Form 3160-5 (June 2015)

# **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

**NMOCD** 

FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 1004-0137 Expires: January 31, 2018

5. Lease Serial No. NMNM57285

SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS ON WELLS  Do not use this form for proposals to drill or to re-enter an abandoned well. Use form 3160-3 (APD) for such proposals.				NMNM57285	
				6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name	
SUBMIT IN TRIPLICATE - Other instructions on page 2  1. Type of Well  Provided to the state of t				7. If Unit or CA/Agreement, Name and/or No. NMNM136532	
1. Type of Well ☐ Gas Well ☐ Other				8. Well Name and No. MALLON 27 FEDERAL COM 1H	
2. Name of Operator  // Contact: AVA MONROE  MATADOR PRODUCTION COMPANYE-Mail: amonroe@matadorresources.com				9. API Well No. 30-025-42212-00-X1	
3a. Address 5400 LBJ FREEWAY SUITE 1500 DALLAS, TX 75240		3b. Phone No. (include area code) Ph: 972-371-5218 Fx: 972-371-5201		10. Field and Pool or Exploratory Area LEA	
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T	)		11. County or Parish, State		
Sec 27 T19S R34E SESE 402 32.372971 N Lat, 103.322984	L		LEA COUNTY,	LEA COUNTY, NM	
12. CHECK THE AF	PPROPRIATE BOX(ES)	TO INDICATE NATURE	OF NOTICE	, REPORT, OR OTH	IER DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		ТҮРЕ			
Notice of Intent	☐ Acidize	□ Deepen	☐ Produc	tion (Start/Resume)	☐ Water Shut-Off
	☐ Alter Casing	☐ Hydraulic Fracturin	g Reclam	ation	■ Well Integrity
☐ Subsequent Report	☐ Casing Repair	☐ New Construction	☐ Recom		Other Venting and/or Flari
☐ Final Abandonment Notice	☐ Change Plans	☐ Plug and Abandon	-	rarily Abandon	ng
	☐ Convert to Injection	☐ Plug Back	☐ Water l	Disposal	
following completion of the involved operations. If the operation results in a multiple completion or recompletion in a new interval, a Form 3160-4 must be filed once testing has been completed. Final Abandonment Notices must be filed only after all requirements, including reclamation, have been completed and the operator has determined that the site is ready for final inspection.  Applying for permission to flare at tank battery flare point for three wells due to pipeline and plant capacity issues. Flaring will be intermittent. All wells have gas meters at the well site and all flaring is at the tank battery which is also metered. All three wells are new drills and producing. Production is from the Lea; Bone Spring (37570) pool from the #1H & 2H and Quail Ridge; Bone Spring, South (50461) from the #3H well. All three wells are oil wells. Request to flare 12/15/2016 - 03/15/2017.  Well Information:  Mallon 27 Federal Com 1H 30-025-42212  Mallon 27 Federal Com 2H 30-025-42315  Mallon 27 Federal Com 3H 30-025-41808					
14. I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct.					
	For MATADOR P	361136 verified by the BLM V RODUCTION COMPANY, se	nt to the Hobbs	s system	
Name (Printed/Typed) RAKESH	Title ENGINEER				
Name (Frimed Typed) RAKESH	Tide ENGI	NECK	APPROVIX	7	
Signature (Electronic S	Date 12/15				
	THIS SPACE FO	R FEDERAL OR STAT	E OFFICE U	SEDEC 2 1 2016	ilha
	titable title to those rights in the ct operations thereon.	subject lease Office		ARLSBAD FIELD OF	Date Date
States any false, fictitious or fraudulent s	statements or representations as	to any matter within its jurisdiction	n.		
(Instructions on page 2) ** BLM REV	SED ** BLM REVISED	** BLM REVISED ** BL	.M/REVISED	** BLM REVISED	o** / /

MSB/OCD 12/28/2016

# Additional data for EC transaction #361136 that would not fit on the form

32. Additional remarks, continued

SHL: NMNM04452 BHL: NMNM57285

## BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Carlsbad Field Office 620 East Greene Street Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220 575-234-5972

Pursuant to **NTL-4A III**, Lessees or operators are hereby authorized to vent or flare gas on a short-term basis <u>without incurring a royalty</u> obligation in the following circumstances:

- A. <u>Emergencies.</u> During temporary emergency situations, such as compressor or other equipment failures, relief of abnormal system pressures, or other conditions which result in the unavoidable short-term venting or flaring of gas. However, this authorization to vent or flare gas in such circumstances without incurring a royalty obligation is limited to 24 hours per incident and to 144 hours cumulative for the lease during any calendar month, except with the prior authorization, approval, ratification, or acceptance of the Supervisor.
- B. <u>Well Purging and Evaluation Tests.</u> During the unloading or cleaning up of a well during drillstem, producing, routine purging, or evaluation tests, not exceeding a period of 24 hours.
- C. <u>Initial Production Tests.</u> During initial well evaluation tests, not exceeding a period of 30 days or the production of 50 MMcf of gas, whichever occurs first, unless a longer test period has been authorized by the appropriate State regulatory agency and ratified or accepted by the Supervisor.
- D. <u>Routine or Special Well Tests.</u> During routine or special well tests, other than those cited in NTL-4A III.B and C above, only after approval by the Supervisor.

