ate of New Mexico

Incident ID	nAPP2233351431
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

Page 1 of 59

Closure

The responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) including a scaled site map, sampling diagrams, relevant field notes, photographs of any excavation prior to backfilling, laboratory data including chain of custody documents of final sampling, and a narrative of the remedial activities. Refer to 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Each of the following it	tems must be included in the closure report.
A scaled site and sampling diagram as described in 19.15.29.1	1 NMAC
Note That Photographs of the remediated site prior to backfill or photos must be notified 2 days prior to liner inspection)	of the liner integrity if applicable (Note: appropriate OCD District office
	C District office must be notified 2 days prior to final sampling)
Description of remediation activities	
may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and renhuman health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regula restore, reclaim, and re-vegetate the impacted surface area to the coraccordance with 19.15.29.13 NMAC including notification to the O	ntions. The responsible party acknowledges they must substantially nditions that existed prior to the release or their final land use in CD when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete. Title: Environmental Professional
email: jim.raley@dvn.com	Telephone: 575-689-7597
	•
OCD Only	
Received by:Jocelyn Harimon	Date:01/03/2023
	of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and water, human health, or the environment nor does not relieve the responsible or regulations.
Closure Approved by: Robert Hamlet	Date: 4/11/2023
Printed Name: Robert Hamlet	Title: Environmental Specialist - Advanced



December 30, 2022 Vertex Project #: 22E-04170

Spill Closure Report: RDX Federal Com 17 #045H

Section 17, Township 26 South, Range 30 East

County: Eddy API: 30-015-44408

Incident Report: nAPP2233351431

Prepared For: WPX Energy Permian, LLC

5315 Buena Vista Drive Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division - District 2 - Artesia

811 South 1st Street Artesia, New Mexico 88210

WPX Energy Permian, LLC (WPX) retained Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) to conduct a Spill Assessment for a release of produced water into the secondary containment at RDX Federal Com 17 #045H, API 30-015-44408, Incident nAPP2233351431 (hereafter referred to as "RDX"). WPX provided spill notification to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) District 2, via submission of an initial C-141 Release Notification (Attachment 1). This letter provides a description of the spill assessment and includes a request for spill closure. The spill area is located at N 32.0496421, W -103.9039962.

Background

The site is located approximately 6.74 miles northeast of Angeles, Texas. The legal location for the site is Section 17, Township 26 South and Range 30 East in Eddy County, New Mexico. The spill area is located on State Land Office property. This location is within the Permian Basin in southeast New Mexico and has been historically used for oil and gas exploration and production.

The Geological Map of New Mexico (New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources, 2022) indicates the site's surface geology is comprised primarily of Qep – Eolian and piedmont deposits (Holocene to middle Pleistocene), and is characterized as eolian sands and piedmont-slope deposits. The Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey characterizes the predominant soil texture on the site is Upton-Simona complex. It tends to be well drained with high runoff and very low available moisture levels in the soil profile (United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 2022).

The surrounding landscape is associated with ridges and fans at elevations of 2,000 to 5,700 feet above sea level. The climate is semi-arid, with an annual precipitation ranging between 6 to 14 inches. Historically, the plant community was dominated by black grama with sideoats grama. Blue grama, hairy grama, bush muhly and sand dropseed occur in significant amounts. Predominant vegetation consists of creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia and mesquite.

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure December 2022

There is no surface water located at RDX. The nearest significant watercourse, as defined in Subsection P of 19.15.17.7 NMAC, is the Red Bluff Lake located approximately 6.41 miles southwest of the site (Google Inc., 2022). There are no continuous flowing watercourses or significant watercourses, lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes, or other critical water or community features as outlined in Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Incident Description

The spill occurred on November 18, 2022, due to a pinhole leak on a water dump line. The spill was reported on November 29, 2022, and involved the release of approximately 10 barrels (bbl.) of produced water into lined containment. Approximately 10 bbl. of free fluid was removed during initial spill clean-up. The NMOCD C-141 Report: nAPP2233351431 is included in Attachment 1. The Daily Field Report (DFRs) and site photographs are included in Attachment 2.

Closure Criteria Determination

The depth to groundwater was determined using information from the United States Geological Survey National Water Information Mapping System and Office of the State Engineers Water Rights Database. A 0.5-mile search radius was used to determine groundwater depth. The closest recorded depth to groundwater was determined to be greater than 125 feet below ground surface (bgs) and 0.64 miles from the site. Documentation used in Closure Criteria Determination research is included in Attachment 3.

2022 Spill Assessment and ClosureDecember 2022

	Criteria Worksheet ne: RDX Federal Com 17 #045H			
	ordinates:	X: 32.0496421	Y: -103.9039962	
•	cific Conditions	Value	Unit	
1	Depth to Groundwater	>125	feet	
	Within 300 feet of any continuously flowing	20.242		
2	watercourse or any other significant watercourse	30,213	feet	
	Within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole or playa			
3 lake (measured from the ordinary high-water 30,213		30,213	feet	
	mark)			
1	Within 300 feet from an occupied residence,	25 574		
4	school, hospital, institution or church	35,574	feet	
	i) Within 500 feet of a spring or a private, domestic			
	fresh water well used by less than five households	4,895	feet	
5	for domestic or stock watering purposes, or			
	ii) Within 1000 feet of any fresh water well or	4.905		
	spring	4,895	reet	
	Within incorporated municipal boundaries or			
	within a defined municipal fresh water field		(Y/N)	
c	covered under a municipal ordinance adopted	No		
6	pursuant to Section 3-27-3 NMSA 1978 as	No		
	amended, unless the municipality specifically			
	approves			
7	Within 300 feet of a wetland	3,078	feet	
8	Within the area overlying a subsurface mine	No	(Y/N)	
			Critical	
0	Mithing on whether and (Mayet Maye)	Medium	High	
9	Within an unstable area (Karst Map)		Medium	
			Low	
10	Within a 100-year Floodplain	Undetermined	year	
			,	
11	Soil Type	Upton-Simona		
11	зоп туре	Complex		
12	Ecological Classification	Shallow		
	20010 Gradullian	Silanow		
13	Geology	Qep		
		501	<50'	
	NMAC 19.15.29.12 E (Table 1) Closure Criteria	<50'	51-100'	
			>100'	

Using site characterization information, a closure criteria determination worksheet was completed to determine if the release would be subject to any of the special case scenarios outlined in Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC, if the release had escaped secondary containment.

Based on data included in the closure criteria determination worksheet, the release at RDX was not subject to the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.12 NMAC and the closure criteria for the site were determined to be associated with the following constituent concentration limits based on depth to groundwater. The closure criteria determined for the site are associated with the following constituent concentration limits as presented in Table 1.

Table 1. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release		
Minimum depth below any point within the horizontal boundary of the release to groundwater less than 10,000 mg/l TDS	Constituent	Limit
less than 10,000 mg/1105		=
.506.4	Chloride	600 mg/kg
	TPH (GRO+DRO+MRO)	100 mg/kg
< 50 feet	ВТЕХ	50 mg/kg
	Benzene	10 mg/kg

TDS - Total dissolved solids, TPH - Total petroleum hydrocarbons = gasoline range organics (GRO) + diesel range organics (DRO) + motor oil range organics (MRO), BTEX - Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes

Remedial Actions Taken

An initial site inspection of the spill area was completed on December 10, 2022, which identified the area of the spill specified in the initial C-141 Report. The DFR associated with the site inspection is included in Attachment 2.

Notification that a liner inspection was scheduled to be completed was provided to the NMOCD on December 6, 2022 (Attachment 4). Visual observation of the liner was completed on all sides and the base of the containment, around equipment, and of all seams in the liner. As evidenced in the DFR (Attachment 2), liner integrity was confirmed.

Closure Request

Vertex recommends no remediation action to address the release at RDX. The secondary containment liner appeared to be intact and had the ability to contain the release, as shown in the inspection photographs included with the DFR (Attachment 2). There are no anticipated risks to human, ecological or hydrological receptors associated with the release site.

Vertex requests that incident nAPP2233351431 be closed as all closure requirements set forth in Subsection E of 19.15.29.12 NMAC have been met. WPX certifies that all information in this report and the attachments is correct, and that they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in Division rules and directives to meet NMOCD requirements to obtain closure on the open release at RDX Federal Com 17 #045H.

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure December 2022

Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned at 575.361.9880 or mpeppin@vertex.ca.

