Form 3160-3 (June 2015) UNITED STATES		FORM A OMB No. Expires: Jan	. 1004-0	137			
DEPARTMENT OF THE I	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT						
APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO D	6. If Indian, Allotee o	or Tribe	Name				
la. Type of work:	EENTER			7. If Unit or CA Agre	eement, l	Name and No.	
1b. Type of Well:     Oil Well     Gas Well     Ot       1c. Type of Completion:     Hydraulic Fracturing     Sin	8. Lease Name and W	Vell No.					
2. Name of Operator				9. API Well No. <b>30-025-5</b>	54089	)	
3a. Address	e)	10. Field and Pool, or					
<ul> <li>4. Location of Well (<i>Report location clearly and in accordance w</i> At surface At proposed prod. zone</li> </ul>		11. Sec., T. R. M. or I	Blk. and	Survey or Area			
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post offi			12. County or Parish		13. State		
<ul> <li>15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)</li> </ul>	17. Spacin	ng Unit dedicated to the	is well				
<ol> <li>Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft.</li> </ol>	Distance from proposed location* 19. Proposed Depth 20. F to nearest well, drilling, completed,						
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.)	22. Approxi	mate date work will	start*	23. Estimated duration			
	24. Attac	hments		1			
The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of (as applicable)	Onshore Oil	and Gas Order No.	l, and the H	Iydraulic Fracturing ru	le per 43	3 CFR 3162.3-3	
<ol> <li>Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.</li> <li>A Drilling Plan.</li> </ol>		Item 20 above).	-	s unless covered by an	existing	bond on file (see	
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest Syster SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office)		<ul><li>5. Operator certific</li><li>6. Such other site sp BLM.</li></ul>		mation and/or plans as r	may be r	equested by the	
25. Signature	Name	(Printed/Typed)		]	Date		
Title							
Approved by (Signature)	Name	(Printed/Typed)		]	Date		
Title							
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applican applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	t holds legal	or equitable title to the	nose rights	in the subject lease wh	ich wou	ld entitle the	
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, m of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements of					ny depar	tment or agency	
			TONG				



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(Continued on page 2)

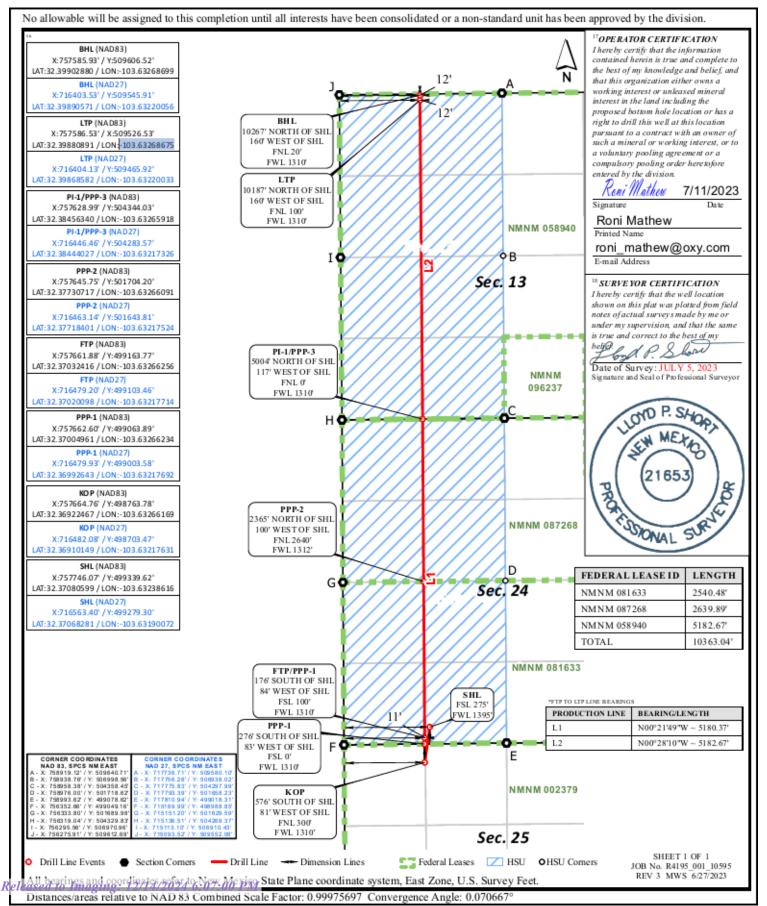
<u>C-10</u> Submit			Er	nergy, Mir OIL (			Revised July 9, 20			
	D Permitting							Submittal	Initial Su	bmittal
								Type:		l Report
									$\Box$ As Drille	d
					WELL LOCAT	TION INFORMATION				
API Nu	30-(	)25-54089				Pool Name RED TA	NK, BON	IE SPRI		
	y Code 3365	558				13 FED COM			Well Number	
OGRIE 1669			Operator N	ame OXY	USA INC.				Ground Lev 3759'	el Elevation
		tate □ Fee □	] Tribal 🗹 Fe	deral		Mineral Owner: 🗆	State □ Fee I	🗆 Tribal 🖊 I	1	
					Surf	ace Location				
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	L	ongitude	County
N	24	22S	32E		275 FSL	1395 FWL	32.3708		03.63238616	LEA
			020	1		Hole Location				
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	L	ongitude	County
D	1395 FW	22S	32E		20 FNL	1310 FWL	32.3990		03.63268699	LEA
-			022							
	ted Acres 640	Infill or Defi	ining Well	Defining	Well API	Overlapping Spacing	Overlapping Spacing Unit (Y/N) Consolidation Code			
						XX7 11	1.0			
Order I	Numbers.					Well setbacks are un	ider Common (	Jwnership: L	⊥Yes ∟No	
	· · · · · ·		-		Kick O	ff Point (KOP)				
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	L	ongitude	County
D	25	22S	32E		300 FNL	1310 FWL	32.3692	2467 -10	03.63266169	LEA
					First Ta	ike Point (FTP)				
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	L	ongitude	County
Μ	24	22S	32E		100 FSL	1310 FWL	32.3703	2416 -10	03.63266256	LEA
					Last Ta	ke Point (LTP)				
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	L	ongitude	County
D	13	22S	32E		100 FNL	1310 FWL	32.3988	0891 -1(	03.63268675	LEA
				1			·			L
Unitize	d Area or Are	a of Uniform	Interest	Spacing	Unit Type 🖬 Horiz	contal 🗆 Vertical	Grou	nd Floor Elev	vation:	
OPERA	ATOR CERTI	FICATIONS	_	_		SURVEYOR CERTIFI	CATIONS	_		
my know organiza includin location	pledge and belie ation either own g the proposed of pursuant to a c	f, and, if the well s a working inte bottom hole loca ontract with an	ll is a vertical of rest or unleased ution or has a ri owner of a worl	r directional w l mineral inter ght to drill thi king interest o	rest in the land is well at this r unleased mineral	I here by cert		on, and that the		
entered	by the division.		-		g order heretofore	notes of actu under my su	al surveysmade by me vervision, and that the prect to the best of my	or		
consent in each i	of at least one le tract (in the targ	essee or owner a	of a working inte ation) in which	erest or unleas any part of the	has received the sed mineral interest e well's completed the division.	Signature and	vey: JULY 5, 2023 Seal of Professional Sur	veyor		
K	oni III.	athew	12/3	3/2024		110	NO P. SHOP			
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R		= VV				Certificate Num	21653	\$ <u> </u>  —		
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#### Received by OCD: 12/3/2024 10:20:42 PM ACREAGE DEDICATION PLATS

This grid represents a standard section. You may superimpose a non-standard section, or larger area, over this grid. Operators must outline the dedicated acreage in a red box, clearly show the well surface location and bottom hole location, if it is directionally drilled, with the dimensions from the section lines in the cardinal directions. If this is a horizontal wellbore show on this plat the location of the First Take Point and Last Take Point, and the point within the Completed interval (other than the First Take Point or Last Take Point) that is closest to any outer boundary of the tract.

Surveyors shall use the latest United States government survey or dependent resurvey. Well locations will be in reference to the New Mexico Principal Meridian. If the land is not surveyed, contact the OCD Engineering Bureau. Independent subdivision surveys will not be acceptable.



## PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	OXY USA INCORPORATED
WELL NAME & NO.:	TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 22H
LOCATION:	Section 24, T.22 S., R.32 E.
COUNTY:	Lea County, New Mexico

## COA

H2S	• Yes	O No		
Potash	• None	© Secretary	© R-111-P	
Cave/Karst Potential	• Low	O Medium	O High	
Cave/Karst Potential	Critical			
Variance	O None	• Flex Hose	O Other	
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	O Both	
Wellhead Variance	O Diverter			
Other	□4 String	Capitan Reef	WIPP	
Other	□ Fluid Filled	🗆 Pilot Hole	□ Open Annulus	
Cementing	□ Contingency	□ EchoMeter	Primary Cement	
	Cement Squeeze		Squeeze	
Special Requirements	🗆 Water Disposal	COM	🗆 Unit	
Special Requirements	□ Batch Sundry			
Special Requirements	cial Requirements 🗹 Break Testing		Casing	
Variance		Cementing	Clearance	

## A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated AT SPUD. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

## **B.** CASING

Both A1 and A2 designs in Blanket Designs approved. Parameters of the pad within boundary conditions. Please contact BLM Engineering if 4 string design is needed and sundry as needed. Please review cement volumes to ensure tieback is achieved as required below( 25% excess required.)

## **Primary Casing Design:**

1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1085** feet (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.

BLM Geology Notes 1035' as deepest FW for section 24. Please set casing 1085' or deeper.

- a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of <u>24 hours in the Potash Area</u> or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- The 7-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 10,189 feet TVD. KEEP CASING 1/2 FULL FOR COLLAPSE SF. PRESSURE TEST NEEDS EXTERNAL PRESSURE REVIEW AS WELL. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

## **Option 1 (Single Stage):**

• Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

## **Option 2 (Bradenhead):**

Operator has proposed to cement in two stages by conventionally cementing the first stage and performing a bradenhead squeeze on the second stage, contingent upon no returns to surface.

- a. First stage: Operator will cement with intent to reach the top of the **Brushy** Canyon
- b. Second stage:
  - Operator will perform bradenhead squeeze and top-out. Cement to surface. If cement does not reach surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified

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3. The **5-1/2** inch production casing shall be set at approximately **26,743** feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5-1/2** inch production casing is:

## **Option 1 (Single Stage):**

• Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

## Alternate Casing Design:

1. The **10-3/4** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1085** feet (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.

BLM Geology Notes 1035' as deepest FW for section 24. Please set casing 1085' or deeper.

- e. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
- f. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of <u>24 hours in the Potash Area</u> or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
- g. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- h. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- The 7-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 10,189 feet. KEEP CASING 1/2 FULL FOR COLLAPSE SF. PRESSURE TEST NEEDS EXTERNAL PRESSURE REVIEW AS WELL. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

## **Option 1 (Single Stage):**

• Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

Operator has proposed to cement in two stages by conventionally cementing the first stage and performing a bradenhead squeeze on the second stage, contingent upon no returns to surface.

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- c. First stage: Operator will cement with intent to reach the top of the **Brushy** Canyon
- d. Second stage:
  - Operator will perform bradenhead squeeze and top-out. Cement to surface. If cement does not reach surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified
- In <u>Secretary Potash Areas</u> if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.

Operator has proposed to pump down 10-3/4" X 7-5/8" annulus. <u>Operator must top</u> <u>out cement after the bradenhead squeeze and verify cement to surface. Operator</u> <u>can also check TOC with Echo-meter. CBL must be run from TD of the 7-5/8"</u> <u>casing to surface if confidence is lacking on the quality of the bradenhead squeeze</u> <u>cement job. Submit results to BLM.</u>

If cement does not tie-back into the previous casing shoe, a third stage remediation BH may be performed. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified.

Bradenhead squeeze in the production interval is only as an edge case remediation measure and is NOT approved in this COA. If production cement job experiences losses and a bradenhead squeeze is needed for tie-back, BLM Engineering should be notified prior to job with volumes and planned wellbore schematic. CBL will be needed when this occurs.

3. The **5-1/2** inch production casing shall be set at approximately **26,743** feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5-1/2** inch production casing is:

## **Option 1 (Single Stage):**

• Cement should tie-back at least **500 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

## C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).'
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface

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casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 3500 (70% Working Pressure) psi.

- a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
- b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

## **D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)**

## **Communitization Agreement**

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Santa Fe Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- The operator will submit an as-drilled survey well plat of the well completion, but are not limited to, those specified in Onshore Order 1 and 2.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. <u>When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.</u>

## (Note: For a minimum 5M BOPE or less (Utilizing a 10M BOPE system) BOPE Break Testing Variance

- BOPE Break Testing is ONLY permitted for 5M BOPE or less. (Annular preventer must be tested to a minimum of 70% of BOPE working pressure and shall be higher than the MASP)
- BOPE Break Testing is NOT permitted to drilling the production hole section.
- Variance only pertains to the intermediate hole-sections and no deeper than the Bone Springs formation.
- While in transfer between wells, the BOPE shall be secured by the hydraulic carrier or cradle.
- Any well control event while drilling require notification to the BLM Petroleum Engineer (**575-706-2779**) prior to the commencement of any BOPE Break Testing

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operations.

- A full BOPE test is required prior to drilling the first deep intermediate hole section. If any subsequent hole interval is deeper than the first, a full BOPE test will be required. (200' TVD tolerance between intermediate shoes is allowable).
- The BLM is to be contacted (575-361-2822 Eddy County) 4 hours prior to BOPE tests.
- As a minimum, a full BOPE test shall be performed at 21-day intervals.
- In the event any repairs or replacement of the BOPE is required, the BOPE shall test as per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2.
- If in the event break testing is not utilized, then a full BOPE test would be conducted.

## **Offline Cementing**

Offline cementing OK for surface and intermediate intervals. Notify the BLM prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure.

## **Casing Clearance**

Overlap clearance OK

## **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

## **Contact Eddy County Petroleum Engineering Inspection Staff:**

Email or call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220; **BLM\_NM\_CFO\_DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV**; (575) 361-2822

## **Contact Lea County Petroleum Engineering Inspection Staff:**

Call the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 689-5981

1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.

a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).

- b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
  - i.Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
    - ii.Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.

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iii.BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43** CFR 3172 as soon as 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig is rigged up on well.

2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.

3. For intervals in which cement to surface is required, cement to surface should be verified with a visual check and density or pH check to differentiate cement from spacer and drilling mud. The results should be documented in the driller's log and daily reports.

## A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

2. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends of both lead and tail cement, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.

3. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.

4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.

5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.

7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-Q potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

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#### **Approval Date: 11/26/2024**

## **B. PRESSURE CONTROL**

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in **43 CFR 3172**.

2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.

3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.

4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:

- i.Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
- ii.If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- iii.Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- iv.Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.
- v.If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.

5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.

- i.In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
- ii. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)
- iii. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to 43 CFR 3172 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating

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## Approval Date: 11/26/2024

for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).

- iv. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- v.The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- vi.All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- vii. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- viii.BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per **43 CFR 3172**.

#### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

#### D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area. Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

KPI 11/25/2024

# OXY

PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) Tuna Nut 24\_13 Fed Com Tuna Nut 24\_13 Fed Com 22H

Wellbore #1

**Plan: Permitting Plan** 

# **Standard Planning Report**

22 November, 2022

## **OXY** Planning Report

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Well: Wellbore: Design:	PRD N Tuna Tuna Wellbo	NEERING DE NM DIRECTIC Nut 24_13 Fee Nut 24_13 Fee	NAL PLANS ( d Com	(NAD 1983)	TVD Refe MD Refer North Ref	ence:	F F (	Vell Tuna Nut 2 RKB=25' @ 378 RKB=25' @ 378 Grid Minimum Curva	4.00ft	22H
Project	PRD N	M DIRECTIO	NAL PLANS (I	NAD 1983)						
Map System: Geo Datum: Map Zone:	North Ar	e Plane 1983 nerican Datun xico Eastern Z			System Da	tum:		an Sea Level	ale factor	
Site	Tuna N	lut 24_13 Fed	Com							
Site Position: From: Position Uncer	Map t <b>ainty</b> :	2.00	North Eastin ft Slot F	•	757,7		Latitude: Longitude:			32.365511 -103.632352
Well	Tuna N	ut 24_13 Fed	Com 22H							
Well Position Position Uncer Grid Converger	-	0.0 2.0	00 ft Ea	orthing: sting: ellhead Elev	ation:	499,339.62 757,746.07	usf Lon	tude: gitude: und Level:		32.37080 -103.63238 3,759.00 ft
Wellbore	Wellbo	ore #1								
Magnetics	Мо	del Name	Sampl	e Date	Declina (°)	tion	Dip A (°		Field Stro (nT)	•
		HDGM_FILE	1	1/22/2022		6.32		60.00	47,695.	0000000
Design	Permitt	ing Plan								
Audit Notes:										
Version:			Phas	e:	PROTOTYPE	Tie	On Depth:		0.00	
Vertical Section	1:	D	epth From (T (ft)	VD)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/ (f	it)	(	ction °)	
			0.00		0.00	0.0	00	35	9.11	
Plan Survey To Depth Fro (ft)	m Depti (ft	n To ) Survey	11/22/2022 (Wellbore)		Tool Name		Remarks			
1 0	.00 21,23	1.06 Permitt	ing Plan (Well	bore #1)	B001Mb_MW OWSG MWD					
Plan Sections Measured Depth ( (ft)	nclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.00 6,352.00 7,351.95 9,987.51	0.00 0.00 10.00 10.00	0.00 0.00 187.00 187.00	0.00 6,352.00 7,346.89 9,942.40	0.00 0.00 -86.39 -540.61	0.00 0.00 -10.61 -66.40	0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 1.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 187.00 0.00	
		359.58	10,613.82	18.06	-85.60	10.00		17.37	172.48	

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Database:	HOPSPP	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H
Company:	ENGINEERING DESIGNS	TVD Reference:	RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft
Project:	PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983)	MD Reference:	RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft
Site:	Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	Permitting Plan		

Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.00	0.00	0.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
300.00	0.00	0.00	300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.00	0.00	0.00	400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
500.00	0.00	0.00	500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.00	0.00	0.00	600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.00	0.00	0.00	700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
800.00	0.00	0.00	800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
900.00	0.00	0.00	900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.00	0.00	0.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,100.00	0.00	0.00	1,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,200.00	0.00	0.00	1,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,300.00	0.00	0.00	1,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.00	0.00	0.00	1,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.00	0.00	0.00	1,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,600.00	0.00	0.00	1,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.00	0.00	0.00	1,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.00 1,900.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	1,800.00 1,900.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
		0.00				0.00			
2,000.00	0.00	0.00	2,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,100.00	0.00	0.00	2,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.00	0.00	0.00	2,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,300.00 2,400.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	2,300.00 2,400.00	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
		0.00			0.00	0.00	0.00		
2,500.00 2,600.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	2,500.00 2,600.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
2,800.00	0.00	0.00	2,800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.00	0.00	0.00	2,800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,900.00	0.00	0.00	2,900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.00	0.00	0.00	3,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.00	0.00	0.00	3,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.00	0.00	0.00	3,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.00	0.00	0.00	3,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,400.00	0.00	0.00	3,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.00	0.00	0.00	3,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.00	0.00	0.00	3,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.00	0.00	0.00	3,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,800.00	0.00	0.00	3,800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.00	0.00	0.00	3,900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.00	0.00	0.00	4,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.00	0.00	0.00	4,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.00	0.00	0.00	4,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.00	0.00	0.00	4,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.00	0.00	0.00	4,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.00	0.00	0.00	4,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.00	0.00	0.00	4,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.00	0.00	0.00	4,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.00 4,900.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	4,800.00 4,900.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
5,000.00 5,100.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	5,000.00 5,100.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
5,100.00 5,200.00	0.00	0.00	5,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,300.00	0.00	0.00	5,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,400.00	0.00	0.00	5,400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Database:	HOPSPP	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H
Company:	ENGINEERING DESIGNS	TVD Reference:	RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft
Project:	PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983)	MD Reference:	RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft
Site:	Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	Permitting Plan		

Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
5,500.00	0.00	0.00	5,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.00	0.00	0.00	5,600.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5.700.00	0.00	0.00	5.700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.00	0.00	0.00	5,800.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.00	0.00	0.00	5,900.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
-									
6,000.00	0.00	0.00	6,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.00	0.00	0.00	6,100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,200.00	0.00	0.00	6,200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,300.00	0.00	0.00	6,300.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,352.00	0.00	0.00	6,352.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.00	0.48	187.00	6,400.00	-0.20	-0.02	-0.20	1.00	1.00	0.00
6,500.00	1.48	187.00	6,499.98	-1.90	-0.23	-1.89	1.00	1.00	0.00
6,600.00	2.48	187.00	6,599.92	-5.33	-0.65	-5.32	1.00	1.00	0.00
6,700.00	3.48	187.00	6,699.79	-10.49	-1.29	-10.46	1.00	1.00	0.00
6,800.00	4.48	187.00	6,799.54	-17.38	-2.13	-17.34	1.00	1.00	0.00
6,900.00	5.48	187.00	6,899.17	-25.99	-3.19	-25.94	1.00	1.00	0.00
7,000.00	6.48	187.00	6,998.62	-36.33	-4.46	-36.26	1.00	1.00	0.00
7,100.00	7.48	187.00	7,097.88	-48.39	-5.94	-48.29	1.00	1.00	0.00
7,200.00	8.48	187.00	7,196.91	-62.17	-7.64	-62.05	1.00	1.00	0.00
7,300.00	9.48	187.00	7,295.68	-77.66	-9.54	-77.51	1.00	1.00	0.00
7,351.95	10.00	187.00	7,346.89	-86.39	-10.61	-86.21	1.00	1.00	0.00
7,400.00	10.00	187.00	7,394.20	-94.67	-11.63	-94.48	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,500.00	10.00	187.00	7,492.68	-111.90	-13.75	-111.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,600.00	10.00	187.00	7,591.16	-129.14	-15.86	-128.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,700.00	10.00	187.00	7,689.64	-146.37	-17.98	-146.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.00	10.00	187.00	7,788.13	-163.61	-20.10	-163.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.00	10.00	187.00	7,886.61	-180.84	-22.21	-180.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.00	10.00	187.00	7,985.09	-198.08	-24.33	-197.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.00	10.00	187.00	8,083.57	-215.31	-26.45	-214.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.00	10.00	187.00	8,182.05	-232.54	-28.56	-232.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.00	10.00	187.00	8,280.53	-249.78	-30.68	-249.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.00	10.00	187.00	8,379.01	-267.01	-32.80	-266.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.00	10.00	187.00	8,477.49	-284.25	-34.91	-283.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.00	10.00	187.00	8,575.97	-301.48	-37.03	-300.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,700.00	10.00	187.00	8,674.45	-318.72	-39.15	-318.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,800.00	10.00	187.00	8,772.93	-335.95	-41.26	-335.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,900.00	10.00	187.00	8,871.42	-353.19	-43.38	-352.47	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,000.00	10.00	187.00	8,969.90	-370.42	-45.50	-369.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,100.00	10.00	187.00	9,068.38	-387.66	-47.62	-386.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,200.00	10.00	187.00	9,166.86	-404.89	-49.73	-404.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,300.00	10.00	187.00	9,265.34	-422.12	-51.85	-421.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,400.00	10.00	187.00	9,363.82	-439.36	-53.97	-438.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,500.00	10.00	187.00	9,462.30	-456.59	-56.08	-455.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,600.00	10.00	187.00	9,560.78	-473.83	-58.20	-472.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,700.00	10.00	187.00	9,659.26	-491.06	-60.32	-490.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,800.00	10.00	187.00	9,757.74	-508.30	-62.43	-507.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,900.00	10.00	187.00	9,856.22	-525.53	-64.55	-524.46	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,987.51	10.00	187.00	9,942.40	-540.61	-66.40	-539.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,000.00	8.76	188.08	9,954.73	-542.63	-66.67	-541.53	10.00	-9.90	8.59
10,100.00	1.86	315.29	10,054.37	-549.03	-68.89	-547.89	10.00	-6.90	127.22
10,200.00	11.41	353.13	10,153.61	-538.03	-71.22	-536.86	10.00	9.54	37.83
10,300.00	21.37	356.27	10,249.43	-509.96	-73.60	-508.75	10.00	9.96	3.14
10,400.00	31.36	357.46	10,338.91	-465.67	-75.94	-464.43	10.00	9.99	1.19
10,500.00	41.35	358.12	10,419.35	-406.51	-78.19	-405.24	10.00	9.99	0.66
10,600.00	51.35	358.55	10,488.29	-334.28	-80.27	-332.99	10.00	10.00	0.44

Database:	HOPSPP	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H
Company:	ENGINEERING DESIGNS	TVD Reference:	RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft
Project:	PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983)	MD Reference:	RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft
Site:	Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	Permitting Plan		

	Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
	10,700.00	61.34	358.88	10,543.64	-251.17	-82.11	-249.86	10.00	10.00	0.33
	10,800.00	71.34	359.16	10,583.72	-159.70	-83.67	-158.38	10.00	10.00	0.27
	10,900.00	81.34	359.40	10,607.31	-62.66	-84.89	-61.33	10.00	10.00	0.24
	10,981.06	89.44	359.58	10,613.82	18.06	-85.60	19.40	10.00	10.00	0.23
			359.58		37.00	-85.74	38.33	0.00	0.00	0.23
	11,000.00	89.44	309.08	10,614.01	37.00	-85.74	38.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,614.98	136.99	-86.47	138.33	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,615.96	236.99	-87.20	238.32	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,300.00	89.44	359.58	10,616.94	336.98	-87.92	338.31	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,617.91	436.97	-88.65	438.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,500.00	89.44	359.58	10,618.89	536.97	-89.38	538.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,619.87	636.96	-90.10	638.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,620.85	736.95	-90.83	738.28	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,621.82	836.94	-91.56	838.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,622.80	936.94	-92.29	938.26	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,623.78	1,036.93	-93.01	1,038.25	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,624.76	1,136.92	-93.74	1,138.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,100.00	89.44 89.44	359.58 359.58	10,624.76	1,136.92	-93.74 -94.47	1,138.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,200.00	89.44 89.44	359.58	10,625.75	1,336.91	-94.47 -95.20	1,230.24	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,400.00 12,500.00	89.44 89.44	359.58 359.58	10,627.69 10,628.67	1,436.90 1,536.89	-95.92 -96.65	1,438.22 1,538.21	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
	12,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,629.64	1,636.88	-97.38	1,638.20	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,630.62	1,736.88	-98.10	1,738.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,631.60	1,836.87	-98.83	1,838.19	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,632.58	1,936.86	-99.56	1,938.18	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,633.55	2,036.85	-100.29	2,038.17	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,634.53	2,136.85	-101.01	2,138.16	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,635.51	2,236.84	-101.74	2,238.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,300.00	89.44	359.58	10,636.48	2,336.83	-102.47	2,338.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,637.46	2,436.82	-103.20	2,438.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,500.00	89.44	359.58	10,638.44	2,536.82	-103.92	2,538.13	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,639.42	2,636.81	-104.65	2,638.12	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,640.39	2,736.80	-105.38	2,738.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,641.37	2,836.79	-106.10	2,838.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,642.35	2,936.79	-106.83	2,938.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,643.33	3,036.78	-107.56	3,038.09	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,100.00 14,200.00	89.44 89.44	359.58 359.58	10,644.30 10,645.28	3,136.77 3,236.76	-108.29 -109.01	3,138.08 3,238.07	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
	,									
	14,300.00	89.44	359.58	10,646.26	3,336.76	-109.74	3,338.06	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,647.24	3,436.75	-110.47	3,438.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,500.00	89.44	359.58	10,648.21	3,536.74	-111.20	3,538.05	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,649.19	3,636.74	-111.92	3,638.04	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,650.17	3,736.73	-112.65	3,738.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,651.15	3,836.72	-113.38	3,838.02	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,652.12	3,936.71	-114.10	3,938.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,653.10	4,036.71	-114.83	4,038.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,654.08	4,136.70	-115.56	4,138.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,655.05	4,236.69	-116.29	4,237.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,300.00	89.44	359.58	10,656.03	4,336.68	-117.01	4,337.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,657.01	4,436.68	-117.74	4,437.97	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,500.00	89.44	359.58	10,657.99	4,536.67	-118.47	4,537.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,658.96	4,636.66	-119.19	4,637.96	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,659.94	4,736.65	-119.92	4,737.95	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,660.92	4,836.65	-120.65	4,837.94	0.00	0.00	0.00
	15,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,661.90	4,936.64	-121.38	4,937.93	0.00	0.00	0.00
	16,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,662.87	5,036.63	-122.10	5,037.92	0.00	0.00	0.00
<u> </u>					-,		-,0002			

Database:	HOPSPP	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H
Company:	ENGINEERING DESIGNS	TVD Reference:	RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft
Project:	PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983)	MD Reference:	RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft
Site:	Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	Wellbore #1		
Design:	Permitting Plan		

Measured Depth (ft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Vertical Section (ft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100ft)	Build Rate (°/100ft)	Turn Rate (°/100ft)
16,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,663.85	5,136.62	-122.83	5,137.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,664.83	5,236.62	-123.56	5,237.91	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.00	89.44	359.58	10,665.81	5,336.61	-124.29	5,337.90	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,400.00	89.44		10,666.78	5,436.60	-125.01		0.00	0.00	0.00
		359.58	,	,		5,437.89			
16,500.00	89.44	359.58	10,667.76	5,536.59	-125.74	5,537.88	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,668.74	5,636.59	-126.47	5,637.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,669.72	5,736.58	-127.19	5,737.87	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,670.69	5,836.57	-127.92	5,837.86	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,671.67	5,936.56	-128.65	5,937.85	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,672.65	6,036.56	-129.38	6,037.84	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,673.62	6.136.55	-130.10	6,137.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,674.60	6,236.54	-130.83	6,237.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,300.00	89.44	359.58	10,675.58	6,336.53	-131.56	6,337.82	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,676.56	6,436.53	-132.29	6,437.81	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,500.00	89.44	359.58	10,677.53	6,536.52	-133.01	6,537.80	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,678.51	6,636.51	-133.74	6,637.79	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,679.49	6,736.51	-134.47	6,737.78	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,680.47	6,836.50	-135.19	6,837.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
17,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,681.44	6,936.49	-135.92	6,937.77	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,682.42	7,036.48	-136.65	7,037.76	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,683.40	7,136.48	-137.38	7,137.75	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,684.38	7,236.47	-138.10	7,237.74	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,300.00	89.44	359.58	10,685.35	7,336.46	-138.83	7,337.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,686.33	7,436.45	-139.56	7,437.73	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,500.00	89.44	359.58	10,687.31	7,536.45	-140.28	7,537.72	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,600,00	89.44	359.58	10,688.29	7,636.44	-141.01	7,637.71	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,600.00 18,700.00	89.44 89.44	359.58	10,689.29	7,030.44	-141.01	7,737.70	0.00	0.00	0.00
· · · · ·	89.44 89.44	359.58	10,690.24	7,836.43	-141.74	7,837.69	0.00	0.00	0.00
18,800.00 18,900.00	89.44 89.44	359.58	10,690.24	7,030.42	-142.47		0.00	0.00	0.00
19,000.00	89.44 89.44	359.58	10,691.22	7,930.42 8,036.41	-143.19	7,937.68 8,037.68	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,693.17	8,136.40	-144.65	8,137.67	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,694.15	8,236.39	-145.38	8,237.66	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,300.00	89.44	359.58	10,695.13	8,336.39	-146.10	8,337.65	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,696.10	8,436.38	-146.83	8,437.64	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,500.00	89.44	359.58	10,697.08	8,536.37	-147.56	8,537.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,698.06	8,636.36	-148.28	8,637.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,699.04	8,736.36	-149.01	8,737.62	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,700.01	8,836.35	-149.74	8,837.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
19,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,700.99	8,936.34	-150.47	8,937.60	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,701.97	9,036.33	-151.19	9,037.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,100.00	89.44	359.58	10.702.95	9,136.33	-151.92	9.137.59	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,703.92	9,236.32	-152.65	9,237.58	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,704.90	9,336.31	-153.38	9,337.57	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,705.88	9,436.30	-154.10	9,437.56	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,400.00	89.44	359.58	10,706.86	9,536.30	-154.83	9,537.55	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,600.00	89.44	359.58	10,707.83	9,636.29	-155.56	9,637.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,700.00	89.44	359.58	10,708.81	9,736.28	-156.28	9,737.54	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,800.00	89.44	359.58	10,709.79	9,836.28	-157.01	9,837.53	0.00	0.00	0.00
20,900.00	89.44	359.58	10,710.76	9,936.27	-157.74	9,937.52	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,000.00	89.44	359.58	10,711.74	10,036.26	-158.47	10,037.51	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,100.00	89.44	359.58	10,712.72	10,136.25	-159.19	10,137.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,200.00	89.44	359.58	10,713.70	10,236.25	-159.92	10,237.49	0.00	0.00	0.00
21,231.06	89.44	359.58	10,714.00	10,267.30	-160.15	10,268.55	0.00	0.00	0.00

## **OXY** Planning Report

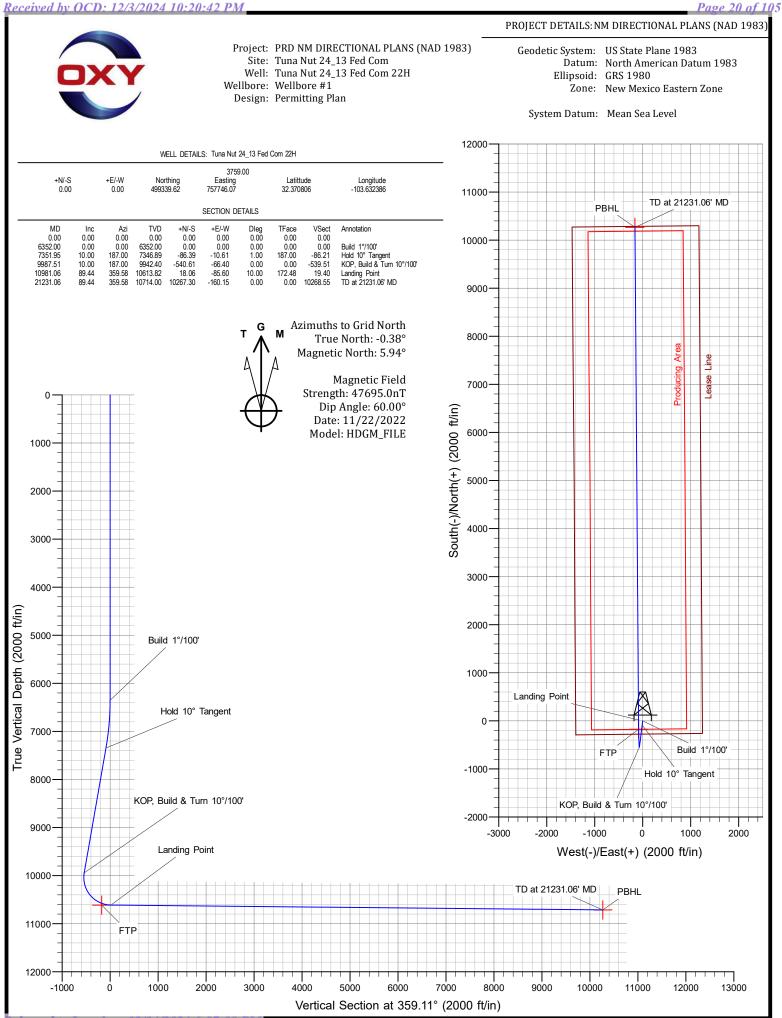
Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Wellbore: Design:	HOPSPP ENGINEERING DESIGNS PRD NM DIRECTIONAL PLANS (NAD 1983) Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H Wellbore #1 Permitting Plan			Local Co-ordinate Reference: TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference: Survey Calculation Method:		RKB=25' RKB=25' Grid	Well Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft RKB=25' @ 3784.00ft Grid Minimum Curvature		
Design Targets Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
FTP (Tuna Nut 24_13 - plan misses targe - Point	0.00 et center by 34		10,614.00 97.36ft MD	-175.86 (10582.87 T∖	-84.19 /D, -162.20 N	499,163.77 I, -83.63 E)	757,661.88	32.370324	-103.632663
PBHL (Tuna Nut - plan hits target ce	0.00 enter	0.00	10,714.00	10,267.30	-160.15	509,606.52	757,585.93	32.399029	-103.632687

#### - Point

Measured Depth (ft)	Vertical Depth (ft)	Name	Lithology	Dip (°)	Dip Direction (°)
1,034.00	1,034.00	RUSTLER			
1,684.00	1,684.00	SALADO			
3,466.00	3,466.00	CASTILE			
4,902.00	4,902.00	DELAWARE			
4,992.00	4,992.00	BELL CANYON			
5,783.00	5,783.00	CHERRY CANYON			
7,088.02	7,086.00	BRUSHY CANYON			
8,753.36	8,727.00	BONE SPRING			
9,877.43	9,834.00	BONE SPRING 1ST			
10,655.86	10,521.00	BONE SPRING 2ND			

#### Plan Annotations

Measured	Vertical	Local Coordinates		
Depth (ft)	Depth (ft)	+N/-S (ft)	+E/-W (ft)	Comment
6,352.00	6,352.00	0.00	0.00	Build 1°/100'
7,351.95	7,346.89	-86.39	-10.61	Hold 10° Tangent
9,987.51	9,942.40	-540.61	-66.40	KOP, Build & Turn 10°/100'
10,981.06	10,613.82	18.06	-85.60	Landing Point
21,231.06	10,714.00	10,267.30	-160.15	TD at 21231.06' MD



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## **Oxy USA Inc. - Blanket Design Pad Document**

**OXY - Blanket Design A** 

Pad Name: REDTNK\_T22SR32E\_2401

SHL: 275' FSL 1365' FEL, Sec 24,T22S-R32E

Oxy requests for the bellow wells to be approved for the two designs listed in the Blanket Design document (Blanket Design A – OXY – 3S Slim v7.) The MDs and TVDs for all intervals are within the boundary conditions. The max inclination and DLS are also within the boundary conditions (directional plans attached separately for review.)

#### 1. Blanket Design - Wells

Well Name	APD #	Sur	face	Interm	nediate	Production	
weii Name	APD #	MD	TVD	MD	TVD	MD	TVD
Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 21H	n/a - New Permit	943	943	10101	10060	26636	10785
Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 22H	n/a - New Permit	942	942	10189	10172	26743	10890
Tuna Nut 24_13 Fed Com 23H	n/a - New Permit	940	940	10286	10156	26819	10835

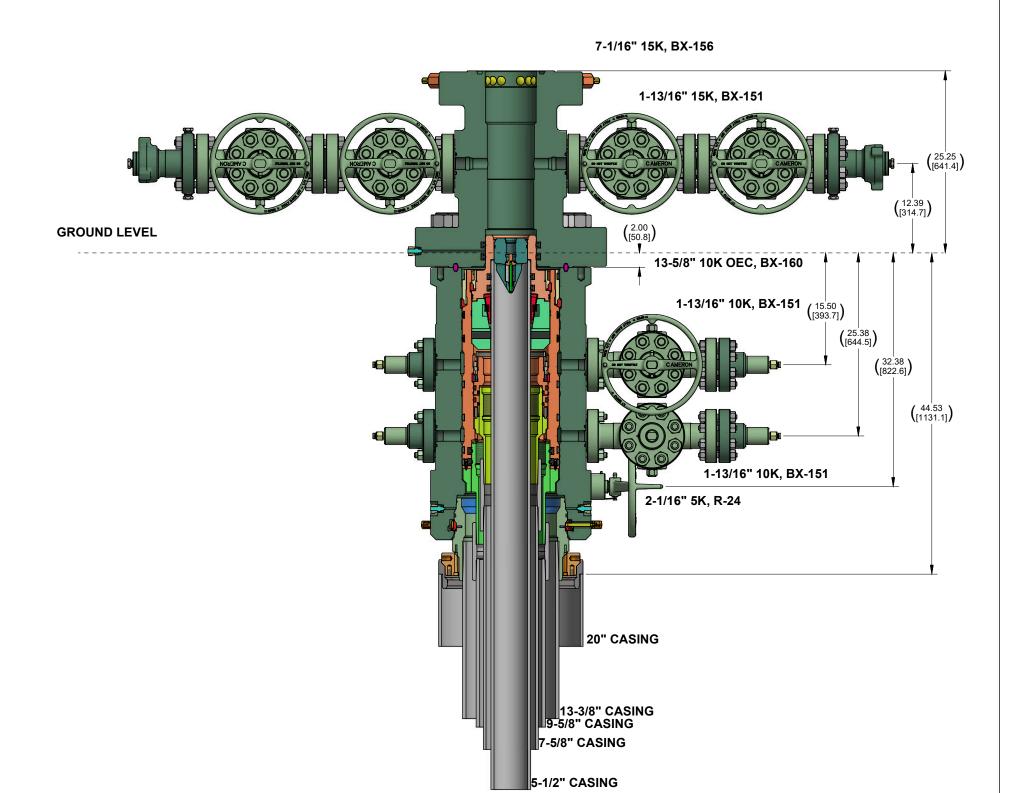
### 2. Review Criteria Table

	Y or N		
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in 43 CFR 3160	Y		
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y		
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	Y		
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards?	Y		
If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).			
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching	Y		
the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	ľ		
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N		
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?			
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.			
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N		
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 <sup>rd</sup> string cement tied back			
500' into previous casing?			
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N		
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?			
Is 2 <sup>nd</sup> string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?			
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N		
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?			
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?			
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N		
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?			

