# \*\*\*\*\*\* LIQUID SPILLS - VOLUME CALCULATIONS \*\*\*\*\*\*

3/15/2025 Location of spill: Stark 5 Fed Com #701H Date of Spill: If the leak/spill is associated with production equipment, i.e. - wellhead, stuffing box flowline, tank battery, production vessel, transfer pump, or storage tank place an "X" here: 🗙 Input Data: OIL: WATER: If spill volumes from measurement, i.e. metering, tank volumes, etc.are known enter the volumes here: 0.0000 BBL 0.0000 BBL If "known" spill volumes are given, input data for the following "Area Calculations" is optional. The above will override the calculated volumes **Total Area Calculations** Standing Liquid Calculations oil (%) wet soil depth width **Total Surface Area** width length oil (%) Standing Liquid Area length liquid depth Rectangle Area #1 89 ft Х Rectangle Area #1 0 ft 720 ft Х 0.75 in Х 0 ft Х 0 in Rectangle Area #2 0ft X 0 ft 0.00 in Rectangle Area #2 0 ft 0 ft 0 in X X X X X X X 0% X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X 0% Rectangle Area #3 0 ft X 0 ft 0.00 in 0% Rectangle Area #3 0 ft 0 ft 0 in 0% 0 ft X 0 ft X 0 ft X 0 ft X Rectangle Area #4 0 ft 0.00 in 0% Rectangle Area #4 0 ft 0 ft 0 in 0% Rectangle Area #5 Rectangle Area #5 0 ft 0.00 in 0% 0 ft 0 ft 0 in 0% Rectangle Area #6 0.00 in Rectangle Area #6 0 ft 0 ft 0% 0 ft 0 in 0% 0 ft Х Х 0.00 in Х Rectangle Area #7 0 ft 0% Rectangle Area #7 0 ft 0 ft 0 in 0% Rectangle Area #8 0 ft X 0 ft Х 0.00 in 0% Rectangle Area #8 0 ft Х 0 ft х 0 in 0% okay production system leak - DAILY PRODUCTION DATA REQUIRED Average Daily Production: Water Oil BBI 0 BBI X N/A (place an "X") Did leak occur before the separator?: YES Amount of Free Liquid Percentage of Oil in Free Liquid 0 BBL 0% okav (percentage) Recovered: Recovered: Liquid holding factor \*: 0.14 gal per gal Use the following when the spill wets the grains of the soil. Use the following when the liquid completely fills the pore space of the soil: \* sand = .08 gallon liquid per gallon volume of soil. Occures when the spill soaked soil is contained by barriers, natural (or not). \* gravelly (caliche) loam = .14 gallon liquid per gallon volume of soil. \* gravelly (caliche) loam = .25 gallon liquid per gallon volume of soil. sandy clay loam soil = .14 gallon liquid per gallon volume of soil. \* sandy loam = .5 gallon liquid per gallon volume of soil. \* clay loam = .16 gallon liquid per gallon volume of soil. Saturated Soil Volume Calculations: Free Liquid Volume Calculations: <u>H2O</u> OIL .000 cu. ft. <u>H2O</u> Total Solid/Liquid Volume: 64,080 sq. ft. 4,005 cu. ft. cu. ft. Total Free Liquid Volume: 000 cu. ft. sq. ft. Estimated Volumes Spilled Estimated Production Volumes Lost H2O 99.9 BBL 0.0 BBL OIL 0.0 BBL <u>H2O</u> OIL 0.000000 BBL Liquid in Soil: Estimated Production Spilled: 0.000000 BBL Free Liquid: 0.0 BBL Totals 99.858 BBL 0.000 BBL Estimated Surface Damage 64,080 sq. ft. Surface Area Total Liquid Spill Liquid: 99.858 BBL 0.000 BBL Surface Area: 1.4711 acre Recovered Volumes Estimated Weights, and Volumes Estimated oil recovered: 0.0 BBL check - okay Saturated Soil = 448,560 lbs 4,005 cu.ft. 148 cu.yds. 0.0 BBL check - okay Total Liquid = 100 BBL 4,194.04 gallon 34,894 lbs

Estimated water recovered:



# **Remediation and Reclamation Plan**

# **General Information**

NMOCD District:	District 2 – Artesia	Incident ID:	TBD
Landowner:	Federal	Location:	32.077578, -103.896381
Client:	EOG Resources, Inc.	Site Location:	Stark 5 Federal Com #701H
Date:	May 24, 2025	Project #:	25A-01241

# Objective

The objective of the environmental remediation plan is to identify exceedances found during the site characterization activities and propose an appropriate technique to address the open release for Stark 5 Federal Com #701H (30-015-48307). On March 17, 2025, EOG Resources, Inc. reported an incident caused by high winds damaging the liner inside the Banjo aboveground storage tank (AST) on the gas well pad. The release was initially reported as 4 barrels (bbls) of produced water with 0 bbl of material recovered. However, further site investigation revealed that the original release estimate was under-reported from the field. The official calculated release estimate is 100 bbls of produced water. Areas of environmental concern identified and delineated include the pad to the southeast corner around the AST. An aerial photograph of the site with characterization locations and approximate area of release impact is presented on Figure 1 (Attachment 1). Closure criteria have been selected as per New Mexico Administrative Code (NMAC) 19.15.29. All applicable research as it pertains to closure criteria selection is presented in Attachment 5. The closure criteria for the site are presented below (Table 1).

Table 1. Closure Criteria for Soils Impacted by a Release DTGW <50 feet bgs								
Minimum depth below any point within the horizontal boundary of the release to groundwater less than 10,000 mg/l TDS	Constituent	Limit						
	Chloride	600 mg/kg						
	TPH (GRO+DRO+MRO)	100 mg/kg						
< 50 feet	BTEX	50 mg/kg						
	Benzene	10 mg/kg						

TDS - total dissolved solids

TPH – total petroleum hydrocarbons, GRO – gas range organics, DRO – diesel range organics, MRO – motor oil range organics BTEX – benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes

DTGW – depth to groundwater

# Site Assessment/Characterization

Site characterization started on March 24, 2025, and was completed on April 1, 2025. A total of 16 pertinent sample points (seven boreholes and nine testpits) were established. Samples were obtained at various depths for horizontal and vertical delineation. Samples at the deepest vertical distance below criteria were submitted to the laboratory for analysis. In total, 21 samples were submitted to Cardinal Laboratories in Hobbs, New Mexico, for laboratory analysis. The sample locations are presented on Figure 1 (Attachment 1). Samples at the greatest lateral limits below the AST will be completed following the deconstruction of the AST from the pad. Laboratory analysis results have been compared to the above noted closure criteria and the results from the characterization activity are presented in Table 2 (Attachment 2). The following sample points: TP25-07 through TP-10 and TP25-14 have been omitted from the table due to impertinence. Daily field reports with photographs are included in Attachment 3 and laboratory data reports are included in Attachment 4. Exceedances to criteria are identified in the table in bold font with a gray background.

# **Proposed Remedial Activities**

Areas identified with contaminant concentrations above closure criteria will be remediated through excavation. Laboratory results from the site assessment/characterization have been referenced to estimate both the vertical and horizontal limits of the impacts and the volume of soil to be removed. Field screening will be utilized to confirm removal of contaminated soil until the excavation is below the applicable closure criteria. Contaminated soil will be disposed at an approved facility. Confirmatory samples will be collected during excavation activities and will be sent to an approved laboratory to confirm closure criteria guidelines are met. The excavation will be backfilled with clean soil sourced locally.

Exceedances to closure criteria were identified at multiple sample points on the southeast corner of the pad. Heavy equipment will be utilized to complete the excavation. Deconstruction of the AST from the pad will be completed and the release area will be excavated to depths of 2.5 to 4.5 feet below ground surface. The estimated volume to be excavated is 7,611 cubic yards. Excavation is planned to be completed within 90 days of approval of this remediation plan.

Sample Point	Excavation Depth	Remediation Method
BH25-02	2.5'	Backhoe
TP25-02	2.5'	Backhoe
TP25-03	4.5'	Backhoe
TP25-04	2.5'	Backhoe

# **Variance Request**

EOG and Vertex would like to request a variance for confirmation sampling due to the square footage of the proposed excavation area. This variance will consist of five-point composite samples for every 400 square feet for the base of the excavation. The walls of the excavation will utilize five-point composite samples that are representative of no more than 200 square feet.

Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact Chance Dixon at 575.988.1472 or cdixon@vertexresource.com.

Stephanis McCarty

Stephanie McCarty, B.Sc.

5/24/2025

Date

hance Dixon

Chance Dixon, B.Sc. PROJECT MANAGER, REPORT REVIEW

5/24/2025

Date

# **Remediation and Reclamation Plan**



# Attachments

- Attachment 1. Characterization Sampling Site Schematic
- Attachment 2. Field Screening and Laboratory Results Table
- Attachment 3. Daily Field Report with Photographs
- Attachment 4. Laboratory Data Reports with Chain of Custody Forms
- Attachment 5. Closure Criteria Research

# **ATTACHMENT 1**



# **ATTACHMENT 2**

Client Name: EOG Resources Inc. Site Name: Stark 5 Fed Com #701 NMOCD Tracking #: To be determined Project #: 25A-01241 Lab Reports: H251830, H251915 and H251968

Table 2. Initial Characterization Sample Field Screen and Laboratory Results													
Sample Description			Fi	eld Screeni	ng			Petrole	eum Hydro	carbons			
			s			Vol	atile			Extractable	9		Inorganic
Sample ID	Depth (ft)	Sample Date	B         Volatile Organic Compounds           3         (PID)	Extractable Organic Compounds (PetroFlag)	(Deliver the Concentration	eus Beuzeue (mg/kg)	(mg/kg	행 Gasoline Range Organics (GRO)	bail Diesel Range Organics // (DRO)	a) Motor Oil Range Organics (MRO)	(OXO + OXO) (mg/kg)	편 제 Total Petroleum 서 Hydrocarbons (TPH)	ම කීර් රික්ර රික්ර
			(ppm)	(ppin)	(ppin)	(IIIg/Kg)		to Ground		(IIIg/Kg)	(IIIg/Kg)	(IIIg/Kg)	(iiig/kg)
	0	March 24, 2025	_	258	13,340				-		-		
BH25-01	1.5	March 24, 2025	_	44	1,638	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	March 24, 2025	_	43	7,195	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8,160
BH25-02	2	March 24, 2025	_	54	908	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	784
	3	March 24, 2025	_	30	310	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	160
	0	March 24, 2025	_	45	5,068	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
BH25-03	1.5	March 24, 2025	_	46	4,220	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	March 24, 2025	-	32	528	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	560
BH25-04	1	March 24, 2025	_	40	575	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	496
	0	March 24, 2025	_	474	550	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
BH25-05	1	March 24, 2025	_	117	438	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	March 24, 2025	_	247	395	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BH25-06	1	March 24, 2025	_	161	238	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	March 24, 2025	_		3,875		-	_	-	-	-	-	_
BH25-07	1	March 24, 2025	_	_	2,745	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	March 28, 2025	_	_	39,295	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TP25-01	2	March 28, 2025	_	18	235	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	96
	0	March 28, 2025	_	_	50,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	2	March 28, 2025	_	_	3,775	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,600
TP25-02	3	March 28, 2025	_	_	770	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	544
	4	March 28, 2025	_	44	538	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	416
	0	March 28, 2025	-	-	41,985	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TP25-03	2	March 28, 2025		-	5,195	ND	ND	ND	56.5	ND	56.5	56.5	2,600
1125-05	4	March 28, 2025	-	-	703	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	624
	6	March 28, 2025	-	24	155	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	48
	0	March 28, 2025	-	-	8,610	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TP25-04	2	March 28, 2025	_	-	830	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	640
	3	March 28, 2025 March 28, 2025	_	61 43	520 583	ND -	ND -	ND -	ND -	ND -	ND -	ND -	320
	4	April 1, 2025	_	125		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TP25-05	2	April 1, 2025	_	79	1,218 1,123	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	0	April 1, 2025	_	160	570	ND	ND	ND	36.5	ND	36.5	36.5	480
TP25-06	2	April 1, 2025	_	100	595	ND	ND	ND	39.5	11.5	51	51	592
TP25-11	2	April 1, 2025	-	33	370	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	160
	0	April 1, 2025	-	30	240	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	192
TP25-12	2	April 1, 2025	_	82	323	ND	ND	ND	12.9	ND	12.9	12.9	240
TP25-13	0	April 1, 2025	-	64	255	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	96
1122-12	2	April 1, 2025	-	51	298	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	80

"ND" Not Detected at the Reporting Limit "-" indicates not analyzed/assessed Bold and grey shaded indicates exceedance outside of NMOCD Closure Criteria (on-pad)



# **ATTACHMENT 3**

























# **ATTACHMENT 4**



April 02, 2025

CHANCE DIXON

VERTEX RESOURCE

3101 BOYD DRIVE

CARLSBAD, NM 88220

RE: STARK 5 FED COM #701H

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 03/27/25 13:20.

