District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 District III 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico **Energy Minerals and Natural Resources** Department Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-144 Revised June 6, 2013

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office. For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

Pit, Below-Grade Tank, or Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application

BGT A	Below grade tank registration Permit of a pit or proposed a Closure of a pit, below-grade Modification to an existing Closure plan only submitted or proposed alternative method	alternative method le tank, or proposed a permit/or registration I for an existing perm		d mitted pit, below-grade tank,
Instructions: Please su	ubmit one application (Form C	-144) per individual pit,	, below-grade tan	k or alternative request
Please be advised that approval of this request	does not relieve the operator of l	iability should operations	result in pollution	of surface water, ground water or the
environment. Nor does approval relieve the op	perator of its responsibility to cor	nply with any other appli	cable governmenta	l authority's rules, regulations or ordinances.
Operator: SIMCOE LLC		OGRID	#: 329736	3
Operator: SIMCOE LLC Address: 1199 Main Ave., Suite 101	1, Durango, CO 81301	_		
Facility or well name: NORTHEAST I				
		OCD Permit Number:		_
API Number: 30-045-272 U/L or Qtr/Qtr N Section	19Township	31N Range 07	W County:	San Juan County
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude				
Surface Owner: 🗷 Federal 🗌 State 🔲 Pr				
☐ Lined ☐ Unlined Liner type: Thick ☐ String-Reinforced Liner Seams: ☐ Welded ☐ Factory ☐				
3. ■ Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 1	19.15.17.11 NMAC TANK	<u>ID:</u> A		
Volume: 105 bbl Ty		oduced Water		
Tank Construction material: S				
Secondary containment with leak dete		ner, 6-inch lift and autor	matic overflow shu	ut-off
☐ Visible sidewalls and liner ☐ Visibl	le sidewalls only \square Other \underline{S}	ingle Walled Single	e Bottom	
Liner type: Thickness 45	mi□ HDPE □ PVC	Other <u>LLDP</u>	Е	
4. Alternative Method: Submittal of an exception request is require	red. Exceptions must be subm	itted to the Santa Fe Env	vironmental Burea	u office for consideration of approval.
5. Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NN Chain link, six feet in height, two straninstitution or church) Four foot height, four strands of barbed Alternate. Please specify	nds of barbed wire at top (Requi	red if located within 100	-	

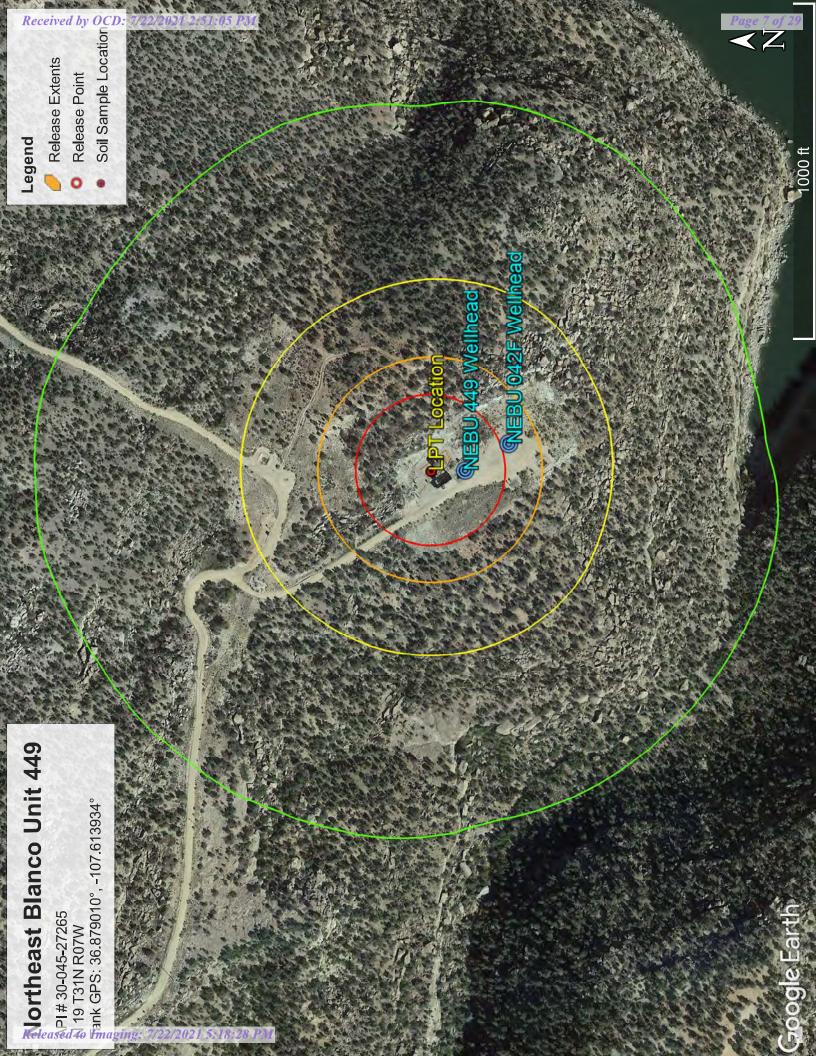
Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks) Screen Netting Other Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)	
7. Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC ☐ 12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers ☐ Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC	
8. Variances and Exceptions: Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance. Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank: Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval. Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.	
9. Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of accematerial are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.	ptable source
General siting	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank. - ▼ NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; □ USGS; □ Data obtained from nearby wells ▼ NMOCD well file - Deep Ground Bed Cathodic Protection Well Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - FEMA map	☐ Yes ☐ No
Below Grade Tanks	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.) - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock	
watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application. NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No

 Within 100 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	☐ Yes ☐ No
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
 Within 300 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	☐ Yes ☐ No
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).	
- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No
 Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application. Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.	
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
 Within 500 feet of a wetland. US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site 	☐ Yes ☐ No
Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.93 Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the dot attached. Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	9 NMAC 9.15.17.9 NMAC
11. Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC	
Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the do attached. Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Departing and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit. Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	
A LI LINANDINA AUDITUVALI I ANDILI AUDITU OLI DENDILL. ALL DIURIDEL. OLI ETII DI	

Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the description is the subsection of the following items must be attached to the application.	locumants ara
attached.	iocuments are
Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Climatological Factors Assessment	
Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan	
Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC	
Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
☐ Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H ₂ S, Prevention Plan	
Emergency Response Plan	
Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization	
Monitoring and Inspection Plan	
Erosion Control Plan	
Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
13,	
Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.	
Type: ☐ Drilling ☐ Workover ☐ Emergency ☐ Cavitation ☐ P&A ☐ Permanent Pit 🗷 Below-grade Tank ☐ Multi-well Fl ☐ Alternative	uid Management Pit
Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal	
Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)	
On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems)	
☐ In-place Burial ☐ On-site Trench Burial	
Alternative Closure Method	
14.	
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be a	attached to the
closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.	
Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings)	
Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
☐ Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC ☐ Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
Site Reciamation Fian - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection Fi of 19.13.17.13 NWAC	
15.	
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC	
Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sour	
provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. P	lease refer to
19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.	☐ Yes ☐ No
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	□ NA
Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste	☐ Yes ☐ No
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	□ NA
Constitution is many than 100 forthalous that bettern of the hunical spects	
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	∐ Yes ∐ No
- NM Office of the State Engineer - TWATERS database search, USGS, Data obtained from hearby wens	□ NA
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa	☐ Yes ☐ No
lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).	
- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes ☐ No
- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	
Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence	☐ Yes ☐ No
at the time of initial application.	
- NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	
Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet of a wetland.	
US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	
	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	

adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within an unstable area. - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological	
Society; Topographic map	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map	☐ Yes ☐ No
On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection E of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Construction/Design Plan of Burial Trench (if applicable) based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection K of 19.15.17.11 Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place burial of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.1 Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannot Soil Cover Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	1 NMAC 5.17.11 NMAC
17. Operator Application Certification: I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief.	ef.
Name (Print): Steve Moskal Title: Environmental Coordinator	
Signature:	
e-mail address: steven.moskal@ikavenergy.com Telephone: (505) 330-9179	
18. OCD Approval: ☐ Permit Application (including closure plan) ☐ Closure Plan (only) ☐ OCD Conditions (see attachment)	
OCD Representative Signature: CRWhitehead Approval Date: July 2	1, 2021
Title: Environmental Specialist OCD Permit Number: BGT A	
19. Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting at The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not a section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed. Closure Completion Date:	
Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method Alternative Closure Method Waste Removal (Closed-loc If different from approved plan, please explain.	op systems only)
21. Closure Report Attachment Checklist: Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure report. Please into mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure for private land only) Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits) Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable) Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on-site closure) Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation) On-site Closure Location: Latitude Longitude NAD: 1927	

22.	
Operator Closure Certification:	
	ents submitted with this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and th all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.
Name (Print):	Title:
Signature:	Date:
e-mail address:	Telephone:



Hydrogeological Report for the NEBU 42F

Geology:

The stratigraphic sequence of Paleocene and Eocene rocks in the eastern part of the San Juan basin is the Nacimiento and Animas formation overlain by the San Jose Formation. The San Jose Formation of Eocene age was defined by Simpson (1948a, b). It occurs in New Mexico and Colorado and its outcrop forms the land surface over much of the central basin area. It over lies the Nacimiento Formation in the area generally south of the State line (Fassett, 1974. P229). The Basal contact of the San Jose varies with location in the basin. This contact is a disconformity along the basin margins, and it is an angular unconformity along the Nacimiento uplift; the contact is conformable in the central basin. The Nacimiento is a sequence of varicolored beds of sandstone and mudrock that attains a thickness of as much as 120 m thick (Baltz, 1967).

The Animas Formation occupies a stratigraphic position similar to that of the OJO Alamo and Nacimiento Formations. The Animas strata comprise a general fining upward sequence of volcaniclastic conglomerates and sandstones, with arkosic conglomerates and sandstones near the top. The upper member of the Animas has been shown to interfinger with the Nacimiento in its eastern (Dane, 1946) and western (Barnes et al., 1954) ourcrop belts. Subsurface correlation of these formations has not been carried out in any detail because of the difficulty of recognizing their contact on Electric logs (Fasset and Hinds, 1971:33).

The nature of the contact between the lower Eocene San Jose Formation and the Nacimiento formation north of latitude 36 degrees 45'N has been described as conformable (Barnes et al., 1954, Stone et al., 1983 25-26), Whereas at latitude 36 it has been shown to be unconformable (Baltz, 1967; Lucas et al., 1981) Contact relationships between the San Jose and Animas Formations in the northernmost San Juan Basin have been shown to be intertounguing (Smith, 1988). The San Jose formation was deposited in various fluvial type environments. In general the unit consists of an interbeded sequence of sandstone siltstone and variegated shale, the sandstones are buff to yellow and rusty-colored crossbedded very fine to coarse grained arkose, which are locally conglomeratic and contain abundant silicified wood. The thickness of the San Jose Nacimiento and Animas Formations is ranges from zero to more than 3,500 feet in the east central part of the structural basin. The bottom of the Nacimiento and Animas Formations decreases from a maximum altitude of more than 8 000 feet above sea level along the northeastern basin rim to less than 4,000 feet above sea level in the east central part of the basin.

Hydraulic Properties:

The San Jose, Nacimienito, and Animas Formations are a source of water for publicsupply, commercial, private-domestic, and livestock use in areas where drilling depths and pumping levels are economically feasible and where water quality is suitable. Water in the San Jose Nacimiento and Animas Formations occurs under both water table and artesian conditions. Recharge to the aquifer is from infiltration of precipitation and stream flow on outcrops and from vertical upward leakage of water from underlying units. Transmissivity data for the San Jose Nacimiento and Animas Formations are minimal-Values of 40 and 120 feet squared per day were determined from two aquifer tests (Stone and others 1983 table 5). The reported or measured discharge from 79 water wells completed in the San Jose, Nacimiento, and Animas Formations ranges from 1 to 61 gallons per minute and the median is 6 gallons per minute. The specific capacity of 12 of these wells ranges from 0.03 to 2.30 gallons per minute per foot of drawdown and the median is 0.23 gallon per minute per foot of drawdown. Water quality data described in this section are from the NWIS data base and were collected during 1938. 84 Well records were checked to assure to the extent possible that a particular sample represents water only from the San Jose Nacimiento and Animas Formations and not a mixture of water from other aquifers. Locally however these formations may have substantial differences in the concentration of some water quality constituents due in part to differences in rock characteristics as described in the Geology section.

Reference:

USGS Hydrologic investigations atlas HA-720-A plate 1,2 Lucas, Spencer G and Smith, Larry N. 1991, Stratigraphy, Sedimentology and Paleontology of the Lower Eocene San Jose Formation in the central portion of the San Juan basin, Northwestern New Mexico, New Mexico Bureau of Mines & Mineral Resources Bulletin 126. 6-7p.

