Form 3160-3 FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 (June 2015) Expires: January 31, 2018 **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR 5. Lease Serial No. NMNM118727 BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. **✓** DRILL REENTER 1a. Type of work: 1b. Type of Well: ✓ Oil Well Gas Well Other 8. Lease Name and Well No. 1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing Single Zone ✓ Multiple Zone **ORRTANNA 20 FED** 106H 2. Name of Operator 9. API Well No. 30-025-54534 EOG RESOURCES INCORPORATED 3a. Address 3b. Phone No. (include area code) 10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory 1111 BAGBY SKY LOBBY 2, HOUSTON, TX 77002 (713) 651-7000 BRADLEY/BONE SPRING 4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.\*) 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 20/T26S/R33E/NMP At surface TR O / 641 FSL / 1354 FEL / LAT 32.0235277 / LONG -103.5901115 At proposed prod. zone TR B / 100 FNL / 1650 FEL / LAT 32.035997 / LONG -103.591079 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office\* 12. County or Parish 13 State LEA NM 15. Distance from proposed\* 16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 100 feet location to nearest property or lease line, ft. 640.0 (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 18. Distance from proposed location\* 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file to nearest well, drilling, completed, 33 feet 9300 feet / 14257 feet FED: NM2308 applied for, on this lease, ft. 21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 22. Approximate date work will start\* 23. Estimated duration 3261 feet 01/25/2025 25 days 24. Attachments The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable) 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see 2. A Drilling Plan. Item 20 above) 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the 5. Operator certification. 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 25. Signature Name (Printed/Typed) Date SHEA BAILEY / Ph: (713) 651-7000 (Electronic Submission) 06/06/2024 Title Regulatory Contractor Approved by (Signature) Name (Printed/Typed) Date (Electronic Submission) CODY LAYTON / Ph: (575) 234-5959 02/21/2025 Title Office Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals Carlsbad Field Office Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction



(Continued on page 2)

\*(Instructions on page 2)

<u>C-102</u>					State of New Is & Natura	Mexico l Resources	Department		Revise	ed July 9, 2024
Submit Electronic Via OCD Permitt			0,	*		ION DIVIS	1		Initial Submittal	
								Submittal	Amended Report	
								Type:	As Drilled	
		V	VELL LC	CATIO	N AND AC	REAGE DE	EDICATIO	N PLAT		
API Number			Pool Code		Pool N	ame				HALE
	-025-545	34	9	7900		RED H	ILLS;UPP	EK BONE	SPRING S	HALE
Property Code 316102			Property Name		ORRTAN	NA 20 FED			Well Number	106H
OGRID No.			Operator Name						Ground Level Elev	
	7377				EOG RESO	URCES, INC	· .		;	3261'
Surface Owner:	State Fee	Tribal Federal				Mineral Owner:	State Fee Triba	Federal		
					Surface	Location				
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
0	20	26-S	33-E	-	641' S	1354' E	N 32.0235	5277 W 1	03.5901115	LEA
	l	I	<u> </u>	1	Bottom Ho	le Location		I		
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
В	20	26-S	33-E	-	100' N	1650' E	N 32.0359	970 W 1	03.5910790	LEA
					•					
Dedicated Acres	Infill or Defi	ning Well Defin	ing Well API			Overlapping Spacing	Unit (Y/N)	Consolida	ted Code	
640.00										
Order Numbers		LEASE	WELL			Well Setbacks are un	der Common Owners	hip: Yes N	0	
					Kick Off P	oint (KOP)				
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
0	20	26-S	33-E	-	50' S	1650' E	N 32.0219	025 W 1	03.5910655	LEA
					First Take	Point (FTP)				
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Feet from the E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
0	20	26-S	33-E	-	100' S	1650' E	N 32.0220	400 W 1	03.5910656	LEA
			1	1	Last Talsa	Daint (LTD)		·		
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the N/S	Point (LTP) Feet from the E/W	Latitude		Longitude	County
В	20	26-S	33-E	_	100' N	1650' E	N 32.0359	970   W 1	03.5910790	LEA
					1	1000 -				
Unitized Area or A	noo of Uniform I	ntuggt		Cuccina Unit	. Trong		Crown	d Floor Elevation		
Unitized Area or A	rea of Uniform 1	ntrest		Spacing Unity	∑ Horizonta	al Vertical	Groun	d Floor Elevation	3286'	
				I.						
ODED A TO	D CEDTH	EICATION.				CLIDAENOR	RS CERTIFICA	ATION		
	fy that the ir	nformation con			complete to the	I hereby certify	that the well loc	ation shown on	this plat was Plotte	d from field
that this orga	nization eithe	er owns a wor	king interest	or unleased	directional well, mineral interest	notes of actual	surveys made by rect to the best o	me or under m	y supervision, and	that the same
well at this lo	ocation pursui	ant to a contr	act with an o	wner of a wo	ight to drill this orking interest or a compulsory		·		/ C	
pooling order heretofore entered by the division.  If this well is a horizontal well, I further certify that this organization has								(2,4508)	ander trage source	
received The consent of at least one lessee or owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest in each tract (in the target pool or formation) in which								a cold	To the second	
any part of the well's completed interval will be located or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division.								1000 m	RVIIII	
$\sim$	, ,/	nn		_				a/	D:28:12 AM	Milli.
Signature	L Har	rell	3/13/2	5		Signature and Seel	of Professional Survey	2/27/2025 10	):28:12 AM	
Star L Har	rel		Date			Signature and Seal (	oi i ioiessional Survey	oi Dat	•	
Print Name						Certificate Number	Date	of Survey		
star_harre	ll@eogreso	ources.com						04/17/2024		
E-mail Address						I				

Via OCD Permitting  OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION    Initial Submittal Type:   Amended Report	<u>C-102</u>	State of New Mexico		Revised July 9, 2024
Submitted		Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION		☐ Initial Submittal
SURFACE LOCATION (SHL)   NEW MEXICO EAST   NAD 1983   X-771787 1 Y-9373090   LAT - NS 2,02356277   LONG : W 103.5901115   NAD 1987				<del>                                   </del>
SURFACE LOCATION (SHL) NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 X-7716717 Ye-373000 LAT: N 32 0232077 LONG: W 103.590115 NAD 1987 LAT: N 32 0232033 LAT: N 32 0232044 LONG: W 103.5906449 641 FSL 1354' FEL KICK OFF POINT (KOP) NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1987 X-771378 Ye-372587 LAT: N 32 0232040 LONG: W 103.590655 NAD 1987 X-77138 1980 6972407 LAT: N 32 0232065 LONG: W 103.590655 SND 1987 X-770838 100 SND 1987 X-770838			Турс.	As Drilled
NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 X=771671 Y=373080 LAT: N 32.0235277 LONG: W 103.5901115 NAD 1927 X=730484 Y=373033 LAT: N 32.0234024 LONG: W 103.5901655 NAD 1983 X=771380 Y=372497 LAT: N 32.0234024 LAT: N 32.0234024 LAT: N 32.0234024 LAT: N 32.0219025 LONG: W 103.5910655 NAD 1927 X=7308972440 LAT: N 32.0219025 LONG: W 103.5901655 SNAD 1927 X=730192 Y=372440 LAT: N 32.0219025 LONG: W 103.5905989 50' FSL 1650' FEL   NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 X=771380 Y=372497 LAT: N 32.0234074 LAT: N 32.0359070 LONG: W 103.5910656 NAD 1927 X=730192 Y=372440 LAT: N 32.0319772 LONG: W 103.5905989 50' FSL 1650' FEL   NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 X=771380 X=3773624 LAT: N 32.0359070 LONG: W 103.5910656 NAD 1927 X=730192 Y=372440 LAT: N 32.0359070 LONG: W 103.5910656 NAD 1927 X=730183 Y=3775624 LAT: N 32.0359070 LONG: W 103.5910616 100' FNL 1650' FEL  SURVEYORS CERTIFICATI 1) Arethy scriftly flash the tack of soldar applat was plated from histories of soldar applat was plated from histories of soldar applat was plated from histories applated from plated in the sold foreigned solane of plat was plated from histories of soldar applated solane of plated was plated from histories of soldar applated solane of plated from the solated of plate applated from histories of solated applated solated of plated from histories of solated applated solated in the solated of plated from histories of solated applated from histories of solated appl	Property Name and Well Number	ORRTANNA 20 FED 106H		
I hereby certify that the well location shown on plat was plotted from field notes of actual sur made by me or under my supervision, and that same its true and correct to the best of my bet 04/17/2024  Date of Survey Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor:	NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 X=771671 Y=373090 LAT.: N 32.0235277 LONG.: W 103.5901115 NAD 1927 X=730484 Y=373033 LAT.: N 32.0234024 LONG.: W 103.5896449 641' FSL 1354' FEL  KICK OFF POINT (KOP) NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 X=771380 Y=372497 LAT.: N 32.0219025 LONG.: W 103.5910655 NAD 1927 X=730192 Y=372440 LAT.: N 32.0217772 LONG.: W 103.5905989	19   20   100'   LMP/   1650'   21   1650'   22   100'   LMP/   18   17   1650'   16	D.58 BOT 09.55 95.69	NAD 1983 X=771379 Y=372547 LAT.: N 32.0220400 LONG.: W 103.5910656 NAD 1927 X=730192 Y=372490 LAT.: N 32.0219147 LONG.: W 103.5905990 100' FSL 1650' FEL  **DOWER MOST PERF. (LMP) FTOM HOLE LOCATION (BHL) NEW MEXICO EAST NAD 1983 X=771340 Y=377624 LAT.: N 32.0359970 LONG.: W 103.5910790 NAD 1927 X=730153 Y=377567 LAT.: N 32.0358718 LONG.: W 103.5906116 100' FNL 1650' FEL
24508			I heret plat w made i same i 04/17	by certify that the well location shown on t as plotted from field notes of actual survey by me or under my supervision, and that th is true and correct to the best of my belief. 7/2024
The state of the s				24508 24508 24508

# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit Electronically Via E-permitting

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

# NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN

This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.

# Section 1 – Plan Description Effective May 25, 2021

I. Operator:EC	OG Resources, Inc	eOGRID	<b>:</b> 7377		Da	<b>te:</b> 3/13	/2025	
II. Type: ⊠ Orig	ginal   Amendm	tent due to $\Box$ 19.15.2	27.9.D(6)(a) N	MAC □ 19.15.27.	9.D(6)(b	) NMAC	C □ Otl	ner.
If Other, please descri	ribe:							
<b>III. Well(s):</b> Provide be recompleted from					wells pro	oposed to	be dri	lled or proposed to
Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipated Oil BBL/D		cipated MCF/D	P	Anticipated roduced Water BBL/D
ORRTANNA 20 FED 106H		O-20-26S-33E	641' FSL & 1354' FEL	+/- 1000	+/- 35	00	+/- 30	000
V. Anticipated Sch or proposed to be rec Well Name	edule: Provide th	ne following informa	tion for each ne	ew or recompleted entral delivery point Completion	well or and	set of we	lls prop	-
			Date	Commencement	t Date	Back I	Date	Date
ORRTANNA 20 FED 106H		5/15/25	5/30/25	8/01/25		9/01/25		12/01/25
VI. Separation Equivariant VII. Operational Production A through VIII. Best Manager during active and plant	ractices:  Attach F of 19.15.27.8	ch a complete descri NMAC. ⊠ Attach a complete	ption of the ac	tions Operator wi	ll take to	comply	with t	he requirements of

# Section 2 – Enhanced Plan EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

🖾 Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

# IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

Well	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF

# X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering	Available Maximum Daily Capacity
			Start Date	of System Segment Tie-in

<b>XI. Map.</b> $\square$ Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connec	ting the
production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily cap	acity of
the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.	

XII. Line Capacity. The natural gas gathering system	$\square$ will $\square$ will not have capacity to	o gather 100% of the	anticipated natural gas
production volume from the well prior to the date of first	st production.		

