Form 3160-5 (June 2019)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

E	FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires: October 31, 2021
5. Lease Serial No.	MULTIPLE

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT		5. Lease Serial No. M	IULTIPLE		
		6. If Indian, Allottee o	r Tribe Name		
	form for proposals to drill or to Use Form 3160-3 (APD) for su		MULTIPLE		
SUBMIT IN	TRIPLICATE - Other instructions on pag	e 2		ement, Name and/or No.	
1. Type of Well	_		MULTIPLE 8. Well Name and No.		
Oil Well Gas V	_		8. Well Name and No.	MULTIPLE	
2. Name of Operator MARATHON OI	L PERMIAN LLC		9. API Well No. MUL	TIPLE	
3a. Address 990 TOWN & COUNTR	Y BLVD, HOUSTON, TX 3b. Phone No. (713) 296-21	(include area code) 13	10. Field and Pool or I MULTIPLE	Exploratory Area	
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T., FMULTIPLE	∴,M., or Survey Description)		11. Country or Parish, MULTIPLE	11. Country or Parish, State MULTIPLE	
12. CHE	CK THE APPROPRIATE BOX(ES) TO IN	DICATE NATURE OF NOT	TICE, REPORT OR OTH	HER DATA	
TYPE OF SUBMISSION		TYPE OF AC	CTION		
Notice of Intent	Acidize Deep	pen Proc	duction (Start/Resume)	Water Shut-Off	
Notice of Intent	Alter Casing Hydr	raulic Fracturing Rec	lamation	Well Integrity	
Subsequent Report	Casing Repair New	Construction Rec	omplete	✓ Other	
		=	nporarily Abandon		
Final Abandonment Notice	Convert to Injection Plug peration: Clearly state all pertinent details, i		er Disposal		
completed. Final Abandonment No is ready for final inspection.) Marathon Oil Permian LLC res accommodate a larger rig & accommod	e: 800'X610'	rs, including reclamation, have made Mazer Rackham 20 Februs. We also plan to constructed plats.	ve been completed and t	he operator has detennined that the site ed drill pad to the pad.	
	true and correct. Name (Printed/Typed)	Regulatory Compli	ance Manager		
TERRI STATHEM / Ph: (713) 296-	2113 	Title	ance Manager		
Signature (Electronic Submission	on)	Date	11/30/20	023	
	THE SPACE FOR FED	ERAL OR STATE O	FICE USE		
Approved by					
CODY LAYTON / Ph: (575) 234-59	959 / Approved	Assistant Field	d Manager Lands & l I	12/13/2023 Date	
	hed. Approval of this notice does not warran equitable title to those rights in the subject leaduct operations thereon.		1		

Title 18 U.S.C Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(Instructions on page 2)

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations and reports of such operations when completed as indicated on Federal and Indian lands pursuant to applicable Federal law and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local area or regional procedures and practices, are either shown below, will be issued by or may be obtained from the local Federal office.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Item 4 - Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult the local Federal office for specific instructions.

Item 13: Proposals to abandon a well and subsequent reports of abandonment should include such special information as is required by the local Federal office. In addition, such proposals and reports should include reasons for the abandonment; data on any former or present productive zones or other zones with present significant fluid contents not sealed off by cement or otherwise; depths (top and bottom) and method of placement of cement plugs; mud or other material placed below, between and above plugs; amount, size, method of parting of any casing, liner or tubing pulled and the depth to the top of any tubing left in the hole; method of closing top of well and date well site conditioned for final inspection looking for approval of the abandonment. If the proposal will involve **hydraulic fracturing operations**, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

NOTICES

The privacy Act of 1974 and the regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 351 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160.

PRINCIPAL PURPOSE: The information is used to: (1) Evaluate, when appropriate, approve applications, and report completion of subsequent well operations, on a Federal or Indian lease; and (2) document for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource lands and resources, such as: (a) evaluating the equipment and procedures to be used during a proposed subsequent well operation and reviewing the completed well operations for compliance with the approved plan; (b) requesting and granting approval to perform those actions covered by 43 CFR 3162.3-2, 3162.3-3, and 3162.3-4; (c) reporting the beginning or resumption of production, as required by 43 CFR 3162.4-1(c)and (d) analyzing future applications to drill or modify operations in light of data obtained and methods used.

ROUTINE USES: Information from the record and/or the record will be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecutions in connection with congressional inquiries or to consumer reporting agencies to facilitate collection of debts owed the Government.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING THE INFORMATION: Filing of this notice and report and disclosure of the information is mandatory for those subsequent well operations specified in 43 CFR 3162.3-2, 3162.3-3, 3162.3-4.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM collects this information to evaluate proposed and/or completed subsequent well operations on Federal or Indian oil and gas leases.

Response to this request is mandatory.

The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Collection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C St., N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240

(Form 3160-5, page 2)

Additional Information

Batch Well Data

MAZER RACKHAM 20 WA FED COM 9H, US Well Number: 3001553406, Case Number: NMNM138836, Lease Number: NMNM138836, Operator: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC

MAZER RACKHAM 20 WA FED COM 14H, US Well Number: 3001553407, Case Number: NMNM138836, Lease Number: NMNM138836, Operator: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC

MAZER RACKHAM 20 WB FED COM 13H, US Well Number: 3001553408, Case Number: NMNM138836, Lease Number: NMNM138836, Operator: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC

Blue Ridge WC FED COM 702H, US Well Number: 3001553409, Case Number: NMNM138836, Lease Number: NMNM138836, Operator: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC

BLUE RIDGE WC Fed Com 701H, US Well Number: null, Case Number: NMNM138836, Lease Number: NMNM138836, Operator: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC

BLUE RIDGE BS FED COM 501H, US Well Number: null, Case Number: NMNM138836, Lease Number: NMNM138836, Operator: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC



U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT



Well Name	Well Number	US Well Number	Lease Number	Case Number	Operator
BLUE RIDGE WC	701H		NMNM138836	NMNM138836	MARATHON OIL
MAZER	9H	3001553406	NMNM138836	NMNM138836	MARATHON OIL
BLUE RIDGE BS	501H		NMNM138836	NMNM138836	MARATHON OIL
MAZER	13H	3001553408	NMNM138836	NMNM138836	MARATHON OIL
Blue Ridge WC	702H	3001553409	NMNM138836	NMNM138836	MARATHON OIL
MAZER	14H	3001553407	NMNM138836	NMNM138836	MARATHON OIL

Notice of Intent

Sundry ID: 2753371

Type of Submission: Notice of Intent

Type of Action: Surface Disturbance

Date Sundry Submitted: 09/26/2023 Time Sundry Submitted: 02:44

Date proposed operation will begin: 10/31/2023

Procedure Description: Marathon Oil Permian LLC respectfully requests approval to expand the Mazer Rackham 20 Fed/Blue Ridge 20-17 Fed drill pad to accommodate a larger rig & additional space needed for completion ops. We also plan to construct two new roads to the pad. Proposed Well Pad expansion: 80' East and 40' North, please see attached plats. Proposed New Road: 527.74', 30' width Approved/original well pad size: 800'X610' Proposed well pad size: 840' X 690' Please see attached plats: previously approved well pad, proposed well pad, side by side comparison of the two pads and proposed new road.