Cardinal Laboratories is accredited through Texas NELAP under certificate number TX-C24-00112. Accreditation applies to drinking water, non-potable water and solid and chemical materials. All accredited analytes are denoted by an asterisk (\*). For a complete list of accredited analytes and matrices visit the TCEQ website at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/ga/lab\_accred\_certif.html">www.tceq.texas.gov/field/ga/lab\_accred\_certif.html</a>.

Cardinal Laboratories is accreditated through the State of Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment for:

Method EPA 552.2	Haloacetic Acids (HAA-5)
Method EPA 524.2	Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)
Method EPA 524.4	Regulated VOCs (V1, V2, V3)

Accreditation applies to public drinking water matrices.

This report meets NELAP requirements and is made up of a cover page, analytical results, and a copy of the original chain-of-custody. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Celey D. Keine

Celey D. Keene Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTEX RESOURCE CHANCE DIXON 3101 BOYD DRIVE CARLSBAD NM, 882	-	
	Fax To: NA		
Received:	03/27/2025	Sampling Date:	03/24/2025
Reported:	04/02/2025	Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H	Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241	Sample Received By:	Alyssa Parras
Project Location:	EOG		

# Sample ID: BH25 - 02 0.0' (H251830-01)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifie
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.80	89.9	2.00	0.147	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.87	93.3	2.00	0.802	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.88	93.8	2.00	1.12	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	03/31/2025	ND	5.81	96.9	6.00	0.864	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	03/31/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	102 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	′kg	Analyzed By: AC						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	8160	16.0	03/29/2025	ND	400	100	400	0.00	
TPH 8015M	mg/	′kg	Analyzed By: MS						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	208	104	200	0.540	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	203	101	200	0.665	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	86.3	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	85.2	% 40.6-15	2						

## Cardinal Laboratories

\*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTEX RESOURCE CHANCE DIXON 3101 BOYD DRIVE CARLSBAD NM, 88220 Fax To: NA		
Received:	03/27/2025	Sampling Date:	03/24/2025
Reported:	04/02/2025	Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H	Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241	Sample Received By:	Alyssa Parras
Project Location:	EOG		

# Sample ID: BH25 - 02 2.0' (H251830-02)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.80	89.9	2.00	0.147	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.87	93.3	2.00	0.802	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.88	93.8	2.00	1.12	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	03/31/2025	ND	5.81	96.9	6.00	0.864	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	03/31/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	102 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	/kg	Analyzed By: AC						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	784	16.0	03/29/2025	ND	400	100	400	0.00	
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	208	104	200	0.540	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	203	101	200	0.665	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	80.0	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	75.4	% 40.6-15							

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTEX RESOURCE CHANCE DIXON 3101 BOYD DRIVE CARLSBAD NM, 88220 Fax To: NA		
Received:	03/27/2025	Sampling Date:	03/24/2025
Reported:	04/02/2025	Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H	Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241	Sample Received By:	Alyssa Parras
Project Location:	EOG		

# Sample ID: BH25 - 02 3.0' (H251830-03)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.80	89.9	2.00	0.147	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.87	93.3	2.00	0.802	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.88	93.8	2.00	1.12	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	03/31/2025	ND	5.81	96.9	6.00	0.864	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	03/31/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	104	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg,	/kg	Analyzed By: AC						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	160	16.0	03/29/2025	ND	400	100	400	0.00	
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	208	104	200	0.540	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	203	101	200	0.665	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	80.7	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	73.5	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

\*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTEX RESOURCE CHANCE DIXON 3101 BOYD DRIVE CARLSBAD NM, 88220 Fax To: NA		
Received:	03/27/2025	Sampling Date:	03/24/2025
Reported:	04/02/2025	Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H	Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241	Sample Received By:	Alyssa Parras
Project Location:	EOG		

## Sample ID: BH25 - 04 0.0' (H251830-04)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.80	89.9	2.00	0.147	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.87	93.3	2.00	0.802	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.88	93.8	2.00	1.12	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	03/31/2025	ND	5.81	96.9	6.00	0.864	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	03/31/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	103 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	/kg	Analyzed By: AC						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	560	16.0	03/29/2025	ND	400	100	400	0.00	
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	208	104	200	0.540	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	203	101	200	0.665	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	80.6	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	75.0	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTEX RESOURCE CHANCE DIXON 3101 BOYD DRIVE CARLSBAD NM, 88220 Fax To: NA		
Received:	03/27/2025	Sampling Date:	03/24/2025
Reported:	04/02/2025	Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H	Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241	Sample Received By:	Alyssa Parras
Project Location:	EOG		

## Sample ID: BH25 - 04 1.0' (H251830-05)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	'kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.80	89.9	2.00	0.147	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.87	93.3	2.00	0.802	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	03/31/2025	ND	1.88	93.8	2.00	1.12	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	03/31/2025	ND	5.81	96.9	6.00	0.864	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	03/31/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	104 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	'kg	Analyze	d By: AC					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	496	16.0	03/29/2025	ND	400	100	400	0.00	
TPH 8015M	mg/	'kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	208	104	200	0.540	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND	203	101	200	0.665	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	03/28/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	82.5	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	75.3	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



# **Notes and Definitions**

QM-07	The spike recovery was outside acceptance limits for the MS and/or MSD. The batch was accepted based on acceptable LCS recovery.
ND	Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
**	Samples not received at proper temperature of 6°C or below.
***	Insufficient time to reach temperature.
-	Chloride by SM4500Cl-B does not require samples be received at or below 6°C
	Samples reported on an as received basis (wet) unless otherwise noted on report

## **Cardinal Laboratories**

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager

# CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY AND ANALYSIS REQUEST

	f
101 East	
t Marland,	TCO1
Hobbs, NM	
88240	

Company Name Project Manager	Company Name: Vertex Resource Services (Direct Bill to EOG Resources Inc) Project Manager: Chance Dixon	Direct Bill to EOG Resource	ces inc)		BILL TO		-	-
Project Manager: Chance Dixon	: Chance Dixon			P.O. #:			-	
Address: 3101 Boyd Drive	oyd Drive			Company: E	Company: EOG Resources	5		
City: Carlsbad	State: NM	Zip: 88220		Attn: Chase Settle	Settle			ON
Phone #:	575.725.5001	Fax #:		Address:				MD
Project #: 25A-01241	1241	Project Owner:		City:				0.0
Project Name: S	Project Name: Stark 5 Fed Com #701H			State:	Zip:		21)	DD
Project Location:				Phone #:			100	_
Sampler Name: A. Ludvik	A. Ludvik			Fax #:				EX
Lab I.D.			MATRIX	PRESERV.	SAMPLING	NG	With Division	-
1251821	Sample I.D.	(G)RAB OR (C)OMP. # CONTAINERS	GROUNDWATER WASTEWATER SOIL OIL SLUDGE	OTHER : ACID/BASE: ICE / COOL OTHER :	DATE	TIME		TPH:801
	BH25-02 0.0"		X	X	03.24.25	-	$\times$	~
e	BH25-02 2.0'	6 1	X	N	03.24.25	+	$\times$	×
v	BH25-02 3.0'	6 1	X	X	03.24.25	-	$\geq$	×
c	BH25-04 0.0"	G 1	X	X	03.24.25	15:45		X X
5	BH25-04 1.0'	G 1	X	X	03,24.25	15:55		X X
								+
								+
PLEASE NOTE: Lisolity and Damages completion of the applicable service affliates or successors ansing out of	Cardina's liability and client's excli- In no event shall Cardinal be la or related to the performance of	aver evendy for any cases asserg interface tasked in contract to tot, shall be initiad to the amount paid by the client to the derify incidental or consequential damages, including without instalation, fourisess intemptions, loss of use, or is if samices hermander by Cardinal, regardless of whether such claim is based upon any of the above subact reas	r tort, shall be limited to the amou thout illimitation, business inter such claim is based upon any	ant paid by the client for the la hupfions, loss of use, or loss of the above stated reason	analyses. All claims including those for neglig- ses of profils incurred by client, its subordiaries, ons or otherwise	ding those for negligent, its subsidiaries		pence and any other
Relinquished By:	later)	Time: Contract of the second data and the seco	(By:		0. 11	Verbal Result:  Ves  No Add'I Phone #: Please Email Results: Chance Dixon (cdixon@vertexresource.com), Andrew Ludvik (aludvik@vertexresource.com).	호들미	Yes ts: on@ve
Relinquished By:		Date: Received By	By:		R	REMARKS: Direct Bill to EOG Resources Inc.	t Bill	to a

Delivered By: (Circle One) Sampler - UPS - Bus - Other:

Observed Temp. °C

100

Sample Condition Cool Intact Ves Ves No No No

D

Correction Factor -0.5 + 140. 3 c

No No

Corrected Temp. \*C

Time

> Cool Intact Star

ved Temp. "C Bacteria (only

N Obser

CHECKED BY: (Initials)

Time:

FORM-006 R 3.2 10/07/21



April 07, 2025

CHANCE DIXON

VERTEX RESOURCE

3101 BOYD DRIVE

CARLSBAD, NM 88220

RE: STARK 5 FED COM #701H

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 04/01/25 13:30.

Cardinal Laboratories is accredited through Texas NELAP under certificate number TX-C24-00112. Accreditation applies to drinking water, non-potable water and solid and chemical materials. All accredited analytes are denoted by an asterisk (\*). For a complete list of accredited analytes and matrices visit the TCEQ website at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/ga/lab\_accred\_certif.html">www.tceq.texas.gov/field/ga/lab\_accred\_certif.html</a>.

Cardinal Laboratories is accreditated through the State of Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment for:

Method EPA 552.2	Haloacetic Acids (HAA-5)
Method EPA 524.2	Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)
Method EPA 524.4	Regulated VOCs (V1, V2, V3)

Accreditation applies to public drinking water matrices.

This report meets NELAP requirements and is made up of a cover page, analytical results, and a copy of the original chain-of-custody. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Celey D. Keine

Celey D. Keene Lab Director/Quality Manager



	CHANC 3101 B	k resource E dixon Oyd drive Bad NM, 88220		
	Fax To:	NA		
Received:	04/01/2025		Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

# Sample ID: TP25 - 01 2.0' (H251915-01)

BTEX 8021B	mg	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	118 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: AC					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	96.0	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	480	120	400	0.00	
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND	207	104	200	0.508	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND	201	100	200	1.89	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	95.1	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	88.6	% 40.6-15	3						

## Cardinal Laboratories

\*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	CHANCE 3101 BO	RESOURCE DIXON YD DRIVE ND NM, 88220		
	Fax To:	NA		
Received:	04/01/2025		Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

# Sample ID: TP25 - 02 2.0' (H251915-02)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	117 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	/kg	Analyzed By: KV						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	3600	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	416	104	400	3.77	QM-07
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND	207	104	200	0.508	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND	201	100	200	1.89	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	94.6	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	90.2	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	CH. 31(	ertex res Hance DIX 01 Boyd Arlsbad M	KON		
	Fax	x To:	NA		
Received:	04/01/2025			Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025			Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701	1H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241			Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG				

# Sample ID: TP25 - 02 3.0' (H251915-03)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	121 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: KV					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	544	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	416	104	400	3.77	
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND	207	104	200	0.508	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND	201	100	200	1.89	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	95.2	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	90.4	% 40.6-15	2						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

\*=Accredited Analyte

Celeg D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	CH. 31(	ertex res Hance DIX 01 Boyd Arlsbad M	KON		
	Fax	x To:	NA		
Received:	04/01/2025			Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025			Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701	1H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241			Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG				

# Sample ID: TP25 - 02 4.0' (H251915-04)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	126 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	′kg	Analyzed By: KV						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	416	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	416	104	400	3.77	
TPH 8015M	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND	207	104	200	0.508	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND	201	100	200	1.89	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/01/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	91.2	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	87.2	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celeg D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	CH. 31(	ertex res Hance DIX 01 Boyd Arlsbad M	KON		
	Fax	x To:	NA		
Received:	04/01/2025			Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025			Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701	1H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241			Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG				

# Sample ID: TP25 - 03 2.0' (H251915-05)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	109	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg,	/kg	Analyzed By: KV						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	2600	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	416	104	400	3.77	
TPH 8015M	mg,	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	214	107	200	2.57	
DRO >C10-C28*	56.5	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	204	102	200	0.742	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	91.3	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	92.0	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	CHANC 3101 B	X RESOURCE E DIXON OYD DRIVE BAD NM, 88220		
	Fax To	: NA		
Received:	04/01/2025		Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

