

Form 3160-3
(June 2015)FORM APPROVED
OMB No. 1004-0137
Expires: January 31, 2018

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

1a. Type of work: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRILL <input type="checkbox"/> REENTER 1b. Type of Well: <input type="checkbox"/> Oil Well <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Gas Well <input type="checkbox"/> Other 1c. Type of Completion: <input type="checkbox"/> Hydraulic Fracturing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single Zone <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone		5. Lease Serial No. NMNM0002965A 6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. 8. Lease Name and Well No. SALADO DRAW 10 W10B FED COM 1H [329969] 9. API Well No. 30-025-48376
2. Name of Operator MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY [14744] 3a. Address PO Box 5270 Hobbs NM 88240 3b. Phone No. (include area code) (575)393-5905		10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory [83600] RED HILLS WOLFCAMP GAS / WOLFCAMP 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 10 / T26S / R33E / NMP
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements. *) At surface SWSE / 235 FSL / 2000 FEL / LAT 32.0513782 / LONG -103.5581055 At proposed prod. zone NWNE / 100 FNL / 1650 FEL / LAT 32.0649685 / LONG -103.5569786		12. County or Parish LEA 13. State NM
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 30 miles		15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 320 feet 16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 320
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 50 feet 19. Proposed Depth 12626 feet / 17558 feet 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file FED: NM1693		21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3304 feet 22. Approximate date work will start* 06/29/2020 23. Estimated duration 60 days
24. Attachments		

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable)

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.
2. A Drilling Plan.
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). | 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above).
5. Operator certification.
6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the BLM. |
|---|---|

25. Signature (Electronic Submission) Title	Name (Printed/Typed) Date 08/30/2019	
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission) Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals	Name (Printed/Typed) Cody Layton / Ph: (575)234-5959 Office CARLSBAD	Date 01/08/2021

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.
 Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

GCP Rec 01/11/2021**NSL**

(Continued on page 2)

**Approval Date: 01/08/2021**

KZ
01/13/2021

REQUIRES NSL

*(Instructions on page 2)

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505
Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-102
Revised August 1, 2011
Submit one copy to appropriate
District Office

☐ AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

¹ API Number 30-025-48376		² Pool Code 83600	³ Pool Name RED HILLS; WOLFCAMP GAS
⁴ Property Code 329969	⁵ Property Name SALADO DRAW 10 W10B FED COM		⁶ Well Number 1H
⁷ OGRID NO. 14744	⁸ Operator Name MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY		⁹ Elevation 3316'

¹⁰ Surface Location

UL or lot no. 0	Section 10	Township 26S	Range 33E	Lot Idn	Feet from the 235	North/South line SOUTH	Feet From the 2000	East/West line EAST	County LEA
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¹¹ Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface

UL or lot no. B	Section 10	Township 26S	Range 33E	Lot Idn	Feet from the 100	North/South line NORTH	Feet from the 1650	East/West line EAST	County LEA
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¹² Dedicated Acres 320	¹³ Joint or Infill	¹⁴ Consolidation Code	¹⁵ Order No.
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No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interest have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

<p>③ S 89°40'21" W 2642.32'</p> <p>①</p> <p>② S 89°41'12" W 2644.83'</p> <p>④</p> <p>⑤</p> <p>⑥</p> <p>⑦</p> <p>⑧ S 89°38'52" W 2641.87'</p> <p>⑨ S 89°40'28" W 2649.98'</p>	<p>16</p> <p>GEODETIC DATA NAD 83 GRID - NM EAST</p> <p>SURFACE LOCATION N: 383291.7 - E: 781518.0</p> <p>LAT: 32.0513782° N LONG: 103.5581055° W</p> <p>GEODETIC DATA NAD 83 GRID - NM EAST</p> <p>BOTTOM HOLE N: 388238.1 - E: 781831.6</p> <p>LAT: 32.0649685° N LONG: 103.5569786° W</p> <p>CORNER DATA NAD 83 GRID - NM EAST</p> <p>A: CALCULATED CORNER N: 383036.8 - E: 778228.5</p> <p>B: FOUND BRASS CAP "1913" N: 385677.6 - E: 778212.9</p> <p>C: FOUND BRASS CAP "1913" N: 388317.6 - E: 778194.4</p> <p>D: FOUND BRASS CAP "1913" N: 388332.7 - E: 780836.2</p> <p>E: FOUND BRASS CAP "1913" N: 388347.1 - E: 783480.5</p> <p>F: FOUND BRASS CAP "1913" N: 383068.1 - E: 783519.3</p> <p>G: FOUND BRASS CAP "1913" N: 383053.0 - E: 780869.9</p>	<p>100'</p> <p>B.H.</p> <p>1650'</p> <p>PROJECT AREA</p> <p>PRODUCING AREA</p> <p>235'</p> <p>S.L.</p> <p>2000'</p>	<p>¹⁷ OPERATOR CERTIFICATION</p> <p>I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.</p> <p><i>Bradley C Bishop</i> 4-29-20 Signature Date BRADLEY BISHOP Printed Name BBISHOP@MEWBOURNE.COM E-mail Address</p> <p>¹⁸ SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION</p> <p>I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.</p> <p>4-15-2020 Date of Survey Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor 19680 Certificate Number</p> <p>PROF. ROBERT M. HOWETT NEW MEXICO 19680 PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR</p>
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Job No.: LS19010100R

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1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
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1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department
Oil Conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Submit Original
to Appropriate
District Office

GAS CAPTURE PLAN

Date: 5-9-19

☒ Original

Operator & OGRID No.: Mewbourne Oil Company - 14744

☐ Amended - Reason for Amendment: _____

This Gas Capture Plan outlines actions to be taken by the Operator to reduce well/production facility flaring/venting for new completion (new drill, recomple to new zone, re-frac) activity.

Note: Form C-129 must be submitted and approved prior to exceeding 60 days allowed by Rule (Subsection A of 19.15.18.12 NMAC).

Well(s)/Production Facility – Name of facility

The well(s) that will be located at the production facility are shown in the table below.

Well Name	API	Well Location (ULSTR)	Footages	Expected MCF/D	Flared or Vented	Comments
Salado Draw 10 W1OB Fed Com #1H	30-025-48376	B- 15 - 26S - 33E	285 FNL & 2370 FEL	0	NA	ONLINE AFTER FRAC

Gathering System and Pipeline Notification

Well(s) will be connected to a production facility after flowback operations are complete, if gas transporter system is in place. The gas produced from production facility is dedicated to Energy Transfer and will be connected to Energy Transfer low/high pressure gathering system located in _____ County, New Mexico. It will require _____' of pipeline to connect the facility to low/high pressure gathering system. Mewbourne Oil Company provides (periodically) to Energy Transfer a drilling, completion and estimated first production date for wells that are scheduled to be drilled in the foreseeable future. In addition, Mewbourne Oil Company and Energy Transfer have periodic conference calls to discuss changes to drilling and completion schedules. Gas from these wells will be processed at Energy Transfer Processing Plant located in Sec. 33, Twn. 24S, Rng. 37E, Lea County, New Mexico. The actual flow of the gas will be based on compression operating parameters and gathering system pressures.

Flowback Strategy

After the fracture treatment/completion operations, well(s) will be produced to temporary production tanks and gas will be flared or vented. During flowback, the fluids and sand content will be monitored. When the produced fluids contain minimal sand, the wells will be turned to production facilities. Gas sales should start as soon as the wells start flowing through the production facilities, unless there are operational issues on Energy Transfer system at that time. Based on current information, it is Operator's belief the system can take this gas upon completion of the well(s).

Safety requirements during cleanout operations from the use of underbalanced air cleanout systems may necessitate that sand and non-pipeline quality gas be vented and/or flared rather than sold on a temporary basis.

Alternatives to Reduce Flaring

Below are alternatives considered from a conceptual standpoint to reduce the amount of gas flared.