<b>XIII.</b> Line Pressure. Operator $\square$ does $\square$ does not anticipate that its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, o	r portion,	of the
natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the	ne new we	ıll(s).

	A 1 .	<b>^</b> .	, 1 ,		1	•	1 .	1 1'	
ш	Attach v	Oberator	s bian u	) manage	production	in response	: to the incr	easea iine i	ressure

<b>XIV.</b> Confidentiality: $\sqcup$ Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 fo	r the information provided in
Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full descript	ion of the specific information
for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.	

(h) (i)

# Section 3 - Certifications Effective May 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, aft	er reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:						
one hundred percent of th	Deperator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or						
hundred percent of the aninto account the current and	ble to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one ticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system. <i>ox, Operator will select one of the following:</i>						
Well Shut-In. ☐ Operator D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC;	r will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection or						
Venting and Flaring Pla	n. □ Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential						
alternative beneficial uses	for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:						
(a)	power generation on lease;						
<b>(b)</b>	power generation for grid;						
(c)	compression on lease;						
(d)	liquids removal on lease;						
(e)	reinjection for underground storage;						
(f)	reinjection for temporary storage;						
(g)	reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;						

# **Section 4 - Notices**

1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:

other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

fuel cell production; and

- (a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or
- (b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.
- 2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature: Star L Harrell
Printed Name: Star L Harrell
Title: Regulatory Advisor
E-mail Address: Star_Harrell@eogresources.com
Date: 3/13/2025
Phone: (432) 848-9161
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
(Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)
Approved By:
Title:
Approval Date:
Conditions of Approval:

# Natural Gas Management Plan Items VI-VIII

# VI. Separation Equipment: Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture.

- Separation equipment will be sized to provide adequate separation for anticipated rates.
- Adequate separation relates to retention time for Liquid Liquid separation and velocity for Gas-Liquid separation.
- Collection systems are appropriately sized to handle facility production rates on all (3) phases.
- Ancillary equipment and metering is selected to be serviced without flow interruptions or the need to release
  gas from the well.

# VII. Operational Practices: Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F 19.15.27.8 NMAC.

## **Drilling Operations**

- All flare stacks will be properly sized. The flare stacks will be located at a minimum 100' from the nearest surface hole location on the pad.
- All natural gas produced during drilling operations will be flared, unless there is an equipment malfunction
  and/or to avoid risk of an immediate and substantial adverse impact on safety and the environment, at which
  point the gas will be vented.

## Completions/Recompletions Operations

- New wells will not be flowed back until they are connected to a properly sized gathering system.
- The facility will be built/sized for maximum anticipated flowrates and pressures to minimize waste.
- For flowback operations, multiple stages of separation will be used as well as excess VRU and blowers to make sure waste is minimized off the storage tanks and facility.
- During initial flowback, the well stream will be routed to separation equipment.
- At an existing facility, when necessary, post separation natural gas will be flared until it meets pipeline specifications, at which point it will be turned into a collection system.
- At a new facility, post separation natural gas will be vented until storage tanks can safely function, at which point it will be flared until it meets pipeline spec.

#### **Production Operations**

- Weekly AVOs will be performed on all facilities.
- All flares will be equipped with auto-ignition systems and continuous pilot operations.
- After a well is stabilized from liquid unloading, the well will be turned back into the collection system.
- All plunger lift systems will be optimized to limit the amount of waste.
- All tanks will have automatic gauging equipment installed.
- Leaking thief hatches found during AVOs will be cleaned and properly re-sealed.

#### Performance Standards

- Production equipment will be designed to handle maximum anticipated rates and pressure.
- All flared gas will be combusted in a flare stack that is properly sized and designed to ensure proper combustion.
- Weekly AVOs will be performed on all wells and facilities that produce more than 60 Mcfd.

# **Measurement & Estimation**

- All volume that is flared and vented that is not measured will be estimated.
- All measurement equipment for flared volumes will conform to API 14.10.
- No meter bypasses with be installed.

• When metering is not practical due to low pressure/low rate, the vented or flared volume will be estimated.

# VIII. Best Management Practices: Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

- During downhole well maintenance, EOG will use best management practices to vent as minimally as possible.
- Prior to the commencement of any maintenance, the tank or vessel will be isolated from the rest of the facilities.
- All valves upstream of the equipment will be closed and isolated.
- After equipment has been isolated, the equipment will be blown down to as low a pressure as possible into the collection system.
- If the equipment being maintained cannot be relieved into the collection system, it shall be released to a tank where the vapor can either be captured or combusted if possible.
- After downhole well maintenance, natural gas will be flared until it reaches pipeline specification.



# 1. GEOLOGIC NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION:

Permian

# 2. ESTIMATED TOPS OF IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL MARKERS:

Rustler	780'
Tamarisk Anhydrite	864'
Top of Salt	1,121'
Base of Salt	4,650'
Lamar	4,901'
Bell Canyon	4,931'
Cherry Canyon	5,967'
Brushy Canyon	7,545'
Bone Spring Lime	9,066'
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,119'
1st Bone Spring Sand	9,933'
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,134'
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,620'
3rd Bone Spring Carb	11,080'
3rd Bone Spring Sand	11,728'
Wolfcamp	12,175'
TD	9,300'

# 3. ESTIMATED DEPTHS OF ANTICIPATED FRESH WATER, OIL OR GAS:

Upper Permian Sands	0- 400'	Fresh Wate
Bell Canyon	4,931'	Oil
Cherry Canyon	5,967'	Oil
Brushy Canyon	7,545'	Oil
Leonard (Avalon) Shale	9,119'	Oil
1st Bone Spring Sand	9,933'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Shale	10,134'	Oil
2nd Bone Spring Sand	10,620'	Oil

No other Formations are expected to give up oil, gas or fresh water in measurable quantities. Surface fresh water sands will be protected by setting 10-3/4" casing at 1,000' and circulating cement back to surface.



#### 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interv	al MD	Interva	l TVD	Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
13-1/2"	0	1,000	0	1,000	10-3/4"	40.5#	J-55	STC
9-7/8"	0	4,786	0	4,750	8-5/8"	32#	J-55	BTC-SC
6-3/4"	0	14,257	0	9,300	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-5/8" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 5 CEMENTING PROGRAM.

<u>3.</u>		I TO I NO	GIMINI.	
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	ordiny Doodinphon
1,000'	260	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake
10-3/4''				(TOC @ Surface)
	140	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium
				Metasilicate (TOC @ 800')
4,890'	290	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @
8-5/8''				Surface)
	130	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 3828')
14,257'	310	10.5	3.21	Lead: Class H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @
5-1/2''				4290')
	390	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-
				549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ 8860')



Additive	Purpose					
Bentonite Gel	Lightweight/Lost circulation prevention					
Calcium Chloride	Accelerator					
Cello-flake	Lost circulation prevention					
Sodium Metasilicate	Accelerator					
MagOx	Expansive agent					
Pre-Mag-M	Expansive agent					
Sodium Chloride	Accelerator					
FL-62	Fluid loss control					
Halad-344	Fluid loss control					
Halad-9	Fluid loss control					
HR-601	Retarder					
Microbond	Expansive Agent					

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

## 6. MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS FOR PRESSURE CONTROL:

Variance is requested to use a co-flex line between the BOP and choke manifold (instead of using a 4" OD steel line).

The minimum blowout preventer equipment (BOPE) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a single ram, mud cross and double ram-type (10,000 psi WP) preventer and an annular preventer (5,000-psi WP). Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram-type will be equipped with blind rams on bottom and drill pipe rams on top. All BOPE will be tested in accordance with Onshore Oil & Gas order No. 2.

EOG will utilize wing unions on BOPE connections that can be isolated from wellbore pressure through means of a choke. All wing unions will be rated to a pressure that meets or exceeds the pressure rating of the BOPE system.

Variance is requested to use a 5,000 psi annular BOP with the 10,000 psi BOP stack.

Before drilling out of the surface casing, the ram-type BOP and accessory equipment will be tested to 10,000/250 psig and the annular preventer to 5,000/250 psig.

Pipe rams and blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets.

A hydraulically operated choke will be installed prior to drilling out of the intermediate casing shoe.



## 7. TYPES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF THE PROPOSED MUD SYSTEM:

During this procedure we plan to use a Closed-Loop System and haul contents to the required disposal.

The applicable depths and properties of the drilling fluid systems are as follows:

Depth	Type	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0 – 1,000'	Fresh - Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/c
1,000' – 4,790'	Brine	9-10.5	28-34	N/c
4,790' – 14,257'	Oil Base	8.8-9.5	58-68	N/c - 6
Lateral				

An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.

# 8. AUXILIARY WELL CONTROL AND MONITORING EQUIPMENT:

- (A) A kelly cock will be kept in the drill string at all times.
- (B) A full opening drill pipe-stabbing valve (inside BOP) with proper drill pipe connections will be on the rig floor at all times.
- (C) H2S monitoring and detection equipment will be utilized from surface casing point to TD.

# 9. LOGGING, TESTING AND CORING PROGRAM:

- (A) Open-hole logs are not planned for this well.
- (B) GR–CCL will be run in cased hole during completions phase of operations.

# 10. ABNORMAL CONDITIONS, PRESSURES, TEMPERATURES AND POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

The estimated bottom-hole temperature (BHT) at TD is 163 degrees F with an estimated maximum bottom-hole pressure (BHP) at TD of 4,352 psig and a maximum anticipated surface pressure of 2,306 psig (based on 9.0 ppg MW). No hydrogen sulfide or other hazardous gases or fluids have been encountered, reported or are known to exist at this depth in this area. Severe loss circulation is expected from 7,545' to intermediate casing point.



# 11. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE AND DURATION OF OPERATIONS:

The drilling operation should be finished in approximately one month. If the well is productive, an additional 60-90 days will be required for completion and testing before a decision is made to install permanent facilities.

EOG Resources requests the option to contract a Surface Rig to drill, set surface casing, and Cement on the subject well. After WOC 8 hours or 500 psi compressive strength (whichever is greater), the Surface Rig will move off so the wellhead can be installed. A welder will cut the casing to the proper height and weld on the wellhead (both "A" and "B" sections). The weld will be tested to 1,500 psi. All valves will be closed and a wellhead cap will be installed (diagram attached). If the timing between rigs is such that EOG Resources would not be able to preset the surface, the Primary Rig will MIRU and drill the well in its entirety per the APD.

#### 12. WELLHEAD:

A multi-bowl wellhead system will be utilized.

After running the surface casing, a BOP/BOPE system with a minimum working pressure of 10,000 psi will be installed on the wellhead system and will be pressure tested to 250 psi low followed by a 10,000 psi pressure test. This pressure test will be repeated at least every 30 days, as per Title 43 CFR Part 3170.

The minimum working pressure of the BOP and related BOPE required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 10,000 psi.

The multi-bowl wellhead will be installed by vendor's representative(s). A copy of the installation instructions for the Cactus Multi-Bowl WH system has been sent to the NM BLM office in Carlsbad, NM.

The wellhead will be installed by a third party welder while being monitored by WH vendor's representative.

All BOP equipment will be tested utilizing a conventional test plug. Not a cup or J-packer type. EOG Resources reserves the option to conduct BOPE testing during wait on cement periods provided a test plug is utilized.

A solid steel body pack-off will be utilized after running and cementing the intermediate casing. After installation the pack-off and lower flange will be pressure tested to 5000 psi.

Casing strings will be tested as per Title 43 CFR Part 3170 to at least 0.22 psi/ft or 1,500 psi, whichever is greater.



# 13. VARIANCE REQUESTS:

EOG requests the additional variance(s) in the attached document(s):

- EOG BLM Variance 3a\_b BOP Break-test and Offline Intermediate Cement
- EOG BLM Variance 4a Salt Section Annular Clearance
- EOG BLM Variance 5a Alternate Shallow Casing Designs



# 14. TUBING REQUIREMENTS:

EOG respectively requests an exception to the following NMOCD rule:

19.15.16.10 Casing AND TUBING RQUIREMENTS:
 J (3): "The operator shall set tubing as near the bottom as practical and tubing perforations shall not be more than 250 feet above top of pay zone."