## Sample ID: TP25 - 03 4.0' (H251915-06)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	122 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	/kg	Analyzed By: KV						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	624	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	416	104	400	3.77	
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	214	107	200	2.57	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	204	102	200	0.742	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	97.6	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	93.9	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

\*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	Cl 3:	ertex re Hance di 101 Boyd Arlsbad	XON		
	Fa	ax To:	NA		
Received:	04/01/2025			Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025			Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #70	01H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241			Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG				

# Sample ID: TP25 - 03 6.0' (H251915-07)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	121	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg,	/kg	Analyzed By: KV						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	48.0	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	416	104	400	3.77	
TPH 8015M	mg,	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	214	107	200	2.57	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	204	102	200	0.742	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	104	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	98.7	% 40.6-15	2						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	CHA 3101	TEX RESOURCE NCE DIXON 1 BOYD DRIVE LSBAD NM, 88220		
	Fax	To: NA		
Received:	04/01/2025		Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H	ł	Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

## Sample ID: TP25 - 04 2.0' (H251915-08)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	116 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	/kg	Analyzed By: KV						
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	640	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	416	104	400	3.77	
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	214	107	200	2.57	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	204	102	200	0.742	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	96.5	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	91.3	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	Cl 3:	ertex re Hance di 101 Boyd Arlsbad	XON		
	Fa	ax To:	NA		
Received:	04/01/2025			Sampling Date:	03/28/2025
Reported:	04/07/2025			Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #70	01H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	24A - 01241			Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG				

## Sample ID: TP25 - 04 3.0' (H251915-09)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	1.97	98.4	2.00	4.78	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.03	102	2.00	3.34	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/02/2025	ND	2.30	115	2.00	2.60	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/02/2025	ND	7.04	117	6.00	2.48	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	122 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: KV					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	320	16.0	04/02/2025	ND	416	104	400	3.77	
TPH 8015M	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	214	107	200	2.57	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND	204	102	200	0.742	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/02/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	98.0	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	93.0	% 40.6-15	3						

#### Cardinal Laboratories

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



# **Notes and Definitions**

QM-07	The spike recovery was outside acceptance limits for the MS and/or MSD. The batch was accepted based on acceptable LCS recovery.
ND	Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
**	Samples not received at proper temperature of 6°C or below.
***	Insufficient time to reach temperature.
-	Chloride by SM4500Cl-B does not require samples be received at or below 6°C
	Samples reported on an as received basis (wet) unless otherwise noted on report

#### **Cardinal Laboratories**

#### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celeg D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager

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# CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY AND ANALYSIS REQUEST

Project Manager: Chance Dixon	tes (Direct Bill to EOG Resources	s Inc)	BILL	LTO			A	ANALYSIS REQUEST
rroject Manager: Chance Dixon			P.O. #:		_	-		
Address: 3101 Boyd Drive			Company: EOG Resources	Resources			_	
City: Carlsbad State: NM	Zip: 88220		Attn: Chase Settle	ttle		0)		
Phone #: 575.725.5001	1 Fax #:		Address:			AR		
Project #: 25A-01241	Project Owner:		City:			)/N		
Project Name: Stark 5 Fed Com #701H				Zip:		-		
Project Location:			*	- Providence of the second sec	802	-	_	
Sampler Name: A. Ludvik			Fax #:			-	lor	
FOR LAB USE ONLY		MATRIX	PRESERV	SAMPI ING		-	-	
	P	_		_		-		
Sample I.D.	B)RAB OR (C)OMP CONTAINERS ROUNDWATER	ASTEWATER DIL L UDGE	THER : CID/BASE: E / COOL THER :			TPH:80		
TP25-01 2.0"	G 1	N	X	03.28.25	10-15 V	~	~	
3 TP25-02 2.0'	G 1	X			+	+	< >	
3 TP25-02 3.0'	G 1	X			+	+	< >	
4 TP25-02 4.0"	6 1	X			+	+	~ ;	
S TP25-03 2.0"	G 1	X	0 X		+	+	~	
6 1P25-03 4.0"	G 1	X	0 X	03.28.25 1	+	+	×	
S	G 1	X	0 X		-	+	×	
× 1P25-04 2.0	G 1	X	0 X	03.28.25 1	-	-	×	
7 11/20-04 3.0	G 1	X	X 0	03.28.25 1	13:25 X	X	X	
ervice in no event shall Cardina ) out of or related to the perform	n arsang whether bases ssequental damages Cardinal, regardess	In contract for a shall be leaded to the amount paid by the client for the amalyses. All claims including those for negli- including without limitation, business interruptions, bas of one, or loss of profits incurned by client, its subsidiaries of whether such claim is based upon any of the above stated reasons or otherwise.	int peed by the client for the analysies. All claim suptoms, loss of use, or loss of profits incum of the above stated reasons or otherwise.	es. All claims including offts incurred by client therwise.	trose for negligence its subsidiaries,	and any offer	r cause whatsoever s	shall be deemed waived unless made in writing and received by Cardinal writien 30 days a
Relinquished By:	Date: 1-25 Received By:		IN	Verb	Verbal Result:	fes	I No	Add'l Phone #:
Relinquished By.	U U	Maha	All had	Pleas Char REM	se Email Resu ce Dixon (cdi ian@vertexre ARKS: Direct	kon@vert source.cc Bill to E(	Please Email Results: Chance Dixon (cdixon@vertexresource.com), permian@vertexresource.com REMARKS: Direct Bill to EOG Resources Inc.	
Sampler - UPS - Bus - Other: C	Corrected Temp. °C 0.8 C	Sample Condition Cool Infact Tree Tree No Tree	(Initials)		Turnaround Time: Standa Rush Cool Inta Rush Cool Inta Thermometer ID A113 Correction Factor -05°C	Standard D ool Intact OI	Bacteria (only) Idenved Temp, *C	Sample Condition
FORM-006 R 3.2 10/07/21			-	-			41140	


April 09, 2025

CHANCE DIXON

VERTEX RESOURCE

3101 BOYD DRIVE

CARLSBAD, NM 88220

RE: STARK 5 FED COM #701H

Enclosed are the results of analyses for samples received by the laboratory on 04/03/25 13:15.

Cardinal Laboratories is accredited through Texas NELAP under certificate number TX-C24-00112. Accreditation applies to drinking water, non-potable water and solid and chemical materials. All accredited analytes are denoted by an asterisk (\*). For a complete list of accredited analytes and matrices visit the TCEQ website at <a href="https://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/ga/lab\_accred\_certif.html">www.tceq.texas.gov/field/ga/lab\_accred\_certif.html</a>.

Cardinal Laboratories is accreditated through the State of Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment for:

Method EPA 552.2	Haloacetic Acids (HAA-5)
Method EPA 524.2	Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)
Method EPA 524.4	Regulated VOCs (V1, V2, V3)

Accreditation applies to public drinking water matrices.

This report meets NELAP requirements and is made up of a cover page, analytical results, and a copy of the original chain-of-custody. If you have any questions concerning this report, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Celey D. Keine

Celey D. Keene Lab Director/Quality Manager



	CHANCI 3101 B	K RESOURCE E DIXON OYD DRIVE BAD NM, 88220		
	Fax To:	NA		
Received:	04/03/2025		Sampling Date:	04/01/2025
Reported:	04/09/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

### Sample ID: TP25 - 06 0.0' (H251968-01)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.97	98.6	2.00	4.53	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.93	96.4	2.00	6.47	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	2.03	101	2.00	5.53	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/06/2025	ND	6.27	104	6.00	3.69	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/06/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	97.2	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: CT					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	480	16.0	04/04/2025	ND	432	108	400	3.77	
TPH 8015M	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	196	98.2	200	0.0255	
DRO >C10-C28*	36.5	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	206	103	200	1.37	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	81.6	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	79.6	% 40.6-15	3						

### Cardinal Laboratories

\*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	(	VERTEX RESOURCE CHANCE DIXON 3101 BOYD DRIVE CARLSBAD NM, 88220					
	F	Fax To:	NA				
Received:	04/03/2025			Sampling Date:	04/01/2025		
Reported:	04/09/2025			Sampling Type:	Soil		
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #7	'01H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact		
Project Number:	25A - 01241			Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker		
Project Location:	EOG						

### Sample ID: TP25 - 06 2.0' (H251968-02)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.97	98.6	2.00	4.53	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.93	96.4	2.00	6.47	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	2.03	101	2.00	5.53	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/06/2025	ND	6.27	104	6.00	3.69	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/06/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	102 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	'kg	Analyze	d By: AC					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	592	16.0	04/04/2025	ND	480	120	400	6.90	
TPH 8015M	mg/	'kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	196	98.2	200	0.0255	
DRO >C10-C28*	39.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	206	103	200	1.37	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	11.5	10.0	04/04/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	82.8	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	79.5	% 40.6-15	3						

### Cardinal Laboratories

### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celeg D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTE CHANO 3101 E CARLS			
	Fax To	: NA		
Received:	04/03/2025		Sampling Date:	04/01/2025
Reported:	04/09/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

### Sample ID: TP25 - 11 2.0' (H251968-03)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifie
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.97	98.6	2.00	4.53	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.93	96.4	2.00	6.47	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	2.03	101	2.00	5.53	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/06/2025	ND	6.27	104	6.00	3.69	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/06/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	111 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg,	/kg	Analyze	d By: AC					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	160	16.0	04/04/2025	ND	480	120	400	6.90	
TPH 8015M	mg/	/kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	196	98.2	200	0.0255	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	206	103	200	1.37	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	84.8	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	81.3	% 40.6-15	3						

### Cardinal Laboratories

### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTE CHANO 3101 E CARLS			
	Fax To	: NA		
Received:	04/03/2025		Sampling Date:	04/01/2025
Reported:	04/09/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

### Sample ID: TP25 - 12 0.0' (H251968-04)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.97	98.6	2.00	4.53	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.93	96.4	2.00	6.47	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	2.03	101	2.00	5.53	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/06/2025	ND	6.27	104	6.00	3.69	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/06/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	107 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: AC					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	192	16.0	04/04/2025	ND	480	120	400	6.90	
TPH 8015M	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	196	98.2	200	0.0255	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	206	103	200	1.37	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	86.2	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	82.4	% 40.6-15	3						

### Cardinal Laboratories

### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celez D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTE CHANO 3101 E CARLS			
	Fax To	: NA		
Received:	04/03/2025		Sampling Date:	04/01/2025
Reported:	04/09/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

### Sample ID: TP25 - 12 2.0' (H251968-05)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.97	98.6	2.00	4.53	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.93	96.4	2.00	6.47	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	2.03	101	2.00	5.53	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/06/2025	ND	6.27	104	6.00	3.69	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/06/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	103 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: AC					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	240	16.0	04/04/2025	ND	480	120	400	6.90	
TPH 8015M	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	196	98.2	200	0.0255	
DRO >C10-C28*	12.9	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	206	103	200	1.37	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	93.5	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	91.0	% 40.6-15	3						

### Cardinal Laboratories

\*=Accredited Analyte

Celeg D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTEX RESOURCE CHANCE DIXON 3101 BOYD DRIVE CARLSBAD NM, 88220 Fax To: NA						
	Fax 10.	NA					
Received:	04/03/2025		Sampling Date:	04/01/2025			
Reported:	04/09/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil			
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact			
Project Number:	25A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker			
Project Location:	EOG						

### Sample ID: TP25 - 13 0.0' (H251968-06)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.97	98.6	2.00	4.53	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.93	96.4	2.00	6.47	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	2.03	101	2.00	5.53	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/06/2025	ND	6.27	104	6.00	3.69	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/06/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	101 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: AC					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	96.0	16.0	04/04/2025	ND	480	120	400	6.90	
TPH 8015M	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	196	98.2	200	0.0255	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	206	103	200	1.37	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	75.7	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	70.9	% 40.6-15	3						

### Cardinal Laboratories

### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celeg D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



	VERTEX RI CHANCE D 3101 BOYI CARLSBAD	DIXON		
	Fax To:	NA		
Received:	04/03/2025		Sampling Date:	04/01/2025
Reported:	04/09/2025		Sampling Type:	Soil
Project Name:	STARK 5 FED COM #701H		Sampling Condition:	Cool & Intact
Project Number:	25A - 01241		Sample Received By:	Tamara Oldaker
Project Location:	EOG			

