Form 3160-3 FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 (June 2015) Expires: January 31, 2018 **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR 5. Lease Serial No. BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. DRILL REENTER 1a. Type of work: 1b. Type of Well: Gas Well Oil Well Other 8. Lease Name and Well No. 1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing Single Zone Multiple Zone 9. API Well No. 30 015 48145 2. Name of Operator 3a. Address 3b. Phone No. (include area code) 10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory 4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.*) 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area At surface At proposed prod. zone 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 12. County or Parish 13. State 15. Distance from proposed* 16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 18. Distance from proposed location* 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 22. Approximate date work will start* 23. Estimated duration 24. Attachments The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable) 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see 2. A Drilling Plan. Item 20 above). 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the 5. Operator certification. SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the 25. Signature Name (Printed/Typed) Date Title Approved by (Signature) Date Name (Printed/Typed) Title Office Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction

APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS

*(Instructions on page 2)

District I

1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 District II

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720 District III

1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170 District IV

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462 State of New Mexico

Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

> 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-102

Revised August 1, 2011

Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

☐ AMENDED REPORT

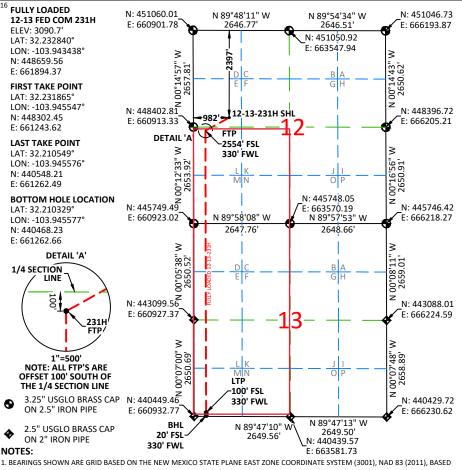
WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

¹ API Numl	oer	96473 ^{2 Pool Code}	³ Pool Name PIERCE CROSSING; BONE SPRING, EAST	
⁴ Property Code			roperty Name DED 12-13 FED COM	⁶ Well Number 231 H
⁷ OGRID No. 6137			perator Name RODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.	⁹ Elevation 3090.7'

¹⁰Surface Location

					<u> </u>	5646.511			
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
E	12	24-S	29-E		2397	NORTH	982	WEST	EDDY
		11	Botton	n Hole I	ocation If	Different Fro	om Surface		
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
M	13	24-S	29-E		20	SOUTH	330	WEST	EDDY
¹² Dedicated Ac	cres ¹³ Join	t or Infill 1	⁴ Consolida	tion Code	¹⁵ Order No.				

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.



FROM GPS OBSERVATIONS, OCCUPYING A WHS CONTROL POINT (5/8" REBAR), LOCATED AT NORTH: 457834.965, EAST: 670241.029, ELEVATION: 2306.69, DETERMINED BY AN OPUS SOLUTION ON DECEMBER 3RD, 2018

2. DISTANCES DEPICTED HEREON ARE REPORTED AS GROUND DISTANCE IN US SURVEY FEET USING A COMBINED SCALE FACTOR OF 1.000221019 3. ELEVATIONS ARE OF NAVD 88 COMPUTED USING GEIOD 12B

¹⁷OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.

4(nnw)

10-5-2020 Date

JENNY HARMS

JENNY.HARMS@DVN.COM

E-mail Address

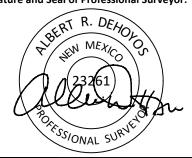
18SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.

07/23/2020

Date of Survey

Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor:



Certificate No. 23261 Albert Dehovos Checked by: ARD Drawn by: JSP Date: 07/14/2020

API ‡	‡									
	rator Name ON ENE		DUCTI	ON (COMPANY, I		erty Name: LY LOADED 12	2-13 FED CO	DM	Well Number 231H
ick	Off Poin	it (KOP)								
JL	Section 12	Township 24S	Range 29E	Lot	Feet 2574 FSL	From N/S	Feet 350 FWL	From E/W	County EDDY	
atitu	ude 2318	I	<u> </u>	I	Longitude -103.945	56		1	NAD 83	
JL - .atitu	12	Township 24-S	29-E	Lot	Feet 2554 Longitude	From N/S SOUTH	Feet 330	From E/W WEST	County EDDY NAD	
	/31865°									
					-103.9455	547°			83	
ast JL	Take Po	int (LTP)		Lot	Feet	From N/S	Feet	From E/W	County	
ast UL M Latitu	Take Po Section 13	int (LTP) Township 24-S	Range 29-E	Lot		From N/S SOUTH	Feet 330	From E/W WEST		
ast UL M Latitu 32.2	Take Po Section 13 Jude 210549°	int (LTP) Township 24-S	129-E		Feet 100	From N/S SOUTH	330	WEST	County EDDY NAD	
ast UL M Latitu 32.2	Take Po Section 13 Jude 210549° is well the sis well are sill is yes sing Unit	int (LTP) Township 24-S ne defining n infill we	ng well	for t	Feet 100 Longitude -103.9455	From N/S SOUTH 577°	330	WEST	County EDDY NAD 83	Horizontal

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV

1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit Original to Appropriate District Office

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

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Date: September 30, 2020	
⊠ Original	Devon & OGRID No.: Devon Energy Production Co., L.P. 6137
☐ Amended - Reason for Amendment:	

This Gas Capture Plan outlines actions to be taken by the Devon to reduce well/production facility flaring/venting for new completion (new drill, recomplete to new zone, re-frac) activity.

Note: Form C-129 must be submitted and approved prior to exceeding 60 days allowed by Rule (Subsection A of 19.15.18.12 NMAC).

Well(s)/Production Facility - Name of facility

The well(s) that will be located at the production facility are shown in the table below.

Well Name	API	SHL FOOTAGES					Expected MCF/D	Flared or Vented	СТВ
FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED									Fully Loaded
COM 231H		12-24S-29E	2256	FNL	1233	FWL			12 CTB 2
FULLY LOADED 12-1 FED			2397		982				Fully Loaded
COM 231H		12-24S-29E	2397	FNL	962	FWL			12 CTB 2
FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED			1516		1405				Fully Loaded
COM 232H		12-24S-29E	1516	FNL	1405	FWL			12 CTB 2
FULLY LOADED 12-1 FED			2397		1012				Fully Loaded
COM 232H		12-24S-29E	2397	FNL	1012	FWL			12 CTB 2
FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED			1516		1435				Fully Loaded
COM 233H		12-24S-29E	1516	FNL	1435	FWL			12 CTB 2
FULLY LOADED 12-1 FED	_		2207		1042				Fully Loaded
COM 233H		12-24S-29E	2397	FNL	1042	FWL			12 CTB 2

Gathering System and Pipeline Notification

Well(s) will be connected to a production facility after flowback operations are complete, if DCP system is in place. The gas produced from production facility is dedicated to <u>DCP</u> and will be connected to <u>DCP</u> low/high pressure gathering system located in Lea County, New Mexico. It will require 4442' of pipeline to connect the facility to low/high pressure gathering system. Devon will build the line to DCP and then after the line is ready for service, Devon give the to DCP for operations. <u>Devon</u> provides (periodically) to <u>DCP</u> a drilling, completion and estimated first production date for wells that are scheduled to be drilled in the foreseeable future. In addition, <u>Devon</u> and <u>DCP</u> have periodic conference calls to discuss changes to drilling and completion schedules. Gas from these wells will be processed at <u>DCP</u> Processing Plant located in the reference table. The actual flow of the gas will be based on compression operating parameters and gathering system pressures.

Flowback Strategy

After the fracture treatment/completion operations, well(s) will be produced to temporary production tanks and gas will be flared or vented. During flowback, the fluids and sand content will be monitored. When the produced fluids contain minimal sand, the wells will be turned to production facilities. Gas sales should start as soon as the wells start flowing through the production facilities, unless there are operational issues on <u>DCP</u> system at that time. Based on current information, it is Devon's belief the system can take this gas upon completion of the well(s).