- Power Generation – On lease
 - Only a portion of gas is consumed operating the generator, remainder of gas will be flared
- Compressed Natural Gas – On lease
 - Gas flared would be minimal, but might be uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines
- NGL Removal – On lease
 - Plants are expensive, residue gas is still flared, and uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report
01/11/2021

APD ID: 10400041639

Submission Date: 08/30/2019

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Type: CONVENTIONAL GAS WELL

Well Number: 1H

Well Work Type: Drill

Show Final Text

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
451319	UNKNOWN	3304	28	28	OTHER : Top Soil	NONE	N
451330	RUSTLER	2379	925	925	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	USEABLE WATER	N
451331	TOP SALT	2024	1280	1280	SALT	NONE	N
451320	BOTTOM SALT	-1446	4750	4750	SALT	NONE	N
451327	LAMAR	-1686	4990	4990	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451323	BELL CANYON	-1726	5030	5030	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451324	CHERRY CANYON	-2776	6080	6080	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451325	MANZANITA	-3026	6330	6330	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451318	BONE SPRING	-5826	9130	9130	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451321	BONE SPRING 1ST	-6756	10060	10060	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451322	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7346	10650	10650	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451329	BONE SPRING 3RD	-8406	11710	11710	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451326	WOLFCAMP	-8876	12180	12180	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COMWell Number: 1H

Pressure Rating (PSI): 10MRating Depth: 17558

Equipment: Annular, Pipe Rams, Blind Rams

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Request variance for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. Anchors not required by manufacturer. A multi-bowl wellhead will be used. See attached schematic.

Testing Procedure: BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_10M_BOPE_Choke_Diagram_20190516135955.pdf

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Flex_Line_Specs_20190516135956.pdf

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com__1H_Flex_Line_Specs_API_16C_20190829145941.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_10M_Annular_BOP_Variance_20190516135908.doc

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_10M_BOPE_Schematic_w_5M_Annular_20190516135909.pdf

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_10M_Multi_Bowl_WH_Running_Proc_20190516135913.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	1000	0	1000	3326	2321	1000	H-40	48	ST&C	1.6	3.78	DRY	6.71	DRY	11.27
2	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	Y	0	4915	0	4915	3326	-1574	4915	J-55	36	LT&C	1.13	1.96	DRY	2.48	DRY	3.09
3	PRODUCTION	8.75	7.0	NEW	API	N	0	12700	0	12568	3326	9167	12700	HCP-110	26	LT&C	1.26	1.6	DRY	2.1	DRY	2.51
4	LINER	6.125	4.5	NEW	API	N	12031	17558	12053	12626	-9167	-9187	5527	P-110	13.5	LT&C	1.25	1.45	DRY	4.55	DRY	5.69

Casing Attachments

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Number: 1H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1String Type: SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Csg_assumptions_20200716144259.pdf

Casing ID: 2String Type: INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H__9.625_TAPERED_STRING_DIAGRAM_20200716144721.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Csg_assumptions_20200716144406.pdf

Casing ID: 3String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Csg_assumptions_20200716144917.pdf

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Number: 1H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 4String Type:LINER

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Csg_assumptions_20200716145137.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	807	530	2.12	12.5	1124	100	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
SURFACE	Tail		807	1000	200	1.34	14.8	268	100	Class C	Retarder
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	4222	770	2.12	12.5	1632	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4222	4915	200	1.34	14.8	268	25	Class C	Retarder
PRODUCTION	Lead		4715	10188	490	2.12	12.5	1039	25	Class C	Gel, Retarder, Defoamer, Extender
PRODUCTION	Tail		10188	12700	400	1.18	15.6	472	25	Class H	Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
LINER	Lead		12061	17558	220	2.97	11.2	653	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-Settling Agent

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W10B FED COMWell Number: 1H

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Lost circulation material Sweeps Mud scavengers in surface hole

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Pason/PVT/Visual Monitoring

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	1000	SPUD MUD	8.6	8.8							
1000	4915	SALT SATURATED	10	10							
4915	12568	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	9.5							
12568	12626	OIL-BASED MUD	10	13							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Will run GR/CNL from KOP (12061') to surface (horizontal well - vertical portion of hole). Stated logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

CNL,DS,GR,MWD,MUDLOG

Coring operation description for the well:

None

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Number: 1H

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 8535

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 5757.28

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 165

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_H2S_Plan_20190516142045.doc

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Dir_plan_20200716145657.pdf

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Dir_plot_20200716145658.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Add_Info_20200716145711.pdf

Other Variance attachment:

Mewbourne Oil Company
Salado Draw 10 W10B Fed Com #1H
Sec 10, T26S, R33E
SL: 235' FSL & 2000' FEL
BHL: 100' FNL & 1650' FEL

Hole Size	Casing Interval		Csg. Size	Weight (lbs)	Grade	Conn.	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
	From	To								
17.5"	0'	1000'	13.375"	48	H40	STC	1.68	3.78	6.71	11.27
12.25"	0'	4915'	9.625"	40	L80	LTC	1.13	1.96	2.48	3.09
8.75"	0'	12700'	7"	29	HCP110	LTC	1.26	1.60	2.10	2.51
6.125"	12061'	17558'	4.5"	13.5	P110	LTC	1.25	1.45	4.55	5.69
BLM Minimum Safety Factor							1.125	1	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h
 Must have table for contingency casing

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Mewbourne Oil Company
Salado Draw 10 W10B Fed Com #1H
Sec 10, T26S, R33E
SL: 235' FSL & 2000' FEL
BHL: 100' FNL & 1650' FEL

Hole Size	Casing Interval		Csg. Size	Weight (lbs)	Grade	Conn.	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
	From	To								
17.5"	0'	1000'	13.375"	48	H40	STC	1.68	3.78	6.71	11.27
12.25"	0'	4915'	9.625"	40	L80	LTC	1.13	1.96	2.48	3.09
8.75"	0'	12700'	7"	29	HCP110	LTC	1.26	1.60	2.10	2.51
6.125"	12061'	17558'	4.5"	13.5	P110	LTC	1.25	1.45	4.55	5.69
BLM Minimum Safety Factor							1.125	1	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h
 Must have table for contingency casing

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Mewbourne Oil Company
Salado Draw 10 W10B Fed Com #1H
Sec 10, T26S, R33E
SL: 235' FSL & 2000' FEL
BHL: 100' FNL & 1650' FEL

Hole Size	Casing Interval		Csg. Size	Weight (lbs)	Grade	Conn.	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
	From	To								
17.5"	0'	1000'	13.375"	48	H40	STC	1.68	3.78	6.71	11.27
12.25"	0'	4915'	9.625"	40	L80	LTC	1.13	1.96	2.48	3.09
8.75"	0'	12700'	7"	29	HCP110	LTC	1.26	1.60	2.10	2.51
6.125"	12061'	17558'	4.5"	13.5	P110	LTC	1.25	1.45	4.55	5.69
BLM Minimum Safety Factor							1.125	1	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h
 Must have table for contingency casing