### Sample ID: TP25 - 13 2.0' (H251968-07)

BTEX 8021B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: JH					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Benzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.97	98.6	2.00	4.53	
Toluene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	1.93	96.4	2.00	6.47	
Ethylbenzene*	<0.050	0.050	04/06/2025	ND	2.03	101	2.00	5.53	
Total Xylenes*	<0.150	0.150	04/06/2025	ND	6.27	104	6.00	3.69	
Total BTEX	<0.300	0.300	04/06/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene (PID	105 9	% 71.5-13	4						
Chloride, SM4500Cl-B	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: AC					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
Chloride	80.0	16.0	04/04/2025	ND	480	120	400	6.90	
TPH 8015M	mg/	′kg	Analyze	d By: MS					
Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Analyzed	Method Blank	BS	% Recovery	True Value QC	RPD	Qualifier
GRO C6-C10*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	196	98.2	200	0.0255	
DRO >C10-C28*	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND	206	103	200	1.37	
EXT DRO >C28-C36	<10.0	10.0	04/04/2025	ND					
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctane	89.1	% 44.4-14	5						
Surrogate: 1-Chlorooctadecane	86.0	% 40.6-15	2						

### Cardinal Laboratories

### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celeg D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager



### **Notes and Definitions**

ND	Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit
RPD	Relative Percent Difference
**	Samples not received at proper temperature of 6°C or below.
***	Insufficient time to reach temperature.
-	Chloride by SM4500CI-B does not require samples be received at or below 6°C

Samples reported on an as received basis (wet) unless otherwise noted on report

#### Cardinal Laboratories

### \*=Accredited Analyte

Celeg D. Keine

Celey D. Keene, Lab Director/Quality Manager

CHAIN
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Received	' by	OCD:	6/4/2025	9:26:57 /	4 <i>M</i>
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Released to Imaging: 7/15/2025 11:46:43 AM

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# **ATTACHMENT 5**

•

Соо	rdinates: 32.0777943, -103.8962151	X: 604173.10	Y: UTM 3549591.56
Spec	ific Conditions	Value	Unit
	Depth to Groundwater (nearest reference)	200	feet
1	Distance between release and nearest DTGW reference	4,434	feet
T		0.84	miles
	Date of nearest DTGW reference measurement		July 11, 2011
2	Within 300 feet of any continuously flowing watercourse	1,378	feet
-	or any other significant watercourse	2,070	
3	Within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole or playa lake	37,478	feet
	(measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	,	
4	Within 300 feet from an occupied residence, school, hospital, institution or church	65,313	feet
	i) Within 500 feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh		
	water well used by less than five households for	1,378	feet
5	domestic or stock watering purposes, <b>or</b>	2,070	
	ii) Within 1000 feet of any fresh water well or spring	1,378	feet
	Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a		
	defined municipal fresh water field covered under a		
6	municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to Section 3-27-3	No	feet
	NMSA 1978 as amended, unless the municipality		
	specifically approves		
7	Within 300 feet of a wetland	12,630	feet
	Within the area overlying a subsurface mine	No	feet
8	Distance between release and nearest registered mine	100,897	feet
			Critical
			High
	Within an unstable area (Karst Map)	Medium	Medium
9			Low
	Distance between release and nearest unstable area	0	feet
	Within a 100-year Floodplain	500	year
10	Distance between release and nearest FEMA Zone A		·
	(100-year Floodplain)	4,646	feet
11	Soil Type	Upto	on-Simona complex
12	Ecological Classification		Shallow
13	Geology		Qep
			<50'
	NMAC 19.15.29.12 E (Table 1) Closure Criteria	<50'	51-100'
			>100'

# **OSE POD Location Map**





# 3/22/2025, 12:45:34 PM

# Override 1

**GIS WATERS PODs** 

- Active
- Plugged

# 1:18,056



Sources: Esri, TomTom, Garmin, FAO, NOAA, USGS, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community, Maxar

**Released to Imaging:** 7/15/2025 11:46:43 AM

		qua		re 1=NW 2=NE rs are smallest					NAD83	UTM	in meters	
Well Tag	POD	Nbr Qe	64	Q16	Q4	Sec	Tws	Rng	x		Y	Мар
	C 034	83 SE		SE	SE	05	26S	30E	60429	96.3	3548251.4	
UTM locatio	on was de	erived from	PLSS -	see Help								
Driller Lice	ense:	1509		Driller Cor	mpany:	BMS	DRILLII	NG CON	IPANY			
Driller Na	me:	BEAURE	GARD	, RICHARD								
Drill Start	Date:	2011-06	5-03	Drill Finisł	n Date:	2011	-06-08			Plu	ıg Date:	
Log File D	ate:	2011-07	7-14	PCW Rcv I	Date:					So	urce:	Shallo
Pump Typ	e:	SUBME	R	Pipe Disch	narge Size:					Est	imated Yield:	35
Casing Siz	e:	8.00		Depth We	II:	700				De	pth Water:	200

# Water Bearing Stratifications:

Тор	Bottom	Description
200	255	Sandstone/Gravel/Conglomerate
285	320	Sandstone/Gravel/Conglomerate
320	360	Sandstone/Gravel/Conglomerate
510	650	Shale/Mudstone/Siltstone

# **Casing Perforations:**

Top Bottor	n			
180 260				
280 360				
500 680				
Meter Inform	nation			
Meter Numb	er:	14452	Meter Make:	MASTERMETER
Meter Serial	Number:	32530329	Meter Multiplier:	100.0000
Number of D	ials:	6	Meter Type:	Diversion
	15/2025			

# Released to Imaging: 7/15/2025 11:46:43 AM

Unit of Measure:

Gallons

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### Meter Readings (in Acre-Feet)

	-						
Read Date	Year	Mtr Reading	Flag	Rdr	Comment	Mtr Amount	Online
2011-07-11	2011	9.700	А	bd	WELL TO BE SET UP FOR COM SALE	0.000	
2014-04-01	2014	188668.000	А	RPT		0.000	
2014-04-02	2014	44195.000	А	RPT		0.000	
2014-07-01	2014	62284.000	А	RPT		5.551	
2014-10-01	2014	91448.000	А	RPT		8.950	
2014-12-31	2014	126199.000	А	RPT		10.665	
2015-02-01	2015	138888.000	А	RPT		3.894	
2015-03-02	2015	150578.000	А	RPT		3.588	
2015-04-01	2015	157715.000	А	RPT		2.190	
2015-04-30	2015	170037.000	А	RPT		3.781	
2015-05-31	2015	182144.000	А	RPT		3.716	
2015-07-01	2015	188338.000	А	RPT		1.901	
2015-08-31	2015	209416.000	А	RPT		6.469	
2016-01-01	2015	244328.000	А	mb		10.714	
2016-02-01	2016	245605.000	А	mb		0.392	
2016-03-02	2016	246331.000	А	mb		0.223	
2016-04-01	2016	246331.000	А	mb		0.000	
2016-05-01	2016	248057.000	А	mb		0.530	
2016-06-01	2016	262631.000	А	mb		4.473	
2016-07-01	2016	271192.000	А	mb		2.627	
2016-08-01	2016	273040.450	А	mb		0.567	
2016-09-01	2016	283122.550	А	mb		3.094	
2016-10-01	2016	290786.300	А	mb		2.352	

**YTD Meter Amounts:** 

Year	Amount
2011	0.000
2014	25.166
2015	36.253
2016	14.258

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### 3/22/25 12:37 PM MST

Point of Diversion Summary

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WR File Number:	C 03483	Subbasin:	С	Cross Reference:		
Primary Purpose:	STK 72-12-1 LIVESTOCK WATERING					
Primary Status:	PMT Permit					
Total Acres:		Subfile:		Header:		
Total Diversion:	3.000	Cause/Case:				
Owner:	PASCHAL RANCH LLC	Owner Class:	Owner			
Contact:	JANEY LOREE PASCHAL					
Owner:	DK FARMS INC	Owner Class:	Owner			
Contact:	DAVID KIRK					
Owner:	BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT	Owner Class:	Owner			
Contact:	TY ALLEN					

### **Documents on File**

Transaction Images	Trn #	Doc	File/Act	Status 1	Status 2	Transaction Desc.	From/To	Acres	Diversio
Jet images	<u>721910</u>	COWNF	2022-03-17	CHG	PRC	C 03483 POD1	Т		0.000
💮 _get images	<u>727280</u>	COWNF	2022-03-14	CHG	PRC	C 03483 POD3	Т		0.000
<u>get images</u>	<u>588093</u>	72121	2016-05-31	PMT	APR	C 03483 POD1	Т		3.000
Jet images	<u>543409</u>	COWNF	2014-03-17	CHG	PRC	C 03483	Т	0.000	0.000
get images	<u>476565</u>	EXPL	2011-04-15	PMT	LOG	C 03483	Т	0.000	0.000

### **Current Points of Diversion**

POD Number	Well Tag	Source	Q64	Q16	Q4	Sec	Tws	Rng	x	Y	Мар	Other Location Desc
<u>C 03483</u>		Shallow	SE	SE	SE	05	26S	30E	604296.3	3548251.4	•	.5 MI E. OF C-1361;PIPELIN
<u>C 03483 POD2</u>				SW	SW	04	26S	30E	604565.8	3548253.6	•	
<u>C 03483 POD3</u>			SE	SW	SW	04	26S	30E	604557.8	3548291.0		

(acre

₽

Source							
Acres	Diversion	CU	Use	Priority	Source	Description	
0.000	0.000		EXP		GW		

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### 3/22/25 12:37 PM MST

Water Rights Summary

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# **U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service** National Wetlands Inventory

# Stark 5 Federal Com #701H Watercourse 1,378ft



### March 22, 2025

### Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland
- Freshwater Emergent Wetland Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- **Freshwater Pond**

Lake Other Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

# National Wetlands Inventory

# Stark 5 Federal Com #701H Lake 37,478ft



### Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland

- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- **Freshwater Pond**

Lake Other Riverine base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

### Released to Imaging: 7/15/2025 11:46:43 AM

National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper



Distance to nearest Residence: 65,313ft

Resident

Legend<sup>2 57 of 102</sup> Line Measure Resident

Stark 5 Federal Com #701H

Google Earth Released to Imaging: 7/15/2025 11:46:43 AM

5 mi

## **Active & Inactive Points of Diversion**

(with Ownership Information)

			(acre ft per annum)					(R=POD has been replaced and no longer serves this file, C=the file is closed)			ers are 1 ers are sr				)	(NAD63 UTIV	in meters)		(meters)
WR File Nbr	Sub basin	Use	Diversion	Owner	County	POD Number	Well Tag	Code Grant	Source	q64	q16	q4	Sec	Tws	Range	x	Y	Мар	Distance
<u>C 03581</u>	CUB	EXP	0.000	JANEY LOREE PASCHAL	ED	<u>C 03581 POD1</u>			Shallow	SE	SE	SE	05	265	30E	604298.2	3548291.8	•	1,305.8
<u>C 03608</u>	с	PRO	0.000	DEVON ENERGY CORP.	ED	<u>C 03581 POD1</u>			Shallow	SE	SE	SE	05	265	30E	604298.2	3548291.8		1,305.8
<u>C 04612</u>	с	STK	3.000	JANEY LOREE PASCHALL DBA PASCHAL RANCH LLC	ED	<u>C 04612 C-3581</u>	NA			SE	SE	SE	05	265	30E	604298.2	3548291.8	•	1,305.8
<u>C 03483</u>	с	STK	3.000	PASCHAL RANCH LLC	ED	<u>C 03483</u>			Shallow	SE	SE	SE	05	265	30E	604296.3	3548251.4		1,345.8
<u>C 03501</u>	с	PRO	0.000	DEVON ENERGY CO.	ED	<u>C 03483</u>			Shallow	SE	SE	SE	05	265	30E	604296.3	3548251.4		1,345.8
<u>C 03502</u>	с	PRO	0.000	DEVON ENERGY CO	ED	<u>C 03483</u>			Shallow	SE	SE	SE	05	265	30E	604296.3	3548251.4	0	1,345.8
<u>C 03503</u>	с	PRO	0.000	DEVON ENERGY CO.	ED	<u>C 03483</u>			Shallow	SE	SE	SE	05	265	30E	604296.3	3548251.4	•	1,345.8
<u>C 03483</u>	с	STK	3.000	PASCHAL RANCH LLC	ED	<u>C 03483 POD3</u>				SE	SW	SW	04	265	30E	604557.8	3548291.0	•	1,356.3
					ED	<u>C 03483 POD2</u>					SW	SW	04	265	30E	604565.8	3548253.6		1,394.4

#### Record Count: 9

Filters Applied:

UTM Filters (in meters): Easting: 604173.10 Northing: 3549591.56 Radius: 1610.0

Sorted By: Distance

\* UTM location was derived from PLSS - see Help

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, usability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

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Active & Inactive Points of Diversion

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Page 58 of 102

# **U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service** National Wetlands Inventory

# Stark 5 Federal Com #701H Wetland 12,630ft



### March 22, 2025

### Wetlands

- Estuarine and Marine Deepwater
- Estuarine and Marine Wetland

- Freshwater Emergent Wetland
- Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland
- **Freshwater Pond**

Lake Other Riverine

This map is for general reference only. The US Fish and Wildlife Service is not responsible for the accuracy or currentness of the base data shown on this map. All wetlands related data should be used in accordance with the layer metadata found on the Wetlands Mapper web site.