Surface Disturbance

Is any additional surface disturbance proposed?: Yes

Proposed Disturbance(acres): 14.4 Interim Reclamation (acres): 4.02 Long Term Disturbance

(acres): 10.38

Surface Disturbance:

NOI Attachments

Surface Disturbance

BLue Ridge Fed Well pad proposed vs approved 20231130165743.pdf

BLUE RIDGE FED Well_pad Expansion plat 20231130165705.pdf

Blue_Ridge_New_Road_Plat_20230926144419.pdf

Released to Imaging: 12/18/2023 7-Wall-pad APD_approved_20230926144354.pdf

Conditions of Approval

Specialist Review

Master_Surface_Use_COAs_Mazer_Rackham_2H_9H_13H_14H_wells_20231211191837.pdf

Master Surface Use COAs Blue Ridge 20 17 WA Fed Com 1H 2H wells 20231211191615.pdf

Operator

I certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction. Electronic submission of Sundry Notices through this system satisfies regulations requiring a

Operator Electronic Signature: TERRI STATHEM	Signed on: NOV 30, 2023 04:57 PM
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Name: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC Title: Regulatory Compliance Manager

Street Address: 990 TOWN & COUNTRY BLVD

City: HOUSTON State: TX

Phone: (713) 296-2113

Email address: TSTATHEM@MARATHONOIL.COM

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Representative Name:

Street Address:

State: Zip: City:

Phone:

Email address:

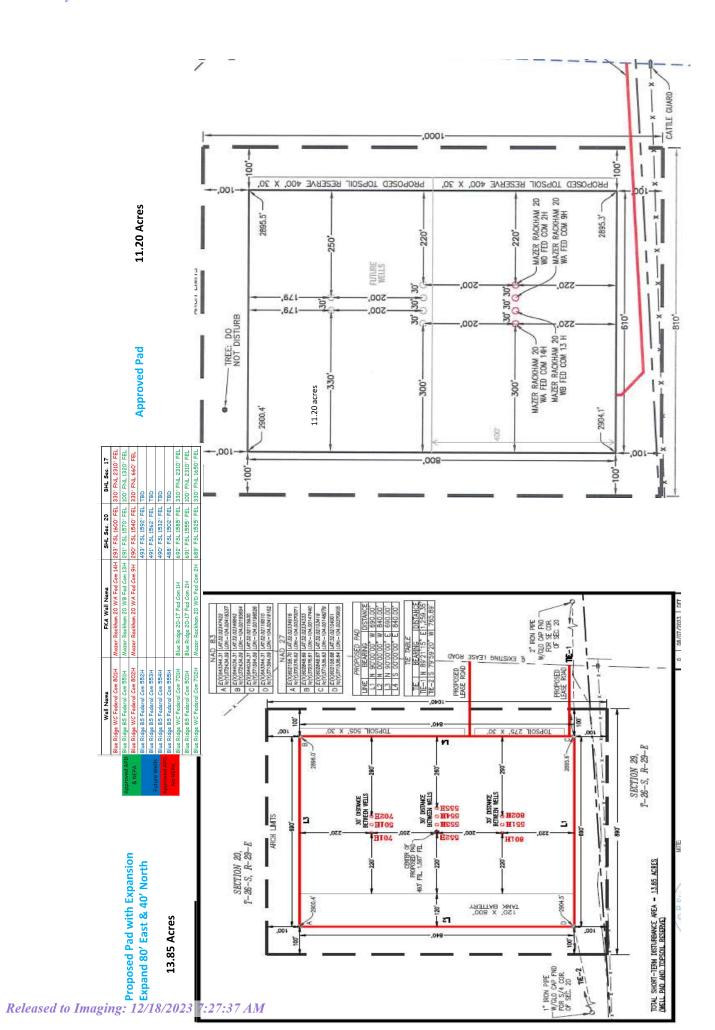
BLM Point of Contact

Signature: Cody R. Layton

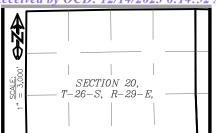
BLM POC Name: CODY LAYTON BLM POC Title: Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals

BLM POC Phone: 5752345959 BLM POC Email Address: clayton@blm.gov

Disposition: Approved **Disposition Date: 12/13/2023**



200



Well Name

WELL PAD LOCATION PLAT

BLUE RIDGE FEDERAL COM SEC. 20 TWP. 26-S RGE. 29-E SURVEY: N.M.P.M.

COUNTY: EDDY OPERATOR: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC

BHL Sec 17



MAP: RED BLUFF, N.M. 100' SCALE: 1" = 200°

8

8

505,

TOPSOIL

7

100

2896.0

290

260

100

Blue Ridge WC Federal Com 801H Mazer Rackham 20 WA Fed Com 14H 293' FSL 1600' FEL 330' FNL 2310' FEL Blue Ridge BS Federal Com 551H Mazer Rackham 20 WB Fed Com 13H 291' FSL 1570' FEL 100' FNL 1320' FEL Mazer Rackham 20 WA Fed Com 9H Blue Ridge WC Federal Com 802H 290' FSL 1540' FEL | 330' FNL 660' FEL Blue Ridge BS Federal Com 552H 493' FSL 1592' FEL TBD Blue Ridge B5 Federal Com 553H 491' FSL 1562' FEL TBD Blue Ridge BS Federal Com 554H 490' FSL 1532' FEL TBD Blue Ridge B5 Federal Com 555H 488' FSL 1502' FEL TBD 692' FSL 1585' FEL 330' FNL 2310' FEL Blue Ridge WC Federal Com 701H Blue Ridge 20-17 Fed Com 1H Blue Ridge B5 Federal Com 501H Blue Ridge 20-17 Fed Com 2H 691' F5L 1555' FEL 100' FNL 2310' FEL Blue Ridge WC Federal Com 702H Mazer Rackham 20 WD Fed Com 2H 689' F5L 1525' FEL 330' FNL 1650' FEL