Safety requirements during cleanout operations from the use of underbalanced air cleanout systems may necessitate that sand and non-pipeline quality gas be vented and/or flared rather than sold on a temporary basis.

Alternatives to Reduce Flaring

Below are alternatives considered from a conceptual standpoint to reduce the amount of gas flared.

- - Only a portion of gas is consumed operating the generator, remainder of gas will be flared
- Compressed Natural Gas On lease
 - Gas flared would be minimal, but might be uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines
- NGL Removal On lease
 - o Plants are expensive, residue gas is still flared, and uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines

Reference Table:

DCP Plant locations

Artesia Sec. 7, T18S, R28E, Eunice Sec. 5, T21S, R36E Linam Sec. 6, T19S, R37E Zia II Sec. 19, T19S, R32E



U.S. Department of the Interior **BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT**

Drilling Plan Data Report

04/13/2021

APD ID: 10400062704 Submission Date: 10/05/2020

Operator Name: DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY LP

Well Name: FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED COM Well Number: 231H

Well Type: OIL WELL Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Show Final Text

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation			True Vertical				Producing
ID	Formation Name	Elevation	Depth	Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	
891528	UNKNOWN	3103	0	0	ALLUVIUM, OTHER : Surface	NONE	N
891529	RUSTLER	2745	358	358	SANDSTONE	NONE	N
891533	TOP SALT	2510	593	593	SALT	NONE	N
891531	BASE OF SALT	10	3093	3093	SALT	NONE	N
891537	BELL CANYON	-225	3328	3328	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
891538	CHERRY CANYON	-1085	4188	4188	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
891539	BRUSHY CANYON	-2665	5768	5768	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
891530	BONE SPRING	-3905	7008	7008	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
891540	BONE SPRING LIME	-3905	7008	7008	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
891527	BONE SPRING 2ND	-5615	8718	8718	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
891541	BONE SPRING LIME	-6065	9168	9168	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
891542	BONE SPRING 3RD	-6860	9963	9963	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
891543	WOLFCAMP	-7207	10310	10310	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
891544	STRAWN	-9215	12318	12318	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED COM 231H

1. Geologic Formations

TVD of target	8770	Pilot hole depth	N/A
MD at TD:	16744	Deepest expected fresh water	

Basin

	XXI / /3/F: 3	
Depth		
(TVD)	Bearing/Target	Hazards*
from KB	Zone?	
358		
593		
3093		
3093		
3328		
4188		
5768		
7008		
8043		
8718		
	358 593 3093 3093 3328 4188 5768 7008 8043	(TVD) Bearing/Target from KB Zone? 358 593 3093 3093 3328 4188 5768 7008 8043 8043

^{*}H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED COM 231H

2. Casing Program

		Wt			Casing	Interval	Casing	Interval
Hole Size	Csg. Size	(PPF)	Grade	Conn	From (MD)	To (MD)	From (TVD)	To (TVD)
17 1/2	13 3/8	48	H40	ВТС	0	383	0	383
12 1/4	9 5/8	40	J-55	ВТС	0	3193	0	3193
8 3/4	5 1/2	17	P110	ВТС	0	16744	0	8770

[•] All casing strings will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil and Gas Order #2 IILB.1.h Must have table for continengcy casing.

3. Cementing Program (3-String Primary Design)

Casing	# Sks	TOC	Wt. (lb/gal)	Yld (ft3/sack)	Slurry Description
Surface	316	Surf	13.2	1.4	Lead: Class C Cement + additives
T., 1	332	Surf	9.0	3.3	Lead: Class C Cement + additives
Int 1	154	500' above shoe	13.2	1.4	Tail: Class H / C + additives
Int 1	As Needed	Surf	9.0	3.3	Squeeze Lead: Class C Cement + additives
Intermediate	332	Surf	9.0	3.3	Lead: Class C Cement + additives
Squeeze	154	500' above shoe	13.2	1.4	Tail: Class H / C + additives
Production	500	500' tieback	9.0	3.3	Lead: Class H /C + additives
Froduction	1580	KOP	13.2	1.4	Tail: Class H / C + additives

If a DV tool is ran the depth(s) will be adjusted based on hole conditions and cement volumes will be adjusted proportionally. Slurry weights will be adjusted based on estimated fracture gradient of the formation. DV tool will be set a minimum of 50 feet below previous casing and a minimum of 200 feet above current shoe. If cement is not returned to surface during the primary cement job on the surface casing string, a planned top job will be conducted immediately after completion of the primary job.

Casing String	% Excess
Surface	50%
Intermediate	30%
Production	10%

4. Pressure Control Equipment (Three String Design)

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP	Туре		✓	Tested to:		
			Anı	Annular		Annular		50% of rated working pressure
Int 1	13-58"	5M	Blind	l Ram	X			
IIIt I	13-36	3101	Pipe	5M				
			X	J1V1				
			Other*					
			Annular		X	50% of rated working pressure		
Production	13-5/8"	5M	Blind Ram X					
Floduction	13-3/6	3101	Pipe Ram Double Ram Other* Annular Blind Ram Double Ram Double Ram Annular Annular Blind Ram Annular					
			le Ram	X] 3141			
			Other*					
			Annul	ar (5M)				
			Blind Ram					
			Pipe Ram]		
			Double Ram					
			Other*					

5. Mud Program (Three String Design)

Section	Туре	Weight (ppg)
Surface	FW Gel	8.5-9
Intermediate	Brine	10-10.5
Production	WBM	8.5-9

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times.

What will be used to monitor the loss or gain of fluid?	PVT/Pason/Visual Monitoring

6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Logging, C	Logging, Coring and Testing									
	Will run GR/CNL from TD to surface (horizontal well - vertical portion of hole). Stated logs run will be in the									
X	Completion Report and sbumitted to the BLM.									
	No logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.									
	Drill stem test? If yes, explain.									
	Coring? If yes, explain.									

Additional	logs planned	Interval
	Resistivity	
	Density	
X	CBL	Production casing
X	Mud log	KOP to TD
	PEX	

7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specfiy what type and where?
BH pressure at deepest TVD	4104
Abnormal temperature	No

Mitigation measure for abnormal conditions. Describe. Lost circulation material/sweeps/mud scavengers.

Hydrogren Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order #6. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

encount	tered measured values and formations will be provided to the BEN.
N	H2S is present
Y	H2S plan attached.

FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED COM 231H

8. Other facets of operation

Is this a walking operation? Potentially

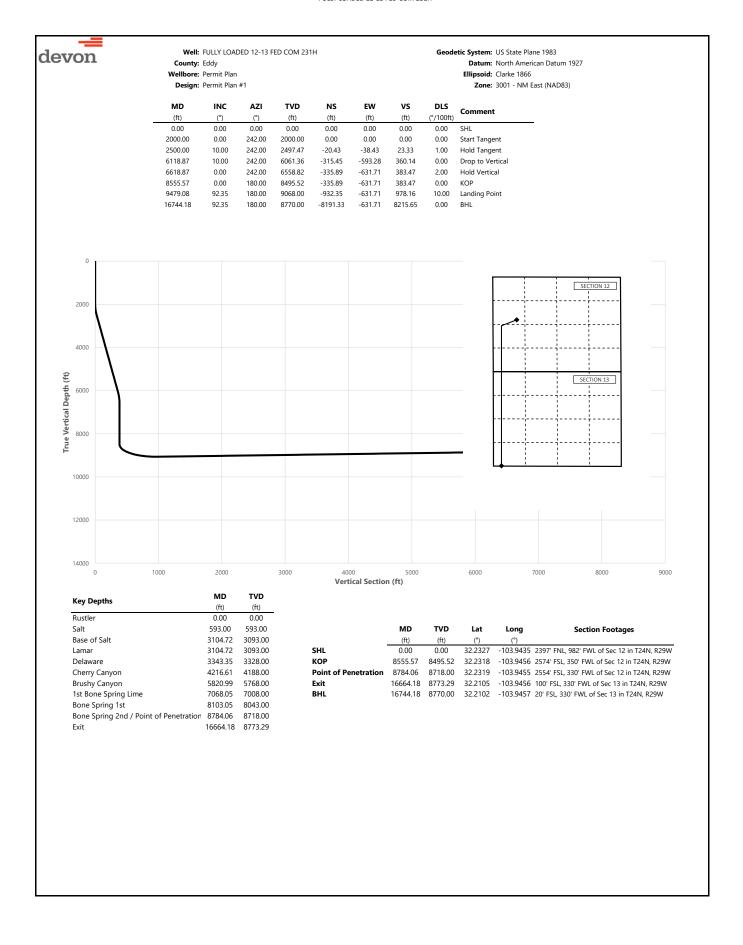
- 1 If operator elects, drilling rig will batch drill the surface holes and run/cement surface casing; walking the rig to next wells on the pad.
- 2 The drilling rig will then batch drill the intermediate sections and run/cement intermediate casing; the wellbore will be isolated with a blind flange and pressure gauge installed for monitoring the well before walking to the next well.
- 3 The drilling rig will then batch drill the production hole sections on the wells with OBM, run/cement production casing, and install TA caps or tubing heads for completions.