### Released to Imaging: 7/15/2025 11:46:43 AM

# Stark 5 Federal Com #701H Mine 100,897ft



EMNRD MMD GIS Coordinator Released to Imaging: 7/150253, Mte46:48NAM Resources Department (http://nm-emnrd.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=1b5e577974664d689b47790897ca2795)



Distance to FEMA Flood Zone A: 4,646ft



Strak 5 Federal Com #701H

The second second

3000 ft

3

# Strak 5 Federal Com #701H



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# National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



# Legend

# Page 63 of 102



Basemap Imagery Source: USGS National Map 2023

# Eddy Area, New Mexico

# US—Upton-Simona complex, 1 to 15 percent slopes, eroded

### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1w66 Elevation: 2,000 to 5,700 feet Mean annual precipitation: 6 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 57 to 70 degrees F Frost-free period: 180 to 260 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

### **Map Unit Composition**

Upton and similar soils: 40 percent Simona and similar soils: 35 percent Minor components: 25 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

### **Description of Upton**

### Setting

Landform: Ridges, fans Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, rise Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Residuum weathered from limestone

### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 9 inches: gravelly loam H2 - 9 to 13 inches: gravelly loam H3 - 13 to 21 inches: cemented H4 - 21 to 60 inches: very gravelly loam

### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 1 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 20 inches to petrocalcic
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately high (0.01 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 75 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.4 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: R070BC025NM - Shallow Hydric soil rating: No

### **Description of Simona**

### Setting

Landform: Plains, alluvial fans Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Mixed alluvium and/or eolian sands

### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

- H2 6 to 20 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
- H3 20 to 24 inches: indurated

### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 1 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 20 inches to petrocalcic
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.4 inches)

### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: R070BD002NM - Shallow Sandy Hydric soil rating: No

### **Minor Components**

### Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 9 percent Hydric soil rating: No

### Pajarito

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Ecological site: R070BD003NM - Loamy Sand Hydric soil rating: No

### Dune land

*Percent of map unit:* 8 percent *Hydric soil rating:* No

Conservation Service

USDA Natural Resources

Ecological site R070BC025NM Shallow

Accessed: 03/22/2025

## **General information**

**Provisional**. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

### Figure 1. Mapped extent

Areas shown in blue indicate the maximum mapped extent of this ecological site. Other ecological sites likely occur within the highlighted areas. It is also possible for this ecological site to occur outside of highlighted areas if detailed soil survey has not been completed or recently updated.

### Table 1. Dominant plant species

Tree	Not specified
Shrub	Not specified
Herbaceous	Not specified

## **Physiographic features**

This site occurs on knolls, ridges, hillslopes alluvial fans and escarpments. Slopes range fro 0 to 25 percent and average about 7 percent. Direction of slope varies and is usually not significant. Elevations range from 2,842 to 4,500 feet.

Landforms	(1) Hill (2) Ridge (3) Fan piedmont
Flooding frequency	None
Ponding frequency	None
Elevation	2,842–4,500 ft
Slope	0–25%
Aspect	Aspect is not a significant factor

### Table 2. Representative physiographic features

# **Climatic features**

The average annual precipitation ranges from 8 to 13 inches. Variations of 5 inches, more or less, are common. Over 80 percent of the precipitation falls from April through October. Most of the summer precipitation comes in the form of high intensity – short duration thunderstorms.

Temperatures are characterized by distinct seasonal changes and large annual and diurnal temperature changes. The average annual temperature is 61 degrees with extremes of 25 degrees below zero in the winter to 112 degrees in the summer.

The average frost-free season is 180 to 220 days. The last killing frost is late March or early April, and the first killing frost is in late October or early November.

Temperature and rainfall both favor warm season perennial plant growth. In years of abundant spring moisture, annual forbs and cool season grasses can make up an important component of this site. Because of the shallow soil depth, the vegetation on this site can take advantage of moisture almost anytime it falls. Strong winds that blow from the west and southwest blow from January through June, which accelerates soil drying at a critical time for cool season plant growth.

Climate data was obtained from http://www.wrcc.sage.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html web site using 50% probability for freeze-free and frost-free seasons using 28.5 degrees F and 32.5 degrees F respectively.

### Table 3. Representative climatic features

Frost-free period (average)	220 days
Freeze-free period (average)	240 days
Precipitation total (average)	13 in

# Influencing water features

This site is not influenced from water from wetlands or streams.

## **Soil features**

The soils of this site are shallow to very shallow. Soils are derived from mixed calcareous eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock. Surface layers are very cobbly loam, very gravelly loam, gravelly loam, cobbly loam, gravelly fine sandy loam or gravelly sandy loam.

There is an indurated caliche layer or limestone bedrock that occurs within 20 inches and averages less than 10 inches. Limestone or caliche layer may be the restrictive layer.

Minimum and maximum values listed below represent the characteristic soils for this site.

Characteristic soils:

Lozier Potter Tencee Upton Ector Kimbrough

### Table 4. Representative soil features

Surface texture	<ul><li>(1) Gravelly loam</li><li>(2) Extremely gravelly loam</li><li>(3) Extremely cobbly loam</li></ul>
Family particle size	(1) Loamy
Drainage class	Well drained
Permeability class	Very slow to moderately slow
Soil depth	4–20 in
Surface fragment cover <=3"	15–40%
Available water capacity (0-40in)	1 in
Calcium carbonate equivalent (0-40in)	15–60%

Electrical conductivity (0-40in)	0–2 mmhos/cm
Sodium adsorption ratio (0-40in)	0–1
Soil reaction (1:1 water) (0-40in)	7.4–8.4
Subsurface fragment volume <=3" (Depth not specified)	13–42%
Subsurface fragment volume >3" (Depth not specified)	0–1%

# **Ecological dynamics**

Overview:

The Shallow site is associated with and Limestone Hills, Loamy, and Shallow Sandy sites. When associated with Limestone Hills, the Shallow site occurs on the summits, foot slopes and toeslopes of hills. Loamy sites often occur as areas between low elongated hills with rounded crests (Shallow site). When the Shallow Sandy site and Shallow site occur in association, the Shallow Sandy soils occupy the tops of low ridges and the Shallow site soils occur on the steeper sideslopes of the ridge. The historic plant community of the Shallow site has the aspect of a grassland/shrub mix, dominated by grasses, but with shrubs common throughout the site. Black grama is the dominant grass species; creosotebush, mesquite, and catclaw mimosa are common shrubs. Overgrazing and or extended drought can reduce grass cover, effect a change in grass species dominance, and may result in a shrub-dominated state. 1

# State and transition model

# Plant Communities and Transitional Pathways (diagram)



MLRA-42, SD-3, Shallow

1a. Extended drought, overgrazing, no fire

1b. Brush control, Prescribed grazing

# State 1 Grass/Shrub Mix

# Community 1.1 Grass/Shrub Mix

Grassland/Shrub Mix: The historic plant community is dominated by black grama with sideoats grama as the subdominant. Blue grama, hairy grama, bush muhly, and sand dropseed also occur in significant amounts. Sideoats grama can occur as the dominant grass with black grama as sub-dominant on the western side of the Land Resource Unit SD-3. This may be due to higher average elevation on the west side. Retrogression within this state due to extended drought or overgrazing will cause a decrease in species such as black grama, sideoats grama, blue grama, and bush muhly. Threeawns may become the dominant grass species due to a decline in more palatable grasses or because of its ability to quickly recover following drought. Continued loss of grass cover and associated increase in amount of bare ground may result in a shrub-dominated state. Decreased fire frequencies may also be

an important component in the cause of this transition. Diagnosis: Grass cover is fairly uniform, however, surface gravel, cobble, and bare ground make up a large percent of total ground cover, and grass production during unfavorable years may only average 150-175 pounds per acre. Shrubs are common with canopy cover averaging five to ten percent. Evidence of erosion such as rills and gullies are rare, but may occur on slopes greater than eight percent.

### Table 5. Annual production by plant type

Plant Type	Low (Lb/Acre)	Representative Value (Lb/Acre)	High (Lb/Acre)
Grass/Grasslike	168	352	536
Shrub/Vine	63	131	200
Forb	20	42	64
Total	251	525	800

### Table 6. Ground cover

Tree foliar cover	0%
Shrub/vine/liana foliar cover	5-10%
Grass/grasslike foliar cover	10-15%
Forb foliar cover	0%
Non-vascular plants	0%
Biological crusts	0%
Litter	5-8%
Surface fragments >0.25" and <=3"	0%
Surface fragments >3"	0%
Bedrock	0%
Water	0%
Bare ground	40-60%

Figure 5. Plant community growth curve (percent production by month). NM2825, R042XC025NM Shallow HCPC. R042XC025NM Shallow HCPC Warm Season Plant Community.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
0	0	3	5	10	10	25	30	12	5	0	0

# State 2 Shrub-Dominated

# Community 2.1 Shrub-Dominated

Shrub-Dominated: This state is characterized by an increase in shrubs and a decrease in grass cover relative to grassland/shrub mix. As grass cover decreases shrubs increase, especially creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia, and mesquite. Each of these shrub species may become dominant in localized areas or across the site, depending on the spatial variability in soil characteristics and landscape position. Black grama, threeawns, hairy grama, or hairy tridens may be the dominant grass species. Fluffgrass, burrograss and broom snakeweed increase in representation. The Shallow site is resistant to state change, due to the natural rock armor of the soil and a shallow impermeable layer. The amount of rock fragments on the soil surface assist in retarding erosion. On Shallow sites with low slope, the shallow depth to either a petrocalcic layer or limestone bedrock helps to keep water perched and available to shallow rooted grasses for extended periods. 2 Diagnosis: Shrubs are the dominant species, especially creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia, or mesquite. Grass cover is variable ranging

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from patchy with large connected bare areas present to sparse with only a limited amount in shrub inter-spaces. Transition to Shrub-Dominated (1a) Overgrazing and or extended periods of drought, and suppression of natural fire regimes are thought to cause this transition. As grass cover is lost, soil fertility and available soil moisture decline, due to the reduction of organic matter and decreased infiltration.3 Shrubs have the ability to extract nutrients and water from a greater area of soil than grasses and are better able to utilize limited water. Competition by shrubs for water and nutrients limits grass recruitment and establishment. Fire historically may have played a part in suppressing shrub expansion; fire suppression may therefore facilitate shrub expansion. Key indicators of approach to transition: \*Decrease or change in composition or distribution of grass cover. \*Increase in size and frequency of bare patches. \*Increase in amount of shrub seedlings. Transition back to Grassland/Shrub Mix (1b) Brush control is necessary to re-establish grasses. Prescribed grazing will help to ensure proper forage utilization and sustain grass cover. Once the transition is reversed and grass cover is re-established, periodic use of prescribed fire may assist in maintaining the Grassland/Shrub state.