V _____ December 30, 2022

Monica Peppin Date

PROJECT MANAGER, REPORTING

Attachments

Attachment 1. NMOCD C-141 Report

Attachment 2. Daily Field Report with Pictures

Attachment 3. Closure Criteria Research Determination Documentation

Attachment 4. Required 48-hr Notification of Liner Inspection to Regulatory Agencies

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure December 2022

References

- Google Inc. (2022). Google Earth Pro (Version 7.3.4) [Software]. Retrieved from http://www.google.com/earth
- New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources. (2022). *Interactive Geologic Map*. Retrieved from http://geoinfo.nmt.edu.
- New Mexico Mining and Minerals Division. (2022). *Coal Mine Resources in New Mexico*. Retrieved from http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/MMD/gismapminedata.html
- New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. (2018). *New Mexico Administrative Code Natural Resources and Wildlife Oil and Gas Releases*. Santa Fe, New Mexico.
- New Mexico Office of the State Engineer, New Mexico Water Rights Reporting System. (2022). Water Column/Average Depth to Water Report. Retrieved from http://nmwrrs.ose.state.nm.us/nmwrrs/waterColumn.html
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. (2022). *Web Soil Survey*. Retrieved from https://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/WebSoilSurvey.aspx.
- United States Department of Homeland Security, FEMA Flood Map Service Center. (2020). Retrieved from https://msc.fema.gov/portal/search?AddressQuery=malaga%20new%20mexico#searchresultsanchor
- United States Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management. (2018). *New Mexico Cave/Karsts*. Retrieved from https://www.blm.gov/programs/recreation/recreation-programs/caves/new-mexico.
- United States Fish and Wildlife Service. (2022). *National Wetlands Inventory Surface Waters and Wetland*. Retrieved from https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/Mapper.html

2022 Spill Assessment and Closure December 2022

Limitations

This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of WPX Energy Permian, LLC. This document may not be used by any other person or entity, with the exception of the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division and the State Land Office, without the express written consent of Vertex Resource Services Inc. (Vertex) and WPX Energy Permian, LLC. Any use of this report by a third party, or any reliance on decisions made based on it, or damages suffered as a result of the use of this report are the sole responsibility of the user.

The information and conclusions contained in this report are based upon work undertaken by trained professional and technical staff in accordance with generally accepted scientific practices current at the time the work was performed. The conclusions and recommendations presented represent the best judgement of Vertex based on the data collected during the assessment. Due to the nature of the assessment and the data available, Vertex cannot warrant against undiscovered environmental liabilities. Conclusions and recommendations presented in this report should not be considered legal advice.

ATTACHMENT 1

<u>District I</u> 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-141 Revised August 24, 2018 Submit to appropriate OCD District office

Incident ID	nAPP2233351431
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

aamamaihla Danter

			Kesj	ponsi	bie Party	/
Responsible Party WPX Energy Permain, LLC			OGRID 2	46289		
Contact Name Jim Raley			Contact Te	elephone 575-689-7597		
Contact emai	il Jim.Rale	y@dvn.com			Incident #	(assigned by OCD) nAPP2233351431
Contact mail 88220	ing address	5315 Buena Vist	a Drive, Carlsbad	l, NM		
			Location	of R	delease So	ource
Latitude32	2.0496421		(NAD 83 in de	ecimal de	Longitude _ grees to 5 decim	-103.9039962 nal places)
Site Name: R	DX FEDER	AL COM 17 #045	БН		Site Type:	Oil Well
Date Release	Discovered:	: 11/18/2022			API# (if app	licable) 30-015-44408
Unit Letter	Section	Township	Range		Coun	ty
С	17	26S	30E Eddy			
Surface Owner: State Federal Tribal Private (Name:) Nature and Volume of Release Material(s) Released (Select all that apply and attach calculations or specific justification for the volumes provided below)						
Crude Oil		Volume Release	d (bbls)			Volume Recovered (bbls)
Produced	luced Water Volume Released (bbls) 10				Volume Recovered (bbls) 10	
Is the concentration of dissolved chloride in the produced water >10.000 mg/l?			e in the	⊠ Yes □ No		
Condensate Volume Released (bbls)				Volume Recovered (bbls)		
Natural Gas Volume Released (Mcf)				Volume Recovered (Mcf)		
Other (describe) Volume/Weight Released (provide units)			Volume/Weight Recovered (provide units)			
Cause of Release: 2" 90 degree on water dump line developed pinhole leak. Allowing release of 10 bbl PW to lined secondary, fluids recovered. Volume Estimate = Recovered Volume						
Is the concentration of dissolved chloride in the produced water >10,000 mg/l? Condensate Volume Released (bbls) Volume Recovered (bbls) Natural Gas Volume Released (Mcf) Volume Recovered (Mcf) Other (describe) Volume/Weight Released (provide units) Volume/Weight Recovered (provide units) Cause of Release: 2" 90 degree on water dump line developed pinhole leak. Allowing release of 10 bbl PW to lined secondary, flui recovered.						

Received by OCD: 1/3/2023 2:44:21 PM Form C-141 State of New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Page 2

	Page 11 of 59
Incident ID	nAPP2233351431
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

Was this a major release as defined by	If YES, for what reason(s) does the responsible party consider this a major release?
19.15.29.7(A) NMAC?	
☐ Yes ⊠ No	
If YES, was immediate no	otice given to the OCD? By whom? To whom? When and by what means (phone, email, etc)?
	Initial Response
The responsible p	party must undertake the following actions immediately unless they could create a safety hazard that would result in injury
The source of the rele	ease has been stopped.
	is been secured to protect human health and the environment.
Released materials ha	ave been contained via the use of berms or dikes, absorbent pads, or other containment devices.
All free liquids and re	ecoverable materials have been removed and managed appropriately.
If all the actions described	d above have <u>not</u> been undertaken, explain why:
Per 19.15.29.8 B. (4) NM	AC the responsible party may commence remediation immediately after discovery of a release. If remediation
has begun, please attach	a narrative of actions to date. If remedial efforts have been successfully completed or if the release occurred at area (see 19.15.29.11(A)(5)(a) NMAC), please attach all information needed for closure evaluation.
	rmation given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and
public health or the environment	required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger ment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have
	ate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In f a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws
and/or regulations.	
Printed Name:Jim Rale	ey Title:Environmental Professional
in Role	Date:11/29/2022
Signature: _/ /	Date:11/29/2022
email:jim.raley@dvn	com Telephone: 575-689-7597
OCD Only	
Received by:	Date:

Incident ID nAPP2233351431 District RP Facility ID

Application ID

Site Assessment/Characterization

This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no taler than 20 days after the release discovery date.		
What is the shallowest depth to groundwater beneath the area affected by the release?	>125 (ft bgs)	
Did this release impact groundwater or surface water?	Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse?	Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)?	☐ Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church?	☐ Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes?	☐ Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release within 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring?	☐ Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field?	☐ Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release within 300 feet of a wetland?	Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release overlying a subsurface mine?	Yes X No	
Are the lateral extents of the release overlying an unstable area such as karst geology?	☐ Yes 🗓 No	
Are the lateral extents of the release within a 100-year floodplain?	Yes X No	
Did the release impact areas not on an exploration, development, production, or storage site?	Yes X No	
Attach a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) demonstrating the lateral and vertical extents of soil contamination associated with the release have been determined. Refer to 19.15.29.11 NMAC for specifics.		

Characterization Report Checklist: Each of the following items must be included in the report.
Scaled site map showing impacted area, surface features, subsurface features, delineation points, and monitoring wells.
X Field data
Data table of soil contaminant concentration data
X Depth to water determination
\overline{\text{X}}\) Determination of water sources and significant watercourses within \(\frac{1}{2} \)-mile of the lateral extents of the release
Boring or excavation logs
Photographs including date and GIS information
X Topographic/Aerial maps
Laboratory data including chain of custody

If the site characterization report does not include completed efforts at remediation of the release, the report must include a proposed remediation plan. That plan must include the estimated volume of material to be remediated, the proposed remediation technique, proposed sampling plan and methods, anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation. The closure criteria for a release are contained in Table 1 of 19.15.29.12 NMAC, however, use of the table is modified by site- and release-specific parameters.

Received by OCD: 1/3/2023 2:44:21 PM Form C-141 State of New Mexico Page 4 Oil Conservation Division

	Page 13 of	59
Incident ID	nAPP2233351431	
District RP		
Facility ID		
Application ID		

I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.		
Printed Name: Jim Raley	Title: Environmental Professional	
Signature: fin Rely	Date:	
email: jim.raley@dvn.com	Telephone: 575-689-7597	
	•	
OCD Only		
Received by: Jocelyn Harimon	Date: 01/03/2023	

Page 14 of 59
in C-141 State of New Mexico Incident ID Appearance 1421

Incident ID	nAPP2233351431
District RP	
Facility ID	
Application ID	

Remediation Plan

Remediation Plan Checklist: Each of the following items must be included in the plan.								
Detailed description of proposed remediation technique Scaled sitemap with GPS coordinates showing delineation points Estimated volume of material to be remediated Closure criteria is to Table 1 specifications subject to 19.15.29.12(C)(4) NMAC Proposed schedule for remediation (note if remediation plan timeline is more than 90 days OCD approval is required)								
Deferral Requests Only: Each of the following items must be confirmed as part of any request for deferral of remediation.								
Contamination must be in areas immediately under or around production equipment where remediation could cause a major facility econstruction.								
Extents of contamination must be fully delineated.								
Contamination does not cause an imminent risk to human health, the environment, or groundwater.								
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.								
Printed Name: Jim Raley Title: Environmental Professional								
Signature: Date:								
email: jim.raley@dvn.com Telephone: 575-689-7597								
OCD Only								
Received by: Jocelyn Harimon Date:01/03/2023								
☐ Approved ☐ Approved with Attached Conditions of Approval ☐ Denied ☐ Deferral Approved								
Signature: Date:								

