Form 3160-3 FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 (June 2015) Expires: January 31, 2018 **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR 5. Lease Serial No. BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. DRILL REENTER 1a. Type of work: 1b. Type of Well: Oil Well Gas Well Other 8. Lease Name and Well No. 1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing Single Zone Multiple Zone 2. Name of Operator 9. API Well No. 30-015-49160 10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory 3a. Address 3b. Phone No. (include area code) 4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.*) 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area At surface At proposed prod. zone 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 12. County or Parish 13. State 15. Distance from proposed* 16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 18. Distance from proposed location* 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 22. Approximate date work will start* 21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 23. Estimated duration 24. Attachments The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable) 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see 2. A Drilling Plan. Item 20 above). 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the 5. Operator certification. SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the 25. Signature Name (Printed/Typed) Date Title Approved by (Signature) Name (Printed/Typed) Date Title Office Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction

APPROVED WITH CONDITIONS Released to Imaging: 12/14/2021 8:54:26 AM Approval Date: 12/02/2021

(Continued on page 2)

*(Instructions on page 2)

DISTRICT I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone (576) 393-9181 Fax: (576) 393-9720 DISTRICT II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone (575) 748-1263 Fax: (575) 748-9720

DISTRICT III 1000 Rio Brezos Rd., Aztec, NM 67410 Phone (805) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170

DISTRICT IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 67505 Phone (605) 476-3480 Fax: (506) 478-3482

Dedicated Acres

10

Joint or Infill

ADI Number

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Form C-102 Revised August 13, 2011

Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

Pool Name

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

Pool Code

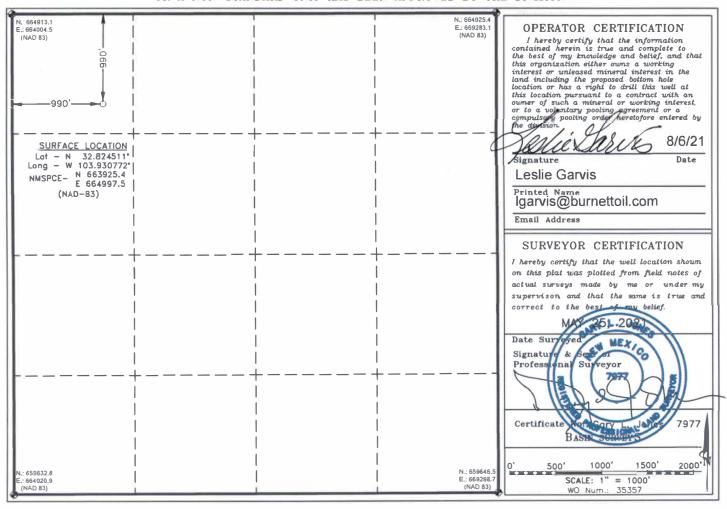
Consolidation Code

☐ AMENDED REPORT

30-015-	-49160		96831 CEDAR LAKE GLÖRIETA YESO										
Property	Code	Property Name Well Number											
2389			GISSLER B 117										
0GRID N 03080													
	Surface Location												
UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot ldn	FEET from the	SOUTH/South line	FEET from the	East/EAST line	County				
D	24	17 S	WEST	EDDY									
	Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface												
UL or lot No. Section Township Range Lot Idn FEET from the SOUTH/South line FEET from the								East/EAST line	County				

NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED OR A NON-STANDARD UNIT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DIVISION

Order No.



State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit Electronically Via E-permitting

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

Section 1 – Plan Description Effective May 25, 2021

I. Operator:	Burnett Oil Co. Inc	OGRI	D: 03080		Date:	12 / 8	/2021	
II. Type: 🛛 Orig	ginal Amendment	due to □ 19.15.27.9.	D(6)(a) NMA	C □ 19.15.27.9.D	(6)(b) NMAC [Other.		
If Other, please d	escribe:							
		formation for each new or connected to a cen			wells proposed	to be dri	lled or proposed to	
Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipated Oil BBL/D	Anticipated Gas MCF/D	,	Anticipated Produced Water BBL/D	
Gissler B 117	Gissler B 117 TBD		990' FNL 990' FWL	130	250		850	
IV. Central Deli	very Point Name:	Gissler B 2 Ta	ank Battery		_[See 19.15.27	7.9(D)(1)	NMAC]	
		following informatio gle well pad or conne			vell or set of we	lls propo	osed to be drilled or	
Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached Date	Completion Commencement		l Flow Date	First Production Date	
Gissler B 117	TBD	9/2/2022	9/11/2022	9/23/2022		0/2022	9/30/2022	
VI. Separation I	Equipment: XAttac	h a complete descripti	on of how Op	erator will size sep	paration equipm	ent to op	otimize gas capture.	
	Il Practices: Attacough F of 19.15.27.8	ch a complete descrip NMAC.	otion of the ac	tions Operator wi	ll take to comp	ly with 1	the requirements of	

VIII. Best Management Practices: Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting

during active and planned maintenance.