# Additional community tables

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 Table 7. Community 1.1 plant community composition

Group	Common Name	Symbol	Scientific Name	Annual Production (Lb/Acre)	Foliar Cover (%)
Grass	/Grasslike	•	•		
1				105–158	
	black grama	BOER4	Bouteloua eriopoda	105–158	_
2		•	•	79–105	
	sideoats grama	BOCU	Bouteloua curtipendula	79–105	_
3			•	79–105	
	blue grama	BOGR2	Bouteloua gracilis	79–105	_
	hairy grama	BOHI2	Bouteloua hirsuta	79–105	_
4			•	26–53	
	bush muhly	MUPO2	Muhlenbergia porteri	26–53	_
5		•	•	16–26	
	cane bluestem	BOBA3	Bothriochloa barbinodis	16–26	_
6		•	•	26–53	
	sand dropseed	SPCR	Sporobolus cryptandrus	26–53	_
7			•	16–26	
	hairy woollygrass	ERPI5	Erioneuron pilosum	16–26	_
8			•	5–16	
	ear muhly	MUAR	Muhlenbergia arenacea	5–16	_
9		•	•	5–16	
	New Mexico feathergrass	HENE5	Hesperostipa neomexicana	5–16	_
10			·	5–16	
	low woollygrass	DAPU7	Dasyochloa pulchella	5–16	_
11			·	16–26	
	Grass, perennial	2GP	Grass, perennial	16–26	_
Forb		•	•		
12				11–26	
	stemless four-nerve daisy	TEACE	Tetraneuris acaulis var. epunctata	11–26	_
13				5–16	
	woolly groundsel	PACA15	Packera cana	5–16	_
A A	l			E 40	1

14	1			01–C	
	globemallow	SPHAE	Sphaeralcea	5–16	-
15				5–16	
	bladderpod	LESQU	Lesquerella	5–16	_
16				5–16	
	cassia	CASSI	Cassia	5–16	_
17				11–26	
	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	2FORB	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	11–26	_
Shru	b/Vine	<u>_</u>		••	
18				5–16	
	littleleaf sumac	RHMI3	Rhus microphylla	5–16	-
19			1	5–16	
	creosote bush	LATR2	Larrea tridentata	5–16	_
20		<b>I</b>	Į	5–16	
	littleleaf ratany	KRER	Krameria erecta	5–16	_
21		<b>I</b>	<u> </u>	5–16	
	javelina bush	COER5	Condalia ericoides	5–16	_
22				5–16	
	American tarwort	FLCE	Flourensia cernua	5–16	_
23				5–16	
	crown of thorns	KOSP	Koeberlinia spinosa	5–16	_
24				11–26	
	honey mesquite	PRGL2	Prosopis glandulosa	11–26	_
	honey mesquite	PRGL2	Prosopis glandulosa	11–26	_
25				5–16	
	catclaw mimosa	MIACB	Mimosa aculeaticarpa var. biuncifera	5–16	_
26				5–16	
	pricklypear	OPUNT	Opuntia	5–16	_
27			<u> </u>	11–26	
	mariola	PAIN2	Parthenium incanum	11–26	_
	mariola	PAIN2	Parthenium incanum	11–26	_
28			1	5–16	
	broom snakeweed	GUSA2	Gutierrezia sarothrae	5–16	_
29		1	I	16–26	
	Shrub (>.5m)	2SHRUB	Shrub (>.5m)	16–26	_

### **Animal community**

This site provides habitats which support a resident animal community that is characterized by desert cottontail, spotted ground squirrel, Merriam's kangaroo rat, cactus mouse, white-throated woodrat, gray fox, spotted skunk, roadrunner, Swainson's hawk, white-necked raven, cactus wren, pyrrhuloxia, lark sparrow, mourning dove, scaled quail, leopard lizard, round-tailed horned lizard, prairie rattlesnake, marbled whiptail, and greater earless lizard. Where associated with limestone hills, mule deer utilize this site.

Where large woody shrubs occur, most resident birds and scissor-tailed flycatcher, morning dove, lark sparrow and
Swainson's hawk nest.

## Hydrological functions

The runoff curve numbers are determined by field investigations using hydraulic cover conditions and hydrologic soil groups.

Hydrologic Interpretations Soil Series------ Hydrologic Group Lozier------ D Potter------ C Tencee------ D Upton------ C Kimbrough------ D Upton------ D Ector------ D

## **Recreational uses**

This site offers recreation potential for hiking, horseback riding, rock hunting, nature photography and bird hunting and birding. During years of abundant spring moisture, a colorful array of wild flowers is displayed during May and June. A few summer and fall flowers also occur.

## Wood products

This site has no potential for wood production.

## Other products

This site is suited for grazing by all kinds and classes of livestock during all seasons of the year. Missmanagement will cause a decrease in black grama, sideoats grama, and blue grama, bush muhly and New Mexico feathergrass. A corresponding increase in bare ground will occur. There will also be an increase in muhlys, fluffgrass, creosotebush, javalinabush, catclaw, and mesquite. This site will respond best to a system of management that rotates the season of use.

## Other information

Guide to Suggested Initial Stocking Rate Acres per Animal Unit Month Similarity Index------ Ac/AUM 100 - 76------ 3.7 - 4.5 75 - 51------ 4.3 - 5.5 50 - 26------ 5.3 - 10.0 25 - 0----- 10.1 +

### Inventory data references

Data collection for this site was done in conjunction with the progressive soil surveys within the Southern Desertic Basins, Plains and Mountains, Major Land Resource Areas of New Mexico (SD-3). This site has been mapped and correlated with soils in the following soil surveys. Eddy County, Lea County, and Chaves County.

### **Other references**

Literature Cited:

1. Humphrey, R.R. 1974. Fire in the deserts and desert grassland of North America. In: Kozlowski, T. T.; Ahlgren, C. E., eds. Fire and ecosystems. New York: Academic Press: 365-400.

2. Hennessy, J.T., R.P. Gibbens, J.M. Tromble, and M. Cardenas. 1983. Water properties of caliche. J. Range Manage. 36: 723-726.

3. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2001. Soil Quality Information Sheets. Rangeland Soil Quality—Infiltration, Organic Matter, Rangeland Sheets 5,6. [Online]. Available: http://www.statlab.iastate.edu/survey/SQI/range.html

## Contributors

David Trujillo Don Sylvester

## Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

Author(s)/participant(s)	
Contact for lead author	
Date	
Approved by	
Approval date	
Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production

### Indicators

- 1. Number and extent of rills:
- 2. Presence of water flow patterns:
- 3. Number and height of erosional pedestals or terracettes:
- 4. Bare ground from Ecological Site Description or other studies (rock, litter, lichen, moss, plant canopy are not bare ground):
- 5. Number of gullies and erosion associated with gullies:
- 6. Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/or depositional areas:
- 7. Amount of litter movement (describe size and distance expected to travel):

- 8. Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to erosion (stability values are averages most sites will show a range of values):
- 9. Soil surface structure and SOM content (include type of structure and A-horizon color and thickness):
- 10. Effect of community phase composition (relative proportion of different functional groups) and spatial distribution on infiltration and runoff:
- 11. Presence and thickness of compaction layer (usually none; describe soil profile features which may be mistaken for compaction on this site):
- 12. Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production or live foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to):

Dominant:

Sub-dominant:

Other:

Additional:

- 13. Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or decadence):
- 14. Average percent litter cover (%) and depth ( in):
- 15. Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annualproduction):
- 16. Potential invasive (including noxious) species (native and non-native). List species which BOTH characterize degraded states and have the potential to become a dominant or co-dominant species on the ecological site if their future establishment and growth is not actively controlled by management interventions. Species that become dominant for only one to several years (e.g., short-term response to drought or wildfire) are not invasive plants. Note that unlike other indicators, we are describing what is NOT expected in the reference state for the ecological site:
- 17. Perennial plant reproductive capability:

•

## Stark 5 Federal Com #701H Geology



Water—Perenial standing water

Qa—Alluvium (Holocene to upper Pleistocene)

Esri, NASA, NGA, USGS, USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, 3DEP Elevation Program, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset, and National Transportation Dataset; USGS Global Ecosystems; U.S. Census Bureau TIGER/Line data; USFS Road data;



Distance to FEMA Flood Zone A: 4,646ft



Line Measure

Strak 5 Federal Com #701H

The second second

3000 ft

# Strak 5 Federal Com #701H

Google Earth Released to Imaging: 7/15/2025 11:46:43 AM Irrage © 2025 Alifous



# National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



## Legend

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Releasea to Imaging: 7/15/2025 PP.46:43 AM 1,500

2,000

regulatory purposes.

Basemap Imagery Source: USGS National Map 2023

## **Map Unit Legend**

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
US	Upton-Simona complex, 1 to 15 percent slopes, eroded	6.2	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		6.2	100.0%

## **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

## Eddy Area, New Mexico

#### US—Upton-Simona complex, 1 to 15 percent slopes, eroded

#### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1w66 Elevation: 2,000 to 5,700 feet Mean annual precipitation: 6 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 57 to 70 degrees F Frost-free period: 180 to 260 days Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Upton and similar soils: 40 percent Simona and similar soils: 35 percent Minor components: 25 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Upton**

#### Setting

Landform: Ridges, fans Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope, rise Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Residuum weathered from limestone

#### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 9 inches: gravelly loam H2 - 9 to 13 inches: gravelly loam H3 - 13 to 21 inches: cemented H4 - 21 to 60 inches: very gravelly loam

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 1 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 20 inches to petrocalcic
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately high (0.01 to 0.60 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 75 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 1.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7s Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: R070BC025NM - Shallow Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Description of Simona**

#### Setting

Landform: Plains, alluvial fans Landform position (three-dimensional): Rise Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Mixed alluvium and/or eolian sands

#### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam

- H2 6 to 20 inches: gravelly fine sandy loam
- H3 20 to 24 inches: indurated

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 1 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: 7 to 20 inches to petrocalcic
Drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: High
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 1.0
Available water supply, 0 to 60 inches: Very low (about 2.4 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: R070BD002NM - Shallow Sandy Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Rock outcrop

Percent of map unit: 9 percent Hydric soil rating: No

#### Pajarito

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Ecological site: R070BD003NM - Loamy Sand Hydric soil rating: No

#### Dune land

*Percent of map unit:* 8 percent *Hydric soil rating:* No

Conservation Service

USDA Natural Resources

## Ecological site R070BC025NM Shallow

Accessed: 03/22/2025

### **General information**

**Provisional**. A provisional ecological site description has undergone quality control and quality assurance review. It contains a working state and transition model and enough information to identify the ecological site.

#### Figure 1. Mapped extent

Areas shown in blue indicate the maximum mapped extent of this ecological site. Other ecological sites likely occur within the highlighted areas. It is also possible for this ecological site to occur outside of highlighted areas if detailed soil survey has not been completed or recently updated.

#### Table 1. Dominant plant species

Tree	Not specified
Shrub	Not specified
Herbaceous	Not specified

### **Physiographic features**

This site occurs on knolls, ridges, hillslopes alluvial fans and escarpments. Slopes range fro 0 to 25 percent and average about 7 percent. Direction of slope varies and is usually not significant. Elevations range from 2,842 to 4,500 feet.

Landforms	(1) Hill (2) Ridge (3) Fan piedmont
Flooding frequency	None
Ponding frequency	None
Elevation	2,842–4,500 ft
Slope	0–25%
Aspect	Aspect is not a significant factor

#### Table 2. Representative physiographic features

### **Climatic features**

The average annual precipitation ranges from 8 to 13 inches. Variations of 5 inches, more or less, are common. Over 80 percent of the precipitation falls from April through October. Most of the summer precipitation comes in the form of high intensity – short duration thunderstorms.

Temperatures are characterized by distinct seasonal changes and large annual and diurnal temperature changes. The average annual temperature is 61 degrees with extremes of 25 degrees below zero in the winter to 112 degrees in the summer.

The average frost-free season is 180 to 220 days. The last killing frost is late March or early April, and the first killing frost is in late October or early November.

Temperature and rainfall both favor warm season perennial plant growth. In years of abundant spring moisture, annual forbs and cool season grasses can make up an important component of this site. Because of the shallow soil depth, the vegetation on this site can take advantage of moisture almost anytime it falls. Strong winds that blow from the west and southwest blow from January through June, which accelerates soil drying at a critical time for cool season plant growth.

Climate data was obtained from http://www.wrcc.sage.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html web site using 50% probability for freeze-free and frost-free seasons using 28.5 degrees F and 32.5 degrees F respectively.

#### Table 3. Representative climatic features

Frost-free period (average)	220 days
Freeze-free period (average)	240 days
Precipitation total (average)	13 in

## Influencing water features

This site is not influenced from water from wetlands or streams.

#### **Soil features**

The soils of this site are shallow to very shallow. Soils are derived from mixed calcareous eolian deposits derived from sedimentary rock. Surface layers are very cobbly loam, very gravelly loam, gravelly loam, cobbly loam, gravelly fine sandy loam or gravelly sandy loam.

There is an indurated caliche layer or limestone bedrock that occurs within 20 inches and averages less than 10 inches. Limestone or caliche layer may be the restrictive layer.

Minimum and maximum values listed below represent the characteristic soils for this site.