NOTE: During batch operations the drilling rig will be moved from well to well however, it will not be removed from the pad until all wells have production casing run/cemented.

Will be pre-setting casing? Potentially

- 1 Spudder rig will move in and batch drill surface hole.
 - a. Rig will utilize fresh water based mud to drill surface hole to TD. Solids control will be handled entirely on a closed loop basis.
- 2 After drilling the surface hole section, the spudder rig will run casing and cement following all of the applicable rules and regulations (OnShore Order 2, all COAs and NMOCD regulations).
- 3 The wellhead will be installed and tested once the surface casing is cut off and the WOC time has been reached.
- 4 A blind flange with the same pressure rating as the wellhead will be installed to seal the wellbore. Pressure will be monitored with a pressure gauge installed on the wellhead.
- 5 Spudder rig operations is expected to take 4-5 days per well on a multi-well pad.
- 6 The NMOCD will be contacted and notified 24 hours prior to commencing spudder rig operations.
- 7 Drilling operations will be performed with drilling rig. At that time an approved BOP stack will be nippled up and tested on the wellhead before drilling operations commences on each well.
 - a. The NMOCD will be contacted / notified 24 hours before the drilling rig moves back on to the pad with the pre-set surface casing.

Attachments	
X	Directional Plan
	Other, describe





Well: FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED COM 231H

County: Eddy
Wellbore: Permit Plan
Design: Permit Plan #1

Geodetic System: US State Plane 1983

Datum: North American Datum 1927 **Ellipsoid:** Clarke 1866

Zone: 3001 - NM Fast (NAD83)

	Design:	Permit Plan	#1					Zone: 3001 - NM East (NAD83)
MD	INC	AZI	TVD	NS	EW	vs	DLS	Comment
(ft)	(°)	(°)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(°/100ft)	
0.00 100.00	0.00	0.00 242.00	0.00 100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	SHL
200.00	0.00	242.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
300.00	0.00	242.00	300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
358.00	0.00	242.00	358.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Rustler
400.00	0.00	242.00	400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
500.00	0.00	242.00	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Call
593.00 600.00	0.00	242.00 242.00	593.00 600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Salt
700.00	0.00	242.00	700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
800.00	0.00	242.00	800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
900.00	0.00	242.00	900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1000.00	0.00	242.00	1000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1100.00 1200.00	0.00	242.00 242.00	1100.00 1200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1300.00	0.00	242.00	1300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1400.00	0.00	242.00	1400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1500.00	0.00	242.00	1500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1600.00	0.00	242.00	1600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1700.00	0.00	242.00	1700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1800.00 1900.00	0.00	242.00 242.00	1800.00 1900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2000.00	0.00	242.00	2000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Start Tangent
2100.00	2.00	242.00	2099.98	-0.82	-1.54	0.94	2.00	
2200.00	4.00	242.00	2199.84	-3.28	-6.16	3.74	2.00	
2300.00	6.00	242.00	2299.45	-7.37	-13.86	8.41	2.00	
2400.00 2500.00	8.00	242.00 242.00	2398.70 2497.47	-13.09	-24.62	14.94	2.00	Hold Tangant
2600.00	10.00 10.00	242.00	2595.95	-20.43 -28.58	-38.43 -53.76	23.33 32.63	1.00 0.00	Hold Tangent
2700.00	10.00	242.00	2694.43	-36.74	-69.09	41.94	0.00	
2800.00	10.00	242.00	2792.91	-44.89	-84.42	51.25	0.00	
2900.00	10.00	242.00	2891.39	-53.04	-99.76	60.56	0.00	
3000.00	10.00	242.00	2989.87	-61.19	-115.09	69.86	0.00	
3100.00 3104.72	10.00 10.00	242.00 242.00	3088.35 3093.00	-69.35 -69.73	-130.42 -131.15	79.17 79.61	0.00	Base of Salt, Lamar
3200.00	10.00	242.00	3186.83	-77.50	-145.75	88.48	0.00	base of sail, carnar
3300.00	10.00	242.00	3285.31	-85.65	-161.09	97.78	0.00	
3343.35	10.00	242.00	3328.00	-89.19	-167.73	101.82	0.00	Delaware
3400.00	10.00	242.00	3383.79	-93.80	-176.42	107.09	0.00	
3500.00 3600.00	10.00 10.00	242.00 242.00	3482.27 3580.75	-101.96 -110.11	-191.75 -207.08	116.40 125.71	0.00	
3700.00	10.00	242.00	3679.23	-118.26	-222.41	135.01	0.00	
3800.00	10.00	242.00	3777.72	-126.41	-237.75	144.32	0.00	
3900.00	10.00	242.00	3876.20	-134.57	-253.08	153.63	0.00	
4000.00	10.00	242.00	3974.68	-142.72	-268.41	162.93	0.00	
4100.00	10.00	242.00	4073.16	-150.87	-283.74	172.24	0.00	
4200.00 4216.61	10.00 10.00	242.00 242.00	4171.64 4188.00	-159.02 -160.38	-299.08 -301.62	181.55 183.09	0.00	Cherry Canyon
4300.00	10.00	242.00	4270.12	-167.17	-314.41	190.86	0.00	, -
4400.00	10.00	242.00	4368.60	-175.33	-329.74	200.16	0.00	
4500.00	10.00	242.00	4467.08	-183.48	-345.07	209.47	0.00	
4600.00	10.00	242.00	4565.56	-191.63	-360.40	218.78	0.00	
4700.00 4800.00	10.00 10.00	242.00 242.00	4664.04 4762.52	-199.78 -207.94	-375.74 -391.07	228.08 237.39	0.00	
4900.00	10.00	242.00	4861.00	-207.94 -216.09	-406.40	246.70	0.00	
5000.00	10.00	242.00	4959.48	-224.24	-421.73	256.01	0.00	
5100.00	10.00	242.00	5057.97	-232.39	-437.06	265.31	0.00	
5200.00	10.00	242.00	5156.45	-240.55	-452.40	274.62	0.00	
5300.00	10.00	242.00	5254.93	-248.70	-467.73	283.93	0.00	
5400.00 5500.00	10.00 10.00	242.00 242.00	5353.41 5451.89	-256.85 -265.00	-483.06 -498.39	293.23 302.54	0.00	
5600.00	10.00	242.00	5550.37	-203.00	-490.59 -513.73	311.85	0.00	
5700.00	10.00	242.00	5648.85	-281.31	-529.06	321.16	0.00	
5800.00	10.00	242.00	5747.33	-289.46	-544.39	330.46	0.00	
5820.99	10.00	242.00	5768.00	-291.17	-547.61	332.42	0.00	Brushy Canyon
5900.00 6000.00	10.00 10.00	242.00	5845.81 5944.29	-297.61 -305.76	-559.72 -575.05	339.77 349.08	0.00	
6100.00	10.00	242.00 242.00	6042.77	-305.76	-575.05 -590.39	358.38	0.00	
6118.87	10.00	242.00	6061.36	-315.45	-593.28	360.14	0.00	Drop to Vertical
6200.00	8.38	242.00	6141.44	-321.54	-604.72	367.08	2.00	