Section 2 - Enhanced Plan

			E APRIL 1, 2022	
Beginning April 1, reporting area must	2022, an operator the complete this section	at is not in compliance	with its statewide natural ga	as capture requirement for the applicable
☐ Operator certifie capture requirement	s that it is not require for the applicable re	red to complete this sec porting area.	ction because Operator is in o	compliance with its statewide natural gas
IX. Anticipated Na	tural Gas Productio	on:		
W	ell	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF
X. Natural Gas Ga	thering System (NC	GGS):		
Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering Start Date	Available Maximum Daily Capacity of System Segment Tie-in
production operation the segment or portion in the segment or portion. XII. Line Capacity production volume in the segment or portion in the segment of the	ns to the existing or ponsor of the natural gas The natural gas gas Trom the well prior to	planned interconnect of gathering system(s) to thering system will to the date of first product	the natural gas gathering systewhich the well(s) will be contained will not have capacity to getion.	ather 100% of the anticipated natural gas
XIII. Line Pressure natural gas gatherin	e. Operator does g system(s) described	☐ does not anticipate the dabove will continue to	at its existing well(s) connect meet anticipated increases in	ted to the same segment, or portion, of the a line pressure caused by the new well(s).
☐ Attach Operator'	s plan to manage pro	oduction in response to	the increased line pressure.	
Section 2 as provide	ed in Paragraph (2) of	erts confidentiality pure f Subsection D of 19.15 the basis for such asser	.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a f	SA 1978 for the information provided in full description of the specific information

Section 3 - Certifications Effective May 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

Deperator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or □ Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system. If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following: Well Shut-In.

Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or Venting and Flaring Plan.

Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including: power generation on lease; (a) power generation for grid; (b) compression on lease: (c)

- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- (f) reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

Section 4 - Notices

- 1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:
- (a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or
- (b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.
- 2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature:	M- Dayani f.
	Glasgow, P.E.
Title: VP of En	gineering
E-mail Address: wglasgov	v@burnettoil.com
Date: 12.8	3.2021
Phone: 817-583-	3871
	OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION (Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)
Approved By:	
Title:	
Approval Date:	
Conditions of Approval:	
1	

NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

Section 1 – Attachments

Company:	Burnett Oil Co., Inc.	Well Name:	Gissler B 1	17	API#:	TBD	, parameter de constante de con
VI. Se	paration Equipment: Description	n of how Opera	tor will size s	separation	equipment to opt	imize gas capture.	
A.	This well will be added to an exi	sting tank batte	ery.				
В.	The engineered system is design	ed to handle	3,900	MCF/D.	It will produce th	rough the following	g vessels:
	1. 2-phase separator,						
	2. free-water knockout,						
	3. heater treater, and then final	ly a					
	4. 2-phase gas scrubber.						
C.	Current battery throughput is	615	MCF/D.				
D.	The referenced well is anticipate 865 MCF/D.	ed to produce a	maximum of	250	MCF/D f	or a total throughpu	ıt of

- **VII. Operational Practices:** Description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC.
 - A. In all circumstances, the operator shall flare rather than vent natural gas except when flaring is technically infeasible or would pose a risk to safe operations or personnel safety, and venting is a safer alternative than flaring.
 - B. During drilling operations a mud/gas separator will be on location. If needed, it will be utilized to capture natural gas for purposes of flaring. If flaring is required, a properly-sized flare stack will be at a minimum of 100' from the nearest surface hole location unless otherwise approved by the division.
 - C. Venting and flaring during completion or recompletion operations
 - 1. During completion or recompletion, gas is trapped/retained in the wellbore through use of properly weighted "kill" fluids.
 - 2. During the completion phase, the well will be routed directly into an existing battery. With this initial flowback already being connected to the existing battery, all flowback gasses will be routed, if applicable, only to flare. No venting will occur during this initial flowback period. As soon as it is feasible, the existing separation will be utilized.
 - D. Equipment redundancies within the system, along with the overall battery design, enables us to service equipment without interruption to gas flow in most scenarios. With the existing battery compression at this facility, in most cases we can avoid flaring during times of elevated transmission line pressures caused by mid-stream maintenance. Additionally, we have gas takeaway with two (2) midstream companies to try and keep gas going to sales in case one of them has a problem.

E. Performance Standards

- 1. The existing facility is designed for maximum anticipated throughput and pressure to minimize waste.
- 2. The existing storage tanks are routed to a combustor.
- 3. The existing flare stack is properly sized and designed to ensure proper combustion efficiency.
- 4. The existing flare stack is securely anchored and located at least 100 feet from the storage tanks.
- 5. AVO inspections are conducted weekly.
- 6. NA
- 7. NA
- 8. We strive to minimize waste and shall resolve emergencies as quickly and safely as possible.