Sitting Requirements for NEBU 42F

The NEBU 42F is not located in an unstable area per topographic map attached.

There is no continuously flowing watercourse near the proposed location.

The proposed well location is neither near any private and/or public buildings nor any private and/or public water sources.

The proposed well location is not located within any incorporated municipal boundaries or municipal fresh water well field.

There are no wetlands located near the proposed well location as per the wetlands map attached.

Per the NM Bureau of Geology and Mineral Resources map attached there are no locations of any mines, mills or quarries near the proposed well location.

The FEMA floodplain map attached indicates the proposed well location is defined as outside of the 500 Year Flood Plain.

There will be no excavated material placed within 300 feet of a flowing watercourse or within 200 feet of any other defined water course.

DATA SHEET FOR DEEP GROUND BED CATHODIC PROTECTION OF SO-045-27265 NORTHWESTERN NEW MEXICO (Submit 3 Copies to OCD Aztec Office)	WELLS P-26
Operator: BLACKWOOD & NICHOLS CO. Location: Unit M, Sec. 19,	Twp <u>31N</u> , Rng <u>7W</u> .
Name of Well/Wells or Pipeline Serviced NEBU 449, 42	
Elevation 6300' Completion Date 7-27-93 Total Depth 417' Land Type* su	rface: F Mineral: SF-080557
Casing, Sizes, Types & Depths 8-5/8" SCH 40 P.V.C 100', 7-7/8" Open Ho	ole
If Casing is cemented, show amounts & types used 20 sks Portland Zia I-II - 9	90# ea.
If Cement or Bentonite Plugs have been placed, show depths & amounts used	N/A
Depths & thickness of water zones with description of water when possible: Fresh, Clear, Salty, Sulphur, Etc. Fresh, Damp 110', 270' lake level	
Depths gas encountered: N/A	
Type & amount of coke breeze used: Asbury & Loresco - 6,100#	
Depths anodes placed: _120' - 406'	RECEIVE
Depths vent pipes placed: 420' to 4' above ground level	OCT1 4 1993
Vent pipe perforations: Bottom 340'	OIL CON. DIV
Remarks: Ground bed is located 341' 330° NW of #449 wellhead.	
If any of the above data is unavailable, please indicate so. Copies of all logs Water Analyses & Well Bore Schematics should be submitted when available wells are to be included.	s, including Drillers Log, Unplugged abandoned
*Land Type may be shown: F-Federal; I-Indian; S-State; P-Fee. If Federal or Indian, add Lease Number.	

Title: Operations Engineer Date: 19/12/93

Released to Imaging: 7/22/2021 5:18:28 PM

Signed by:

3P# 18-26 WELL# NEBU 449 + 42

s 19 T3/N R7%

P#17-40	WELL#INEDU	449 +47		·	S / 7 T S / M R / ½
DEPTH	STRATA	NOTES	DEPTH	STRATA	NOTES
5'					
16'					
15'	\wedge				
201	0				
251	E				
301	X/X				
351					
401	77				
457	Ca.				
501	Ca				
551	8				
601	\$ >				
651					
70'	Щ				
751	~				
801					
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90'	49		1		
95'	S				-
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PRILLER Jesse murting

INSPECTOR GOE Matuset

Received by QCD: 7/22/2021 2:51:05 PM +-26

# P-26	WELL# NE	9. U. #449 - #42		M	s <u>/9 T 3/ R</u>
ЕРТН	STRATA	NOTES	DEPTH	STRATA	NOTES
5-150	CASING	4 1			
00-110	Damp, Yel	on Sand stone			
10-145	Sand bilg	Shale			
45-47	frey San	on Sandstone Shafe Istone (notu@270')			
	<u></u>				
					••••
			,		
	1		1	1	f

RILLER 9h

INSPECTOR MM.

1115 Farmington Avenue - Farmington , NM 87401 (505) 325-1085

NALVSIS

ESTING

NVIRONMENTAL

EPORTS

+ - 1-	a 3 -	NT	W93-252
Lab	Sample	No.:	W93-252

Standard A.P.I. Water Analysis Report

Collected By: M.D.M.

Company: Blackwood and Nichols Co. Collection Date: 28-Jul-93

Well Name: NEBU #449, #42 Collection Time: 10:31 PM

Formation: Surface County: San Juan State: NM

Location: (M) Sec.19-T31N-R7W Analyst: K. Lambdin & S. Spencer

Remarks: Fresh water, CP Station P-26 Analysis Date: 7/31/93

PARAMETER as ION Comment	PARAMETER as ION Comment
Sodium , Na 150 mg/l	Chloride , Cl 21 mg/l
Potassium, K 10 mg/l	
Calcium , Ca 602 mg/l	Sulfate, SO4 1508 mg/l
	Hydroxide, OH O mg/l
Magnesium , Mg 22 mg/1	Carbonate, CO3 0 mg/l
	<u> </u>
Iron, Fe (Total) 0.0 mg/l NR	Bicarbonate, HCO3 267 mg/l
Hydrogen Sulfide 0 mg/l <1	Resistivity 3.311 ohm-m
	(025 Degrees C)
pH 7.70 Units	Conductivity 3,020 uS
	Specific Gravity 1.000 Units
TDS 200 mg/1	(@ 60 Degrees F)

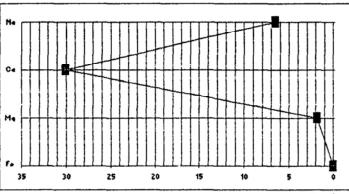
Remarks: None.

