use a flexible line with flanged ends between the BOP and the choke manifold (choke line). The line will be kept as straight as possible with minimal turns

See attached schematic.

5. Mud Program

. D From	epth To	Туре	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0	1,400'1380'	FW Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/C
1380 1,400'	5,100' 5150'	Saturated Brine	10.0-10.2	28-34	N/C
5150' 5,100	17,728'	Cut Brine	8.5-9.0	28-34	N/C

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain	PVT/Pason/Visual Monitoring
of fluid?	

6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Log	ging, Coring and Testing.
X	Will run GR/CNL fromTD to surface (horizontal well - vertical portion of hole). Stated
	logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
	No Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.
	Drill stem test? If yes, explain
	Coring? If yes, explain

Add	litional logs planned	Interval
1.00.0	Resistivity	Int. shoe to KOP
	Density	Int. shoe to KOP
Х	CBL	Production casing
X	Mud log	Intermediate shoe to TD
3.1	PEX	

6 Drilling Plan

7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	4867 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No

Mitigation measure for abnormal conditions. Describe. Lost circulation material/sweeps/mud scavengers.

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

N H2S is present

Y H2S Plan attached

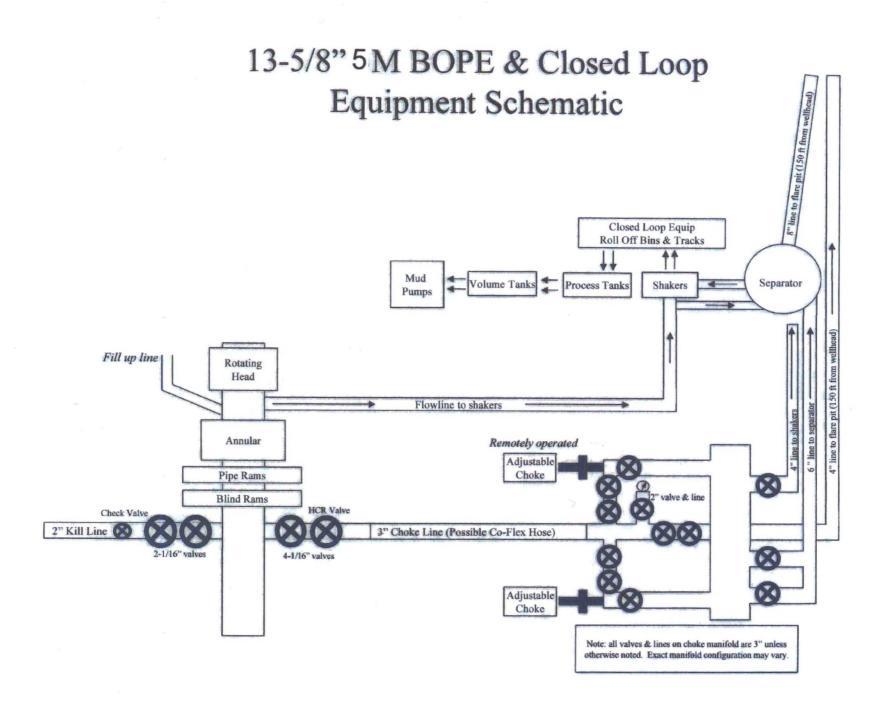
8. Other facets of operation

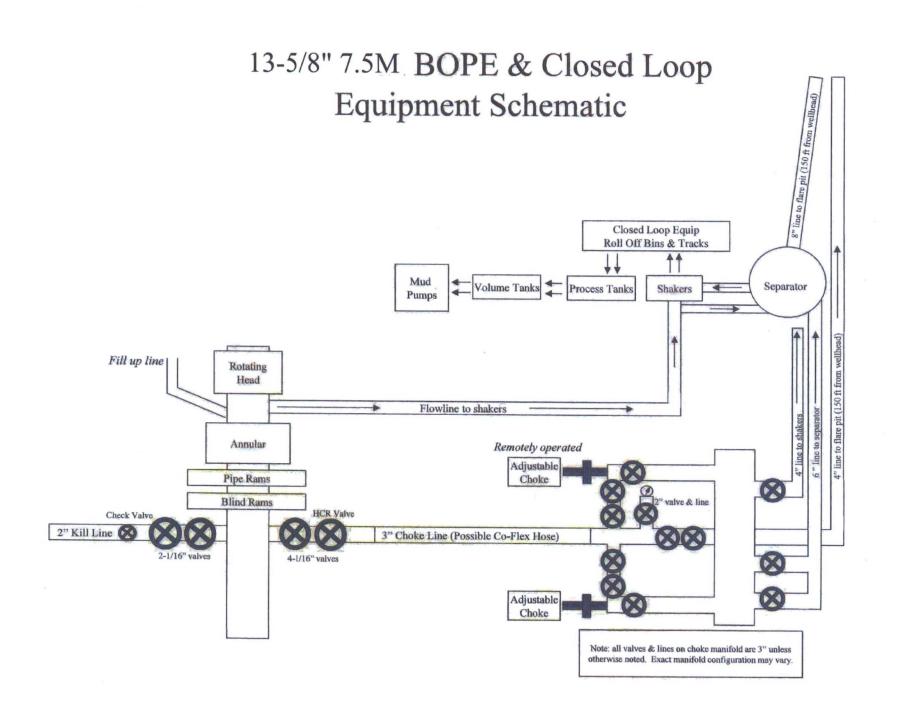
Is this a walking operation? No. Will be pre-setting casing? No.