F. Measurement or estimation of vented and flared natural gas

- We shall measure or estimate the volume of natural gas that is vented, flared, or beneficially used during drilling, completion and production operations regardless of the reason or authorization for such venting or flaring.
- 2. The existing flare has a meter to measure the gas going to it.
- 3. The measurement equipment conforms to an industry standard such as American Petroleum Institute (API) Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards (MPMS) Chapter 14.10 Measurement of Flow to Flares
- 4. The measuring equipment is not equipped with a manifold that allows the diversion of natural gas around the metering element except for the sole purpose of inspecting and servicing the measurement equipment.
- 5. If metering is not practicable due to circumstances such as low flow rate or low pressure venting and flaring, the operator will estimate the volume of vented or flared natural gas using a methodology that can be independently verified.
- 6. NA
- 7. The operator shall install measuring equipment whenever the division determines that metering is practicable or the existing measuring equipment or GOR test is not sufficient to measure the volume of vented and flared natural gas.
- VIII. Best Management Practices: Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.
 - A. The existing facility is designed for maximum anticipated throughput and pressure to minimize waste.
 - B. Equipment redundancies within the system, along with the overall battery design, enables us to service equipment without interruption to gas flow in most scenarios. With the existing battery compression at this facility, in most cases we can avoid flaring during times of elevated transmission line pressures caused by mid-stream maintenance.
 - C. During well maintenance, gas is trapped/retained in the wellbore through use of properly weighted "kill" fluids.
 - D. Additionally, we have gas takeaway with two (2) midstream companies to try and keep gas going to sales in case one of them has a problem.



DRILLING PLAN Gissler B 117 VERTICAL CEDAR LAKE GLORIETA YESO WELL

1. Geological Name of Surface Formation with Estimated Depth:

Geological Name	Estimate Top	Anticipated Fresh Water, Oil or Gas
a. Alluvium	Surface	Fresh water - None
b. Anhydrite	280'	
c. Salt	446'	
d. Base Salt	1153'	
e. Yates	1336'	
f. Seven Rivers	1618'	Oil
g. Queen	2225'	Oil
h. Grayburg	2619'	Oil
i. San Andres	2965'	Oil
j. Glorieta	4443'	Oil
k. Yeso	4539'	Oil
I. Total Depth	Refer to Form 3160-3	

No other formations are expected to yield oil, gas or fresh water in measurable volumes. We will set 8-5/8" casing @ approx. 520' in the Anhydrite, above the salt and circulate cement to surface.

The oil zones will be isolated by running 5-1/2" casing to total depth and circulating cement to surface.

2. Casing Program: (ALL CASING WILL BE NEW API APPROVED MATERIAL.)

(MW = 10.2 PPG IN DESIGN FACTOR CALCULATIONS.)

a. Design Safety Factors:

<u>Type</u>	Hole Size	<u>Interval</u>	OD Csg	<u>Weight</u>	<u>Collar</u>	<u>Grade</u>	Collapse Design <u>Factor</u>	Burst Design <u>Factor</u>	Tension Design <u>Factor</u>
Conductor	20"	0'-90'	14"	Contr	ractor Disc	retion			
Surface	12-1/4"	0' - +/- 440'	8-5/8"	24.00#	ST & C	J55	1.125	1.00	1.80
Production	7-7/8"	440' - TD	5-1/2"	17.00#	LT & C	J55	1.125	1.00	1.80

DRILLING PLAN VERTICAL LOCO HILLS GLORIETA YESO WELL

b. Surface Casing Info

The proposed casing setting depth is +/- 520' based on cross sections which show the estimated top of the rustler and top of salt. Drilling times will be plotted to find the hard section just above the salt. A mud logger will be on location to evaluate drill and cutting samples as long as circulation is maintained. If salt is penetrated, it will be obvious by the sudden increase in water salinity and surface casing will then be set above the top of salt. Our highly experienced drilling personnel have drilled many wells in this area and are able to easily identify the hard streak on the top of the salt.

c. Production Casing Info

Production casing will be set to TD with float shoe on bottom, float collar in first collar, centralizers throughout intervals and above and below a DV Tool set at +/-2600'. After drilling out and testing the casing to 2000 PSI, a cement bond log will be run to evaluate the cement job.

3. Cementing Program (Note Yields and DV Tool Depth if Multiple Stage.)

BLM to be notified prior to all cementing and tag operations in order to observe the operation if desired.

- a. 8-5/8" Surface Cement to surface
 - 330 sx C +2% PF1 (Calcium Chloride) + PF424 (Water Gelling Agent), mixed at 14.8 ppg, Yield 1.34 with 6.3 gal water per sack.
 - Excess cement 100%.