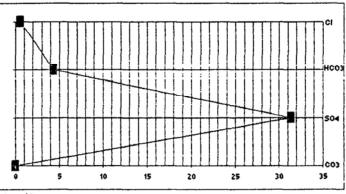
NR = Test Not Run

AUG 3 1993

Anion/Cation: 94.18

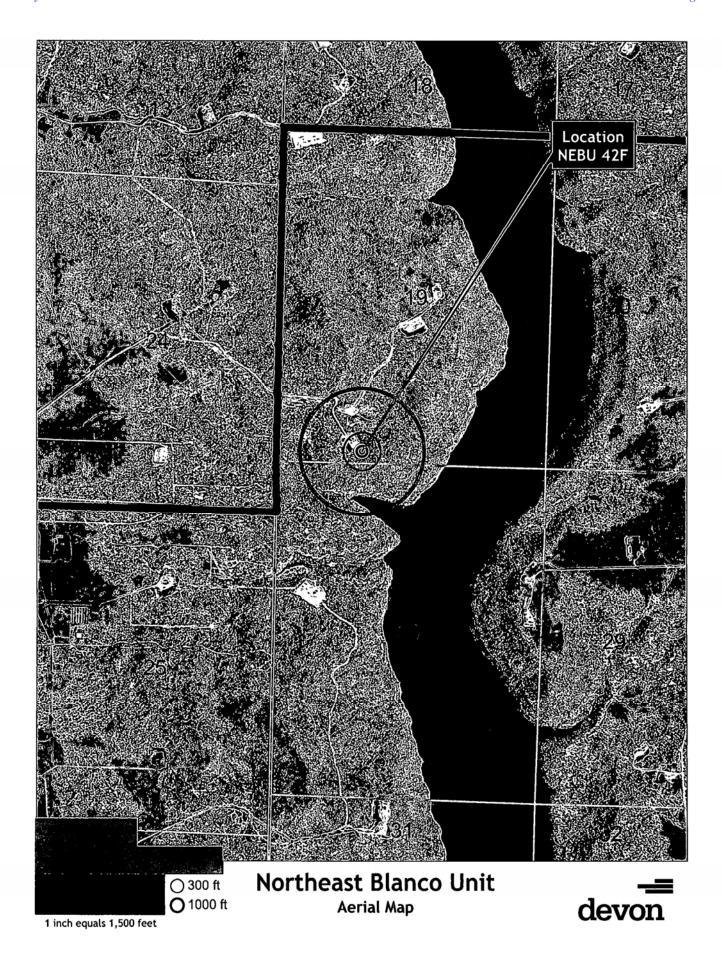
BLACKWOOD & NICHOLS CO.. LTD.