Characteristic soils:

Lozier Potter Tencee Upton Ector Kimbrough

#### Table 4. Representative soil features

Surface texture	<ul><li>(1) Gravelly loam</li><li>(2) Extremely gravelly loam</li><li>(3) Extremely cobbly loam</li></ul>
Family particle size	(1) Loamy
Drainage class	Well drained
Permeability class	Very slow to moderately slow
Soil depth	4–20 in
Surface fragment cover <=3"	15–40%
Available water capacity (0-40in)	1 in
Calcium carbonate equivalent (0-40in)	15–60%

Page	<b>86</b>	of	1	<i>02</i>
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Electrical conductivity (0-40in)	0–2 mmhos/cm
Sodium adsorption ratio (0-40in)	0–1
Soil reaction (1:1 water) (0-40in)	7.4–8.4
Subsurface fragment volume <=3" (Depth not specified)	13–42%
Subsurface fragment volume >3" (Depth not specified)	0–1%

## **Ecological dynamics**

Overview:

The Shallow site is associated with and Limestone Hills, Loamy, and Shallow Sandy sites. When associated with Limestone Hills, the Shallow site occurs on the summits, foot slopes and toeslopes of hills. Loamy sites often occur as areas between low elongated hills with rounded crests (Shallow site). When the Shallow Sandy site and Shallow site occur in association, the Shallow Sandy soils occupy the tops of low ridges and the Shallow site soils occur on the steeper sideslopes of the ridge. The historic plant community of the Shallow site has the aspect of a grassland/shrub mix, dominated by grasses, but with shrubs common throughout the site. Black grama is the dominant grass species; creosotebush, mesquite, and catclaw mimosa are common shrubs. Overgrazing and or extended drought can reduce grass cover, effect a change in grass species dominance, and may result in a shrub-dominated state. 1

## State and transition model

## Plant Communities and Transitional Pathways (diagram)



MLRA-42, SD-3, Shallow

1a. Extended drought, overgrazing, no fire

1b. Brush control, Prescribed grazing

## State 1 Grass/Shrub Mix

## Community 1.1 Grass/Shrub Mix

Grassland/Shrub Mix: The historic plant community is dominated by black grama with sideoats grama as the subdominant. Blue grama, hairy grama, bush muhly, and sand dropseed also occur in significant amounts. Sideoats grama can occur as the dominant grass with black grama as sub-dominant on the western side of the Land Resource Unit SD-3. This may be due to higher average elevation on the west side. Retrogression within this state due to extended drought or overgrazing will cause a decrease in species such as black grama, sideoats grama, blue grama, and bush muhly. Threeawns may become the dominant grass species due to a decline in more palatable grasses or because of its ability to quickly recover following drought. Continued loss of grass cover and associated increase in amount of bare ground may result in a shrub-dominated state. Decreased fire frequencies may also be

an important component in the cause of this transition. Diagnosis: Grass cover is fairly uniform, however, surface gravel, cobble, and bare ground make up a large percent of total ground cover, and grass production during unfavorable years may only average 150-175 pounds per acre. Shrubs are common with canopy cover averaging five to ten percent. Evidence of erosion such as rills and gullies are rare, but may occur on slopes greater than eight percent.

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Tree foliar cover	0%
Shrub/vine/liana foliar cover	5-10%
Grass/grasslike foliar cover	10-15%
Forb foliar cover	0%
Non-vascular plants	0%
Biological crusts	0%
Litter	5-8%
Surface fragments >0.25" and <=3"	0%
Surface fragments >3"	0%
Bedrock	0%
Water	0%
Bare ground	40-60%

Figure 5. Plant community growth curve (percent production by month). NM2825, R042XC025NM Shallow HCPC. R042XC025NM Shallow HCPC Warm Season Plant Community.

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
0	0	3	5	10	10	25	30	12	5	0	0

## State 2 Shrub-Dominated

### Community 2.1 Shrub-Dominated

Shrub-Dominated: This state is characterized by an increase in shrubs and a decrease in grass cover relative to grassland/shrub mix. As grass cover decreases shrubs increase, especially creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia, and mesquite. Each of these shrub species may become dominant in localized areas or across the site, depending on the spatial variability in soil characteristics and landscape position. Black grama, threeawns, hairy grama, or hairy tridens may be the dominant grass species. Fluffgrass, burrograss and broom snakeweed increase in representation. The Shallow site is resistant to state change, due to the natural rock armor of the soil and a shallow impermeable layer. The amount of rock fragments on the soil surface assist in retarding erosion. On Shallow sites with low slope, the shallow depth to either a petrocalcic layer or limestone bedrock helps to keep water perched and available to shallow rooted grasses for extended periods. 2 Diagnosis: Shrubs are the dominant species, especially creosotebush, catclaw mimosa, whitethorn acacia, or mesquite. Grass cover is variable ranging

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from patchy with large connected bare areas present to sparse with only a limited amount in shrub inter-spaces. Transition to Shrub-Dominated (1a) Overgrazing and or extended periods of drought, and suppression of natural fire regimes are thought to cause this transition. As grass cover is lost, soil fertility and available soil moisture decline, due to the reduction of organic matter and decreased infiltration.3 Shrubs have the ability to extract nutrients and water from a greater area of soil than grasses and are better able to utilize limited water. Competition by shrubs for water and nutrients limits grass recruitment and establishment. Fire historically may have played a part in suppressing shrub expansion; fire suppression may therefore facilitate shrub expansion. Key indicators of approach to transition: \*Decrease or change in composition or distribution of grass cover. \*Increase in size and frequency of bare patches. \*Increase in amount of shrub seedlings. Transition back to Grassland/Shrub Mix (1b) Brush control is necessary to re-establish grasses. Prescribed grazing will help to ensure proper forage utilization and sustain grass cover. Once the transition is reversed and grass cover is re-established, periodic use of prescribed fire may assist in maintaining the Grassland/Shrub state.

## Additional community tables

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 Table 7. Community 1.1 plant community composition

Group	Common Name	Symbol	Scientific Name	Annual Production (Lb/Acre)	Foliar Cover (%)
Grass	/Grasslike	•	•		
1				105–158	
	black grama	BOER4	Bouteloua eriopoda	105–158	_
2		•	•	79–105	
	sideoats grama	BOCU	Bouteloua curtipendula	79–105	_
3			•	79–105	
	blue grama	BOGR2	Bouteloua gracilis	79–105	_
	hairy grama	BOHI2	Bouteloua hirsuta	79–105	_
4			·	26–53	
	bush muhly	MUPO2	Muhlenbergia porteri	26–53	_
5		•	•	16–26	
	cane bluestem	BOBA3	Bothriochloa barbinodis	16–26	_
6		•	•	26–53	
	sand dropseed	SPCR	Sporobolus cryptandrus	26–53	_
7			•	16–26	
	hairy woollygrass	ERPI5	Erioneuron pilosum	16–26	_
8			•	5–16	
	ear muhly	MUAR	Muhlenbergia arenacea	5–16	_
9		•	•	5–16	
	New Mexico feathergrass	HENE5	Hesperostipa neomexicana	5–16	_
10			·	5–16	
	low woollygrass	DAPU7	Dasyochloa pulchella	5–16	_
11			·	16–26	
	Grass, perennial	2GP	Grass, perennial	16–26	_
Forb		•	•		
12				11–26	
	stemless four-nerve daisy	TEACE	Tetraneuris acaulis var. epunctata	11–26	_
13				5–16	
	woolly groundsel	PACA15	Packera cana	5–16	_
A A	l			E 40	1

14				01–C	
	globemallow	SPHAE	Sphaeralcea	5–16	_
15				5–16	
	bladderpod	LESQU	Lesquerella	5–16	-
16				5–16	
	cassia	CASSI	Cassia	5–16	_
17			•	11–26	
	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	2FORB	Forb (herbaceous, not grass nor grass-like)	11–26	_
Shru	b/Vine	-			
18				5–16	
	littleleaf sumac	RHMI3	Rhus microphylla	5–16	_
19		•	·	5–16	
	creosote bush	LATR2	Larrea tridentata	5–16	_
20			<u>.</u>	5–16	
	littleleaf ratany	KRER	Krameria erecta	5–16	_
21				5–16	
	javelina bush	COER5	Condalia ericoides	5–16	_
22			1	5–16	
	American tarwort	FLCE	Flourensia cernua	5–16	_
23			1	5–16	
	crown of thorns	KOSP	Koeberlinia spinosa	5–16	_
24				11–26	
	honey mesquite	PRGL2	Prosopis glandulosa	11–26	_
	honey mesquite	PRGL2	Prosopis glandulosa	11–26	_
25				5–16	
	catclaw mimosa	MIACB	Mimosa aculeaticarpa var. biuncifera	5–16	_
26				5–16	
	pricklypear	OPUNT	Opuntia	5–16	-
27			1	11–26	
	mariola	PAIN2	Parthenium incanum	11–26	_
	mariola	PAIN2	Parthenium incanum	11–26	-
28			•	5–16	
	broom snakeweed	GUSA2	Gutierrezia sarothrae	5–16	_
29		1	1	16–26	
	Shrub (>.5m)	2SHRUB	Shrub (>.5m)	16–26	_

#### **Animal community**

This site provides habitats which support a resident animal community that is characterized by desert cottontail, spotted ground squirrel, Merriam's kangaroo rat, cactus mouse, white-throated woodrat, gray fox, spotted skunk, roadrunner, Swainson's hawk, white-necked raven, cactus wren, pyrrhuloxia, lark sparrow, mourning dove, scaled quail, leopard lizard, round-tailed horned lizard, prairie rattlesnake, marbled whiptail, and greater earless lizard. Where associated with limestone hills, mule deer utilize this site.

Where large woody shrubs occur, most resident birds and scissor-tailed flycatcher, morning dove, lark sparrow and

Swainson's hawk nest.

## Hydrological functions

The runoff curve numbers are determined by field investigations using hydraulic cover conditions and hydrologic soil groups.

Hydrologic Interpretations Soil Series------ Hydrologic Group Lozier------ D Potter------ C Tencee------ D Upton------ C Kimbrough------ D Upton------ D Ector------ D

## **Recreational uses**

This site offers recreation potential for hiking, horseback riding, rock hunting, nature photography and bird hunting and birding. During years of abundant spring moisture, a colorful array of wild flowers is displayed during May and June. A few summer and fall flowers also occur.

## Wood products

This site has no potential for wood production.

## Other products

This site is suited for grazing by all kinds and classes of livestock during all seasons of the year. Missmanagement will cause a decrease in black grama, sideoats grama, and blue grama, bush muhly and New Mexico feathergrass. A corresponding increase in bare ground will occur. There will also be an increase in muhlys, fluffgrass, creosotebush, javalinabush, catclaw, and mesquite. This site will respond best to a system of management that rotates the season of use.

## Other information

Guide to Suggested Initial Stocking Rate Acres per Animal Unit Month Similarity Index------ Ac/AUM 100 - 76------ 3.7 - 4.5 75 - 51------ 4.3 - 5.5 50 - 26------ 5.3 - 10.0 25 - 0----- 10.1 +

### Inventory data references

Data collection for this site was done in conjunction with the progressive soil surveys within the Southern Desertic Basins, Plains and Mountains, Major Land Resource Areas of New Mexico (SD-3). This site has been mapped and correlated with soils in the following soil surveys. Eddy County, Lea County, and Chaves County.

### **Other references**

Literature Cited:

1. Humphrey, R.R. 1974. Fire in the deserts and desert grassland of North America. In: Kozlowski, T. T.; Ahlgren, C. E., eds. Fire and ecosystems. New York: Academic Press: 365-400.

2. Hennessy, J.T., R.P. Gibbens, J.M. Tromble, and M. Cardenas. 1983. Water properties of caliche. J. Range Manage. 36: 723-726.

3. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2001. Soil Quality Information Sheets. Rangeland Soil Quality—Infiltration, Organic Matter, Rangeland Sheets 5,6. [Online]. Available: http://www.statlab.iastate.edu/survey/SQI/range.html

## Contributors

David Trujillo Don Sylvester

## Rangeland health reference sheet

Interpreting Indicators of Rangeland Health is a qualitative assessment protocol used to determine ecosystem condition based on benchmark characteristics described in the Reference Sheet. A suite of 17 (or more) indicators are typically considered in an assessment. The ecological site(s) representative of an assessment location must be known prior to applying the protocol and must be verified based on soils and climate. Current plant community cannot be used to identify the ecological site.