With horizontal flowing and gas lifted wells an end of tubing depth placed at or slightly above KOP is a conservative way to ensure the tubing stays clean from debris, plugging, and allows for fewer well interventions post offset completion. The deeper the tubulars are run into the curve, the higher the probability is that the tubing will become stuck in sand and or well debris as the well produces over time. An additional consideration for EOT placement during artificial lift installations is avoiding the high dog leg severity and inclinations found in the curve section of the wellbore to help improve reliability and performance. Dog leg severity and inclinations tend not to hamper gas lifted or flowing wells, but they do effect other forms of artificial lift like rod pump or ESP (electric submersible pump). Keeping the EOT above KOP is an industry best practice for those respective forms of artificial lift.



641' FSL 1354' FEL **Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3286' GL: 3261'

Section 20

T-26-S, R-33-E

API: 30-025-\*\*\*\*

Bit Size: 13-1/2"

10-3/4", 40.5#, J-55, STC

@ 0' - 1,000'

Bit Size: 9-7/8"

8-5/8", 32.#, J-55, BTC-SC

@ 0' - 4,790'

Bit Size: 6-3/4"

5-1/2", 20.#, P110-EC, DWC/C IS MS

@ 0' - 14,257'

KOP: 8,857' MD, 8,823' TVD

EOC: 9,607' MD, 9,300' TVD

Lateral: 14,257' MD, 9,300' TVD

**Upper Most Perf:** 

TOC: 4,290'

100' FSL & 1650' FEL Sec. 20

**Lower Most Perf:** 

100' FNL & 1650' FEL Sec. 20

BH Location: 100' FNL & 1650' FEL

Sec. 20, T-26-S, R-33-E

Bit Size: 6-3/4"

# **Midland**

Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME) Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H

OH

Plan: Plan #0.1 RT

# **Standard Planning Report**

14 May, 2024

47,070.89144307

# Planning Report

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

 Site:
 Orrtanna 20 Fed

 Well:
 #106H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well #106H

kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft

Grid

Minimum Curvature

59.62

Project Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Map System:US State Plane 1983Geo Datum:North American Datum 1983Map Zone:New Mexico Eastern Zone

System Datum:

Mean Sea Level

Site Orrtanna 20 Fed

**Grid Convergence:** 

 Site Position:
 Northing:
 373,025.00 usft
 Latitude:
 32° 1′ 24.126 N

 From:
 Map
 Easting:
 770,593.00 usft
 Longitude:
 103° 35′ 36.933 W

Position Uncertainty: 0.0 usft Slot Radius: 13-3/16 "

0.39

IGRF2020

Well #106H **Well Position** +N/-S 0.0 usft Northing: 373,090.00 usft Latitude: 32° 1' 24.696 N +E/-W 0.0 usft Easting: 771,671.00 usft Longitude: 103° 35' 24.406 W **Position Uncertainty** 0.0 usft Wellhead Elevation: usft **Ground Level:** 3,261.0 usft

Wellbore OH

Magnetics Model Name Sample Date Declination Dip Angle Field Strength

(°) (°) (nT)

6.19

5/14/2024

Design Plan #0.1 RT Audit Notes: Version: Phase: PLAN Tie On Depth: 0.0 Vertical Section: Depth From (TVD) +N/-S +E/-W Direction (usft) (usft) (usft) (°) 355.82 0.0 0.0 0.0

 Plan Survey Tool Program
 Date 5/14/2024

 Depth From (usft)
 Depth To (usft)
 Tool Name
 Remarks

 1
 0.0
 14,257.0
 Plan #0.1 RT (OH)
 EOG MWD+IFR1 MWD + IFR1

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

 Site:
 Orrtanna 20 Fed

 Well:
 #106H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:
Survey Calculation Method:

Well #106H

kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft

Grid

Plan Sections										
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,407.1	6.14	206.14	1,406.6	-14.8	-7.2	2.00	2.00	0.00	206.14	
7,272.7	6.14	206.14	7,238.4	-578.2	-283.8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
7,579.9	0.00	0.00	7,545.0	-593.0	-291.0	2.00	-2.00	0.00	180.00	
8,857.4	0.00	0.00	8,822.5	-593.0	-291.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	KOP(Orrtanna 20 Fed
9,077.8	26.46	358.85	9,035.2	-543.0	-292.0	12.00	12.00	-0.52	358.85	FTP(Orrtanna 20 Fed
9,607.3	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	-115.6	-296.8	12.00	12.00	0.14	0.81	
14,257.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	4,534.0	-331.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PBHL(Orrtanna 20 Fe

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

 Site:
 Orrtanna 20 Fed

 Well:
 #106H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Well #106H

kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft

Grid

Design:	riaii #0.1 iXi	Plan #0.1 RT											
lanned Survey													
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)				
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
200.0	0.00	0.00	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
300.0	0.00	0.00	300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
700.0	0.00	0.00	700.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
800.0	0.00	0.00	800.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
900.0	0.00	0.00	900.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1,000.0	0.00	0.00	1,000.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1,200.0	2.00	206.14	1,200.0	-1.6	-0.8	-1.5	2.00	2.00	0.00				
1,300.0	4.00	206.14	1,299.8	-6.3	-3.1	-6.0	2.00	2.00	0.00				
1,407.1	6.14	206.14	1,406.6	-14.8	-7.2		2.00	2.00					
1,407.1	0.14	∠00.14	1,400.0	-14.0	-1.2	-14.2	2.00	2.00	0.00				
1,500.0	6.14	206.14	1,498.9	-23.7	-11.6	-22.8	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1,600.0	6.14	206.14	1,598.3	-33.3	-16.3	-32.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1,700.0	6.14	206.14	1,697.7	-42.9	-21.1	-41.3	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1,800.0	6.14	206.14	1,797.2	-52.5	-25.8	-50.5	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1,900.0	6.14	206.14	1,896.6	-62.1	-30.5	-59.7	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2,000.0	6.14	206.14	1,996.0	-71.7	-35.2	-69.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2,100.0	6.14	206.14	2,095.4	-81.3	-39.9	-78.2	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2,200.0	6.14	206.14	2,194.9	-90.9	-44.6	-87.4	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2,300.0	6.14	206.14	2,294.3	-100.5	-49.3	-96.7	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2,400.0	6.14	206.14	2,393.7	-110.1	-54.1	-105.9	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2,500.0	6.14	206.14	2,493.1	-119.8	-58.8	-115.2	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2,600.0	6.14	206.14	2,592.6	-129.4	-63.5	-124.4	0.00	0.00	0.00				
	6.14	206.14			-68.2			0.00					
2,700.0			2,692.0	-139.0		-133.6	0.00		0.00				
2,800.0	6.14	206.14	2,791.4	-148.6	-72.9	-142.9	0.00	0.00	0.00				
2,900.0	6.14	206.14	2,890.8	-158.2	-77.6	-152.1	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,000.0	6.14	206.14	2,990.3	-167.8	-82.3	-161.3	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,100.0	6.14	206.14	3,089.7	-177.4	-87.0	-170.6	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,200.0	6.14	206.14	3,189.1	-187.0	-91.8	-179.8	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,300.0	6.14	206.14	3,288.5	-196.6	-96.5	-189.1	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,400.0	6.14	206.14	3,388.0	-206.2	-101.2	-198.3	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,500.0	6.14	206.14	3,487.4	-215.8	-105.9	-207.5	0.00	0.00	0.00				
			,										
3,600.0	6.14	206.14	3,586.8	-225.4	-110.6	-216.8	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,700.0	6.14	206.14	3,686.2	-235.0	-115.3	-226.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,800.0	6.14	206.14	3,785.7	-244.6	-120.0	-235.2	0.00	0.00	0.00				
3,900.0	6.14	206.14	3,885.1	-254.2	-124.8	-244.5	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,000.0	6.14	206.14	3,984.5	-263.8	-129.5	-253.7	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,100.0	6.14	206.14	4,084.0	-273.5	-134.2	-263.0	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,200.0	6.14	206.14	4,183.4	-283.1	-138.9	-272.2	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,300.0	6.14	206.14	4,282.8	-292.7	-143.6	-281.4	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,400.0	6.14	206.14	4,382.2	-302.3	-148.3	-290.7	0.00	0.00	0.00				
							0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,500.0	6.14	206.14	4,481.7	-311.9	-153.0	-299.9	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,600.0	6.14	206.14	4,581.1	-321.5	-157.8	-309.1	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,700.0	6.14	206.14	4,680.5	-331.1	-162.5	-318.4	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,800.0	6.14	206.14	4,779.9	-340.7	-167.2	-327.6	0.00	0.00	0.00				
4,900.0	6.14	206.14	4,879.4	-350.3	-171.9	-336.9	0.00	0.00	0.00				
5,000.0	6.14	206.14	4,978.8	-359.9	-176.6	-346.1	0.00	0.00	0.00				
5,100.0	6.14	206.14	5,078.2	-369.5	-181.3	-355.3	0.00	0.00	0.00				
5,200.0	6.14	206.14	5,177.6	-379.1	-186.0	-364.6	0.00	0.00	0.00				
5,300.0	6.14	206.14	5,277.1	-388.7	-190.8	-373.8	0.00	0.00	0.00				

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

 Site:
 Orrtanna 20 Fed

 Well:
 #106H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:
Survey Calculation Method:

Well #106H

kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft

Grid

Design:	Plan #0.1 RT								
Planned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
5,400.0	6.14	206.14	5,376.5	-398.3	-195.5	-383.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,500.0	6.14	206.14	5,475.9	-407.9	-200.2	-392.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,600.0	6.14	206.14	5,575.3	-417.5	-204.9	-401.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,700.0	6.14	206.14	5,674.8	-427.2	-209.6	-410.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,800.0	6.14	206.14	5,774.2	-436.8	-214.3	-420.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,900.0	6.14	206.14	5,873.6	-446.4	-219.0	-429.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,000.0	6.14	206.14	5,973.0	-456.0	-223.8	-438.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,100.0 6,200.0	6.14 6.14	206.14 206.14	6,072.5 6,171.9	-465.6 -475.2	-228.5 -233.2	-447.7 -456.9	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
6,300.0	6.14	206.14	6,271.3	-473.2 -484.8	-237.9	-450.9 -466.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,400.0	6.14	206.14	6,370.7	-494.4	-242.6	-475.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,500.0	6.14	206.14	6,470.2	-504.0	-247.3	-484.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,600.0	6.14	206.14	6,569.6	-513.6	-252.0	-404.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,700.0	6.14	206.14	6,669.0	-523.2	-256.8	-503.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,800.0	6.14	206.14	6,768.4	-532.8	-261.5	-512.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
6,900.0	6.14	206.14	6,867.9	-542.4	-266.2	-521.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,000.0	6.14	206.14	6,967.3	-552.0	-270.9	-530.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,100.0	6.14	206.14	7,066.7	-561.6	-275.6	-540.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,200.0	6.14	206.14	7,166.2	-571.2	-280.3	-549.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,272.7	6.14	206.14	7,238.4	-578.2	-283.8	-556.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,300.0	5.60	206.14	7,265.6	-580.7	-285.0	-558.4	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,400.0	3.60	206.14	7,365.3	-587.9	-288.5	-565.4	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,500.0	1.60	206.14	7,465.2	-592.0	-290.5	-569.3	2.00	-2.00	0.00
7,579.9 7,600.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	7,545.0 7,565.1	-593.0 -593.0	-291.0 -291.0	-570.2 -570.2	2.00 0.00	-2.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
7,700.0	0.00	0.00	7,665.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,800.0	0.00	0.00	7,765.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
7,900.0	0.00	0.00	7,865.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2 -570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,000.0	0.00	0.00	7,965.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,100.0	0.00	0.00	8,065.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,200.0	0.00	0.00	8,165.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,300.0	0.00	0.00	8,265.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,400.0	0.00	0.00	8,365.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,500.0	0.00	0.00	8,465.1	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
8,600.0 8,700.0	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	8,565.1 8,665.1	-593.0 -593.0	-291.0 -291.0	-570.2 -570.2	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
8,800.0 8,857.4	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	8,765.1 8,822.5	-593.0	-291.0	-570.2	0.00 0.00	0.00	0.00 0.00
8,857.4 8,875.0	2.12	358.85	8,822.5 8,840.1	-593.0 -592.7	-291.0 -291.0	-570.2 -569.9	12.00	0.00 12.00	0.00
8,900.0	5.12	358.85	8,865.1	-591.1	-291.0	-568.3	12.00	12.00	0.00
8,925.0	8.12	358.85	8,889.9	-588.2	-291.1	-565.5	12.00	12.00	0.00
8,950.0	11.12	358.85	8,914.6	-584.0	-291.2	-561.3	12.00	12.00	0.00
8,975.0	14.12	358.85	8,939.0	-578.6	-291.3	-555.8	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,000.0	17.12	358.85	8,963.0	-571.8	-291.4	-549.1	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,025.0	20.12	358.85	8,986.7	-563.9	-291.6	-541.1	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,050.0	23.12	358.85	9,010.0	-554.7	-291.8	-531.9	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,075.0	26.12	358.85	9,032.7	-544.2	-292.0	-521.5	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,077.8	26.46	358.85	9,035.2	-543.0	-292.0	-520.3	12.00	12.00	0.00
9,100.0	29.12	358.93	9,054.8	-532.7	-292.2 -292.4	-510.0	12.00	12.00	0.35
9,125.0 9,150.0	32.12 35.12	359.00 359.07	9,076.3 9,097.2	-519.9 -506.1	-292.4 -292.7	-497.3 -483.4	12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00	0.29 0.25
9,175.0 9,200.0	38.12 41.12	359.12 359.17	9,117.2 9,136.5	-491.2 -475.2	-292.9 -293.1	-468.5 -452.6	12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00	0.21 0.19
9,200.0	44.12	359.17	9,156.5 9,154.9	-475.2 -458.3	-293.1	-432.6 -435.7	12.00	12.00	0.19
3,220.0	77.14	000.21	J, 1UT.J	-700.0	-200.4	700.1	12.00	12.00	0.10