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

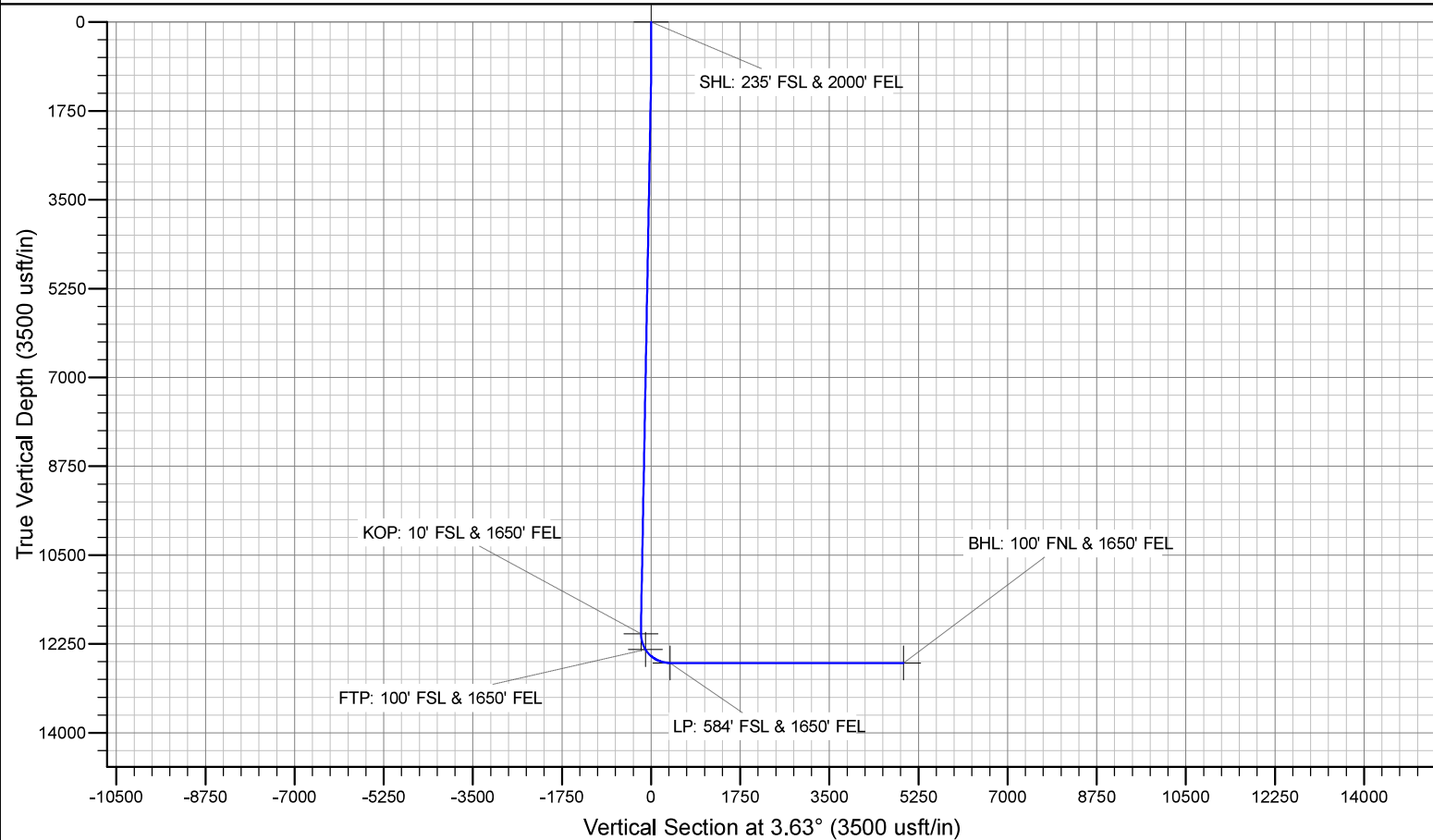
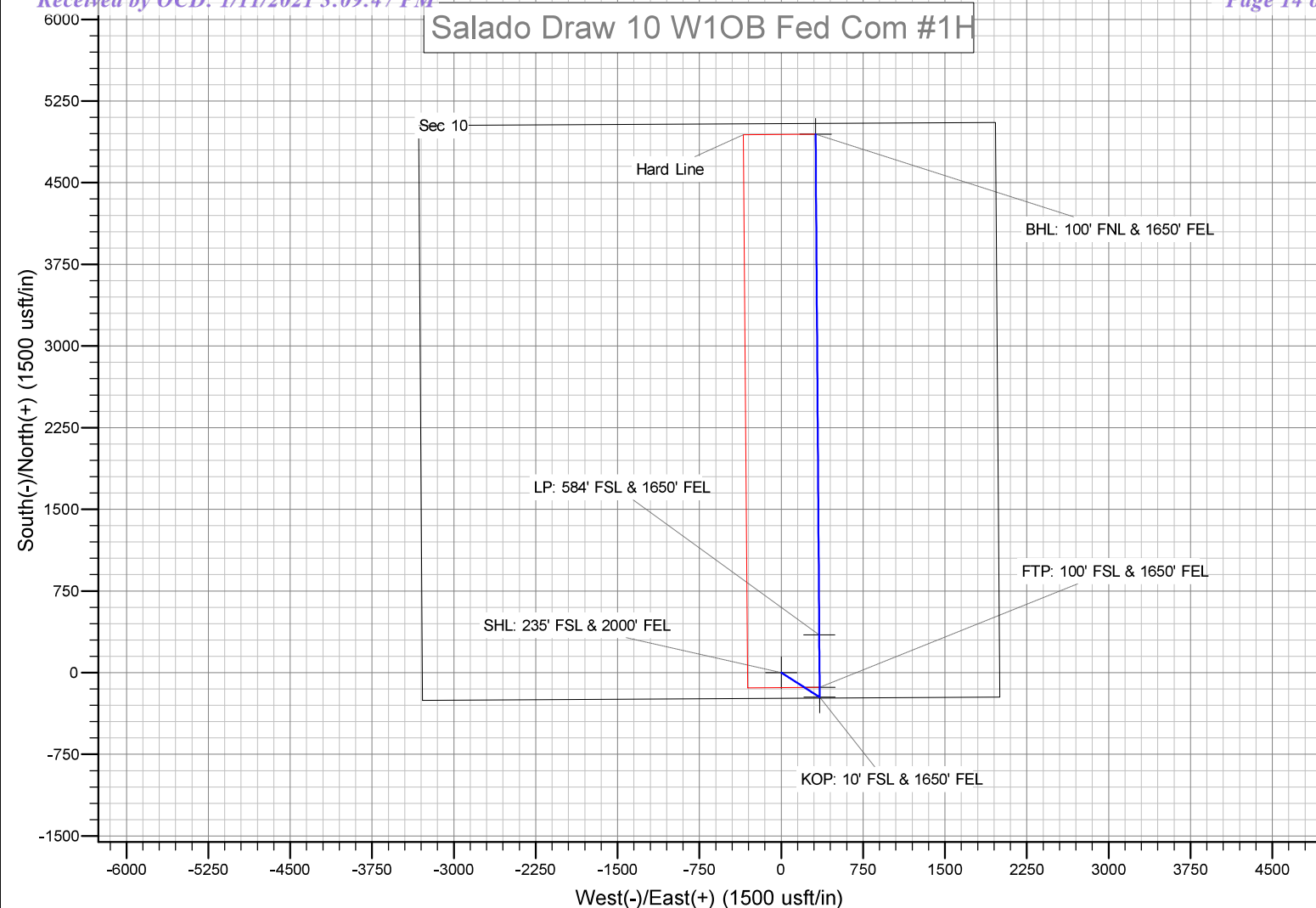
Mewbourne Oil Company
Salado Draw 10 W10B Fed Com #1H
Sec 10, T26S, R33E
SL: 235' FSL & 2000' FEL
BHL: 100' FNL & 1650' FEL

Hole Size	Casing Interval		Csg. Size	Weight (lbs)	Grade	Conn.	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
	From	To								
17.5"	0'	1000'	13.375"	48	H40	STC	1.68	3.78	6.71	11.27
12.25"	0'	4915'	9.625"	40	L80	LTC	1.13	1.96	2.48	3.09
8.75"	0'	12700'	7"	29	HCP110	LTC	1.26	1.60	2.10	2.51
6.125"	12061'	17558'	4.5"	13.5	P110	LTC	1.25	1.45	4.55	5.69
BLM Minimum Safety Factor							1.125	1	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 III.B.1.h
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Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Salado Draw 10 W1OB Fed Com #1H



PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Mewbourne Oil Company
LEASE NO.:	NMNM0002965A
WELL NAME & NO.:	SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM 1H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	235'/S & 2000'/E
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE:	100'/N & 1650'/E
LOCATION:	Section 10, T.26 S., R.33 E., NMP
COUNTY:	Lea County, New Mexico

COA

H2S	<input type="radio"/> Yes	<input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Potash	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None	<input type="radio"/> Secretary	<input type="radio"/> R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	<input type="radio"/> Low	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Medium	<input type="radio"/> High
Cave/Karst Potential	<input type="radio"/> Critical		
Variance	<input type="radio"/> None	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Flex Hose	<input type="radio"/> Other
Wellhead	<input type="radio"/> Conventional	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Multibowl	<input type="radio"/> Both
Other	<input type="checkbox"/> 4 String Area	<input type="checkbox"/> Capitan Reef	<input type="checkbox"/> WIPP
Other	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fluid Filled	<input type="checkbox"/> Cement Squeeze	<input type="checkbox"/> Pilot Hole
Special Requirements	<input type="checkbox"/> Water Disposal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> COM	<input type="checkbox"/> Unit

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

Casing Design:

1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1000** feet (a minimum of **25 feet (Lea County)**) into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after

- completing the cement job.
- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet BLM minimum collapse requirement.