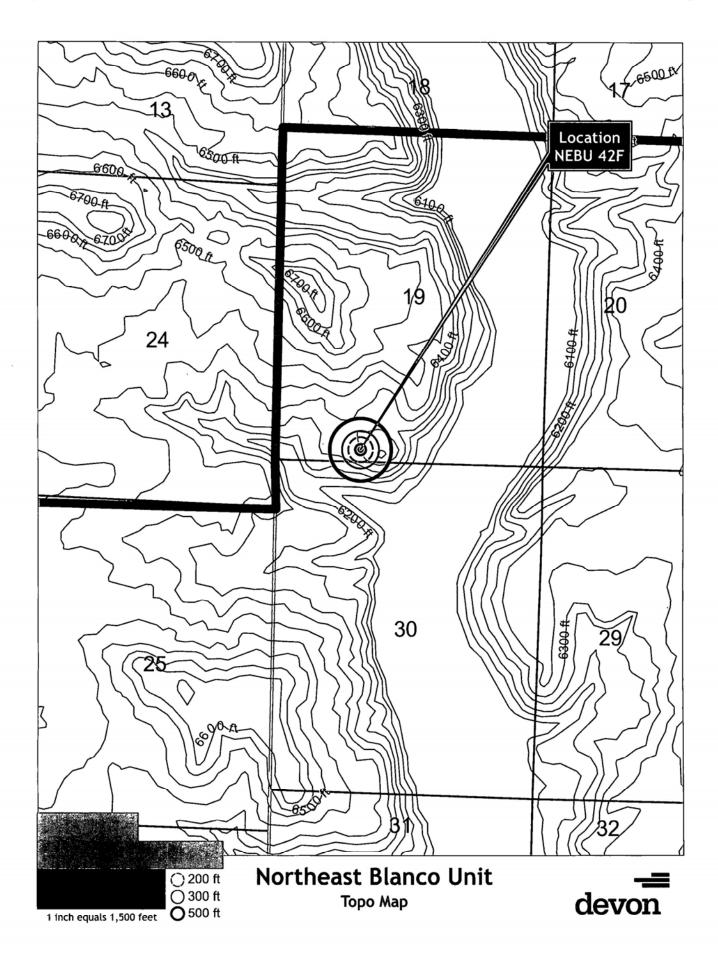


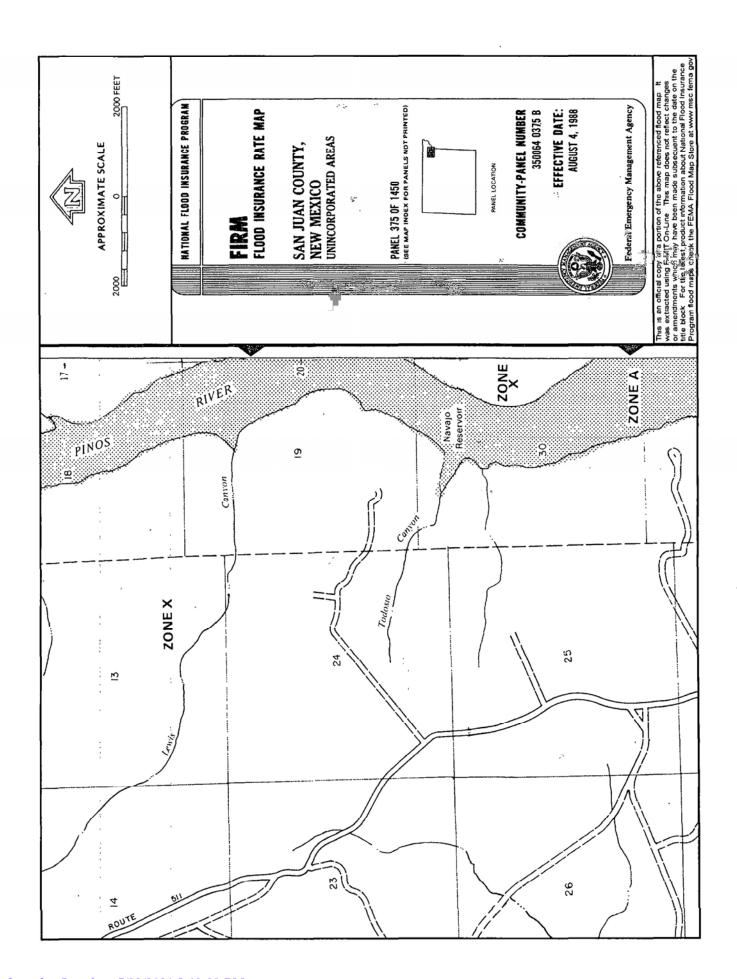


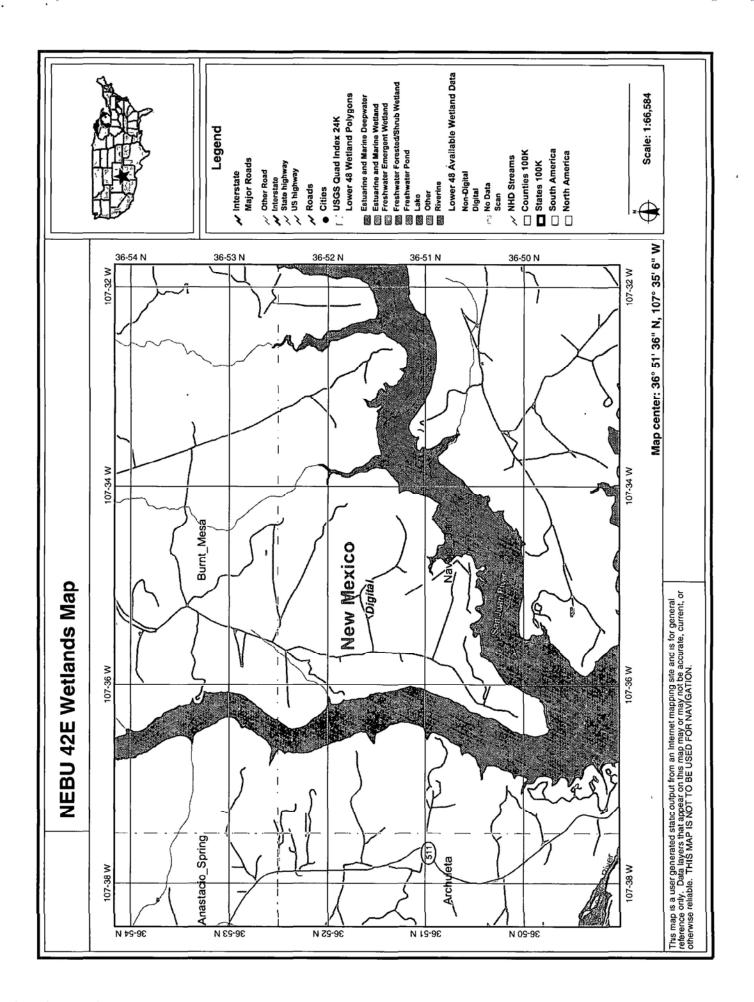
Scale: Meq/L

Stiff Diagram



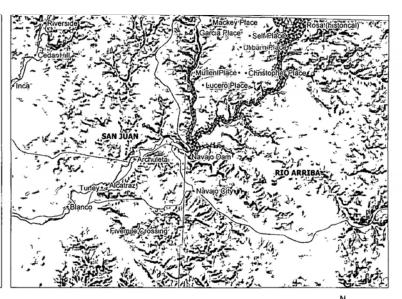






NEBU 42F Mines, Mills and Quarries Web Map

Mines, Mills 8	& Quarries Commodity Groups
Δ	Aggregate & Stone Mines
•	Coal Mines
*	Industrial Minerals Mines
•	Industrial Minerals Mills
	Metal Mines and Mill Concentrate
	Potash Mines & Refineries
ĭ	Smelters & Refinery Ops.
*	Uranium Mines
•	Uranium Mills
Pópulation	
	Cition (2000 Conoun)







SIMCOE LLC

SAN JUANBASIN, NORTHWESTNEWMEXICO

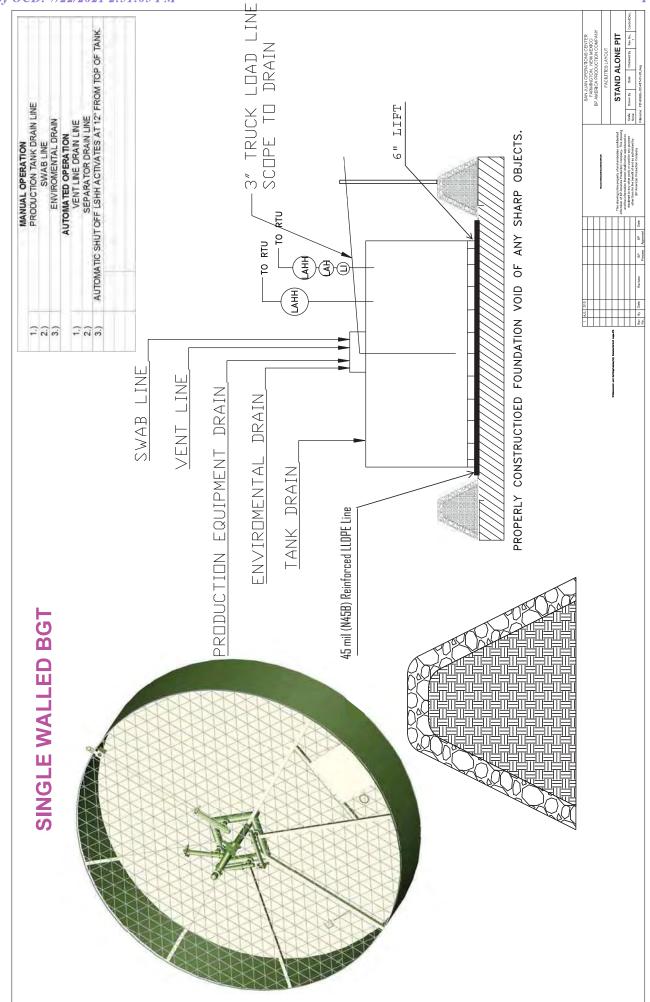
LOW PROFILE-BELOW-GRADE TANK DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION PLAN

Pursuant to Rule 19.15.17.11 NMAC, Simcoe, LLC shall construct a below-grade tank (BGT) or modify an existing permitted BGT according to the following plan. Any deviations from this plan will be addressed on the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division's (NMOCD) form C-144 at the time of submittal.