-2900.4

100'

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2

2904.5

P. SHOP

FKA Well Name

SECTION 20. T-26-S. R-29-EARCH LIMITS 8

690

L3

30' DISTANCE

BETWEEN WELLS

30' DISTANCE BETWEEN WELLS

SHL Sec 20

220'

CENTER OF PROPOSED PAD

220'

493' FSL, 1,587' FEL

NAD 27 E:(X)602158.70 LAT:32.02334916 N:(Y)372376.62 LON:-104.00370071 F-(X)602848 69 LAT-32 02334333 N:(Y)372376.61 LON:-104.00147440 E:(X)602848.67 LAT:32.02103419 N:(Y)371536.63 LON:-104.00148279 E:(X)602158.68 LAT:32.02104001 N:(Y)371536.64 LON:-104.00370905

E:(X)644034.31 LAT:32.02346842 N:(Y)372434.09 LON:-104.00195694

N:(Y)371594.09 LON:-104.00196526

E:(X)644034.31 LAT:32.02115930

E:(X)643344.31 LAT:32.02116510

PROPOSED PAD BEARING N 90°00'00" W 690.00' N 90°00'00" S 00°00'00" E 690.00 E 840.00

TIE TABLE TIE BEARING TIF-1 N 89°21'15" DISTANCE E 1,259.35 79°59'20" W

2" IRON PIPE

FOR SE COR.

TIE-1

٥

RFV.

PROPOSED

LEASE ROAD

OF SEC. 20

ROAD **PROPOSED** LEASE ROAD LEASE 30' DISTANCE EXISTING 30 BETWEEN WELLS 290' 220 × 275 لى POPSOIL W/GLO CAP FND 1" IRON PIPE

L1

890'

FOR S/4 COR. OF SEC. 20 100

W/GLO CAP FND

TOTAL SHORT-TERM DISTURBANCE AREA = 13.85 ACRES (WELL PAD AND TOPSOIL RESERVE)

<u>\$</u>

THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY, APPARENT PROPERTY CORNERS AND PROPERTY LINES ARE SHOWN FOR INFORMATION ONLY. BOUNDARY DATA SHOWN IS FROM STATE OF NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION FORM C-102 INCLUDED IN THIS SUBMITTAL.

2895.6

LLYOD P. SHORT, NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 21653, DO HEREBY CERTIFY I, LLYOU P. SHURT, NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 21633, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS EASEMENT SURVEY PLAT AND THE ACTUAL SURVEY ON THE GROUND UPON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE PERFORMED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION; THAT I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS SURVEY; THAT THIS SURVEY MEETS THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR SURVEYING IN NEW MEXICO; AND THAT IT IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. I FUTHER CERTIFY THAT THIS SURVEY IS NOT A LAND DIVISION OR SUBDIVISION AS DEFINED IN THE NEW MEXICO SUBDIVISION ACT AND THAT THIS INSTRUMENT IS AN EASEMENT SURVEY PLAT CROSSING AN EXISTING TRACT OR TRACTS. SHEET 2 OF 5

08/07/2023

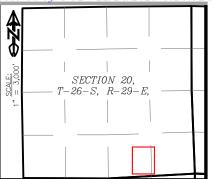
DATE

DEF

BY

PREPARED BY: DELTA FIELD SERVICES, LLC 510 TRENTON ST. WEST MONROE, IA 71291 316-323-6900 OFFICE JOB No. MRO_0006_BR

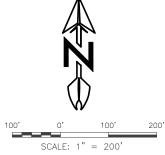
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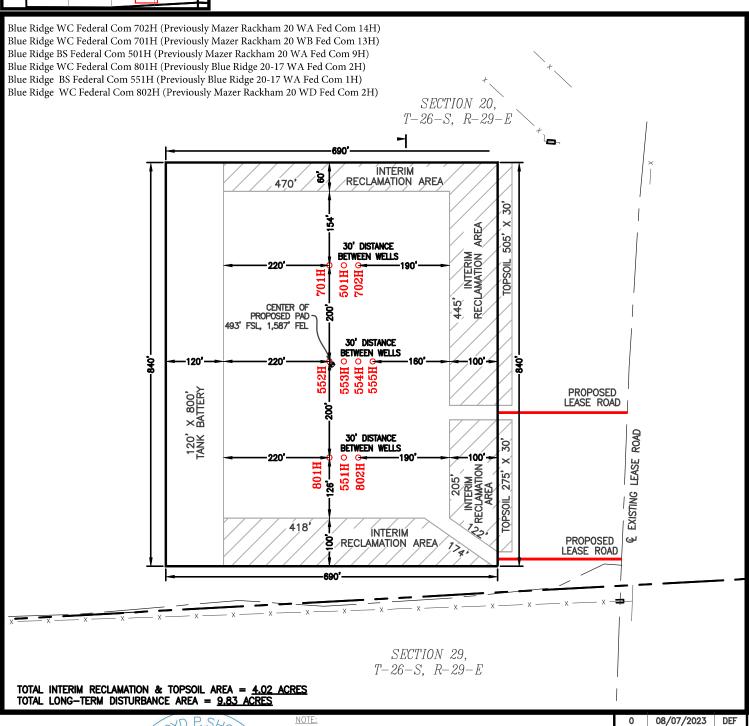


WELL PAD LOCATION PLAT

BLUE RIDGE FEDERAL COM SEC. 20 TWP. 26-S RGE. 29-E SURVEY: N.M.P.M. COUNTY: EDDY

OPERATOR: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC U.S.G.S. TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: RED BLUFF, N.M.