If cement does not circulate to surface, BLM will be notified of same, and advised of the plan to bring the cement to surface so BLM may witness tagging and cementing. When circulating cement, if surface pressures indicate cement is low in the annulus, temperature survey results will be reviewed with BLM representative to determine the remediation needed.

b. 5-1/2" Production Casing

Stage 1: Lead: 260 sx 35/65 P/C +5 %PF44 (BWOW)(Salt)+6% PF20 (Bentonite Gel) +0.2% PF153 (Anti Settling) +0.3% PF13 (Retarder) +0.1 25#/sx PF29 (Celloflake) +3#/sx PF42 (Kolseal) +0.4#/sx PF45 (Defaomer), mixed at 12.5 ppg, Yield 2.11 with 11.364 gal water per sack.

Tail: 330 sx C +0.3%PF13 (Retarder), mixed at 14.8 ppg, Yield 1.33 with 6.298 gal water per sack.

30% excess cement.

Stage 2: Lead: 340 sx 35/65 P/C + 5% PF44 (BWOW)(Salt) +6% PF20 (Bentonite Gel) +0.2% PF153 (Anti Settling) +0.125#/sx PF29Celloflake) +3#/sx PF42 (Kolseal) +0.4#/sx PF45 (Defaomer), mixed at 12.5 ppg, Yield 2.11 with 11.362 gal water per sack.

Tail: 200 sx C Neat, mixed at 14.8 ppg, Yield 1.32 with 6.3 gal water per sack.

140% excess cement.

The above cement volumes may be revised pending the caliper measurement from the open hole logs. **Casing/cementing design is to bring cement to the surface.**

DRILLING PLAN VERTICAL LOCO HILLS GLORIETA YESO WELL

4. Pressure Control Equipment:

The blowout prevention equipment (BOPE) shown in **Exhibit L** will consist of a 2000 PSI Hydril Unit (annular) with hydraulic closing equipment. The equipment will comply with Onshore Order #2 and will be tested to 50% of rated working pressure (RWP) and maintained for at least ten (10) minutes. The 8-5/8" drilling head will be installed on the surface casing and in use continuously until total depth is reached. An independent testing company will be used for the testing. Other accessory BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines and choke manifold having 2000 PSI WP rating.

Occasionally, water flows are encountered from formations that have been water flooded including the Grayburg, Metex, Premier, San Andres, Vacuum, Lovington and Jackson formations. To control these water flows and to drill through salt formation(s), our anticipated maximum mud weight is 10.2 ppg. For the producing formation and at TD, the pore pressure in this area is 0.47 psi/ft based on review of drilling histories, mud weights, formation gradients etc. from surrounding wells.

Burnett is requesting to keep the Mud/Gas Separator on location but only connect if/when needed.

5. Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment:

- a. A Kelly cock will be in the drill string at all times.
- A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve with the appropriate connections on the rig floor at all times.
- c. Hydrogen Sulfide detection and breathing equipment will be installed and in operation at drilling depth of 1800' (which is more than 500' above top of Grayburg) until 5-1/2" casing is cemented.
- d. An H2S compliance package will be on all sites while drilling.

6. Proposed Mud Circulation System

<u>Depth</u>	Mud Wt	<u>Visc</u>	Fluid Loss	Type System	Max Volume
0' - +/-440'	8.6 - 9.5			Fresh Water	
+/- 440' - TD' MD	10.0 max			Brine Water	

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times.

Pason equipment will be used to monitor the mud system.

7. Logging, Coring and Testing program:

- a. Any drill stem tests will be based on geological sample shows and planned before spudding.
- b. The open hole electrical logging program will be:
 - 1. Total depth to 1000': Dual Laterolog-Micro Laterolog with Compensated Neutron, Spectral Density log with Spectral Gamma Ray and Caliper.
 - 2. Total depth to Surface: Compensated Neutron with Spectral Gamma Ray.

DRILLING PLAN VERTICAL LOCO HILLS GLORIETA YESO WELL

- 3. Coring program will be planned and submitted on a well by well basis.
- 4. Additional testing will be done after setting the 5-1/2" production casing. The specific Intervals will be based on log evaluation, geological sample shows and/or drill stem tests.

8. Potential Hazards:

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. Lost circulation is expected in the surface hole and not expected in production.

Occasionally, water flows are encountered from formations that have been water flooded including the Grayburg, Metex, Premier, San Andres, Vacuum, Lovington and Jackson formations. To control these water flows and to drill through salt formation(s), our anticipated maximum mud weight is 10.2 ppg.

For the producing formation and at TD, the pore pressure in this area is 0.47 psi/ft based on review of drilling histories, mud weights, formation gradients etc. from surrounding wells. Based upon logs of wells in this area, the anticipated bottom hole temperature is 105°F.

There is known H2S in this area. In the event that it is necessary to follow the H2S plan, a remote choke will be installed as required in Onshore Order 6. Refer to the attached H2S plan for details.