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Site: Orrtanna 20 Fed
Well: #106H
Wellbore: OH

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:
Survey Calculation Method:

Well #106H

kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft

Grid

esign:	Plan #0.1 RT								
lanned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
	(°)			` '		` ′	,	, ,	
9,250.0 9,275.0	47.12 50.12	359.24 359.28	9,172.3 9,188.9	-440.4 -421.7	-293.6 -293.9	-417.9 -399.2	12.00 12.00	12.00 12.00	0.15 0.13
9,300.0	53.12	359.31	9,204.4	-402.1	-294.1	-379.6	12.00	12.00	0.12
9,325.0	56.12	359.34	9,218.9	-381.7	-294.3	-359.3	12.00	12.00	0.11
9,350.0	59.12	359.36	9,232.2	-360.6	-294.6	-338.2	12.00	12.00	0.11
9,375.0	62.12	359.39	9,244.5	-338.8	-294.8	-316.5	12.00	12.00	0.10
9,400.0	65.12	359.41	9,255.6	-316.4	-295.1	-294.1	12.00	12.00	0.09
9,425.0	68.12	359.43	9,265.5	-293.5	-295.3	-271.2	12.00	12.00	0.09
9,450.0	71.12	359.46	9,274.2	-270.0	-295.5	-247.8	12.00	12.00	0.09
9,475.0	74.12	359.48	9,281.7	-246.2	-295.7	-224.0	12.00	12.00	0.08
9,500.0	77.12	359.50	9,287.9	-222.0	-296.0	-199.8	12.00	12.00	0.08
9,525.0	80.12	359.52	9,292.8	-197.5	-296.2	-175.4	12.00	12.00	0.08
9,550.0	83.12	359.54	9,296.5	-172.7	-296.4	-150.7	12.00	12.00	0.08
9,575.0	86.12	359.55	9,298.8	-147.9	-296.6	-125.9	12.00	12.00	0.08
9,600.0	89.12	359.57	9,299.9	-122.9	-296.8	-101.0	12.00	12.00	0.08
9,607.3	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	-115.6	-296.8	-93.7	12.00	12.00	0.08
9,700.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	-22.9	-297.5	-1.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,800.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	77.1	-298.2	98.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
9,900.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	177.1	-299.0	198.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,000.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	277.1	-299.7	298.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,100.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	377.1	-300.4	398.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,200.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	477.1	-301.2	497.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,300.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	577.1	-301.9	597.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,400.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	677.1	-302.6	697.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,500.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	777.1	-303.4	797.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,600.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	877.1	-304.1	896.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,700.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	977.1	-304.8	996.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,800.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	1,077.1	-305.6	1,096.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
10,900.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	1,177.1	-306.3	1,196.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,000.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	1,277.1	-307.1	1,296.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,100.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	1,377.1	-307.8	1,395.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,200.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	1,477.1	-308.5	1,495.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,300.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	1,577.1	-309.3	1,595.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,400.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	1,677.1	-310.0	1,695.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,500.0	90.00	359.58	9,299.9	1,777.1	-310.7	1,795.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,600.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	1,877.1	-311.5	1,894.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,700.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	1,977.1	-312.2	1,994.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,800.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,077.1	-312.9	2,094.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
11,900.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,177.1	-313.7	2,194.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,000.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,277.1	-314.4	2,293.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,100.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,377.0	-315.1	2,393.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,200.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,477.0	-315.9	2,493.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,300.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,577.0	-316.6	2,593.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,400.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,677.0	-317.3	2,693.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,500.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,777.0	-318.1	2,792.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,600.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,877.0	-318.8	2,892.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,700.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	2,977.0	-319.6	2,992.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,800.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,077.0	-320.3	3,092.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
12,900.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,177.0	-321.0	3,192.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,000.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,277.0	-321.8	3,291.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,100.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,377.0	-322.5	3,391.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,200.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,477.0	-323.2	3,491.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,300.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,577.0	-324.0	3,591.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,400.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,677.0	-324.7	3,690.9	0.00	0.00	0.00

Database: PEDMB Company: Midland

Project: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

 Site:
 Orrtanna 20 Fed

 Well:
 #106H

 Wellbore:
 OH

 Design:
 Plan #0.1 RT

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:
Survey Calculation Method:

Well #106H

kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft

Grid

nned Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
13,500.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,777.0	-325.4	3,790.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,600.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,877.0	-326.2	3,890.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,700.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	3,977.0	-326.9	3,990.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,800.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	4,077.0	-327.6	4,090.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
13,900.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	4,177.0	-328.4	4,189.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,000.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	4,277.0	-329.1	4,289.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,100.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	4,377.0	-329.8	4,389.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	4,477.0	-330.6	4,489.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,257.0	90.00	359.58	9,300.0	4,534.0	-331.0	4,546.1	0.00	0.00	0.00

Design Targets									
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
KOP(Orrtanna 20 Fed a - plan hits target ce - Point		0.00	8,822.5	-593.0	-291.0	372,497.00	771,380.00	32° 1' 18.848 N	103° 35' 27.833 W
FTP(Orrtanna 20 Fed # - plan hits target ce - Point		0.00	9,035.2	-543.0	-292.0	372,547.00	771,379.00	32° 1' 19.343 N	103° 35' 27.841 W
PBHL(Orrtanna 20 Fed - plan hits target ce - Point		0.00	9,300.0	4,534.0	-331.0	377,624.00	771,340.00	32° 2′ 9.585 N	103° 35' 27.889 W

# degresources

Azimuths to Grid North
True North: -0.39°
Magnetic North: 5.80°

Magnetic Field
Strength: 47070.9nT
Dip Angle: 59.62°
Date: 5/14/2024
Model: IGRF2020

1200

**1500**-

9000

9300

To convert a Magnetic Direction to a Grid Direction, Add 5.80°
To convert a Magnetic Direction to a True Direction, Add 6.19° East
To convert a True Direction to a Grid Direction, Subtract 0.39°

Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H

Plan #0.1 RT

PROJECT DETAILS: Lea County, NM (NAD 83 NME)

Geodetic System: US State Plane 1983
Datum: North American Datum 1983
Ellipsoid: GRS 1980

Zone: New Mexico Eastern Zone System Datum: Mean Sea Level

WELL DETAILS: #106H

3261.0

kb = 26' @ 3287.0usft

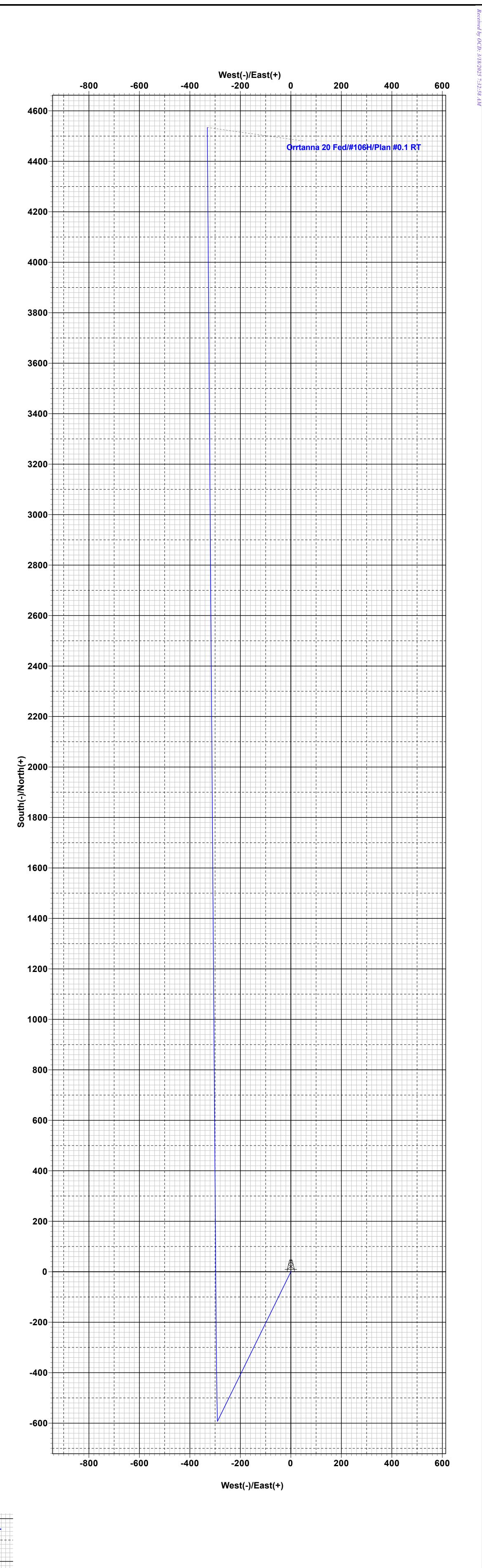
Northing Easting Latittude Longitude
373090.00 771671.00 32° 1' 24.696 N 103° 35' 24.406 W

SECTION DETAILS										
Sec	MD	Inc	Azi	TVD	+N/-S	+E/-W	Dleg	TFace	VSect	Target
1	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	
2	1100.0	0.00	0.00	1100.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	
3	1407.1	6.14	206.14	1406.6	-14.8	-7.2	2.00	206.14	-14.2	
4	7272.7	6.14	206.14	7238.4	-578.2	-283.8	0.00	0.00	-556.0	
5	7579.9	0.00	0.00	7545.0	-593.0	-291.0	2.00	180.00	-570.2	
6	8857.4	0.00	0.00	8822.5	-593.0	-291.0	0.00	0.00	-570.2	KOP(Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H)
7	9077.8	26.46	358.85	9035.2	-543.0	-292.0	12.00	358.85	-520.3	FTP(Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H)
8	9607.3	90.00	359.58	9299.9	-115.6	-296.8	12.00	0.81	-93.7	
9	14257.0	90.00	359.58	9300.0	4534.0	-331.0	0.00	0.00	4546.1	PBHL(Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H)