## 3. Geologic Formations

Formation	MD-RKB (ft)	TVD-RKB (ft)	<b>Expected Fluids</b>
Rustler	883	883	
Salado	1391	1391	Salt
Castile	3277	3277	Salt
Delaware	4792	4792	Oil/Gas/Brine
Bell Canyon	4883	4883	Oil/Gas/Brine
Cherry Canyon	5701	5701	Oil/Gas/Brine
Brushy Canyon	6975	6975	Losses
Bone Spring	8697	8679	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 1st	9863	9827	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 2nd	10494	10437	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 3rd			Oil/Gas
Wolfcamp			Oil/Gas
Penn			Oil/Gas
Strawn			Oil/Gas

.



CONFIDENTIAL						
SURFACE TREATMENT	DO NOT SCALE DRAWN BY: A. SKLENKA 26 Apr 2				SURFACE	
			Y	A Schlumberger Company	SYSTEMS	
A. SKLENKA 26 / APPROVED BY: A. SKLENKA 26 /		26 Apr 22	OXY ADAPT NST 10K 3 STAGE WELLHEA			
		26 Apr 22		APTINGTION STAGE		
	968.4 LBS INITIAL USE B/M: 3614.4 KG   T# 7836394		SHEET 1 OF 1	LO-096232-6	2 REV: 01	

#### Received by OCD: 12/3/2024 10:20:42 PM

Tenaris

## **API BTC -Special** Clearance

Outside Diameter	10.750 in.	Wall Thickness	0.400 in.	Grade	L80-IC
Min. Wall Thickness	87.50 %	Pipe Body Drift	Alternative Drift	Туре	Casing
Connection OD Option	Special Clearance				

**Pipe Body Data** 

Geometry			
Nominal OD	10.750 in.	Drift	9.875 in.
Wall Thickness	0.400 in.	Plain End Weight	44.26 lb/ft
Nominal Weight	45.500 lb/ft	OD Tolerance	API
Nominal ID	9.950 in.		

Performance	
SMYS	80,000 psi
Min UTS	95,000 psi
Body Yield Strength	1040 x1000 lb
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	5210 psi
Collapse Pressure	2950 psi
Max. Allowed Bending	34 °/100 ft

#### Connection Data

Hand Tight Stand Off	1 in.	Internal Pressure Capacity	4150 psi
Connection OD	11.250 in.	Coupling Face Load	478 x1000 lb
Thread per In	5	Joint Strength	1041 x1000 lb
Geometry		Performance	

#### Notes

For products according to API Standards 5CT & 5B; Performance calculated considering API Technical Report 5C3 (Sections 9 & 10) equations. For geometrical and steel grades combinations not considered in the API Standards 5CT and/or 5B; Performance calculations indirectly derived from API Technical Report 5C3 (Sections 9 & 10) equations.

Couplings OD are shown according to current API 5CT 10th Edition.

Couprings QD are shown according to Current APISCT 10th Edition. Tenaris has issued this document for general information only, and the information in this document, including, without limitation, any pictures, drawings or designs ("Information") is not intended to constitute professional or any other type of advice or recommendation and is provided on an "as is" basis. No warranty is given. Tenaris has not independently verified any information –if any- provided by the user in connection with, or for the purpose of, the Information contained hereunder. The use of the Information is at user's own risk and Tenaris does not assume any responsibility or liability of any kind for any loss, damage or injury resulting from, or in connection with any Information contained hereunder or any use thereof. The Information in this document is subject to change or modification without notice. Tenaris's products and services are subject to Tenaris's and conditions or otherwise to the terms resulting from the respective contracts of sale or services, as the case may be, between petitioner and Tenaris. For more complete information please contact a Tenaris's representative or visit our website at www.tenaris.com . ©Tenaris 2023. All rights reserved.

## Oxy USA Inc. - Tuna Nut 24\_13 Fed Com 22H Drill Plan

## **1. Geologic Formations**

TVD of Target (ft):	10714	Pilot Hole Depth (ft):	
Total Measured Depth (ft):	21231	Deepest Expected Fresh Water (ft):	882

#### **Delaware Basin**

Formation	MD-RKB (ft)	TVD-RKB (ft)	<b>Expected Fluids</b>
Rustler	882	882	
Salado	1366	1366	Salt
Castile	3170	3170	Salt
Delaware	4775	4775	Oil/Gas/Brine
Bell Canyon	4862	4862	Oil/Gas/Brine
Cherry Canyon	5680	5680	Oil/Gas/Brine
Brushy Canyon	6969	6969	Losses
Bone Spring	8690	8690	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 1st	9837	9827	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 2nd	10460	10439	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 3rd			Oil/Gas
Wolfcamp			Oil/Gas
Penn			Oil/Gas
Strawn			Oil/Gas

\*H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

#### 2. Casing Program

		Μ	ID	Τ١	TVD				
	Hole	From	То	From	То	Csg.	Csg Wt.		
Section	Size (in)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	OD (in)	(ppf)	Grade	Conn.
Surface	17.5	0	942	0	942	13.375	54.5	J-55	BTC
Salt	12.25	0	4775	0	4775	10.75	45.5	L-80 HC	BTC-SC
Intermediate	9.875	0	9888	0	9842	7.625	26.4	L-80 HC	BTC
Production	6.75	0	21231	0	10714	5.5	20	P-110	Sprint-SF

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172

All Casing SF Values will meet or exceed					
those below					
SF	SF	Body SF	Joint SF		
Collapse	Burst	Tension	Tension		
1 00	1 100	14	14		

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in 43 CFR 3160	Y
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards?	Y
If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	I
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching	v
the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	Ν
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 <sup>rd</sup> string cement tied back	
500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 <sup>nd</sup> string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
	i
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	Ν
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

.

## 3. Cementing Program

Section	Stage	Slurry:	Sacks	Yield (ft^3/ft)	Density (Ib/gal)	Excess:	тос	Placement	Description
Surface	1	Surface - Tail	984	1.33	14.8	100%	-	Circulate	Class C+Accel.
Int.1	1	Intermediate - Tail	85	1.33	14.8	20%	4,275	Circulate	Class C+Accel.
Int.1	1	Intermediate - Lead	673	1.73	12.9	50%	-	Circulate	Class Pozz+Ret.
Int. 2	1	Intermediate 1S - Tail	358	1.68	13.2	5%	7,219	Circulate	Class C+Ret., Disper.
Int. 2	2	Intermediate 2S - Tail BH	1006	1.71	13.3	25%	-	Bradenhead	Class C+Accel.
Prod.	1	Production - Tail	671	1.84	13.3	25%	9,388	Circulate	Class C+Ret.

## **Offline Cementing Request**

Oxy requests a variance to cement the 9.625" and/or 7.625" intermediate casing strings offline in accordance to the approved variance, EC Tran 461365. Please see Offline Cementing Variance attachment for further details.

#### **Bradenhead CBL Request**

Oxy requests permission to adjust the CBL requirement after bradenhead cement jobs, on 7-5/8" intermediate casings, as per the agreement reached in the OXY/BLM meeting on September 5, 2019. Please see Bradenhead CBL Variance attachment for further details.

## 4. Pressure Control Equipment

BOP installed and	-1- F	Min.				TVD Depth	
tested before drilling	Size?	Required	Туре	1	Tested to:	(ft) per	
which hole?		WP				Section:	
		5M	Annular	1	70% of working pressure		
			Blind Ram	✓			
12.25" Hole	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe Ram		250 psi / 5000 psi	4775	
		5101	Double Ram	✓	230 psi / 3000 psi		
			Other*				
		5M	Annular	1	70% of working pressure	9842	
		" 5M	Blind Ram	1			
9.875" Hole	13-5/8"		Pipe Ram		250 psi / 5000 psi		
			Double Ram	✓	230 psi / 3000 psi		
			Other*				
		5M	Annular	√	70% of working pressure		
6.75" Hole			Blind Ram	✓			
	13-5/8"	514	Pipe Ram		250 psi / 5000 psi	10714	
		5M	Double Ram	✓	200 psi / 5000 psi		
			Other*				

\*Specify if additional ram is utilized

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold.

	Formation integrity test will be performed per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.							
	On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a							
	pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with 43							
	CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.							
	A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. See							
	attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.							
	Y Are anchors required by manufacturer?							
	A multibowl or a unionized multibowl wellhead system will be employed. The wellhead and							
	connection to the BOPE will meet all API 6A requirements. The BOP will be tested per 43 CFR part							
3170 Subpart 3172 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested.								
							will test the flange connection of the wellhead with a test port that is directly in the flange. We a	
	proposing that we will run the wellhead through the rotary prior to cementing surface casing as							

See attached schematics.

discussed with the BLM on October 8, 2015.

## **BOP Break Testing Request**

Oxy requests permission to adjust the BOP break testing requirements as per the agreement reached in the OXY/BLM meeting on September 5, 2019. Please see BOP Break Testing Variance attachment for further details.

Oxy will use Cameron ADAPT wellhead system that uses an OEC top flange connection. This connection has been fully vetted and verified by API to Spec 6A and carries an API monogram.

## 5. Mud Program

	Dep	th	Depth -	TVD		Weight		Water
Section	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	Туре	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Loss
Surface	0	942	0	942	Water-Based Mud	8.6 - 8.8	40-60	N/C
Intermediate 1	942	4775	942	4775	Saturated Brine-Based or Oil-Based Mud	8.0 - 10.0	35-45	N/C
Intermediate 2	4775	9888	4775	9842	Water-Based or Oil- Based Mud	8.0 - 10.0	38-50	N/C
Production	9888	21231	9842	10714	Water-Based or Oil- Based Mud	8.0 - 9.6	38-50	N/C

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times. The following is a general list of products: Barite, Bentonite, Gypsum, Lime, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Nut Plug, Cedar Fiber, Cotton Seed Hulls, Drilling Paper, Salt Water Clay, CACL2. Oxy will use a closed mud system.

1	What will be used to monitor the	PVT/MD Totco/Visual Monitoring
	loss or gain of fluid?	

## 6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Loggi	ing, Coring and Testing.
Yes	Will run GR from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole).
res	Stated logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
No	Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.
No	Drill stem test? If yes, explain
No	Coring? If yes, explain

Addit	tional logs planned	Interval
No	Resistivity	
No	Density	
Yes	CBL	Production string
Yes	Mud log	Bone Spring – TD
No	PEX	

## 7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	5349 psi
Abnormal Temperature	No
BH Temperature at deepest TVD	166°F

Pump high viscosity sweeps as needed for hole cleaning. The mud system will be monitored visually/manually as well as with an electronic PVT. The necessary mud products for additional weight and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Appropriately weighted mud will be used to isolate potential gas, oil, and water zones until such time as casing can be cemented into place for zonal

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

N	J	H2S is present
Y	'	H2S Plan attached

## 8. Other facets of operation

	Yes/No
Will the well be drilled with a walking/skidding operation? If yes, describe.	
We plan to drill the 3 well pad in batch by section: all surface sections, intermediate	Yes
sections and production sections. The wellhead will be secured with a night cap whenever	1 68
the rig is not over the well.	
Will more than one drilling rig be used for drilling operations? If yes, describe.	
Oxy requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and cement for	
this well. If the timing between rigs is such that Oxy would not be able to preset surface,	Yes
the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD. Please see the	
attached document for information on the spudder rig.	
Total Estimated Cuttings Volume: 1826 bbls	

## Oxy USA Inc. - Tuna Nut 24\_13 Fed Com 22H Drill Plan

#### **1. Geologic Formations**

TVD of Target (ft):	10714	Pilot Hole Depth (ft):	
Total Measured Depth (ft):	21231	Deepest Expected Fresh Water (ft):	882

#### **Delaware Basin**

Formation	MD-RKB (ft)	TVD-RKB (ft)	<b>Expected Fluids</b>
Rustler	882	882	
Salado	1366	1366	Salt
Castile	3170	3170	Salt
Delaware	4775	4775	Oil/Gas/Brine
Bell Canyon	4862	4862	Oil/Gas/Brine
Cherry Canyon	5680	5680	Oil/Gas/Brine
Brushy Canyon	6969	6969	Losses
Bone Spring	8690	8690	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 1st	9837	9827	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 2nd	10460	10439	Oil/Gas
Bone Spring 3rd			Oil/Gas
Wolfcamp			Oil/Gas
Penn			Oil/Gas
Strawn			Oil/Gas

\*H2S, water flows, loss of circulation, abnormal pressures, etc.

#### 2. Casing Program

		N	ID	Τ١	/D				
	Hole	From	То	From	То	Csg.	Csg Wt.		
Section	Size (in)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	OD (in)	(ppf)	Grade	Conn.
Surface	17.5	0	942	0	942	13.375	54.5	J-55	BTC
Intermediate	9.875	0	9888	0	9842	7.625	26.4	L-80 HC	BTC
Production	6.75	0	21231	0	10714	5.5	20	P-110	Sprint-SF

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172

\*Oxy requests the option to run the 10.75" Intermediate I as a contingency string to be run only if severe hole conditions dictate an additional casing string necessary. This would make the planned 7.625" / 7.827" Casing the Intermediate II.

\*\*If 4S Contingency is not required, Oxy requests permission to transition from 12.25" to 9.875" Intermediate I at 1st trip point below Brushy top (estimated top in formation table above). Cement volumes will be updated on C103 submission.

All Casing SF Values will meet or exceed				
those below				
SF	SF Body SF Joint S			
Collapse	Burst	Tension	Tension	
1 00	1 100	14	14	

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in 43 CFR 3160	Y
Does casing meet API specifications? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards?	Y
If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	r
Will the intermediate pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching	37
the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-P?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 <sup>rd</sup> string cement tied back	
500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-P and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 <sup>nd</sup> string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
8	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
	·
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	Ν
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

.

## 3. Cementing Program

Section	Stage	Slurry:	Sacks	Yield (ft^3/ft)	Density (Ib/gal)	Excess:	тос	Placement	Description
Surface	1	Surface - Tail	984	1.33	14.8	100%	-	Circulate	Class C+Accel.
Int. 2	1	Intermediate 1S - Tail	127	1.68	13.2	5%	8,940	Circulate	Class C+Ret., Disper.
Int.	1	Intermediate 1S - Tail	358	1.68	13.2	5%	7,219	Circulate	Class C+Ret., Disper.
Int.	2	Intermediate 2S - Tail BH	1289	1.71	13.3	25%	-	Bradenhead	Class C+Accel.
Prod.	1	Production - Tail	671	1.84	13.3	25%	9,388	Circulate	Class C+Ret.

## **Offline Cementing Request**

Oxy requests a variance to cement the 9.625" and/or 7.625" intermediate casing strings offline in accordance to the approved variance, EC Tran 461365. Please see Offline Cementing Variance attachment for further details.

#### **Bradenhead CBL Request**

Oxy requests permission to adjust the CBL requirement after bradenhead cement jobs, on 7-5/8" intermediate casings, as per the agreement reached in the OXY/BLM meeting on September 5, 2019. Please see Bradenhead CBL Variance attachment for further details.

## 4. Pressure Control Equipment

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP	Тур	e 🗸	1	Tested to:	Deepest TVD Depth (ft) per Section:
		5M	Annu	lar 🗸	<b>\</b>	70% of working pressure	
			Blind F	Ram 🖌	/		9842
9.875" Hole	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe R	lam		250 psi / 5000 psi	
			Double Ram		<	200 psi / 5000 psi	
			Other*				
		5M	Annu	lar 🗸	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	70% of working pressure	
	13-5/8"		Blind Ram		<		
6.75" Hole		5M	Pipe Ram			250 psi / 5000 psi	10714
			Double	Ram 🗸	/	200 psi / 5000 psi	
			Other*				

\*Specify if additional ram is utilized

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold.

Formation integrity test will be performed per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.
On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a
pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with 43
CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.
A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. See
attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.
Y Are anchors required by manufacturer?
A multibowl or a unionized multibowl wellhead system will be employed. The wellhead and
connection to the BOPE will meet all API 6A requirements. The BOP will be tested per 43 CFR part
3170 Subpart 3172 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for
a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested. We
will test the flange connection of the wellhead with a test port that is directly in the flange. We are

proposing that we will run the wellhead through the rotary prior to cementing surface casing as

See attached schematics.

discussed with the BLM on October 8, 2015.

## **BOP Break Testing Request**

Oxy requests permission to adjust the BOP break testing requirements as per the agreement reached in the OXY/BLM meeting on September 5, 2019. Please see BOP Break Testing Variance attachment for further details.

Oxy will use Cameron ADAPT wellhead system that uses an OEC top flange connection. This connection has been fully vetted and verified by API to Spec 6A and carries an API monogram.

### 5. Mud Program

	Depth - MD		Depth - TVD		T	Weight	• • • •	Water
Section	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	Туре	(ppg)	Viscosity	Loss
Surface	0	942	0	942	Water-Based Mud	8.6 - 8.8	40-60	N/C
Intermediate	942	9888	942	9842	Saturated Brine-Based or Oil-Based Mud	8.0 - 10.0	35-45	N/C
Production	9888	21231	9842	10714	Water-Based or Oil- Based Mud	8.0 - 9.6	38-50	N/C

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times. The following is a general list of products: Barite, Bentonite, Gypsum, Lime, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Nut Plug, Cedar Fiber, Cotton Seed Hulls, Drilling Paper, Salt Water Clay, CACL2. Oxy will use a closed mud system.

What will be used to monitor th	e PVT/MD Totco/Visual Monitoring
loss or gain of fluid?	

#### 6. Logging and Testing Procedures

Loggi	Logging, Coring and Testing.						
Yes	Will run GR from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole).						
res	Stated logs run will be in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.						
No	Logs are planned based on well control or offset log information.						
No	Drill stem test? If yes, explain						
No	Coring? If yes, explain						

Addit	tional logs planned	Interval
No	Resistivity	
No	Density	
Yes	CBL	Production string
Yes	Mud log	Bone Spring – TD
No	PEX	

**—** 

#### 7. Drilling Conditions

Condition	Specify what type and where?				
BH Pressure at deepest TVD	5349 psi				
Abnormal Temperature	No				
BH Temperature at deepest TVD	166°F				

Pump high viscosity sweeps as needed for hole cleaning. The mud system will be monitored visually/manually as well as with an electronic PVT. The necessary mud products for additional weight and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Appropriately weighted mud will be used to isolate potential gas, oil, and water zones until such time as casing can be cemented into place for zonal

Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors will be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the operator will comply with the provisions of 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, measured values and formations will be provided to the BLM.

N	J	H2S is present
Y	'	H2S Plan attached

#### 8. Other facets of operation

	Yes/No				
Will the well be drilled with a walking/skidding operation? If yes, describe.					
We plan to drill the 3 well pad in batch by section: all surface sections, intermediate					
sections and production sections. The wellhead will be secured with a night cap whenever					
the rig is not over the well.					
Will more than one drilling rig be used for drilling operations? If yes, describe.					
Oxy requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and cement for					
this well. If the timing between rigs is such that Oxy would not be able to preset surface,					
the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD. Please see the					
attached document for information on the spudder rig.					
Total Estimated Cuttings Volume: 1630 bbls					



# 1. Casing Program

The designs and associated details listed in this document are the "worst case scenario" boundaries for design safety factors.

Location and lithology have NOT been accounted for in these designs; however, the designs are NOT valid for wells within KPLA Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas. The specific well details will be based on the APD/Sundry package and the information listed in the COA.

The mud program listed below will remain the same between each design variation.

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF.

Casing will be kept at least half full during run for these designs to meet BLM collapse SF requirement.