2. The **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately **4915** feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. **Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst or potash. Excess cement calculates to 19%, additional cement might be required.**
- ❖ In Medium Cave/Karst Areas if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **7** inch production casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.
4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **4-1/2** inch production liner is:
 - Cement should tie-back **100 feet** into the previous casing. Operator shall provide method of verification.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).'
- 2.

Option 1:

- a. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **10,000 (10M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 5000 (5M) psi.**
- b. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the intermediate casing shoe shall be **10,000 (10M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 5000 (5M) psi.**

Option 2:

1. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **10,000 (10M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 5000 (5M) psi.**
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
 - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)**Communitization Agreement**

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 E Greene St. Carlsbad, New Mexico 88220, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

☒ Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,
(575) 361-2822

☒ Lea County

Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575)
393-3612

1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig

- Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.

4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.

- b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
- a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
 - c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
 - d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall

have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.

- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

OTA09162020

PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

SALADO DRAW 10 W00B FED COM 2H

Surface Hole Location: 235' FSL & 2030' FEL, Section 10, T. 26 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100' FNL & 2310' FEL, Section 10, T. 26 S, R 33 E.

SALADO DRAW 10 W10B FED COM 1H

Surface Hole Location: 235' FSL & 2000' FEL, Section 10, T. 26 S., R. 33 E.

Bottom Hole Location: 100' FNL & 1650' FEL, Section 10, T. 26 S, R 33 E.

Lease Number NMNM0002965A

Lea County

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

- ☐ **General Provisions**
- ☐ **Permit Expiration**
- ☐ **Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites**
- ☐ **Noxious Weeds**
- ☒ **Special Requirements**
 - Cave/Karst
 - Watershed
 - Cultural
- ☐ **Construction**
 - Notification
 - Topsoil
 - Closed Loop System
 - Federal Mineral Material Pits
 - Well Pads
 - Roads
- ☐ **Road Section Diagram**
- ☐ **Production (Post Drilling)**
 - Well Structures & Facilities
 - Pipelines
- ☐ **Interim Reclamation**
- ☐ **Final Abandonment & Reclamation**

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for

acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Cave and Karst

** Depending on location, additional Drilling, Casing, and Cementing procedures may be required by engineering to protect critical karst groundwater recharge areas.

Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production.

Construction:

In the advent that any underground voids are opened up during construction activities, construction activities will be halted and the BLM will be notified immediately.

No Blasting:

No blasting will be utilized for pad construction. The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.

Pad Berming:

The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.

- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)

Tank Battery Liners and Berms:

Tank battery locations and all facilities will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.

Leak Detection System:

A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, situating valves and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. Leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM for approval.

Automatic Shut-off Systems:

Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns:

Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:

Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Directional Drilling:

Kick off for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cave-bearing zone, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

Pressure Testing:

Annual pressure monitoring will be performed by the operator on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

Watershed

- The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
- Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion.
- Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24 hour production, whichever is greater.
- Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.
- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 24 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised. (Any access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height.)
- A leak detection plan will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating valves and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be

constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

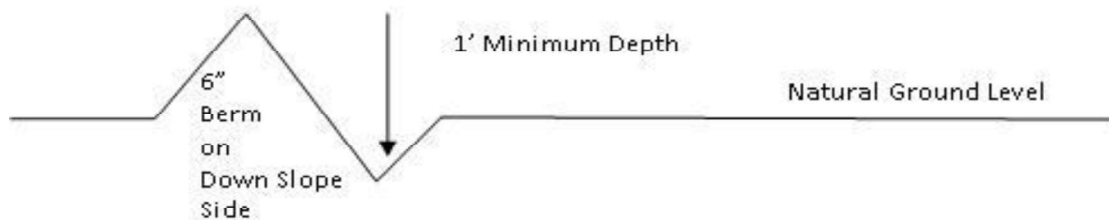
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outslowing and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

$$400 \text{ foot road with } 4\% \text{ road slope: } \frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200' \text{ lead-off ditch interval}$$

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

1. Salvage topsoil
2. Construct road

3. Redistribute topsoil
4. Revegetate slopes

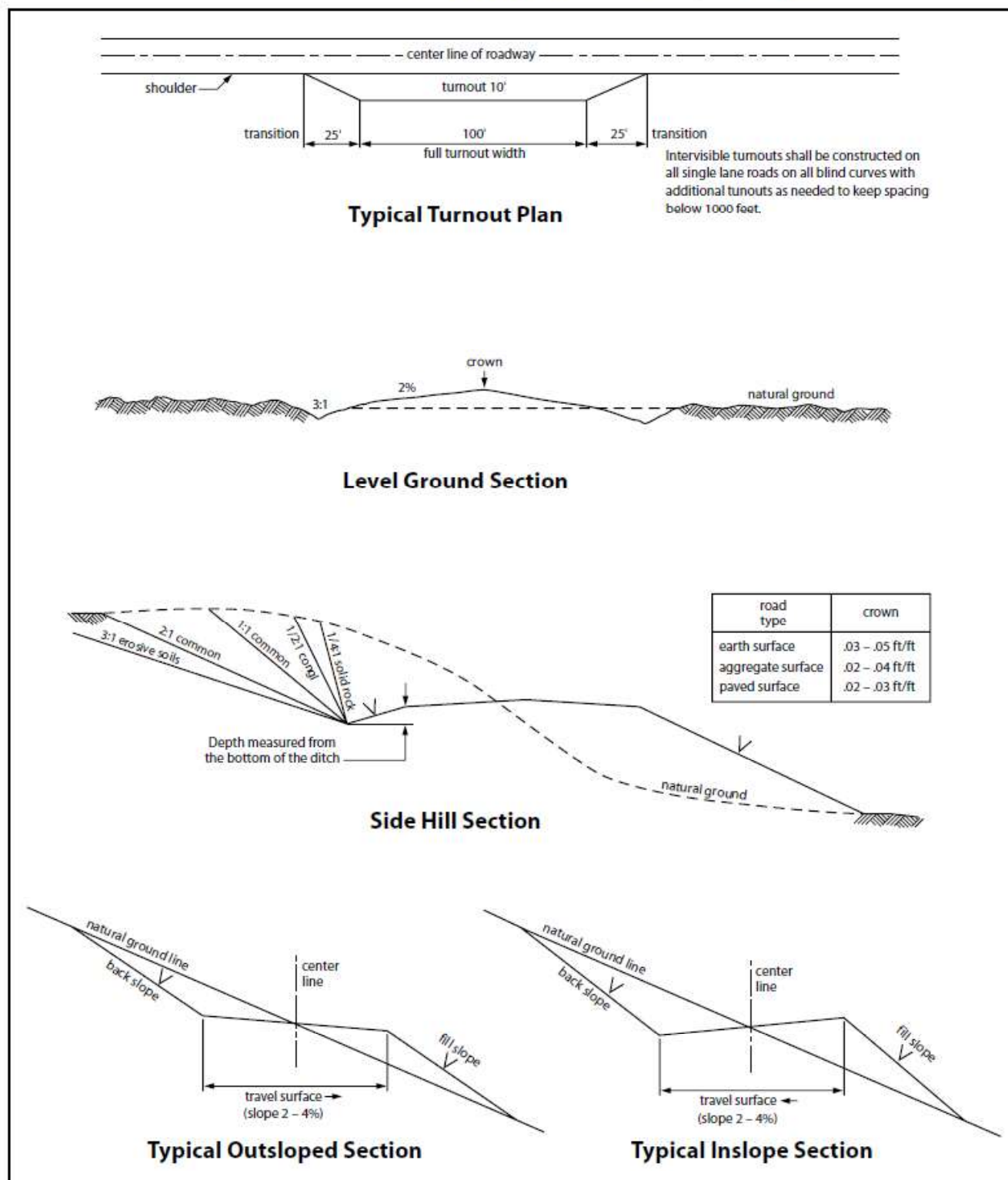


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production

equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

B. PIPELINES

BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on

the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.

6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.

7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be 30 feet:

- Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed 20 feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
- Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed 30 feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (*Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.*)
- The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)

8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 6 inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.

9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless

otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

<input type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 3
<input type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 2	<input type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 4
<input type="checkbox"/> seed mixture 2/LPC	<input type="checkbox"/> Aplomado Falcon Mixture

13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.

14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.

16. Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

OR

If the entire project is covered under the Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement (cultural resources only):

The proponent has contributed funds commensurate to the undertaking into an account for offsite mitigation. Participation in the PA serves as mitigation for the effects of this project on cultural resources. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and the BLM will be notified as soon as possible within 24 hours. Work shall not resume until a Notice to Proceed is issued by the BLM. See Stipulation 17 for more information.

If the proposed project is split between a Class III inventory and a Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement contribution, the portion of the project covered under Class III inventory should default to the first paragraph stipulations.

17. The holder is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) to protect such cultural items as human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered inadvertently during the course of project implementation. In the event that any of the cultural items listed above are discovered during the course of project work, the proponent shall immediately halt the disturbance and contact the BLM within 24 hours for instructions. The proponent or initiator of any project shall be held responsible for protecting, evaluating, reporting, excavating, treating, and disposing of these cultural items according to the procedures established by the BLM in consultation with Indian Tribes."

18. Any paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

19. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

20. Escape Ramps - The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches [that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted] to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:

- a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
- b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 3, for Shallow Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species

	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains Bristlegrass (<i>Setaria macrostachya</i>)	1.0
Green Sprangletop (<i>Leptochloa dubia</i>)	2.0
Sideoats Grama (<i>Bouteloua curtipendula</i>)	5.0

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan
Mewbourne Oil Company

1. General Requirements

Rule 118 does not apply to this well because MOC has researched this area and no high concentrations of H₂S were found. MOC will have on location and working all H₂S safety equipment before the Delaware formation for purposes of safety and insurance requirements.

2. Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will have received training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to entering the drilling pad area of the well:

1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide gas.
2. The proper use of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
3. The proper use of hydrogen sulfide detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures.
4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue operations.

Additionally, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1 The effects of hydrogen sulfide on metal components. If high tensile tubular systems are utilized, supervisory personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2 Corrective action and shut in procedures, blowout prevention, and well control procedures while drilling a well.
- 3 The contents of the Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan.

There will be an initial training session prior to encountering a known hydrogen sulfide source. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan.

3. Hydrogen Sulfide Safety Equipment and Systems

All hydrogen sulfide safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational prior to drilling below the 9 5/8" intermediate casing.

1. Well Control Equipment
 - A. Choke manifold with minimum of one adjustable choke/remote choke.
 - B. Blowout preventers equipped with blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
 - C. Auxiliary equipment including annular type blowout preventer.
2. Protective Equipment for Essential Personnel

Thirty minute self contained work unit located in the dog house and at briefing areas.

Additionally: If H₂S is encountered in concentrations less than 10 ppm, fans will be placed in work areas to prevent the accumulation of hazardous amounts of poisonous gas. If higher concentrations of H₂S are detected the well will be shut in and a rotating head, mud/gas separator, remote choke and flare line with igniter will be installed.

3. Hydrogen Sulfide Protection and Monitoring Equipment

Two portable hydrogen sulfide monitors positioned on location for optimum coverage and detection. The units shall have audible sirens to notify personnel when hydrogen sulfide levels exceed 20 PPM.

4. Visual Warning Systems

A. Wind direction indicators as indicated on the wellsite diagram.

B. Caution signs shall be posted on roads providing access to location. Signs shall be painted a high visibility color with lettering of sufficient size to be readable at reasonable distances from potentially contaminated areas.

4. **Mud Program**

The mud program has been designed to minimize the amount of hydrogen sulfide entrained in the mud system. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices, and the use of hydrogen sulfide scavengers will minimize hazards while drilling the well.

5. **Metallurgy**

All tubular systems, wellheads, blowout preventers, drilling spools, kill lines, choke manifolds, and valves shall be suitable for service in a hydrogen sulfide environment when chemically treated.

6. **Communications**

State & County Officials phone numbers are posted on rig floor and supervisors trailer. Communications in company vehicles and toolpushers are either two way radios or cellular phones.

7. **Well Testing**

Drill stem testing is not an anticipated requirement for evaluation of this well. If a drill stem test is required, it will be conducted with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity. The test will be conducted during daylight hours only.

8. **Emergency Phone Numbers**

Eddy County Sheriff's Office	911 or 575-887-7551
Ambulance Service	911 or 575-885-2111
Carlsbad Fire Dept	911 or 575-885-2111
Loco Hills Volunteer Fire Dept.	911 or 575-677-3266
Closest Medical Facility - Columbia Medical Center of Carlsbad	575-492-5000

Mewbourne Oil Company	Hobbs District Office	575-393-5905
	Fax	575-397-6252
	2nd Fax	575-393-7259

District Manager	Robin Terrell	575-390-4816
Drilling Superintendent	Frosty Lathan	575-390-4103
	Bradley Bishop	575-390-6838
Drilling Foreman	Wesley Noseff	575-441-0729

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY**Well Name:** SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM**Well Number:** 1H**Waste type:** DRILLING**Waste content description:** Drill cuttings**Amount of waste:** 940 barrels**Waste disposal frequency :** One Time Only**Safe containment description:** Drill cuttings will be properly contained in steel tanks (20 yard roll off bins.)**Safe containmant attachment:****Waste disposal type:** HAUL TO COMMERCIAL FACILITY**Disposal location ownership:** PRIVATE**Disposal type description:****Disposal location description:** NMOCD approved waste disposal locations are CRI or Lea Land, both facilities are located on HWY 62/180, Sec. 27 T20S R32E.

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO**Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit?****Reserve pit length (ft.)****Reserve pit width (ft.)****Reserve pit depth (ft.)****Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)****Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?****Reserve pit liner****Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description**

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO**Are you storing cuttings on location?** NO**Description of cuttings location****Cuttings area length (ft.)****Cuttings area width (ft.)****Cuttings area depth (ft.)****Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)****Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?****WCuttings area liner****Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description**

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Number: 1H

Section 8 - Ancillary Facilities

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: NO

Ancillary Facilities attachment:

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site Layout

Well Site Layout Diagram:

SaladoDraw10_W1OBFedCom1H_2wellsitelayout_20200428145817.pdf

Comments:

Section 10 - Plans for Surface Reclamation

Type of disturbance: New Surface Disturbance

Multiple Well Pad Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W0OB & W1OB FED COM WELLS

Multiple Well Pad Number: 2

Recontouring attachment:

Drainage/Erosion control construction: None

Drainage/Erosion control reclamation: None

Well pad proposed disturbance
(acres): 3.95Road proposed disturbance (acres):
0.04Powerline proposed disturbance
(acres): 0Pipeline proposed disturbance
(acres): 1.28

Other proposed disturbance (acres): 0

Total proposed disturbance: 5.27

Well pad interim reclamation (acres):
1.75

Road interim reclamation (acres): 0

Powerline interim reclamation (acres):
0

Pipeline interim reclamation (acres): 0

Other interim reclamation (acres): 0

Total interim reclamation: 1.75

Well pad long term disturbance
(acres): 2.2

Road long term disturbance (acres): 0

Powerline long term disturbance
(acres): 0Pipeline long term disturbance
(acres): 0

Other long term disturbance (acres): 0

Total long term disturbance: 2.2

Disturbance Comments: In areas to be heavily disturbed, the top 6 inches of soil material, will be stripped and stockpiled on the perimeter of the well location to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil should include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils. Contaminated soil will not be stockpiled, but properly treated and handled prior to topsoil salvaging.

Reconstruction method: The areas planned for interim reclamation will then be recontoured to the original contour if feasible, or if not feasible, to an interim contour that blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Where applicable, the fill material of the well pad will be backfilled into the cut to bring the area back to the original contour. The interim cut and fill slopes prior to re-seeding will not be steeper than a 3:1 ratio, unless the adjacent native topography is steeper. Note: Constructed slopes may be much steeper during drilling, but will be recontoured to the above ratios during interim reclamation.