Vertical Section at 355.82°

CASING DETAILS
No casing data is available

Name	TVD	+N/-S	+E/-W	Northing	Easting
KOP(Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H)	8822.5	-593.0	-291.0	372497.00	771380.00
FTP(Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H)	9035.2	-543.0	-292.0	372547.00	771379.00
PBHL(Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H)	9300.0	4534.0	-331.0	377624.00	771340.00



# PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: EOG Resources Incorporated
WELL NAME & NO.: ORTANNA 20 FED 106H
LOCATION: Section 20, T.26 S., R.33 E.
COUNTY: Lea County, New Mexico

COA

H2S	• Yes	O No	
Potash	None	O Secretary	© R-111-P
Cave/Karst Potential	O Low	• Medium	O High
Cave/Karst Potential	O Critical		
Variance	O None	• Flex Hose	Other
Wellhead	Conventional	<ul><li>Multibowl</li></ul>	O Both
Wellhead Variance	O Diverter		
Other	□4 String	☐ Capitan Reef	□WIPP
Other	☐ Fluid Filled	☐ Pilot Hole	☐ Open Annulus
Cementing	☐ Contingency	☐ EchoMeter	✓ Primary Cement
_	Cement Squeeze		Squeeze
Special Requirements	☐ Water Disposal	□ СОМ	□ Unit
Special Requirements	☐ Batch Sundry		
Special Requirements	✓ Break Testing	✓ Offline	☐ Casing
Variance	_	Cementing	Clearance

## A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated AT SPUD. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

# **B. CASING**

The above well is approved for the primary design and 5 Designs listed in the "EOG BLM Variance 5a - Alternate Shallow Casing Designs" document. The casing set points and directional plans for the wells in the batch are within the boundary conditions reviewed in the blanket design. The COA is written for the deepest well on the pad. Operator is responsible to review the cement volumes based on the set points, design executed and to achieve the TOC requirements listed in the COA.

## **Primary:**

- 1. The **10-3/4** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1000** feet **TVD** (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 4750 feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- 3. The 6 inch x 5.5 inch tapered production casing shall be set at approximately 15,879 feet. Operator has also proposed ONLY running 6 inch casing for the production string. Reviewed and is OK. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

# **Shallow Design A:**

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1000** feet **TVD** (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature

- survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 4750 feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- 3. The **5-1/2** inch production casing shall be set at approximately **15,879** feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5-1/2** inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

## **Shallow Design B:**

- 1. The **10-3/4** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1000** feet **TVD** (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - e. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - f. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of <u>8</u> hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - g. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength,

whichever is greater.

If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

- 2. The 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 4750 feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 8-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- 3. The **5-1/2** inch production casing shall be set at approximately **15,879** feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5-1/2** inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

# **Shallow Design C:**

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1000** feet **TVD** (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - h. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - i. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - j. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - k. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 4750 feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

• Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

- 3. The 6 inch production casing shall be set at approximately 15,879 feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 6 inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

## **Shallow Design D:**

- 1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **1000** feet **TVD** (a minimum of 25 feet (Lea County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface.
  - 1. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - m. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8 hours** or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
  - n. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - o. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set at approximately 4750 feet TVD.
  - a. Mud weight could brine up to 10.2ppg. Reviewed and OK
  - b. Keep casing half full during run for collapse SF

The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:

- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.
- 3. The 6 inch x 5.5 inch tapered production casing shall be set at approximately 15,879 feet. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 6 inch x 5.5 inch tapered production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

#### C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).'
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the 13-3/8 inch surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi. Variance is approved to use a 5000 (5M) Annular which shall be tested to 3500 (70% Working Pressure) psi.
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - d. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
  - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in OOGO2.III.A.2.i must be followed.

# D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)

# (Note: For a minimum 5M BOPE or less (Utilizing a 10M BOPE system) BOPE Break Testing Variance

- BOPE Break Testing is ONLY permitted for 5M BOPE or less. (Annular preventer must be tested to a minimum of 70% of BOPE working pressure and shall be higher than the MASP)
- BOPE Break Testing is NOT permitted to drilling the production hole section.
- Variance only pertains to the intermediate hole-sections and no deeper than the Bone Springs formation.
- While in transfer between wells, the BOPE shall be secured by the hydraulic carrier or cradle.
- Any well control event while drilling require notification to the BLM Petroleum Engineer (575-706-2779) prior to the commencement of any BOPE Break Testing operations.
- A full BOPE test is required prior to drilling the first deep intermediate hole section. If any subsequent hole interval is deeper than the first, a full BOPE test will be required. (200' TVD tolerance between intermediate shoes is allowable).
- The BLM is to be contacted (575-689-5981 Lea County) 4 hours prior to BOPE tests.
- As a minimum, a full BOPE test shall be performed at 21-day intervals.
- In the event any repairs or replacement of the BOPE is required, the BOPE shall test as per Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2.
- If in the event break testing is not utilized, then a full BOPE test would be conducted.

## **Casing Clearance:**

- Variance in place for production interval as long as the 500' overlap into the previous casing meets the requirement
- Variance in place for salt interval clearance based on caliper data study

# **Offline Cementing**

Operator is approved for offline cementing for surface and intermediate intervals. Notify the BLM prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure.

# **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)
  - Eddy County
     EMAIL or call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,
     BLM\_NM\_CFO\_DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV (575) 361-2822
  - ☑ Lea CountyCall the Hobbs Field Station, 414 West Taylor, Hobbs NM 88240, (575) 689-5981
- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
  - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
  - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
    - Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
    - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
    - BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172** as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.

- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

#### A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends, 2) until cement has been in place at least 24 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing intergrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-P potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.
- B. PRESSURE CONTROL
- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 and API STD 53 Sec. 5.3.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test

- d. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172 must be followed.
- e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - b. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)
  - c. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to **43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172** with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (8 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
  - d. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
  - e. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
  - f. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the

BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.

- g. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- h. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per 43 CFR part 3170 Subpart 3172.

#### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

#### D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

**KPI** 12/30/2024



#### Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H

#### **Hydrogen Sulfide Plan Summary**

- A. All personnel shall receive proper H2S training in accordance with Onshore Order III.C.3.a.
- B. Briefing Area: two perpendicular areas will be designated by signs and readily accessible.
- C. Required Emergency Equipment:
- **■** Well control equipment
  - a. Flare line 150' from wellhead to be ignited by flare gun.
  - b. Choke manifold with a remotely operated choke.
  - c. Mud/gas separator
- Protective equipment for essential personnel:
  - a. Breathing Apparatus:
    - i. Rescue Packs (SCBA) 1 unit shall be placed at each breathing area, 2 shall be stored in the safety trailer.
    - ii. Work/Escape packs —4 packs shall be stored on the rig floor with sufficient air hose not to restrict work activity.
    - iii. Emergency Escape Packs —4 packs shall be stored in the doghouse for emergency evacuation.
  - b. Auxiliary Rescue Equipment:
    - i. Stretcher
    - ii. Two OSHA full body harness
    - iii. 100 ft 5/8 inch OSHA approved rope
    - iv. 1-20# class ABC fire extinguisher

#### ■ H2S Detection and Monitoring Equipment:

The stationary detector with three sensors will be placed in the upper dog house if equipped, set to visually alarm @ 10 ppm and audible @ 14 ppm. Calibrate a minimum of every 30 days or as needed. The sensors will be placed in the following places: Rig floor / Bell nipple / End of flow line or where well bore fluid is being discharged. (Gas sample tubes will be stored in the safety trailer)

#### ■ Visual Warning System:

- a. One color code condition sign will be placed at the entrance to the site reflecting the possible conditions at the site.
- b. A colored condition flag will be on display, reflecting the current condition at the site at the time.
- c. Two wind socks will be placed in strategic locations, visible from all angles.



#### Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H

#### ■ Mud Program:

The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H2S circulated to surface. The operator will have the necessary mud products to minimize hazards while drilling in H2S bearing zones.

#### ■ Metallurgy:

All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for H2S service.

#### **■** Communication:

Communication will be via cell phones and land lines where available.



#### Orrtanna 20 Fed #106H

#### **Emergency Assistance Telephone List**

PUBLIC SAFETY:	911 or
Lea County Sheriff's Department	(575) 396-3611
Corey Helton	, ,
Fire Department	
Carlsbad	(575) 885-3125
Artesia	(575) 746-5050
Hospitals	, ,
Carlsbad	(575) 887-4121
Artesia	(575) 748-3333
Hobbs	(575) 392-1979
Dept. of Public Safety/Carlsbad	(575) 748-9718
Highway Department	(575) 885-3281
U.S. Department of Labor	(575) 887-1174
Bureau of Land Management - Hobbs (Lea Co)	(575) 393-3612
PET On Call - Hobbs	(575) 706-2779
Bureau of Land Management - Carlsbad (Eddy Co)	(575) 234-5972
PET On Call - Carlsbad	(575) 706-2779
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division - Artesia	(575) 748-1283
Inspection Group South - Gilbert Gordero	(575) 626-0830
EOG Resources, Inc.	
EOG Midland	(432) 686-3600
Company Drilling Consultants:	
Jett Dueitt	(432) 230-4840
Blake Burney	
Drilling Engineers	
Stephen Davis	(432) 235-9789
Matt Day	(210) 296-4456
Drilling Managers	
Branden Keener	(210) 294-3729
Drilling Superintendents	
Lance Hardy	(432) 215-8152
Ryan Reynolds	(432) 215-5978
Steve Kelly	(210) 416-7894
H&P Drilling	(120) - (20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 2
H&P Drilling	(432) 563-5757
Nabors Drilling	(122) 2 (2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Nabors Drilling	(432) 363-8180
Patterson UTI	(122) 7(1 222
Patterson UTI	(432) 561-9382
EOG Safety	(01=) 000 00=1
Brian Chandler (HSE Manager)	(817) 239-0251

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# Salt Section Annular Clearance Variance Request

**Daniel Moose** 

## **Current Design (Salt Strings)**

#### **0.422"** Annular clearance requirement

- Casing collars shall have a minimum clearance of 0.422 inches on all sides in the hole/casing annulus, with recognition that variances can be granted for justified exceptions.
- 12.25" Hole x 9.625"40# J55/HCK55 LTC Casing
  - 1.3125" Clearance to casing OD
  - 0.8125" Clearance to coupling OD
- 9.875" Hole x 8.75" 38.5# P110 Sprint-SF Casing
  - 0.5625" Clearance to casing OD
  - 0.433" Clearance to coupling OD

## **Annular Clearance Variance Request**

EOG request permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Onshore Order #2 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues

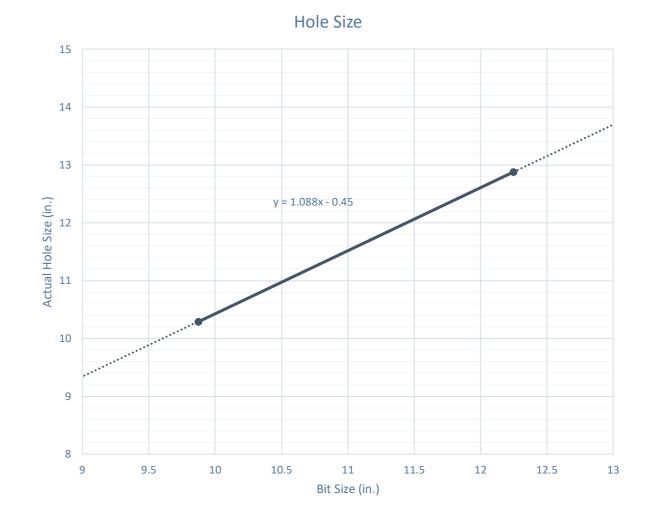
### **Volumetric Hole Size Calculation**

#### **Hole Size Calculations Off Cement Volumes**

- Known volume of cement pumped
- Known volume of cement returned to surface
- Must not have had any losses
- Must have bumped plug