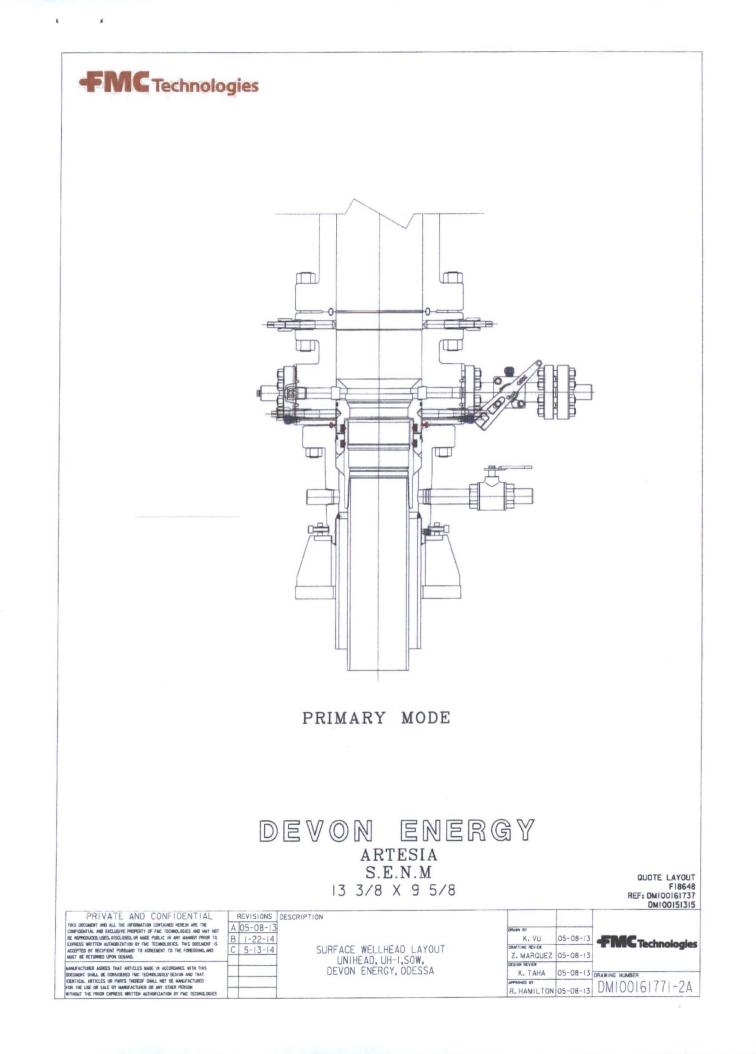
Attachments

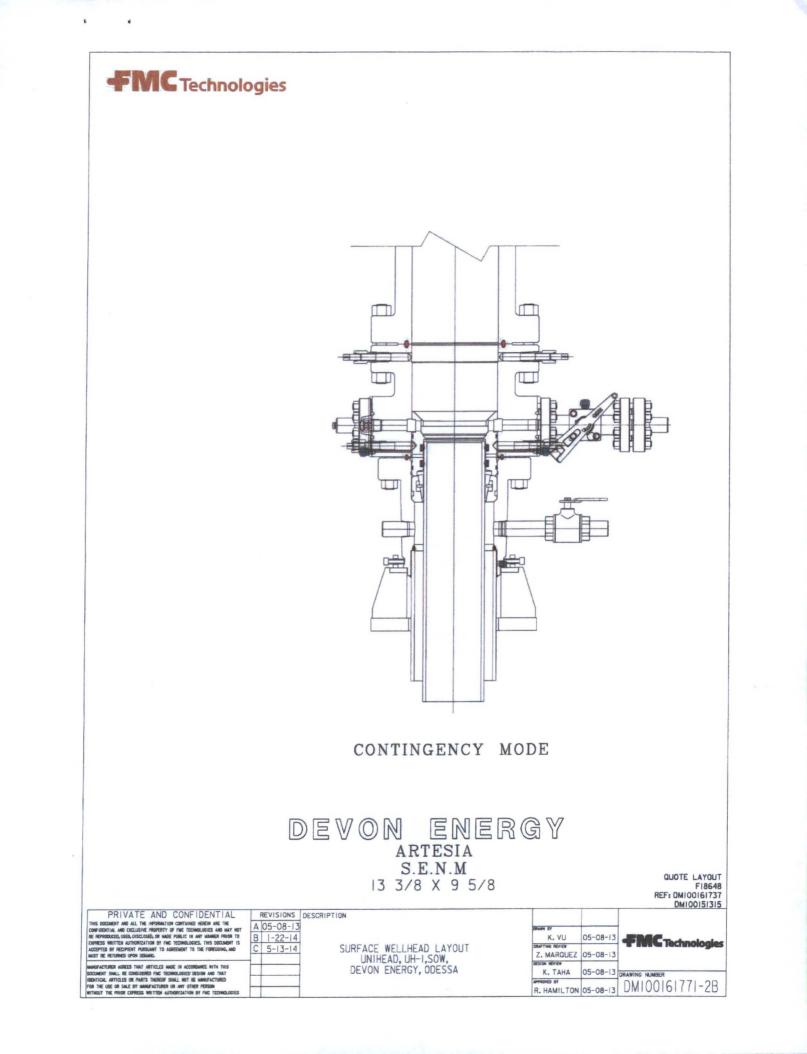
<u>x</u> Directional Plan

Other, describe









Ontinental & CONTITECH

Fluid Technology

ContiTech Beattle Corp. Website: <u>www.contitechbeattle.com</u>

Monday, June 14, 2010

RE: Drilling & Production Hoses Lifting & Safety Equipment

To Helmerich & Payne,

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A Continental ContiTech hose assembly can perform as intended and suitable for the application regardless of whether the hose is secured or unsecured in its configuration. As a manufacturer of High Pressure Hose Assemblies for use in Drilling & Production, we do offer the corresponding lifting and safety equipment, this has the added benefit of easing the lifting and handling of each hose assembly whilst affording hose longevity by ensuring correct handling methods and procedures as well as securing the hose in the unlikely event of a failure; but in no way does the lifting and safety equipment affect the performance of the hoses providing the hoses have been handled and installed correctly it is good practice to use lifting & safety equipment but not mandatory

Should you have any questions or require any additional information/clarifications then please do not hesitate to contact us.