Topsoil redistribution: Topsoil will be evenly respread and aggressively revegetated over the entire disturbed area not needed for all-weather operations including cuts & fills. To seed the area, the proper BLM seed mixture, free of noxious



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report

01/11/2021

APD ID: 10400041639

Submission Date: 08/30/2019

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Number: 1H

Show Final Text

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Work Type: Drill

Well Type: CONVENTIONAL GAS WELL

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
451319	UNKNOWN	3304	28	28	OTHER : Top Soil	NONE	N
451330	RUSTLER	2379	925	925	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	USEABLE WATER	N
451331	TOP SALT	2024	1280	1280	SALT	NONE	N
451320	BOTTOM SALT	-1446	4750	4750	SALT	NONE	N
451327	LAMAR	-1686	4990	4990	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451323	BELL CANYON	-1726	5030	5030	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451324	CHERRY CANYON	-2776	6080	6080	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451325	MANZANITA	-3026	6330	6330	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451318	BONE SPRING	-5826	9130	9130	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451321	BONE SPRING 1ST	-6756	10060	10060	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451322	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7346	10650	10650	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451329	BONE SPRING 3RD	-8406	11710	11710	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451326	WOLFCAMP	-8876	12180	12180	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention



U.S. Department of the Interior
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report
01/11/2021

APD ID: 10400041639

Submission Date: 08/30/2019

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Type: CONVENTIONAL GAS WELL

Well Number: 1H

Well Work Type: Drill

Show Final Text

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
451319	UNKNOWN	3304	28	28	OTHER : Top Soil	NONE	N
451330	RUSTLER	2379	925	925	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	USEABLE WATER	N
451331	TOP SALT	2024	1280	1280	SALT	NONE	N
451320	BOTTOM SALT	-1446	4750	4750	SALT	NONE	N
451327	LAMAR	-1686	4990	4990	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451323	BELL CANYON	-1726	5030	5030	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451324	CHERRY CANYON	-2776	6080	6080	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451325	MANZANITA	-3026	6330	6330	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451318	BONE SPRING	-5826	9130	9130	LIMESTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451321	BONE SPRING 1ST	-6756	10060	10060	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451322	BONE SPRING 2ND	-7346	10650	10650	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451329	BONE SPRING 3RD	-8406	11710	11710	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
451326	WOLFCAMP	-8876	12180	12180	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COMWell Number: 1H

Pressure Rating (PSI): 10MRating Depth: 17558

Equipment: Annular, Pipe Rams, Blind Rams

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Request variance for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. Anchors not required by manufacturer. A multi-bowl wellhead will be used. See attached schematic.

Testing Procedure: BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order 2 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

- Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_10M_BOPE_Choke_Diagram_20190516135955.pdf
- Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Flex_Line_Specs_20190516135956.pdf
- Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com__1H_Flex_Line_Specs_API_16C_20190829145941.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_10M_Annular_BOP_Variance_20190516135908.doc

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_10M_BOPE_Schematic_w_5M_Annular_20190516135909.pdf

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_10M_Multi_Bowl_WH_Running_Proc_20190516135913.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	1000	0	1000	3326	2321	1000	H-40	48	ST&C	1.6	3.78	DRY	6.71	DRY	11.27
2	INTERMEDIATE	12.25	9.625	NEW	API	Y	0	4915	0	4915	3326	-1574	4915	J-55	36	LT&C	1.13	1.96	DRY	2.48	DRY	3.09
3	PRODUCTION	8.75	7.0	NEW	API	N	0	12700	0	12568	3326	9167	12700	HCP-110	26	LT&C	1.26	1.6	DRY	2.1	DRY	2.51
4	LINER	6.125	4.5	NEW	API	N	12031	17558	12053	12626	-9167	-9187	5527	P-110	13.5	LT&C	1.25	1.45	DRY	4.55	DRY	5.69

Casing Attachments

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Number: 1H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1String Type: SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Csg_assumptions_20200716144259.pdf

Casing ID: 2String Type: INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H__9.625_TAPERED_STRING_DIAGRAM_20200716144721.pdf

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Csg_assumptions_20200716144406.pdf

Casing ID: 3String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Csg_assumptions_20200716144917.pdf

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Number: 1H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 4String Type:LINER

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Csg_assumptions_20200716145137.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	807	530	2.12	12.5	1124	100	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
SURFACE	Tail		807	1000	200	1.34	14.8	268	100	Class C	Retarder
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	4222	770	2.12	12.5	1632	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		4222	4915	200	1.34	14.8	268	25	Class C	Retarder
PRODUCTION	Lead		4715	10188	490	2.12	12.5	1039	25	Class C	Gel, Retarder, Defoamer, Extender
PRODUCTION	Tail		10188	12700	400	1.18	15.6	472	25	Class H	Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
LINER	Lead		12061	17558	220	2.97	11.2	653	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-Settling Agent

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W10B FED COMWell Number: 1H

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Lost circulation material Sweeps Mud scavengers in surface hole

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Pason/PVT/Visual Monitoring

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	PH	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	1000	SPUD MUD	8.6	8.8							
1000	4915	SALT SATURATED	10	10							
4915	12568	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	9.5							
12568	12626	OIL-BASED MUD	10	13							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Will run GR/CNL from KOP (12061') to surface (horizontal well - vertical portion of hole). Stated logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

CNL,DS,GR,MWD,MUDLOG

Coring operation description for the well:

None

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: SALADO DRAW 10 W1OB FED COM

Well Number: 1H

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 8535

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 5757.28

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 165

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_H2S_Plan_20190516142045.doc

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Dir_plan_20200716145657.pdf

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Dir_plot_20200716145658.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Salado_Draw_10_W1OB_Fed_Com_1H_Add_Info_20200716145711.pdf

Other Variance attachment:

10M BOPE & Closed Loop Equipment Schematic

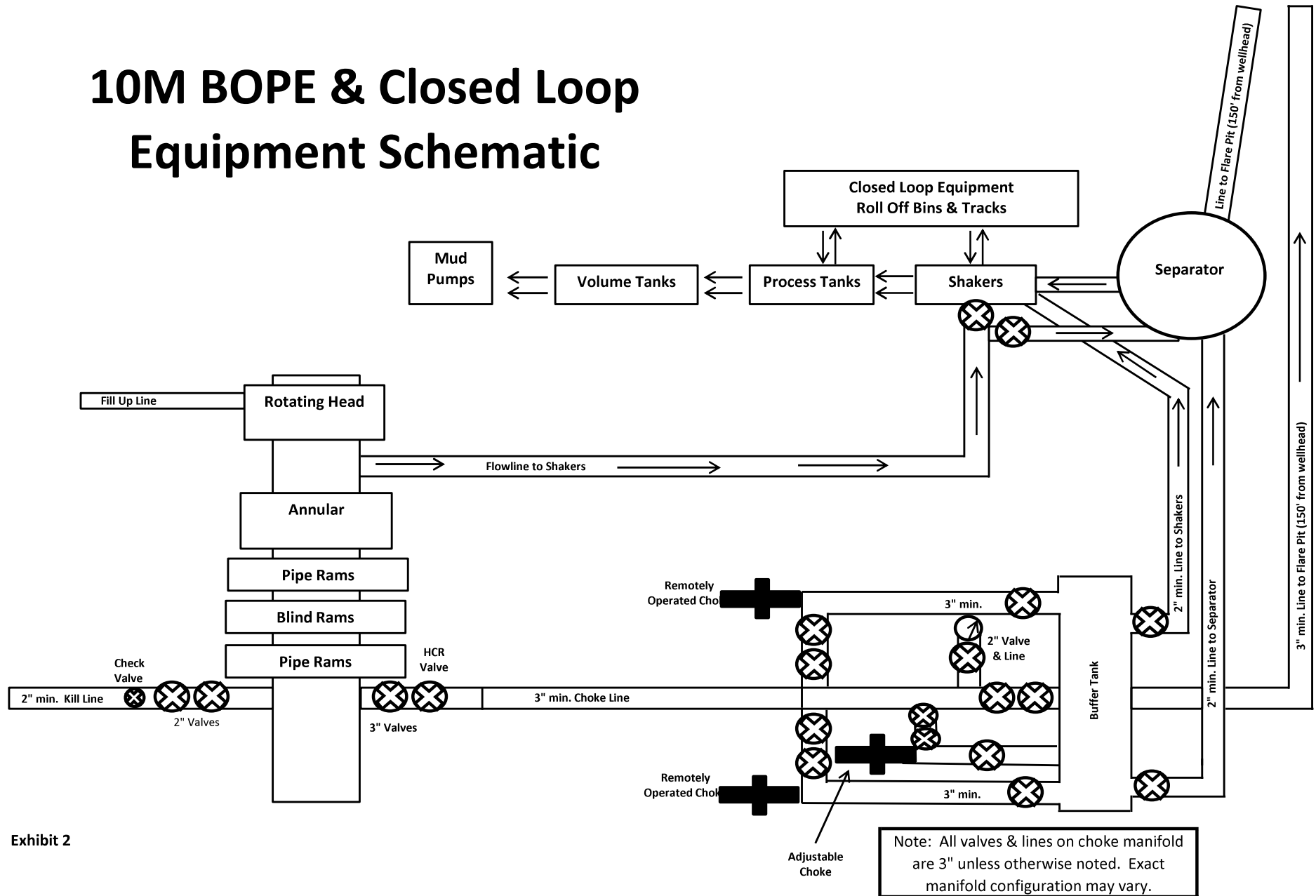


Exhibit 2



GATES ENGINEERING & SERVICES NORTH AMERICA
7603 Prairie Oak Dr.
Houston, TX 77086