9. Anticipated Start Date and Duration of Operation

Road and location construction will begin after BLM has approved the specific APD and has approved the start of the location work. Anticipated spud date will be as soon as the location building work has been completed and the drilling rig is available to move to the location. Move in and drilling is expected to take approximately 11 days. If production casing is run, an additional 60 days would be required to complete the well and install the necessary surface equipment (pumping unit, electricity, flowline and storage facility) to place the well on production.

10. Completion Procedure

Upon completion of drilling operations, this well will be perforated and frac'd in multiple stages. Due to the completion process that Burnett utilizes, we do not anticipate any flowback. Upon completion of stimulation, the well will be put on production.

Well Name: GISSLER B Well Number: 117

Choke Diagram Attachment:

BOP_2M_Choke_Diagram_20210809091648.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

BOP_2M_Choke_Diagram_20210809091656.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
	CONDUCT OR	20	14.0	NEW	API	N	0	90	0	90	3697	3607		OTH ER	0	N/A						
2	SURFACE	12.2 5	8.625	NEW	API	N	0	440	0	440	3697	3257	440	J-55	24	ST&C	1.12 5	1	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8
	PRODUCTI ON	7.87 5	5.5	NEW	API	N	0	6100	0	6100	3697	-2403	6100	J-55	17	LT&C	1.12 5	1	DRY	1.8	DRY	1.8

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1 String Type: CONDUCTOR

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Well Name: GISSLER B Well Number: 117

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 2

String Type: SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Safety_Factor_20210809092104.pdf

Casing ID: 3

String Type: PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Safety_Factor_20210809092524.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
CONDUCTOR	Lead		0	90	0	0	0	0		Contractor Discretion	Contractor Discretion

SURFACE	Lead	0	440	330	1.34	14.8	442	100	Class C	+2% PF1 (Calcium
										Chloride) + PF424
										(Water Gelling Agent),

PRODUCTION	Lead	0	6100	340	2.11	12.5	448	35/65 P/C	+ 5% PF44
									(BWOW)(Salt) +6%

Well Name: GISSLER B Well Number: 117

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
											(Bentonite Gel) +0.2% PF153 (Anti Settling) +0.125#/sx PF29Celloflake) +3#/sx PF42 (Kolseal) +0.4#/sx PF45
PRODUCTION	Tail		0	6100	200	1.32	14.8	264	140	C Neat	none
PRODUCTION	Lead	2600	0	6100	260	2.11	12.5	548		35/65 P/C	+5 %PF44 (BWOW)(Salt)+6% PF20 (Bentonite Gel) +0.2% PF153 (Anti Settling) +0.3% PF13 (Retarder) +0.1 25#/sx PF29 (Celloflake) +3#/sx PF42 (Kolseal) +0.4#/sx PF45
PRODUCTION	Tail		0	6100	330	1.33	14.8	439	30	Class C	+0.3%PF13 (Retarder),

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Pason equipment will be used to monitor the mud system.

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth
Bottom Depth
Mud Type
Min Weight (lbs/gal)
Max Weight (lbs/gal)
Density (lbs/cu ft)
Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)
Hd
Viscosity (CP)
Salinity (ppm)
Filtration (cc)
Additional Characteristics

Well Name: GISSLER B Well Number: 117

O Top Depth	Bottom Depth	ed ALL Phy W	9 Min Weight (lbs/gal)	.6 Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	Н	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
		Water									
440	6100	OTHER : Brine	8.6	10.2							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

- a. Any drill stem tests will be based on geological sample shows and planned before spudding.
- b. The open hole electrical logging program will be:
 - 1. Total depth to 1000: Dual Laterolog-Micro Laterolog with Compensated Neutron, Spectral Density log with Spectral Gamma Ray and Caliper.
 - 2. Total depth to Surface: Compensated Neutron with Spectral Gamma Ray.
 - 3. Coring program will be planned and submitted on a well by well basis.
 - 4. Additional testing will be done after setting the 5-1/2 production casing. The specific Intervals will be based on log evaluation geological sample shows and/or drill stem tests.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

DUAL LATERAL LOG/MICRO-SPHERICALLY FOCUSED, GAMMA RAY LOG,

Coring operation description for the well:

Coring program will be planned and submitted on a well by well basis.

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 2867 Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2867

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 105

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards attachment:

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations plan:

H2S_Plan_20210809094614.pdf

Well Name: GISSLER B Well Number: 117

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

2021.7.21_GB117_Vertical_5.5in_Csg_Drill_Plan_20210809095347.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Other Variance attachment:

Fax: 817-332-2438

Min

Burnett Oil Co., Inc.

