

Page 1 of 69

January 21, 2025

5E33088 BG22

EMNRD – Oil Conservation Division 506 W. Texas Ave Artesia, NM 88210

SUBJECT: Closure Request Report for the Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2, Incident IDs # nAPP2428730359, nAPP2431931028, and nAPP2433729249, Eddy County, New Mexico.

1.0 Introduction

On behalf of Devon Energy Production Company, LP (Devon), Souder, Miller & Associates (SMA) has prepared this Closure Request Report. This report describes the corrective actions for multiple produced water incidents related to oil and gas production activities at the Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 (Exotic Cat), Incident IDs: nAPP2428730359 that occurred on October 12, 2024, nAPP2431931028 on November 14, 2024, and nAPP2433729249 on November 30, 2024. The release area is located at latitude N 32.335969 and longitude W -103.698928.

Devon completed release notifications to the New Mexico Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department – Oil Conservation Division (OCD) via Operators Electronic Permitting and Payment Portal on October 13, 2024, incident nAPP2428730359, for the submission of Notice of Release (NOR), followed by the submission of the Form C-141, Release Notification on November 4, 2024. For incident ID nAPP2431931028 the NOR and Form C-141 were submitted on November 14, 2024, and for incident ID nAPP2433729249, the NOR submitted on December 2, 2024, and Form C-141 submitted on December 5, 2024. This letter provides a description of the spill assessment and includes a request for spill closure.

Table 1: Release Information and Closure Criteria						
Name	Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2	Company	Devon Energy Production Company, LP			
Facility ID	fAPP2308735100	Location	F-05-23S-32E N 32.335969, W -103.698928			
Incident Numbers	nAPP2428730359 nAPP2431931028 nAPP2433729249	Land Status	Federal			
Date of Release	October 12, 2024 November 14, 2024 November 30, 2024	Lease Number	NMNM63994			
Source of Release	Pinhole formed on load line connection at water tank Leak on dump line Pinhole leak in flowline to production tank					
Released Volume	20 bbls 18 bbls 9 bbls	Recovered Volume	20 bbls 18 bbls 9 bbls			
NMOCD Closure Criteria	Depth to groundwater <50 feet below ground surface (bgs)					

Devon Energy January 21, 2025

2.0 Background

nAPP2428730359

On October 12, 2024, a pinhole formed on the load line connection on the produced water storage tank resulting in a release into the secondary lined containment. The total volume of released fluids was 20 barrels (bbls) of produced water and approximately 20 bbls of the released fluids were recovered from the containment.

nAPP2431931028

On November 14, 2024, a leak on the water dump line developed resulting in a release into the secondary lined containment. The total volume of released fluids was 18 bbls of produced water and approximately 18 bbls of released fluids were recovered from the containment.

nAPP2433729249

On November 30, 2024, a water transfer pump failed resulting in a fluid release. The total volume of released fluids was 9 bbls of produced water and approximately 9 bbls of released fluids were recovered from the secondary lined containment.

Initial response activities were conducted by the operator, including source elimination, photographs of standing fluids, recovery of the released fluids, and verification that the affected area was properly exposed and cleaned for visual observation for each of the releases. Documentation of the liner inspection, including photographs, is provided in the Site Assessment Report in Attachment 1.

3.0 Site Geology and Vegetation

The Geologic Map of New Mexico by New Mexico Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources indicates the surface geology at the incident location area is comprised of primarily Qep – Eolian and piedmont deposits (Holocene to middle Pleistocene) interlayed eolian sands and piedmont-slope deposits. The soil is calcareous sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock.

The surrounding geography and terrain are associated with plains, hills, and dunes, at elevations between 2,842 and 4,500 feet above mean sea level (amsl). The annual average rainfall and precipitation ranges between 8 to 13 inches. Soil features of this site are deep and very deep.

The primary surficial soil type on the location is Kermit soils and Dune land. Subsurface features consist of fine sand or loamy fine sand while subsoils is fine sand or loamy fine sand with less than 10 percent clay content. This soil is subject to severe wind erosion and tend to be excessively drained, with very low runoff, low available water supply, and is not prime farmland.

The ecological setting of Sandhills integrated with Deep Sand with historic vegetation consisting of a mixture of grasses, shrubs, and forbs, with tall grasses dominating. Sand bluestem and giant dropseed are dominant grasses with Havard panicum and dropseeds as sub-dominants with remnants of plains bristlegrass, sand paspalum, and fourwing saltbrush. Sand shinnery oak and soapweed yucca, mesa dropseed, and threeawns can be found dispersed fairly uniform. Large natural bare areas or blowouts are a common feature in less stable areas.

4.0 Site Information and Closure Criteria

The Exotic Cat is located approximately 23.09 miles northeast of Malaga, New Mexico, on BLM land at an elevation of approximately 3,370 feet amsl. SMA personnel completed site assessment/characterization pursuant to 19.5.29.11-12 NMAC to determine potential environmental impacts and closure criteria. Site assessment and characterization results are included in Attachments 1 and 2.

There is no surface water located on site or within closure criteria parameters of the site. The nearest significant watercourse, as defined in 19.15.17.7.P NMAC, is the Pecos River located approximately 18.5 miles southwest of the site (U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Wetlands Inventory, 2024). There are no continuous flowing watercourses or significant watercourses, lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes, or other critical water or community features within the defined distances, as outlined in Paragraph (4) of Subsection C of 19.15.29.11 NMAC.

Depth to ground water was determined using New Mexico Office of the State Engineer (NMOSE) Water Rights Pod Location: ArcGIS Interactive Online Map. The nearest active pod is Pod C-04862-Pod1, a temporary borehole used for depth to groundwater determination, located 0.81 miles northeast from Exotic Cat. The temporary borehole was drilled to a depth of 105 feet bgs, where groundwater was discovered at a depth of 78 feet bgs. A freshwater well, Pod C-02349, located southeast of Exotic Cat is described as the nearest domestic well used for stock watering purposes 2.02 miles away.

Karst potential for the area that Exotic Cat is low and is 6.43 miles east of a medium karst feature, based on the New Mexico State Land Office Land Status Interactive Map (NMSLO).

Documentation of site characterization, including depth to groundwater, nearest domestic freshwater well, surface water features, and karst potential, is included in Attachment 2.

Based on data included in the closure criteria determination worksheet, the incident at Exotic Cat is not subject to the requirements of 19.15.29.11.A.4 NMAC. Due to insufficient data of depth to groundwater determination within a 0.5-mile radius, closure criteria for the site are the constituent concentration limits associated with less than 50 feet depth to groundwater (DTGW), as stated in Table I of 19.15.29.12 NMAC.

5.0 Remediation Activities

Notification of the liner inspection, scheduled for December 21, 2024, was provided to Devon and Bureau of Land Management (BLM) through email by SMA personnel on December 19, 2024. Devon provided notification to NMOCD through the ENMRD Electronic Permitting and Payment Portal for Operators on December 19, 2024. Notification documentation is included in Attachment 3.

On December 21, 2024, SMA personnel performed an on-site visual inspection of the secondary containment to verify liner integrity as outlined in Paragraph (5)(a) of Subsection A of 19.15.29.11 NMAC.

Visual observation of the liner included a complete inspection of all sidewalls and the base of the containment, around equipment, and all seams of the liner. The inspection included looking for any potential perforations in the liner that could lead to a breach of the secondary containment. Observations concluded no signs of any cuts, rips, tears, or weathering of the liner condition which need repairs or replacement. Liner integrity was confirmed. Photo documentation of the liner inspection is in the Site Assessment Photolog (Attachment 1).

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM	I
Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2	
(nAPP2428730359/nAPP2431931028/nAPP2433729249)	Devon Energy
Liner Inspection Closure Request	January 21, 2025

An extension request was submitted by Devon on January 9, 2025 to allow time to complete the closure report for all three releases associated with Exotic Cat. The extension request was approved by NMOCD on January 9, 2025, allowing an additional 30 days for submission of the final closure report. The new deadline is February 10, 2025. Documentation of correspondence between Devon and NMOCD is included with Attachment 3.

6.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the liner inspection and assessment, SMA concludes the liner integrity is adequate to contain the releases related to incidents nAPP2428730359, nAPP2431931028, and nAPP2433729249. There is no evidence of a release to the environment. Based on the professional activities and site assessment, Devon Energy Production Company respectfully requests closure of the incidents that occurred at Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2.

7.0 Scope and Limitations

The scope of our services included: visual inspection for liner integrity; regulatory liaison; and preparing this report. All work has been performed in accordance set forth in Subsection E of 19.15.29.12 NMAC with accepted professional environmental consulting practices for oil and gas incidents in the Permian Basin in New Mexico.

If there are any questions regarding this report, please contact Stephanie Hinds at (505) 302-1127 or Monica Peppin at (575) 909-3418.

Submitted by: SOUDER, MILLER & ASSOCIATES

Reviewed by:

Monica Peppin, A.S. Project Manager

Aliphunie Ands

Stephanie Hinds, P.E. Senior Engineer

REFERENCES:

New Mexico Office of the State Engineer (NMOSE) online water well database Httpe://gis.ose.state.nm.us/gisapps/ose_pod_locations/ USGS National Water Information System: Web interface online water well database https://nwis.waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/gwlevels?site_no=321205103544701&agency_cd=USGS& format=html

- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service: National Wetlands Inventory Wetlands Mapper | U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service
- New Mexico State Land Office: Land Status NMSLO Land Status
- United States Department of Agriculture: Natural Resources Conservation Service: Web Soil Survey https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov/App/WebSoilSurvey.aspx

USDA, USGS The National Map: Orthoimagry: FEMA's National Flood Hazard Layer (NFHL) Viewer https://hazards-

fema.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=8b0adb51996444d4879338b5529aa 9cd

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachment 1: Site Assessment Photolog Attachment 2: Closure Criteria Determination Research Attachment 3: Correspondence

ATTACHMENT 1: SITE ASSESSMENT PHOTOLOG

Site Inspection Report

<u>Client: Devon Energy Corporation</u> <u>Site Name: Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2</u> <u>API: fAPP2308735100</u> <u>Lease #: NMNM63994</u>

Field Notes

December 21, 2024, at 12:45 PM

 Arrive on location, fill out paperwork for notes and safety check/JSA-JHA, updated site information for GPS stamp, begin visual inspection of secondary containment, and collect photos for proof of liner integrity. Inspected for any visible perforations, cuts, rips, tears, or substantial weathering that could lead to the potential breach through the liner.

Incident ID: nAPP2428730359,

Project Owner: Jim Raley

nAPP2431931028, & nAPP2433729249

Project Manager: Monica Peppin

- The liner inspection activity concluded that the secondary containment contained all fluids that were released when the incident occured. Three incidents are being covered for this site visit and notice was given for each incident separately.
- No fluid released had any breach past the liner and all stayed within the containment. Liner integrity has been confirmed and photos for proof of liner integrity are located within this field report.

Visual documentation

Photograph #1: Lease Information

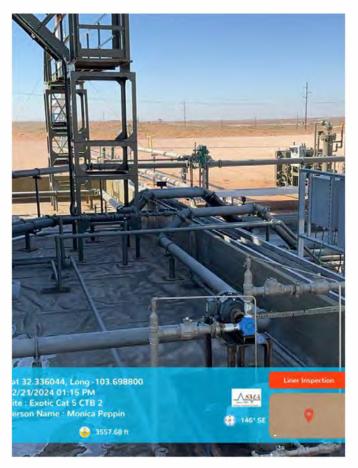




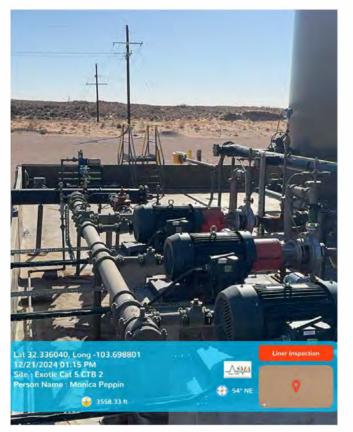
Stronger Communities by Design



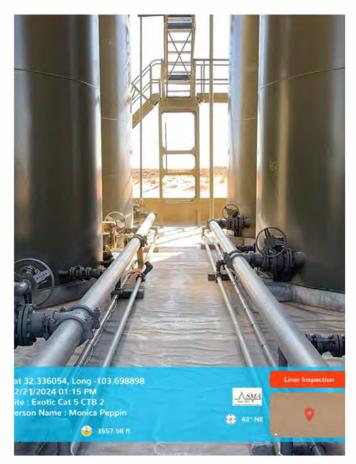
Photograph #2: North side of tank containment



Photograph #4: liner in tank Released to Inagrata in tank

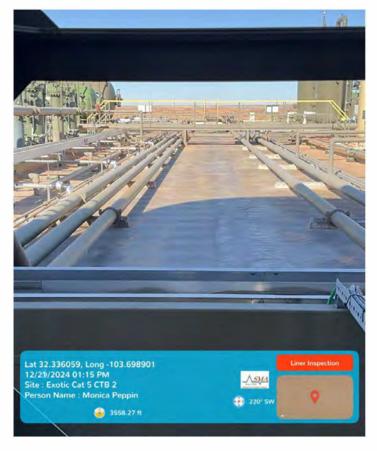


Photograph #3: East side of tank containment



Photograph #5: Liner between tanks

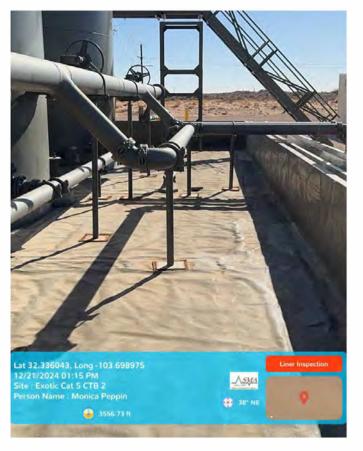
Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM



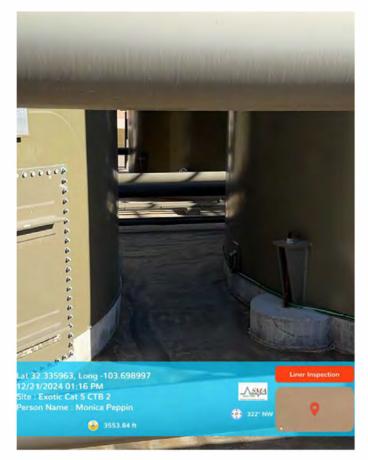
Photograph #6: Facing north showing liner from south end



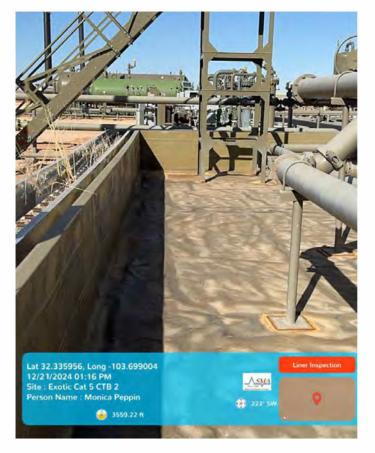
Photograph #8: Facing east from west/northwest side Released to Imaging: 2/4/2025 2:56:13 PM



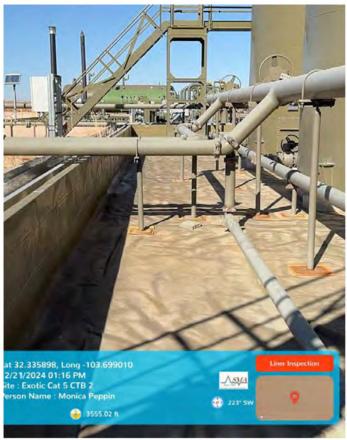
Photograph #7: Facing east from west middle area of containment



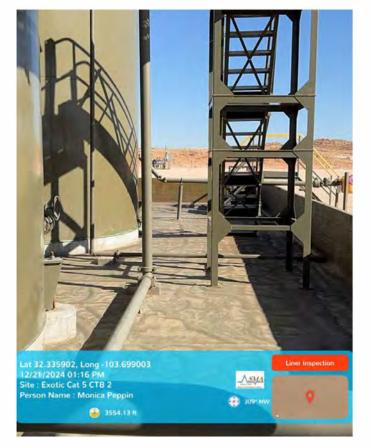
Photograph #9: Facing south from north west corner



Photograph #10: Facing west showing middle area between tanks



Photograph #12: Facing east from west/northwest side Released to Imaging: 2/4/2025 2:56:13 PM



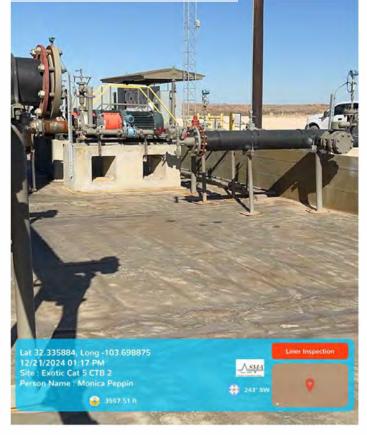
Photograph #11: Facing east from west middle area of containment



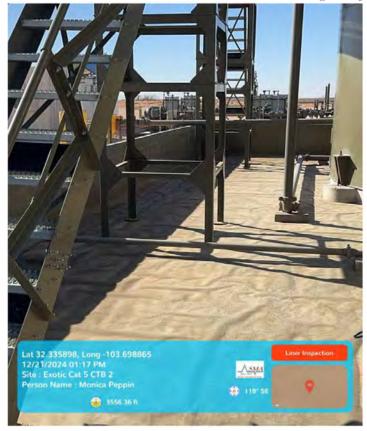
Photograph #13: Facing south from north west corner

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM

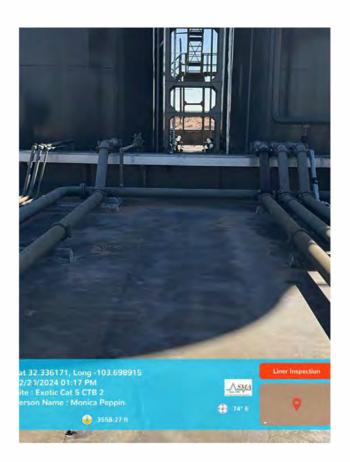
Page 11 of 69



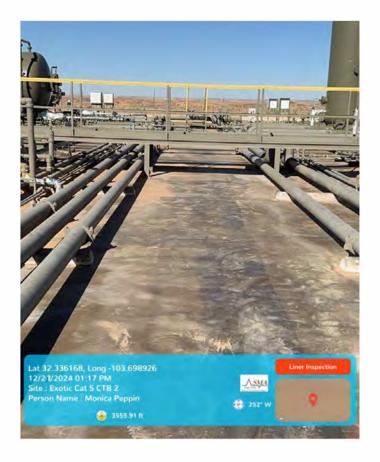
Photograph #14: Facing south from northwest corner



Photograph #15: Facing south from northeast side of containment

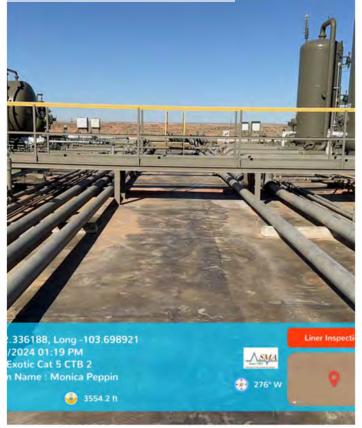


Photograph #16: north end of Released to Imaging 2/1/2023 pt.5 facing west

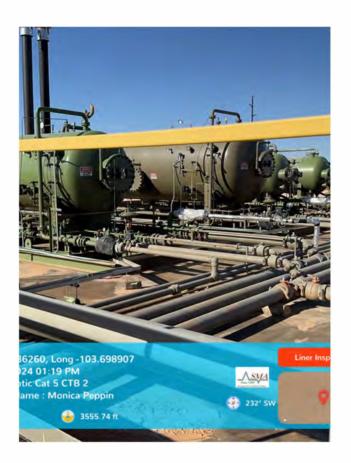


Photograph #17: Facing west/southwest from mid area on east side

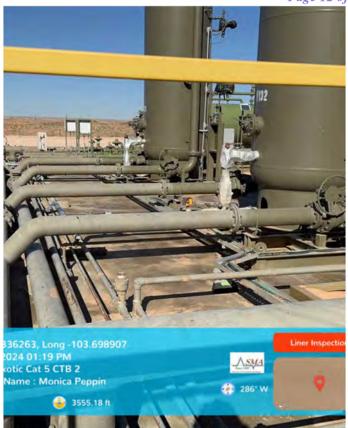
Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM



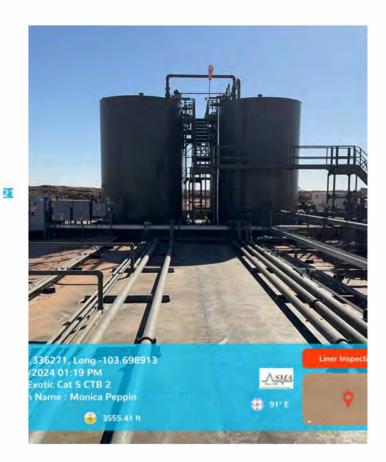
Photograph #18: View of liner towards steps facing north



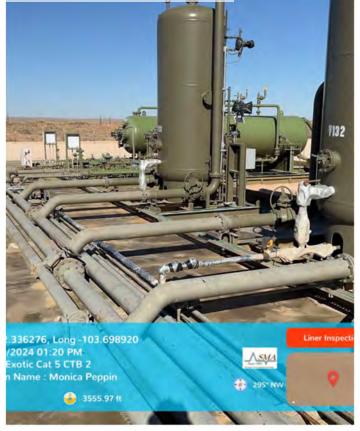
Photograph #20: Liner from steps Released to Imaging: in middle, area



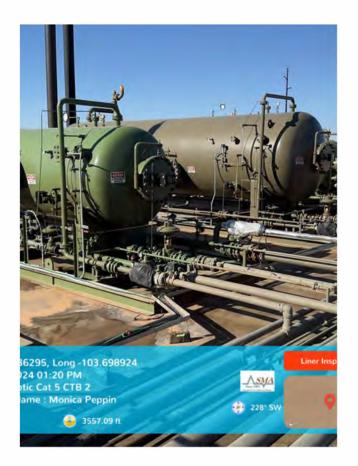
Photograph #19: Liner under piping and equipment in northeast corner



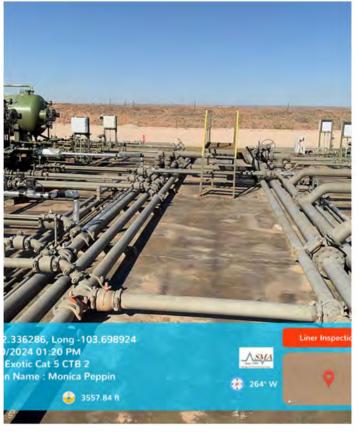
Photograph #21: Liner in mid area facing south towards tank containment



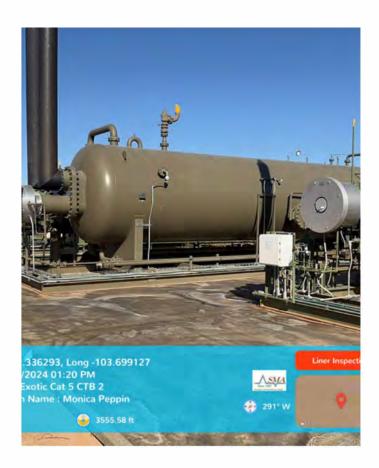
Photograph #22: View of liner around heater treaters and under piping



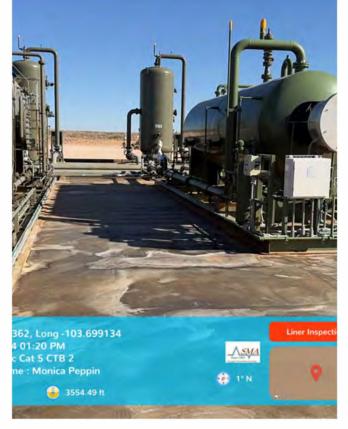
Photograph #24: View of liner Released to Imaging: 24/253935th 3 piping



Photograph #23: Liner view in middle portion of containment on north end



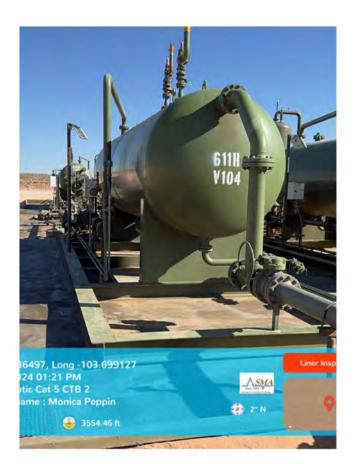
Photograph #25: Middle area of equipment



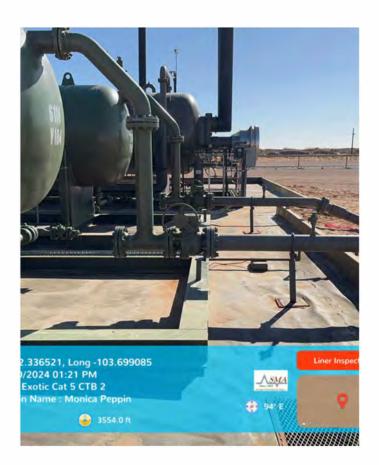
Photograph #26: West side of separators facing east



Photograph #27: Middle area between separators facing north

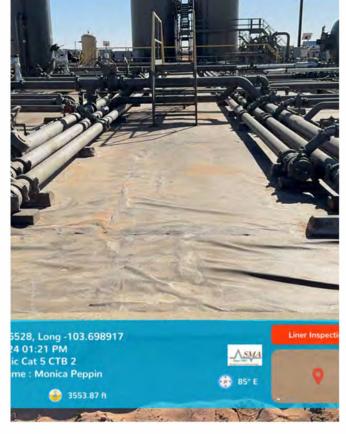


Photograph #28: north end of Released to Imaging 24/2023 9:5 facing west

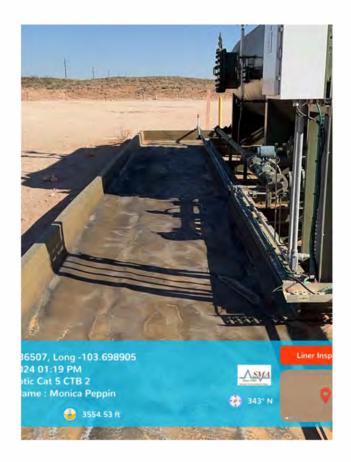


Photograph #29: Containment area on east side of separators

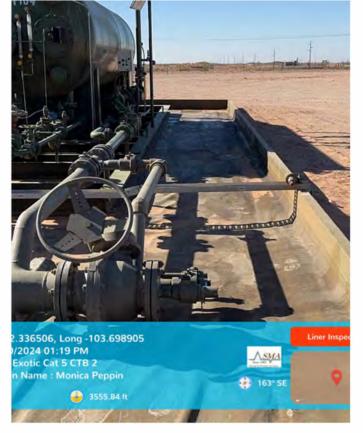
Page 15 of 69



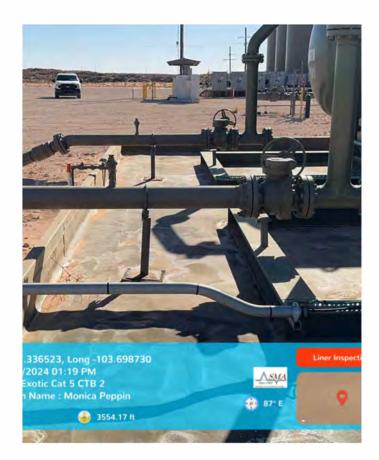
Photograph #30: Middle area where heater treaters are located