SEPTEMBER 22, 2023

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LLYOD P. SHORT, NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 21653, DO HEREBY CERTIFY I, LLYOU P. SHURT, NEW MEXICO PROFESSIONAL SURVEYOR NO. 21603, DU FIEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS EASEMENT SURVEY PLAT AND THE ACTUAL SURVEY ON THE GROUND UPON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE PERFORMED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION; THAT I AM RESPONSIBLE FOR THIS SURVEY; THAT THIS SURVEY MEETS THE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR SURVEYING IN NEW MEXICO; AND THAT IT IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF. I FUTHER CERTIFY THAT THIS SURVEY IS NOT A LAND DIVISION OR SUBDIVISION AS DEFINED IN THE NEW MEXICO SUBDIVISION ACT AND THAT THIS INSTRUMENT IS AN EASEMENT SURVEY PLAT CROSSING AN EXISTING TRACT OR TRACTS. SHEET 3 OF 5

DATE

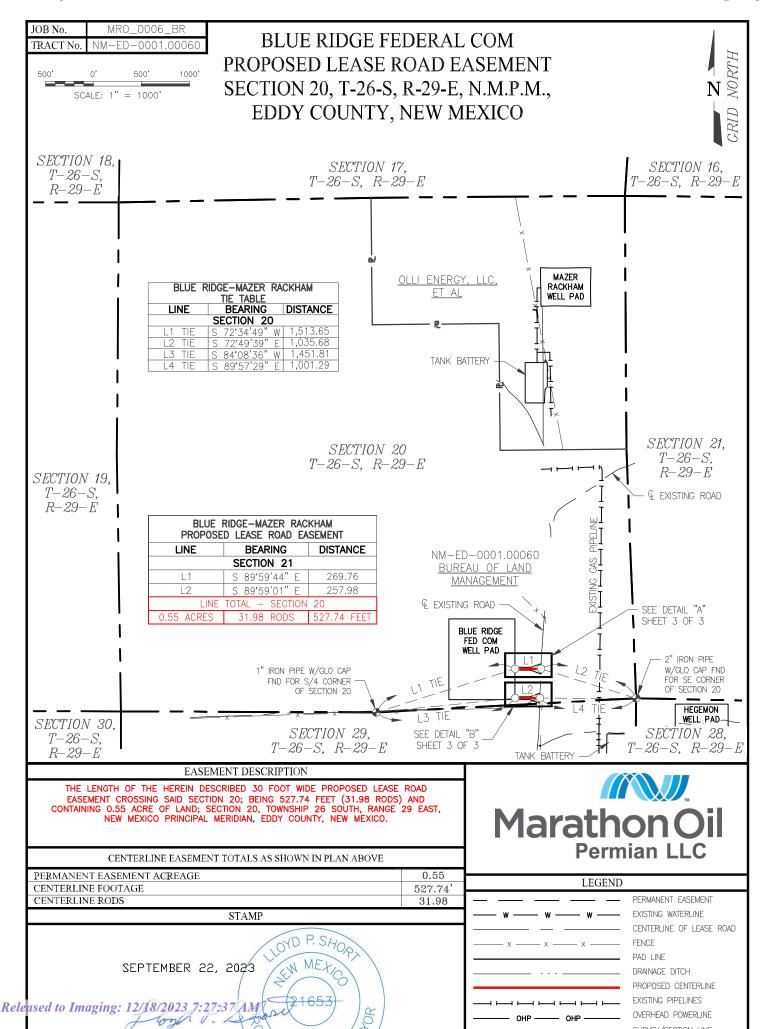
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REV.

DELTA FIELD SERVICES, LLC 510 TRENTON ST. WEST MONROE, LA 71291 316-323-6900 OFFICE JOB No. MRO_0006_BR

DEF

BY



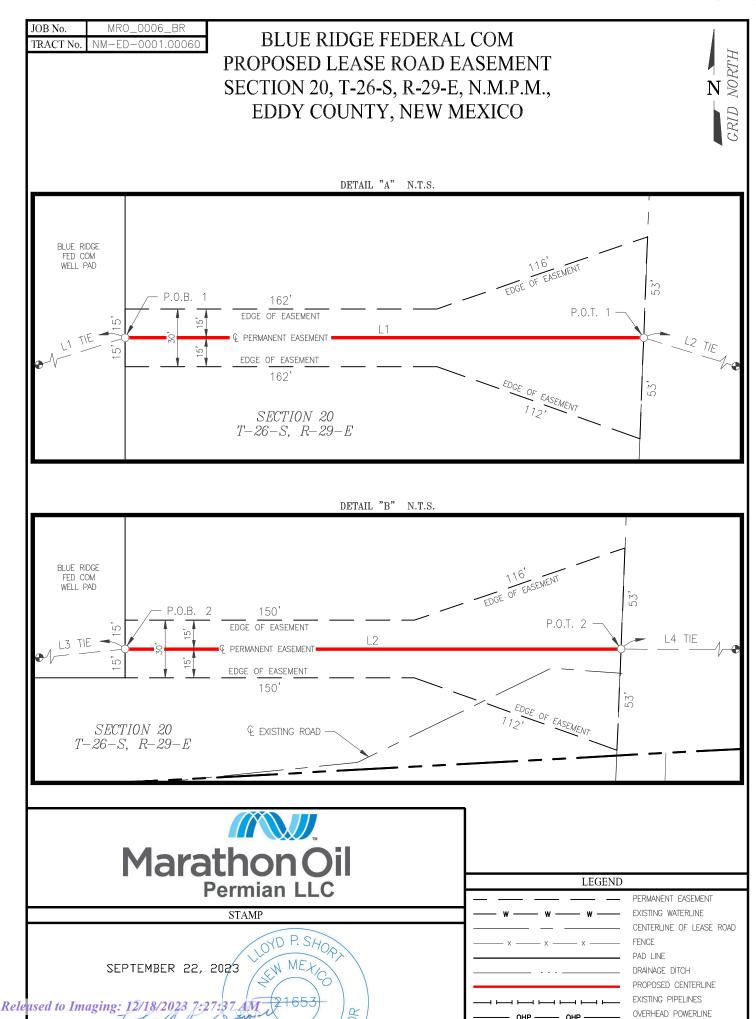


EXHIBIT "A"

NM-ED-0001.00060 EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO BLUE RIDGE FEDERAL COM PROPOSED LEASE ROAD EASEMENT MARATHON OIL PERMIAN, LLC

SHEET 1 OF 3

FIELD NOTES DESCRIBING

The centerline of a 30 foot wide proposed lease road easement, being 0.55 acre of land. Said easement being located in Section 20, Township 26 South, Range 29 East, New Mexico Principal Meridian, Eddy County, New Mexico.