Well: FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED COM 231H

County: Eddy
Wellbore: Permit Plan
Design: Permit Plan #1

Geodetic System: US State Plane 1983

Datum: North American Datum 1927 **Ellipsoid:** Clarke 1866

	Design:	Permit Plan	#1				Zone: 3001 - NM East (NAD83)				
MD (ft)	INC (°)	AZI (°)	TVD (ft)	NS (ft)	EW (ft)	VS (ft)	DLS (°/100ft)	Comment			
6300.00	6.38	242.00	6240.61	-327.56	-616.06	373.96	2.00				
6400.00	4.38	242.00	6340.16	-331.96	-624.33	378.99	2.00				
6500.00	2.38	242.00	6439.99	-334.73	-629.53	382.14	2.00				
6600.00	0.38	242.00	6539.95	-335.86	-631.66	383.43	2.00				
6618.87	0.00	242.00	6558.82	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	2.00	Hold Vertical			
6700.00 6800.00	0.00	180.00 180.00	6639.95 6739.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47 383.47	0.00				
6900.00	0.00	180.00	6839.95	-335.89 -335.89	-631.71 -631.71	383.47	0.00				
7000.00	0.00	180.00	6939.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
7068.05	0.00	180.00	7008.00	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00	1st Bone Spring Lime			
7100.00	0.00	180.00	7039.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00	, ,			
7200.00	0.00	180.00	7139.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
7300.00	0.00	180.00	7239.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
7400.00	0.00	180.00	7339.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
7500.00	0.00	180.00	7439.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
7600.00	0.00	180.00	7539.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
7700.00 7800.00	0.00	180.00 180.00	7639.95 7739.95	-335.89 -335.89	-631.71 -631.71	383.47 383.47	0.00				
7900.00	0.00	180.00	7839.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
8000.00	0.00	180.00	7939.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
8100.00	0.00	180.00	8039.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
8103.05	0.00	180.00	8043.00	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00	Bone Spring 1st			
8200.00	0.00	180.00	8139.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
8300.00	0.00	180.00	8239.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
8400.00	0.00	180.00	8339.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00				
8500.00	0.00	180.00	8439.95	-335.89	-631.71	383.47	0.00	YOR			
8555.57 8600.00	0.00 4.44	180.00 180.00	8495.52 8539.91	-335.89 -337.61	-631.71 621.71	383.47 385.18	0.00 10.00	KOP			
8700.00	14.44	180.00	8638.43	-357.01	-631.71 -631.71	401.52	10.00				
8784.06	22.85	180.00	8718.00	-380.84	-631.71	428.29	10.00	Bone Spring 2nd / Point of Penetration			
8800.00	24.44	180.00	8732.61	-387.24	-631.71	434.66	10.00				
8900.00	34.44	180.00	8819.58	-436.33	-631.71	483.61	10.00				
9000.00	44.44	180.00	8896.71	-499.78	-631.71	546.87	10.00				
9100.00	54.44	180.00	8961.65	-575.66	-631.71	622.53	10.00				
9200.00	64.44	180.00	9012.42	-661.66	-631.71	708.28	10.00				
9300.00	74.44	180.00	9047.49	-755.18	-631.71	801.51	10.00				
9400.00	84.44	180.00	9065.79	-853.36	-631.71	899.41	10.00	Landing Point			
9479.08 9500.00	92.35 92.35	180.00 180.00	9068.00 9067.14	-932.35 -953.25	-631.71 -631.71	978.16 999.00	10.00 0.00	Landing Point			
9600.00	92.35	180.00	9063.04	-1053.16	-631.71	1098.62	0.00				
9700.00	92.35	180.00	9058.94	-1153.08	-631.71	1198.24	0.00				
9800.00	92.35	180.00	9054.84	-1253.00	-631.71	1297.86	0.00				
9900.00	92.35	180.00	9050.74	-1352.91	-631.71	1397.48	0.00				
10000.00	92.35	180.00	9046.63	-1452.83	-631.71	1497.10	0.00				
10100.00	92.35	180.00	9042.53	-1552.74	-631.71	1596.72	0.00				
10200.00	92.35	180.00	9038.43	-1652.66	-631.71	1696.34	0.00				
10300.00 10400.00	92.35 92.35	180.00 180.00	9034.33 9030.23	-1752.57 -1852.49	-631.71 621.71	1795.96 1895.58	0.00				
10500.00	92.35	180.00	9030.23	-1052.49	-631.71 -631.71	1995.20	0.00				
10600.00	92.35	180.00	9022.02	-2052.32	-631.71	2094.82	0.00				
10700.00	92.35	180.00	9017.92	-2152.24	-631.71	2194.44	0.00				
10800.00	92.35	180.00	9013.82	-2252.15	-631.71	2294.06	0.00				
10900.00	92.35	180.00	9009.72	-2352.07	-631.71	2393.68	0.00				
11000.00	92.35	180.00	9005.62	-2451.99	-631.71	2493.30	0.00				
11100.00	92.35	180.00	9001.52	-2551.90	-631.71	2592.92	0.00				
11200.00	92.35	180.00	8997.41	-2651.82	-631.71	2692.54	0.00				
11300.00 11400.00	92.35 92.35	180.00 180.00	8993.31 8989.21	-2751.73 -2851.65	-631.71 -631.70	2792.16 2891.78	0.00				
11500.00	92.35	180.00	8985.11	-2051.05	-631.70	2991.40	0.00				
11600.00	92.35	180.00	8981.01	-3051.48	-631.70	3091.02	0.00				
11700.00	92.35	180.00	8976.91	-3151.40	-631.70	3190.64	0.00				
11800.00	92.35	180.00	8972.80	-3251.31	-631.70	3290.26	0.00				
11900.00	92.35	180.00	8968.70	-3351.23	-631.70	3389.88	0.00				
12000.00	92.35	180.00	8964.60	-3451.14	-631.70	3489.50	0.00				
12100.00	92.35	180.00	8960.50	-3551.06	-631.70	3589.12	0.00				
12200.00	92.35	180.00	8956.40	-3650.98	-631.70	3688.74	0.00				
12300.00 12400.00	92.35 92.35	180.00 180.00	8952.30 8948.19	-3750.89	-631.70	3788.36	0.00				
12500.00	92.35	180.00	8944.09	-3850.81 -3950.72	-631.70 -631.70	3887.98 3987.60	0.00				
12600.00	92.35	180.00	8939.99	-4050.64	-631.70	4087.22	0.00				



Well: FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED COM 231H

County: Eddy
Wellbore: Permit Plan
Design: Permit Plan #1

Geodetic System: US State Plane 1983

Datum: North American Datum 1927 Ellipsoid: Clarke 1866

Zone: 3001 - NM East (NAD83)