801 Cherry Street- Unit #9 Fort Worth, Texas 76102-6881

Phone: 817-332-5108

Collapse Safety Pressure Factor Min Burst Safety Safety
Pressure Factor Min Tension Factor

			8-5/8" 24# J-55								
			ST&C				0.050				044.000
			1,370				2,950				244,000
211	1.125	237		210.6	1.0	210.6		21,600	1.8	38,880	

5-1/2" 17# J-55 LT&C 4,910 5,320 247,000 3,288 1.125 3,700 3,288 1.0 3,288 105,400 1.8 189,720

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:
WELL NAME & NO.:
Gissler B 117H
Sec 24-17S-30E-NMP
COUNTY:
Eddy County, New Mexico

COA

H2S	• Yes	O No	
Potash	None	Secretary	© R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	• Low	O Medium	O High
Cave/Karst Potential	O Critical		
Variance	None	© Flex Hose	Other
Wellhead	Conventional	O Multibowl	OBoth
Other	☐4 String Area	☐ Capitan Reef	□WIPP
Other	☐ Fluid Filled	☐ Cement Squeeze	☐ Pilot Hole
Special Requirements	☐ Water Disposal	□ СОМ	□ Unit

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated 500 feet prior to drilling into the Grayburg and other undesignated formations in unknown pools. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING

- 1. The **8 5/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 440 feet (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours

- after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.

- a. First stage to DV tool: Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
 - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **2000 (2M)** psi.
- 2. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the intermediate casing shoe shall be **2000** (**2M**) psi.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)
 - ☑ Eddy CountyCall the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822
 - ✓ Lea CountyCall the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575)393-3612

- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
 - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.

- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.

- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.
 - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the plug. However, **no tests** shall commence until the cement has had a minimum of 24 hours setup time, except the casing pressure test can be initiated immediately after bumping the plug (only applies to single stage cement jobs).
 - c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for

the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).

- d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per Onshore Order No. 2.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.



HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S) PLAN & TRAINING

This plan was developed in accordance with 43 CFR 3162.3-1, section III.C, Onshore Oil and Gas Operations Order No. 6.

Based on our area testing H2S at 100 PPM has a radius of 139' and does not get off our well sites. There are no schools, residences, churches, parks, public buildings, recreation area or public within 2+ miles of our area.

A. Training

1. Training of Personnel

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in accordance with 43 CFR 3162.3-1, section III.C.3.a. Training will be given in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on each well:

- a. The hazards and characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S).
- b. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- c. The proper use of H2S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures and the prevailing wind.
- d. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.
- e. ATTACHED HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S) CONTINGENCY PLAN DRILLING EXHIBIT L.
- f. ATTACHED EMERGENCY CALL LIST FOR ANY ON SITE EMERGENCY DRILLING EXHIBIT M.

2. Training of Supervisory Personnel

In addition to the training above, supervisory personnel will also be trained in the following areas:

- a. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile tubulars are to be used, personnel will be trained in special maintenance requirements.
- b. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well, blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- c. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan (if applicable.)

3. Initial and Ongoing Training

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H2S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H2S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H2S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan (if applicable). This plan shall be available at the well site. All personnel will be required to carry documentation that they have received the proper training.

B. **H2S Drilling Operations Plan**

- 1. Well Control Equipment
 - a. Flare line(s) and means of ignition
 - b. Remote control choke
 - c. Flare gun/flares
 - d. Mud-gas separator

2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

- a. Mark II Surviveair (or equivalent) 30 minute units located in the dog house and at the primary briefing area (to be determined.)
- b. Means of communication when using protective breathing apparatus.

3. H2S detection and monitoring equipment:

- a. Three (3) portable H2S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These units have warning lights at 10 PPM and warning lights and audible sirens when H2S levels of 15 PPM is reached. A digital display inside the doghouse shows current H2S levels at all three (3) locations.
- b. An H2S Safety compliance set up is on location during all operations.
- c. We will monitor and start fans at 1- ppm or less, an increase over 10 ppm results in the shutdown and installation of the mud/gas separator.
- d. Portable H2S and SO2 monitor(s).

4. Visual warning systems:

- a. Wind direction indicators will be positioned for maximum visibility.
- b. Caution/Danger signs will be posted on roads providing direct access to location. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be readable at reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used when appropriate.

5. Mud program:

a. The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H2S circulated to the surface Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H2S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H2S bearing zones.

6. Metallurgy:

- a. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellheads, Hydril BOPS, drilling spools, kill lines, choke manifold, valves and lines will be suitable for H2S service.
- b. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H2S trim.

7. Communication:

- a. Cellular Telephone and/or 2-way radio will be provided at well site.
- b. Landline telephone is located in our field office.



EXHIBIT M - EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION LIST

BURNETT CONTACTS

Burnett's New Mexico Office

817.332.5108 x202

87 Square Lake Road (CR #220) Loco Hills, New Mexico 88255

Directions: Loco Hills, NM – 2 miles east of Loco Hills on US Hwy 82 to CR#220. Then North on CR #220 approximately one (1) mile to office

North on CR #220 approximately one (1) mile to office.