Page 15 of 59

Incident ID nAPP2233351431
District RP
Facility ID
Application ID

Closure

The responsible party must attach information demonstrating they have complied with all applicable closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a comprehensive report (electronic submittals in .pdf format are preferred) including a scaled site map, sampling diagrams, relevant field notes, photographs of any excavation prior to backfilling, laboratory data including chain of custody documents of final sampling, and a narrative of the remedial activities. Refer to 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Each of the following is	tems must be included in the closure report.
A scaled site and sampling diagram as described in 19.15.29.1	1 NMAC
X Photographs of the remediated site prior to backfill or photos must be notified 2 days prior to liner inspection)	of the liner integrity if applicable (Note: appropriate OCD District office
X Laboratory analyses of final sampling (Note: appropriate ODC	C District office must be notified 2 days prior to final sampling)
N/A Description of remediation activities	
and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of	ntions. The responsible party acknowledges they must substantially nditions that existed prior to the release or their final land use in DCD when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete. Title: Environmental Professional
email:jim.raley@dvn.com	Telephone: 575-689-7597
OCD O I	
OCD Only	04/00/0000
Received by:	Date:01/03/2023
	of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and water, human health, or the environment nor does not relieve the responsible or regulations.
Closure Approved by:	Date:
Printed Name:	Title:

ATTACHMENT 2



Client:	Devon Energy Corporation	Inspection Date:					
Site Location Name:	RDX Federal Com 17 #045	Report Run Date:	12/10/2022 10:40 PM				
Client Contact Name:	Wes Matthews	API#:					
Client Contact Phone #:	(575) 748-0176						
Unique Project ID		Project Owner:					
Project Reference #		Project Manager:					
	Summary of Times						
Arrived at Site							
Departed Site							



Field Notes

- 12:24 Arrived on site, filled out safety paper
- 12:24 Performed liner inspection
- 12:24 Liner looks good, free of any cuts or abrasions, liner had standing rain water
- **12:24** Gathered site photos

Next Steps & Recommendations

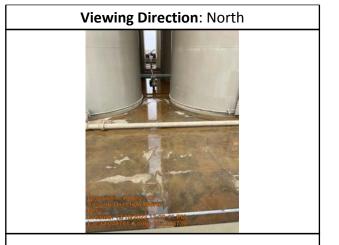
1 Liner was clean, free of cuts and abrasions.



Site Photos

Viewing Direction: East





Viewing Direction: North



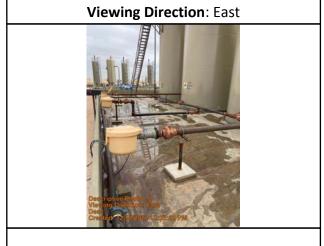




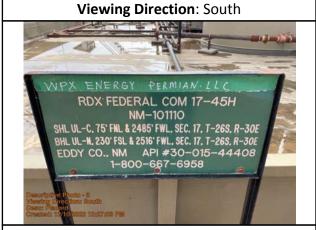


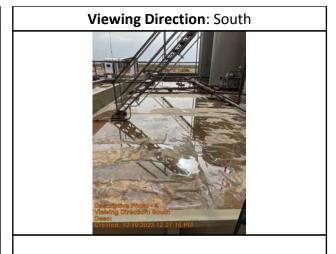












Placard

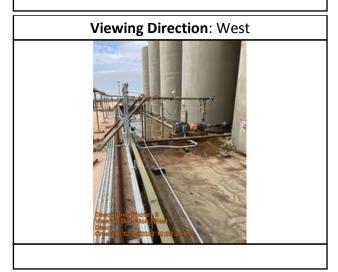














Daily Site Visit Signature

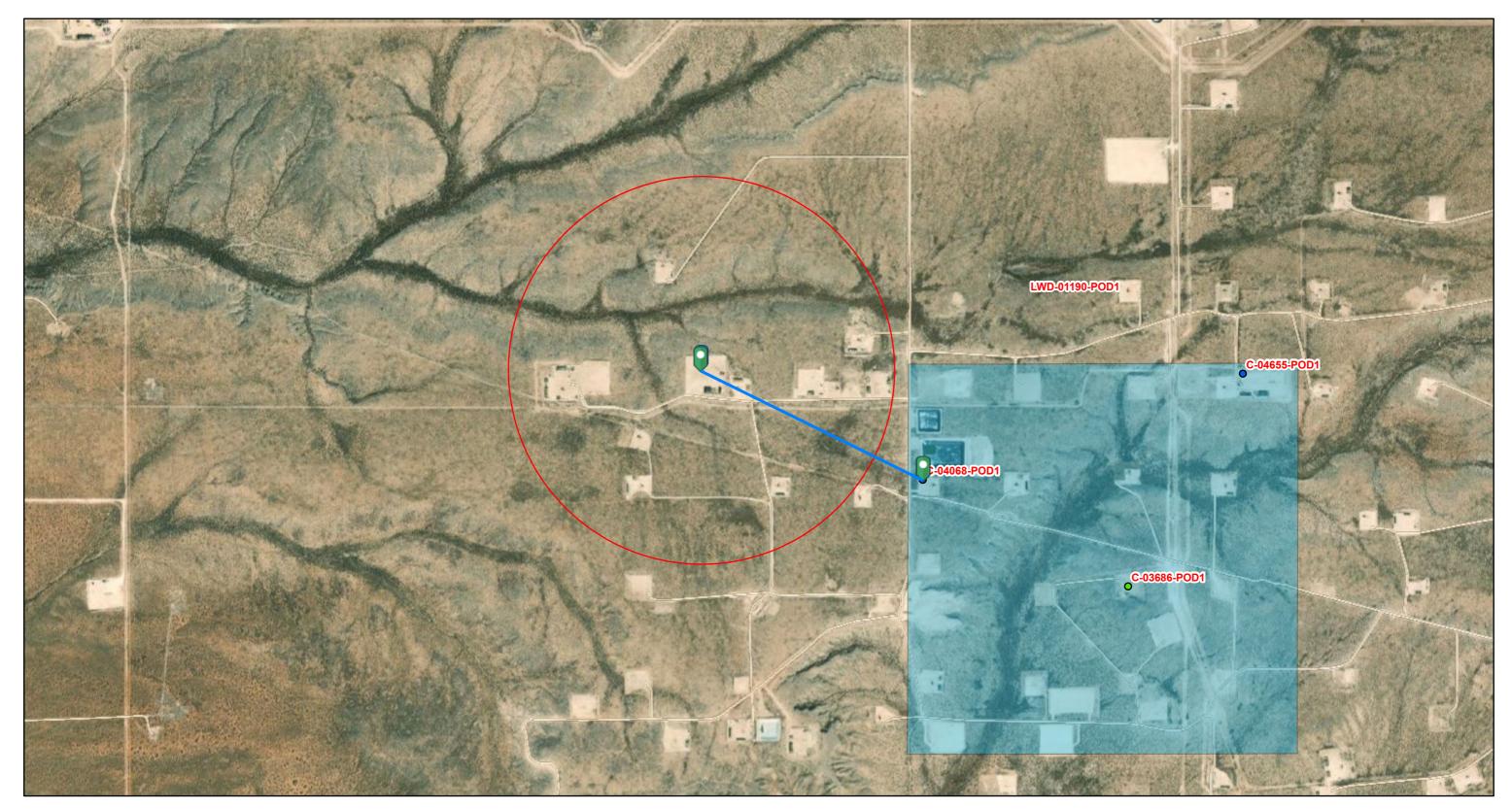
Inspector: Zachery Englebert

Signature:

ATTACHMENT 3

Page 25 of 59 Received by OCD: 1/3/2023 2:44:21 PM

RDX Federal Com 17 #045H



12/6/2022, 5:17:07 PM

Override 1 Pending GIS WATERS PODs

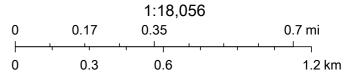
OSE District Boundary

Active

New Mexico State Trust Lands

Both Estates

SiteBoundaries



Esri, HERE, GeoTechnologies, Inc., Esri, HERE, Garmin, GeoTechnologies, Inc., U.S. Department of Energy Office of Legacy Management, Maxar





2017 107 117 127 137 1: SQ

	OSE POD NU	MBER (WE	LL NUMBER)					OSE FILE NUI	MBER(S)			
NO.	C-4068 PO	DI						C-4068				
GENERAL AND WELL LOCATION	WELL OWNER NAME(S)						PHONE (OPTIONAL)					
)OC	RKI Exploration and Production, LLC											
TT	WELL OWNER MAILING ADDRESS						CITY	STATE		ZIP		
VEL	3500 One Williams Center MD 35,						Tulsa		OK 7	4172		
) A	DEGREES MINUTES SECONDS							<u> </u>				
A Z	WELL			22 2 42.05			* ACCURACY REQUIRED: ONE TENTH OF A SECOND					
ΚI	LOCATIO	2.11	TITUDE						QUIRED: WGS 84			
NE		LO	NGITUDE	103	53	39.						
3	DESCRIPTIO	DESCRIPTION RELATING WELL LOCATION TO STREET ADDRESS AND COMMON LANDMARKS – PLSS (SECTION, TOWNSHIP, RANGE) WHERE AVAILABLE										
Ϊ.	NW/4SW/4	4NW/4 Se	ection 16, Township	26S, Range 3	0 E, N.M.P.N	M.						
	LICENSE NU	MARER	NAME OF LICENSED	DDIIICD					NAME OF WELL DR	ILLING COMPA	NY	
			NAME OF LICENSED		ckie D. Atkir	ne						ne
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	5	20	15	light brown fine sand with small gravel		Y			
	20	40	20	tan sand, medium gravel, sandstone	Y	√ N			
	40	50	10	white tannish sand/sandstone		Y	✓ N		
	50	90	40	tannish very fine sandstone		Y	✓ N		***************************************
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TEST; RIG SUPERVISI									
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6. SIGN	Jackie D. Atkins						5/17/2017		
		SIGNATU	JRE OF DRILLE	R / PRINT SIGNEE NAME		······	DATE		
FOR	OSE INTERN	IAL USE		WR-20 W	ELL REC	ORD & 1	.OG (Ver	sion 10/29	/2015)
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LOC	CATION	26	S.30F	E-110-103-1	EX	Di		PAGE 2	OF 2

Tom Blaine, P.E. State Engineer



Roswell Office 1900 WEST SECOND STREET ROSWELL, NM 88201

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

Trn Nbr:

606777

File Nbr:

C 04068

Well File Mbr: C 04068 POD1

Jun. 12, 2017

JUSTIN BARMORE RKI EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION LLC 3500 ONE WILLIAMS CENTER MD 35 TULSA, OK 74172

Greetings:

The above numbered permit was issued in your name on 05/08/2017.