MD	INC	AZI	TVD	NS	EW	VS	DLS	Comment
(ft)	(°)	(°)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(°/100ft)	Comment
12700.00	92.35	180.00	8935.89	-4150.55	-631.70	4186.84	0.00	
12800.00	92.35	180.00	8931.79	-4250.47	-631.70	4286.46	0.00	
12900.00	92.35	180.00	8927.69	-4350.39	-631.70	4386.08	0.00	
13000.00	92.35	180.00	8923.58	-4450.30	-631.70	4485.70	0.00	
13100.00	92.35	180.00	8919.48	-4550.22	-631.70	4585.32	0.00	
13200.00	92.35	180.00	8915.38	-4650.13	-631.70	4684.94	0.00	
13300.00	92.35	180.00	8911.28	-4750.05	-631.70	4784.56	0.00	
13400.00	92.35	180.00	8907.18	-4849.97	-631.70	4884.18	0.00	
13500.00	92.35	180.00	8903.08	-4949.88	-631.70	4983.80	0.00	
13600.00	92.35	180.00	8898.97	-5049.80	-631.70	5083.42	0.00	
13700.00	92.35	180.00	8894.87	-5149.71	-631.70	5183.04	0.00	
13800.00	92.35	180.00	8890.77	-5249.63	-631.70	5282.66	0.00	
13900.00	92.35	180.00	8886.67	-5349.55	-631.70	5382.28	0.00	
14000.00	92.35	180.00	8882.57	-5449.46	-631.70	5481.90	0.00	
14100.00	92.35	180.00	8878.47	-5549.38	-631.70	5581.52	0.00	
14200.00	92.35	180.00	8874.36	-5649.29	-631.70	5681.14	0.00	
14300.00	92.35	180.00	8870.26	-5749.21	-631.70	5780.76	0.00	
14400.00	92.35	180.00	8866.16	-5849.12	-631.70	5880.38	0.00	
14500.00	92.35	180.00	8862.06	-5949.04	-631.70	5980.00	0.00	
14600.00	92.35	180.00	8857.96	-6048.96	-631.70	6079.62	0.00	
14700.00	92.35	180.00	8853.86	-6148.87	-631.70	6179.24	0.00	
14800.00	92.35	180.00	8849.75	-6248.79	-631.70	6278.86	0.00	
14900.00	92.35	180.00	8845.65	-6348.70	-631.70	6378.48	0.00	
15000.00	92.35	180.00	8841.55	-6448.62	-631.70	6478.10	0.00	
15100.00	92.35	180.00	8837.45	-6548.54	-631.70	6577.72	0.00	
15200.00	92.35	180.00	8833.35	-6648.45	-631.69	6677.34	0.00	
15300.00	92.35	180.00	8829.25	-6748.37	-631.69	6776.96	0.00	
15400.00	92.35	180.00	8825.14	-6848.28	-631.69	6876.58	0.00	
15500.00	92.35	180.00	8821.04	-6948.20	-631.69	6976.20	0.00	
15600.00	92.35	180.00	8816.94	-7048.11	-631.69	7075.82	0.00	
15700.00	92.35	180.00	8812.84	-7148.03	-631.69	7175.44	0.00	
15800.00	92.35	180.00	8808.74	-7247.95	-631.69	7275.06	0.00	
15900.00	92.35	180.00	8804.64	-7347.86	-631.69	7374.68	0.00	
16000.00	92.35	180.00	8800.53	-7447.78	-631.69	7474.30	0.00	
16100.00	92.35	180.00	8796.43	-7547.69	-631.69	7573.92	0.00	
16200.00	92.35	180.00	8792.33	-7647.61	-631.69	7673.54	0.00	
16300.00	92.35	180.00	8788.23	-7747.53	-631.69	7773.16	0.00	
16400.00	92.35	180.00	8784.13	-7847.44	-631.69	7872.78	0.00	
16500.00	92.35	180.00	8780.03	-7947.36	-631.69	7972.40	0.00	
16600.00	92.35	180.00	8775.92	-8047.27	-631.69	8072.02	0.00	
16664.18	92.35	180.00	8773.29	-8111.40	-631.69	8135.96	0.00	Exit
16700.00	92.35	180.00	8771.82	-8147.19	-631.69	8171.64	0.00	
16744.18	92.35	180.00	8770.00	-8191.33	-631.71	8215.65	0.00	BHL

devon

Well: FULLY LOADED 12-13 FED COM 231H

County: Eddy
Wellbore: Permit Plan
Design: Permit Plan #1

Geodetic System: US State Plane 1983

Datum: North American Datum 1927

Ellipsoid: Clarke 1866 Zone: 3001 - NM East (NAD83)

INC TVD MD AZI NS EW ٧S DLS Comment (ft) (°) (°) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (°/100ft)



Devon Energy Center 333 West Sheridan Avenue Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102-5015

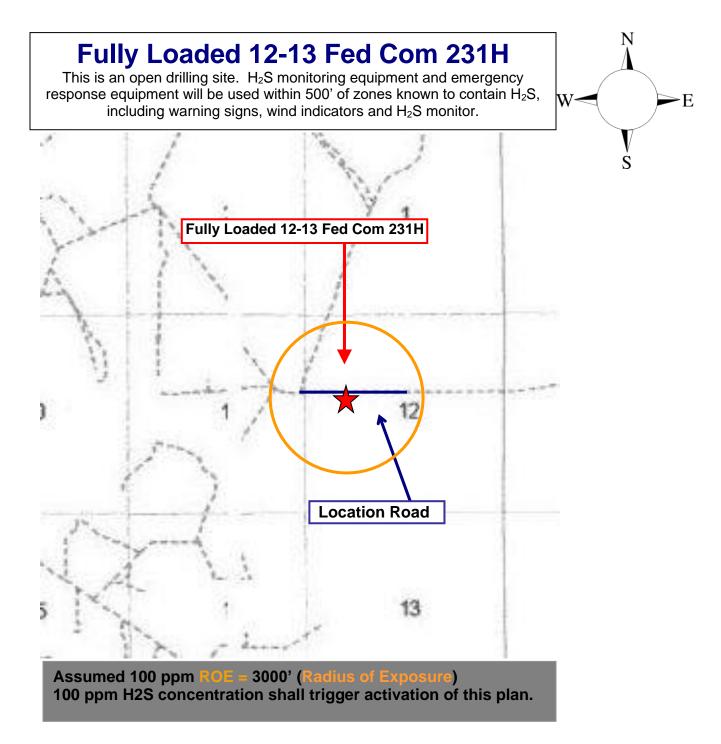
Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Contingency Plan

For

Fully Loaded 12-13 Fed Com 231H

Sec-12 T-24S R-29E 2397' FNL & 982' FWL LAT. = 32.232840' N (NAD83) LONG = 103.943438' W

Eddy County NM



Escape

Crews shall escape upwind of escaping gas in the event of an emergency release of gas. Escape can be facilitated from the location entrance road. Crews should then block the entrance to the location from the lease road so as not to allow anyone traversing into a hazardous area. The blockade should be at a safe distance outside of the ROE. There are no homes or buildings in or near the ROE.

Assumed 100 ppm ROE = 3000'

100 ppm H₂S concentration shall trigger activation of this plan.

Emergency Procedures

In the event of a release of gas containing H₂S, the first responder(s) must

- Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE.
- Evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE.
- Be equipped with H₂S monitors and air packs in order to control the release.
- Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries occur during the response
- Take precautions to avoid personal injury during this operation.
- Contact operator and/or local officials to aid in operation. See list of phone numbers attached.
- Have received training in the
 - Detection of H₂S, and
 - Measures for protection against the gas,
 - Equipment used for protection and emergency response.

Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂

711a1 a 0 10 1 10 10 0 0 1 1 12 0 a 11 a 0 0 2									
Common	Chemical	Specific	Threshold	Hazardous Limit	Lethal				
Name	Formula	Gravity	Limit	Hazardous Limit	Concentration				
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm				
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm				

Contacting Authorities

Devon Energy Corp. personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. Devon Energy Corp. Company response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan

I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S) TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H₂S)
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of H₂S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- The effects of H₂S metal components. If high tensile tubulars are to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and Public Protection Plan.

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H₂S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H₂S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan.

II. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

Note: All H₂S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonably expected to contain H₂S.

1. Well Control Equipment

- A. Flare line
- B. Choke manifold Remotely Operated
- C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- D. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: annular preventer and rotating head.
- E. Mud/Gas Separator

2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

30-minute SCBA units located at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram, with escape units available in the top doghouse. As it may be difficult to communicate audibly while wearing these units, hand signals shall be utilized.

3. H₂S detection and monitoring equipment:

Portable H₂S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights which activate when H₂S levels reach 10 ppm and audible sirens which activate at 15 ppm. Sensor locations:

- Bell nipple
- Possum Belly/Shale shaker
- Rig floor
- Choke manifold
- Cellar

Visual warning systems:

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram
- B. Caution/ Danger signs shall be posted on roads providing direct access to locations. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used when appropriate.

4. Mud program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H₂S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H₂S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H₂S bearing zones.

5. Metallurgy:

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold lines, and valves shall be H₂S trim.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H₂S trim.