Photograph #32: north end of Released to Imaging 2492193 starsing east



Photograph #31: Facing west on north end of containment near separators

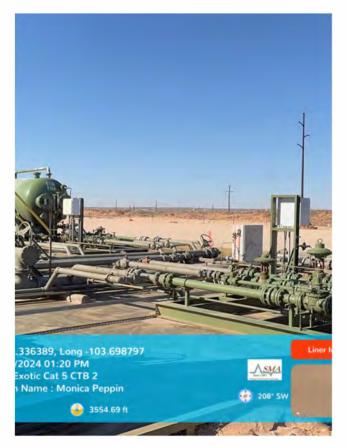


Photograph #33: east side of separators facing south

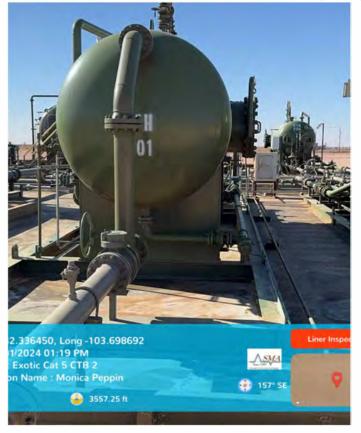
Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM



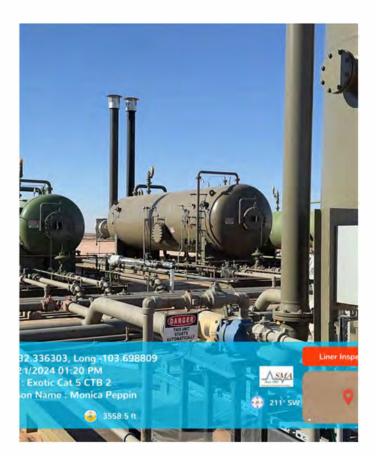
Photograph #34: Facing south from northwest corner



Photograph #36: north end of containment where separators and Released to Imaging: 24/2/15⁵ 2i⁵6⁻¹i⁶Cated



Photograph #35: Facing south from northeast side of containment



Photograph #37: Facing west/southwest from mid area on east side Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM



Photograph #38: Facing south from northwest corner



Photograph #39: Facing south from northeast side of containment

Technician: Monica Peppin___

Date: 12/21/2024____

Signature:

ATTACHMENT 2: CLOSURE CRITERIA DETERMINATION RESEARCH

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM EXOTIC Cat 5 CIB 2

Site Coordinates: 32.335969, -103.698928 Containment Area: Approximately 14,971 square feet

Ο.

LegendPage 19 of 69Image: Containment AreaImage: Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2

d

AN

100 ft



Google Earth <u>Released to Imaging: 2/4/2025 2:56:13 PM</u> Irrage © 2025 Airbus

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM

Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 - 0.5-Mile Radius & Nearest DTGW Pod



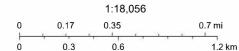
1/16/2025, 7:53:47 AM

Override 1 **GIS WATERS PODs**

Plugged

OSE District Boundary

Distance to C-04862-Pod1- 0.81 miles DTGW - 78 feet



Esri, HERE, iPC, Esri, HERE, Garmin, iPC, Maxar

NEW	/ ME	XICO OFFICE OF TH WR-07 APPLICATION FOR F A WELL WITH NO WA (check applicable b	TER RIGHT
		For fees, see State Engineer website: I	nttps://www.ose.nm.gov/
Purpose:		Pollution Control And/Or Recovery	Ground Source Heat Pump
Exploratory Well*(Pump test)		Construction Site/Public Works Dewatering	Other(Describe): groundwater determination
Monitoring Well		Mine Dewatering	
A separate permit will be required to app	oly wate	r to beneficial use regardless if use is co	nsumptive or nonconsumptive.
*New Mexico Environment Department-	Drinking	Water Bureau (NMED-DWB) will be not	ified if a proposed exploratory well is used for public water supply.
Check here if the borehole is a	nythin	g other than vertifical (directional b	oring or angle boring) and include a schematic of your design
Temporary Request - Request	ed Sta	rt Date: 7/15/24	Requested End Date: 7/15/25
Plugging Plan of Operations Subn	nitted?	🖲 Yes 🗌 No	
Note: if there is known artesian conditioner in the second state of the second state o			the drilling location, include the bonchole log or a well log from an

1. APPLICANT(S)

Name: Cimarex Energy CO./Coterra		Name:		
Contact or Agent: H&R Enterprises, LLC/James	check here if Agent 🔳 Hawley	Contact or Agent:	check here if Agent	
Mailing Address: PO 3641		Mailing Address:		
City: Hobbs		City:		
State: NM	Zip Code: 88241	State:	Zip Code:	
Phone: (575) 605-3471 Phone (Work):	Home Cell	Phone: Phone (Work):		
E-mail (optional): jhawley@h-r-enterprisses.com		E-mail (optional):		

000001000.0223924 er10/24

FOR OSE INTERNAL USE	Application for Permit, Form WR-07, Rev 07				
File No .: (-4862	Tm. No.: 7	64584	Receipt No.21	+7115	
Trans Description (optional):	XPL				
Sub-Basin: CUB		PCW/LOG Due I	Date: 8-5.	- 2025	
				Page 1 of 3	

2. WELL(S) Describe the well(s) applicable to this application.

 NM State Plane (NAD83) NM West Zone NM East Zone NM Central Zone 		JTM (NAD83) (Met]Zone 12N]Zone 13N	ers) SEF-Lat/Long (W 1/10 th of second)	GS84) (to the)	nearest
Well Number (if known):	X or Easting or Longitude:	Y or Northing or Latitude:	-Public Land Survey System (PLSS) (QQQSection, Township, Range) OR - Hydrographic Survey Map & Tract; OR - Lot, Block & Subdivision; OR - Land Grant Name	Well Depth in feet	Casing Diameter (OD)
C-4842 Pocl	-103.685720	32.339516	NWNW S4 T23S R32E	105	2"
NOTE: If more well location Additional well descriptions			m WR-08 (Attachment 1 – POD Descr If yes, how many	iptions)	
Other description relating well 2.2 miles East of CR 29	I to common landmark	s, streets, or other			
Well is on land owned by: BLM	Λ				
Well Information: NOTE: If c	casings telescope or	involve nested c	asing, please provide diagram. Attac	:hed? Yes	🔳 No
Approximate depth to water (f	feet): Uknown				
Driller Name: James Hawley			Driller License Number: WD-1862		

One 6" borehole will be advanced to determine the depth of groundwater at the Cimarex Energy CO./Coterra Red Tank 4 Fed #1 remediation site. The Borehole will be advanced until groundwater is reached or a maximum depth of 105' BGS, two inch casing will be installed into the borehole and left for 72 hours. After casing is gauged, it will be pulled and the borehole will be plugged pursuant to NMOSE guidelines. No pump will be installed.

the second second second			A. 3. 5. 5.		Canton
See Still	Sec.	44	5100	84.).	1.2.3

FOR OSE INTERNAL USE	Application for Permit, Form WR-07 Version 07	/10/2024
File No .: C-484	2 Im No.: 76-58-	
		Page 2 of 3

4. SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS: The applicant must include the following, as applicable to each well type. Please check the appropriate boxes, to indicate the information has been included and/or attached to this application:

Exploratory*:	Pollution Control and/or Recovery:	Construction	Mine De-Watering:
Is proposed	Include a plan for pollution	De-Watering:	Include a plan for pollution
well a future	control/recovery, that includes the	Include a description of the	control/recovery, that includes the following:
public water	following:	proposed dewatering	A description of the need for mine
supply well?	A description of the need for the	operation,	dewatering.
	pollution control or recovery operation.	The estimated duration of	The estimated maximum period of time
Yes 🔳 NO	time for completion of the operation.	the operation,	for completion of the operation.
If Yes, an	The annual diversion amount.	water to be diverted.	The geohydrologic characteristics of the
application must	The annual consumptive use	A description of the need	aquifer(s).
be filed with NMED-DWB.	amount.	for the dewatering operation,	The maximum amount of water to be
concurrently.	The maximum amount of water to be	and.	diverted per annum.
	diverted and injected for the duration of	A description of how the	The maximum amount of water to be
Include a	the operation.	diverted water will be disposed	diverted for the duration of the operation.
description of	The method and place of discharge.	of.	The quality of the water.
any proposed	The method of measurement of	Ground Source Heat Pump:	The method of measurement of water
pump test, if	water produced and discharged.	Include a description of the	diverted.
applicable.	The source of water to be injected.	geothermal heat exchange	The recharge of water to the aquifer.
	The method of measurement of	project,	Description of the estimated area of
Monitoring*:	water injected.	The number of boreholes	hydrologic effect of the project.
Include the	 The characteristics of the aquifer. The method of determining the 	for the completed project and	The method and place of discharge.
reason for	resulting annual consumptive use of	required depths.	water rights and underground water rights
the monitoring	water and depletion from any related	constructing the geothermal	from the mine dewatering project.
well, and,	stream system.	heat exchange project, and,	A description of the methods employed to
	Proof of any permit required from the	The duration of the project.	estimate effects on surface water rights and
The	New Mexico Environment Department.	Preliminary surveys, design	underground water rights.
duration	An access agreement if the	data, and additional	Information on existing wells, rivers,
of the planned	applicant is not the owner of the land on	information shall be included to	springs, and wetlands within the area of
	which the pollution plume control or	provide all essential facts	hydrologic effect.
monitoring.	recovery well is to be located.	relating to the request.	

(* if exploration or monitoring drilling activity is required by NMED, then you must also submit the NMED Work Plan)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I, We (name of applicant(s)), James Hawley

0

11_

Print Name(s)

affirm that the foregoing statements are true to the best of (my,our) knowledge and belief.

Applicant Signature	and the second	Applicant Signa	ture THE STA
U	ACTION OF THE ST	ATE ENGINEER	0°
	This applic		
	proved pa	artially approved	denied
provided it is not exercised to the detri Mexico nor detrimental to the public w			
Witness my hand and seal this _5th	a day of August	20 24	, for the State Engineer,
	, S	tate Engineer	Carolline al 2020 = 2025
By: K.Pare	k		p Parekh
Signature		Print	
Title: Water Resources	Manager I		
Print	manageri		
	FOR OSE INTERNAL	USE Ap	oplication for Permit, Form WR-07 Version 07/10/2024
	File No.: C-48	862	TM No.: 764584
			Page 3 of 3

NEW MEXICO STATE ENGINEER OFFICE PERMIT TO EXPLORE

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

- 17-16 Construction of a water well by anyone without a valid New Mexico Well Driller License is illegal, and the landowner shall bear the cost of plugging the well by a licensed New Mexico well driller. This does not apply to driven wells, the casing of which does not exceed two and three-eighths inches outside diameter.
- 17-1A Depth of the well shall not exceed the thickness of the valley fill.
- 17-4 No water shall be appropriated and beneficially used under this permit.
- 17-6 The well authorized by this permit shall be plugged completely using the following method per Rules and Regulations Governing Well Driller Licensing, Construction, Repair and Plugging of Wells; Subsection C of 19.27.4.30 NMAC unless an alternative plugging method is proposed by the well owner and approved by the State Engineer upon completion of the permitted use. All pumping appurtenance shall be removed from the well prior to plugging. To plug a well, the entire well shall be filled from the bottom upwards to ground surface using a tremie pipe. The bottom of the tremie shall remain submerged in the sealant throughout the entire sealing process; other placement methods may be acceptable and approved by the state engineer. The well shall be plugged with an office of the state engineer approved sealant for use in the plugging of non-artesian wells. The well driller shall cut the casing off at least four (4) feet below ground surface and fill the open hole with at least two vertical feet of approved sealant. The driller must fill or cover any open annulus with sealant. Once the sealant has cured, the well driller or well owner may cover the seal with soil. A Plugging Report for said well shall be filed with the Office of the State Engineer in a District Office within 30 days of completion of the plugging.

Trn Desc: C 04862 POD1

File Number: <u>C 04862</u> Trn Number: <u>764584</u>

page: 1

NEW MEXICO STATE ENGINEER OFFICE PERMIT TO EXPLORE

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (Continued)

- 17-7 The Permittee shall utilize the highest and best technology available to ensure conservation of water to the maximum extent practical.
- 17-B The well shall be drilled by a driller licensed in the State of New Mexico in accordance with 72-12-12 NMSA 1978. A licensed driller shall not be required for the construction of a well driven without the use of a drill rig, provided that the casing shall not exceed two and three-eighths (2 3/8) inches outside diameter.
- 17-C The well driller must file the well record with the State Engineer and the applicant within 30 days after the well is drilled or driven. It is the well owner's responsibility to ensure that the well driller files the well record. The well driller may obtain the well record form from any District Office or the Office of the State Engineer website.
- 17-C2 No water shall be diverted from this well except for testing purposes which shall not exceed ten (10) cumulative days, and well shall be plugged or capped on or before, unless a permit to use water from this well is acquired from the Office of the State Engineer.
- 17-G If artesian water is encountered, the well driller shall comply with all rules and regulations pertaining to the drilling and casing of artesian wells.
- 17-P The well shall be constructed, maintained, and operated to prevent inter-aquifer exchange of water and to prevent loss of hydraulic head between hydrogeologic zones.

Trn Desc: C 04862 POD1

File Number: <u>C 04862</u> Trn Number: <u>764584</u>

page: 2

NEW MEXICO STATE ENGINEER OFFICE PERMIT TO EXPLORE

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL (Continued)

- 17-Q The State Engineer retains jurisdiction over this permit.
- 17-R Pursuant to section 72-8-1 NMSA 1978, the permittee shall allow the State Engineer and OSE representatives entry upon private property for the performance of their respective duties, including access to the ditch or acequia to measure flow and also to the well for meter reading and water level measurement.
- LOG The Point of Diversion C 04862 POD1 must be completed and the Well Log filed on or before 08/05/2025.