Being more particularly described as lying 15 feet on each side of the following described centerline, unless otherwise shown see sheet 3 of 3):

BEGINNING at POINT OF BEGINNING 1, from which a 1 inch iron pipe with GLO cap found for the South quarter corner of said Section 20 bears S 72°34'49" W a distance of 1,513.65 feet.

THENCE crossing said Section 20 the following course and distance:

S 89°59'44" E a distance of 269.76 feet to the *POINT OF TERMINATION 1*, from which a 2 inch iron pipe with GLO cap found for the Southeast corner of said Section 20 bears S 72°49'39" E a distance of 1,035.68 feet.

AND

BEGINNING at POINT OF BEGINNING 2, from which a 1 inch iron pipe with GLO cap found for the South quarter corner of said Section 20 bears S 84°08'36" W a distance of 1,451.81 feet.

THENCE crossing said Section 20 the following course and distance:

S 89°59'01" E a distance of 257.98 feet to the *POINT OF TERMINATION 2*, from which a 2 inch iron pipe with GLO cap found for the Southeast corner of said Section 20 bears S 89°57'29" E a distance of 1,001.29 feet.

The total length of the herein described permanent easement in said Section 20 being 527.74 feet (31.98 rods), containing 0.55 acre of land.

The edges of the proposed easement are parallel with the centerline of the easement until reaching the boundaries of the subject tract of land, unless otherwise shown.

All bearings and coordinates refer to NAD 83, New Mexico State Plane Coordinate System, East Zone, U.S. Survey Feet. (All bearings, distances, coordinates and areas are grid measurements utilizing a combined scale factor of 0.99992127 and a convergence angle of 0.17649900°.)

Title information furnished by Marathon Oil Permian, LLC.

Reference accompanying Certificate of Survey prepared in conjunction with this legal description for easement.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO COUNTY OF EDDY

I, Lloyd P. Short, New Mexico Professional Surveyor No. 21653, do hereby certify that this easement survey plat and the actual survey on the ground upon which it is based were performed by Released to Imaging in New Mexico; and that it is true and correct to the best of my

PROPOSED WELL PAD ARCH SURVEY LIMITS PROPOSED LEASE ROAD EXISTING LEASE ROAD — — — — PROPERTY LINE -— P_ -

WATER LINE -

SECTION 20, T-26-S. R-29-E

SECTION LINE -

WELL LOCATION PLAT

MAZER RACKHAM 20 FED COM SEC. 20 TWP. 26-S RGE. 29-E SURVEY: N.M.P.M. COUNTY: EDDY

OPERATOR: MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC U.S.G.S. TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: RED BLUFF, N.M.



MAZER RACKHAM 20 WA FED COM 14H MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC 293' FSL 1600' FEL, SECTION 20 293' FSL 1600' FEL, SECTION 20 NAD 83, SPCS NM EAST X: 643684.26' / Y: 371814.01' LAT: 32.02176681N / LON: -104.00309256W NAD 27, SPCS NM EAST X: 602498.63' / Y: 371756.55' LAT: 32.02164171N / LON: -104.00261003W ELEVATION = 2901'

— w —

MAZER RACKHAM 20 WB FED COM 13H MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC ' FSL 1570' FEL, SECTION 20 NAD 83, SPCS NM EAST X: 643714.36' / Y: 371814.01' LAT: 32.02176656N / LON: -104.00299542W NAD 27, SPCS NM EAST X: 602528.73' / Y: 371756.55' LAT: 32.2164146N / LON: -104.00251290W

ELEVATION = 2901'

ARCH LIMITS

X: 643744.37' / Y: 371814.17'

LAT: 32.02176673N / LON: -104.00289859W

NAD 27, SPCS NM EAST

X: 602558.74' / Y: 371756.71'

LAT: 32.02164163N / LON: -104.00241607W ELEVATION = 2901'

ELEVATION = 2901

MAZER RACKHAM 20 WD FED COM 2H
MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC

288' FSL 1510' FEL, SECTION 20
NAD 83, SPCS NM EAST
X:643774.37' / Y:371814.06'

NAT:32.02176619N / LON:-104.00280178W
NAD 27, SPCS NM EAST
X:602588.74' / Y:371756.60'

LAT:32.02164109N / LON:-104.00231927W
FI FVATION = 2901'

MAZER RACKHAM 20 WA FED COM 9H MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC 290' FSL 1540' FEL, SECTION 20 NAD 83, SPCS NM EAST

ELEVATION = 2901

TREE: DO NOT DISTURB 100 2900.4 2895.5 330 250 FUTURE WELLS 200, PROPOSED 30, 30, 30, 300' 220' 800, 30, 400, ROAD 30' 30' 30' 300 220' EXISTING LEASE MAZER RACKHAM 20 MAZER RACKHAM 20 TOPSOIL WA FED COM 14H WD FED COM 2H MAZER RACKHAM 20 MAZER RACKHAM 20 WB FED COM 13 H WA FED COM 9H PROPOSED C PROPOSED LEASE ROAD = 2904.1 2895.3' 802.91 FEET (48.66 RODS) 610 SECTION 29, CATTLE GUARD T-26-S, R-29-E 810 05/02/19 ANC

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100

SCALE: 1" = 200' Released to Imaging: 12/18/2023 7:27:37 AM



SHEET 5 OF 6

DATE

BY

REV.

PREPARED BY: R-SQUARED GLOBAL, LLC 1309 LOUISVILLE AVENUE, MONROE, LA 71201 318-323-6900 OFFICE JOB No. R3893_021

PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: Marathon Oil Permian LLC. LEASE NO.: NMNM138836 LOCATION: Section 20, T.26 S., R.29 E., NMPM COUNTY: Eddy County, New Mexico

Mazer Rackham 20 Fed Com WA 14H

Surface Hole Location: 293' FSL & 1600' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S., R. 29 E. Bottom Hole Location: 330' FNL & 1649' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S, R 29 E.

Mazer Rackham 20 Fed Com WB 13H

Surface Hole Location: 291' FSL & 1570' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S., R. 29 E. Bottom Hole Location: 330' FNL & 2022' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S, R 29 E.

Mazer Rackham 20 Fed Com WA 9H

Surface Hole Location: 290' FSL & 1540' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S., R. 29 E. Bottom Hole Location: 330' FNL & 1649' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S, R 29 E.