The Well Record was received in this office on 05/17/2017, stating that it had been completed on 05/12/2017, and was a dry well. The well is to be plugged or capped or otherwise maintained in a manner satisfactory to the State Engineer.

Please note that another well can be drilled under this permit if the well is completed and the well log filed on or before 05/15/2018.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

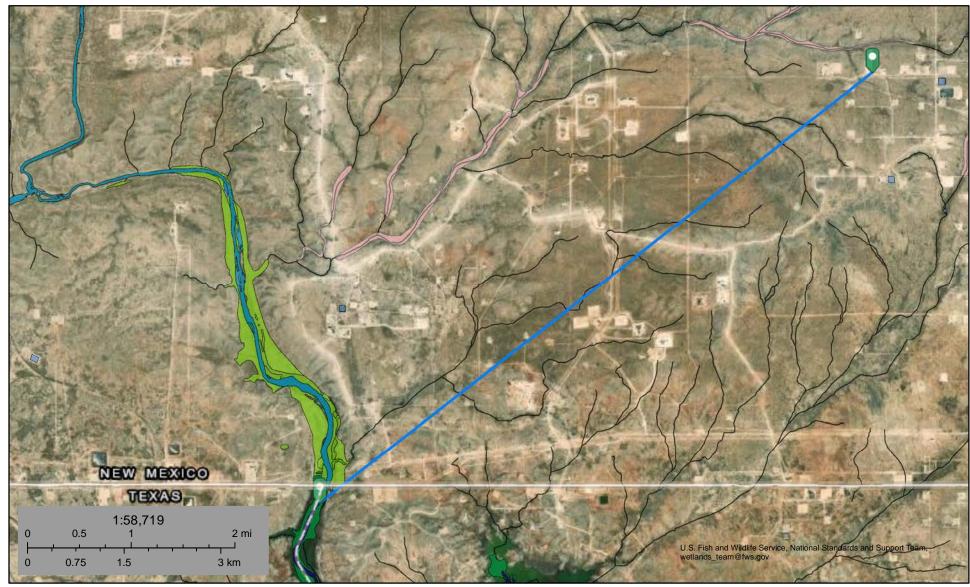
Sincerely,

(575) 622 - 6521

drywell



RDX Federal Com 17 #045H



December 7, 2022

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

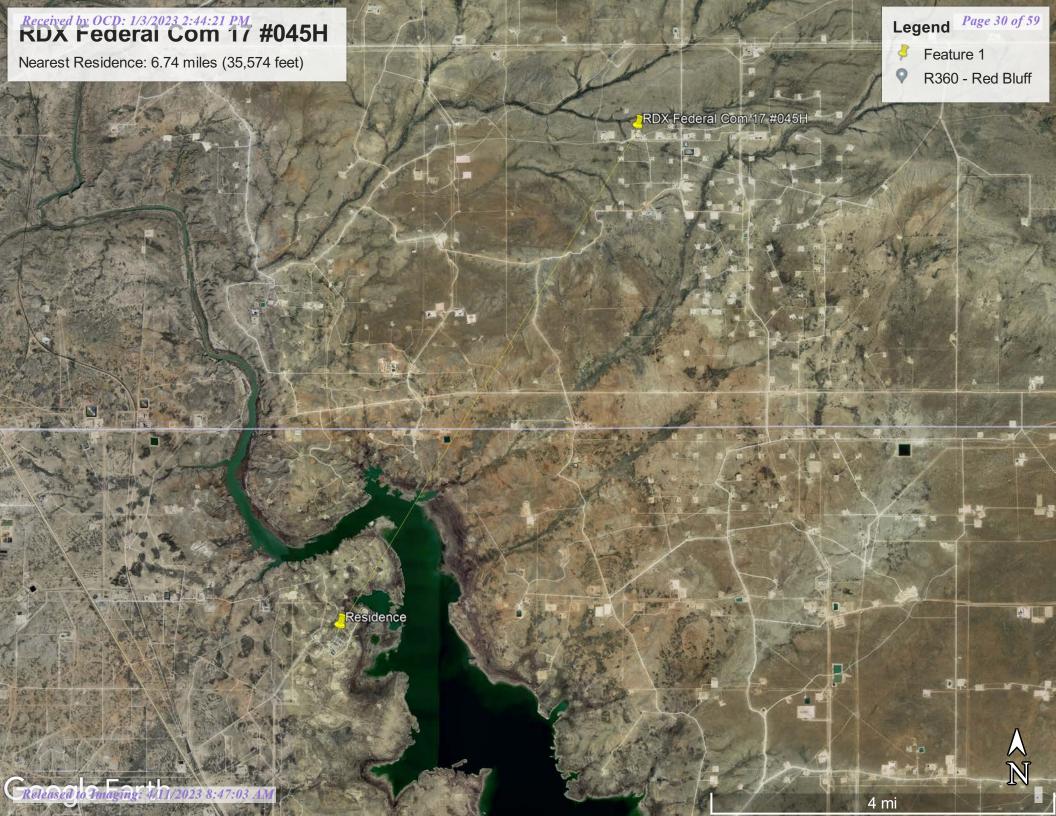
Freshwater Pond

Lake

Other

Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.



Page 31 of 59 Received by OCD: 1/3/2023 2:44:21 PM

RDX Federal Com 17 #045H



12/6/2022, 5:35:36 PM

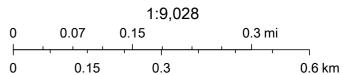
Override 1

OSE District Boundary SiteBoundaries

GIS WATERS PODs New Mexico State Trust Lands

Active

Both Estates



Esri, HERE, GeoTechnologies, Inc., Esri, HERE, Garmin, GeoTechnologies, Inc., U.S. Department of Energy Office of Legacy Management, Maxar



New Mexico Office of the State Engineer

Water Right Summary

WR File Number: LWD 01190 Subbasin: CUB

Cross Reference: LWD-C-9

Primary Purpose:

NON 72-12-1 LIVESTOCK WATERING

Primary Status:

DCL DECLARATION

Total Acres:

2.9

Subfile:

Header: -

Total Diversion:

8.1

Cause/Case: -

Owner:

BUCK & LARUE JACKSON TRUST

Documents on File

Status

From/

Trn# File/Act Transaction Desc.

To

Diversion Consumptive

DCL PRC LWD-C-9

Τ

8.1

Current Points of Diversion

(NAD83 UTM in meters)

POD Number

Well Tag Source 64Q16Q4Sec Tws Rng

Other Location Desc

2.9

LWD 01190 POD1

1 4 3 09 26S 30E

604838 3546802*

An () after northing value indicates UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

Priority Summary

Priority 12/31/1906 Status

Acres Diversion Pod Number

DCL

8.1 LWD 01190 POD1

Place of Use

256 64 Q16 Q4Sec Tws Rng 1 4 3 09 26S 30E Acres Diversion 2.9 8.1 CU Use Priority