#### **Design Variation "A1"**

	MD		TVD		]				
Section	Hole Size (in)	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	Csg. OD (in)	Csg Wt. (ppf)	Grade	Conn.
Surface	14.75	0	1200	0	1200	10.75	45.5	J-55	BTC
Intermediate	9.875	0	13111*	0	12775*	7.625	26.4	L-80 HC	BTC Axis HT
Production	6.75	0	23361	0	12775	5.5	20	P-110	Wedge 461 Sprint SF DWC/C-HT-IS

\*Curve could be in intermediate or production section

### Design Variation "A2" - Option to Pivot to Design "B" for Contingency 4S

	MD TVD								
Section	Hole Size (in)	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	Csg. OD (in)	Csg Wt. (ppf)	Grade	Conn.
Surface	17.5	0	1200	0	1200	13.375	54.5	J-55	BTC
Intermediate	12.25†	0	13111*	0	12775*	7.625	26.4	L-80 HC	BTC Axis HT
Production	6.75	0	23361	0	12775	5.5	20	P-110	Wedge 461 Sprint SF DWC/C-HT-IS

\*Curve could be in intermediate or production section

<sup>+</sup>If 4S Contingency is not required, Oxy requests permission to transition from 12.25" to 9.875" Intermediate at some point during the hole section. Cement volumes will be updated on C103 submission.

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172

All Casing SF Values will meet or							
exceed those below							
SF	SF	Body SF	Joint SF				
Collapse	Burst	Tension	Tension				
1.00	1.100	1.4	1.4				





#### §Annular Clearance Variance Request

As per the agreement reached in the Oxy/BLM face-to-face meeting on Feb 22, 2018, Oxy requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annular clearance requirement. Please see Annular Clearance Variance attachment for further details.

§Annular Clearance Variance Request may not apply to all connections used or presented.

### 2. Trajectory / Boundary Conditions

	MD	)	TV	D		
Section	Deepest KOP (ft)	End Build (ft)	Deepest KOP (ft)	End Build (ft)	Max. Angle	Max. Planned DLS
Surface	0	1200	0	1200	5°	1°/100 ft
Intermediate	5000 (inside Cherry Canyon)	6500	4980	6390	20°	2°/100 ft
	12211	13111	12202	12775	92° ‡	12°/100 ft ‡
Production	12211 (~100' MD past ICP)	13111	12202	12775	92° ‡	12°/100 ft ‡

<sup>‡</sup> Applies only when intermediate casing depth is deepened to landing point to match TVD of production in some areas where required to accommodate higher MWs in depleted areas.

Oxy has reviewed casing burst, collapse, and axial loadcases in Landmark StressCheck with the boundary conditions in the table above which satisfies Oxy and BLM minimum design criteria. Triaxial plots for each casing string is shown in Section 7 and intermediate load case inputs are shown in Section 8.



### 3. Cementing Program

NOTE: Blanket design is for technical review only. The cement volumes will be adjusted to ensure cement tops meet BLM requirements.

### **Design Variation "A1"**

Section	Stage	Slurry:	Sacks	Yield (ft^3/ft)	Density (lb/gal)	Excess:	тос	Placement	Description
Surface	1	Surface - Tail	819	1.33	14.8	100%	-	Circulate	Class C+Accel.
Int.	1	Intermediate 1S - Tail	658	1.68	13.2	5%	7,206	Circulate	Class C+Ret., Disper.
Int.	2	Intermediate 2S - Tail BH	1111	1.71	13.3	25%	-	Bradenhead	Class C+Accel.
Prod.	1	Production - Tail	665	1.84	13.3	25%	11,611	Circulate	Class C+Ret.
Prod.	2*	Production - Tail BH*	TBD	1.84	13.3	50%	500' inside prev csg	Circulate	Class C+Ret.

\*Only applies in scenario where planned single stage job TOC is not 500' above previous shoe as designed/programmed requiring bradenhead 2nd stage to meet requirements

#### **Design Variation "A2"**

Section	Stage	Slurry:	Sacks	Yield (ft^3/ft)	Density (lb/gal)	Excess:	тос	Placement	Description
Surface	1	Surface - Tail	1023	1.33	14.8	100%	-	Circulate	Class C+Accel.
Int.	1	Intermediate 1S - Tail	658	1.68	13.2	5%	7,206	Circulate	Class C+Ret., Disper.
Int.	2	Intermediate 2S - Tail BH	1293	1.71	13.3	25%	-	Bradenhead	Class C+Accel.
Prod.	1	Production - Tail	665	1.84	13.3	25%	11,611	Circulate	Class C+Ret.
Prod.	2*	Production - Tail BH*	TBD	1.84	13.3	50%	500' inside prev csg	Circulate	Class C+Ret.

\*Only applies in scenario where planned single stage job TOC is not 500' above previous shoe as designed/programmed requiring bradenhead 2nd stage to meet requirements

#### **Offline Cementing Request**

Oxy requests a variance to cement the 9.625" and/or 7.625" intermediate casing strings offline in accordance to the approved variance, EC Tran 461365. Please see Offline Cementing Variance attachment for further details.

#### **Bradenhead CBL Request**

Oxy requests permission to adjust the CBL requirement after bradenhead cement jobs, on 7-5/8" intermediate casings, as per the agreement reached in the OXY/BLM meeting on September 5, 2019. Please see Bradenhead CBL Variance attachment for further details.





### 4. Pressure Control Equipment

BOP installed and tested before drilling which hole?	Size?	Min. Required WP		Туре	~	Tested to:	Deepest TVD Depth (ft) per Section:
		5M		Annular	$\checkmark$	70% of working pressure	
				Blind Ram	✓		12775**
9.875" Hole	13-5/8"	5M		Pipe Ram		250 psi / 5000 psi	
		5101		Double Ram	✓		
			Other*				
		5M		Annular	✓	100% of working pressure	
				Blind Ram	✓		
6.75" Hole	13-5/8"	10M		Pipe Ram		250 pci / 10000 pci	12775
		TON		Double Ram	✓	250 psi / 10000 psi	
			Other*				

\*Specify if additional ram is utilized

\*\*Curve could be in intermediate or production section

BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested.

Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

#### **5M Annular BOP Request**

Per BLM's Memorandum No. NM-2017-008: *Decision and Rationale for a Variance Allowing the Use of a 5M Annular Preventer with a 10M BOP Stack,* Oxy requests to employ a 5M annular with a 10M BOPE stack in the pilot and lateral sections of the well and will ensure that two barriers to flow are





Formation integrity test will be performed per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.

On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.

A variance is requested for the use of a flexible choke line from the BOP to Choke Manifold. Coflex hoses are in compliance with API 16C and meets inspection and testing requirements. See attached for specs and hydrostatic test chart.

Y Are anchors required by manufacturer?

A multibowl or a unionized multibowl wellhead system will be employed. The wellhead and connection to the BOPE will meet all API 6A requirements. The BOP will be tested per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 after installation on the surface casing which will cover testing requirements for a maximum of 30 days. If any seal subject to test pressure is broken the system must be tested. We will test the flange connection of the wellhead with a test port that is directly in the flange. We are proposing that we will run the wellhead through the rotary prior to cementing surface casing as discussed with the BLM on October 8, 2015.

See attached Schematics.

### **BOP Break Testing Request**

Oxy requests permission to adjust the BOP break testing requirements as per the agreement reached in the OXY/BLM meeting on September 5, 2019. Please see BOP Break Testing Variance attachment for further details.

### **Hammer Union Variance**

Oxy requests permission for hammer unions behind the choke to be routed to the gas buster. The hammer unions will not be subject to wellbore pressure in compliance with API STD 53.

Oxy will use Cameron ADAPT wellhead system that uses an OEC top flange connection. This connection has been fully vetted and verified by API to Spec 6A and carries an API monogram.





G	Depth	- MD	Depth	- TVD	Toma	Weight	<b>X</b> 7**4	Water
Section	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	Туре	(ppg)	Viscosity	Loss
Surface	0	1200	0	1200	Water-Based Mud	8.6 - 8.8	40-60	N/C
Intermediate	1200	13111*	1200	12775*	Saturated Brine-Based or Oil-Based Mud	8.0 - 10.0	35-45	N/C
Production	13111	23361	12775	12775	Water-Based or Oil- Based Mud	9.5 - 13.5	38-50	N/C

### 5. Mud Program & Drilling Conditions

\*Curve could be in intermediate or production section\*

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept on location at all times. The following is a general list of products: Barite, Bentonite, Gypsum, Lime, Soda Ash, Caustic Soda, Nut Plug, Cedar Fiber, Cotton Seed Hulls, Drilling Paper, Salt Water Clay, CACL2. Oxy will use a closed mud system.

### Drilling Blind Request

In the event total losses are encountered in the intermediate section, Oxy requests permission to drill blind due to depleted formations where risk of hydrocarbon kicks are unlikely.

- Oxy will first attempt to cure losses before proceeding with drilling blind
- Drilling blind will only be allowed in the Castille and formations below
- While drilling blind, will monitor backside by filling-up on connections and utilize gas monitors
- Depths at which losses occurred and attempt to cure losses with relevant details (LCM sweep info, etc.) will be documented in the drillers log and Subsequent Reports to the BLM.
- If a well control event (hydrocarbon kick) occurs while drilling blind, the BLM will be notified after the well is secured and returned to static.

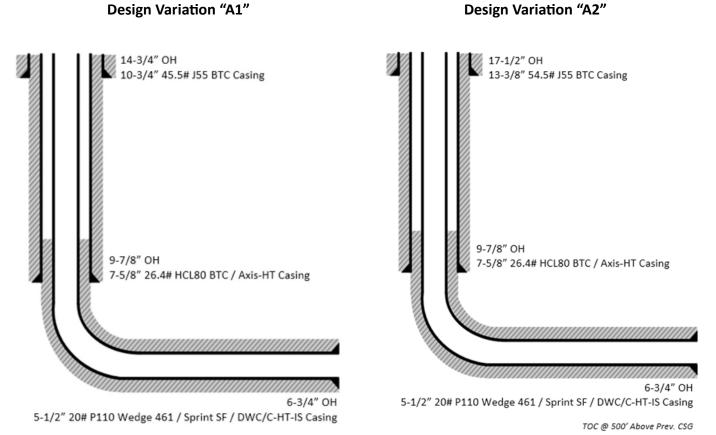
What will be used to monitor the loss or gain of fluid? PVT/MD Totco/Visual Monitoring

Pump high viscosity sweeps as needed for hole cleaning. The mud system will be monitored visually/manually as well as with an electronic PVT. The necessary mud products for additional weight and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Appropriately weighted mud will be used to isolate potential gas, oil, and water zones until such time as casing can be cemented into place for zonal isolation.





# 6. Wellbore Diagram(s)

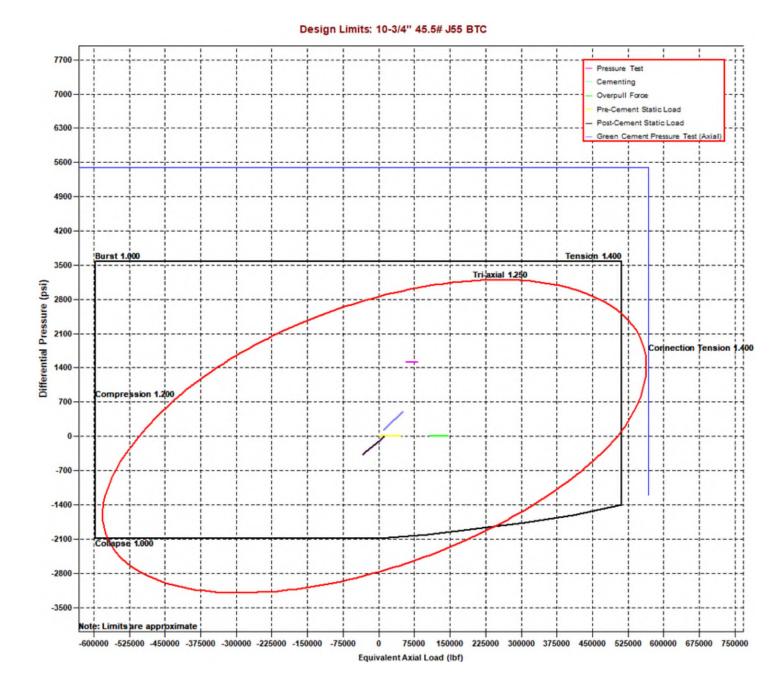


TOC @ 500' Above Prev. CSG





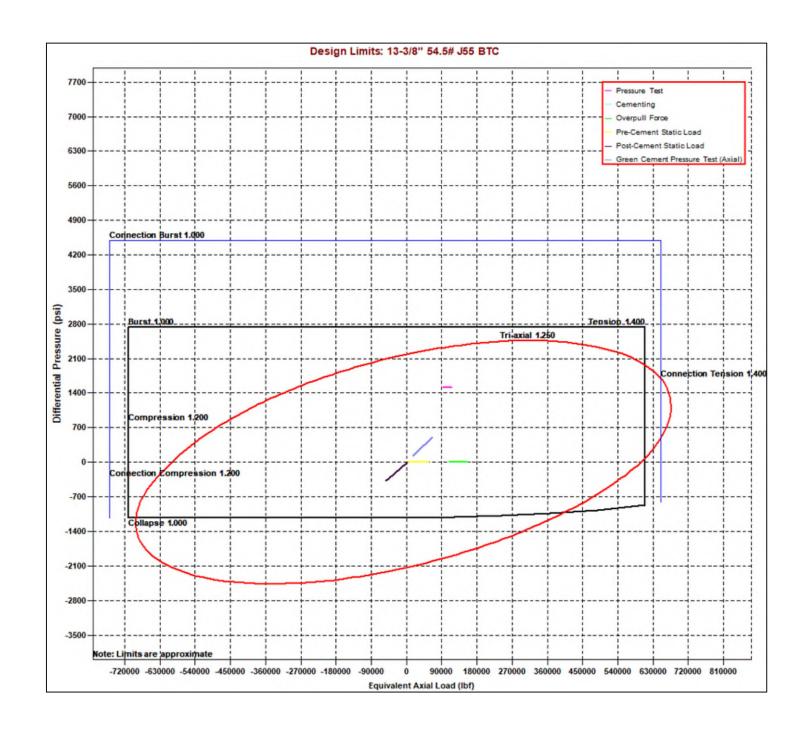
# 7. Landmark StressCheck Screenshots – Triaxial Output















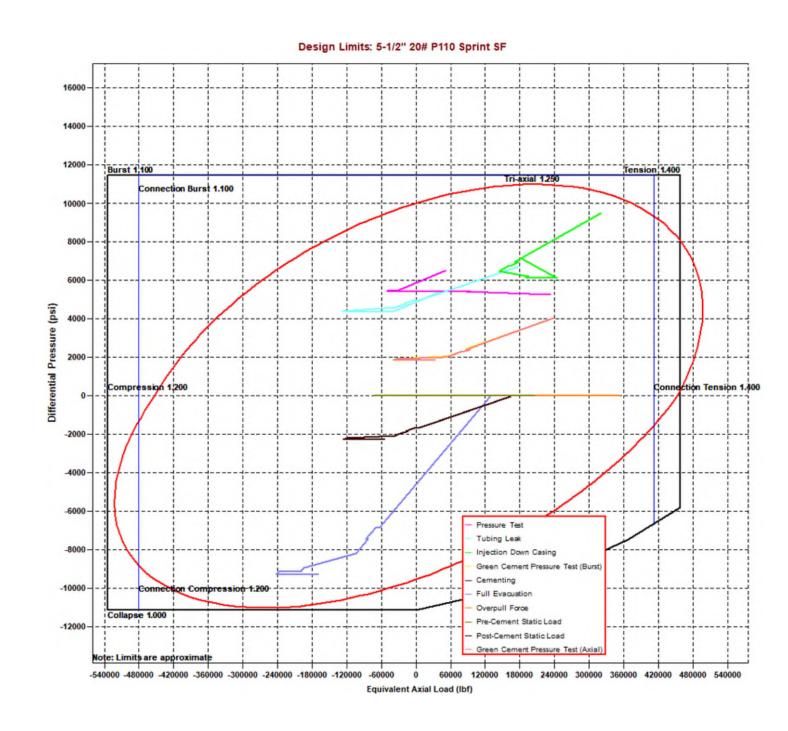


Design Limits: 7-5/8" 26.4# HC-L80 BTC 12000 Lost Returns with Water 10500 Gas Hidk (50.0 bbl, 0.50 ppg) Pressure Test Green Cement Pressure Test (Burst) Connection Burst 1.100. 9000 Lost Returns with Mud Drop Cementing Overpull Force 7500 Pre-Cement Static Load Post-Cement Static Load en Cement Pressure Test (Arial 6000 Burst 1.100 Tension 1.400 Differential Pressure (psi) 4500 3000 ction ension 1400 1500 ompression 1.200 0 -1500 -3000 ion Compression 1.200 Co -4500 Collapse 1.000 -6000 Note: Limits are approximate -540000 -480000 -420000 -360000 -300000 -240000 -180000 -120000 -60000 120000 180000 240000 300000 360000 420000 480000 540000 600000 60000 0 Equivalent Axial Load (lbf)













# 8. Landmark StressCheck Screenshots – Inputs for Intermediate CSG Load Cases

### **Burst Load Cases**

General	
	-
Burst Loads Data	
Drilling Load:	Lost Returns with Water
Fracture at Shoe (MD= 13111.00 ft):	10591 psi
Mud/Water Interface, MD:	0.00 ft
Mud Weight	11.28 ppg
Assigned External Pressure:	Fluid Gradients (w/ Pore Pressure)
Drilling Load:	Gas Kick Profile
Influx Depth, MD:	23361.00 ft
Kick Volume:	50.0 bbl
Kick Intensity	0.50 ppg
Maximum Mud Weight:	13.50 ppg
Kick Gas Gravity:	0.55 (0.1159 psi/ft @ 182 °F & 9291 psi)
Fracture at Shoe (MD= 13111.00 ft):	10591 psi
Drill Pipe OD:	5.000 in
Collar OD:	5.500 in
Collar Length:	200.00 ft
Assigned External Pressure:	Fluid Gradients (w/ Pore Pressure)
Drilling Load:	Pressure Test
Test Pressure:	3120 psi
Mud Weight:	10.00 ppg
Assigned External Pressure:	Fluid Gradients (w/ Pore Pressure)
Drilling Load:	Green Cement Pressure Test
Test Pressure:	2000 psi
Mud Weight at Shoe:	10.00 ppg
TOC, MD:	25.00 ft
Lead Slurry Density:	13.30 ppg
Tail Slurry Density:	13.30 ppg
Tail Slurry Length:	5906.00 ft
Displacement Fluid Density:	10.00 ppg
Float Collar Depth, MD:	12800.00 ft
External Pressure:	Fluid Gradients (w/ Pore Pressure)
TOC, MD:	25.00 ft
Prior Shoe, MD:	1200.00 ft
Mud Weight Above TOC:	10.00 ppg
Fluid Gradient Below TOC:	8.33 ppg
Wellhead Pressure:	13 psi
Pore Pressure In Open Hole:	Yes





.