Burnett Oil Home Office

817.332.5108

Burnett Plaza – Suite 1500 | 801 Cherry Street – Unit #9| Fort Worth, Texas 76102

Walter Glasgow
VP of Operations – Permian Basin/New Mexico
Office - 817.583.8871
Cell - 817.343.5567

Tyler Deans

Engineering Manager

Office - 575.677.2313
Cell - 432.553.4699

Leslie Garvis

Regulatory & Government Affairs Manager

Office - 817.583.8730

Cell - 713.819.4371

SHERIFF/POLICE CONTACTS

Eddy County Sheriff 911 or 575.677.2313 New Mexico State Police 575.746.2701

FIRE DEPARTMENT

Loco Hills Fire Department (VOLUNTEER ONLY)

911 or 575.677.2349

For Medical and Fire (Artesia)

575.746.2701

AIR AMBULANCE

Flight for Life Air Ambulance (Lubbock) 806.743.9911
Aerocare Air Ambulance (Lubbock) 806.747.8923
Med Flight Air Ambulance (Albuq) 505.842.4433
S B Med Svc Air Ambulance (Albuq) 505.842.4949

FEDERAL AND STATE

US Bureau of Land Management (Carlsbad) 575.361.2822 575.234.5972

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (Artesia) 575.748.1283

New Mexico Emergency Response Commission (24 hour) 575.827.9126

Local Emergency Planning Operation Center (Artesia) 505.842.4949

National Emergency Response Center (Washington, DC) 800.424.8802

OTHER IMPORTANT NUMBERS

 Boots & Coots IWC
 800.256.9688

 Cudd Pressure Control
 432.570.5300

 Halliburton Services
 575.746.2757

 BJ Service
 575.746.2293

THIS MUST BE POSTED AT THE RIG WHILE ON LOCATION



EXHIBIT L - HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H2S) CONTIGENCY PLAN

A. Emergency Procedures

In the event of a release of gas containing H2S, the first responder(s) must

- 1. Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 PPM ROE. Assumed 100PPM ROE = 3000'.
- 2. Evacuate any public places encompassed by 100 PPM ROE.
- 3. Be equipped with H2S monitors and air packs in order to control release.
- 4. Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries occur during the response.
- 5. Take precautions to avoid personal injury during this operation.
- 6. Have received training in the following:
 - a. H2S detection
 - b. Measures for protection against this gas
 - c. Equipment used for protection and emergency response.

B. Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, care will be taken to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO2). Intentional ignition will be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally, the New Mexico State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the incident command on scene of any major release. Care will be taken to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of gas.

C. Characteristics of H2S and SO2

Common Name	Chemical <u>Formula</u>	Specific <u>Gravity</u>	Threshold <u>Limit</u>	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO2	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	NA	1000 ppm

D. Contacting Authorities

Burnett Oil Co., Inc. personal will liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD will be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than four (4) hours after the incident. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind and direction, location of release, etc. Be sure all is written down and ready to give to contact list attached. Burnett's response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan.

Directions to the site are as follows:

Burnett Office 87 Square Lake Road (CR #220) Loco Hills, NM 88255

Loco Hills, New Mexico (2 miles East of Loco Hills on US Hwy 82 to C #220. Then North on CR #220 approximately one (1) mile to office.



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report

12/06/2021

APD ID: 10400078756 **Submission Date: 08/09/2021**

Operator Name: BURNETT OIL COMPANY INCORPORATED

Well Name: GISSLER B Well Number: 117

Well Type: OIL WELL Well Work Type: Drill Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Show Final Text

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical Depth	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formation
6840961	RUSTLER	3697	340	340	ANHYDRITE, SHALE	NONE	N
6840962	SALADO	3209	488	488	SALT	NONE	N
6840963	BASE OF SALT	2507	1190	1190	ANHYDRITE	NONE	N
6840964	YATES	2320	1377	1377	ANHYDRITE, SHALE	NONE	N
6840965	SEVEN RIVERS	2018	1679	1679	ANHYDRITE, DOLOMITE	OIL	N
6840966	QUEEN	1378	2319	2319	ANHYDRITE, SANDSTONE	OIL	N
6840967	GRAYBURG	958	2739	2739	DOLOMITE	OIL	N
6840968	SAN ANDRES	566	3131	3131	DOLOMITE	OIL	N
6840969	GLORIETA	-901	4598	4598	SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
6840970	YESO	-1037	4734	4734	DOLOMITE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