If a flaring event conforms with the requirements listed above as per NTL-4A III., the flared volumes are not royalty bearing and the operator does not need to submit a Sundry Notice. Report flared volumes as unavoidably lost on OGOR B.

### **Condition of Approval to Flare Gas**

- The first 24 hours of a <u>temporary emergency flare</u>\* is considered "unavoidably lost" and is therefore royalty free. Flared volumes that are considered unavoidably lost are not to be included in Sundry Notice (Form 3160-5). NTL-4A specifies no more than 24 hours per incident and no more 144 hours cumulative for the lease during any calendar month. These Volumes are not royalty bearing and shall be reported on OGOR "B" as either disposition code "21" or "22"."
- 2. Flared volumes considered to be "avoidably lost":
  - Exceeding the first 24 hours for each temporary emergency flare event (144 hours cumulative for the lease per month), well purging and evaluation test.
  - During initial well evaluation tests, exceeding a period of 30 days or the production of 50 MMcf of gas, whichever occurs first
  - Scheduled flaring operations

These flare events will require prior approval via Notice of Intent- Sundry Notice (Form 3160-5). Volumes flared beyond limits defined in NTL-4A are considered "avoidably lost" and will require payment of royalties, unless an exception is granted in accordance with NTL-4A.IV.B.. Volumes for avoidably lost gas shall be reported on OGOR "B" reports as disposition code "08". If the operator believes that the flared volumes were "unavoidably lost" and the BLM determines them to be "avoidably lost", the operator can submit a more detailed request via Sundry Notice (Form 3160-5) for an exception in accordance with NTL-4A.IV.B.. As an alternative to producing oil and flaring gas the operator may choose to shut the well in and avoid paying royalties on otherwise avoidably lost gas.

- 3. Approval not to exceed 90 days, if flaring is still required past 90 days submit new request for approval.
- 4. Submit Subsequent Report with actual volumes of gas flared for each month gas is flared on a Sundry Notice (Form 3160-5). Include method for volume determination and duration. Report unavoidably lost (first 24 hrs of unexpected event) and avoidably lost (exceeding the first 24 hrs or flared gas that has been approved as avoidably lost by the Authorized Officer) volumes and durations on the Subsequent Report.

- 5. In determining the volumes of gas to be reported in accordance with NTL-4A the BLM CFO requires Vent/flare gas metering to meet all requirements for a sales meter as per Federal Regulations, Onshore Order #5 and NTL 2008-01. Include meter serial number on Sundry Notice (Form 3160-5).
  - If installation of an approved gas meter is not economically feasible for continued operations. Submit Notice of Intent Sundry Notice (Form 3160-5) to request an alternate method of determining gas volumes with a valid justification. Alternate methods are listed in NTL-4A. The Authorized Officer may require the installation of additional measurement equipment whenever it is determined that the present methods are inadequate to meet the purposes of this Notice.
- 6. An updated facility diagram is required within 60 days of modifications to existing facilities per Onshore Order #3.
- 7. This approval does not authorize any additional surface disturbance.
- 8. Subject to like approval from NMOCD

### **Regulations and Definitions**

**Definition:** As per **NTL-4A II. A.** "Avoidably lost" production shall mean the venting or flaring of produced gas without the prior authorization, approval, ratification, or acceptance of the Supervisor and the loss of produced oil or gas when the Supervisor determines that such loss occurred as a result of (1) negligence on the part of the lessee or operator, or (2) the failure of the lessee or operator to take all reasonable measures to prevent and/or to control the loss, or (3) the failure of the lessee or operator to comply fully with the applicable lease terms and regulations, appropriate provisions of the approved operating plan, or the prior written orders of the Supervisor, or (4) and combination of the foregoing.

NTL-4A.IV.B. Oil Well Gas. Except as provided in II.C and III above, oil well gas may not be vented or flared unless approved in writing by the Supervisor. The Supervisor may approve an application for the venting or flaring of oil well gas if justified either by the submittal of (1) an evaluation report supported by engineering, geologic, and economic data which demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Supervisor that the expenditures necessary to market or beneficially use such gas are not economically justified and that conservation of the gas, if required, would lead to the premature abandonment of recoverable oil reserves and ultimately to a greater loss of equivalent energy than would be recovered if the venting or flaring were permitted to continue or (2) an action plan that will eliminate venting or flaring of the gas within 1 year from the date of application.

\*Temporary Emergency Flaring is defined as an unexpected situation requiring immediate action. A flaring event is considered an emergency if the occurrence is out of the operators control and the operator had less than 24 hrs notification of the event. Scheduled or routine flare events will not be considered an emergency.