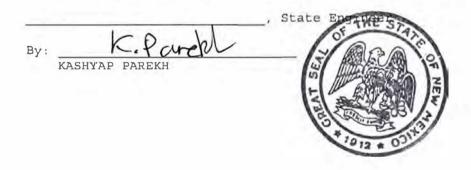
IT IS THE PERMITTEE'S RESPONSIBILITY TO OBTAIN ALL AUTHORIZATIONS AND PERMISSIONS TO DRILL ON PROPERTY OF OTHER OWNERSHIP BEFORE COMMENCING ACTIVITIES UNDER THIS PERMIT.

ACTION OF STATE ENGINEER

Notice of Intention Rcvd:		Date Rcvd. Corrected:
Formal Application Rcvd:	07/22/2024	Pub. of Notice Ordered:
Date Returned - Correction:		Affidavit of Pub. Filed:

This application is approved provided it is not exercised to the detriment of any others having existing rights, and is not contrary to the conservation of water in New Mexico nor detrimental to the public welfare of the state; and further subject to the specific conditions listed previously.

Witness my hand and seal this 05 day of Aug A.D., 2024



	Deee	0	04000	DODI	
Irn	Desc:	C	04862	PODI	

File	Number:	C 04862
Trn	Number:	764584

page: 3





Roswell Office 1900 WEST SECOND STREET ROSWELL, NM 88201

STATE OF NEW MEXICO OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

Trn Nbr: 764584 File Nbr: C 04862

Aug. 05, 2024

JAMES HAWLEY CIMAREX ENERGY C O COTERRA P.O. BOX 3641 HOBBS, NM 88241

Greetings:

Your approved copy of the above numbered permit to drill a well for non-consumptive purposes is enclosed. You must obtain an additional permit if you intend to use the water. It is your responsibility to provide the contracted well driller with a copy of the permit that must be made available during well drilling activities.

Carefully review the attached conditions of approval for all specific permit requirements.

- * If use of this well is temporary in nature and the well will be plugged at the end of the well usage, the OSE must initially approve of the plugging. If plugging approval is not conditioned in this permit, the applicant must submit a Plugging Plan of Operations for approval prior to the well being plugged. The Plugging Record must be properly completed and submitted to the OSE within 30 days of the well plugging.
- * If the final intended purpose and condition requires a well ID tag and meter installation, the applicant must immediately send a completed meter report form to this office.
- * The well record and log must be submitted within 30 days of the completion of the well or if the attempt was a dry hole.
- * This permit expires and will be cancelled if no well is drilled and/or a well log is not received by the date set forth in the conditions of approval.

Appropriate forms can be downloaded from the OSE website www.ose.state.nm.us.

men Climit Sincerely,

Vanessa Clements (575)622-6521

Enclosure

explore

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM Page 28 of 69 SWSE SWSW **SESW** SWSE SESE 33 32 L 3 L 2 L2 L1 17 04 05 SENW SWNE SENE SWNW SWNE Esri, HERE, Garmin, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, NMTRD, Larry Brotman, OSE SLO, BLM Spatial Information Coordinates NEW MEXICO OFFICE Land Grant: Not in Land Grant County: Lea OF THE UTM - NAD 83 (m) - Zone 13 Groundwater Basin: Carlsbad STATE ENGINEER Abstract Area: Carlsbad 72-12-1 Easting 623686.689 Northing 3578827.839 1:9,028 **Carlsbad Underground Basin** State Plane - NAD 83 (f) - Zone E **Regulation Area:** N Easting 741351.304 Carlsbad/Capitan/Lea Closure Northing 487850.681 **PLSS Description Degrees Minutes Seconds** SW NE NW NW Qtr of Sec 4 of 23S 32E Latitude 32:20:22.257600 Longitude -103:41:8.592000 Derived from Projected PLSS- Qtr Sec. 8/5/2024 locations are calculated and are only Location pulled from Coordinate Search approximations **POD Information Parcel Information** Owner: UPC/DocNum: File Number: Parcel Owner: Interstate Stream Commission Address:null null null POD Status: NoData Permit Status: NoData Permit Use: NoData Legal: Purpose: Valencia County Calculated New Mexico State Colfax County Guadalupe Luna County Roosevelt Santa Fe PLSS Parcels 2023 County Parcels Parcels 2023 County Parcels County Parcels Parcels 2023 **Trust Lands** 2023 2023 2023 Coord Search Curry County McKinley **Both Estates** Parcels 2023 Harding County County Parcels Sandoval Sierra County Location Sections Bemalillo Parcels 2023 2023 County Parcels Parcels 2023 Water Right De Baca County Parcels 2023 Regulations County Parcels Hidalgo County Socorro County Mora County 20.23 Parcels 2023 Parcels 2023 2023 Parcel 2023 San Juan 85 Closure Area Catron County **County Parcels** Doña Ana Lea County Otero County Taos County Parcels 2023 2023 Artesian County Parcels Parcels 2023 Parcels 2023 Parcels 2023 Planning Area Chaves County 2023 San Miquel Lincoln County Quay County Torrance Parcels 2023 County Parcels OSE District Eddy County Parcels 2023 Parcels 2023 County Parcels 2023 Boundary Cibola County Parcels 2023 2023 Los Alamos Rio Arriba Parcels 2023 Grant County **County Parcels** County Parcels Union County Parcels 2023 2023 2023 Released to Imaging: 2/4/2025 2:56 13 PM els 2023

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM

U.S. Department of the inte

Page 29 of 69

undry Print Report

07/17/2024

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	2. PR - 20	A CONTRACTOR
Well Name: RED TANK 4 FEDERAL	Well Location: T23S / R32E / SEC 4 / NWNW / 32.3395163 / -103.6857202	County or Parish/State: LEA / NM
Well Number: 1	Type of Well: OIL WELL	Allottee or Tribe Name:
Lease Number: NMNM126065	Unit or CA Name:	Unit or CA Number:
US Well Number: 3002540534	Operator: CIMAREX ENERGY COMPANY	

Notice of Intent

Sundry ID: 2798382

Type of Submission: Notice of Intent

Date Sundry Submitted: 07/01/2024

Date proposed operation will begin: 07/08/2024

Type of Action: Other

Time Sundry Submitted: 01:13

Procedure Description: The Red Tank 4 Federal 1 at D-04-23S-32E, Lea County, NM, GPS coordinates 32.33921, -103.68561, and the immediate area requires advanced soil boring to take place at approximately (105') feet below ground surface to remediate release (NMOCD Spill incident Number nAPP2412576675). The boring will be secured and left open for (72) hours at which time (Cimarex Energy Co. of Colorado) will assess for the presence or absence of groundwater. Temporary PVC well material will be placed to total depth of the boring and secured at the surface. If water is encountered at any point during the boring, installation of the soil boring will be plugged using Portland Type 1/11 neat cement less than 6.0 gallons of water per 94lb sack. If no water is encountered, then the soil boring will be plugged.

Surface Disturbance

Is any additional surface disturbance proposed?: No

000011 JUL 22 2024 #10:25

Page 30 of 69

Well Name: RED TANK	ERAL	Well Location: T23S / R32E / SEC 4 / NWNW / 32.3395163 / -103.6857202	inty or Parish/State: LEA /
Well Number: 1		Type of Well: OIL WELL	Allottee or Tribe Name:
Lease Number: NMNM1260	65	Unit or CA Name:	Unit or CA Number:
US Well Number: 30025405	34	Operator: CIMAREX ENERGY COMPANY	

Conditions of Approval

Additional

20240715_RED_TANK_4_FEDERAL_1___St_Engineer_Office_drilling_approval_20240716091236.pdf

Operator

I certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction. Electronic submission of Sundry Notices through this system satisfies regulations requiring a

Operator Electronic Signature: LACI LUIG

Signed on: JUL 01, 2024 01:12 PM

Name: CIMAREX ENERGY COMPANY

Title: EHS Specialist

Street Address: 6001 DEAUVILLE BLVD SUITE 300N

City: MIDLAND State: TX

Phone: (432) 208-3035

Email address: LACI.LUIG@COTERRA.COM

Field

 Representative Name: Laci Luig

 Street Address: 6001 Deauville Blvd.

 City: Midland
 State: TX

 Phorie: (432)208-3035

 Email address: laci.luig@coterra.com

Zip: 79706

BLM Point of Contact

BLM POC Name: CHRISTOPHER WALLS BLM POC Phone: 5752342234 Disposition: Approved Signature: Chris Walls BLM POC Title: Petroleum Engineer BLM POC Email Address: cwalls@blm.gov Disposition Date: 07/16/2024



United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT Carlsbad Field Office 620 E. Greene St. Carlsbad, NM 88220-6292

In Reply Refer To: 3162.4 (NM-080)

July 15, 2024

NM Office of the State Engineer 1900 W. Second St. Roswell, NM 88201

Re: RED TANK 4 FEDERAL 1 Sec 4, TS 23S, RE 32E Lea County, New Mexico 32.33921, -103.68561

To Whom It May Concern:

The above well location and the immediate area mentioned above requires advanced soil boring to take place at approximately 105 feet below ground surface. The boring will be secured and left open for 72 hours at which time CIMAREX ENERGY COMPANY will assess for the presence or absence of groundwater. Temporary PVC well material will be placed to total depth of the boring and secured at the surface. If water is encountered at any point during the boring, installation of the soil boring will be plugged using Portland Type 1/11 neat cement less than 6.0 gallons of water per 94lb sack. If no water is encountered, then the soil boring will be plugged. The Bureau of Land Management (landowner) authorizes the access of the area to accomplish depth to groundwater determination of this site.

If you have any questions contact Crisha Morgan, at 575-234-5987. GOD DI JUL 22 2024 #10125

Sincerely,

CRISHA MORGAN Digitally signed by CRISHA MORGAN Date: 2024.07.15 10:21:57 -06'0()'

Crisha A. Morgan Certified Environmental Protection Specialist

Point of Diversion Summary

			quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE quarters are smallest to largest					NAD83 UTM in meters				
Well Tag	POD	Nbr	Q64	1	Q16	Q4	Sec	Tws	Rng	x	Y	Мар
NA	C 048	62 POD1	NE		NW	NW	04	23S	32E	623697.0	3578798.5	•
* UTM loca	ation wa	as derived	fron	n PLSS - :	see Help							
Driller Lice	ense:	1862		Driller (Company:	H&R ENT	ERPRISE	S, LLC				
Driller Na	me:	HAWLEY,	JAM	es cody	ELALL OFF							
Drill Start	Date:	2024-08-	14	Drill Fin	ish Date:	2024-08-	14		Plug	Date:	2024-08-22	
Log File D	ate:	2024-08-3	30	PCW Ro	v Date:				Sour	ce:	Shallow	
Pump Typ	e:			Pipe Dis	scharge Size:				Estim	ated Yield:		
Casing Siz	e:			Depth V	Vell:	105			Dept	h Water:	78	

40 85 Shale/Mudstone/Siltstone

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

1/16/25 8:02 AM MST

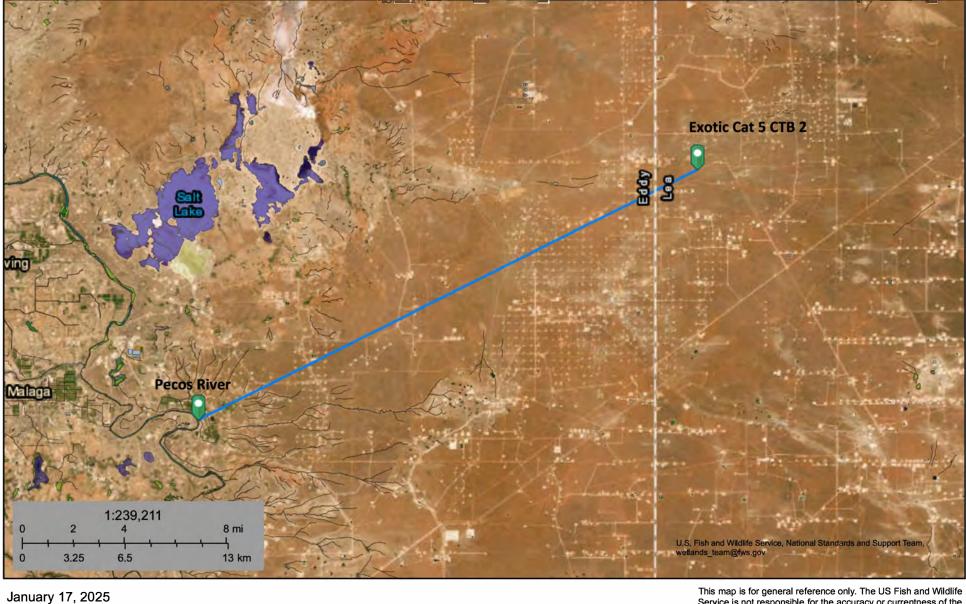
Point of Diversion Summary

©2024 New Mexico Office of the State Engineer, All Rights Reserved. | Disclaimer | Contact Us | Help | Home |

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory

Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 Page 33 of 69 Nearest Flowing Watercourse: Pecos River Distance: 18.5 miles (97,814 feet)



Wetlands

- **Estuarine and Marine Deepwater**
- **Estuarine and Marine Wetland**

Released to Imaging: 2/4/2025 2:56:13 PM

- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- **Freshwater Pond**

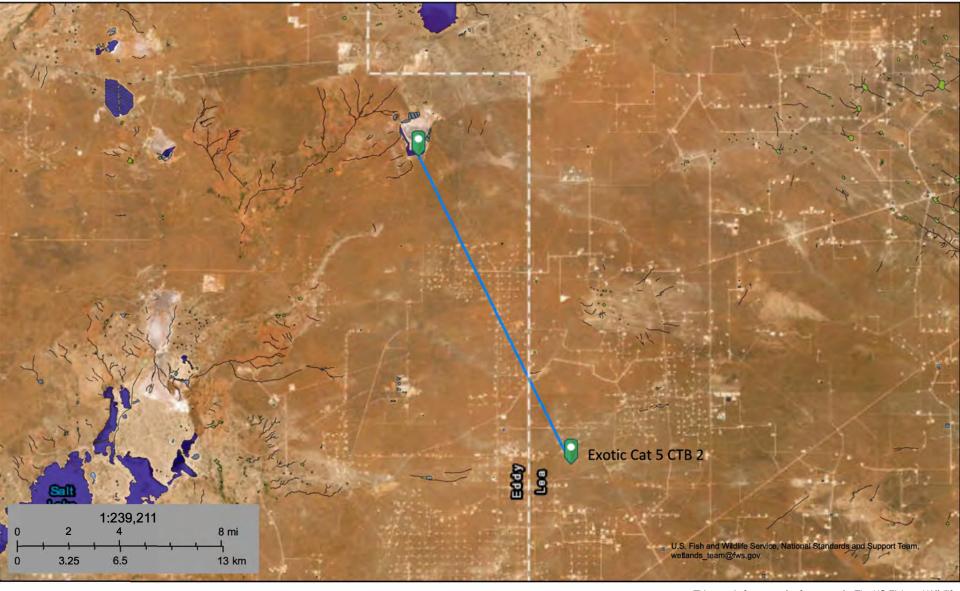
Lake Other Riverine Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