Status Other Location Desc

PLS 12/31/1906 DCL

Source

Acres Diversion

Use Priority

2.9

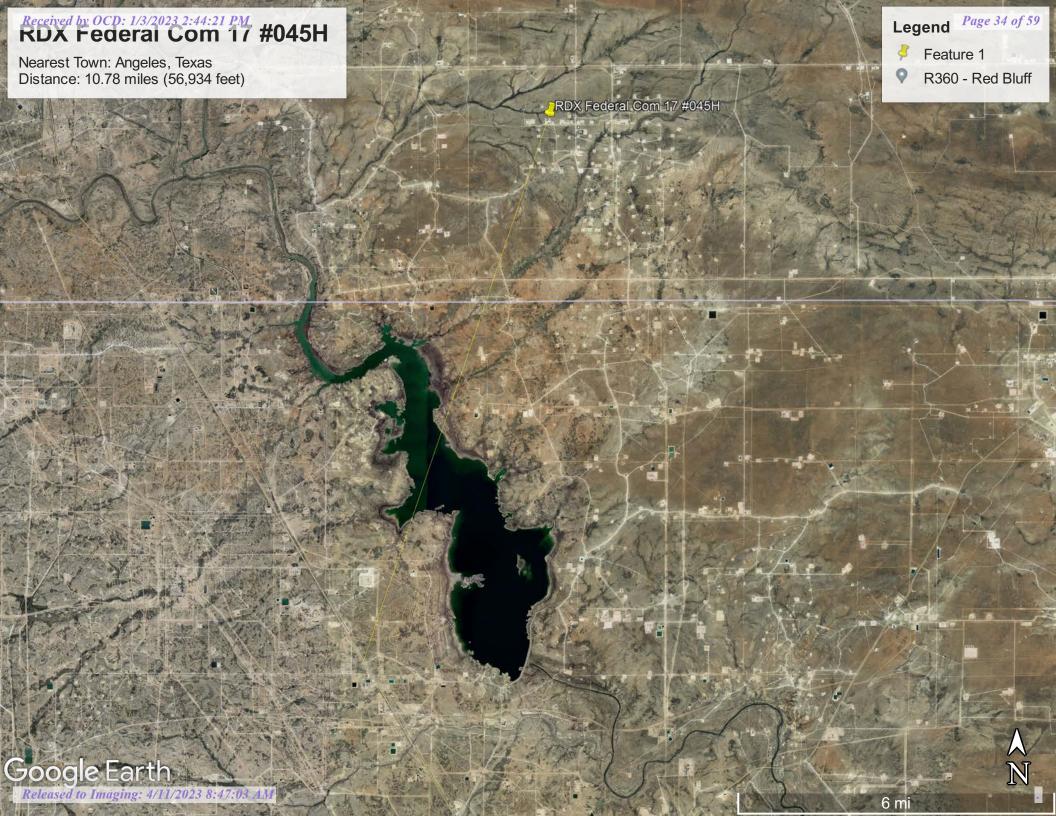
Source Description

2.9 8.1 PLS 12/31/1906 SW

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

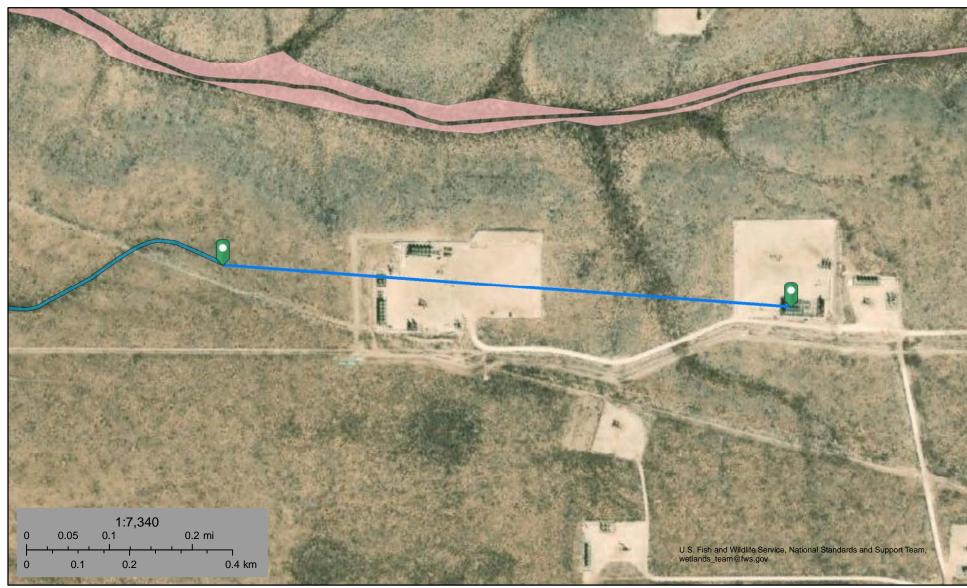
12/6/22 5:36 PM WATER RIGHT

SUMMARY





RDX Federal Com 17 #045H



December 7, 2022

Wetlands

Estuarine and Marine Deepwater

Estuarine and Marine Wetland

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

Lake

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Other

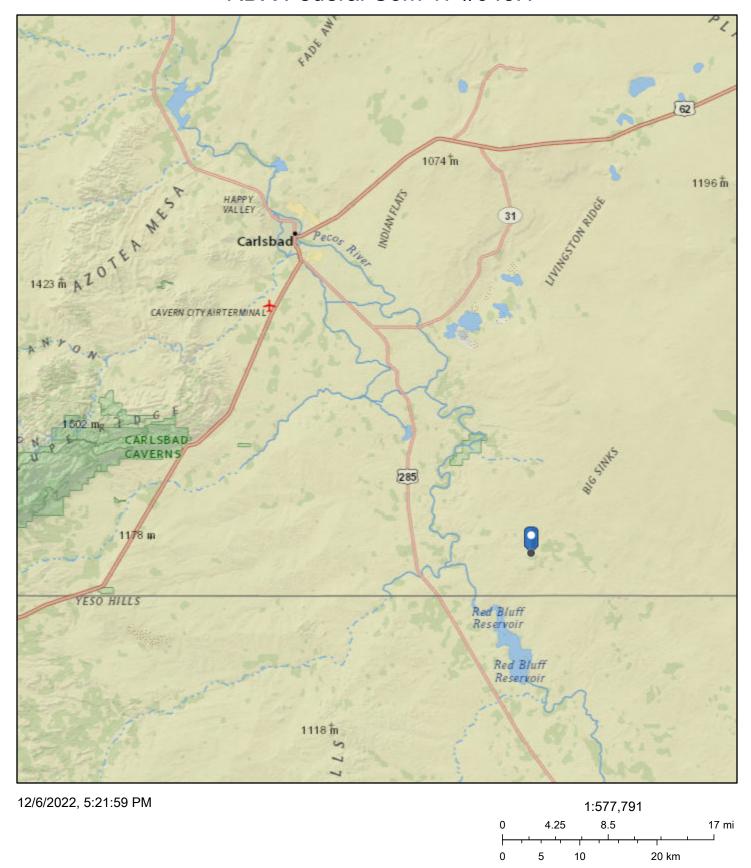
Riverine

Freshwater Pond



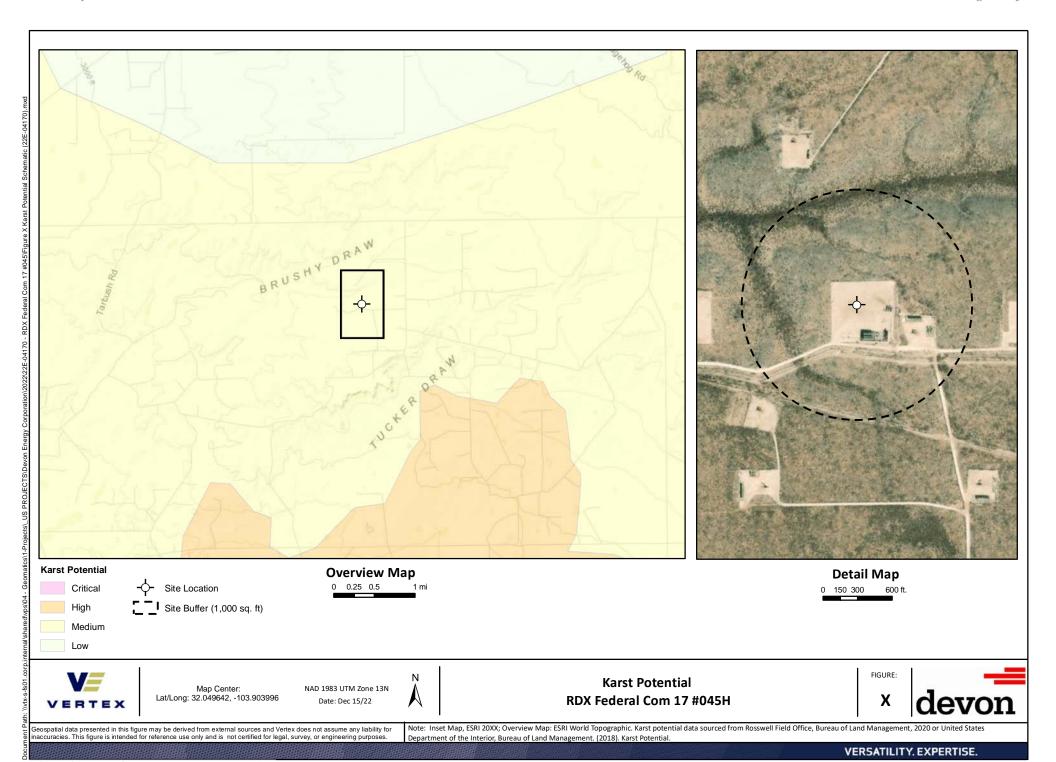
This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

RDX Federal Com 17 #045H



National Geographic, Esri, Garmin, HERE, UNEP-WCMC, USGS, NASA, ESA, METI, NRCAN, GEBCO, NOAA, increment P Corp.