Mazer Rackham 20 Fed Com WD 2H

Surface Hole Location: 288 FSL & 1510' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S., R. 29 E. Bottom Hole Location: 330' FNL & 330' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S, R 29 E

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

	General Provisions
	Permit Expiration
	Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
	Noxious Weeds
\times	Special Requirements
	Texas Hornshell
	Cave/Karst
	Hydrology
	Construction
	Notification
	Topsoil
	Closed Loop System
	Federal Mineral Material Pits
	Well Pads
	Roads

☐ Road Section Diagram ☐ Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
Surface Pipelines
Buried Pipelines
Electric Lines
☐ Interim Reclamation
Final Abandonment & Reclamation

GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

I. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

II. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

III. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

IV. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Wildlife:

Oil and Gas Zone D - CCA Boundary requirements.

- Implement erosion control measures in accordance with the Reasonable and Prudent Practices for Stabilization ("RAPPS")
- Comply with SPCC requirements in accordance with 40 CFR Part 112;
- Comply with the United States Army Corp of Engineers (USACE) Nationwide 12 General Permit, where applicable;
- Utilize technologies (like underground borings for pipelines), where feasible;
- Educate personnel, agents, contractors, and subcontractors about the requirements of conservation measures, COAs, Stips and provide direction in accordance with the Permit.

Texas Hornshell

Oil and Gas Zone D - CCA Boundary requirements.

- Implement erosion control measures in accordance with the Reasonable and Prudent Practices for Stabilization ("RAPPS")
- Comply with SPCC requirements in accordance with 40 CFR Part 112;
- Comply with the United States Army Corp of Engineers (USACE) Nationwide 12 General Permit, where applicable;
- Utilize technologies (like underground borings for pipelines), where feasible;
- Educate personnel, agents, contractors, and subcontractors about the requirements of conservation measures, COAs, Stips and provide direction in accordance with the Permit.

Hydrology:

The entire well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The berm shall be maintained through the life of the well and after interim reclamation has been completed.

Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion.

Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production:

Construction:

General Construction:

- No blasting
- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, cave passages, or voids are penetrated during construction, and no additional construction shall occur until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- All linear surface disturbance activities will avoid sinkholes and other karst features to lessen the possibility of encountering near surface voids during construction, minimize changes to runoff, and prevent untimely leaks and spills from entering the karst drainage system.
- All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

Pad Construction:

- The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche

 no blasting.
- The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g., caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised (i.e. an access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height).
- Following a rain event, all fluids will vacuumed off of the pad and hauled offsite and disposed at a proper disposal facility.

Tank Battery Construction:

- The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche

 no blasting.
- All tank battery locations and facilities will be lined and bermed.

- The liner should be at least 20 mil in thickness and installed with a 4 oz. felt backing, or equivalent, to prevent tears or punctures.
- Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.

Road Construction:

- Turnout ditches and drainage leadoffs will not be constructed in such a manner as to alter the natural flow of water into or out of cave or karst features.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required if subsurface features are discovered during construction.

Leak Detection System:

- A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present.
- A leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM that incorporates an automatic shut off system (see below) to minimize the effects of an undesirable event that could negatively sensitive cave/karst resources.
- Well heads, pipelines (surface and buried), storage tanks, and all supporting
 equipment should be monitored regularly after installation to promptly identify
 and fix leaks.

Automatic Shut-off Systems:

• Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and groundwater concerns:

Closed Loop System:

- A closed loop system using steel tanks will be utilized during drilling no pits
- All fluids and cuttings will be hauled off-site and disposed of properly at an authorized site

Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:

• Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Directional Drilling:

• The kick off point for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Lost Circulation:

- ALL lost circulation zones between surface and the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.
- If a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cave-bearing zone, regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

Abandonment Cementing:

- Additional plugging conditions of approval may be required upon well abandonment in high and medium karst potential occurrence zones.
- The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

Pressure Testing:

- The operator will perform annual pressure monitoring on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice.
- If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

V. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

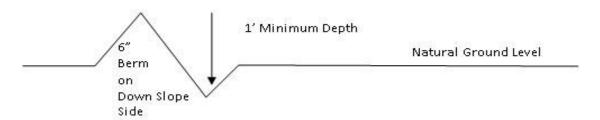
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200'$$
 lead-off ditch interval

Cattle guards

An appropriately sized cattle guard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattle guards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattle guards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

- Salvage topsoil
 Construct road
- Redistribute topsoil
 Revegetate slopes
- center line of roadway shoulder turnout 10' transition 100 full turnout width Intervisible turnouts shall be constructed on all single lane roads on all blind curves with additional tunouts as needed to keep spacing below 1000 feet. **Typical Turnout Plan** crown natural ground **Level Ground Section** crown earth surface .03 - .05 ft/ft aggregate surface .02 - .04 ft/ft paved surface .02 - .03 ft/ft Depth measured from the bottom of the ditch

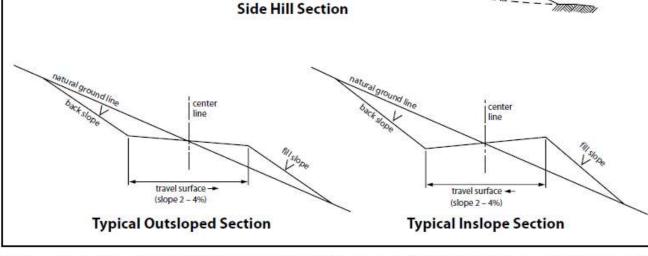


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VI. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

VII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

VIII. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 1 for Loamy Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed shall be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed shall be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture shall be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed shall be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre shall be doubled. The seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

<u>Species</u>

	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains lovegrass (Eragrostis intermedia)	0.5
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula)	5.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

PECOS DISTRICT SURFACE USE CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Marathon Oil Permian LLC
OI EIGHTORE	Maratron Oil 1 Cimian EEO
I EACE NO :	NMNM138836
LEASE NO	
OOLINTY.	Eddy Osysty Navida
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

Wells:

Blue Ridge 20-17 WA Fed Com 1H - (formerly, Mazer Rackham 20 Fed Com WA 9H)

Surface Hole Location: 290 FSL & 1540' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S., R. 29 E. Bottom Hole Location: 330' FNL & 1650' FEL, Section 17, T. 26 S., R. 29 E.