2025 7.11.22 Rece d by OC

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory

Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 Nearest Lakebed - Salt Lakes Distance - 11.3 miles (59,927 feet)

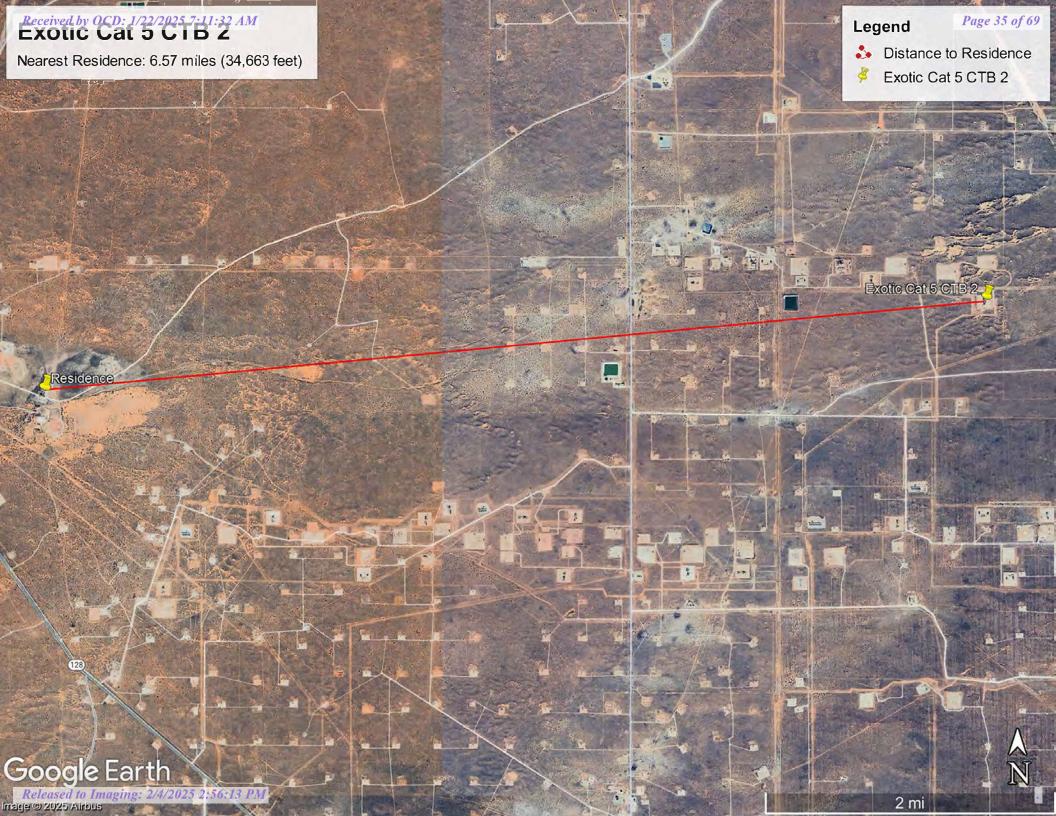


January 17, 2025

Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- **Estuarine and Marine Wetland**
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- **Freshwater Pond**

Lake Other Riverine This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.



Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 - Pod C-02349 Stock Watering



1/16/2025, 8:40:29 AM

Override 1 GIS WATERS PODs

Plugged

e

OSE District Boundary

Distance to Stock Watering Pod - 2.02 miles/33,943 feet

1:18,056 0 0.17 0.35 0.7 mi 0 0.3 0.6 1.2 km

Esri, HERE, iPC, Esri, HERE, Garmin, iPC, Maxar

Water Right Summary

1	WR File Number:	C 02349	Subbasin:	CUB	Cross Reference:
image	Primary Purpose:	STK 72-12-1 LIVESTOCK WATERING			
list	Primary Status:	DCL Declaration			
	Total Acres:	0.000	Subfile:		Header:
	Total Diversion:	3.000	Cause/Case:		
	Owner:	CHARLES F. JAMES	Owner Class:	Owne r	

Documents on File

Transaction Images	Trn #	Doc	File/Act	Status 1	Status 2	Transaction Desc.	From/To	Acres	Divers
	<u>154820</u>	DCL	1998-09-09	DCL	PRC	C 02349	т	0.000	3.000

Current Points of Diversion

POD Number	Well Tag	Source	Q64	Q16	Q 4	Sec	Tws	Rng	Х	Y	Мар	Other Location Desc
<u>C 02349</u>	NA		SE	NE	SW	03	235	32E	625677.9	3578003.4	•	

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

1/16/25 8:36 AM MST

Water Rights Summary

©2024 New Mexico Office of the State Engineer, All Rights Reserved. | Disclaimer | Contact Us | Help | Home |

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM EXOLIC Cal 5 CIB 2

Nearest Town: Malaga, NM Distance: 23.09 miles (121,927 feet)

and a

Page 38 of 69 Legend 4 Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2

Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2

The second

1 Mar 1 -----

2 Dr. B. Barnarde B. to be and share - section in

1. 1. 2.

The last

78124

10 mi

Google Earth Released to Imaging: 2/4/2025 2:56:13 PM

S

W. HI K. MARINA

YE

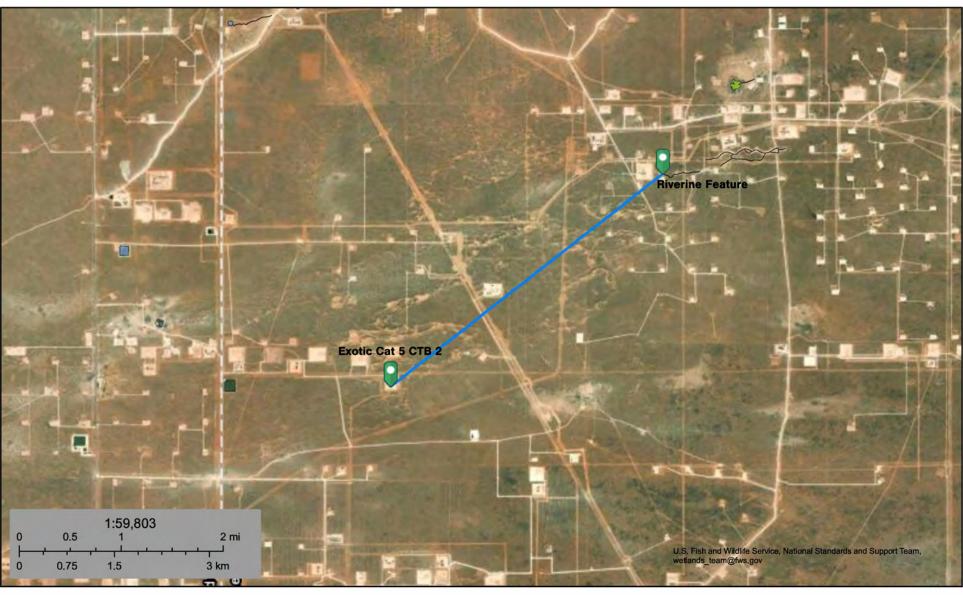
100

Malagi

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

National Wetlands Inventory

Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 Nearest Wetlands Feature - Riverine Distance - 2.86 miles (15,103 feet)



January 16, 2025

Wetlands

Released to Imaging: 2/4/2025 2:56:13 PM

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater **Estuarine and Marine Wetland**
- - **Freshwater Pond**

Freshwater Emergent Wetland

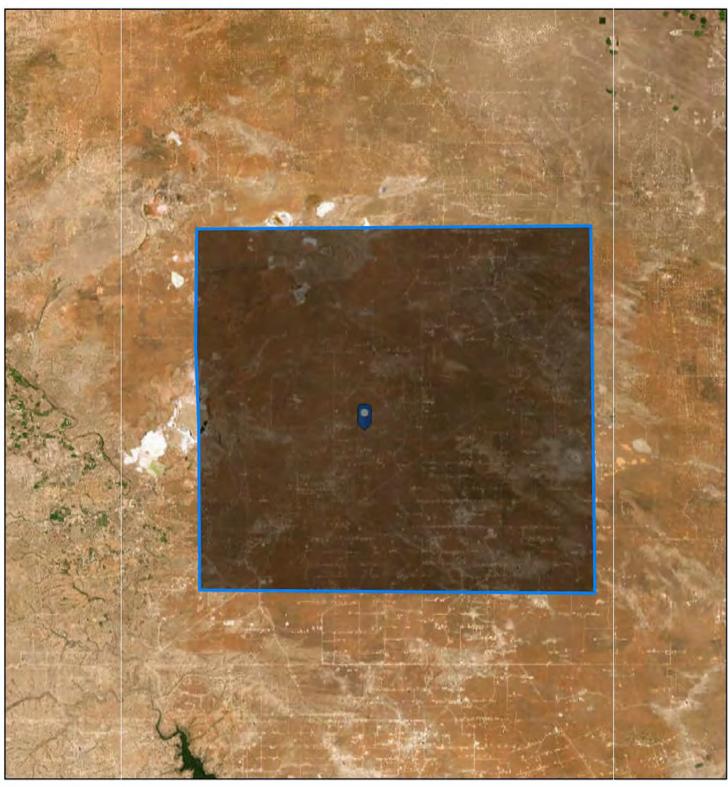
Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

Lake Other Riverine This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

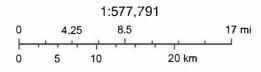
Page 39 of 69

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM

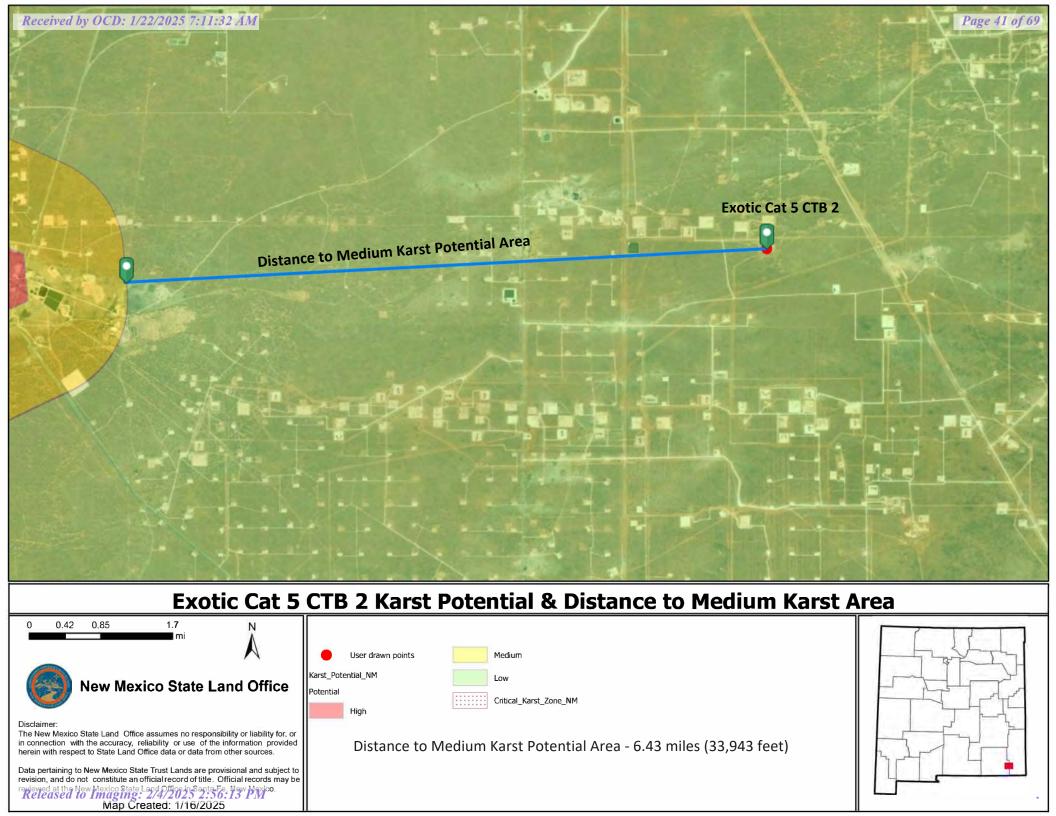
Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 - Subsurface Mines with 922 Sq Mile Buffer