Received by OCD: 1/3/2023 2:44:21 PM



National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette





SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) With BFE or Depth Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS Regulatory Floodway

> depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile Zone X **Future Conditions 1% Annual** Chance Flood Hazard Zone X Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. Zone X

0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average

Area with Flood Risk due to Levee Zone D FLOOD HAZARD NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard Zone X

Effective LOMRs OTHER AREAS Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard Zone D

- - - Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer **GENERAL** STRUCTURES | LILLIL Levee, Dike, or Floodwall

> 20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance Water Surface Elevation **Coastal Transect** ----- Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study Jurisdiction Boundary

Coastal Transect Baseline OTHER **Profile Baseline FEATURES** Hydrographic Feature

Digital Data Available

No Digital Data Available

Unmapped

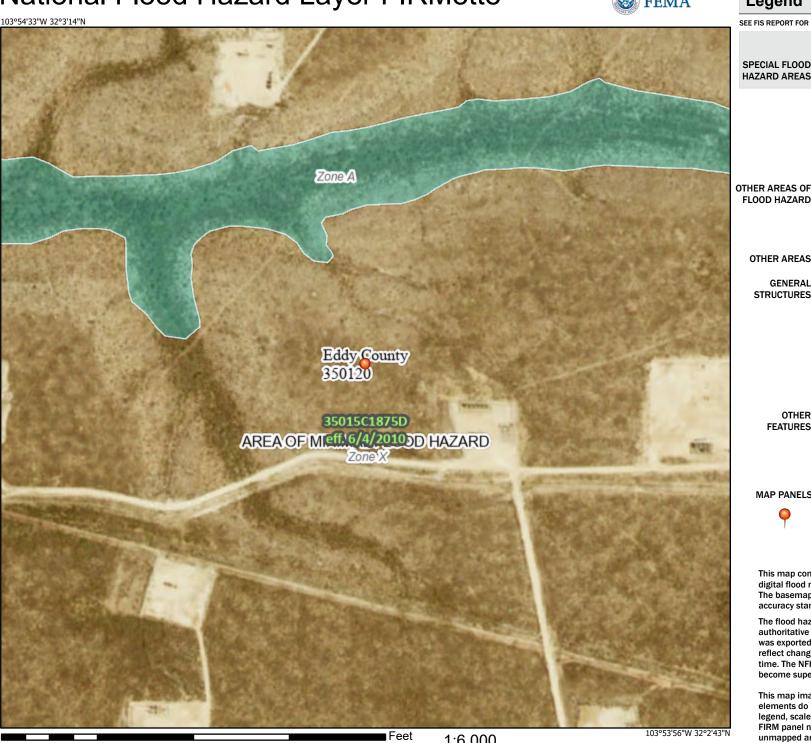
MAP PANELS

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on 12/6/2022 at 7:38 PM and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.





MAP LEGEND

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Water Features

Transportation

Background

Spoil Area

Stony Spot

Wet Spot

Other

Rails

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Very Stony Spot

Special Line Features

Streams and Canals

Interstate Highways

Aerial Photography

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot
Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Eddy Area, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 18, Sep 8, 2022

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Feb 7, 2020—May 12, 2020

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
US	Upton-Simona complex, 1 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	12.7	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		12.7	100.0%

Map Unit Description: Upton-Simona complex, 1 to 15 percent slopes, eroded---Eddy Area, New Mexico

Eddy Area, New Mexico

US—Upton-Simona complex, 1 to 15 percent slopes, eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1w66 Elevation: 2,000 to 5,700 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 6 to 14 inches

Mean annual air temperature: 57 to 70 degrees F

Frost-free period: 180 to 260 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Upton and similar soils: 40 percent Simona and similar soils: 35 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Upton

Setting

Landform: Ridges, fans

Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, rise

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from limestone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 9 inches: gravelly loam
H2 - 9 to 13 inches: gravelly loam
H3 - 13 to 21 inches: cemented

H4 - 21 to 60 inches: very gravelly loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 20 inches to petrocalcic

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to

moderately high (0.01 to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 75 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

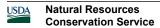
mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified



Map Unit Description: Upton-Simona complex, 1 to 15 percent slopes, eroded---Eddy Area, New Mexico

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R070BC025NM - Shallow

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Simona

Setting

Landform: Plains, alluvial fans

Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear

Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Mixed alluvium and/or eolian sands

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam H2 - 6 to 20 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

H3 - 20 to 24 inches: indurated

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 5 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 20 inches to petrocalcic

Drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low

to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent

Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0

mmhos/cm)

Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0

Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: R070BD002NM - Shallow Sandy

Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 9 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Dune land

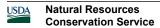
Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

Pajarito

Percent of map unit: 8 percent

Ecological site: R070BD003NM - Loamy Sand



Map Unit Description: Upton-Simona complex, 1 to 15 percent slopes, eroded---Eddy Area, New Mexico

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Eddy Area, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 18, Sep 8, 2022



Ecological site R070BC025NM Shallow

Accessed: 12/06/2022

General information

Provisional. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

Figure 1. Mapped extent

Areas shown in blue indicate the maximum mapped extent of this ecological site. Other ecological sites likely occur within the highlighted areas. It is also possible for this ecological site to occur outside of highlighted areas if detailed soil survey has not been completed or recently updated.

Table 1. Dominant plant species

Tree	Not specified
Shrub	Not specified
Herbaceous	Not specified

Physiographic features

This site occurs on knolls, ridges, hillslopes alluvial fans and escarpments. Slopes range fro 0 to 25 percent and average about 7 percent. Direction of slope varies and is usually not significant. Elevations range from 2,842 to 4,500 feet.

Table 2. Representative physiographic features

Landforms	(1) Hill (2) Ridge (3) Fan piedmont
Flooding frequency	None
Ponding frequency	None
Elevation	2,842–4,500 ft
Slope	0–25%
Aspect	Aspect is not a significant factor

Climatic features

The average annual precipitation ranges from 8 to 13 inches. Variations of 5 inches, more or less, are common. Over 80 percent of the precipitation falls from April through October. Most of the summer precipitation comes in the form of high intensity – short duration thunderstorms.

Temperatures are characterized by distinct seasonal changes and large annual and diurnal temperature changes. The average annual temperature is 61 degrees with extremes of 25 degrees below zero in the winter to 112 degrees in the summer.

The average frost-free season is 180 to 220 days. The last killing frost is late March or early April, and the first killing frost is in late October or early November.

Temperature and rainfall both favor warm season perennial plant growth. In years of abundant spring moisture, annual forbs and cool season grasses can make up an important component of this site. Because of the shallow soil depth, the vegetation on this site can take advantage of moisture almost anytime it falls. Strong winds that blow from the west and southwest blow from January through June, which accelerates soil drying at a critical time for cool season plant growth.

Climate data was obtained from http://www.wrcc.sage.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html web site using 50% probability for freeze-free and frost-free seasons using 28.5 degrees F and 32.5 degrees F respectively.

Table 3. Representative climatic features

Frost-free period (average)	220 days
Freeze-free period (average)	240 days
Precipitation total (average)	13 in

Influencing water features

This site is not influenced from water from wetlands or streams.

Soil features

The soils of this site are shallow to very shallow. Soils are derived from mixed calcareous eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock. Surface layers are very cobbly loam, very gravelly loam, gravelly loam, cobbly loam, gravelly fine sandy loam or gravelly sandy loam.

There is an indurated caliche layer or limestone bedrock that occurs within 20 inches and averages less than 10 inches. Limestone or caliche layer may be the restrictive layer.

Minimum and maximum values listed below represent the characteristic soils for this site.

Characteristic soils:

Lozier

Potter

Tencee

Upton

Ector

Kimbrough

Table 4. Representative soil features

Surface texture	(1) Gravelly loam(2) Extremely gravelly loam(3) Extremely cobbly loam
Family particle size	(1) Loamy
Drainage class	Well drained
Permeability class	Very slow to moderately slow
Soil depth	4–20 in
Surface fragment cover <=3"	15–40%
Available water capacity (0-40in)	1 in
Calcium carbonate equivalent (0-40in)	15–60%

Electrical conductivity (0-40in)	0–2 mmhos/cm
Sodium adsorption ratio (0-40in)	0–1
Soil reaction (1:1 water) (0-40in)	7.4–8.4
Subsurface fragment volume <=3" (Depth not specified)	13–42%
Subsurface fragment volume >3" (Depth not specified)	0–1%

Ecological dynamics

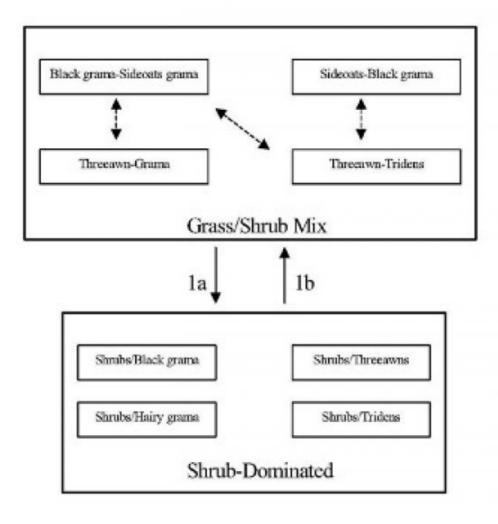
Overview:

The Shallow site is associated with and Limestone Hills, Loamy, and Shallow Sandy sites. When associated with Limestone Hills, the Shallow site occurs on the summits, foot slopes and toeslopes of hills. Loamy sites often occur as areas between low elongated hills with rounded crests (Shallow site). When the Shallow Sandy site and Shallow site occur in association, the Shallow Sandy soils occupy the tops of low ridges and the Shallow site soils occur on the steeper sideslopes of the ridge. The historic plant community of the Shallow site has the aspect of a grassland/shrub mix, dominated by grasses, but with shrubs common throughout the site. Black grama is the dominant grass species; creosotebush, mesquite, and catclaw mimosa are common shrubs. Overgrazing and or extended drought can reduce grass cover, effect a change in grass species dominance, and may result in a shrubdominated state. 1

State and transition model

Plant Communities and Transitional Pathways (diagram)

MLRA-42, SD-3, Shallow



1a. Extended drought, overgrazing, no fire

1b. Brush control, Prescribed grazing

State 1 Grass/Shrub Mix

Community 1.1 Grass/Shrub Mix

Grassland/Shrub Mix: The historic plant community is dominated by black grama with sideoats grama as the sub-dominant. Blue grama, hairy grama, bush muhly, and sand dropseed also occur in significant amounts. Sideoats grama can occur as the dominant grass with black grama as sub-dominant on the western side of the Land Resource Unit SD-3. This may be due to higher average elevation on the west side. Retrogression within this state due to extended drought or overgrazing will cause a decrease in species such as black grama, sideoats grama, blue grama, and bush muhly. Threeawns may become the dominant grass species due to a decline in more palatable grasses or because of its ability to quickly recover following drought. Continued loss of grass cover and associated increase in amount of bare ground may result in a shrub-dominated state. Decreased fire frequencies may also be

an important component in the cause of this transition. Diagnosis: Grass cover is fairly uniform, however, surface gravel, cobble, and bare ground make up a large percent of total ground cover, and grass production during unfavorable years may only average 150-175 pounds per acre. Shrubs are common with canopy cover averaging five to ten percent. Evidence of erosion such as rills and gullies are rare, but may occur on slopes greater than eight percent.

Table 5. Annual production by plant type

Plant Type	Low (Lb/Acre)	Representative Value (Lb/Acre)	
Grass/Grasslike	168	352	536
Shrub/Vine	63	131	200
Forb	20	42	64
Total	251	525	800

Table 6. Ground cover

Tree foliar cover	0%
Shrub/vine/liana foliar cover	5-10%
Grass/grasslike foliar cover	10-15%
Forb foliar cover	0%
Non-vascular plants	0%
Biological crusts	0%
Litter	5-8%
Surface fragments >0.25" and <=3"	0%
Surface fragments >3"	0%
Bedrock	0%
Water	0%
Bare ground	40-60%

Figure 5. Plant community growth curve (percent production by month). NM2825, R042XC025NM Shallow HCPC. R042XC025NM Shallow HCPC Warm Season Plant Community.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
0	0	3	5	10	10	25	30	12	5	0	0

State 2 Shrub-Dominated

Community 2.1 Shrub-Dominated

Shrub-Dominated: This state is characterized by an increase in shrubs and a decrease in grass cover relative to grassland/shrub mix. As grass cover decreases shrubs increase, especially creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia, and mesquite. Each of these shrub species may become dominant in localized areas or across the site, depending on the spatial variability in soil characteristics and landscape position. Black grama, threeawns, hairy grama, or hairy tridens may be the dominant grass species. Fluffgrass, burrograss and broom snakeweed increase in representation. The Shallow site is resistant to state change, due to the natural rock armor of the soil and a shallow impermeable layer. The amount of rock fragments on the soil surface assist in retarding erosion. On Shallow sites with low slope, the shallow depth to either a petrocalcic layer or limestone bedrock helps to keep water perched and available to shallow rooted grasses for extended periods. 2 Diagnosis: Shrubs are the dominant species, especially creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia, or mesquite. Grass cover is variable ranging

from patchy with large connected bare areas present to sparse with only a limited amount in shrub inter-spaces. Transition to Shrub-Dominated (1a) Overgrazing and or extended periods of drought, and suppression of natural fire regimes are thought to cause this transition. As grass cover is lost, soil fertility and available soil moisture decline, due to the reduction of organic matter and decreased infiltration.3 Shrubs have the ability to extract nutrients and water from a greater area of soil than grasses and are better able to utilize limited water. Competition by shrubs for water and nutrients limits grass recruitment and establishment. Fire historically may have played a part in suppressing shrub expansion; fire suppression may therefore facilitate shrub expansion. Key indicators of approach to transition: *Decrease or change in composition or distribution of grass cover. *Increase in size and frequency of bare patches. *Increase in amount of shrub seedlings. Transition back to Grassland/Shrub Mix (1b) Brush control is necessary to re-establish grasses. Prescribed grazing will help to ensure proper forage utilization and sustain grass cover. Once the transition is reversed and grass cover is re-established, periodic use of prescribed fire may assist in maintaining the Grassland/Shrub state.

Additional community tables

Table 7. Community 1.1 plant community composition

Group	Common Name	Symbol	Scientific Name	Annual Production (Lb/Acre)	Foliar Cover (%)
Grass	/Grasslike	-			
1				105–158	
	black grama	BOER4	Bouteloua eriopoda	105–158	_
2		•		79–105	
	sideoats grama	BOCU	Bouteloua curtipendula	79–105	_
3				79–105	
	blue grama	BOGR2	Bouteloua gracilis	79–105	_
	hairy grama	BOHI2	Bouteloua hirsuta	79–105	_
4				26–53	
	bush muhly	MUPO2	Muhlenbergia porteri	26–53	_
5				16–26	
	cane bluestem	BOBA3	Bothriochloa barbinodis	16–26	_
6		•		26–53	
	sand dropseed	SPCR	Sporobolus cryptandrus	26–53	_
7		.		16–26	
	hairy woollygrass	ERPI5	Erioneuron pilosum	16–26	_
8		•	•	5–16	
	ear muhly	MUAR	Muhlenbergia arenacea	5–16	_
9				5–16	
	New Mexico feathergrass	HENE5	Hesperostipa neomexicana	5–16	_
10		•		5–16	
	low woollygrass	DAPU7	Dasyochloa pulchella	5–16	_
11				16–26	
	Grass, perennial	2GP	Grass, perennial	16–26	_
Forb			•	•	
12				11–26	
	stemless four-nerve daisy	TEACE	Tetraneuris acaulis var. epunctata	11–26	_
13		•		5–16	
	woolly groundsel	PACA15	Packera cana	5–16	_

14				o1-c	
	globemallow	SPHAE	Sphaeralcea	5–16	_
15				5–16	
	bladderpod	LESQU	Lesquerella	5–16	-
16				5–16	
	cassia	CASSI	Cassia	5–16	_
17				11–26	
	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	2FORB	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	11–26	_
Shru	b/Vine	-	•		
18				5–16	
	littleleaf sumac	RHMI3	Rhus microphylla	5–16	_
19		•		5–16	
	creosote bush	LATR2	Larrea tridentata	5–16	_
20				5–16	
	littleleaf ratany	KRER	Krameria erecta	5–16	_
21				5–16	
	javelina bush	COER5	Condalia ericoides	5–16	
22				5–16	
	American tarwort	FLCE	Flourensia cernua	5–16	_
23				5–16	
	crown of thorns	KOSP	Koeberlinia spinosa	5–16	_
24				11–26	
	honey mesquite	PRGL2	Prosopis glandulosa	11–26	
	honey mesquite	PRGL2	Prosopis glandulosa	11–26	_
25				5–16	
	catclaw mimosa	MIACB	Mimosa aculeaticarpa var. biuncifera	5–16	_
26		•		5–16	
	pricklypear	OPUNT	Opuntia	5–16	_
27			!	11–26	
	mariola	PAIN2	Parthenium incanum	11–26	
	mariola	PAIN2	Parthenium incanum	11–26	-
28		1	ı	5–16	
	broom snakeweed	GUSA2	Gutierrezia sarothrae	5–16	
29		1	L	16–26	
	Shrub (>.5m)	2SHRUB	Shrub (>.5m)	16–26	

Animal community

This site provides habitats which support a resident animal community that is characterized by desert cottontail, spotted ground squirrel, Merriam's kangaroo rat, cactus mouse, white-throated woodrat, gray fox, spotted skunk, roadrunner, Swainson's hawk, white-necked raven, cactus wren, pyrrhuloxia, lark sparrow, mourning dove, scaled quail, leopard lizard, round-tailed horned lizard, prairie rattlesnake, marbled whiptail, and greater earless lizard. Where associated with limestone hills, mule deer utilize this site.

Where large woody shrubs occur, most resident birds and scissor-tailed flycatcher, morning dove, lark sparrow and

Swainson's hawk nest.

Hydrological functions

The runoff curve numbers are determined by field investigations using hydraulic cover conditions and hydrologic soil groups.

Hydrologic Interpretations
Soil Series Hydrologic Group
Lozier D
Potter C
Tencee D
Upton C
Kimbrough D
Upton D
Ector D

Recreational uses

This site offers recreation potential for hiking, horseback riding, rock hunting, nature photography and bird hunting and birding. During years of abundant spring moisture, a colorful array of wild flowers is displayed during May and June. A few summer and fall flowers also occur.

Wood products

This site has no potential for wood production.