Design. and Construction Plan

- 1. Simcoe will design and construct a BGT which will be constructed to contain liquids and prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environment.
- 2 Simcoe is the well operator and shall install and maintain a well sign that is in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC. The sign will be posted at the well site to address, at a minimum;
 - a. Well Number
 - b. Property name
 - c. Operators name
 - d. Location by footage, quarter-quarter section, township and range (or unit letter)
 - e. API number
 - f. Emergency contact information
- 3. Simcoe will fence or enclose its BGTs in a manner that prevents unauthorized access and shall maintain its fence in good repair.
- 4. Simcoe will fence or enclose a BGT located within 1,000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church with, at a minimum a chain link security fence at least six (6) feet in height with at least two (2) strands of barbed wire at the top. Simcoe will ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not on-site.
- 5. Simcoe is requesting NMOCD's approval for an alternative fence design that provides, at a minimum, equivalent protection to the design specified in Paragraph 3 of Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC for BGTs beyond the stated distance in paragraph 4 of this document. Simcoe's proposed design for its BGTs will utilize 48" steel mesh field-fence (hogwire) with a metal or steel top rail. Perimeter T-post will be installed roughly every 10 feet.
- 6 Simcoe will construct an expanded metal covering that completely covers the top of the BGT. The covering will be constructed such that it will prevent hazardous conditions to wildlife, including migratory birds
- 7. Simcoe shall construct the BGT of materials that are resistant to produced water, any contained liquids, and damage from sunlight. Simcoe's BGTs will be constructed of carbon steel that meets the requirements of ASTMA36.
- 8 Simcoe's BGTs shall have a properly constructed earthen foundation consisting of a level base free of rocks, debris, sharp edges, or irregularities as to prevent punctures, cracks or indentations to the tank bottom as demonstrated on the design drawing.
- 9. Simcoe will construct and operate the BGT to prevent surface water run-on by using both earthen berms and leaving a portion of the BGT above the original grade as demonstrated on the design drawing.
- 10. Simcoe will construct and operate the BGT to prevent overflow and overfilling of the BGT. Overflow will be prevented by use of an electronic high fluid level detector that will automatically engage an electronic shut-off valve when a 1 foot freeboard is reached. The Hi-level automatic alarm notifies well optimizers when liquid level has reached within a pre-set distance to the top of the BGT. The Hi-Hi alarm will trigger the Hi-level automatic shutdown valve which will close in the well until the liquid level can be lowered.

- 11. Simcoe will construct and install a single-walled tank design per Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC with sidewalls open for visual inspection for leaks, the belowgrade tank's bottom is elevated a minimum of six inches above the underlying ground surface and the below-grade tank is underlain with a 45 mil LLDPE liner placed on a prepared soil foundation to prevent punctures and graded to divert leaked liquid to a location that can be visually inspected. The walls of the BGT will be constructed of carbon steel that meets the ASTM A36 standard. Simcoe's BGT design will insure containment of tank contents and protect underlying groundwater. The production equipment line drain is an automated drain that allows water level in production equipment (generally the separator) to be maintained within the equipment's operating parameters. The environmental drain is a manually operated drain that is used to drain liquids off of equipment. The tank drain is a manually operated drain, typically in the closed position that is used to rid the condensate tank of any water accumulation. The vent drain is a manually operated drain off the discharge of production equipment (usually the separator) and is used to blowdown the wellsite. The swab drain line is a manually operated drain originating between the wellhead and separator and is used during well workovers when large amounts of liquid are removed from the well and sent straight to the BGT.
- 12. Simcoe owned and operated single walled BGTs constructed and installed prior to June 16, 2008 that has the side walls open for visual inspection and that does not meet all the requirements in Paragraphs (1)through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC is not required to equip or retrofit the BGT to comply with Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC so long as it demonstrates integrity. If the existing BGT does not demonstrate integrity, the operator shall promptly drain the BGT and remove it from service and comply with the closure requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.
- 13. Simcoe owned and operated single walled BGTs constructed and installed prior to June 16, 2008 and where any portion of the tank sidewall is below the ground surface and not visible shall equip or retrofit the BGT to comply with Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC, or close it, by June 16,2013. If the existing BGT does not demonstrate integrity, the operator shall promptly drain the BGT, remove it from service and comply with the closure requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.
- 14. Simcoe owned and operated double walled BGTs constructed and installed prior to June 16, 2008 and which does not meet all the requirements in Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC is not required to equip or retrofit the BGT to comply with Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC so long as it demonstrates integrity. If the existing BGT does not demonstrate integrity, the operator shall promptly drain the BGT, remove it from service and comply with the closure requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.
- 15. The general specifications for the design and construction of the BGT have been provided in the attached Simcoe design and construction schematic.



DURA+SKRIM® N45B

RAVEN

SCRIM REINFORCED POLYETHYLENE — NSF/ANSI STANDARD 61 CERTIFIED

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

DURA SKRIM® N45B is a flexible geomembrane, reinforced with a closely knit 9x9 weft inserted polyester scrim fully encapsulated between two layers of highly UV stabilized linear low density polyethylene. Exceptional toughness, high tensile and puncture strength is achieved with the combination of premium high strength LLDPE and dense scrim reinforcement. A highly stabilized formulation consisting of antioxidants, UV stabilizers and carbon black provide excellent protection for long-term exposed or barrier applications. DURA SKRIM® N-Series geomembranes are produced in the color black as standard, and are available in other custom manufactured colors with minimum order quantity requirements.

PRODUCT USE

DURA SKRIM® N45B is used in applications that require exceptional outdoor life requiring up to 20 years of exposure depending upon the geographical location. Applications requiring high tear properties, exceptional tensile strength and puncture resistance utilize N45B to meet these demands. DURA SKRIM® N-Series is manufactured from a chemical-resistant, linear-low-density polyethylene with excellent cold crack performance and resistance to thermal expansion.

DURA♦SKRIM® N45B meets the physical property values as stated in GRI test method GM25, and is certified under the NSF/ANSI Standard 61, Drinking Water System Components – Health Effects.

SIZE & PACKAGING

DURA SKRIM® N45B is available in a variety of widths and lengths to meet the project requirements. Large diameter mill rolls are available to assure an efficient seaming process. Factory welded panels are produced in a controlled environment and are accordion folded and tightly rolled on a heavy-duty core for ease of handling and time saving installation.