1/17/2025, 8:26:22 PM



Earthstar Geographics. NM Coal Mine Reclamation Program. NM EMNRD

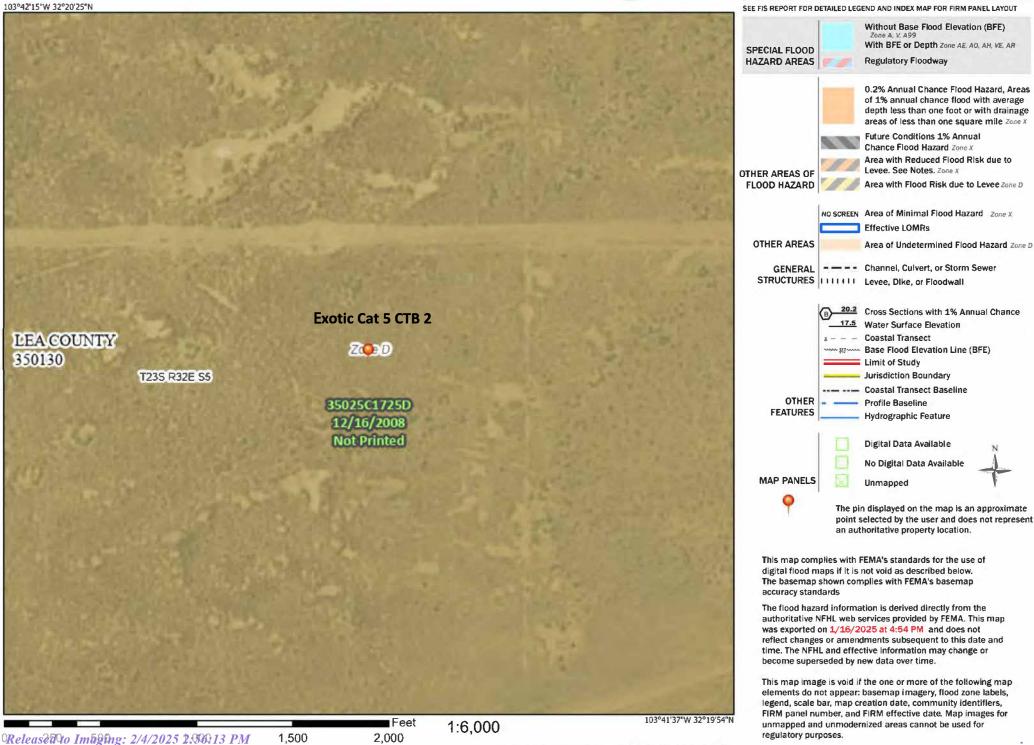


Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

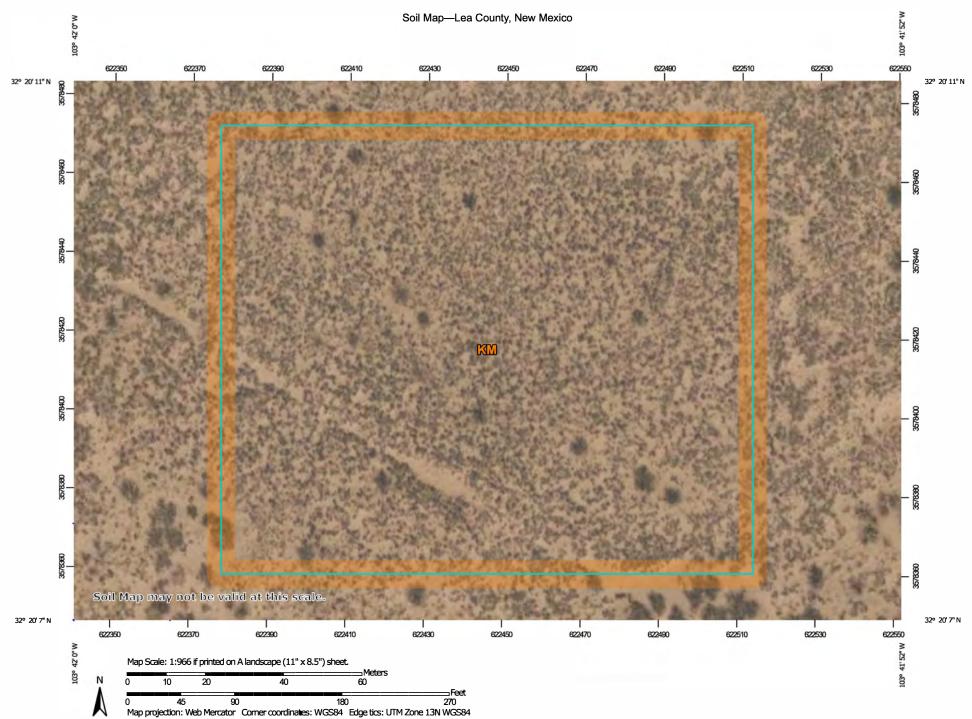


Legend

Page 42 of 69



Basemap Imagery Source: USGS National Map 2023



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service PM Released to Imaging: 2/4/2025 2:50:13 PM Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey 1/17/2025 Page 1 of 3

	MAP L	EGEND	MAP INFORMATION
Soils	terest (AOI) Area of Interest (AOI) Soil Map Unit Polygons Soil Map Unit Lines Soil Map Unit Points Point Features Blowout Borrow Pit Clay Spot	 Spoil Area Stony Spot Very Stony Spot Very Stony Spot Vet Spot Other Special Line Features Streams and Canals Transportation Rails 	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000. Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.
◇ ‰ ∴ ◎ ▲ ★ ◎ ◎ > + ∵ = ◇ ∢ ◎	Closed Depression Gravel Pit Gravelly Spot Landfill Lava Flow Marsh or swamp Mine or Quarry Miscellaneous Water Perennial Water Rock Outcrop Saline Spot Sandy Spot Severely Eroded Spot Sinkhole Slide or Slip Sodic Spot	 Interstate Highways US Routes Major Roads Local Roads Background Aerial Photography	Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data a of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Lea County, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 21, Sep 3, 2024 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Feb 7, 2020—May 12, 2020 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Released to Imaging: 2/4/2023 2:56:13 PM

.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
КМ	Kermit soils and Dune land, 0 to 12 percent slopes	3.8	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		3.8	100.0%



Lea County, New Mexico

KM—Kermit soils and Dune land, 0 to 12 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: dmpx Elevation: 3,000 to 4,400 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 15 inches Mean annual air temperature: 60 to 62 degrees F Frost-free period: 190 to 205 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Kermit and similar soils: 46 percent Dune land: 44 percent Minor components: 10 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Kermit

Setting

Landform: Dunes Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Calcareous sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 8 inches: fine sand C - 8 to 60 inches: fine sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 5 to 12 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Excessively drained
Runoff class: Very low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very high (20.00 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 3 percent
Gypsum, maximum content: 1 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 2.0
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Low (about 3.1 inches)

Map Unit Description: Kermit soils and Dune land, 0 to 12 percent slopes---Lea County, New Mexico

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: A Ecological site: R070BC022NM - Sandhills Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Dune Land

Setting

Landform: Dunes Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope Down-slope shape: Concave, convex, linear Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

A - 0 to 6 inches: fine sand C - 6 to 60 inches: fine sand

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 8 Hydrologic Soil Group: A Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Palomas

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Ecological site: R070BD003NM - Loamy Sand Hydric soil rating: No

Pyote

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Ecological site: R070BD003NM - Loamy Sand Hydric soil rating: No

Wink

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Ecological site: R070BD003NM - Loamy Sand Hydric soil rating: No

Maljamar

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Ecological site: R070BD003NM - Loamy Sand



Map Unit Description: Kermit soils and Dune land, 0 to 12 percent slopes---Lea County, New Mexico

Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Lea County, New Mexico Survey Area Data: Version 21, Sep 3, 2024



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service

Ecological site R070BC022NM Sandhills

Accessed: 01/17/2025

General information

Provisional. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

Figure 1. Mapped extent

Areas shown in blue indicate the maximum mapped extent of this ecological site. Other ecological sites likely occur within the highlighted areas. It is also possible for this ecological site to occur outside of highlighted areas if detailed soil survey has not been completed or recently updated.

Table 1. Dominant plant species

Tree	Not specified
Shrub	Not specified
Herbaceous	Not specified

Physiographic features

This site occurs on plains. The soils are calcareous sandy eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock. Land form of sand dunes or hillslopes. Slopes average 5 to 35 percent. Slopes are complex as the steeper slopes are shorter in length while the more gentle slopes are longer in length. Direction of slopes vary and is usually not significant. Elevations range from 2,842 to 4,500 feet.

Landforms(1) Plain
(2) Hill
(3) DuneFlooding frequencyNonePonding frequencyNoneElevation2,842–4,500 ftSlope5–35%AspectAspect is not a significant factor

Table 2. Representative physiographic features

Climatic features

The climate of the area is "semi-arid continental". The average annual precipitation ranges from 8 to 13 inches. Variations of 5 inches, more or less, are common. Over 80 percent of the precipitation falls from April through October. Most of the summer precipitation comes in the form of high intensity – short duration thunderstorms. Temperatures are characterized by distinct seasonal changes and large annual and diurnal temperature changes. The average annual temperature is 61 degrees with extremes of 25 degrees below zero in the winter to 112 degrees in the summer. The average frost-free season is 180 to 220 days. The last killing frost is in late March or early April, and the first killing frost is in late October or early November. Temperature and rainfall both favor warm season perennial plant growth. In years of abundant spring moisture, annual forbs and cool season grasses can make up an important component of this site. Because of the texture of this soil, most rainfall is effective. Strong winds blow from the west and southwest from January through June which accelerates soil drying at a time for cool season

plant growth.

Climate data was obtained from http://www.wrcc.sage.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html web site using 50% probability for freeze-free and frost-free seasons using 28.5 degrees F and 32.5 degrees F respectively.

Table 3. Representative climatic features

Frost-free period (average)	220 days
Freeze-free period (average)	240 days
Precipitation total (average)	13 in

Influencing water features

This site is not influenced by wetlands or streams.

Soil features

The soils of this site are deep and very deep. Surface textures are fine sand or loamy fine sand. Subsoilis a fine sand or loamy fine sand to a depth of 60 inches or more. These soils have less than 10 percent clay content. These soils are subject to severe wind erosion if vegetative cover is not adequate.

Minimum and maximum values listed below represent the characterist soils for this site.

Characteristic Soils Are: Kermit Aguena

Surface texture	(1) Fine sand(2) Loamy fine sand(3) Loamy sand
Family particle size	(1) Sandy
Drainage class	Well drained to excessively drained
Permeability class	Rapid to very rapid
Soil depth	60–72 in
Surface fragment cover <=3"	0–5%
Surface fragment cover >3"	0%
Available water capacity (0-40in)	3–9 in
Calcium carbonate equivalent (0-40in)	0–7%
Electrical conductivity (0-40in)	0–2 mmhos/cm
Sodium adsorption ratio (0-40in)	0–1
Soil reaction (1:1 water) (0-40in)	7.4–8.4
Subsurface fragment volume <=3" (Depth not specified)	0–5%
Subsurface fragment volume >3" (Depth not specified)	0%

Table 4. Representative soil features

Ecological dynamics

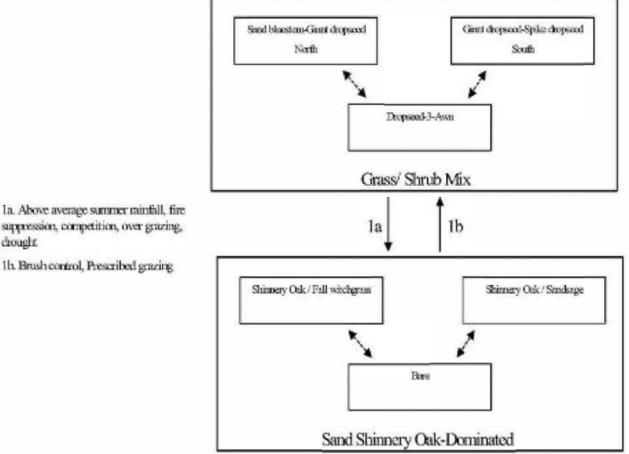
Overview:

The Sandhills site occurs adjacent to or intergrades with the Deep Sand site. The Sandhills site is differentiated from deep sand sites by a steeper average slope, and an increased depth to a soil texture change. Sandhills slopes are usually greater than eight percent, and the soil profile is a fine sand or loamy fine sand to a depth greater than 60 inches. Deep Sand sites have slopes less than eight percent and a textural change can occur at less than 60 inches. The historic plant community of the Sandhills site is a mixture of grasses, shrubs and forbs, with tall grasses dominating in aspect. During years of abundant spring moisture, tall growing forbs occasionally reach aspect dominance. Sand bluestem and giant dropseed are the dominant grasses, with Havard panicum and dropseeds as sub-dominants. Sand shinnery oak and soapweed yucca are the dominant shrubs. Drought favors shinnery by impacting grasses more severly. Shinnery oak's ability to store water and carbohydrates, and its strong negetive leaf water potential enable it to out compete grasses during drought conditions. Changes in historical fire regimes, competition by shrubs, and overgrazing may contribute to this site becoming dominated by sand shinnery oak.

State and transition model

Plant Communities and Transitional Pathways (diagram)

MLRA-42, SD-3, Sandhills



suppression, competition, over grazing, crought. 1h. Brush-control, Prescribed grazing

State 1 Grass/Shrub Mix

Community 1.1 Grass/Shrub Mix

Grass/Shrub Mix: The historic plant community in the northern part of the resource area (SD-3) is dominated by sand bluestem and giant dropseed, with Havard panicum as a sub-dominant. Primary grass dominance may gradually shift moving south across the resource area to a community dominated by giant dropseed and spike dropseed, with mesa dropseed as the sub-dominant grass species. Throughout the resource area sand shinnery oak and soapweed yucca are the dominant shrubs with sand sagebrush as the sub-dominant. As retrogression within this state occurs, plants such as sand bluestem, giant dropseed, Havard panicum, plains bristlegrass, sand paspalum, and fourwing saltbush decrease. This results in an increase in spike dropseed, sand dropseed, mesa dropseed, threeawns sand shinnery oak, and sand sagebrush. Continued loss of grass cover may result in a transition to a sand shinnery oak dominated state. Diagnosis: Sand bluestem or giant dropseed are dominant or present in substantial amounts. Spike dropseed, sand dropseed or mesa dropseed may be dominant in some instances. Grass cover is variable, shifting sands and large irregular dunes produce considerable variation in the spatial distribution and composition of the plant community. Grass cover is not continuous, but is fairly uniform across the more stable areas. Large natural bare areas or blowouts are a common feature on the less stable portions of the Sandhills site.