### **Collapse Load Cases**

General	
	<b></b>
Collapse Loads Data	
Drilling Load:	Cementing
Mud Weight at Shoe:	10.00 ppg
TOC, MD:	25.00 ft
Lead Slurry Density:	13.30 ppg
Tail Slurry Density:	13.30 ppg
Tail Slurry Length:	5906.00 ft
Displacement Fluid Density:	10.00 ppg
Float Collar Depth, MD:	12800.00 ft
Assigned External Pressure:	Fluid Gradients (w/ Pore Pressure)
Drilling Load:	Lost Returns with Mud Drop
Lost Returns Depth, MD:	13110.89 ft
Pore Pressure at Lost Returns Depth:	8183 psi
Pore Pressure Gradient at Lost Returns Depth:	12.33 ppg
Mud Weight:	13.50 ppg
Mud Drop Level, MD:	1106.39 ft
Assigned External Pressure:	Fluid Gradients (w/ Pore Pressure)
External Pressure:	Fluid Gradients (w/ Pore Pressure)
TOC, MD:	25.00 ft
Prior Shoe, MD:	1200.00 ft
Fluid Gradient Above TOC:	10.00 ppg
Fluid Gradient Below TOC:	10.00 ppg
Wellhead Pressure:	13 psi
Pore Pressure In Open Hole Below TOC:	No

### **Axial Load Cases**

General	
	•
Axial Loads Data	
Overpull Force:	100000 lbf
Pre-Cement Static Load:	Yes
Pickup Force:	0 lbf
Post-Cement Static Load:	Yes
Green Cement Pressure Test:	2000 psi
Service Loads:	Yes





### 9. Landmark StressCheck Screenshot – Int. Casing Triaxial Results Table (Pressure Test)

		∽  <u>%</u>  ∎		11	·		Intermediate C	- I and I							
4	II ···· 😳	MD 🔟 .	X * 🗷			<b>M</b>	- <u> </u>	🖳 🔜 Pre	ssure Test		•				
T	riaxial Resu	lts	Autol	arra (lb0	<b>F</b> ( <b>1 k</b>	D ( )		Absolute C	efet - Feeter			Deesew	(		
	Dep	th (MD)		Force (lbf)	Equivalent Axial Load	Bending Stress		Absolute S	afety Factor		Temperature	Pressur	re (psi)	Addt'l Pickup To	Buckle
		(ft)	Apparent (w/Bending)	Actual (w/o Bending)	(lbf)	at OD (psi)	Triaxial	Burst	Collapse (V)	Axial	(°F)	Internal	External	Prevent Buck. (lbf)	Length
2	8	12300	-142410	-17423	-94936	16622.5	1.79	2.10	N/A	(4.09)	178	9505	6732		
2	9	12400	-149639	-24652	-100590	16622.5	1.87	2.25	N/A	(3.89)	179	9555	6970		
3	0	12400	-149640	-24653	-100591	16622.5	1.87	2.25	N/A	(3.89)	179	9555	6970		
3	1	12500	-156448	-31461	-105919	16622.5	1.95	2.42	N/A	(3.72)	180	9603	7193		
3	2	12500	-156449	-31462	-105920	16622.5	1.95	2.42	N/A	(3.72)	180	9603	7193		
3	3	12550	-159630	-34643	-108410	16622.5	1.99	2.50	N/A	(3.64)	180	9625	7298		
3		12550	-159631	-34644	-108411	16622.5	1.99	2.50	N/A	(3.64)	180	9625	7298		
3		12600	-162630	-37643	-110759	16622.5	2.03	2.59	N/A	(3.58)	180	9646	7396		
3		12600	-162631	-37644	-110760	16622.5	2.03	2.59	N/A	(3.58)	180	9646	7396		
3		12650	-165426	-40439	-112949	16622.5	2.07	2.67	N/A	(3.52)	181	9665	7488		
3		12650	-165427	-40440	-112950	16622.5	2.07	2.67	N/A	(3.52)	181	9665	7488		
3		12700	-167997	-43010	-114963	16622.5	2.10	2.76	N/A	(3.46)	181	9683	7573		
4		12700	-167998	-43011	-114963	16622.5	2.10	2.76	N/A	(3.46)	181	9683	7573		
4		12750	-170322	-45335	-116784	16622.5	2.13	2.84	N/A	(3.41)	181	9699	7649		
4		12750	-170323	-45336	-116785	16622.5	2.13	2.84	N/A	(3.41)	181	9699	7649		
4		12800	-172385	-47398	-118401	16622.5	2.16	2.91	N/A	(3.37)	181	9714	7717		
4		12800	-172386	-47399	-118401	16622.5	2.16	2.91	N/A	(3.37)	181	9714	7717		
4		12850	-174169	-49183	-119799	16622.5	2.19	2.98	N/A	(3.34)	182	9726	7775		
4		12850	-174170	-49183	-119800	16622.5	2.19	2.98	N/A	(3.34)	182	9726	7775		
4		12900	-175662	-50675	-120969	16622.5	2.21	3.04	N/A	(3.31)	182	9736	7824		
4		12950	-176851	-51864	-121901	16622.5	2.23	3.09	N/A	(3.29)	182	9745	7863		
4		13000	-177727	-52740	-122588	16622.5	2.24	3.13	N/A	(3.27)	182	9751	7892		
5		13000	-177728	-52741	-122588	16622.5	2.24	3.13	N/A	(3.27)	182	9751	7892		
5		13050	-178285	-53298	-123025	16622.5	2.25	3.15	N/A	(3.26)	182	9755	7910		
5		13111	-178527	-53540	-123214	16622.5	2.25	3.16	N/A	(3.26)	182	9756	7918		

Internal Pressure = Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic = 9756 psi External Pressure = Fluid Gradient w/ Pore Pressure = 7918 psi Burst SF = 3.16

NOTE: Specific load case inputs for the pressure test can be seen in **Section 8** above. The test pressure does not exceed 70% of the minimum internal yield.





### **10. Intermediate Non-API Casing Spec Sheet**



# Technical Data Sheet

7 5/8" 26.40 lbs/ft. L80HC - Axis HT

Месі	hanical	Properties	
Minimum Yield Strength	psi.	80,000	
Maximum Yield Strength	psi.	95,000	
Minimum Tensile Strength	psi.	95,000	
	Dimer	nsions	
		Pipe	AXIS HT
Outside Diameter	in.	7.625	8.500
Wall Thickness	in.	0.328	-
Inside Diameter	in.	6.969	-
Standard Drift	in.	6.844	6.844
Alternate Drift	in.	-	-
Plain End Weight	lbs/ft.	-	-
Nominal Linear Weight	lbs/ft.	26.40	-
	Perfor	mance	
		Pipe	AXIS HT
Minimum Collapse Pressure	psi.	4,320	-
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	psi.	6,020	6,020
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	lbs.	602 x 1,000	-
Joint Strength	lbs.	-	635 x 1,000
Ma	ake-Up	Torques	
		Pipe	AXIS HT
Optimum Make-Up Torque	ft/lbs.	-	8,000
Maximum Operational Torque	ft/lbs.	-	25,000

Disclaimer: The content of this Technical Data Sheet is for general information only and does not guarantee performance and/or accuracy, which can only be determined by a professional expert with the specific installation and operation parameters. Information printed or downloaded may not be current and no longer in control by Axis Pipe and Tube. Anyone using the information herein does so at his or her own risk. To verify that you have the latest technical information, please contact Axis Pipe and Tube Technical Sales +1 (979) 599-7600, www.axispipeandtube.com

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# Oxy Bulk Design - Casing Design "A"



### **11. Production Non-API Casing Spec Sheets**

TenarisHyc 461 <sup>®</sup> MS	dril Wedg		Body: 1	nd: Pale Green 2nd Band: Pa and: - 3rd Band: Pa	ale Green
Outside Diameter	5.500 in.	Wall Thickness	0.361 in.	Grade	P110-IC
Min. Wall Thickness	87.50 %	Pipe Body Drift	API Standard	Туре	Casing
Connection OD Option	MS				
Pipe Body Data					
Geometry				Performance	
Nominal OD	5.500 in.	Wall Thickness	0.361 in.	Body Yield Strength	729 x1000 I
Nominal Weight	20 lb/ft	Plain End Weight	19.83 lb/ft	Min. Internal Yield Pressure	14,360 ps
Drift	4.653 in.	OD Tolerance	API	SMYS	125,000 ps
Nominal ID	4.778 in.			Collapse Pressure	12,300 ps
Connection Data					
Geometry		Performance		Make-Up Torques	
Connection OD	6.050 in.	Tension Efficiency	100 %	Minimum	17,000 ft-l
Coupling Length	7.714 in.	Joint Yield Strength	729 x1000 lb	Optimum	18,000 ft-l
Connection ID	4.778 in.	Internal Pressure Capacity	14,360 psi	Maximum	21,600 ft-ll
Make-up Loss	3.775 in.	Compression Efficiency	100 %	Operation Limit Torques	
Threads per inch	3.40	Compression Strength	729 x1000 lb		43,000 ft-l
Connection OD Option	Ms	Max. Allowable Bending	104 °/100 ft	Operating Torque	
		External Pressure Capacity	12,300 psi	Yield Torque	51,000 ft-l
		Coupling Face Load	273,000 lb	Buck-On	
				Minimum	21,600 ft-l

Wedge 4610°-5.5 in - 0.304 / 0.415 / 0.476 in. Connections with Dopeless® Technology are fully compatible with the same connection in its Standard version In October 2019, TenarisHydril Wedge XP® 2.0 was renamed TenarisHydril Wedge 461™. Product dimensions and properties remain identical and both connections are fully interchangeable. interchangeable

For the lastest performance data, always visit our website: www.tenaris.com

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Generated on May 21, 2024



#### CONNECTION DATA SHEET

OD: <b>5.500 in.</b>	Grade: P110
Weight: 20.00 lb/ft	Drift: 4.653 in. (API)
Wall Th.: 0.361 in.	

# **VAM<sup>®</sup> SPRINT-SF**

# Semi-Flush

### **PIPE BODY PROPERTIES =**

Nominal OD	5.500	in.
Nominal ID	4.778	in.
Nominal Wall Thickness	0.361	in.
Minimum Wall Thickness	87.5	%
Nominal Weight (API)	20.00	lb/ft
Plain End Weight	19.83	lb/ft
Drift	4.653	in.
Grade Type	API 5CT	
Minimum Yield Strength	110	ksi
Maximum Yield Strength	140	ksi
Minimum Ultimate Tensile Strength	125	ksi
Pipe Body Yield Strength	641	klb
Internal Yield Pressure	12,640	psi
Collapse Pressure	11,100	psi

#### **CONNECTION PROPERTIES** -

Connection Type	Semi-Pre	emium Integral
Nominal Connection OD	5.783	in.
Nominal Connection ID	4.718	in.
Make-up Loss	5.965	in.
Tension Efficiency	90	% Pipe Body
Compression Efficiency	90	% Pipe Body
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100	% Pipe Body
External Pressure Efficiency	100	% Pipe Body

#### JOINT PERFORMANCES

Tension Strength	577	klb
Compression Strength	577	klb
Internal Pressure Resistance	12,640	psi
External Pressure Resistance	11,100	psi
Maximum Bending, Structural	78	°/100 ft
Maximum Bending, with Sealability(1)	30	°/100 ft

to contact us

(1) Sealability rating demonstrated as per API RP 5C5 / ISO 13679



Make-up Torque (ft-lb) 20,000 MIN 22,500 OPTI 25,000 MAX

Torque with Sealability (ft-lb)

Locked Flank Torque (ft-lb)

4,500 MIN 15,750 MAX

(2) MTS: Maximum Torque with Sealability.

36,000 MTS

BOOST YOUR EFFICIENCY, REDUCE COSTS AND ENSURE 100% WELL INTEGRITY WITH VAM<sup>®</sup> FIELD SERVICE



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OD (in.)	WEIGHT (lbs./ft.)	WALL (in.)	GRADE	API DRIFT (in.) RBW%	CONNECTI
5.500	Nominal: 20.00 Plain End: 19.83	0.361	‡VST P110M	Y 4.653 87.5	DWC/C-HT
PIPE PROPERTIE				CONNECTION PROPERTIES	
New Jose OD		5.500	1	Connection Type	Semi
Nominal OD Nominal ID		5.500 4.778	in. in.	Connection OD (nom)	6.05
Nominal Area		5.828	sq.in.	Connection ID (nom)	4.77
Grade Type			API 5CT	Make-Up Loss	4.12
Min. Yield Strength		125	ksi	Coupling Length	9.25
Max. Yield Strength		140	ksi	Critical Cross Section	5.82
Min. Tensile Strength		135	ksi	Tension Efficiency	89.1
Yield Strength		729	klb	Compression Efficiency	88.0
Ultimate Strength		787	klb	Internal Pressure Efficiency External Pressure Efficiency	86.1
Min. Internal Yield Pres Collapse Pressure	sure	14,360 12,090	psi psi	External Pressure Efficiency	100.0
	RFORMANCES			FIELD TORQUE VALUES	
Yield Strength		649	klb	Min. Make-up torque	16,60
Parting Load		729	klb	Opti. Make-up torque	17,95
Compression Rating Min. Internal Yield Pres	51170	641 12,360	klb psi	Max. Make-up torque Min. Shoulder Torque	19,30
External Pressure Resi		12,090	psi	Max. Shoulder Torque	13,28
Maximum Uniaxial Ben		91.7	°/100 ft	Max. Delta Turn	0.20
Reference String Lengt	-	22,890	ft.	+Maximum Operational Torque	23,80
				†Maximum Torsional Value (MTV)	26,1
	ional Torque and Maximum Tor g Min Yield Strength is 110ksi an r as the mill source for the pipe, ' : <u>tech.support@vam-usa.com</u>	nd Coupling Max Yield is 12	5ksi.	P110MY Material.	









VAM USA 2107 CityWest Boulevard Suite 1300 Houston, TX 77042 Phone: 713-479-3200 Fax: 713-479-3234 VAM<sup>©</sup> USA Sales E-mail: <u>VAMUSAsales@vam-usa.com</u> Tech Support Email: <u>tech.support@vam-usa.com</u>

#### DWC Connection Data Sheet Notes:

- 1. DWC connections are available with a seal ring (SR) option.
- 2. All standard DWC/C connections are interchangeable for a given pipe OD. DWC connections are interchangeable with DWC/C-SR connections of the same OD and wall.
- 3. Connection performance properties are based on nominal pipe body and connection dimensions.
- 4. DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
- 6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.

8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.

9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.

10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.

11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.

12. DWC/C family of connections are compatible with API Buttress BTC connections. Please contact tech.support@vam-usa.com for details on connection ratings and make-up.

Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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03/04/2024 08:36:50 PM



### **OXY USA Inc** APD ATTACHMENT: SPUDDER RIG DATA

### **OPERATOR NAME / NUMBER:** <u>OXY USA Inc</u>

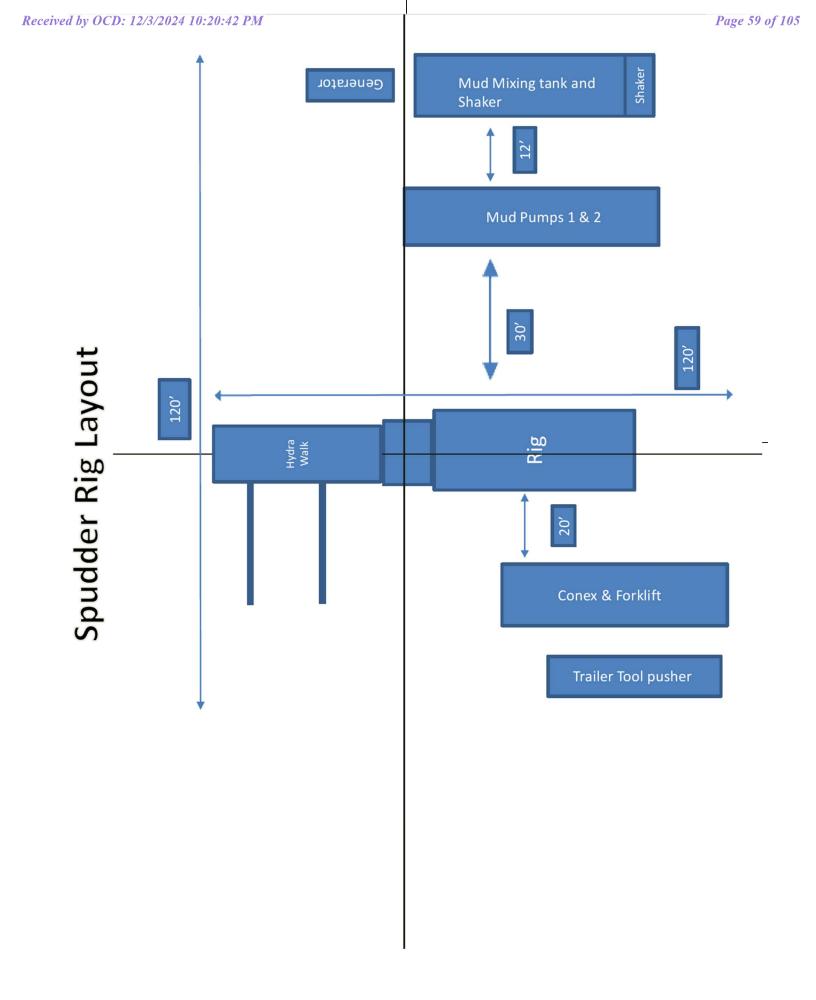
### 1. SUMMARY OF REQUEST:

Oxy USA respectfully requests approval for the following operations for the surface hole in the drill plan:

1. Utilize a spudder rig to pre-set surface casing for time and cost savings.

#### 2. Description of Operations

- 1. Spudder rig will move in to drill the surface hole and pre-set surface casing on the well.
  - a. After drilling the surface hole section, the spudder rig will run casing and cement following all of the applicable rules and regulations (43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172, all COAs and NMOCD regulations).
  - b. The spudder rig will utilize fresh water-based mud to drill the surface hole to TD. Solids control will be handled entirely on a closed loop basis. No earth pits will be used.
- 2. The wellhead will be installed and tested as soon as the surface casing is cut off and the WOC time has been reached.
- **3.** A blind flange at the same pressure rating as the wellhead will be installed to seal the wellbore. Pressure will be monitored with needle valves installed on two wingvalves.
  - **a.** A means for intervention will be maintained while the drilling rig is not over the well.
- 4. Spudder rig operations are expected to take 2-3 days per well on the pad.
- 5. The BLM will be contacted and notified 24 hours prior to commencing spudder rig operations.
- 6. Drilling operations will begin with a larger rig and a BOP stack equal to or greater than the pressure rating that was permitted will be nippled up and tested on the wellhead before drilling operations resume on each well.
  - a. The larger rig will move back onto the location within 90 days from the point at which the wells are secured and the spudder rig is moved off location.
  - b. The BLM will be contacted / notified 24 hours before the larger rig moves back on the pre-set locations.
- 7. Oxy will have supervision on the rig to ensure compliance with all BLM and NMOCD regulations and to oversee operations.
- 8. Once the rig is removed, Oxy will secure the wellhead area by placing a guard rail around the cellar area.



# **Bradenhead Cement CBL Variance Request**

Oxy requests permission to adjust the CBL requirement after bradenhead cement jobs, on 7-5/8" intermediate casings, as per the agreement reached in the OXY/BLM meeting on September 5, 2019.

### Three string wells:

- CBL will be required on one well per pad
- If the pumped volume of cement is less than permitted in the APD, BLM will be notified and a CBL may be run
- Echometer will be used after bradenhead cement job to determine TOC before pumping top-out cement

### Four string wells:

- CBL is not required
- If the pumped volume of cement is less than permitted in the APD, BLM will be notified and a CBL may be run
- Echometer will be used after bradenhead cement job to determine TOC before pumping top-out cement

# **Offline Cementing Variance Request**

Oxy requests a variance to cement the 9.625" and/or 7.625" intermediate casing strings offline in accordance to the approved variance, EC Tran 461365.

### 1. Cement Program

No changes to the cement program will take place for offline cementing.

### 2. Offline Cementing Procedure

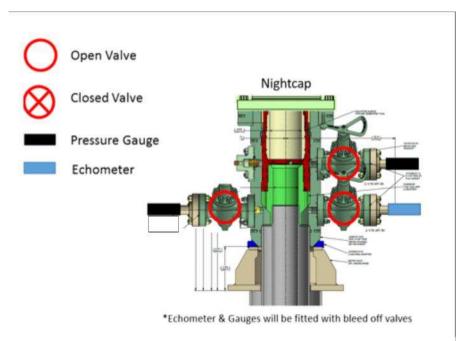
The operational sequence will be as follows:

- 1. Run casing as per normal operations. While running casing, conduct negative pressure test and confirm integrity of the float equipment (float collar and shoe)
- 2. Land casing with mandrel
- 3. Fill pipe with kill weight fluid, do not circulate through floats and confirm well is static
- 4. Set annular packoff shown below and pressure test to confirm integrity of the seal. Pressure ratings of wellhead components and valves is 5,000 psi

Annular packoff with both external and internal seals



-

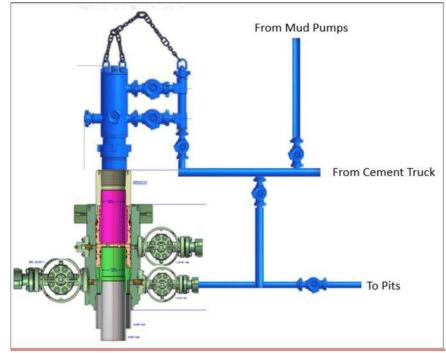


Wellhead diagram during skidding operations

5. After confirmation of both annular barriers and internal barriers, nipple down BOP and install cap flange.

a. If any barrier fails to test, the BOP stack will not be nippled down until after the cement job is completed with cement 500ft above the highest formation capable of flow with kill weight mud above or after it has achieved 50 psi compressive strength if cannot be verified.