#### **Average Hole Size**

- 12.25" Hole
  - 12.88" Hole
    - 5.13% diameter increase
    - 10.52% area increase
  - 0.63" Average enlargement
  - 0.58" Median enlargement
  - 179 Well Count
- 9.875" Hole
  - 10.30" Hole
    - 4.24% diameter increase
    - 9.64% area increase
  - 0.42" Average enlargement
  - 0.46" Median enlargement
  - 11 Well Count

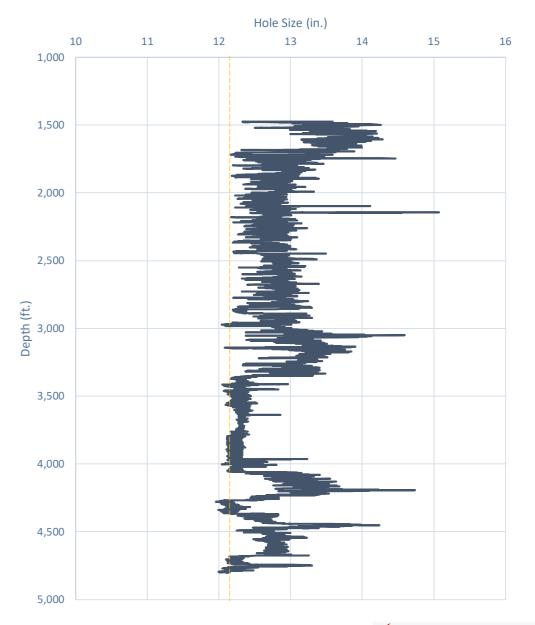


#### Modelo 10 Fed Com #501H

## Caliper Hole Size (12.25")

#### **Average Hole Size**

- 12.25" Bit
  - 12.76" Hole
    - 4.14% diameter increase
    - 8.44% area increase
  - 0.51" Average enlargement
  - 0.52" Median enlargement
  - Brine

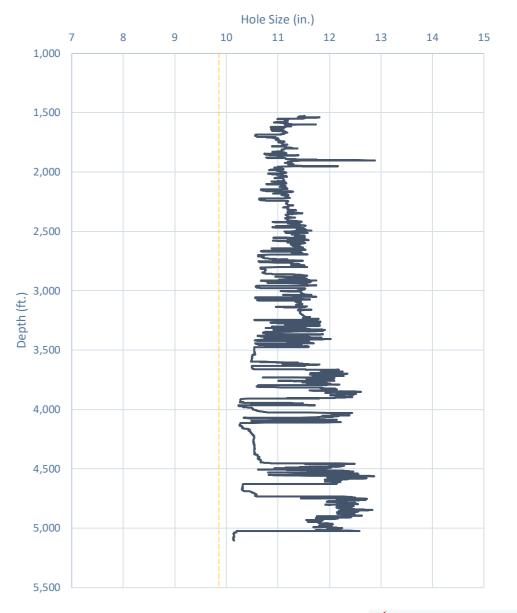


## Caliper Hole Size (9.875")

#### **Average Hole Size**

- 9.875" Hole
  - 11.21" Hole
    - 13.54% diameter increase
    - 28.92% area increase
  - 1.33" Average enlargement
  - 1.30" Median enlargement
  - EnerLite

#### Whirling Wind 11 Fed Com #744H



## **Design A**

# Proposed 11" Hole with 9.625" 40# J55/HCK55 LTC Casing

- 11" Bit + 0.52" Average hole enlargement = 11.52" Hole Size
  - 0.9475" Clearance to casing OD

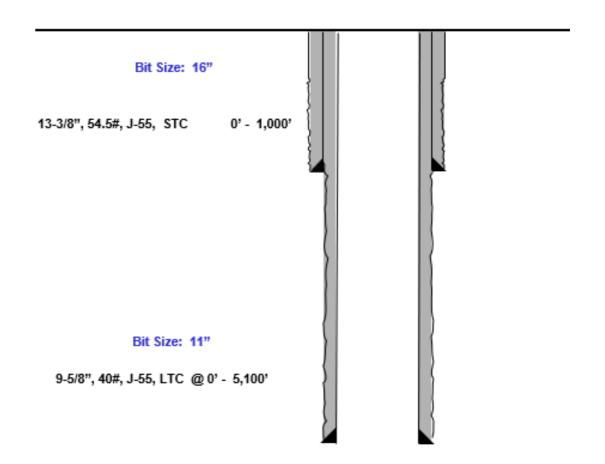
$$=\frac{11.52-9.625}{2}$$

• 0.4475" Clearance to coupling OD

$$=\frac{11.52-10.625}{2}$$

- Previous Shoe 13.375" 54.5# J55 STC
  - 0.995" Clearance to coupling OD (~1,200' overlap)

$$=\frac{12.615-10.625}{2}$$



## **Design B**

# Proposed 9.875" Hole with 8.625" 32# J55/P110 BTC-SC Casing

- 9.875" Bit + 0.42" Average hole enlargement = 10.295" Hole Size
  - 0.835" Clearance to casing OD

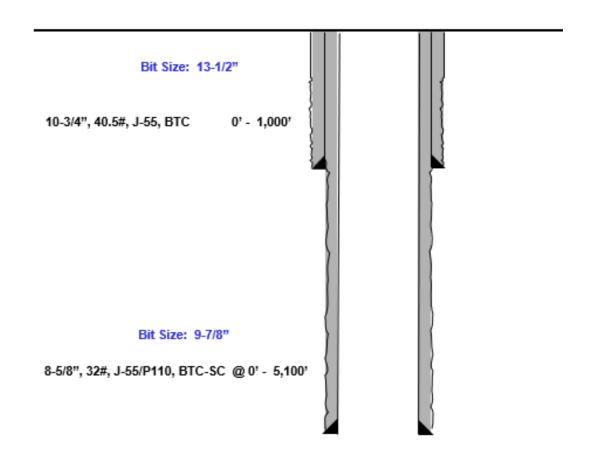
$$=\frac{10.295-8.625}{2}$$

• 0.585" Clearance to coupling OD

$$=\frac{10.295-9.125}{2}$$

- Previous Shoe 10.75" 40.5# J55 STC
  - 0.4625" Clearance to coupling OD (~1,200' overlap)

$$=\frac{10.05-9.125}{2}$$



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# Index

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## **Casing Spec Sheets**

#### PERFORMANCE DATA

API LTC 9.625 in 40.00 lbs/ft K55 HC Technical Data Sheet

<b>Tubular Parameters</b>					
Size	9.625	in	Minimum Yield	55	ksi
Nominal Weight	40.00	lbs/ft	Minimum Tensile	95	ksi
Grade	K55 HC		Yield Load	629	kips
PE Weight	38.94	lbs/ft	Tensile Load	1088	kips
Wall Thickness	0.395	in	Min. Internal Yield Pressure	3,950	psi
Nominal ID	8.835	in	Collapse Pressure	3600	psi
Drift Diameter	8 750	in		•	1

Connection Parameters						
Connection OD	10.625	in				
Coupling Length	10.500	in				
Threads Per Inch	8	tpi				
Standoff Thread Turns	3.50	turns				
Make-Up Loss	4.750	in				
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	3,950	psi				

11.454

#### Pipe Body and API Connections Performance Data

13.375 54.50/0.380 J55 PDF

New Search »

USC	

« Back to Previous List

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Mechanical Properties	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	-	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	-	-	-	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	-	-	psi
Dimensions	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	13.375	14.375	-	14.375	in.
Wall Thickness	0.380	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	12.615	12.615	-	12.615	in.
Standard Drift	12.459	12.459	-	12.459	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	54.50	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	52.79	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,130	1,130	-	1,130	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	2,740	2,740	-	2,740	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	853.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength		909	-	514	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,125	-	6,290	ft
Make-Up Data	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	3,860	ff-lbs
Maximum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	6,430	ff-lbs

Nom. Pipe Body Area

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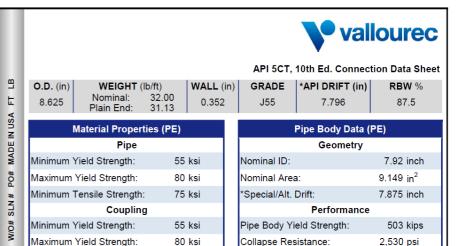
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## **Casing Spec Sheets**

#### Pipe Body and API Connections Performance Data

10.750 40.50/0.350 J55 PDF

Mechanical Properties	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	-	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000		-		psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	-	-	psi
Dimensions	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	10.750	11.750	_	11.750	in.
Wall Thickness	0.350	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	10.050	10.050	-	10.050	in.
Standard Drift	9.894	9.894	-	9.894	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	40.50				lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	38.91	_	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,580	1,580	-	1,580	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,130	3,130	-	3,130	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	629.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength	-	700	-	420	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,522	-	6,915	ft
Make-Up Data	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	3,150	ff-lbs
Maximum Make-Up Torque	-	-	-	5,250	ft-lbs



75 ksi

Internal Yield Pressure:

(API Historical)

API Connection Data  Coupling OD: 9.625"					
STC Perform	ance				
STC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi				
STC Joint Strength:	372 kips				
LTC Perform	ance				
LTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi				
LTC Joint Strength:	417 kips				
SC-BTC Performance - C	plg OD = 9.125"				
BTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi				
BTC Joint Strength:	503 kips				

Minimum Tensile Strength:

PA

S

VALLOUREC STAR

API Connection Torque						
	5	TC Tor	que (ft-lb	os)		
Min:	2,793	Opti:	3,724	Max:	4,655	
	L	TC Tor	que (ft-lb	os)		
Min:	3,130	Opti:	4,174	Max:	5,217	
BTC Torque (ft-lbs)						
. , ,						
follow API guidelines regarding positional make up						

3,930 psi

\*Alt. Drift will be used unless API Drift is specified on order.

\*\*If above API connections do not suit your needs, VAM® premium connections are available up to 100% of pipe body ratings.

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#### **Break-test BOP & Offline Cementing:**

EOG Resources Inc. (EOG) respectfully requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of ECFR Title 43 Part 3172.6(b)(9)(iv) to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with Batch Drilling & Offline cement operations to include the following:

- Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
- Full BOPE test every 21 days.
- This test will be conducted for 5M rated hole intervals only.
- Each rig requesting the break-test variance is capable of picking up the BOP without damaging components using winches, following API Standard 53, Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells (Fifth edition, December 2018, Annex C. Table C.4) which recognizes break testing as an acceptable practice.
- Function tests will be performed on the following BOP elements:
  - Annular **à** during each full BOPE test
  - Upper Pipe Rams **à** On trip ins where FIT required
  - Blind Rams **à** Every trip
  - Lower Pipe Rams à during each full BOPE test
- Break testing BOP and BOPE coupled with batch drilling operations and option to offline cement and/or remediate (if needed) any surface or intermediate sections, according to attached offline cementing support documentation.
- After the well section is secured, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad.
- TA cap will also be installed per Wellhead vendor procedure and pressure inside the
  casing will be monitored via the valve on the TA cap as per standard batch drilling
  ops.