Bio Cell Liner

PART #

PRODUCT

DURA♦SKRIMN45B

APPLICATIONS

Waste Lagoon Liners Landfill Caps

Floating Covers Erosion Control Covers

Daily Landfill Covers Canal Liners

Modular Tank Liners Disposal Pit Liner

Tunnel Liners Water Containment Ponds

Remediation Liners Heap Leach Liner

Earthen Liners Secondary Containment

Interim Landfill Covers Remediation Covers

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DURA+SKRIM® N45B

SCRIM REINFORCED POLYETHYLENE - NSF/ANSI STANDARD 61 CERTIFIED

		DURA♦SKRIM® N45B			
PRO-FORMA DATA SHEET		IMPERIAL		METRIC	
PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM	TYPICAL	MINIMUM	TYPICAL
Appearance		Black		Black	
Core Thickness	ASTM D5199	40 mil	45 mil	1.02 mm	1.14 mm
WEIGHT	ASTM D751	189 lbf/msf	213 lbf/msf	923 g/m²	1040 g/m²
Construction		9x9-1000 Denier PET scrim reinforced polyethylene			
Tongue Tear Strength	ASTM D5884	100 lbf	135 lbf	445 N	601 N
Grab Tensile at Break	ASTM D7004	275 l bf	350 lbf	1223 N	1557 N
Tensile Elongation at Break	ASTM D7004	22 %	30 %	22 %	30 %
Puncture Resistance	ASTM D4833	108 lbf	125 lbf	480 N	556 N
Standard OIT or High Pressure HPOIT	ASTM D3895 ASTM D5885	100 min 400 min	150 min 2400 min	100 min 400 min	150 min 2400 min
Hydraulic Conductivity		1.47 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ cm/sec			
Maximum Static Use Temperature		180° F 82° C		, C	
MINIMUM STATIC USE TEMPERATURE		-70)° F	-57	°C

PRO-FORMA SHEET CONTENTS: The data listed in the Pro-Forma data sheet is representative of initial production runs. These values may be revised at anytime without notice as additional test data becomes available.



DURA SKRIM® N45B is a flexible geomembrane, reinforced with a closely knit 9x9 weft inserted polyester scrim fully encapsulated between two layers of highly UV stabilized linear low density polyethylene. Exceptional toughness, high tensile and puncture strength is achieved with the combination of premium high strength LLDPE and dense scrim reinforcement. A highly stabilized formulation consisting of antioxidants, UV stabilizers and carbon black provide excellent protection for long-term exposed or barrier applications.



Note: To the best of our knowledge, unless otherwise stated, these are typical property values and are intended as guides only, not as specification limits. Chemical resistance, odor transmission, longevity as well as other performance criteria is not implied or given and actual testing must be performed for applicability in specific applications and/or conditions. RAVEN INDUSTRIES MAKES NO WARRANTIES AS TO THE FITNESS FOR A SPECIFIC USE OR MERCHANTABILITY OF PRODUCTS REFERRED TO, no guarantee of satisfactory results from reliance upon contained information or recommendations and disclaims all liability for resulting loss or damage. Limited Warranty available at www.ravenefd.com

RAVEN ENGINEERED FILMS

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SIMCOE LLC SAN JUAN BASIN. NORTHWEST NEW MEXICO

BELOW-GRADE TANK OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

Pursuant to Rule 19.15.17.12 NMAC, SIMCOE LLC (SIMCOE) shall maintain and operate a below-grade tank (BGT) by following the plan shown below. Deviations from this plan will be addressed with a submittal to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) using form C-144 at the time of the BGT registration or modification to an existing BGT registration.

Operating and Maintenance Plan

- 1. SIMCOE's BGTs will be operated to contain liquids and solids. SIMCOE will maintain the integrity of the BGT and secondary containment system as to prevent impacts to fresh water and to protect public health and the environment. SIMCOE will use automated high fluid level alarms and automated shut-off valves to ensure that liquids are contained within the vessel and that the vessel does not overflow. These alarms and shut-off valves will be consistent with those demonstrated in the design plan.
- 2. SIMCOE will not knowingly discharge to or store any hazardous waste in a BGT.
- 3. If a BGT develops a leak below the liquid surface, SIMCOE shall remove all liquid above the damage or leak within 48 hours of discovery, notify the appropriate division office pursuant to 19.15.29 NMAC and repair the damage or replace the BGT as applicable.
- 4. SIMCOE will adhere to Subsection D of 19.15.17.12 NMAC. The requirements are as follows;
 - a. SIMCOE shall not allow a below-grade tank to overflow or allow surface water run-on to enter the BGT.
 - b. SIMCOE shall remove any measurable layer of oil from the fluid surface of a BGT.
 - c. SIMCOE shall inspect the BGT for leakage and damage at least monthly and will document the integrity of each tank at least annually and maintain record of the integrity for five years.
 - d. SIMCOE shall maintain adequate freeboard to prevent overtopping of the below-grade tank.
 - e. If SIMCOE discovers that the BGT tank does not demonstrate integrity or that the BGT develops any of the conditions identified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection A of 19.15.17.12 NMAC, SIMCOE shall repair the damage or close the existing BGT pursuant to the closure requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.
 - f. If any of SIMCOE's BGTs are equipped or retrofitted to comply with Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC, then SIMCOE shall visually inspect the area beneath the BGT during the retrofit and document any areas that are wet, discolored or showing other evidence of a release on form C-141. SIMCOE will attempt to measure and report to the division the concentration of contaminants in the wet or discolored soil with respect to the standards set forth in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC. If there is no wet or discolored soil or if the concentration of contaminants in the wet or discolored soil is less than the standard set forth in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, then SIMCOE shall proceed with the closure requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC prior to initiating the retrofit or replacement.

SIMCOE LLC SAN JUAN BASIN, NORTHWEST NEW MEXICO

BELOW-GRADE TANK CLOSURE PLAN

This plan will address the method, procedures, and protocols for closure of below-grade tanks (BGTs) on SIMCOE LLC (SIMCOE) well sites pursuant to Subsection A of 19.15.17.13 NMAC. As stipulated in Paragraph (1) of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, SIMCOE will not commence closure without first obtaining approval of the closure plan submitted pursuant to Paragraph (3) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC. If deviations from this plan are necessary, SIMCOE will request preapproval from the Division District III office of any specific changes and will be included on form C-144. SIMCOE shall close its BGTs within 60 days of cessation of the operation as required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection G of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.