Table 5. Annual production by plant type

Plant Type	Low (Lb/Acre)	Representative Value (Lb/Acre)	High (Lb/Acre)
Grass/Grasslike	360	585	810
Shrub/Vine	120	195	270
Forb	120	195	270
Total	600	975	1350

Table 6. Ground cover

Tree foliar cover	0%
Shrub/vine/liana foliar cover	0%
Grass/grasslike foliar cover	10-15%
Forb foliar cover	0%
Non-vascular plants	0%
Biological crusts	0%
Litter	20-25%
Surface fragments >0.25" and <=3"	0%
Surface fragments >3"	0%
Bedrock	0%
Water	0%
Bare ground	45-60%

Figure 5. Plant community growth curve (percent production by month). NM2822, R042XC022NM Sandhills HCPC. R042XC022NM Sandhills HCPC warm season plant community.

J	lan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
C)	1	3	4	10	10	25	30	12	5	0	0

State 2 Sand Shinnery Oak-Dominated

Community 2.1 Sand Shinnery Oak-Dominated

Additional States: Sand Shinnery Oak -Dominated: Sand shinnery oak is the dominant species and in dense stands may reduce forage production by as much as 90 percent.1 It often forms a mosaic of dense thickets interspersed with occasional motts of taller oaks, large areas of bare ground, and concentrations of sand sagebrush. Sand shinnery oak is well suited to deep sandy soils. The height and cover of oak decreases as sand depth decreases or clay content increases. The aggressive nature of fall witchgrass and continued loss of more palatable grasses and threeawn species may result in a sand shinnery oak-fall witchgrass community. Burning may result in a community with very little grass or sand shinnery oak (bare). Sand shinnery oak usually recovers due to its ability to sprout aggressively following fire. Diagnosis: Sand shinnery oak is the dominant species. Grass cover is sparse and patchy. Shrub cover is high. Blowouts and bare areas are common, however, high shrub cover mediates erosion. Transition to Sand Shinnery Oak Dominated (1a): Climate may play a role in facilitating the spread sand shinnery oak. It is best adapted to those areas that receive and average of 16 inches of annual rainfall; it may therefore gain a competitive advantage during cycles of above average precipitation. Sand shinnery oak spreads mainly by elongation of rhizomes, but in some instances will reproduce by seed. The establishment and survival of seedlings is limited to those years with abundant rainfall during the months of July and August. If fire historically played a part in suppressing the density and distribution of shrubs in desert grasslands, then fire suppression may facilitate a shift to shrub dominance.2 Competition for resources between grasses and shrubs may be a factor in increased densities of sand shinnery oak. 1 Sand shinnery oak has an extensive system of underground roots and stems that can uptake and store water for growth during drier periods, allowing it to increase, at times when grasses decrease. Evidence of competitive suppression of grasses is indicated by increases in herbaceous vegetation following chemical control of sand shinnery oak.1 However, this increase may in part be due to a flush of nutrients made available from the decomposing biomass of woody roots and stems. Loss of grass cover due to overgrazing or drought may give a competitive advantage to sand shinnery oak. Key indicators of approach to transition: * A decrease in the tall grass species and the associated increase in threeawns may be indicative of the initial stage of transition to a shrub-dominated state. * Increased cover of sand shinnery oak. Transition back to Grass/Shrub Mix (1b) Chemical brush control is an effective means of controlling sand shinnery oak and sand sagebrush. Where large areas of chemical control are planned, increased erosion and the effect on loss of wildlife habitat should be considered. Prescribed grazing will help ensure an adequate deferment period to allow grass recovery and subsequent proper forage utilization. There have been studies that suggest long term browsing by goats can reduce sand shinnery oak, altering production in favor of grasses.3

Additional community tables

Table 7. Community 1.1 plant community composition

Group	Common Name	Symbol	Scientific Name	Annual Production (Lb/Acre)	Foliar Cover (%)			
Grass/Grasslike								
1				195–293				
	sand bluestem	ANHA	Andropogon hallii	195–293	_			
	Havard's panicgrass	PAHA2	Panicum havardii	195–293	_			
	giant dropseed	SPGI	Sporobolus giganteus	195–293	_			
2				146–195				
	spike dropseed	SPCO4	Sporobolus contractus	146–195	_			
	sand dropseed SPCR		Sporobolus cryptandrus	146–195	-			
	mesa dropseed	SPFL2	Sporobolus flexuosus	146–195	_			
3				49–98				
	thin paspalum	PASE5	Paspalum setaceum	49–98	-			
	plains bristlegrass	SEVU2	Setaria vulpiseta	49–98	-			
л			•	20 10				

4				23-43	- "8
	threeawn	ARIST	Aristida	29–49	_
	mat sandbur	CELO3	Cenchrus longispinus	29–49	-
	flatsedge	CYPER	Cyperus	29–49	-
5				29–49	
	Grass, perennial	2GP	Grass, perennial	29–49	-
Shru	b/Vine	-		·	
6				49–98	
	Havard oak	QUHA3	Quercus havardii	49–98	-
7				49–98	
	soapweed yucca	YUGL	Yucca glauca	49–98	-
8				29–49	
	sand sagebrush	ARFI2	Artemisia filifolia	29–49	-
9				20–49	
	fourwing saltbush	ATCA2	Atriplex canescens	20–49	_
10		·	•	20–49	
	rabbitbrush	CHRYS9	Chrysothamnus	20–49	_
11		•	•	20–49	
	Shrub (>.5m)	2SHRUB	Shrub (>.5m)	20–49	_
Forb		•		•	
12				20–49	
	featherplume	DAFO	Dalea formosa	20–49	_
13				29–49	
	sundrops	CALYL	Calylophus	29–49	_
	phlox heliotrope	HECO5	Heliotropium convolvulaceum	29–49	_
	sharpleaf penstemon	PEAC	Penstemon acuminatus	29–49	_
14		•		20–49	
	touristplant	DIWI2	Dimorphocarpa wislizeni	20–49	_
	lemon beebalm	мосі	Monarda citriodora	20–49	_
16		•		29–49	
	hymenopappus	HYMEN4	Hymenopappus	29–49	_
	blazingstar	MENTZ	Mentzelia	29–49	_
	threadleaf ragwort	SEFLF	Senecio flaccidus var. flaccidus	29–49	-
17			•	20–49	
	sunflower	HELIA3	Helianthus	20–49	_
18		-1	1	20–49	
	buckwheat	ERIOG	Eriogonum	20–49	_
19		-	1	20–49	
	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	2FORB	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	20–49	-

Animal community

This site provides habitat which support a resident animal community that is characterized by pronghorn antelope, black-tailed jackrabbit, Ord's kangaroo rat, Northern grasshopper mouse, Southern Plains woodrat, swift fox, roadrunner, meadowlark, lark bunting, ferruginous hawk, lesser prairie chicken, mourning dove, scaled quail, sand

dune lizard, marbled whiptail, ornate box turtle, bullsnake and Western diamondback rattlesnake. Grasshopper and vesper sparrows utilize the site during migration. The ferruginous hawk sometimes nests on dunes associated with the site. White-tailed deer are also sometimes associated with this site (Mescalero Sands). Where mesquite invades, resident species of birds such as white-necked raven, roadrunner, pyrrhuloxia, mourning dove, and Harris hawk nest. Where sand hummocks form around shrubs, rodent populations and their predators increase. Fourwing saltbush, shinnery oak, sand sagebrush, and mesquite provide protective cover for scaled quail. Seed, green herbage, and fruit from a variety of grasses, forbs, and shrubs provide food for a number of birds and mammals, including mourning dove, scaled quail, lessor prairie chicken and antelope.

Hydrological functions

The runoff curve numbers are determined by field investigations using hydrolic cover conditions and hydrologic soil groups.

Hydrologic Interpretations Soil Series------ Hydrologic Group Kermit------ A Aguena------ A

Recreational uses

This site offers recreation potential for hiking, horseback riding, nature observation and photography. This site also offers opportunities for hunting of such species as quail, dove and antelope.

Mechanical, off-road vehicle use by dune buggies, four wheelers, or motor bikes is site-destructive, resulting in severe soil movement by wind erosion. Off-road vehicle use should be confined to those areas which are already deterioriated and where intensive management for soil protection can be practiced.

During years of abundant spring moisture, this site desplays a colorful array of wildflowers during May and June. A few showy summer and fall flowers also occur.

Wood products

The plant community associated with this site affords little or no wood products.

Other products

This site is suitable for grazing during all seasons of the year by all kinds and classes of livestock. Where shinnery oak has increased considerably above the amount in the potential plant community cattle loss can occur if grazed during the late bud and early leaf stage. This site responds well to an integrated brush management and grazing management. Brush management is inappropriate in occupied or potential habitat for sand dune lizard. Mismannagement of this site will cause a decrease in Harvard panicum, sand bluestem, giant dropseed, plains bristlegrass, sand paspalum and fourwing saltbush. There will be a corresponding increase in dropseeds, sand sagebrush and shinnery oak. When shinnery oak is not a problem, this site responds best to a system of mangement that rotates the season of use. Grazing management plans should be design to leave adequate residual cover for lesser prairie chicken nesting.

Other information

Guide to Suggested Initial Stocking Rate Acres per Animal Unit Month Similarity Index----- Ac/AUM 100 - 76------ 2.0 - 4.0 75 - 51------ 3.0 - 6.5 50 - 26------ 5.0 - 12.0 25 - 0------ 12.0 - +

Inventory data references

Data collection for this site was done in conjunction with the progressive soil surveys within the Southern Desertic Basins, Plains and Mountains (SD-3) Major Land Resource Area of New Mexico. This site has been mapped and correlated with soils in the following soil surveys: South Chaves, Eddy, Lea and Otero Counties.

Other references

Literature Cited:

1. Sears, W.E., C.M. Britton, D.B. Wester, and R.D. Pettit. 1986. Herbicide conversion of a sand shinnery oak (Quercus havardii) community: effects on biomass. J. Range. Manage. 39: 399-403.

2. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Research Station, Fire Sciences Laboratory (2002, September). Fire Effects Information System, [Online]. Available: http://www.fs.fed.us/database/feis/ [accessed 1/07/02].

3.Villena, F. and J.A. Pfister. 1990. Sand shinnery oak as forage for Angora and Spanish goats. J. Range. Manage. 43: 116-122.

Contributors

David Trujillo Don Sylvester

Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

Author(s)/participant(s)	
Contact for lead author	
Date	
Approved by	
Approval date	
Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production

Indicators

- 1. Number and extent of rills:
- 2. Presence of water flow patterns:
- 3. Number and height of erosional pedestals or terracettes:
- 4. Bare ground from Ecological Site Description or other studies (rock, litter, lichen, moss, plant canopy are not bare ground):

- 5. Number of gullies and erosion associated with gullies:
- 6. Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/or depositional areas:
- 7. Amount of litter movement (describe size and distance expected to travel):
- 8. Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to erosion (stability values are averages most sites will show a range of values):
- 9. Soil surface structure and SOM content (include type of structure and A-horizon color and thickness):
- 10. Effect of community phase composition (relative proportion of different functional groups) and spatial distribution on infiltration and runoff:
- 11. Presence and thickness of compaction layer (usually none; describe soil profile features which may be mistaken for compaction on this site):
- 12. Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production or live foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to):

Dominant:

Sub-dominant:

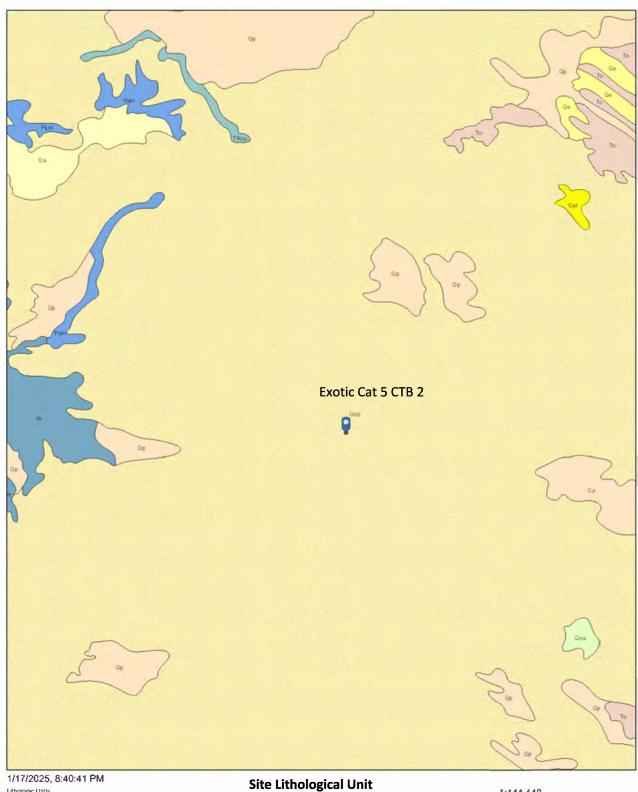
Other:

Additional:

- 13. Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or decadence):
- 14. Average percent litter cover (%) and depth (in):
- 15. Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annualproduction):

Received by OCD: 1/22/2025 7:11:32 AM

- 16. Potential invasive (including noxious) species (native and non-native). List species which BOTH characterize degraded states and have the potential to become a dominant or co-dominant species on the ecological site if their future establishment and growth is not actively controlled by management interventions. Species that become dominant for only one to several years (e.g., short-term response to drought or wildfire) are not invasive plants. Note that unlike other indicators, we are describing what is NOT expected in the reference state for the ecological site:
- 17. Perennial plant reproductive capability:

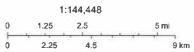


Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 Geological Map

1/17/2025, 8:40:41 PM Lithologic Units Playa—Alluvium and evaporite deposits (Holocene) Water—Perenial standing water Qa—Alluvium (Holocene to upper Pleistocene)

<u>**Qep</u>**--Eolian and piedmont deposits</u>

(Holocene to middle Pleistocene) -Interlayed eolian sands and piedmontslope deposits



Esrl, NASA, NGA, USGS, NMBGMR, USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, 3DEP Elevation Program, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset, and National Transportation Dataset; USGS Global Ecosystems; U.S. Census

ArcGIS Web AppBuilder

USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, 3DEP Elevation Program, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset,

ATTACHMENT 3: CORRESPONDENCE



RE: [EXTERNAL] nAPP2428730359/nAPP2431931028/nAPP2433729249 Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 Liner Notifications