## **Break Test Diagram (HCR valve)**

Blind Rams

Roadside Kill

Test plug

#### Steps

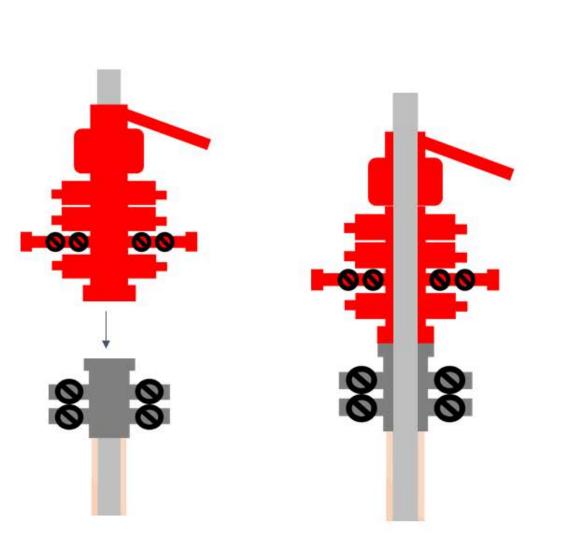
Pressure

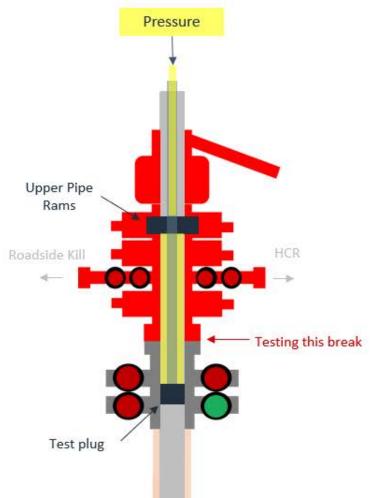
HCR

Testing this break

- 1. Set plug in wellhead (lower barrier)
- 2. Close Blind Rams (upper barrier)
- 3. Close roadside kill
- 4. Open HCR (pressure application)
- 5. Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
- 6. Tie BOP testers high pressure line to main choke manifold crown valve
- 7. Pressure up to test break
- 8. Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit

## **Break Test Diagram (Test Joint)**





#### Steps

- 1. Set plug in with test joint wellhead (lower barrier)
- 2. Close Upper Pipe Rams (upper barrier)
- Close roadside kill
- Close HCR
- 5. Open wellhead valves below test plug to ensure if leak past test plug, pressure won't be applied to wellbore
- 6. Tie BOP testers high pressure line to top of test joint
- 7. Pressure up to test break
- 8. Bleed test pressure from BOP testing unit



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#### **Cement Program**

1. No changes to the cement program will take place for offline cementing.

#### **Summarized Operational Procedure for Intermediate Casing**

- 1. Run casing as per normal operations. While running casing, conduct negative pressure test and confirm integrity of the float equipment back pressure valves.
  - a. Float equipment is equipped with two back pressure valves rated to a minimum of 5,000 psi.
- 2. Land production casing on mandrel hanger through BOP.
  - a. If casing is unable to be landed with a mandrel hanger, then the casing will be cemented online.
- 3. Break circulation and confirm no restrictions.
  - a. Ensure no blockage of float equipment and appropriate annular returns.
  - b. Perform flow check to confirm well is static.
- 4. Set pack-off
  - a. If utilizing a fluted/ported mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid, remove landing joint, and set annular packoff through BOP. Pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min.
  - b. If utilizing a solid mandrel hanger, ensure well is static on the annulus and inside the casing by filling the pipe with kill weight fluid. Pressure test seals to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Remove landing joint through BOP.
- 5. After confirmation of both annular barriers and the two casing barriers, install TA plug and pressure test to 5,000 psi for 10 min. Notify the BLM with intent to proceed with nipple down and offline cementing.
  - a. Minimum 4 hrs notice.
- 6. With the well secured and BLM notified, nipple down BOP and secure on hydraulic carrier or cradle.
  - a. Note, if any of the barriers fail to test, the BOP stack will not be nippled down until after the cement job has concluded and both lead and tail slurry have reached 500 psi.
- 7. Skid/Walk rig off current well.
- 8. Confirm well is static before removing TA Plug.
  - a. Cementing operations will not proceed until well is under control. (If well is not static, notify BLM and proceed to kill)
  - b. Casing outlet valves will provide access to both the casing ID and annulus. Rig or third party pump truck will kill well prior to cementing.
  - c. Well control plan can be seen in Section B, Well Control Procedures.
  - d. If need be, rig can be moved back over well and BOP nippled back up for any further remediation.



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- e. Diagram for rig positioning relative to offline cementing can be seen in Figure 4.
- 9. Rig up return lines to take returns from wellhead to pits and rig choke.
  - a. Test all connections and lines from wellhead to choke manifold to 5,000 psi high for 10 min.
  - If either test fails, perform corrections and retest before proceeding.
  - c. Return line schematics can be seen in Figure 3.
- 10. Remove TA Plug from the casing.
- 11. Install offline cement tool.
  - a. Current offline cement tool schematics can be seen in Figure 1 (Cameron) and Figure 2 (Cactus).
- 12. Rig up cement head and cementing lines.
  - a. Pressure test cement lines against cement head to 80% of casing burst for 10 min.
- 13. Break circulation on well to confirm no restrictions.
  - a. If gas is present on circulation, well will be shut in and returns rerouted through gas buster.
  - b. Max anticipated time before circulating with cement truck is 6 hrs.
- 14. Pump cement job as per plan.
  - a. At plug bump, test casing to 0.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi, whichever is greater.
  - b. If plug does not bump on calculated, shut down and wait 8 hrs or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater before testing casing.
- 15. Confirm well is static and floats are holding after cement job.
  - a. With floats holding and backside static:
    - i. Remove cement head.
  - b. If floats are leaking:
    - i. Shut-in well and WOC (Wait on Cement) until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength and the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
  - c. If there is flow on the backside:
    - i. Shut in well and WOC until tail slurry reaches 500 psi compressive strength. Ensure that the casing is static prior to removing cement head.
- 16. Remove offline cement tool.
- 17. Install night cap with pressure gauge for monitoring.
- 18. Test night cap to 5,000 psi for 10 min.



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#### **Example Well Control Plan Content**

#### A. Well Control Component Table

The table below, which covers the cementing of the <u>5M MASP (Maximum Allowable Surface Pressure) portion of the well</u>, outlines the well control component rating in use. This table, combined with the mud program, documents that two barriers to flow can be maintained at all times, independent of the BOP nippled up to the wellhead.

Intermediate hole section, 5M requirement

Component	RWP
Pack-off	10M
Casing Wellhead Valves	10M
Annular Wellhead Valves	5M
TA Plug	10M
Float Valves	5M
2" 1502 Lo-Torque Valves	15M

#### **B.** Well Control Procedures

Well control procedures are specific to the rig equipment and the operation at the time the kick occurs. Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while circulating and cementing through the Offline Cement Adapter.

#### **General Procedure While Circulating**

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut down pumps.
- 3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 4. Confirm shut-in.
- 5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.

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- 6. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP (Shut in Casing Pressure) and AP (Annular Pressure)
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Regroup and identify forward plan to continue circulating out kick via rig choke and mud/gas separator. Circulate and adjust mud density as needed to control well.

#### **General Procedure While Cementing**

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut down pumps.
- 3. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 4. Confirm shut-in.
- 5. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
- 6. Open rig choke and begin pumping again taking returns through choke manifold and mud/gas separator.
- 7. Continue to place cement until plug bumps.
- 8. At plug bump close rig choke and cement head.
- 9. Read and record the following
  - a. SICP and AP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead

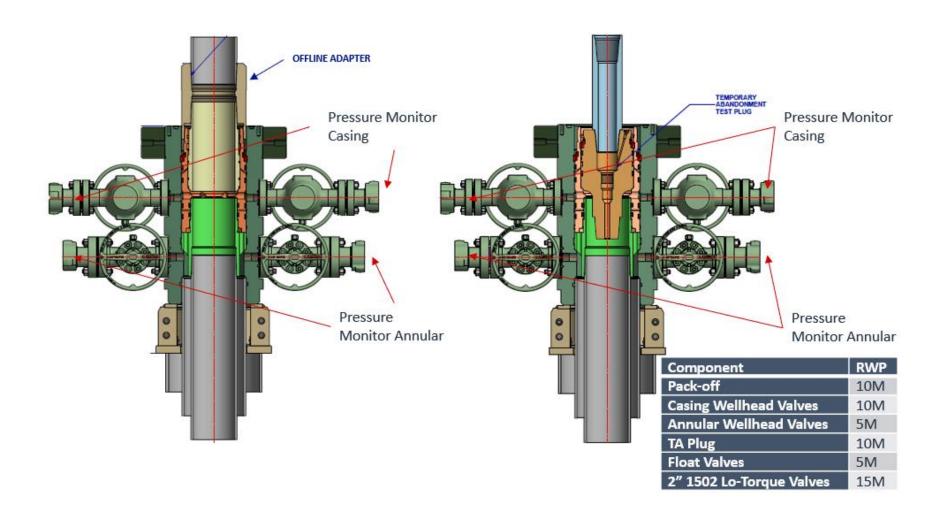
#### **General Procedure After Cementing**

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew).
- 2. Shut-in Well (close valves to rig pits and open valve to rig choke line. Rig choke will already be in the closed position).
- 3. Confirm shut-in.
- 4. Notify tool pusher/company representative.
- 5. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP and AP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
  - d. Shut-in annulus valves on wellhead



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Figure 1: Cameron TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic





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Figure 2: Cactus TA Plug and Offline Adapter Schematic

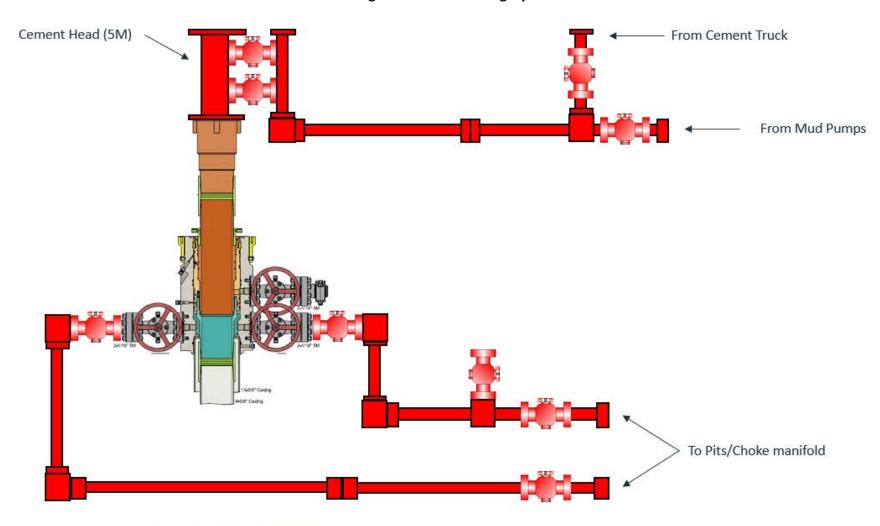


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Figure 3: Back Yard Rig Up



\*\*\* All Lines 10M rated working pressure

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Figure 4: Rig Placement Diagram



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#### EOG BLANKET CASING DESIGN VARIANCE

EOG respectfully requests the drill plans in the attached document 'EOG Alternate Casing Designs – BLM APPROVED' be added to the COA's for this well. These designs have been approved by the BLM down to the TVDs listed below and will allow EOG to run alternate casing designs for this well if necessary.

The designs and associated details listed are the "worst case scenario" boundaries for design safety factors. Location and lithology have NOT been accounted for in these designs. The specific well details will be based on the APD/Sundry package and the information listed in the COA.

The mud program will not change from the original design for this well. Summary of the mud programs for both shallow and deep targets are listed at the end of this document. If the target is changing, a sundry will be filed to update the casing design and mud/cement programs.

Cement volumes listed in this document are for reference only. The cement volumes for the specific well will be adjusted to ensure cement tops meet BLM requirements as listed in the COA and to allow bradenhead cementing when applicable.

This blanket document only applies to wells with three string designs outside of Potash and Capitan Reef boundaries.