PHONE: (281) 602 - 4119
FAX:
EMAIL: Troy.Schmidt@gates.com
WEB: www.gates.com

10K CHOKE & KILL ASSEMBLY PRESSURE TEST CERTIFICATE

Customer:	A-7 AUSTIN INC DBA AUSTIN HOSE	Test Date:	8/20/2018
Customer Ref.:	4101901	Hose Serial No.:	H-082018-10
Invoice No.:	511956	Created By:	Moosa Naqvi
Product Description:	10KF3.035.0CK41/1610KFLGFXDxFLT L/E		
End Fitting 1:	4 1/16 in. Fixed Flange	End Fitting 2:	4 1/16 in. Float Flange
Gates Part No.:	68503010-9721632	Assembly Code:	L40695052218H-082018-10
Working Pressure:	10,000 psi.	Test Pressure:	15,000 psi.

Gates Engineering & Services North America certifies that the following hose assembly has successfully passed all pressure testing requirements set forth in Gates specifications: GTS-04-052 (for 5K assemblies) or GTS-04-053 (10K assemblies), which include reference to Specification API 16C (2nd Edition); sections 7.5.4, 7.5.9, and 10.8.7. A test graph will accompany this test certificate to illustrate conformity to test requirements.

Quality:

QUALITY
8/20/2018

Date :
Signature : *Moosa Naqvi*

Production:

PRODUCTION
8/20/2018

Date :
Signature : *[Signature]*

Form PTC - 01 Rev.0 2



10,000 PSI Annular BOP Variance Request

Mewbourne Oil Company request a variance to use a 5000 psi annular BOP with a 10,000 psi BOP stack. The component and compatibility tables along with the general well control plans demonstrate how the 5000 psi annular BOP will be protected from pressures that exceed its rated working pressure (RWP). The pressure at which the control of the wellbore is transferred from the annular preventer to another available preventer will not exceed 3500 psi (70% of the RWP of the 5000 psi annular BOP).

1. Component and Preventer Compatibility Tables

The tables below outline the tubulars and the compatible preventers in use. This table, combined with the drilling fluid, documents that two barriers to flow will be maintained at all times.

12-1/4" Intermediate Hole Section 10M psi Requirement					
Component	OD	Primary Preventer	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	5.000" or 4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Lower 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
HWDP	5.000" or 4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Lower 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Jars	6.500"	Annular	5M	-	-
DCs and MWD tools	6.500"-8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Mud Motor	8.000"-9.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
Intermediate Casing	9.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
Open-Hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

8-3/4" Production Hole Section 10M psi Requirement					
Component	OD	Primary Preventer	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	5.000" or 4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Lower 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
HWDP	5.000" or 4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Lower 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Jars	6.500"	Annular	5M	-	-
DCs and MWD tools	6.500"-8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Mud Motor	6.750"-8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Production Casing	7"	Annular	5M	-	-

Open-Hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-
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6-1/8" Lateral Hole Section 10M psi Requirement					
Component	OD	Primary Preventer	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Lower 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
HWDP	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Lower 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
DCs and MWD tools	4.750"- 5.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Lower 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Mud Motor	4.750"- 5.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Lower 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Production Casing	4.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR Upper 3.5"-5.5" VBR	10M 10M
Open-Hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

VBR = Variable Bore Ram

2. Well Control Procedures

Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while drilling, tripping, running casing, pipe out of the hole (open hole), and moving the BHA through the BOPs. At least one well control drill will be performed weekly per crew to demonstrate compliance with the procedure and well control plan. The well control drill will be recorded in the daily drilling log. The type of drill will be determined by the ongoing operations, but reasonable attempts will be made to vary the type of drill conducted (pit, trip, open hole, choke, etc.). This well control plan will be available for review by rig personnel in the Mewbourne Oil Company drilling supervisor's office on location and on the rig floor. All BOP equipment will be tested as per Onshore O&G Order No. 2 with the exception of the 5000 psi annular which will be tested to 70% of its RWP.

General Procedure While Drilling

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Space out drill string
3. Shut down pumps (stop pumps and rotary)
4. Shut-in well (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer, first. HCR & choke will already be in the closed position.)

5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP & SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure While Tripping

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Stab full-opening safety valve & close
3. Space out drill string
4. Shut-in well (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer, first. HCR & choke will already be in the closed position.)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP & SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure While Running Production Casing

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)

2. Stab crossover and full-opening safety valve and close
3. Space out string
4. Shut-in well (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer, first. HCR & choke will already be in the closed position.)
5. Confirm shut-in
6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
7. Read and record the following:
 - a. SIDPP & SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
8. Regroup and identify forward plan
9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

General Procedure With No Pipe In Hole (Open Hole)

1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
2. Shut-in with blind rams (HCR & choke will already be in the closed position)
3. Confirm shut-in
4. Notify toolpusher/company representative
5. Read and record the following:
 - a. SICP
 - b. Pit gain
 - c. Time
6. Regroup and identify forward plan