ContiTech Beattie is part of the Continental AG Corporation and can offer the full support resources associated with a global organization.

Best regards,

Robin Hodgson Sales Manager ContiTech Beattie Corp

Contiliach Beattle Corp, 11535 Brittmoore Park Drive, Houston, TX 77041 Phone: +1 (832) 327-0141 Fac: +1 (832) 327-0148 www.contitechbeattle.com



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6728 Szeged, Budapesti út 10. Hungary • H-6701 Szegéd, P. O. Box 152 none: (3662) 556-737 • Fax: (3662) 566-738 PHOENIX RUBBER

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SALES & MARKETING: H–1092 Budapest, Ráday u. 42-44, Hungary • H–1440 Budapest, P. O. Box 26 Phone: (361) 456-4200 · Fax: (361) 217-2972, 456-4273 · www.taurusemerge.hu

PURCHASER:	Phoe	enix Beat	ttie Co.			P.O. Nº-	15	519FA-8	371	
PHOENIX RUBBER order	r Nº- 17	0466	HOSE TYPE	3"	ID ·	Ch	oke and l	Kill Hos	e	
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Design Plan Operation and Maintenance Plan Closure Plan

SENM - Closed Loop Systems June 2010

I. Design Plan

Devon uses MI SWACO closed loop system (CLS). The MI SWACO CLS is designed to maintain drill solids at or below 5%. The equipment is arranged to progressively remove solids from the largest to the smallest size. Drilling fluids can thus be reused and savings is realized on mud and disposal costs. Dewatering may be required with the centrifuges to insure removal of ultra fine solids.

The drilling location is constructed to allow storm water to flow to a central sump normally the cellar. This insures no contamination leaves the drilling pad in the event of a spill. Storm water is reused in the mud system or stored in a reserve fluid tank farm until it can be reused. All lubricants, oils, or chemicals are removed immediately from the ground to prevent the contamination of storm water. An oil trap is normally installed on the sump if an oil spill occurs during a storm.

A tank farm is utilized to store drilling fluids including fresh water and brine fluids. The tank farm is constructed on a 20 ml plastic lined, bermed pad to prevent the contamination of the drilling site during a spill. Fluids from other sites may be stored in these tanks for processing by the solids control equipment and reused in the mud system. At the end of the well the fluids are transported from the tank farm to an adjoining well or to the next well for the rig.

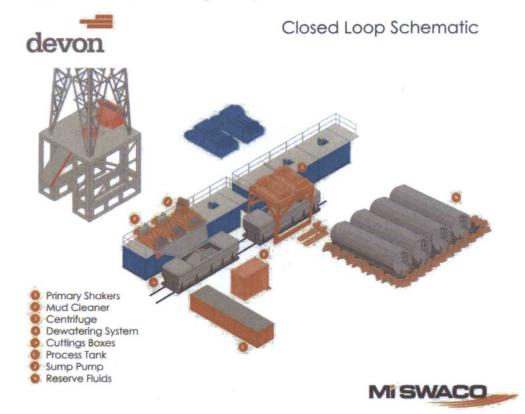
Prior to installing a closed-loop system on site, the topsoil, if present, will be stripped and stockpiled for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

Signs will be posted on the fence surrounding the closed-loop system unless the closed-loop system is located on a site where there is an existing well, that is operated by Devon.

II. Operations and Maintenance Plan

Primary Shakers: The primary shakers make the first removal of drill solids from the drilling mud as it leaves the well bore. The shakers are sized to handle maximum drilling rate at optimal screen size. The shakers normally remove solids down to 74 microns.

Mud Cleaner: The Mud Cleaner cleans the fluid after it leaves the shakers. A set of hydrocyclones are sized to handle 1.25 to 1.5 times the maximum circulating rate. This ensures all the fluid is being processed to an average cut point of 25 microns. The wet discharged is dewatered on a shaker equipped with ultra fine mesh screens and generally cut at 40 microns.