General Closure Plan

- 1. SIMCOE shall notify the surface owner by certified mail; return receipt requested that it plans to close a BGT. Notice given will be at least 72 hours in advanced, but not more than one week prior to any closure operation. The notice shall include the well name, API number, and legal description of the location. Evidence of mailing of the notice to the address of the surface owner shown in the county tax records demonstrates compliance with this requirement.
- 2. SIMCOE shall notify the Division District III office verbally and in writing at least 72 hours, but not more than one week, prior to any closure operation. The notice shall include the Operator's name, and the location of the BGT to be closed by unit letter, section, township and range. If the BGT closure is associated with a particular well, then the notice shall also include the well's name, number and API number.
- 3. Within 60 days of cessation of operations, SIMCOE shall remove liquids and sludge from the BGT prior to implementing a closure method and dispose of the liquids and sludge in a NMOCD approved facility. The facilities to be used are:
 - a. SIMCOE LLC Crouch Mesa Landfarm, Permit NM-02-003 (Solids)
 - b. JFJ Landfarm, Permit NM-01-010(B) (Solids and Sludge)
 - c. Basin Disposal, Permit NM-01-0005 (Liquids)
 - d. Envirotech Inc Soil Remediation Facility, Permit NM-01-0011 (Solids and Sludge)
 - e. SIMCOE LLC Operated E.E. Elliott SWD #1, API 30-045-27799 (Liquids)
 - f. SIMCOE LLC Operated 13 GCU SWD #1, API 30-045-28601 (Liquids)
 - g. SIMCOE LLC Operated GCU 259 SWD, API 30-045-20006 (Liquids)
 - h. SIMCOE LLC Operated GCU 306 SWD, API 30-045-24286 (Liquids)
 - i. SIMCOE LLC Operated GCU 307 SWD, API 30-045-24248 (Liquids)
 - j. SIMCOE LLC Operated GCU 328 SWD, API 30-045-24735 (Liquids)
 - k. SIMCOE LLC Operated Pritchard SWD #1, API 30-045-28351 (Liquids)
- 4. SIMCOE shall remove the BGT and dispose of it in a NMOCD approved facility or recycle, reuse, or reclaim it in a manner that the Division District III office approves. Documentation as to the final disposition of the removed BGT will be provided in the final closure report.
- 5. Within six months of cessation of operations, SIMCOE shall remove any on-site equipment associated with a BGT unless the equipment is required for some other purpose.
- 6. SIMCOE shall test the soils beneath the BGT to determine whether a release has occurred. SIMCOE shall collect at a minimum: a five (5) point composite sample to include any obvious stained or wet soils, or other evidence of a release under the BGT. The composite sample shall be collected and analyzed as required for the constituents listed in Table I within Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (3) of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC (see Table 1 on following page).

Table 1 Closure Criteria for Soils Beneath Below-Grade Tanks					
Depth below bottom of pit to groundwater less than 10,000 mg/l TDS	Constituent	Method*	Limit**		
≤50 feet	Chloride	EPA 300.0	600 mg/kg		
	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	100 mg/kg		
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg		
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg		
51 feet-100 feet	Chioride	EPA 300.0	10,000 mg/kg		
	ТРН	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg		
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg		
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg		
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M EPA 300.0	10 mg/kg 20,000 mg/kg		
> 100 feet					
	(TPH)	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg		
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg		
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg		
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	(10 mg/kg)		

Notes:

mg/Kg = milligram per kilogram, BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes, TPH = total petroleum hydrocarbons, TDS = total dissolved solids.

- * Or other test methods approved by the division
- ** Numerical limits or natural background level, whichever is greater
- 7. If any contaminant concentration exceeds those standards set in Table I, SIMCOE will acknowledge NMOCD's position to require additional delineation upon review of the results. SIMCOE will not proceed with any further closure activities until approval is first granted by NMOCD.
- 8. If the sampling demonstrates that all contaminant constituents do not exceed the concentrations specified in Table I, then SIMCOE shall backfill the excavation, with non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material.
- 9. SIMCOE shall reclaim the BGT location and all areas associated with the BGT including associated access roads to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area. SIMCOE shall substantially restore the impacted surface area to the condition that existed prior to oil and gas operations by placement of the soil cover as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, re-contour the BGT location and associated areas to a contour that approximates the original contour and blends with the surrounding topography and re-vegetate according to Paragraph (5) of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.
- 10. SIMCOE may propose an alternative to the re-vegetation or recontouring requirement if it can demonstrate to the NMOCD's District III office that the proposed alternative provides equal or greater prevention of erosion, and protection of fresh water, public health and the environment. SIMCOE will seek surface owner approval of the proposed alternative and provide written documentation of the surface owner's approval to NMOCD for its approval.
- 11. Areas reasonably needed for production operations or for subsequent drilling operations shall be compacted, covered, paved, or otherwise stabilized and maintained in such a way as to minimize dust and erosion to the extent practicable.

- 12. The soil cover for closures after site contouring, where the BGT has been removed and if necessary remediated beneath the BGT to chloride concentrations less than 600 mg/kg as analyzed by EPA Method 300.0, shall consist of the background thickness of topsoil or one foot or suitable material, whichever is greater.
- 13. The soil cover will be constructed to the site's existing grade and all practicable efforts will be made to prevent ponding of water and erosion of the cover material.
- 14. All areas disturbed by the closure of the BGT, except areas reasonably needed for production operations or for subsequent drilling operations, shall be reclaimed as early and as nearly as practicable to their original condition or their final land use and shall be maintained to control dust and minimize erosion to the extent practicable.
- 15. Topsoils and subsoils shall be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns. The disturbed area then shall be reseeded in the first favorable growing season following closure of the BGT.
- 16. Reclamation of all disturbed areas no longer in use shall be considered complete when all ground surface disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and a uniform vegetative cover has been established that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of pre-disturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.
- 17. The re-vegetation and reclamation obligations imposed by other applicable federal or tribal agencies on lands managed by those agencies shall supersede these provisions and govern the obligations of SIMCOE subject to those provisions, provided that the other requirements provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health and the environment.
- 18. Pursuant to Subparagraph (e) of Paragraph (5) of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, SIMCOE shall notify the NMOCD when reclamation and re-vegetation has been successfully achieved.
- 19. Within 60 days of closure completion, SIMCOE shall submit a closure report on NMOCD's form C-144, and will include the following;
 - a. necessary attachments to document all closure activities
 - b. sampling results
 - c. information required by 19.15.17 NMAC
 - d. details on back-filling, capping and covering, where applicable.
- 20. SIMCOE shall certify that all information in the report and attachments is accurate, truthful, and compliant with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720

District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720

District III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. **Santa Fe, NM 87505**

CONDITIONS

Action 37600

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:			
SIMCOE LLC	329736			
1199 Main Ave., Suite 101	Action Number:			
Durango, CO 81301	37600			
	Action Type:			
	[C-144] Below Grade Tank Plan (C-144B)			

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
cwhitehead	None	7/22/2021