From Raley, Jim <jim.raley@dvn.com>

Date Thu 12/19/2024 9:32 AM

- To Monica Peppin < Monica.Peppin@soudermiller.com>
- Cc BLM Spill Email <blm_nm_cfo_spill@blm.gov>; ocd.enviro@emnrd.nm.gov <OCD.Enviro@emnrd.nm.gov>; Stephanie Hinds <stephanie.hinds@soudermiller.com>

Submitted for all three incidents on 12/19/2024

Jim Raley | Environmental Professional - Permian Basin 5315 Buena Vista Dr., Carlsbad, NM 88220 C: (575)689-7597 | jim.raley@dvn.com



From: Monica Peppin <Monica.Peppin@soudermiller.com> Sent: Wednesday, December 18, 2024 2:37 PM To: Raley, Jim <Jim.Raley@dvn.com> Cc: BLM Spill Email <blm_nm_cfo_spill@blm.gov>; ocd.enviro@emnrd.nm.gov; Stephanie Hinds <stephanie.hinds@soudermiller.com> Subject: [EXTERNAL] nAPP2428730359/nAPP2431931028/nAPP2433729249 Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 Liner Notifications

All:

SMA anticipates conducting liner inspection activities at the following site on Saturday, December 21, 2024: Proposed Date:12.21.24 Proposed Time Frame: 11:30 AM Site Name: Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 Incident Number: nAPP2428730359/nAPP2431931028/nAPP2433729249 API: fAPP2308735100/NMNM63994

Liner Inspection Notification		
Incident ID and Site Name:	Exotic Cat 5 CTB 2 nAPP2428730359 nAPP2431931028 nAPP2433729249	
API # and Corresponding Agency:	fAPP2308735100 BLM/Federal	
Question	Answer (Fill In)	
What is the liner inspection surface area in square feet (secondary containmet):	Tank Containment 5,466 sq ft Separators/Heater Treaters Containment 8,189 sq ft	
Have all the impacted materials been removed from the liner and cleaned?	Yes - 12.12.2024	

Liner inspection date pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of Subsection A of 19.15.29.11 NMAC: 48 HOURS PRIOR TO INSPECTION	12.21.2024
Time liner inspection will commence:	11:30 AM
Please provide any information necessary for observers to contact inspector: (Name and Number)	Monica Peppin 575.909.3418
Please provide any information necessary for navigation to liner inspection site and coordinates (Lat/Long)	Intersection 128/Red Rd travel north for 6.45 miles, turn right/east onto lease road travel 0.39 miles, follow turn to the right/south travel 0.15 miles, turn left/facing southeast travel 0.51 miles, slight right/east travel 0.08 miles, right/south for 0.22 miles, left/ east for 0.54 miles, turn north 0.08 miles, east for 0.13 miles, south for 0.12 miles, turn left facing east for 0.77 miles, right follow for 0.13 miles and dead end on site. 32.335969, -103.698928



Monica Peppin, A.S.

Project Manager

Direct/Mobile: 575.909.3418

Stronger Communities by Design

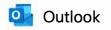
Office: 575.689.7040

201 S Halagueno St.

Carlsbad, NM 88220

in





RE: [EXTERNAL] Devon Energy Extension Request - nAPP2428730359

From Wells, Shelly, EMNRD <Shelly.Wells@emnrd.nm.gov>

Date Thu 1/9/2025 2:45 PM

- To Raley, Jim <Jim.Raley@dvn.com>
- Cc Monica Peppin <Monica.Peppin@soudermiller.com>; Stephanie Hinds <stephanie.hinds@soudermiller.com>; Bratcher, Michael, EMNRD <mike.bratcher@emnrd.nm.gov>

Good afternoon Jim,

The extension request for NAPP2428730359 EXOTIC CAT 5 CTB 2 is approved. The new due date to submit your closure report to the OCD is February 10, 2025. Please include a copy of this and all notifications in the remedial and/or closure reports to ensure the notifications are documented in the project file.

Kind regards,

Shelly

Shelly Wells * Environmental Specialist-Advanced Environmental Bureau EMNRD-Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St. Francis Drive|Santa Fe, NM 87505 (505)469-7520|Shelly.Wells@emnrd.nm.gov http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/OCD/

From: Raley, Jim <Jim.Raley@dvn.com>
Sent: Thursday, January 9, 2025 1:29 PM
To: Enviro, OCD, EMNRD <OCD.Enviro@emnrd.nm.gov>
Cc: Monica Peppin <Monica.Peppin@soudermiller.com>; Stephanie Hinds <stephanie.hinds@soudermiller.com>
Subject: [EXTERNAL] Devon Energy Extension Request - nAPP2428730359

CAUTION: This email originated outside of our organization. Exercise caution prior to clicking on links or opening attachments.

NMOCD District II,

Devon Energy requests an extension to deliver closure report for incident (NAPP2428730359 EXOTIC CAT 5 CTB 2)

The inspection has been completed but we are still in process of compiling the closure document and plan on delivering it within 30 days.

Jim Raley | Environmental Professional - Permian Basin 5315 Buena Vista Dr., Carlsbad, NM 88220 C: (575)689-7597 | jim.raley@dvn.com

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Page 64 of 69

QUESTIONS

Action 423240

QUESTIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, LP	6137
333 West Sheridan Ave.	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73102	423240
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

QUESTIONS

Prerequisites	
Incident ID (n#)	nAPP2431931028
Incident Name	NAPP2431931028 EXOTIC CAT 5 CTB 2 @ 0
Incident Type	Produced Water Release
Incident Status	Remediation Closure Report Received
Incident Facility	[fAPP2308735100] EXOTIC CAT 5 CTB 2

Location of Release Source

Site Name	EXOTIC CAT 5 CTB 2
Date Release Discovered	11/14/2024
Surface Owner	Federal

Incident Details

Please answer all the questions in this group.		
Incident Type	Produced Water Release	
Did this release result in a fire or is the result of a fire	No	
Did this release result in any injuries	No	
Has this release reached or does it have a reasonable probability of reaching a watercourse	No	
Has this release endangered or does it have a reasonable probability of endangering public health	No	
Has this release substantially damaged or will it substantially damage property or the environment	No	
Is this release of a volume that is or may with reasonable probability be detrimental to fresh water	No	

Nature and Volume of Release

Material(s) released, please answer all that apply below. Any calculations or specific justifications for the volumes provided should be attached to the follow-up C-141 submission.			
Crude Oil Released (bbls) Details	Not answered.		
Produced Water Released (bbls) Details	Cause: Corrosion Dump Line Produced Water Released: 18 BBL Recovered: 18 BBL Lost: 0 BBL.		
Is the concentration of chloride in the produced water >10,000 mg/l	Yes		
Condensate Released (bbls) Details	Not answered.		
Natural Gas Vented (Mcf) Details	Not answered.		
Natural Gas Flared (Mcf) Details	Not answered.		
Other Released Details	Not answered.		
Are there additional details for the questions above (i.e. any answer containing Other, Specify, Unknown, and/or Fire, or any negative lost amounts)	Not answered.		

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

QUESTIONS, Page 2

Action 423240

QUESTIONS ((continued)
0000000	oon an aoa,

Operator:	OGRID:
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, LP	6137
333 West Sheridan Ave.	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73102	423240
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

QUESTIONS

Nature and Volume of Release (continued)		
Is this a gas only submission (i.e. only significant Mcf values reported)	No, according to supplied volumes this does not appear to be a "gas only" report.	
Was this a major release as defined by Subsection A of 19.15.29.7 NMAC	No	
Reasons why this would be considered a submission for a notification of a major release	Unavailable.	
With the implementation of the 19.15.27 NMAC (05/25/2021), venting and/or flaring of natural gas (i.e. gas only) are to be submitted on the C-129 form.		

Initial Response		
The responsible party must undertake the following actions immediately unless they could create a s	afety hazard that would result in injury.	
The source of the release has been stopped	True	
The impacted area has been secured to protect human health and the environment	True	
Released materials have been contained via the use of berms or dikes, absorbent pads, or other containment devices	True	
All free liquids and recoverable materials have been removed and managed appropriately	True	
actions to date in the follow-up C-141 submission. If remedial efforts have been successfully complet	Not answered. ation immediately after discovery of a release. If remediation has begun, please prepare and attach a narrative of ed or if the release occurred within a lined containment area (see Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of	
Subsection A of 19.15.29.11 NMAC), please prepare and attach all information needed for closure evaluation in the follow-up C-141 submission.		
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.		
I hereby agree and sign off to the above statement	Name: James Raley Title: EHS Professional Email: jim.raley@dvn.com Date: 01/22/2025	

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

QUESTIONS (continued)

Operator:	OGRID:
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, LP	6137
333 West Sheridan Ave.	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73102	423240
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

QUESTIONS

Site Characterization

Please answer all the questions in this group (only required when seeking remediation plan approval and beyond). This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.

What is the shallowest depth to groundwater beneath the area affected by the release in feet below ground surface (ft bgs)	Between 75 and 100 (ft.)
What method was used to determine the depth to ground water	NM OSE iWaters Database Search
Did this release impact groundwater or surface water	No
What is the minimum distance, between the closest lateral extents of the release an	nd the following surface areas:
A continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse	Greater than 5 (mi.)
Any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	Greater than 5 (mi.)
An occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church	Greater than 5 (mi.)
A spring or a private domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
Any other fresh water well or spring	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
Incorporated municipal boundaries or a defined municipal fresh water well field	Greater than 5 (mi.)
A wetland	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
A subsurface mine	Greater than 5 (mi.)
An (non-karst) unstable area	Greater than 5 (mi.)
Categorize the risk of this well / site being in a karst geology	Low
A 100-year floodplain	Between 500 and 1000 (ft.)
Did the release impact areas not on an exploration, development, production, or storage site	No

Remediation Plan

Please answer all the questions that apply or are indicated. This information must be provided to	the appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.
Requesting a remediation plan approval with this submission	Yes
Attach a comprehensive report demonstrating the lateral and vertical extents of soil contamination	n associated with the release have been determined, pursuant to 19.15.29.11 NMAC and 19.15.29.13 NMAC.
Have the lateral and vertical extents of contamination been fully delineated	Yes
Was this release entirely contained within a lined containment area	Yes
Per Subsection B of 19.15.29.11 NMAC unless the site characterization report includes complete which includes the anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation.	d efforts at remediation, the report must include a proposed remediation plan in accordance with 19.15.29.12 NMAC,
On what estimated date will the remediation commence	12/10/2024
On what date will (or did) the final sampling or liner inspection occur	12/21/2024
On what date will (or was) the remediation complete(d)	12/21/2024
What is the estimated surface area (in square feet) that will be remediated	14971
What is the estimated volume (in cubic yards) that will be remediated	0
These estimated dates and measurements are recognized to be the best guess or calculation at th	e time of submission and may (be) change(d) over time as more remediation efforts are completed.

The SCD recognizes that proposed remediation measures may have to be minimally adjusted in accordance with the physical realities encountered during remediation. If the responsible party has any need to significantly deviate from the remediation plan proposed, then it should consult with the division to determine if another remediation plan submission is required.

Page 66 of 69

QUESTIONS, Page 3

Action 423240

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Page	67	of	69
------	----	----	----

QUESTIONS, Page 4

Action 423240

QUESTIONS (continued)		
Operator: DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, LP 333 West Sheridan Ave.	OGRID: 6137 Action Number:	
Oklahoma City, OK 73102	423240	
	Action Type: [C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)	
QUESTIONS		
Remediation Plan (continued)		
Please answer all the questions that apply or are indicated. This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.		
This remediation will (or is expected to) utilize the following processes to remediate / reduce contaminants:		
(Select all answers below that annly)		

(Select an answers below that apply.)	
Is (or was) there affected material present needing to be removed	Yes
Is (or was) there a power wash of the lined containment area (to be) performed	Yes
OTHER (Non-listed remedial process)	Not answered.
Per Subsection B of 19.15.29.11 NMAC unless the site characterization report includes completed efforts at remediation, the report must include a proposed remediation plan in accordance with 19.15.29.12 NMAC, which includes the anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation.	

I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.

I hereby agree and sign off to the above statement	Name: James Raley Title: EHS Professional Email: jim.raley@dvn.com Date: 01/22/2025

The OCD recognizes that proposed remediation measures may have to be minimally adjusted in accordance with the physical realities encountered during remediation. If the responsible party has any need to significantly deviate from the remediation plan proposed, then it should consult with the division to determine if another remediation plan submission is required.

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

QUESTIONS, Page 6

Action 423240

Page 68 of 69

QUESTIONS (continued)

Operator:	OGRID:
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, LP	6137
333 West Sheridan Ave.	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73102	423240
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

QUESTIONS

Liner Inspection Information	
Last liner inspection notification (C-141L) recorded	413869
Liner inspection date pursuant to Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of Subsection A of 19.15.29.11 NMAC	12/21/2024
Was all the impacted materials removed from the liner	Yes
What was the liner inspection surface area in square feet	5466

Remediation Closure Request	
Only answer the questions in this group if seeking remediation closure for this release because all r	remediation steps have been completed.
Requesting a remediation closure approval with this submission	Yes
Have the lateral and vertical extents of contamination been fully delineated	Yes
Was this release entirely contained within a lined containment area	Yes
What was the total surface area (in square feet) remediated	14971
What was the total volume (cubic yards) remediated	0
Summarize any additional remediation activities not included by answers (above)	Secondary Containment inspection completed. No breach through liner
	closure requirements and any conditions or directives of the OCD. This demonstration should be in the form of a notes, photographs of any excavation prior to backfilling, laboratory data including chain of custody documents o
to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releat the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report	
I hereby agree and sign off to the above statement	Name: James Raley Title: EHS Professional

Email: jim.raley@dvn.com Date: 01/22/2025

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, LP	6137
333 West Sheridan Ave.	Action Number:
Oklahoma City, OK 73102	423240
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Remediation Closure Request C-141 (C-141-v-Closure)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
amaxwell	Liner inspection approved. Incident closure approved.	2/4/2025

Page 69 of 69

Action 423240