Centrifuges: The centrifuges can be one or two in number depending on the well geometry or depth of well. The centrifuges are sized to maintain low gravity solids at 5% or below. They may or may not need a dewatering system to enhance the removal rates. The centrifuges can make a cut point of 8-10 microns depending on bowl speed, feed rate, solids loading and other factors.

The centrifuge system is designed to work on the active system and be flexible to process incoming fluids from other locations. This set-up is also dependent on well factors.

Dewatering System: The dewatering system is a chemical mixing and dosing system designed to enhance the solids removal of the centrifuge. Not commonly used in shallow wells. It may contain pH adjustment, coagulant mixing and dosing, and polymer mixing and dosing. Chemical flocculation binds ultra fine solids into a mass that is within the centrifuge operating design. The

dewatering system improves the centrifuge cut point to infinity or allows for the return of clear water or brine fluid. This ability allows for the ultimate control of low gravity solids.

Cuttings Boxes: Cuttings boxes are utilized to capture drill solids that are discarded from the solids control equipment. These boxes are set upon a rail system that allows for the removal and replacement of a full box of cuttings with an empty one. They are equipped with a cover that insures no product is spilled into the environment during the transportation phase.

Process Tank: (Optional) The process tank allows for the holding and process of fluids that are being transferred into the mud system. Additionally, during times of lost circulation the process tank may hold active fluids that are removed for additional treatment. It can further be used as a mixing tank during well control conditions.

Sump and Sump Pump: The sump is used to collect storm water and the pump is used to transfer this fluid to the active system or to the tank for to hold in reserve. It can also be used to collect fluids that may escape during spills. The location contains drainage ditches that allow the location fluids to drain to the sump.

Reserve Fluids (Tank Farm): A series of frac tanks are used to replace the reserve pit. These are steel tanks that are equipped with a manifold system and a transfer pump. These tanks can contain any number of fluids used during the drilling process. These can include fresh water, cut brine, and saturated salt fluid. The fluid can be from the active well or reclaimed fluid from other locations. A 20 ml liner and berm system is employed to ensure the fluids do not migrate to the environment during a spill.

If a leak develops, the appropriate division district office will be notified within 48 hours of the discovery and the leak will be addressed. Spill prevention is accomplished by maintaining pump packing, hoses, and pipe fittings to insure no leaks are occurring. During an upset condition the source of the spill is isolated and repaired as soon as it is discovered. Free liquid is removed by a diaphragm pump and returned to the mud system. Loose topsoil may be used to stabilize the spill and the contaminated soil is excavated and placed in the cuttings boxes. After the well is finished and the rig has moved, the entire location is scrapped and testing will be performed to determine if a release has occurred.

All trash is kept in a wire mesh enclosure and removed to an approved landfill when full. All spent motor oils are kept in separate containers and they are removed and sent to an approved recycling center. Any spilled lubricants, pipe dope, or regulated chemicals are removed from soil and sent to landfills approved for these products.

These operations are monitored by Mi Swaco service technicians. Daily logs are maintained to ensure optimal equipment operation and maintenance. Screen and chemical use is logged to maintain inventory control. Fluid properties are monitored and recorded and drilling mud volumes are accounted for in the mud storage farm. This data is kept for end of well review to insure performance goals are met. Lessons learned are logged and used to help with continuous improvement.

A MI SWACO field supervisor manages from 3-5 wells. They are responsible for training personnel, supervising installations, and inspecting sites for compliance of MI SWACO safety and operational policy.

III. Closure Plan

A maximum 340' X 340' caliche pad is built per well. All of the trucks and steel tanks fit on this pad. All fluid cuttings go to the steel tanks to be hauled by various trucking companies to an agency approved disposal.

H&P Flex Rig Location Layout

