

Devon Energy Center 333 West Sheridan Avenue Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102-5015

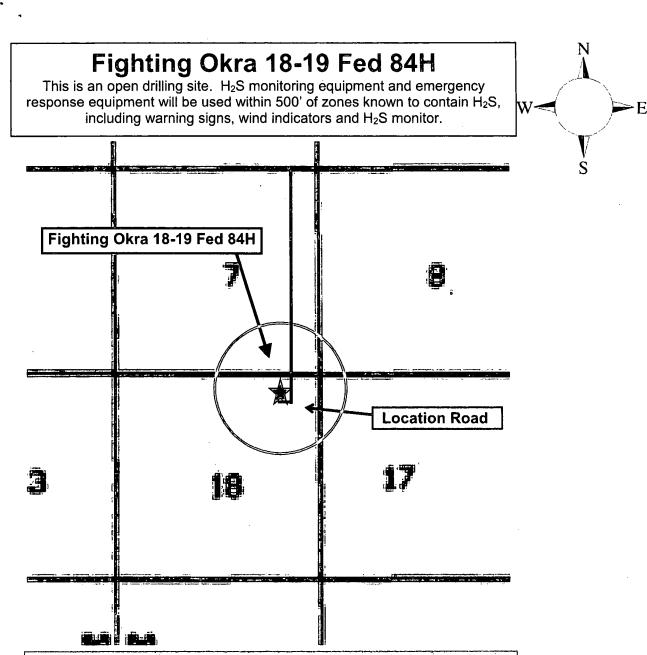
# Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Contingency Plan

For

Fighting Okra 18-19 Fed 84H

Sec-18 T-26S R-34E 526' FNL & 1025 FEL LAT. = 32.0492528' N (NAD83) LONG = 103.5037506 W

Lea County NM



Assumed 100 ppm 1996 3000' (1996) 4 2009 1999) 100 ppm H2S concentration shall trigger activation of this plan.

## **Escape**

Crews shall escape upwind of escaping gas in the event of an emergency release of gas. Escape can be facilitated from the location entrance road. Crews should then block the entrance to the location from the lease road so as not to allow anyone traversing into a hazardous area. The blockade should be at a safe distance outside of the ROE. There are no homes or buildings in or near the ROE.

Assumed 100 ppm ROE = 3000'

# 100 ppm H<sub>2</sub>S concentration shall trigger activation of this plan.

## **Emergency Procedures**

In the event of a release of gas containing H<sub>2</sub>S, the first responder(s) must

- Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE.
- Evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE.
- Be equipped with H<sub>2</sub>S monitors and air packs in order to control the release.
- Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries occur during the response
- Take precautions to avoid personal injury during this operation.
- Contact operator and/or local officials to aid in operation. See list of phone numbers attached.
- Have received training in the
  - o Detection of H<sub>2</sub>S, and
  - Measures for protection against the gas,
  - Equipment used for protection and emergency response.

### **Ignition of Gas Source**

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

#### Characteristics of H<sub>2</sub>S and SO<sub>2</sub>

Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen Sulfide	H <sub>2</sub> S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO <sub>2</sub>	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm

# **Contacting Authorities**

Devon Energy Corp. personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. Devon Energy Corp. Company response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

## **Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan**

## I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S) TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S)
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of H<sub>2</sub>S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- The effects of H<sub>2</sub>S metal components. If high tensile tubulars are to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H<sub>2</sub>S Drilling Operations Plan and Public Protection Plan.

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H<sub>2</sub>S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H<sub>2</sub>S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H<sub>2</sub>S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan.

#### II. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

Note: All  $H_2S$  safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonably expected to contain  $H_2S$ .

## 1. Well Control Equipment

- A. Flare line
- B. Choke manifold Remotely Operated
- C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- D. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: annular preventer and rotating head.
- E. Mud/Gas Separator

## 2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

30-minute SCBA units located at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram, with one escape unit available in the top doghouse. As it may be difficult to communicate audibly while wearing these units, hand signals shall be utilized.

## 3. H<sub>2</sub>S detection and monitoring equipment:

Portable H<sub>2</sub>S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights which activate when H<sub>2</sub>S levels reach 10 ppm and audible sirens which activate at 10 ppm. Sensor locations:

- Bell nipple
- Shale shaker
- Trip tank

- Suction pit
- Rig floor
- Cellar

- Choke manifold
- Living Quarters (usually the company man's trailer stairs.)

## Visual warning systems:

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram
- B. Caution/ Danger signs shall be posted on roads providing direct access to locations. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used when appropriate.

## 4. Mud program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H<sub>2</sub>S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H<sub>2</sub>S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H<sub>2</sub>S bearing zones.

## 5. Metallurgy:

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold lines, and valves shall be H<sub>2</sub>S trim.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H<sub>2</sub>S trim.

## 6. Communication:

- A. Company personnel have/use cellular telephones in the field.
- B. Land line (telephone) communications at Office

## 7. Well testing:

- A. Drill stem testing will be performed with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity, which are necessary to safety and adequately conduct the test. The drill stem testing will be conducted during daylight hours and formation fluids will not be flowed to the surface. All drill-stem-testing operations conducted in an H<sub>2</sub>S environment will use the closed chamber method of testing.
- B. There will be no drill stem testing.

Devon En	ergy Corp. Company Call List						
Drilling Su	pervisor – Basin – Mark Kramer	405-823-4796					
	405-760-7234						
	Drilling Supervisor – Slope – Norman Naill EHS Professional – Mark Hurst						
<u>Agency</u>	Call List						
<u>Lea</u>	Hobbs						
<u>County</u> (575)	Lea County Communication Authority	393-3981					
	State Police	392-5588					
	City Police	397-9265					
	Sheriff's Office	393-2515					
	Ambulance	911					
	Fire Department	397-9308					
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Com	393-2870					
	NMOCD	393-6161					
	US Bureau of Land Management	393-3612					
	Co Baroda or Edita Managoment		000 0012				
Eddy	Carlsbad						
County (575)	State Police	885-3137					
	City Police	885-2111					
	Sheriff's Office	887-7551					
	Ambulance	911					
	Fire Department	885-3125					
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Com	887-3798					
	US Bureau of Land Management	887-6544					
	NM Emergency Response Commission	(505) 476-9600					
	24 HR	(505) 827-9126					
	National Emergency Response Center	(800) 424-8802					
	National Pollution Control Center: Direct	(703) 872-6000					
	For Oil Spills	(800) 280-7118					
	Emergency Services						
	Wild Well Control	· · · ·	(281) 784-4700				
	Cudd Pressure Control	(915) 699-	(915) 563-3356				
	Gudu'i Toddaro Gorillor	0139	(010) 000 000				
	Halliburton	<u> </u>	(575) 746-2757				
	B. J. Services	(575) 746-3569					
	Native Air – Emergency Helicopter – He	(575) 392-6429					
GPS position:	Flight For Life - Lubbock, TX	(806) 743-991					
	Aerocare - Lubbock, TX	(806) 747-8923					
	Med Flight Air Amb - Albuquerque, NM						
		(575) 842-4433					
	Lifeguard Air Med Svc. Albuquerque, N	(800) 222-1222					
	Poison Control (24/7)	(575) 272-3115					
	Oil 9 One Discribes Of Head One i		(000) 004 4000				
	Oil & Gas Pipeline 24 Hour Service NOAA – Website - www.nhc.noaa.gov		(800) 364-4366				

Prepared in conjunction with Dave Small COMMUNICATIONS & CONSULTING, LLC