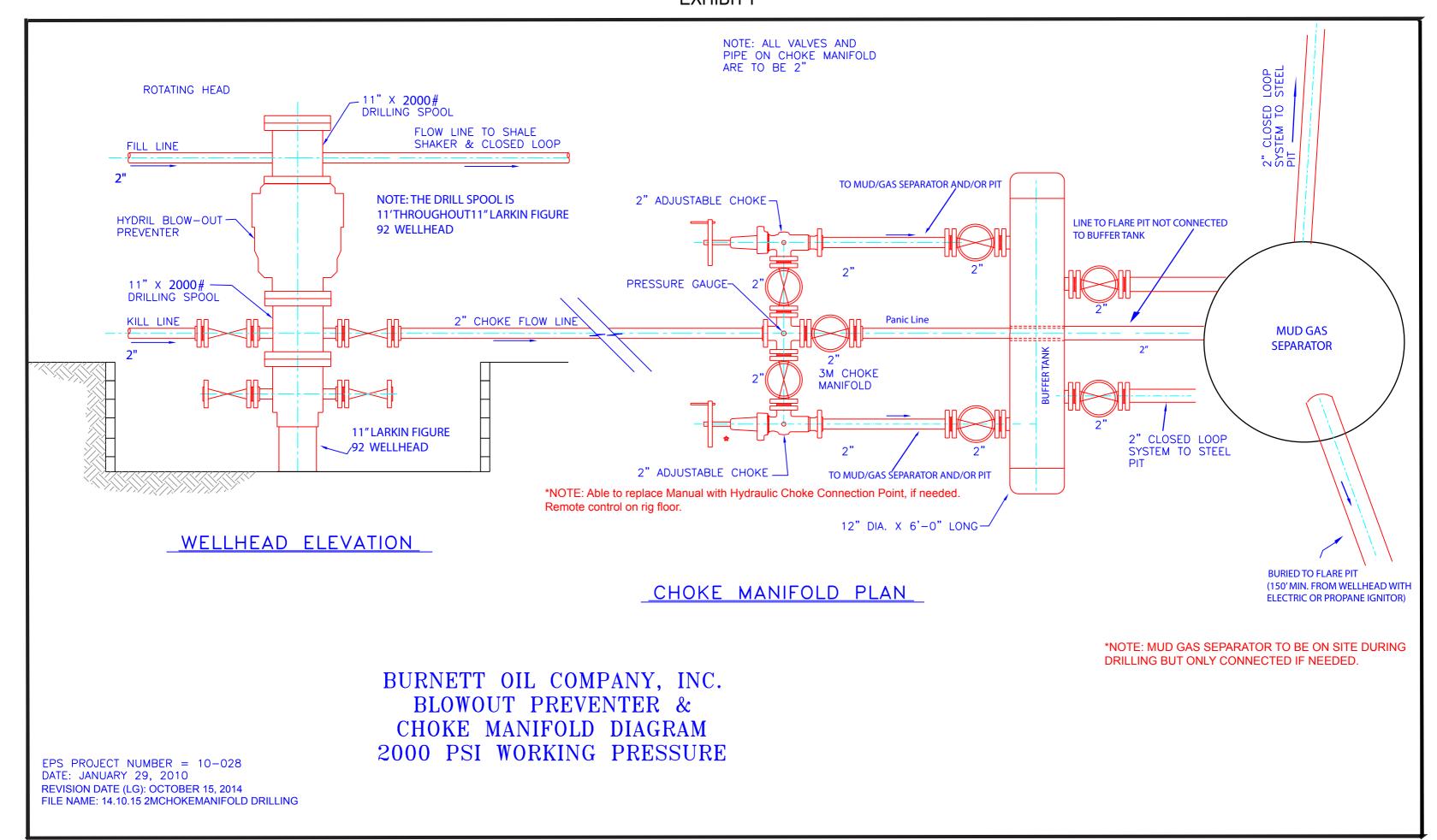
Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Pressure Rating (PSI): 2M Rating Depth: 8000

Equipment: The blowout prevention equipment (BOPE) will consist of a 2000 PSI Hydril Unit (annular) with hydraulic closing equipment. The 8-5/8 drilling head will be installed on the surface casing and in use continuously until total depth is reached. Other accessory BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines and choke manifold having 2000 PSI WP rating. Occasionally, water flows are encountered from formations that have been water flooded including the Grayburg, Metex, Premier, San Andres, Vacuum, Lovington and Jackson formations. To control these water flows and to drill through salt formation(s), our anticipated maximum mud weight is 10.2 ppg. For the producing formation and at TD, the pore pressure in this area is 0.47 psi/ft based on review of drilling histories, mud weights, formation gradients etc. from surrounding wells. Burnett is requesting to keep the Mud/Gas Separator on location but only connect if/when needed. Requesting Variance? NO

Variance request:

Testing Procedure: The equipment will comply with Onshore Order #2 and will be tested to 50% of rated working pressure (RWP) and maintained for at least ten (10) minutes. An independent testing company will be used for the testing.



District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720

District II 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. **Santa Fe, NM 87505**

CONDITIONS

Action 65582

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
BURNETT OIL CO INC	3080
801 Cherry Street Unit #9	Action Number:
Fort Worth, TX 76102	65582
	Action Type:
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
kpickford	Notify OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement	12/14/2021
kpickford	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string	12/14/2021
kpickford	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing	12/14/2021
kpickford	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system	12/14/2021