6. Communication:

- Company personnel have/use cellular telephones in the field.
- B. Land line (telephone) communications at Office

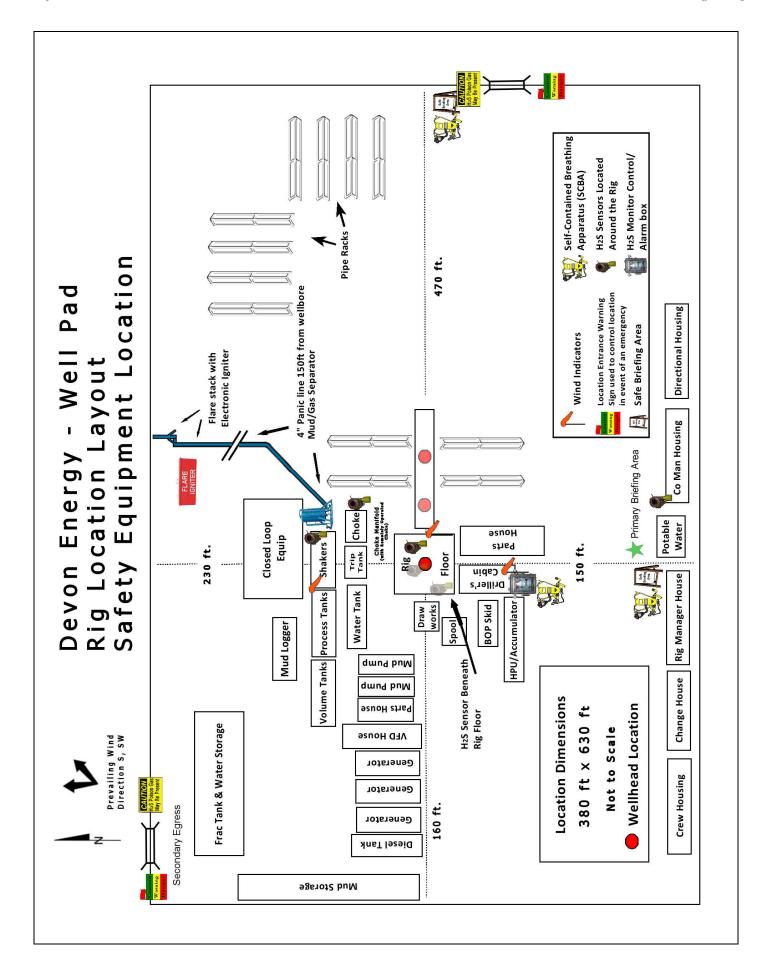
7. Well testing:

- A. Drill stem testing will be performed with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity, which are necessary to safety and adequately conduct the test. The drill stem testing will be conducted during daylight hours and formation fluids will not be flowed to the surface. All drill-stem-testing operations conducted in an H₂S environment will use the closed chamber method of testing.
- B. There will be no drill stem testing.

Devon En	ergy Corp. Company Call List	
Drilling Su	pervisor – Basin – Mark Kramer	405-823-4796
EUO Des (s	and a Laura Weight	405 400 0400
EHS Profe	ssional – Laura Wright	405-439-8129
Agency	Call List	
<u>Lea</u>	Hobbs	
County	Lea County Communication Authority	393-3981
<u>(575)</u>	State Police	392-5588
	City Police	397-9265
	Sheriff's Office	393-2515
	Ambulance	911
	Fire Department	397-9308
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	393-2870
	NMOCD	393-6161
	US Bureau of Land Management	393-3612
Eddy	Carlsbad	
County	State Police	885-3137
(575)	City Police	885-2111
	Sheriff's Office	887-7551
	Ambulance	911
	Fire Department	885-3125
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	887-3798
	US Bureau of Land Management	887-6544
	NM Emergency Response Commission (Santa Fe)	(505) 476-9600
	24 HR	(505) 827-9126
	National Emergency Response Center	(800) 424-8802
	National Pollution Control Center: Direct	(703) 872-6000
	For Oil Spills	(800) 280-7118
	Emergency Services	
	Wild Well Control	(281) 784-4700
	Cudd Pressure Control (915) 699-0139	(915) 563-3356
	Halliburton	(575) 746-2757
	B. J. Services	(575) 746-3569
Give	Native Air – Emergency Helicopter – Hobbs (TX & NM)	(800) 642-7828
GPS	Flight For Life - Lubbock, TX	(806) 743-9911
position:	Aerocare - Lubbock, TX	(806) 747-8923
	Med Flight Air Amb - Albuquerque, NM	(575) 842-4433
	Lifeguard Air Med Svc. Albuquerque, NM	(800) 222-1222
	Poison Control (24/7)	(575) 272-3115
	Oil & Gas Pipeline 24 Hour Service	(800) 364-4366
	NOAA – Website - www.nhc.noaa.gov	
I		

Prepared in conjunction with Dave Small





PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL Fully Loaded 12

Well Pads, Central Tank Battery, Access Roads, Buried Flowlines (Composite Flowline and Composite Gas Lift Line), Electric Lines

Devon Energy Production Co.

Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	12-1 Section Section	FED 12 1	231H T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	Fully Load 1516 20	led 12 V FNL, FNL,	Vell Pad 1405 330	FWL,	Eddy County	
BOILOITI HOIE	Section	ı	1243,	K29E	20	ΓINL,	330	FWL,	Eddy County	
Fully Loaded 12-1 FED 232H Fully Loaded 12 Well Pad 2										
Surface Bottom Hole	Section Section	12 1	T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E		FNL, FNL,	1435 1320	FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County	
Fully Loaded 12-1 FED 233H Fully Loaded 12 Well Pad 2										
Surface Bottom Hole	Section Section	12 1	T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	1516 20	FNL, FNL,	1465 2310	FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County	
Fully Loaded	12-13	FED	231H		Fully Load	led 12 V	Vell Pad	1		
Surface	Section	12	T24S,	R29E		FNL,	982	FWL,	Eddy County	
Bottom Hole	Section	13	T24S,	R29E	20	FSL,	330	FWL,	Eddy County	
Fully Loaded	12-13	FED	232H		Fully Load	led 12 V	Vell Pad	1		
Surface	Section	12	T24S,	R29E		FNL,	1012	· FWL,	Eddy County	
Bottom Hole	Section	13	T24S,	R29E	20	FSL,	1320	FWL,	Eddy County	
Fully Loaded 12-13 FED 233H Fully Loaded 12 Well Pad 1										
Surface	Section	12	T24S,	R29E		FNL,	1042	FWL,	Eddy County	
Bottom Hole	Section	13	T24S,	R29E	20	FSL,	2310	FWL,	Eddy County	
Identified on Plats, not applied for at this time:										
Fully Loaded			331H		Fully Load	led 12 V	Vell Pad	1		
Surface	Section	12	T24S,	R29E		FNL,	1233	FWL,	Eddy County	
Bottom Hole	Section	13	T24S,	R29E	20	FSL,	1430	FWL,	Eddy County	
Fully Loaded	12-13	FED	621H		Fully Load	led 12 V	Vell Pad	1		
Surface	Section	12	T24S,	R29E		FNL,	1203	FWL,	Eddy County	
Bottom Hole	Section	13	T24S,	R29E	20	FSL,	540	FWL,	Eddy County	
Fully Loaded 12-13 FED 332H					Fully Loaded 12 Well Pad 1					
Surface	Section	12	T24S,	R29E		FNL,	1293	FWL,	Eddy County	
Bottom Hole	Section	13	T24S,	R29E	20	FSL,	2310	FWL,	Eddy County	
Fully Loaded		Fully Loaded 12 Well Pad 1								
Surface	Section	12	T24S,	R29E	2256	FNL,	1263	FWL,	Eddy County	
Bottom Hole	Section	13	T24S,	R29E	20	FSL,	2310	FWL,	Eddy County	
Fully Loaded	12-1	FED	331H		Fully Load	led 12 V	Vell Pad	2		