Other products

This site is suited for grazing by all kinds and classes of livestock during all seasons of the year. Missmanagement will cause a decrease in black grama, sideoats grama, and blue grama, bush muhly and New Mexico feathergrass. A corresponding increase in bare ground will occur. There will also be an increase in muhlys, fluffgrass, creosotebush, javalinabush, catclaw, and mesquite. This site will respond best to a system of management that rotates the season of use.

Other information

Guide to Suggested Initial Stocking Rate Acres per Animal Unit Month Similarity Index------ Ac/AUM 100 - 76------ 3.7 - 4.5 75 - 51------ 4.3 - 5.5 50 - 26------ 5.3 - 10.0 25 - 0------ 10.1 +

Inventory data references

Data collection for this site was done in conjunction with the progressive soil surveys within the Southern Desertic Basins, Plains and Mountains, Major Land Resource Areas of New Mexico (SD-3). This site has been mapped and correlated with soils in the following soil surveys. Eddy County, Lea County, and Chaves County.

Other references

Literature Cited:

1. Humphrey, R.R. 1974. Fire in the deserts and desert grassland of North America. In: Kozlowski, T. T.; Ahlgren, C. E., eds. Fire and ecosystems. New York: Academic Press: 365-400.

- 2. Hennessy, J.T., R.P. Gibbens, J.M. Tromble, and M. Cardenas. 1983. Water properties of caliche. J. Range Manage. 36: 723-726.
- 3. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2001. Soil Quality Information Sheets. Rangeland Soil Quality—Infiltration, Organic Matter, Rangeland Sheets 5,6. [Online]. Available: http://www.statlab.iastate.edu/survey/SQI/range.html

Contributors

David Trujillo Don Sylvester

Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

Author(s)/participant(s)	
Contact for lead author	
Date	
Approved by	
Approval date	
Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production

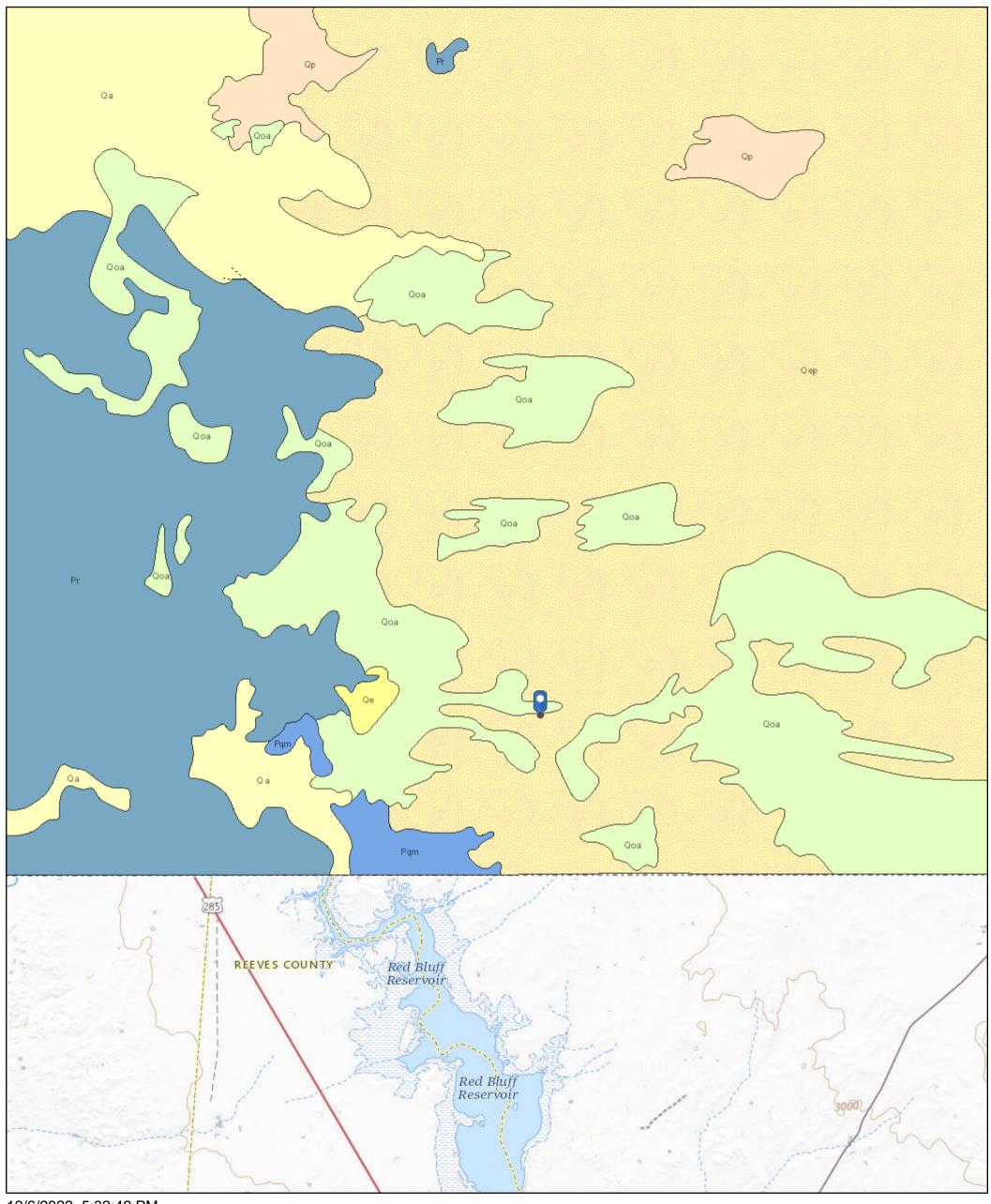
Indicators

1.	Number and extent of rills:
2.	Presence of water flow patterns:
3.	Number and height of erosional pedestals or terracettes:
4.	Bare ground from Ecological Site Description or other studies (rock, litter, lichen, moss, plant canopy are not bare ground):
5.	Number of gullies and erosion associated with gullies:
6.	Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/or depositional areas:

7. Amount of litter movement (describe size and distance expected to travel):

8.	Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to erosion (stability values are averages - most sites will show a range of values):
9.	Soil surface structure and SOM content (include type of structure and A-horizon color and thickness):
10.	Effect of community phase composition (relative proportion of different functional groups) and spatial distribution on infiltration and runoff:
11.	Presence and thickness of compaction layer (usually none; describe soil profile features which may be mistaken for compaction on this site):
12.	Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production or live foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to):
	Dominant:
	Sub-dominant:
	Other:
	Additional:
13.	Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or decadence):
14.	Average percent litter cover (%) and depth (in):
15.	Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annual-production):
16.	Potential invasive (including noxious) species (native and non-native). List species which BOTH characterize degraded states and have the potential to become a dominant or co-dominant species on the ecological site if their future establishment and growth is not actively controlled by management interventions. Species that become dominant for only one to several years (e.g., short-term response to drought or wildfire) are not invasive plants. Note that unlike other indicators, we are describing what is NOT expected in the reference state for the ecological site:
17.	Perennial plant reproductive capability:

RDX Federal Com 17 #045H



12/6/2022, 5:32:42 PM

Lithologic Units Playa—Alluvium and evaporite deposits (Holocene) Water—Perenial standing water

Qa—Alluvium (Holocene to upper Pleistocene)

1:144,448 2.5 1.25 5 mi 0 2.25 4.5 9 km

Esri, NASA, NGA, USGS, USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, 3DEP Elevation Program, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset, and National Transportation Dataset; USGS Global Ecosystems; U.S. Census

ATTACHMENT 4

Monica Peppin

From: Dhugal Hanton <vertexresourcegroupusa@gmail.com>

Sent: December 6, 2022 4:18 PM

To: Enviro, OCD, EMNRD; spills@slo.state.nm.us; CFO_Spill, BLM_NM

Cc: Monica Peppin; Raley, Jim

Subject: 48 HR Notification Liner Inspections Ross Draw Unit 34 and RDX Fed Com 17-45

All,

Please accept this email as 48-hr notification that Vertex Resource Services has scheduled liner inspections to be conducted for the following releases:

nAPP2234031246 DOR: 11/30/2022 Site Name: Ross Draw Unit #034

nAPP2233351431 DOR: 11/18/2022 Site Name: RDX Federal Com 17 #045H

This work will be completed on behalf of WPX Energy Permian, LLC

On Saturday, December 10, 2022 at approximately 9:00 a.m., Zachary Englebert will be on site to conduct the liner inspections. He can be reached at 575-689-7007. If you need directions to the site, please do not hesitate to contact him. If you have any questions or concerns regarding this notification, please give me a call at 575-361-9880.

Thank you,

Monica Peppin

Project Manager

Vertex Resource Services Inc. 3101 Boyd Drive, Carlsbad, NM 88220

P 575.725.5001 Ext. 711 C 575.361.9880

www.vertex.ca

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State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. **Santa Fe, NM 87505**

CONDITIONS

Action 171919

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
WPX Energy Permian, LLC	246289
Devon Energy - Regulatory	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73102	171919
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Release Corrective Action (C-141)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
rhamlet	We have received your closure report and final C-141 for Incident #NAPP2233351431 RDX FEDERAL COM 17 #045H, thank you. This closure is approved.	4/11/2023