- 6. Skid rig to next well on pad.
- 7. Confirm well is static before removing cap flange, flange will not be removed and offline cementing operations will not commence until well is under control. If well is not static, casing outlet valves will provide access to both the casing ID and annulus. Rig or third party pump truck will kill well prior to cementing or nippling up for further remediation.
  - a. Well Control Plan
    - i. The Drillers Method will be the primary well control method to regain control of the wellbore prior to cementing, if wellbore conditions do not permit the drillers method other methods of well control may be used
    - ii. Rig pumps or a  $3^{rd}$  party pump will be tied into the upper casing valve to pump down the casing ID
    - iii. A high pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
    - iv. Once influx is circulated out of the hole, kill weight mud will be circulated
    - v. Well will be confirmed static
    - vi. Once confirmed static, cap flange will be removed to allow for offline cementing operations to commence
- 8. Install offline cement tool
- 9. Rig up cement equipment



Wellhead diagram during offline cementing operations

- 10. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
  - a. If gas is present on bottoms up, well will be shut in and returns rerouted through gas buster to handle entrained gas
  - b. Max anticipated time before circulating with cement truck is 6 hrs
- 11. Perform cement job taking returns from the annulus wellhead valve
- 12. Confirm well is static and floats are holding after cement job
- 13. Remove cement equipment, offline cement tools and install night cap with pressure gauge for monitoring.

# **BOP Break Testing Request**

Oxy requests permission to adjust the BOP break testing requirements as per the agreement reached in the OXY/BLM meeting on September 5, 2019.

BOP break test under the following conditions:

- After a full BOP test is conducted
- When skidding to drill an intermediate section where ICP is set into the third Bone Spring or shallower.
- When skidding to drill a production section that does not penetrate into the third Bone Spring or deeper.

If the kill line is broken prior to skid, two tests will be performed.

- 1) Wellhead flange, co-flex hose, kill line connections and upper pipe rams
- 2) Wellhead flange, HCR valve, check valve, upper pipe rams

If the kill line is not broken prior to skid, only one test will be performed.

1)Wellhead flange, co-flex hose, check valve, upper pipe rams

See supporting information below:

Subject: Request for a Variance Allowing Break Testing of a Blowout Preventer Stack

OXY USA Inc. (OXY) requests a variance to allow break testing of the Blowout Preventer (BOP) stack when skidding a drilling rig between wells on multi-well pads. This practice entails retesting only the connections of the **BOP** stack that have been disconnected during this operation and not a complete **BOP** test.

### **Background**

43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 states that a **BOP** test must be performed whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken. The current interpretation of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) is this requires a complete **BOP** test and not just a test of the affected component. 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172, Section I.D.2. states, "Some situations may exist either on a well-by-well basis or field-wide basis whereby it is commonly accepted practice to vary a particular minimum standard(s) established in this Order. This situation can be resolved by requesting a variance...". OXY feels the practice of break testing the **BOP** stack is such a situation. Therefore, as per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172, Section IV., OXY submits this request for the variance.

### Supporting Rationale

43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 became effective on December 19, 1988, and has remained the standard for regulating BLM onshore drilling operations for almost 30 years. During this time there have been significant changes in drilling technology. **BLM** continues to use the variance request process to allow for the use of modern technology and acceptable engineering practices that have arisen since 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 was originally released. The drilling rig fleet OXY utilizes in New Mexico was built with many modern upgrades. One of which allows the rigs to skid between wells on multi-well pads. A part of this rig package is a hydraulic winch system which safely installs and removes the BOP from the wellhead and carries it during skidding operations. This technology has made break testing a safe and reliable procldure.

American Petroleum Institute (API) standards, specifications and recommended practices are considered industry standards and are consistently utilized and referenced by the industry. 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 recognized API Recommended Practices (RP) 53 in its original development. API Standard 53,

*Blowout Prevention Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells* (Fourth Edition, November 2012, Addendum 1, July 2016) recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice. Specifically, API Standard 53, Section 6.5.3.4.1.b states "Pressure tests on the well control equipment shall be conducted after the disconnection or repair of any pressure containment seal in the **BOP** stack, choke line, kill line, choke manifold, or wellhead assembly but limited to the affected component."

The Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE), Department of Interior, has also utilized the API standards, specifications and best practices in the development of its offshore oil and gas regulations and incorporates them by reference within its regulations. BSEE issued new offshore regulations under 30 CFR Part 250, *Oil and Gas and Sulphur Operations in the Outer Continental Shelf - Blowout Preventer Systems and Well Control*, which became effective on July 28, 2016. Section 250.737(d.1) states "Follow the testing requirements of API Standard 53". In addition, Section 250.737(d.8) has adopted language from **API** Standard 53 as it states "Pressure test affected **BOP** components following the disconnection or repair of any well-pressure containment seal in the wellhead or **BOP** stack assembly".

Break testing has been approved by the BLM in the past. See the Appendix for a Sundry Notice that was approved in 2015 by the Farmington Field Office. This approval granted permission for the operator to break test when skidding its Aztec 1000 rig on multi-well pads.

Oxy feels break testing and our current procedures meet the intent of 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 and often exceed it. We have not seen any evidence that break testing results in more components failing tests than seen on full BOP tests. As skidding operations take place within the 30-day full BOPE test window, the BOP shell and components such as the pipe rams and check valve get tested to the full rated working pressure more often. Therefore, there are more opportunities to ensure components are in good working order. Also, Oxy's standard requires complete BOP tests more often than that of 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172. In addition to function testing the annular at least weekly and the pipe and blind rams on each trip, Oxy also performs a choke drill prior to drilling out every casing shoe. As a crew's training is a vital part of well control, this procedure to simulate step one of the Driller's Method exceeds the requirements of 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.

### Procedures

- 1) OXY to submit the break testing plan in the APD or Sundry Notice (SN) and receive approval prior to implementing (See Appendix for examples)
- 2) OXY would perform BOP break testing on multi-well pads where multiple intermediate sections can be drilled and cased within the 30-day BOP test window
- 3) After performing a complete BOP test on the first well and drilling and casing the hole section, three breaks would be made on the BOP.
  - Between the check valve and the kill line
  - > Between the HCR valve and the co-flex hose or the co-flex hose and the manifold
  - Between the BOP flange and the wellhead
- 4) The BOP is then lifted and removed from the wellhead by the hydraulic winch system
- 5) After skidding to the next well, the BOP is moved to the wellhead by the hydraulic winch system and installed
- 6) The choke line and kill line are reconnected
- 7) A test plug is installed in the wellhead with a joint of drill pipe and the internal parts of the check valve are removed
- 8) A shell teit is performed against the upper pipe rams testing all thl-ee breaks
- 9) The internal parts of the check valve are reinstalled and the HCR valve is closed. A second test is performed on them
- 10) These tests consist of a 250 psi low test and a high test to the value submitted in the APD or SN (e.g., 5000 psi)
- 11) Perform a function test of components not pressure tested to include the lower pipe rams, the blind rams and the annular
- 12) If this were a three well pad, the same three breaks on the BOP would be made and steps 4 through 11 would be repeated
- 13) A second break test would only be done if the third hole section could be completed within the 30-day BOP test window
- 14) If a second break test is performed, additional components that were not tested on the initial break test will be tested on this break test

### Notes:

- a. If any parts of the BOP are changed out or any additional breaks are made during the skidding operation, these affected components would also be tested as in step 10.
- b. As the choke manifold remains stationary during the skidding operation and the only break to the manifold is tested in step 8 above, no further testing of the manifold is done until the next full BOP test.

### **Summary**

OXY requests a variance to allow break testing of the BOP stack when skidding drilling rigs between wells on multi-well pads. API standards, specifications and recommended practices are considered industry standards and are consistently utilized and referenced by the industry and the BLM. API Standard 53 recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice and BSEE adopted language from this standard into its newly created 30 CFR Part 250 which also supports break testing. Due to this, OXY feels this request meets the intent of 43 CFR part 3170

OXY Permian Delaware NM Basin Drilling & Completions Incident Reporting				
OXY Permian Crisis Team Hotline Notification				
Person	Location	Office Phone	Cell/Mobile Phone	
Drilling & Completions Department				
Drilling & Completions Manager: John Willis	Houston	(713) 366-5556	(713) 259-1417	
Drilling Superintendent: Simon Benavides	Houston	(713) 215-7403	(832) 528-3547	
Completions Superintendent: Chris Winter	Houston	(713) 366-5212	(806) 239-8774	
Drilling Eng. Supervisor: Diego Tellez	Houston	(713) 350-4602	(713) 303-4932	
Drilling Eng. Supervisor: Randy Neel	Houston	(713) 215-7987	(713) 517-5544	
Completions Eng. Supervisor: Evan Hinkel	Houston	(713) 366-5436	(281) 236-6153	
Drilling & Completions HES Lead. Ryan Green	Houston	713-336-5753	281-520-5216	
Drilling & Completions HES Advisor:Kenny Williams	Carlsbad	(432) 686-1434	(337) 208-0911	
Drilling & Completions HES Advisor:Kyle Holden	Carlsbad	(432) 686-1435	(661) 369-5328	
Drilling & Completions HES Advisor Sr:Dave Schmidt	Carlsbad		(559) 310-8572	
Drilling & Completions HES Advisor. :Seth Doyle	Carlsbad		(337) 499-0756	
HES / Enviromental & Regulatory	<u></u>	041		
Department	Location	Office	Cell Phone	
Jon Hamil-HES Manager	Houston	(713) 497-2494	(832) 537-9885	
Mark Birk-HES Manager	Houston	(713) 350-4615	(949) 413-3127	
Austin Tramell	Midland	(432) 699-4208	(575) 499-4919	
Rico Munoz	Midland	(432) 699-8366	(432) 803-4116	
Amber DuckWorth	Midland		(832) 966-1879	
Kelley Montgomery- Regulatory Manager	Houston	(713) 366-5716	(832) 454-8137	
Sandra Musallam -Regulatory Lead	Houston	+1 (713) 366-5106	+1 (713) 504-8577	
Bishop, Steve-DOT Pipeline Coordinator	Midland	432-685-5614		
Wilson, Dusty-Safety Advisor	Midland	432-685-5771	(432) 254-2336	
John W Dittrich Eniromental Advisor	Midland		(575) 390-2828	
William (Jack) Calhoun-Environmental Lead	Houston	+713 (350) 4906	(281) 917-8571	
Robert Barrow-Risk Engineer Manager	Houston	(713) 366-5611	(832) 867-5336	
Sarah Holmes-HSE Cordinator	Midland	432-685-5758		
Administrative	Location	Office		
Sarah Holmes	Midland	432-685-5830		
Robertson, Debbie	Midland	432-685-5812		
Laci Hollaway	Midland	(432) 685-5716	(432) 631-6341	
Administrative	Location	Office		
Rosalinda Escajeda	Midland	432-685-5831		
Moreno, Leslie (contract)	Hobbs	575-397-8247		

Sehon, Angela (contractor)	Levelland	806-894-8347	
Vasquez, Claudia (contractor)	North Cowden	432-385-3120	
XstremeMD	Location	Office	
Medical Case Management	Orla, TX	(337) 205-9314	
Axiom Medical Consulting	Location	Office	
Medical Case Management		(877) 502-9466	
Regulatory Agencies			
Bureau of Land Management	Carlsbad, NM	(505) 887-6544	
Bureau of Land Management	Hobbs, NM	(505) 393-3612	
Bureau of Land Management	Roswell, NM	(505) 393-3612	
Bureau of Land Management	Santa Fe, NM	(505) 988-6030	
DOT Juisdictional Pipelines-Incident Reporting New		(505) 827-3549	
Mexico Public Regulaion Commission	Santa Fe, NM	(505) 490-2375	
DOT Juisdictional Pipelines-Incident Reporting Texas Railroad Commission	Austin, TX	(512) 463-6788	
EPA Hot Line	Dallas, Texas	(214) 665-6444	
Federal OSHA, Area Office	Lubbock, Texas	(806) 472-7681	
National Response Center	Washington, D. C.	(800) 424-8802	
National Infrastructure Coordinator Center		(202) 282-9201	
New Mexico Air Quality Bureau	Santa Fe, NM	(505) 827-1494	
			After Hours (505) 370-
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division	Artesia, NM	(505) 748-1283	7545
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division	Hobbs, NM	(505) 393-6161	
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division	Santa Fe, NM	(505) 471-1068	
New Mexico OCD Environmental Bureau	Santa Fe, NM	(505) 476-3470	
New Mexico Environmental Department	Hobbs, NM	(505) 827-9329	
NM State Emergency Response Center	Santa Fe, NM	(505) 827-9222	
Railroad Commission of TX	District 1 San Antonio, TX	(210) 227-1313	
Railroad Commission of TX	District 7C San Angelo, TX	(325) 657-7450	
Railroad Commission of TX	District 8, 8A Midland, TX	(432) 684-5581	
Texas Emergency Response Center	Austin, TX	(512) 463-7727	
TCEQ Air	Region 2 Lubbock, TX	(806) 796-3494	
TCEQ Water/Waste/Air	Region 3 Abilene, TX	(325) 698-9674	
TCEQ Water/Waste/Air	Region 7 Midland, TX	(432) 570-1359	
TCEQ Water/Waste/Air	Region 9 San Antonio, TX	(512) 734-7981	
TCEQ Water/Waste/Air	Region 8 San Angelo	(325) 655-9479	
Medical Facilities			
Abernathy Medical Clinic	Abernathy, TX	(806) 298-2524	
Alliance Hospital	Odessa, TX	(432) 550-1000	
Artesia General Hospital	Artesia, NM	(432) 330-1000	
Brownfield Regional Medical Center	Brownfield, TX	(806) 637-3551	
Cogdell Memorial Hospital	Snyder, TX	(325) 573-6374	
Covenant Hospital Levelland	Levelland, TX	(806) 894-4963	
Covenant Hospital Levenanu		(000) 094-4903	

Covenant Medical Center	Lubbock, TX	(806) 725-1011
Covenant Medical Center Lakeside	Lubbock, TX	(806) 725-6000
Covenant Family Health	Synder, TX	(325) 573-1300
Crockett County Hospital	Ozona, TX	(325) 392-2671
Guadalupe Medical Center	Carlsbad, NM	(505) 887-6633
Lea Regional Hospital	Hobbs, NM	(505) 492-5000
McCamey Hospital	McCamey, TX	(432) 652-8626
Medical Arts Hospital	Lamesa, TX	(806) 872-2183
Medical Center Hospital	Odessa, TX	(432) 640-4000
Medi Center Hospital	San Angelo, TX	(325) 653-6741
Memorial Hospital	Ft. Stockton	(432) 336-2241
Memorial Hospital	Seminole, TX	(432) 758-5811
Midland Memorial Hospital	Midland, TX	(432) 685-1111
Nor-Lea General Hospital	Lovington, NM	(505) 396-6611
Odessa Regional Hospital	Odessa, TX	(432) 334-8200
Permian General Hospital	Andrews, TX	(432) 523-2200
Reagan County Hospital	Big Lake, TX	(325) 884-2561
Reeves County Hospital	Pecos, TX	(432) 447-3551
Shannon Medical Center	San Angelo, TX	(325) 653-6741
Union County General Hospital	Clayton, NM	(505) 374-2585
University Medical Center	Lubbock, TX	(806) 725-8200
Val Verde Regional Medical Center	Del Rio, TX	(830) 775-8566
Ward Memorial Hospital	Monahans, TX	(432) 943-2511
Yoakum County Hospital	Denver City, TX	(806) 592-5484
		(000) 552-5404
Law Enforcement - Sheriff		
Andrews Cty Sheriff's Department	Andrews County(Andrews)	(432) 523-5545
Crane Cty Sheriff's Department	Crane, County (Crane)	(432) 558-3571
Crockett Cty Sheriff's Department	Crockett County (Ozona)	(325) 392-2661
Dawson Cty Sheriff's Department	Dawson County (Lamesa)	(806) 872-7560
Ector Cty Sheriff's Department	Ector County (Odessa)	(432) 335-3050
Eddy Cty Sheriff's Department	Eddy County (Artesia)	(505) 746-2704
Eddy Cty Sheriff's Department	Eddy County (Carlsbad)	(505) 887-7551
Gaines Cty Sheriff's Department	Gaines County (Seminole)	(432) 758-9871
Hockley Cty Sheriff's Department	Hockley County(Levelland)	(806) 894-3126
Kent Cty (Jayton City Sheriff's Dept.)	Kent County(Jayton)	(806) 237-3801
Lea Cty Sheriff's Department	Lea County (Eunice)	(505) 384-2020
Lea Cty Sheriff's Department	Lea County (Hobbs)	(505) 393-2515
Lea Cty Sheriff's Department	Lea County (Lovington)	(505) 396-3611
Lubbock Cty Sheriff's Department	Lubbock Cty (Abernathy)	(806) 296-2724
Midland Cty Sheriff's Department	Midland County (Midland)	(432) 688-1277
Pecos Cty Sheriff's Department	Pecos County (Iraan)	(432) 639-2251
Reeves Cty Sheriff's Department	Reeves County (Pecos)	(432) 445-4901
Scurry Cty Sheriff's Department	Scurry County (Snyder)	(325) 573-3551

Terry Cty Sheriff's Department	Terry County (Brownfield)	(806) 637-2212	
Union Cty Sheriff's Department	Union County (Clayton)	(505) 374-2583	
Upton Cty Sheriff's Department	Upton County (Rankin)	(432) 693-2422	
Ward Cty Sheriff's Department	Ward County (Monahans)	(432) 943-3254	
Yoakum City Sheriff's Department	Yoakum Co. (Denever City)	(806) 456-2377	
Law Enforcement - Police			
Abernathy City Police	Abernathy, TX	(806) 298-2545	
Andrews City Police	Andrews, TX	(432) 523-5675	
Artesia City Police	Artesia, NM	(505) 746-2704	
Brownfield City Police	Brownfield, TX	(806) 637-2544	
Carlsbad City Police	Carlsbad, NM	(505) 885-2111	
Clayton City Police	Clayton, NM	(505) 374-2504	
Denver City Police	Denver City, TX	(806) 592-3516	
Eunice City Police	Eunice, NM	(505) 394-2112	
Habba City Dalias	Habba NM	(505) 397-9265 (505) 393-2677	
Hobbs City Police Jal City Police	Hobbs, NM Jal, NM	(505) 395-2501	
Jayton City Police	Jayton, TX	(806) 237-3801	
Lamesa City Police	Lamesa, TX	(806) 872-2121	
Levelland City Police	Levelland, TX	(806) 894-6164	
Lovington City Police	Lovington, NM	(505) 396-2811	
Midland City Police	Midland, TX	(432) 685-7113	
Monahans City Police	Monahans, TX	(432) 943-3254	
Odessa City Police	Odessa, TX	(432) 335-3378	
Seminole City Police	Seminole, TX	(432) 758-9871	
Snyder City Police	Snyder, TX	(325) 573-2611	
Sundown City Police	Sundown, TX	(806) 229-8241	
		(000)	
Law Enforcement - FBI			
FBI	Alburqueque, NM	(505) 224-2000	
FBI	Midland, TX	(432) 570-0255	
Law Enforcement - DPS			
NM State Police	Artesia, NM	(505) 746-2704	
NM State Police	Carlsbad, NM	(505) 885-3137	
NM State Police	Eunice, NM	(505) 392-5588	
NM State Police	Hobbs, NM	(505) 392-5588	
NM State Police	Clayton, NM	(505) 374-2473; 911	
TX Dept of Public Safety	Andrews, TX	(432) 524-1443	
TX Dept of Public Safety	Big Lake, TX	(325) 884-2301	
TX Dept of Public Safety	Brownfield, TX	(806) 637-2312	
TX Dept of Public Safety	Iraan, TX	(432) 639-3232	
TX Dept of Public Safety	Lamesa, TX	(806) 872-8675	
TX Dept of Public Safety	Levelland, TX	(806) 894-4385	