Author(s)/participant(s)	
Contact for lead author	
Date	
Approved by	
Approval date	
Composition (Indicators 10 and 12) based on	Annual Production

### Indicators

- 1. Number and extent of rills:
- 2. Presence of water flow patterns:
- 3. Number and height of erosional pedestals or terracettes:
- 4. Bare ground from Ecological Site Description or other studies (rock, litter, lichen, moss, plant canopy are not bare ground):
- 5. Number of gullies and erosion associated with gullies:
- 6. Extent of wind scoured, blowouts and/or depositional areas:
- 7. Amount of litter movement (describe size and distance expected to travel):

- 8. Soil surface (top few mm) resistance to erosion (stability values are averages most sites will show a range of values):
- 9. Soil surface structure and SOM content (include type of structure and A-horizon color and thickness):
- 10. Effect of community phase composition (relative proportion of different functional groups) and spatial distribution on infiltration and runoff:
- 11. Presence and thickness of compaction layer (usually none; describe soil profile features which may be mistaken for compaction on this site):
- 12. Functional/Structural Groups (list in order of descending dominance by above-ground annual-production or live foliar cover using symbols: >>, >, = to indicate much greater than, greater than, and equal to):

Dominant:

Sub-dominant:

Other:

Additional:

- 13. Amount of plant mortality and decadence (include which functional groups are expected to show mortality or decadence):
- 14. Average percent litter cover (%) and depth ( in):
- 15. Expected annual annual-production (this is TOTAL above-ground annual-production, not just forage annualproduction):
- 16. Potential invasive (including noxious) species (native and non-native). List species which BOTH characterize degraded states and have the potential to become a dominant or co-dominant species on the ecological site if their future establishment and growth is not actively controlled by management interventions. Species that become dominant for only one to several years (e.g., short-term response to drought or wildfire) are not invasive plants. Note that unlike other indicators, we are describing what is NOT expected in the reference state for the ecological site:
- 17. Perennial plant reproductive capability:

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## Stark 5 Federal Com #701H Geology



Water—Perenial standing water

Qa—Alluvium (Holocene to upper Pleistocene)

Esri, NASA, NGA, USGS, USGS The National Map: National Boundaries Dataset, 3DEP Elevation Program, Geographic Names Information System, National Hydrography Dataset, National Land Cover Database, National Structures Dataset, and National Transportation Dataset; USGS Global Ecosystems; U.S. Census Bureau TIGER/Line data; USFS Road data;

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## State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

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QUESTIONS

Action 470602

QUESTIONS				
Operator:	OGRID:			
EOG RESOURCES INC	7377			
5509 Champions Drive	Action Number:			
Midland, TX 79706	470602			
	Action Type:			
	[C-141] Site Char./Remediation Plan C-141 (C-141-v-Plan)			

#### QUESTIONS

Prerequisites		
Incident ID (n#)	nAPP2515532575	
Incident Name	NAPP2515532575 STARK 5 FEDERAL COM #701H @ 30-015-48307	
Incident Type	Produced Water Release	
Incident Status	Remediation Plan Received	
Incident Well	[30-015-48307] STARK 5 FEDERAL COM #701H	

#### Location of Release Source

Please	answer	all	the	questions	in	this	group.	

Site Name	Stark 5 Federal Com #701H
Date Release Discovered	03/15/2025
Surface Owner	Federal

#### Incident Details

Please answer all the questions in this group.				
Incident Type	Produced Water Release			
Did this release result in a fire or is the result of a fire	No			
Did this release result in any injuries	No			
Has this release reached or does it have a reasonable probability of reaching a watercourse	No			
Has this release endangered or does it have a reasonable probability of endangering public health	No			
Has this release substantially damaged or will it substantially damage property or the environment	No			
Is this release of a volume that is or may with reasonable probability be detrimental to fresh water	No			

#### Nature and Volume of Release

Material(s) released, please answer all that apply below. Any calculations or specific justifications for the volumes provided should be attached to the follow-up C-141 submission.				
Crude Oil Released (bbls) Details	Not answered.			
Produced Water Released (bbls) Details	Cause: Other   Tank (Any)   Produced Water   Released: 100 BBL   Recovered: 0 BBL   Lost: 100 BBL.			
Is the concentration of chloride in the produced water >10,000 mg/l	Yes			
Condensate Released (bbls) Details	Not answered.			
Natural Gas Vented (Mcf) Details	Not answered.			
Natural Gas Flared (Mcf) Details	Not answered.			
Other Released Details	Not answered.			
Are there additional details for the questions above (i.e. any answer containing Other, Specify, Unknown, and/or Fire, or any negative lost amounts)	Original field reporting indicated a release of 4 bbls due to high winds causing liner damage to the AST. Site assessment and delineation lead to the calculation of the release volume being 100 bbls.			

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QUESTIONS, Page 2

Action 470602

QUESTIONS (continued)				
Operator:	OGRID:			
EOG RESOURCES INC 5509 Champions Drive Midland, TX 79706	7377			
	Action Number:			
	470602			
	Action Type:			
	[C-141] Site Char./Remediation Plan C-141 (C-141-v-Plan)			

QUESTIONS

Nature and Volume of Release (continued)				
Is this a gas only submission (i.e. only significant Mcf values reported)	No, according to supplied volumes this does not appear to be a "gas only" report.			
Was this a major release as defined by Subsection A of 19.15.29.7 NMAC	Yes			
Reasons why this would be considered a submission for a notification of a major release	From paragraph A. "Major release" determine using: (1) an unauthorized release of a volume, excluding gases, of 25 barrels or more.			
With the implementation of the 19.15.27 NMAC (05/25/2021), venting and/or flaring of natural gas (i.e. gas only) are to be submitted on the C-129 form.				

Initial Response				
The responsible party must undertake the following actions immediately unless they could create a safety hazard that would result in injury.				
The source of the release has been stopped	True			
The impacted area has been secured to protect human health and the environment	True			
Released materials have been contained via the use of berms or dikes, absorbent pads, or other containment devices	True			
All free liquids and recoverable materials have been removed and managed appropriately	True			
If all the actions described above have not been undertaken, explain why	Not answered.			
Per Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.29.8 NMAC the responsible party may commence remediation immediately after discovery of a release. If remediation has begun, please prepare and attach a narrative or actions to date in the follow-up C-141 submission. If remedial efforts have been successfully completed or if the release occurred within a lined containment area (see Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (5) of Subsection A of 19.15.29.11 NMAC), please prepare and attach all information needed for closure evaluation in the follow-up C-141 submission.				
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.				
I hereby agree and sign off to the above statement	Name: Chase Settle Title: Safety & Environmental Rep II Email: chase_settle@eogresources.com Date: 06/04/2025			

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## State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

QUESTIONS, Page 3

Action 470602

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QUESTIONS (continued)		
Operator:	OGRID:	
EOG RESOURCES INC	7377	
5509 Champions Drive	Action Number:	
Midland, TX 79706	470602	
	Action Type:	
	[C-141] Site Char./Remediation Plan C-141 (C-141-v-Plan)	

#### QUESTIONS

Site Characterization

Please answer all the questions in this group (only required when seeking remediation plan approval and beyond). This information must be provided to the appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.

What is the shallowest depth to groundwater beneath the area affected by the release in feet below ground surface (ft bgs)	Between 100 and 500 (ft.)
What method was used to determine the depth to ground water	NM OSE iWaters Database Search
Did this release impact groundwater or surface water	No
What is the minimum distance, between the closest lateral extents of the release an	nd the following surface areas:
A continuously flowing watercourse or any other significant watercourse	Between 1000 (ft.) and ½ (mi.)
Any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark)	Greater than 5 (mi.)
An occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church	Greater than 5 (mi.)
A spring or a private domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes	Between 1000 (ft.) and ½ (mi.)
Any other fresh water well or spring	Between 1000 (ft.) and ½ (mi.)
Incorporated municipal boundaries or a defined municipal fresh water well field	Greater than 5 (mi.)
A wetland	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
A subsurface mine	Greater than 5 (mi.)
An (non-karst) unstable area	Between 1 and 5 (mi.)
Categorize the risk of this well / site being in a karst geology	Medium
A 100-year floodplain	Between ½ and 1 (mi.)
Did the release impact areas not on an exploration, development, production, or storage site	No

#### Remediation Plan

no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.
nave been determined, pursuant to 19.15.29.11 NMAC and 19.15.29.13 NMAC.
port must include a proposed remediation plan in accordance with 19.15.29.12 NMAC
(be) change(d) over time as more remediation efforts are completed.

The OCD recognizes that proposed remediation measures may have to be minimally adjusted in accordance with the physical realities encountered during remediation. If the responsible party has any need to significantly deviate from the remediation plan proposed, then it should consult with the division to determine if another remediation plan submission is required.

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## **State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division** 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe. NM 87505

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QUESTIONS (continued)				
Operator: EOG RESOURCES INC	OGRID: 7377			
5509 Champions Drive Midland, TX 79706	Action Number: 470602 Action Type:			
	[C-141] Site Char./Remediation Plan C-141 (C-141-v-Plan)			
QUESTIONS				
Remediation Plan (continued)				
Please answer all the questions that apply or are indicated. This information must be provided to the	appropriate district office no later than 90 days after the release discovery date.			
This remediation will (or is expected to) utilize the following processes to remediate	/ reduce contaminants:			
(Select all answers below that apply.)				
(Ex Situ) Excavation and off-site disposal (i.e. dig and haul, hydrovac, etc.)	Yes			
Which OCD approved facility will be used for off-site disposal	LEA LAND LANDFILL [fEEM0112342028]			
<b>OR</b> which OCD approved well (API) will be used for <b>off-site</b> disposal	Not answered.			
<b>OR</b> is the <b>off-site</b> disposal site, to be used, out-of-state	Not answered.			
<b>OR</b> is the <b>off-site</b> disposal site, to be used, an NMED facility	Not answered.			
(Ex Situ) Excavation and on-site remediation (i.e. On-Site Land Farms)	Not answered.			
(In Situ) Soil Vapor Extraction	Not answered.			
(In Situ) Chemical processing (i.e. Soil Shredding, Potassium Permanganate, etc.)	Not answered.			
(In Situ) Biological processing (i.e. Microbes / Fertilizer, etc.)	Not answered.			
(In Situ) Physical processing (i.e. Soil Washing, Gypsum, Disking, etc.)	Not answered.			
Ground Water Abatement pursuant to 19.15.30 NMAC	Not answered.			

OTHER (Non-listed remedial process) Not answered. Per Subsection B of 19.15.29.11 NMAC unless the site characterization report includes completed efforts at remediation, the report must include a proposed remediation plan in accordance with 19.15.29.12 NMAC, which includes the anticipated timelines for beginning and completing the remediation.

I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to OCD rules and regulations all operators are required to report and/or file certain release notifications and perform corrective actions for releases which may endanger public health or the environment. The acceptance of a C-141 report by the OCD does not relieve the operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate and remediate contamination that pose a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health or the environment. In addition, OCD acceptance of a C-141 report does not relieve the operator of responsibility for compliance with any other federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations

I hereby agree and sign off to the above statement	Name: Chase Settle Title: Safety & Environmental Rep II Email: chase_settle@eogresources.com Date: 06/04/2025

The OCD recognizes that proposed remediation measures may have to be minimally adjusted in accordance with the physical realities encountered during remediation. If the responsible party has any need to significantly deviate from the remediation plan proposed, then it should consult with the division to determine if another remediation plan submission is required.

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QUESTIONS (continued)		
Operator: EOG RESOURCES INC	OGRID: 7377	
5509 Champions Drive Midland, TX 79706	Action Number: 470602	
	Action Type: [C-141] Site Char./Remediation Plan C-141 (C-141-v-Plan)	
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Def	erral Requests Only	
Only	answer the questions in this group if seeking a deferral upon approval this submission. Each of	the following items must be confirmed as part of any request for deferral of remediation.
	Requesting a deferral of the remediation closure due date with the approval of this ubmission	Νο

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## State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

QUESTIONS (continued)			
OGRID: 7377			
Action Number: 470602			
Action Type: [C-141] Site Char./Remediation Plan C-141 (C-141-v-Plan)			
{Unavailable.}			

#### **Remediation Closure Request**

nly answer the questions in this group if seeking remediation closure for this release because all remediation steps have been completed.		
Requesting a remediation closure approval with this submission	No	

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## State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Operator:	UGRID:
EOG RESOURCES INC	7377
5509 Champions Drive	Action Number:
Midland, TX 79706	470602
	Action Type:
	[C-141] Site Char./Remediation Plan C-141 (C-141-v-Plan)

#### CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
scwells	Remediation plan approved with the following conditions:	7/15/2025
scwells	1) As this site is categorized in a medium karst zone, within one of the setbacks of 19.15.29.12.C.(4) NMAC, a variance to collect samples at a frequency more than 200 ft2 is denied. All confirmation floor and sidewall samples must represent an area no greater than 200 ft2 pursuant to 19.15.29.12.D.(1) NMAC.	7/15/2025
scwells	2) Under the Site Characterization portion of the C-141 application the minimum distances to the following are incorrect and require updates upon C-141 application resubmission and within report: any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (1-5 miles E/refer to pg. 55 of report) and a wetland (1000 ft -1/2 mile are wetland riverines/refer to pg. 54 of report).	7/15/2025
scwells	Submit remediation closure report to the OCD by 10/13/2025.	7/15/2025