Blue Ridge 20-17 WA Fed Com 2H – (formerly Mazer Rackham 20 Fed Com WB 13H)

Surface Hole Location: 291' FSL & 1570' FEL, Section 20, T. 26 S., R. 29 E. Bottom Hole Location: 330' FNL & 2310' FEL, Section 17, T. 26 S., R. 29 E.

Application for Permit to Drill, Well Pad, Access Road, On-location Production Facilities

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

☐ General Provisions
□Permit Expiration
☐ Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites
□Noxious Weeds
⊠Special Requirements
Watershed
Cave/Karst
Range
Texas Hornshell Mussel
□ Construction
Notification
Topsoil
Closed Loop System
Federal Mineral Material Pits
Well Pads
Roads
□Road Section Diagram
⊠Production (Post Drilling)
Well Structures & Facilities
□Interim Reclamation
☐Final Abandonment & Reclamation

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

OR

If the entire project is covered under the Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement (cultural resources only):

The proponent has contributed funds commensurate to the undertaking into an account for offsite mitigation. Participation in the PA serves as mitigation for the effects of this project on cultural resources. If any human skeletal remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony are discovered at any time during construction, all construction activities shall halt and the BLM will be notified as soon as possible within 24 hours. Work shall not resume until a Notice to Proceed is issued by the BLM. See Stipulation 6 for more information.

If the proposed project is split between a Class III inventory and a Permian Basin Programmatic Agreement contribution, the portion of the project covered under Class III inventory should default to the first paragraph stipulations.

The holder is hereby obligated to comply with procedures established in the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) to protect such cultural items as human remains, associated funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony discovered inadvertently during the course of project implementation. In the event that any of the cultural items listed above are discovered during the course of project work, the proponent shall immediately halt the disturbance and contact the BLM within 24 hours for instructions. The proponent or initiator of any project shall be held responsible for protecting, evaluating, reporting, excavating, treating, and disposing of these cultural items according to the procedures established by the BLM in consultation with Indian Tribes."

Any paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or

any person working on the holder's behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the Authorized Officer. The holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the Authorized Officer to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to the proper mitigation measures will be made by the Authorized Officer after consulting with the holder.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Watershed:

The entire well pad(s) will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad. The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches with impermeable mineral material (e.g. caliche). Topsoil shall not be used to construct the berm. No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad. The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed. Any water erosion that may occur due to the construction of the well pad during the life of the well will be quickly corrected and proper measures will be taken to prevent future erosion. Stockpiling of topsoil is required. The topsoil shall be stockpiled in an appropriate location to prevent loss of soil due to water or wind erosion and not used for berming or erosion control. If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.

TANK BATTERY:

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank or 24 hour production, whichever is greater. Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst:

Construction Mitigation

In order to mitigate the impacts from construction activities on cave and karst resources, the following Conditions of Approval will apply to this APD or project:

General Construction:

- No blasting
- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, cave passages, or voids are penetrated during construction, and no additional construction shall occur until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- All linear surface disturbance activities will avoid sinkholes and other karst features to lessen the possibility of encountering near surface voids during construction, minimize changes to runoff, and prevent untimely leaks and spills from entering the karst drainage system.

 All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

Pad Construction:

- The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche no blasting.
- The entire perimeter of the well pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the well pad.
- The compacted berm shall be constructed at a minimum of 12 inches high with impermeable mineral material (e.g., caliche).
- No water flow from the uphill side(s) of the pad shall be allowed to enter the well pad.
- The topsoil stockpile shall be located outside the bermed well pad.
- Topsoil, either from the well pad or surrounding area, shall not be used to construct the berm.
- No storm drains, tubing or openings shall be placed in the berm.
- If fluid collects within the bermed area, the fluid must be vacuumed into a safe container and disposed of properly at a state approved facility.
- The integrity of the berm shall be maintained around the surfaced pad throughout the life of the well and around the downsized pad after interim reclamation has been completed.
- Any access road entering the well pad shall be constructed so that the integrity of the berm height surrounding the well pad is not compromised (i.e. an access road crossing the berm cannot be lower than the berm height).
- Following a rain event, all fluids will vacuumed off of the pad and hauled off-site and disposed at a proper disposal facility.

Road Construction:

- Turnout ditches and drainage leadoffs will not be constructed in such a manner as to alter the natural flow of water into or out of cave or karst features.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required if subsurface features are discovered during construction.

Drilling Mitigation

Federal regulations and standard Conditions of Approval applied to all APDs require that adequate measures are taken to prevent contamination to the environment. Due to the extreme sensitivity of the cave and karst resources in this project area, the following additional Conditions of Approval will be added to this APD.

To prevent cave and karst resource contamination the following will be required:

- Closed loop system using steel tanks all fluids and cuttings will be hauled off-site and disposed of properly at an authorized site
- Rotary drilling with fresh water where cave or karst features are expected to prevent contamination of freshwater aquifers.
- Directional drilling is only allowed at depths greater than 100 feet below the cave occurrence zone to prevent additional impacts resulting from directional drilling.
- Lost circulation zones will be logged and reported in the drilling report so BLM can assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions.
- Additional drilling, casing, and cementing procedures to protect cave zones and fresh water aquifers. See drilling COAs.

Production Mitigation

In order to mitigate the impacts from production activities and due to the nature of karst terrane, the following Conditions of Approval will apply to this APD:

- Tank battery locations and facilities will be bermed and lined with a 20 mil thick permanent liner that has a 4 oz. felt backing, or equivalent, to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.
- Development and implementation of a leak detection system to provide an early alert to operators when a leak has occurred.
- Automatic shut off, check values, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Residual and Cumulative Mitigation

The operator will perform annual pressure monitoring on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be taken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

Plugging and Abandonment Mitigation

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

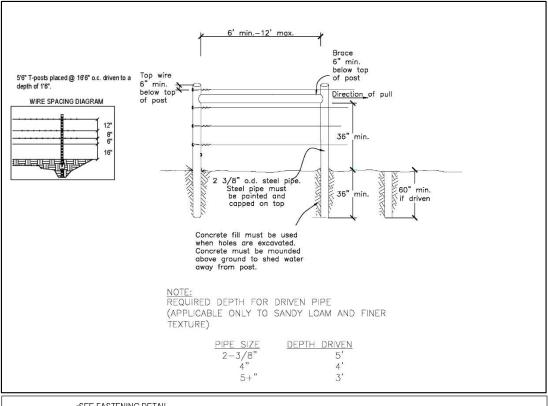
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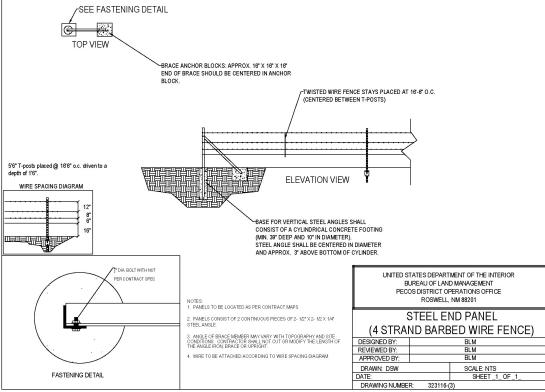
Cattleguards