TV Dept of Dublic Sofety	Lubbock, TX	(806) 747-4491
TX Dept of Public Safety		
TX Dept of Public Safety	Midland, TX	(432) 697-2211
TX Dept of Public Safety	Monahans, TX	(432) 943-5857
TX Dept of Public Safety	Odessa, TX	(432) 332-6100
TX Dept of Public Safety	Ozona, TX	(325) 392-2621
TX Dept of Public Safety	Pecos, TX	(432) 447-3533
TX Dept of Public Safety	Seminole, TX	(432) 758-4041
TX Dept of Public Safety	Snyder, TX	(325) 573-0113
TX Dept of Public Safety	Terry County TX	(806) 637-8913
TX Dept of Public Safety	Yoakum County TX	(806) 456-2377
Firefighting & Rescue		
Abernathy	Abernathy, TX	(806) 298-2022
Amistad/Rosebud	Amistad/Rosebud, NM	(505) 633-9113
		(432) 523-4820; (432)
Andrews	Andrews, TX	523-3111
Artesia	Artesia, NM	(505) 746-5051
Big Lake	Big Lake, TX	(325) 884-3650
Brownfield-Administrative & other calls	Brownfield, TX	(816) 637-4547
Brownfield emergency only	Brownfield, TX	-911
Carlsbad	Carlsbad, NM	(505) 885-3125
Clayton	Clayton, NM	(505) 374-2435
Cotton Center	Cotton Center, TX	(806) 879-2157
Crane	Crane, TX	(432) 558-2361
Del Rio	Del Rio, TX	(830) 774-8650
Denver City	Denver City, TX	(806) 592-3516
Eldorado	Eldorado, TX	(325) 853-2691
Eunice	Eunice, NM	(505) 394-2111
Garden City	Garden City, TX	(432) 354-2404
Goldsmith	Goldsmith, TX	(432) 827-3445
Hale Center	Hale Center, TX	(806) 839-2411
Halfway	Halfway, TX	
Hobbs	Hobbs, NM	(505) 397-9308
Jal	Jal, NM	(505) 395-2221
Jayton	Jayton, TX	(806) 237-3801
Kermit	Kermit, TX	(432) 586-3468
Lamesa	Lamesa, TX	(806) 872-4352
Levelland	Levelland, TX	(806) 894-3154
Lovington	Lovington, NM	(505) 396-2359
Maljamar	Maljamar, NM	(505) 676-4100
McCamey	McCamey, TX	(432) 652-8232
Midland	Midland, TX	(432) 685-7346
Monahans	Monahans, TX	(432) 943-4343
Nara Visa	Nara Visa, NM	(505) 461-3300
Notrees	Notress, TX	(432) 827-3445

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Odessa	Odessa, TX	(432) 335-4659	
Ozona	Ozona, TX	(325) 392-2626	
Pecos	Pecos, TX	(432) 445-2421	
Petersburg	Petersburg, TX	(806) 667-3461	
Plains			
	Plains, TX	(806) 456-8067	
Plainview	Plainview, TX	(806) 296-1170	
Rankin	Rankin, TX	(432) 693-2252	
San Angelo	San Angelo, TX	(325) 657-4355	
Sanderson	Sanderson, TX	(432) 345-2525	
Seminole	Seminole, TX	(432) 758-3676 (432) 758-9871	
Smyer	Smyer, TX	(806) 234-3861	
Snyder	Snyder, TX	(325) 573-6215	
Sundown	Sundown, TX	911	
Tucumcari	Tucumcari, NM	911	
West Odessa	Odessa, TX	(432) 381-3033	
Ambulance			
Abernathy Ambulance	Abernathy, TX	(806) 298-2241	
Amistad/Rosebud	Amistad/Rosebud, NM	(505) 633-9113	
Andrews Ambulance	Andrews, TX	(432) 523-5675	
Artesia Ambulance	Artesia, NM	(505) 746-2701	
Big Lake Ambulance	Big Lake, TX	(325) 884-2423	
Big Spring Ambulance	Big Spring, TX	(432) 264-2550	
Brownfield Ambulance	Brownfield, TX	(806) 637-2511	
Carlsbad Ambulance	Carlsbad, NM	(505) 885-2111; 911	
Clayton, NM	Clayton, NM	(505) 374-2501	
Denver City Ambulance	Denver City, TX	(806) 592-3516	
Eldorado Ambulance	Eldorado, TX	(325) 853-3456	
Eunice Ambulance	Eunice, NM	(505) 394-3258	
Goldsmith Ambulance	Goldsmith, TX	(432) 827-3445	
Hobbs, NM	Hobbs, NM	(505) 397-9308	
Jal, NM	Jal, NM	(505) 395-2501	
Jayton Ambulance	Jayton, TX	(806) 237-3801	
Lamesa Ambulance	Lamesa, TX	(806) 872-3464	
Levelland Ambulance	Levelland, TX	(806) 894-8855	
Lovington Ambulance	Lovington, NM	(505) 396-2811	
McCamey Hospital	McCamey, TX	(432) 652-8626	
Midland Ambulance	Midland, TX	(432) 685-7499	
Monahans Ambulance	Monahans, TX	(432) 943-3385 or 3731	
Nara Visa, NM	Nonanans, 1X Nara Visa, NM	(505) 461-3300	
Odessa Ambulance	Odessa, TX	(432) 335-3378	
Ozona Ambulance	Ozona, TX	(325) 392-2671	
Pecos Ambulance	Pecos, TX	(432) 445-4444	

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Rankin Ambulance	Rankin, TX	(432) 693-2443	
San Angelo Ambulance	San Angelo, TX	(325) 657-4357	
Seminole Ambulance	Seminole, TX	(432) 758-8816 (432) 758-9871	
Snyder Ambulance	Snyder, TX	(325) 573-1911	
Stanton Ambulance	Stanton, TX	(432) 756-2211	
Sundown Ambulance	Sundown, TX	911	
Tucumcari, NM	Tucumcari, NM	911	
Medical Air Ambulance Service			
AEROCARE - Methodist Hospital	Lubbock, TX	(800) 627-2376	
San Angelo Med-Vac Air Ambulance	San Angelo, TX	(800) 277-4354	
Southwest Air Ambulance Service	Stanford, TX	(800) 242-6199	
Southwest MediVac	Snyder, TX	(800) 242-6199	
Southwest MediVac	Hobbs, NM	(800) 242-6199	
Odessa Care Star	Odessa, TX	(888) 624-3571	
NWTH Medivac	Amarillo, TX	(800) 692-1331	

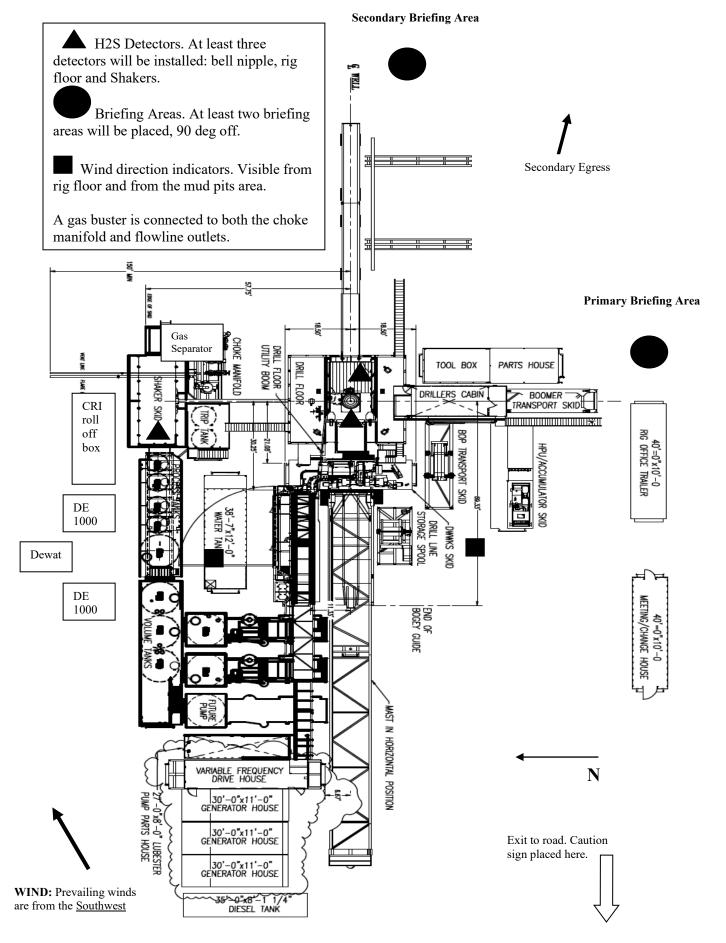


# Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan

Open drill site. No homes or buildings are near the proposed location.

1. Escape

Personnel shall escape upwind of wellbore in the event of an emergency gas release. Escape can take place through the lease road on the Southeast side of the location. Personnel need to move to a safe distance and block the entrance to location. If the primary route is not an option due to the wind direction, then a secondary egress route should be taken.



- 2 -



# Permian Drilling Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan New Mexico

# <u>Scope</u>

This contingency plan establishes guidelines for the public, all company employees, and contract employees who's work activities may involve exposure to hydrogen sulfide (H2S) gas.

While drilling this well, it is possible to encounter H2S bearing formations. At all times, the first barrier to control H2S emissions will be the drilling fluid, which will have a density high enough to control influx.

# **Objective**

- 1. Provide an immediate and predetermined response plan to any condition when H2S is detected. All H2S detections in excess of 10 parts per million (ppm) concentration are considered an Emergency.
- 2. Prevent any and all accidents, and prevent the uncontrolled release of hydrogen sulfide into the atmosphere.
- 3. Provide proper evacuation procedures to cope with emergencies.
- 4. Provide immediate and adequate medical attention should an injury occur.

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# **Discussion**

Implementation:	This plan with all details is to be fully implemented before drilling to <u>commence</u> .
Emergency response Procedure:	This section outlines the conditions and denotes steps to be taken in the event of an emergency.
Emergency equipment Procedure:	This section outlines the safety and emergency equipment that will be required for the drilling of this well.
Training provisions:	This section outlines the training provisions that must be adhered to prior to drilling.
Drilling emergency call lists:	Included are the telephone numbers of all persons to be contacted should an emergency exist.
Briefing:	This section deals with the briefing of all people involved in the drilling operation.
Public safety:	Public safety personnel will be made aware of any potential evacuation and any additional support needed.
Check lists:	Status check lists and procedural check lists have been included to insure adherence to the plan.
General information:	A general information section has been included to supply support information.

# Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on the well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of H2S.
- 2. Proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. H2S detection.
- 4. Proper use of H2S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures and prevailing winds.
- 5. Proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.
- 6. Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide on the human body.
- 7. Toxicity of hydrogen sulfide and sulfur dioxide.
- 8. Use of SCBA and supplied air equipment.
- 9. First aid and artificial respiration.
- 10. Emergency rescue.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- 1. The effects of H2S on metal components. If high tensile strength tubular is to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2. Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling a well, blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H2S Drilling Operations Plan.

H2S training refresher must have been taken within one year prior to drilling the well. Specifics on the well to be drilled will be discussed during the pre-spud meeting. H2S and well control (choke) drills will be performed while drilling the well, at least on a weekly basis. This plan shall be available in the well site. All personnel will be required to carry the documentation proving that the H2S training has been taken.

Service company and visiting personnel

- A. Each service company that will be on this well will be notified if the zone contains H2S.
- B. Each service company must provide for the training and equipment of their employees before they arrive at the well site.
- C. Each service company will be expected to attend a well site

# **Emergency Equipment Requirements**

#### 1. <u>Well control equipment</u>

The well shall have hydraulic BOP equipment for the anticipated pressures. Equipment is to be tested on installation and follow Oxy Well Control standard, as well as 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.

Special control equipment:

- A. Hydraulic BOP equipment with remote control on ground. Remotely operated choke.
- B. Rotating head
- C. Gas buster equipment shall be installed before drilling out of surface pipe.

#### 2. <u>Protective equipment for personnel</u>

- A. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each briefing area) on location.
- B. Adequate fire extinguishers shall be located at strategic locations.
- C. Radio / cell telephone communication will be available at the rig.
  - Rig floor and trailers.
  - Vehicle.

#### 3. <u>Hydrogen sulfide sensors and alarms</u>

- A. H2S sensor with alarms will be located on the rig floor, at the bell nipple, and at the flow line. These monitors will be set to alarm at 10 ppm with strobe light, and audible alarm.
- B. Hand operated detectors with tubes.
- C. H2S monitor tester (to be provided by contract Safety Company.)
- D. There shall be one combustible gas detector on location at all times.

#### 4. <u>Visual Warning Systems</u>

A. One sign located at each location entrance with the following language:

#### Caution – potential poison gas Hydrogen sulfide No admittance without authorization

#### *Wind sock* – *wind streamers*:

- A. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at protection center, at height visible from rig floor.
- B. One 36" (in length) wind sock located at height visible from pit areas.

#### Condition flags

A. One each condition flag to be displayed to denote conditions.

green – normal conditions yellow – potential danger red – danger, H2S present

B. Condition flag shall be posted at each location sign entrance.

#### 5. <u>Mud Program</u>

The mud program is designed to minimize the risk of having H2S and other formation fluids at surface. Proper mud weight and safe drilling practices will be applied. H2S scavengers will be used to minimize the hazards while drilling. Below is a summary of the drilling program.

#### Mud inspection devices:

Garrett gas train or hatch tester for inspection of sulfide concentration in mud system.

#### 6. <u>Metallurgy</u>

- A. Drill string, casing, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventers, drilling spools or adapters, kill lines, choke manifold, lines and valves shall be suitable for the H2S service.
- B. All the elastomers, packing, seals and ring gaskets shall be suitable for H2S service.

#### 7. <u>Well Testing</u>

No drill stem test will be performed on this well.

# 8. <u>Evacuation plan</u>

Evacuation routes should be established prior to well spud for each well and discussed with all rig personnel.

- 9. <u>Designated area</u>
  - A. Parking and visitor area: all vehicles are to be parked at a predetermined safe distance from the wellhead.
  - B. There will be a designated smoking area.
  - C. Two briefing areas on either side of the location at the maximum allowable distance from the well bore so they offset prevailing winds perpendicularly, or at a 45-degree angle if wind direction tends to shift in the area.

#### **Emergency procedures**

- A. In the event of any evidence of H2S level above 10 ppm, take the following steps:
  - 1. The Driller will pick up off bottom, shut down the pumps, slow down the pipe rotation.
  - 2. Secure and don escape breathing equipment, report to the upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
  - 3. All personnel on location will be accounted for and emergency search should begin for any missing, the Buddy System will be implemented.
  - 4. Order non-essential personnel to leave the well site, order all essential personnel out of the danger zone and upwind to the nearest designated safe briefing / muster area.
  - 5. Entrance to the location will be secured to a higher level than our usual "Meet and Greet" requirement, and the proper condition flag will be displayed at the entrance to the location.
  - 6. Take steps to determine if the H2S level can be corrected or suppressed and, if so, proceed as required.
- B. If uncontrollable conditions occur:
  - 1. Take steps to protect and/or remove any public in the down-wind area from the rig partial evacuation and isolation. Notify necessary public safety personnel and appropriate regulatory entities (i.e. BLM) of the situation.

- 2. Remove all personnel to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area or off location.
- 3. Notify public safety personnel of safe briefing / muster area.
- 4. An assigned crew member will blockade the entrance to the location. No unauthorized personnel will be allowed entry to the location.
- 5. Proceed with best plan (at the time) to regain control of the well. Maintain tight security and safety procedures.
- C. Responsibility:
  - 1. Designated personnel.
    - a. Shall be responsible for the total implementation of this plan.
    - b. Shall be in complete command during any emergency.
    - c. Shall designate a back-up.

All personnel:	1. 2. 3. 4.	On alarm, don escape unit and report to the nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area upw Check status of personnel (buddy system). Secure breathing equipment. Await orders from supervisor.
Drill site manager:	1.	Don escape unit if necessary and report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparations of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher and driller (using the buddy system).
	3.	Determine H2S concentrations.
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Tool pusher:	1.	Don escape unit Report to up nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	Coordinate preparation of individuals to return to point of release with tool pusher drill site manager
	3.	(using the buddy system). Determine H2S concentration.
	-	
	4.	Assess situation and take control measures.
Driller:	1.	Don escape unit, shut down pumps, continue

		rotating DP.
	2.	Check monitor for point of release.
	3.	Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	4.	Check status of personnel (in an attempt to rescue, use the buddy system).
	5.	Assigns least essential person to notify Drill Site Manager and tool pusher by quickest means in case of their absence.
	6.	Assumes the responsibilities of the Drill Site Manager and tool pusher until they arrive should they be absent.
Derrick man Floor man #1 Floor man #2	1.	Will remain in briefing / muster area until instructed by supervisor.
Mud engineer:	1.	Report to nearest upwind designated safe briefing / muster area.
	2.	When instructed, begin check of mud for ph and H2S level. (Garett gas train.)
Safety personnel:	1.	Mask up and check status of all personnel and secure operations as instructed by drill site manager.

#### <u>Taking a kick</u>

When taking a kick during an H2S emergency, all personnel will follow standard Well control procedures after reporting to briefing area and masking up.

#### **Open-hole logging**

All unnecessary personnel off floor. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should monitor condition, advise status and determine need for use of air equipment.

#### **Running casing or plugging**

Following the same "tripping" procedure as above. Drill Site Manager and safety personnel should determine if all personnel have access to protective equipment.

#### **Ignition procedures**

The decision to ignite the well is the responsibility of the operator (Oxy Drilling Management). The decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is clear that:

- 1. Human life and property are endangered.
- 2. There is no hope controlling the blowout under the prevailing conditions at the well.

#### Instructions for igniting the well

- 1. Two people are required for the actual igniting operation. They must wear self-contained breathing units and have a safety rope attached. One man (tool pusher or safety engineer) will check the atmosphere for explosive gases with the gas monitor. The other man is responsible for igniting the well.
- 2. Primary method to ignite: 25 mm flare gun with range of approximately 500 feet.
- 3. Ignite upwind and do not approach any closer than is warranted.
- 4. Select the ignition site best for protection, and which offers an easy escape route.
- 5. Before firing, check for presence of combustible gas.
- 6. After lighting, continue emergency action and procedure as before.
- 7. All unassigned personnel will remain in briefing area until instructed by supervisor or directed by the Drill Site Manager.

**<u>Remember</u>**: After well is ignited, burning hydrogen sulfide will convert to sulfur dioxide, which is also highly toxic. **<u>Do not assume the area is safe after the well is ignited.</u>** 

#### Status check list

Note: All items on this list must be completed before drilling to production casing point.

- 1. H2S sign at location entrance.
- 2. Two (2) wind socks located as required.
- 3. Four (4) 30-minute positive pressure air packs (2 at each Briefing area) on location for all rig personnel and mud loggers.
- 4. Air packs inspected and ready for use.
- 5. Cascade system and hose line hook-up as needed.
- 6. Cascade system for refilling air bottles as needed.
- 7. Condition flag on location and ready for use.
- 8. H2S detection system hooked up and tested.
- 9. H2S alarm system hooked up and tested.
- 10. Hand operated H2S detector with tubes on location.
- 11. 1-100' length of nylon rope on location.
- 12. All rig crew and supervisors trained as required.
- 13. All outside service contractors advised of potential H2S hazard on well.
- 14. No smoking sign posted and a designated smoking area identified.
- 15. Calibration of all H2S equipment shall be noted on the IADC report.

Checked by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date:

# Procedural check list during H2S events

#### Perform each tour:

- 1. Check fire extinguishers to see that they have the proper charge.
- 2. Check breathing equipment to ensure that it in proper working order.
- 3. Make sure all the H2S detection system is operative.

#### Perform each week:

- 1. Check each piece of breathing equipment to make sure that demand or forced air regulator is working. This requires that the bottle be opened and the mask assembly be put on tight enough so that when you inhale, you receive air or feel air flow.
- 2. BOP skills (well control drills).
- 3. Check supply pressure on BOP accumulator stand by source.
- 4. Check breathing equipment mask assembly to see that straps are loosened and turned back, ready to put on.
- 5. Check pressure on breathing equipment air bottles to make sure they are charged to full volume. ( Air quality checked for proper air grade "D" before bringing to location)
- 6. Confirm pressure on all supply air bottles.
- 7. Perform breathing equipment drills with on-site personnel.
- 8. Check the following supplies for availability.
  - A. Emergency telephone list.
  - B. Hand operated H2S detectors and tubes.

# **General evacuation plan**

- 1. When the company approved supervisor (Drill Site Manager, consultant, rig pusher, or driller) determines the H2S gas cannot be limited to the well location and the public will be involved, he will activate the evacuation plan.
- 2. Drill Site Manager or designee will notify local government agency that a hazardous condition exists and evacuation needs to be implemented.
- 3. Company or contractor safety personnel that have been trained in the use of H2S detection equipment and self-contained breathing equipment will monitor H2S concentrations, wind directions, and area of exposure. They will delineate the outer perimeter of the hazardous gas area. Extension to the evacuation area will be determined from information gathered.
- 4. Law enforcement personnel (state police, police dept., fire dept., and sheriff's dept.) Will be called to aid in setting up and maintaining road blocks. Also, they will aid in evacuation of the public if necessary.
- 5. After the discharge of gas has been controlled, company safety personnel will determine when the area is safe for re-entry.