Surface Bottom Hole	Section Section	12 1	T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	1656 20	FNL, FNL,	1213 1430	FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County
Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	12-1 Section Section	FED 12 1	621H T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	Fully Load 1656 20	led 12 V FNL, FNL,	Vell Pad 1183 540	2 FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County
Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	Section	FED 12 1	332H T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	Fully Load 1656 20	led 12 V FNL, FNL,	Vell Pad 1243 1650	2 FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County
Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	Section	FED 12 1	622H T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	Fully Load 1656 20	led 12 V FNL, FNL,	1273		Eddy County Eddy County
Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	Section	FED 12 13	721H T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	TBD 2284 20	FNL, FSL,	1922 825	FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County
Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	12-1 Section Section	FED 12 1	721H T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	TBD 1796 20	FNL, FNL,	1212 825	FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County
Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	Section	FED 12 13	722H T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	TBD 2257 20	FNL, FSL,	1042 1815	FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County
Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	12-1 Section Section	FED 12 1	722H T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E	TBD 1796 20	FNL, FNL,	1402 1815	FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County
Surface	Section Section 12-13 Section	12	T24S,	R29E R29E	1796				
Surface Bottom Hole Fully Loaded Surface	Section Section 12-13 Section Section	12 1 FED 12	T24S, T24S, 731H T24S,	R29E R29E R29E R29E	1796 20 TBD 2257	FNL,	1815 982	FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County
Surface Bottom Hole Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole Fully Loaded Surface	Section Section 12-13 Section Section 12-1 Section Section	12 1 FED 12 13 FED 12	T24S, T24S, 731H T24S, T24S, 731H T24S,	R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E	1796 20 TBD 2257 20 TBD 1796	FNL, FNL, FSL,	982 330 1182	FWL, FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County Eddy County Eddy County
Surface Bottom Hole Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	Section Section 12-13 Section Section 12-1 Section Section 12-13 Section Section	12 1 FED 12 13 FED 12 1 FED 12	T24S, T24S, 731H T24S, T24S, T24S, T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E	1796 20 TBD 2257 20 TBD 1796 20 TBD 2257	FNL, FSL, FNL, FNL,	982 330 1182 330	FWL, FWL, FWL, FWL,	Eddy County Eddy County Eddy County Eddy County Eddy County Eddy County
Surface Bottom Hole Fully Loaded Surface Bottom Hole	Section Section 12-13 Section Section 12-1 Section Section 12-13 Section Section 12-11 Section Section	12 1 FED 12 13 FED 12 1 13 FED 12 13	T24S, T24S, 731H T24S, T24S, T24S, T24S, T24S, T24S, T24S,	R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E R29E	1796 20 TBD 2257 20 TBD 1796 20 TBD 2257 20 TBD 1796	FNL, FSL, FNL, FNL, FNL, FNL,	982 330 1182 330 1012 1320	FWL, FWL, FWL, FWL, FWL,	Eddy County

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

☐ General Provisions
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Noxious Weeds
Special Requirements
Wildlife
Hydrology
☐ Construction
Notification
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Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
Road Section Diagram
Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Pipelines
Electric Lines
Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S) Wildlife:

Texas hornshell:

Oil and Gas Zone D - CCA Boundary requirements.

- Implement erosion control measures in accordance with the Reasonable and Prudent Practices for Stabilization ("RAPPS")
- Comply with SPCC requirements in accordance with 40 CFR Part 112;
- Comply with the United States Army Corp of Engineers (USACE) Nationwide 12 General Permit, where applicable;
- Utilize technologies (like underground borings for pipelines), where feasible;
- Educate personnel, agents, contractors, and subcontractors about the requirements of conservation measures, COAs, Stips and provide direction in accordance with the Permit.

Hydrology:

The entire well pad(s) will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche). Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The top soil shall be stockpiled in an appropriate location to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind erosion and not used for berming or erosion control. If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24 hour production, whichever is greater. Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

When crossing ephemeral drainages the pipeline(s) will be buried to a minimum depth of 48 inches from the top of pipe to ground level. Erosion control methods such as gabions and/or rock aprons should be placed on both up and downstream sides of the pipeline crossing. In addition, curled (weed free) wood/straw fiber wattles/logs and/or silt fences should be placed on the downstream side for sediment control during construction and maintained until soils and vegetation have stabilized. Water bars should be placed within the ROW to divert and dissipate surface runoff. A pipeline access road is not permitted to cross these ephemeral drainages. Traffic should be diverted to a preexisting route.

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Additional seeding may be required in floodplains and drainages to restore energy dissipating vegetation.

Prior to pipeline installation/construction a leak detection plan will be developed. The method(s) could incorporate gauges to detect pressure drops, situating valves and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to minimize the effects of an undesirable event.

Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of overhead electric line and during the life of the power line will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. A power pole should not be placed in drainages, playas, wetlands, riparian areas, or floodplains and must span across the features at a distance away that would not promote further erosion.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

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Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (24) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed thirty (30) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 24' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

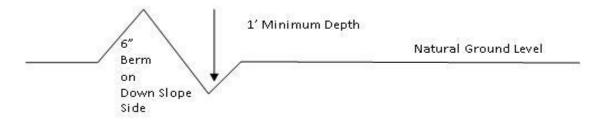
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%}$$
 + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

- 1. Salvage topsoil
- 3. Redistribute topsoil
- 2. Construct road
- 4. Revegetate slopes

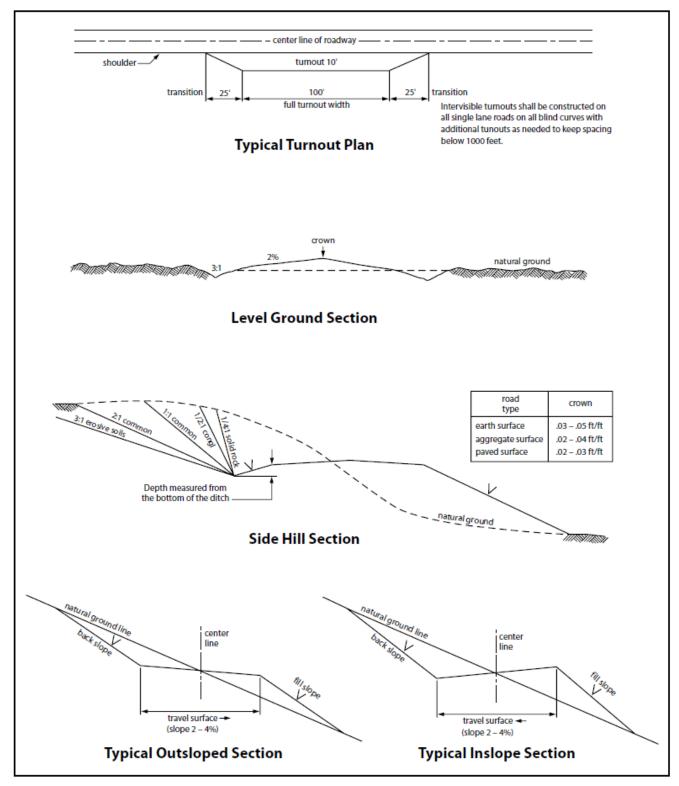


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, Shale Green from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

В. **PIPELINES**

BURIED PIPELINE STIPULATIONS

A copy of the application (Grant, APD, or Sundry Notice) and attachments, including conditions of approval, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. The Holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
- 2. The Holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-ofway grant. (See 40 CFR Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C.6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

- 4. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve holder of any responsibility as provided herein.
- 5. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way.
- 6. The pipeline will be buried with a minimum cover of 36 inches between the top of the pipe and ground level.
- 7. The maximum allowable disturbance for construction in this right-of-way will be 30 feet:
 - Blading of vegetation within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of blading operations will not exceed <u>30</u> feet. The trench is included in this area. (*Blading is defined as the complete removal of brush and ground vegetation.*)
 - Clearing of brush species within the right-of-way will be allowed: maximum width of clearing operations will not exceed 30 feet. The trench and bladed area are included in this area. (Clearing is defined as the removal of brush while leaving ground vegetation (grasses, weeds, etc.) intact. Clearing is best accomplished by holding the blade 4 to 6 inches above the ground surface.)
 - The remaining area of the right-of-way (if any) shall only be disturbed by compressing the vegetation. (*Compressing can be caused by vehicle tires, placement of equipment, etc.*)
- 8. The holder shall stockpile an adequate amount of topsoil where blading is allowed. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately ___6__ inches in depth. The topsoil will be segregated from other spoil piles from trench construction. The topsoil will be evenly distributed over the bladed area for the preparation of seeding.
- 9. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

- 10. Vegetation, soil, and rocks left as a result of construction or maintenance activity will be randomly scattered on this right-of-way and will not be left in rows, piles, or berms, unless otherwise approved by the Authorized Officer. The entire right-of-way shall be recontoured to match the surrounding landscape. The backfilled soil shall be compacted and a 6 inch berm will be left over the ditch line to allow for settling back to grade.
- 11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.
- 12. The holder will reseed all disturbed areas. Seeding will be done according to the attached seeding requirements, using the following seed mix.