Where a permanent cattleguard is approved, an appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s). Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations. A gate shall be constructed on one side of the cattleguard and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

Where entry granted across a fence line, the fence must be H-braced or angle iron braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. Once the work is completed, the fence will be restored to its prior condition, or better. The operator shall consult the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to cutting any fence(s).





Any damage to structures that provide water to livestock throughout the life of the well, caused by operations from the well site, must be immediately corrected by the operator. The operator must

notify the BLM office (575-234-5972) and the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder if any damage occurs to structures that provide water to livestock.

Texas Hornshell Mussel:

Oil and Gas and Associated Infrastructure Mitigation Measures for Zone D – CCA Boundary Requirements:

Oil and Gas Zone D - CCA Boundary requirements.

- Implement erosion control measures in accordance with the Reasonable and Prudent Practices for Stabilization ("RAPPS")
- Comply with SPCC requirements in accordance with 40 CFR Part 112:
- Comply with the United States Army Corp of Engineers (USACE) Nationwide 12 General Permit, where applicable;
- Utilize technologies (like underground borings for pipelines), where feasible;
- Educate personnel, agents, contractors, and subcontractors about the requirements of conservation measures, COAs, Stips and provide direction in accordance with the Permit.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

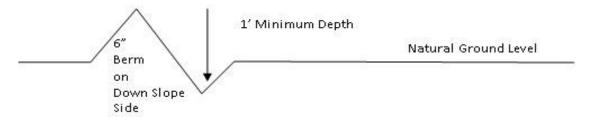
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:
$$\frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200'$$
 lead-off ditch interval

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Construction Steps

- 1. Salvage topsoil
- 3. Redistribute topsoil
- 2. Construct road 4. Revegetate slopes

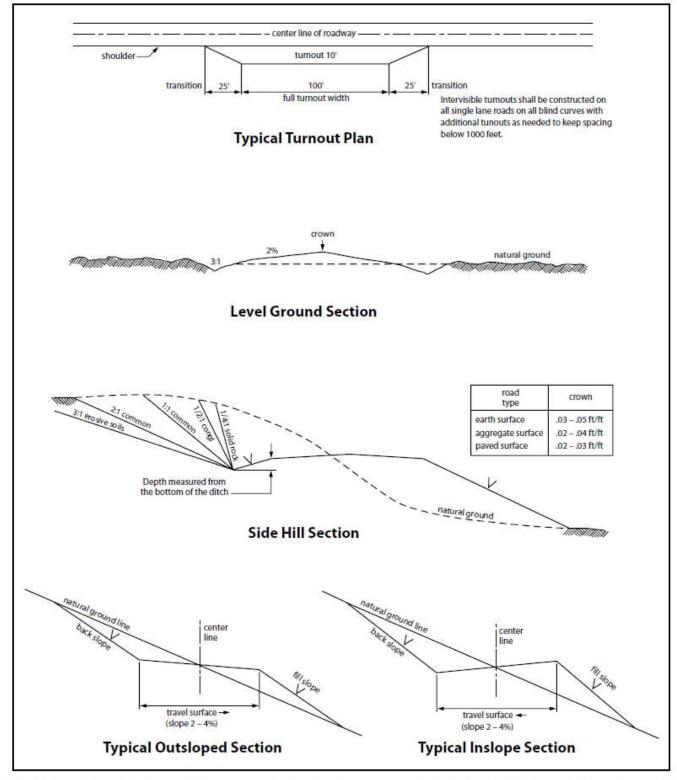


Figure 1. Cross-sections and plans for typical road sections representative of BLM resource or FS local and higher-class roads.

VII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, **Shale Green** from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

21. Special Stipulations:

Karst:

- The BLM, Carlsbad Field Office, will be informed immediately if any subsurface drainage channels, passages, or voids are intersected by trenching, and no pipe will be laid in the trench at that point until clearance has been issued by the Authorized Officer.
- If a void is encountered alignments may be rerouted to avoid the karst feature and lessen; the potential of subsidence or collapse of karst features, buildup of toxic or combustible gas, or other possible impacts to cave and karst resources from the buried pipeline.
- Special restoration stipulations or realignment may be required at such intersections, if any.
- A leak detection plan will be submitted to the BLM Carlsbad Field Office for approval
 prior to pipeline installation. The method could incorporate gauges to detect pressure
 drops, situating values and lines so they can be visually inspected periodically or
 installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. The leak detection plan will
 incorporate an automatic shut off system that will be installed for proposed pipelines to
 minimize the effects of an undesirable event.
- Regular monitoring is required to quickly identify leaks for their immediate and proper treatment.
- All spills or leaks will be reported to the BLM immediately for their immediate and proper treatment.

VIII. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

IX. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Seed Mixture 1 for Loamy Sites

Holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed shall be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed shall be either certified or registered seed. The seed container shall be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the Authorized Officer.

Seed shall be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture shall be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (small/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). Holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed shall be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre shall be doubled. The seeding shall be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the Authorized Officer. Evaluation of growth may not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species

	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains lovegrass (Eragrostis intermedia)	0.5
Sand dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0
Sideoats grama (Bouteloua curtipendula)	5.0
Plains bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0

^{*}Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed **x** percent purity **x** percent germination = pounds pure live seed

District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 District II

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone:(505) 476-3470 Fax:(505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. **Santa Fe, NM 87505**

CONDITIONS

Action 294524

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
MARATHON OIL PERMIAN LLC	372098
990 Town & Country Blvd.	Action Number:
Houston, TX 77024	294524
	Action Type:
	[C-103] NOI Change of Plans (C-103A)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
ward.rikala	Accepted for record only.	12/18/2023