<u>Important:</u> Law enforcement personnel will not be asked to come into a contaminated area. Their assistance will be limited to uncontaminated areas. Constant radio contact will be maintained with them.

#### **Emergency actions**

#### Well blowout – if emergency

- 1. Evacuate all personnel to "Safe Briefing / Muster Areas" or off location if needed.
- 2. If sour gas evacuate rig personnel.
- 3. If sour gas evacuate public within 3000 ft radius of exposure.
- 4. Don SCBA and shut well in if possible using the buddy system.
- 5. Notify Drilling Superintendent and call 911 for emergency help (fire dept and ambulance) if needed.
- 6. Implement the Blowout Contingency Plan, and Drilling Emergency Action Plan.
- 6. Give first aid as needed.

#### Person down location/facility

- 1. If immediately possible, contact 911. Give location and wait for confirmation.
- 2. Don SCBA and perform rescue operation using buddy system.

#### Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

Hydrogen sulfide is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling concentration for eight-hour exposure is 10 ppm, which is .001% by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is heavier than air (specific gravity -1.192) and colorless. It forms an explosive mixture with air between 4.3 and 46.0 percent by volume. Hydrogen sulfide is almost as toxic as hydrogen cyanide and is between five and six times more toxic than carbon monoxide. Toxicity data for hydrogen sulfide and various other gases are compared in table i. Physical effects at various hydrogen sulfide exposure levels are shown in table ii.

Common name	Chemical formula	Specific gravity (sc=1)	Threshold limit (1)	Hazardous limit (2)	Lethal concentration (3)
Hydrogen Cyanide	Hcn	0.94	10 ppm	150 ppm/hr	300 ppm
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.18	10 ppm	250 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	So2	2.21	5 ppm	-	1000 ppm
Chlorine	C12	2.45	1 ppm	4 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Monoxide	Co	0.97	50 ppm	400 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	Co2	1.52	5000 ppm	5%	10%
Methane	Ch4	0.55	90,000 ppm	Combustib	le above 5% in air

#### Table i Toxicity of various gases

1) threshold limit – concentration at which it is believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effects.

- 2) hazardous limit concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.
- 3) lethal concentration concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.

# Toxic effects of hydrogen sulfide

#### Table ii Physical effects of hydrogen sulfide

		<b>Concentration</b>	Physical effects
Percent (%)	Ppm	Grains	
	-	100 std. Ft3*	
0.001	<10	00.65	Obvious and unpleasant odor.

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0.002	10	01.30	Safe for 8 hours of exposure.	
0.010	100	06.48	Kill smell in $3 - 15$ minutes. May sting eyes and throat.	
0.020	200	12.96	Kills smell shortly; stings eyes and throat.	
0.050	500	32.96	Dizziness; breathing ceases in a few minutes; needs prompt artificial respiration.	
0.070	700	45.36	Unconscious quickly; death will result if not rescued promptly.	
0.100	1000	64.30	Unconscious at once; followed by death within minutes.	

\*at 15.00 psia and 60'f.

# Use of self-contained breathing equipment (SCBA)

- 1. Written procedures shall be prepared covering safe use of SCBA's in dangerous atmosphere, which might be encountered in normal operations or in emergencies. Personnel shall be familiar with these procedures and the available SCBA.
- 2 SCBA's shall be inspected frequently at random to insure that they are properly used, cleaned, and maintained.
- 3. Anyone who may use the SCBA's shall be trained in how to insure proper facepiece to face seal. They shall wear SCBA's in normal air and then wear them in a test atmosphere. (note: such items as facial hair {beard or sideburns} and eyeglasses will not allow proper seal.) Anyone that may be reasonably expected to wear SCBA's should have these items removed before entering a toxic atmosphere. A special mask must be obtained for anyone who must wear eyeglasses or contact lenses.
- 4. Maintenance and care of SCBA's:
  - a. A program for maintenance and care of SCBA's shall include the following:
    - 1. Inspection for defects, including leak checks.
    - 2. Cleaning and disinfecting.
    - 3. Repair.
    - 4. Storage.
  - b. Inspection, self-contained breathing apparatus for emergency use shall be inspected monthly.
    - 1. Fully charged cylinders.
    - 2. Regulator and warning device operation.
    - 3. Condition of face piece and connections.
    - 4. Rubber parts shall be maintained to keep them pliable and prevent deterioration.
  - c. Routinely used SCBA's shall be collected, cleaned and disinfected as frequently as necessary to insure proper protection is provided.
- 5. Persons assigned tasks that requires use of self-contained breathing equipment shall be certified physically fit (medically cleared) for breathing equipment usage at least annually.
- 6. SCBA's should be worn when:
  - A. Any employee works near the top or on top of any tank unless test reveals less than 10 ppm of H2S.

- B. When breaking out any line where H2S can reasonably be expected.
- C. When sampling air in areas to determine if toxic concentrations of H2S exists.
- D. When working in areas where over 10 ppm H2S has been detected.
- E. At any time there is a doubt as to the H2S level in the area to be entered.

#### <u>Rescue</u> <u>First aid for H2S poisoning</u>

#### Do not panic!

Remain calm – think!

- 1. Don SCBA breathing equipment.
- 2. Remove victim(s) utilizing buddy system to fresh air as quickly as possible. (go up-wind from source or at right angle to the wind. Not down wind.)
- 3. Briefly apply chest pressure arm lift method of artificial respiration to clean the victim's lungs and to avoid inhaling any toxic gas directly from the victim's lungs.
- 4. Provide for prompt transportation to the hospital, and continue giving artificial respiration if needed.
- 5. Hospital(s) or medical facilities need to be informed, before-hand, of the possibility of H2S gas poisoning no matter how remote the possibility is.
- 6. Notify emergency room personnel that the victim(s) has been exposed to H2S gas.

Besides basic first aid, everyone on location should have a good working knowledge of artificial respiration.

Revised CM 6/27/2012

	State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department						Submit Electronically Via E-permitting
		1220	onservation D South St. Fran nta Fe, NM 87	cis Dr.			
	Ν	ATURAL G	AS MANA	GEMENT PI	LAN		
This Natural Gas Manag	ement Plan m	ust be submitted w	vith each Applica	tion for Permit to I	Drill (A	PD) for a n	ew or recompleted well
			<u>1 – Plan D</u> Effective May 25.				
I. Operator: OXY US	A INC.		OGRID: _16	696		Date:	0 6/ 0 7/ 2 3
II. Type: 🗹 Original 🗆	Amendment	due to □ 19.15.27	7.9.D(6)(a) NMA	C □ 19.15.27.9.D(	(6)(b) N	MAC □ O	ther.
f Other, please describe	:						
<b>II. Well(s):</b> Provide the recompleted from a s					wells pr	oposed to b	be drilled or proposed to
Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipated Oil BBL/D		cipated MCF/D	Anticipated Produced Water BBL/D
SEE ATTACHED							
V. Central Delivery Po V. Anticipated Schedul proposed to be recomple	le: Provide the	following inform	ation for each new	v or recompleted w	vell or s	L	
Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached Date	Completion Commencement		Initial Fl Back Da	
SEE ATTACHED							
	nent: 🗹 Attacl	ı a complete descr	iption of how Op	erator will size sep	aration	equipment	to optimize gas capture
VI. Separation Equipm VII. Operational Pract Subsection A through F			cription of the ac	tions Operator wil	l take t	o comply v	vith the requirements o

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### Section 2 – Enhanced Plan EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

#### IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

Well	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF

#### X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering Start Date	Available Maximum Daily Capacity of System Segment Tie-in

**XI. Map.**  $\Box$  Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.

**XII.** Line Capacity. The natural gas gathering system  $\Box$  will  $\Box$  will not have capacity to gather 100% of the anticipated natural gas production volume from the well prior to the date of first production.

**XIII.** Line Pressure. Operator  $\Box$  does  $\Box$  does not anticipate that its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, or portion, of the natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new well(s).

□ Attach Operator's plan to manage production in response to the increased line pressure.

**XIV. Confidentiality:**  $\Box$  Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided in Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific information for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.

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# Section 3 - Certifications Effective May 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

 $\square$  Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or

 $\Box$  Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system. *If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following:* 

**Well Shut-In.**  $\Box$  Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

**Venting and Flaring Plan.**  $\Box$  Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:

- (a) power generation on lease;
- (b) power generation for grid;
- (c) compression on lease;
- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- (f) reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

# Section 4 - Notices

1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:

(a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

(b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.

2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

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I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

<u> Koni Mathew</u> Signature:

Printed Name: Roni Mathew

Title: Regulatory Advisor

E-mail Address: roni\_mathew@oxy.com

Date: 6/7/2023

Phone: 713-215-7827

# OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

(Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)

Approved By:

Title:

Approval Date:

Conditions of Approval:

#### III. Well(s)

Well Name	API	WELL LOCATION (ULSTR)	Footages	ANTICIPATED OIL BBL/D	ANTICIPATED GAS MCF/D	ANTICIPATED PROD WATER BBL/D
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 11H	Pending	C-25-22S-32E	300 FNL 1450 FWL	1200	4600	3000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 12H	Pending	C-25-22S-32E	300 FNL 1510 FWL	1200	4600	3000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 13H	Pending	C-25-22S-32E	300 FNL 1570 FWL	1200	4600	3000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 14H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1096 FNL 1245 FEL	1200	4600	3000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 15H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1089 FNL 1186 FEL	1200	4600	3000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 16H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1082 FNL 1126 FEL	1200	4600	3000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 1H	Pending	C-25-22S-32E	300 FNL 1480 FWL	700	3100	2600
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 21H	Pending	N-24-22S-32E	275 FSL 1365 FWL	2000	4200	7000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 22H	Pending	N-24-22S-32E	275 FSL 1395 FWL	2000	4200	7000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 23H	Pending	N-24-22S-32E	275 FSL 1425 FWL	2000	4200	7000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 24H	Pending	B-25-22S-32E	210 FNL 1569 FEL	2000	4200	7000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 25H	Pending	B-25-22S-32E	210 FNL 1539 FEL	2000	4200	7000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 26H	Pending	B-25-22S-32E	210 FNL 1509 FEL	2000	4200	7000
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 2H	Pending	C-25-22S-32E	300 FNL 1540 FWL	700	3100	2600
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 311H	Pending	F-25-22S-32E	1650 FNL 1405 FWL	3100	5500	8500
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 312H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1207 FNL 1201 FEL	3100	5500	8500
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 313H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1200 FNL 1142 FEL	3100	5500	8500
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 31H	Pending	F-25-22S-32E	1650 FNL 1375 FWL	3100	5500	8500
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 32H	Pending	F-25-22S-32E	1650 FNL 1435 FWL	3100	5500	8500
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 33H	Pending	F-25-22S-32E	1650 FNL 1465 FWL	3100	5500	8500
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 34H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1203 FNL 1171 FEL	3100	5500	8500
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 35H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1196 FNL 1112 FEL	3100	5500	8500
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 3H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1093 FNL 1215 FEL	700	3100	2600
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 4H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1085 FNL 1156 FEL	700	3100	2600
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 71H	Pending	C-25-22S-32E	300 FNL 1360 FWL	1300	4200	1750
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 72H	Pending	C-25-22S-32E	300 FNL 1390 FWL	1300	4200	1750
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 73H	Pending	B-25-22S-32E	1221 FNL 1320 FEL	1300	4200	1750
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 74H	Pending	A-25-22S-32E	1218 FNL 1290 FEL	1300	4200	1750

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#### V. Anticipated Schedule

Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached Date	Completion Commencement Date	Initial Flow Back Date	First Production Date
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 11H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 12H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 13H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 14H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 15H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 16H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 1H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 21H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 22H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 23H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 24H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 25H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 26H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 2H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 311H	Pending	Dec-2024	Feb-2024	Feb-2024	3/10/2025	3/11/2025
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 312H	Pending	Dec-2024	Feb-2024	Feb-2024	3/10/2025	3/11/2025
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 313H	Pending	Dec-2024	Jan-2024	Feb-2024	3/10/2025	3/11/2025
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 31H	Pending	Dec-2024	Jan-2024	Feb-2024	3/10/2025	3/11/2025
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 32H	Pending	Dec-2024	Jan-2024	Feb-2024	3/10/2025	3/11/2025
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 33H	Pending	Dec-2024	Jan-2024	Feb-2024	3/10/2025	3/11/2025
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 34H	Pending	Dec-2024	Jan-2024	Feb-2024	3/10/2025	3/11/2025
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 35H	Pending	Dec-2024	Jan-2024	Feb-2024	3/10/2025	3/11/2025
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 3H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 4H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 71H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 72H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 73H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending
TUNA NUT 24_13 FED COM 74H	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending	Pending

Central Delivery Point Name : Red Tank 26 CPF and Red Tank 19 CTB (Pending NSHSU Approval)

#### Part VI. Separation Equipment

Operator will size the flowback separator to handle 11,000 Bbls of fluid and 6-10MMscfd which is more than the expected peak rates for these wells. Each separator is rated to 1440psig, and pressure control valves and automated communication will cause the wells to shut in in the event of an upset at the facility, therefore no gas will be flared on pad during an upset. Current Oxy practices avoid use of flare or venting on pad, therefore if there is an upset or emergency condition at the facility, the wells will immediately shut down, and reassume production once the condition has cleared.

#### **VII. Operational Practices**

#### **Gathering System and Pipeline Notification**

Well(s) will be connected to a production facility and fluids will be sent to the facility after initial flowback operations are complete, where a gas transporter system is in place. The gas produced from production facility will be dedicated to MarkWest Energy West Texas Gas Company LLC ("MarkWest") and will be connected to MarkWest's high pressure gathering system located in Lea and Eddy Counties, New Mexico and Loving and Culberson Counties, TX. OXY USA INC. ("OXY") will provide (periodically) to MarkWest a production forecast for wells being sent to their system. In addition, OXY and MarkWest will have periodic conference calls to discuss changes to production forecasts arising out of changes to drilling and completion schedules. Gas from these wells will be processed at MarWest's Preakness and Tornado Processing Plants located in Culberson County, TX and Loving County, Texas respectively. The actual flow of the gas will be based on compression operating parameters and gathering system pressures.

#### **Flowback Strategy**

After the fracture treatment/completion operations, well(s) will be produced to temporary production tanks and gas will be flared or vented. During flowback, the fluids and sand content will be monitored. When the produced fluids contain minimal sand, the wells will be turned to production facilities. Gas sales should start as soon as the wells start flowing through the production facilities, unless there are operational issues on MarkWest's system at that time. Based on current information, it is OXY's belief the system can take this gas upon completion of the well(s).

Safety requirements during cleanout operations from the use of underbalanced air cleanout systems may necessitate that sand and non-pipeline quality gas be vented and/or flared rather than sold on a temporary basis.

#### **VIII. Best Management Practices**

Alternatives to Reduce Flaring

Below are alternatives considered from a conceptual standpoint to reduce the amount of gas flared.

Power Generation – On lease

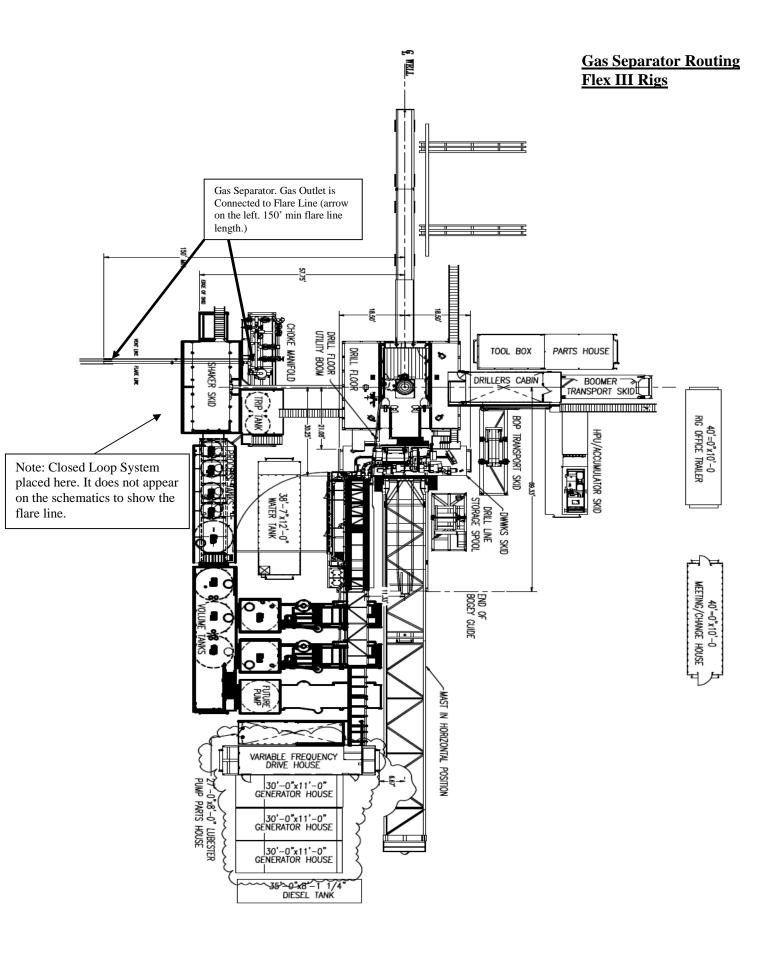
Only a portion of gas is consumed operating the generator, remainder of gas will be flared

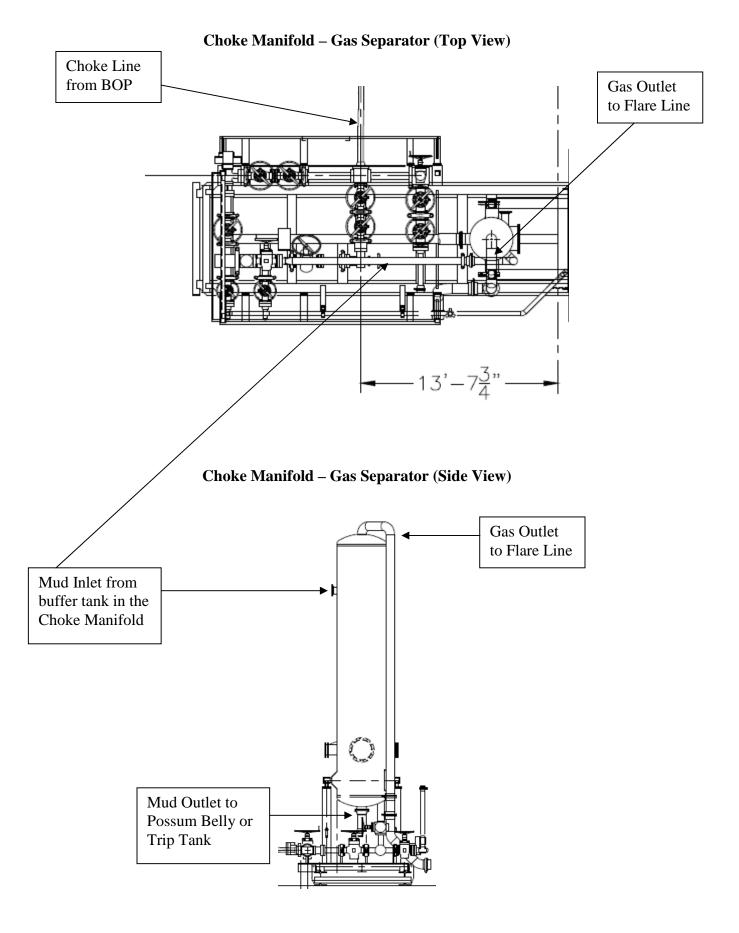
Compressed Natural Gas – On lease

Gas flared would be minimal, but might be uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines

#### NGL Removal – On lease

Plants are expensive, residue gas is still flared, and uneconomical to operate when gas volume declines





Sante Fe Main Office Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
OXY USA INC	16696
P.O. Box 4294	Action Number:
Houston, TX 772104294	408309
	Action Type:
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

#### CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition			
ronimathew	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing.			
ronimathew	If cement does not circulate on any string, a Cement Bond Log (CBL) is required for that string of casing.	12/3/2024		
pkautz	Administrative order required for non-standard spacing unit prior to production.	12/14/2024		
pkautz	File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.	12/14/2024		
pkautz	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string.	12/14/2024		
pkautz	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system.	12/14/2024		

CONDITIONS

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Action 408309