() seed mixture 1	() seed mixture 3
(X) seed mixture 2	() seed mixture 4
() seed mixture 2/LPC	() Aplomado Falcon Mixture

- 13. All above-ground structures not subject to safety requirements shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" - Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2.
- 14. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-ofway and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. All signs and information thereon will be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner, and will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.
- 15. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder before maintenance begins. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway. As determined necessary during the life of the pipeline, the Authorized Officer may ask the holder to construct temporary deterrence structures.
- 16. Any cultural and/or paleontological resources (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

- 17. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes associated roads, pipeline corridor and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.
- 18. <u>Escape Ramps</u> The operator will construct and maintain pipeline/utility trenches [that are not otherwise fenced, screened, or netted] to prevent livestock, wildlife, and humans from becoming entrapped. At a minimum, the operator will construct and maintain escape ramps, ladders, or other methods of avian and terrestrial wildlife escape in the trenches according to the following criteria:
 - a. Any trench left open for eight (8) hours or less is not required to have escape ramps; however, before the trench is backfilled, the contractor/operator shall inspect the trench for wildlife, remove all trapped wildlife, and release them at least 100 yards from the trench.
 - b. For trenches left open for eight (8) hours or more, earthen escape ramps (built at no more than a 30 degree slope and spaced no more than 500 feet apart) shall be placed in the trench.

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the application (Grant, Sundry Notice, APD) and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
- 2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
- 3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

- 4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:
 - a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.
 - b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Land clearing.
 - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
 - (3) Blasting.
 - (4) Vandalism and sabotage.
 - c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

- 5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.
- 6. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way width of ______ feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline must be installed no farther than 10 feet

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from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline must be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

- 7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.
- 8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather then suspended across these features.
- 9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of <u>24</u> inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.
- 10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
- 11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.
- 12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.
- 13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.
- 14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

- 15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.
- 16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.
- 17. Surface pipelines must be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

C. ELECTRIC LINES

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR OVERHEAD ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION LINES

A copy of the grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

- 1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
- 2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the

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authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

- 3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.
- 4. There will be no clearing or blading of the right-of-way unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the Authorized Officer.
- 5. Power lines shall be constructed and designed in accordance to standards outlined in "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power lines: The State of the Art in 2006" Edison Electric Institute, APLIC, and the California Energy Commission 2006. The holder shall assume the burden and expense of proving that pole designs not shown in the above publication deter raptor perching, roosting, and nesting. Such proof shall be provided by a raptor expert approved by the Authorized Officer. The BLM reserves the right to require modification or additions to all powerline structures placed on this rightof-way, should they be necessary to ensure the safety of large perching birds. Such modifications and/or additions shall be made by the holder without liability or expense to the United States.

Raptor deterrence will consist of but not limited to the following: triangle perch discouragers shall be placed on each side of the cross arms and a nonconductive perching deterrence shall be placed on all vertical poles that extend past the cross arms.

- 6. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.
- 7. The BLM serial number assigned to this authorization shall be posted in a permanent, conspicuous manner where the power line crosses roads and at all serviced facilities. Numbers will be at least two inches high and will be affixed to the pole nearest the road crossing and at the facilities served.
- 8. Upon cancellation, relinquishment, or expiration of this grant, the holder shall comply with those abandonment procedures as prescribed by the Authorized Officer.

- 9. All surface structures (poles, lines, transformers, etc.) shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, or termination of use of the serviced facility or facilities or within 180 days of abandonment, relinquishment, cancellation, or expiration of this grant, whichever comes first. This will not apply where the power line extends service to an active, adjoining facility or facilities.
- 10. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

11. Special Stipulations:

- For reclamation remove poles, lines, transformer, etc. and dispose of properly.
- Fill in any holes from the poles removed.

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 2, for Sandy Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law (s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species lb/acre

Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus) 1.0
Sand love grass (Eragrostis trichodes) 1.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya) 2.0

Pounds of seed \mathbf{x} percent purity \mathbf{x} percent germination = pounds pure live seed

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:
LEASE NO.:
NMNM105213
Section 12, T.24 S., R.29 E., NMPM
COUNTY: Eddy County, New Mexico

WELL NAME & NO.: Fully Loaded 12-1 Fed Com 231H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: 1516'/N & 1405'/W
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE 20'/N & 330'/W

WELL NAME & NO.: Fully Loaded 12-1 Fed Com 232H
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: 1516'/N & 1435'/W
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE 20'/N & 1320'/W

WELL NAME & NO.: Fully Loaded 12-1 Fed Com 233H

SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: 1516'/N & 1465'/W

BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE 20'/N & 2310'/W

WELL NAME & NO.: Fully Loaded 12-13 Fed Com 231H SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: 2397'/N & 982'/W

BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE: 2397 /N & 982 /W

WELL NAME & NO.: Fully Loaded 12-13 Fed Com 232H

SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: 2397'/N & 1012'/W **BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE** 20'/S & 1320'/W

WELL NAME & NO.: Fully Loaded 12-13 Fed Com 233H

SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: 2397'/N & 1042'/W **BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE** 20'/S & 2310'/W

COA

H2S	☐ Yes	☑ No	
Potash	■ None	☐ Secretary	C R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	© Low	☐ Medium	☐ High
Cave/Karst Potential	Critical		
Variance	None	☑ Flex Hose	C Other
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	□ Both
Other	☐ 4 String Area	☐ Capitan Reef	□WIPP
Other	Fluid Filled	▼ Cement Squeeze	☐ Pilot Hole
Special Requirements	☐ Water Disposal	▼ COM	□ Unit

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 383 feet (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 3193 feet is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

Operator has proposed to pump down 13-3/8" X 9-5/8" annulus. Operator must run a CBL from TD of the 9-5/8" casing to surface. Submit results to BLM.

- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string.
 Operator shall provide method of verification.
 Cement excess is less than 25%, more cement might be required.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).'
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M)** psi.
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
 - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)

Communitization Agreement

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Santa Fe Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

 - ✓ Lea CountyCall the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575)393-3612
- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.
- B. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not

- hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
- b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
- c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.
- C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. **Santa Fe, NM 87505**

COMMENTS

Action 24100

COMMENTS

Operator:			OGRID:	Action Number:	Action Type:
DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPAN	333 West Sheridan Ave.	Oklahoma City, OK73102	6137	24100	FORM 3160-3

Created By	Comment	Comment Date
kpickford	KP GEO Review 4/19/2021	04/19/2021

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contained in a steel closed loop system

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. **Santa Fe, NM 87505**

OGRID:

CONDITIONS

Action 24100

Action Number: Action Type:

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

·	DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPAN	333 West Sheridan Ave.	Oklahoma City, OK73102	6137	24100	FORM 3160-3
OCD Reviewer	Condition					
kpickford	Notify OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement					
kpickford	Will require a File As Drilled C-102 and a Directional Survey with the C-104					
kpickford	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string					
kpickford	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and in	termediate1 strings of casing				
kpickford	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zo	nes are cased and cemented providing	isolation from the oil or diesel. This includ	es synthetic oils. Oil b	ased mud, drilling fl	uids and solids must be