General Procedures While Pulling BHA Through Stack

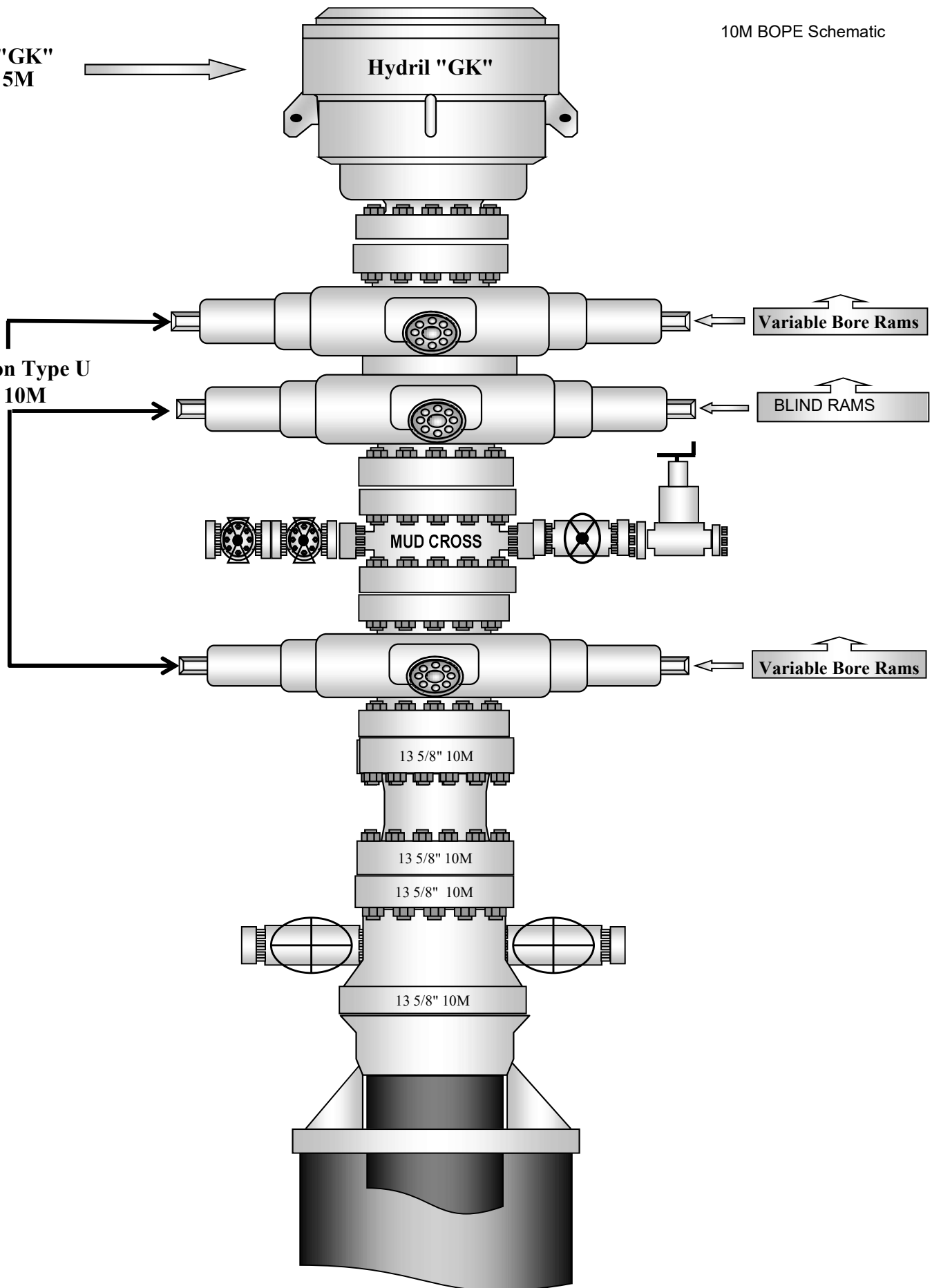
1. PRIOR to pulling last joint of drillpipe through stack:
 - a. Perform flow check. If flowing, continue to (b).
 - b. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - c. Stab full-opening safety valve and close
 - d. Space out drill string with tool joint just beneath the upper variable bore rams
 - e. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams (HCR & choke will already be in the closed position)
 - f. Confirm shut-in
 - g. Notify toolpusher/company representative
 - h. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP & SICP
 - ii. Pit gain
 - iii. Time
 - i. Regroup and identify forward plan
2. With BHA in the stack and compatible ram preventer and pipe combination immediately available:
 - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - b. Stab crossover and full-opening safety valve and close
 - c. Space out drill string with upset just beneath the upper variable bore rams
 - d. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams (HCR & choke will already be in the closed position)
 - e. Confirm shut-in
 - f. Notify toolpusher/company representative
 - g. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP & SICP
 - ii. Pit gain

- iii. Time
- h. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 3. With BHA in the stack and NO compatible ram preventer and pipe combination immediately available:
 - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
 - b. If possible, pull string clear of the stack and follow "Open Hole" procedure.
 - c. If impossible to pull string clear of the stack:
 - d. Stab crossover, make up one joint/stand of drillpipe and full-opening safety valve and close
 - e. Space out drill string with tooljoint just beneath the upper variable bore ram
 - f. Shut-in using upper variable bore ram (HCR & choke will already be in the closed position)
 - g. Confirm shut-in
 - h. Notify toolpusher/company representative
 - i. Read and record the following:
 - i. SIDPP & SICP
 - ii. Pit gain
 - iii. Time
 - j. Regroup and identify forward plan

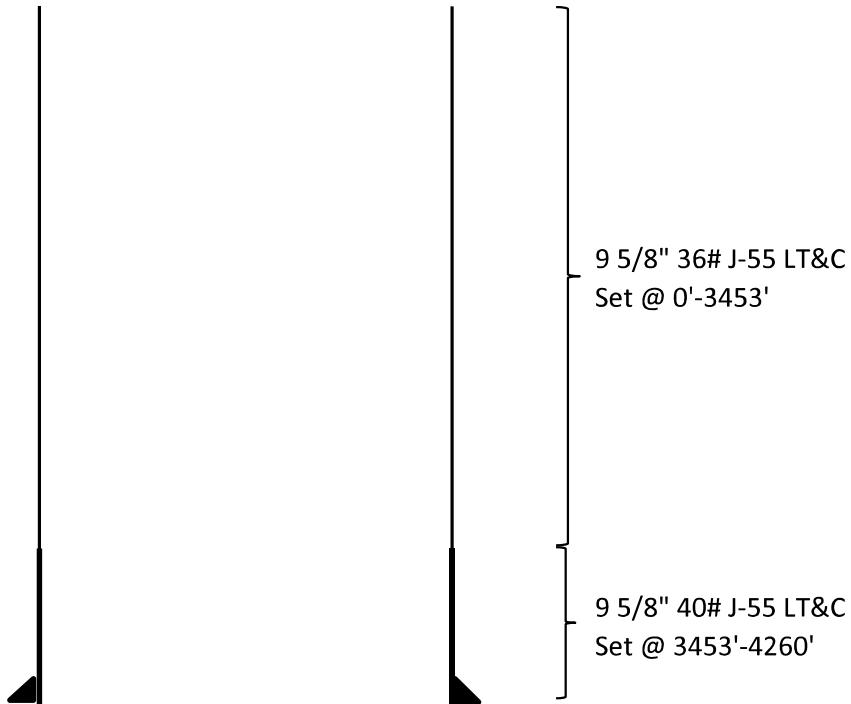
Hydril "GK"
13-5/8" 5M

10M BOPE Schematic

Cameron Type U
13-5/8" 10M

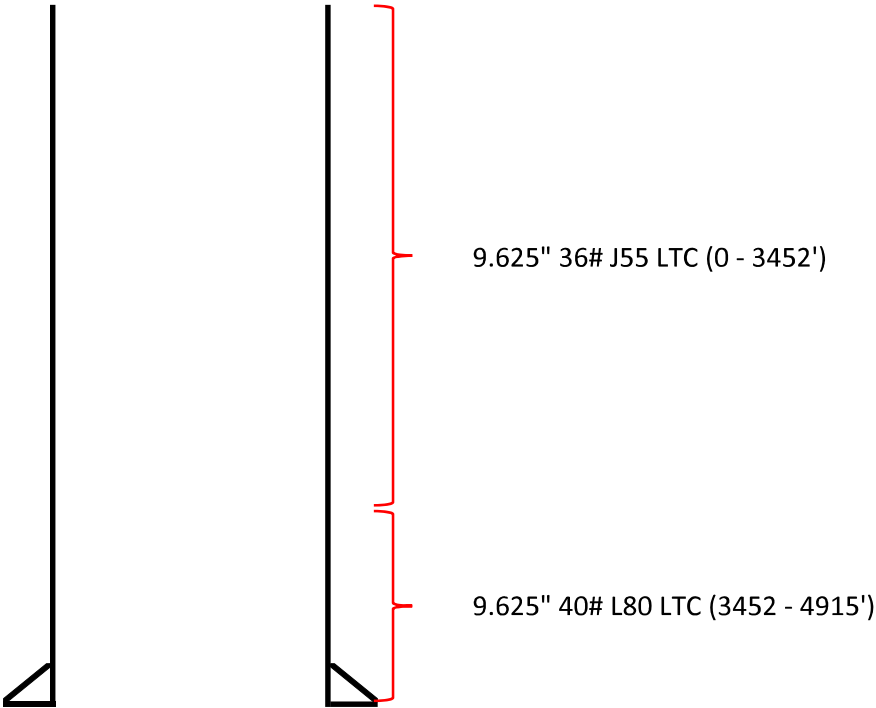


Red Hills West Unit #018H
Intermediate Casing



Casing	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
36# J-55	1.13	1.96	2.89	4.54
40# J-55	1.16	1.78	16.11	19.52

TAPERED STRING DIAGRAM



	COLLAPSE	BURST	JOINT YIELD	BODY YIELD
36#	1.130	1.960	2.480	3.090
40#	1.210	2.250	12.420	15.650

District I

1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone:(575) 393-6161 Fax:(575) 393-0720

District II

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410
Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

District IV

1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505
Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources
Oil Conservation Division
1220 S. St Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 14435

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Operator:				OGRID:		Action Number:	Action Type:
	MEWBOURNE OIL CO	P.O. Box 5270	Hobbs, NM88241		14744	14435	FORM 3160-3

OCD Reviewer	Condition
pkautz	Will require a File As Drilled C-102 and a Directional Survey with the C-104
pkautz	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string
pkautz	Will require a administrative order for non-standard location prior to placing the well on production