<b>Shallow Design Boundary Conditions</b>						
	Deepest	Deepest	Max Inc	Max DLS		
MD (ft)		TVD (ft)	(deg)	(°/100usft)		
Surface	2030	2030	0	0		
Intermediate	7793	5650	40	8		
Production	28578	11225	90	25		



#### Shallow Design A

#### 1. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interval MD		Interval TVD		Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,030	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,793	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
6-3/4"	0	28,578	0	11,225	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 2. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

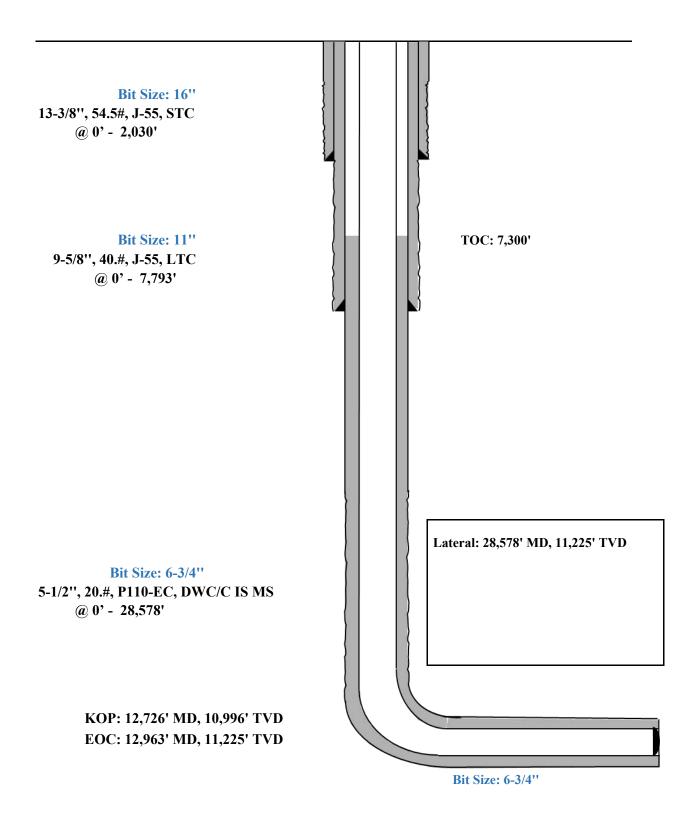
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Sidily Description
2,030'	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-
13-3/8''				Flake (TOC @ Surface)
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium
				Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')
7,793'	770	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @
9-5/8''				Surface)
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6238')
28,578'	410	10.5	3.21	Lead: Class H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC
5-1/2"				@ 7300')
	1110	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5%
				NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @
				12730')

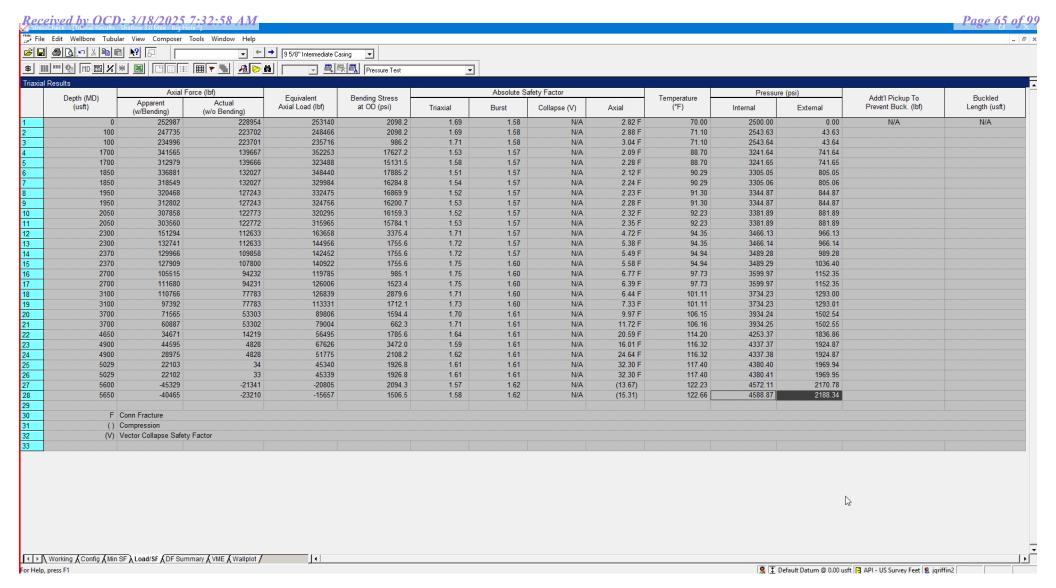


#### Shallow Design A

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

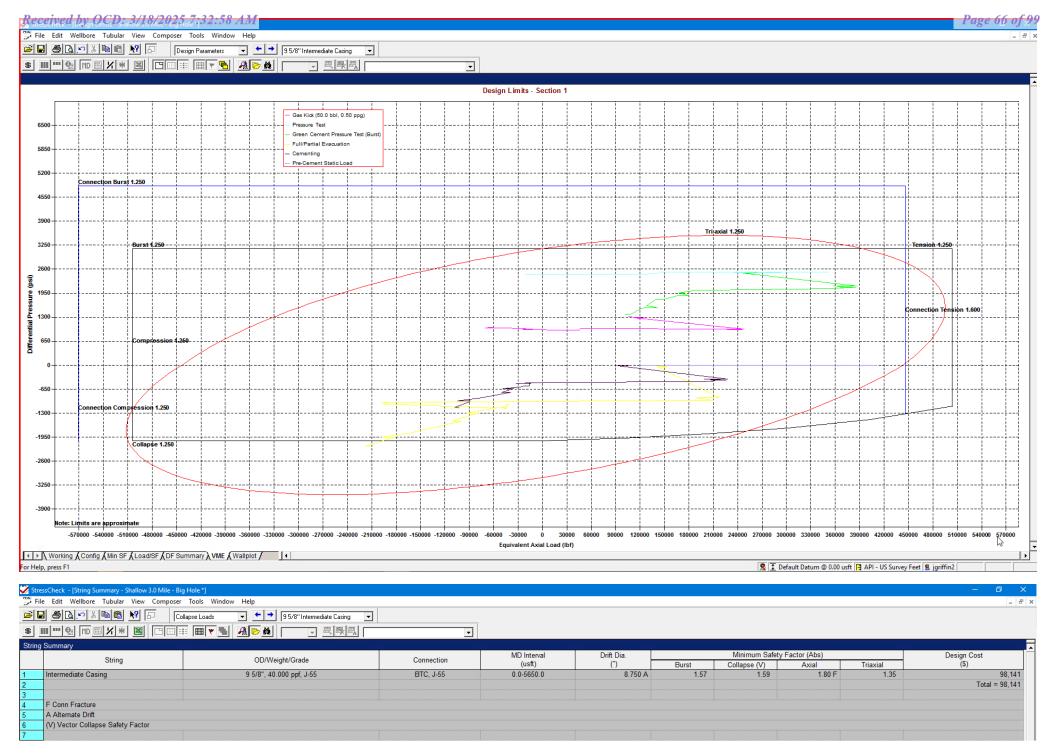




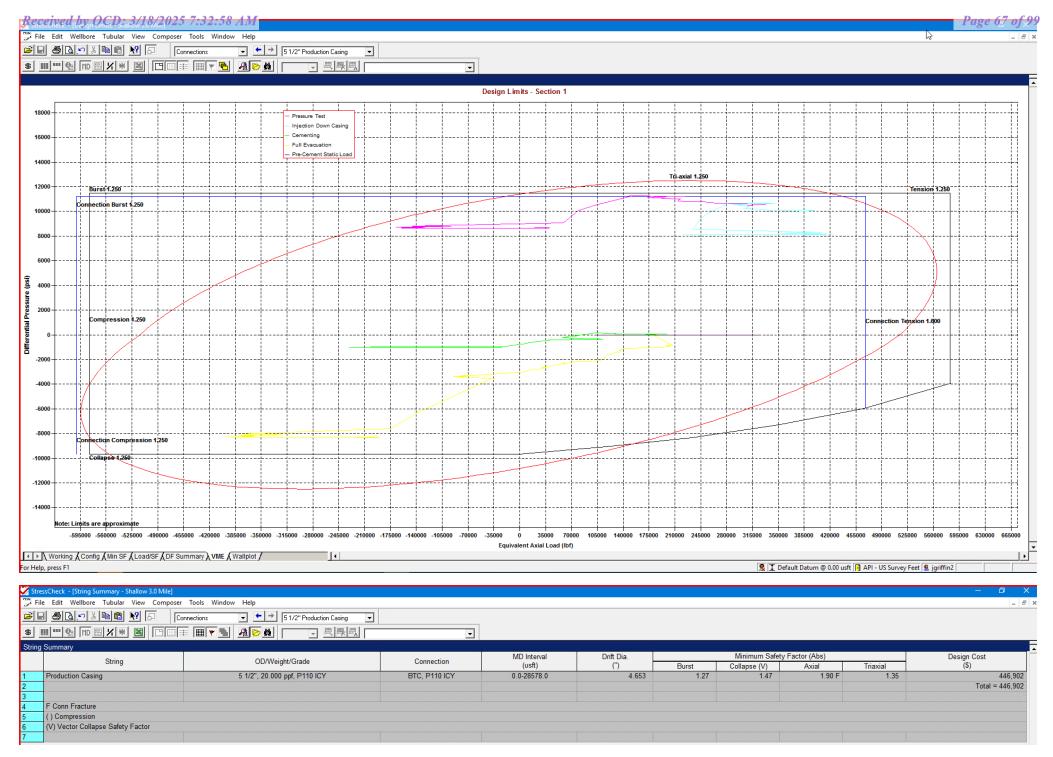
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

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#### Shallow Design B

#### 1. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interval MD		Interval TVD		Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
13-1/2"	0	2,030	0	2,030	10-3/4"	40.5#	J-55	STC
9-7/8"	0	7,793	0	5,650	8-5/8"	32#	J-55	BTC-SC
6-3/4"	0	28,578	0	11,225	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 8-5/8" casing in the 9-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 9-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 5-1/2" casing in the 6-3/4" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 6-3/4" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 2. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

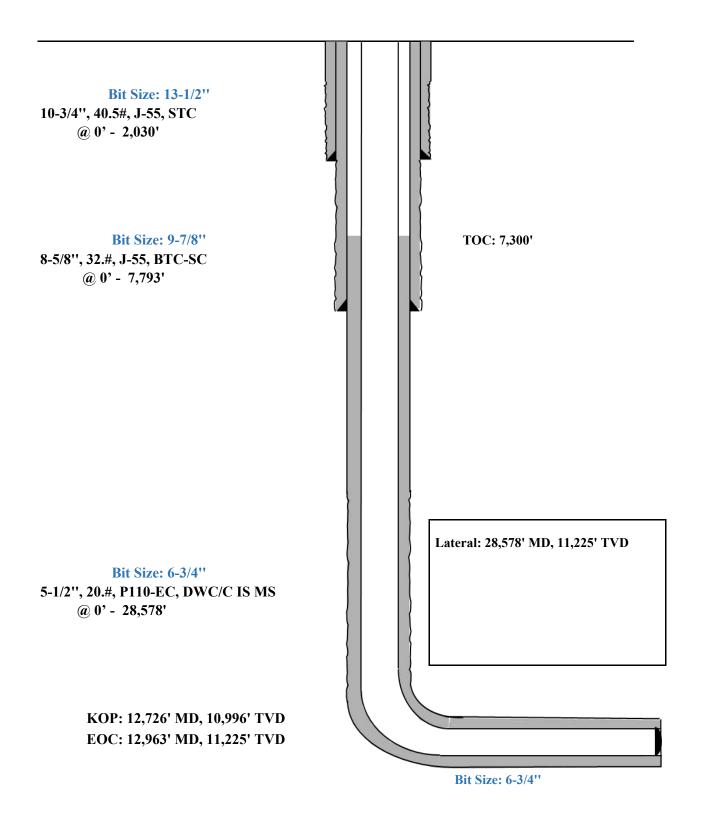
Donath	No Cooks	Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description	
<b>Depth</b> 2,030'	No. Sacks	<b>13.5</b>	<b>Ft3/sk</b> 1.73	Lead: Class C + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-	
10-3/4''	140	14.8	1.34	Flake (TOC @ Surface)  Tail: Class C + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium  Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')	
7,793' 8-5/8"	460	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @ Surface)	
	210	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6238')	
28,578' 5-1/2"	400	10.5	3.21	Lead: Class H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC @ 7300')	
	1110	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5% NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @ 12730')	

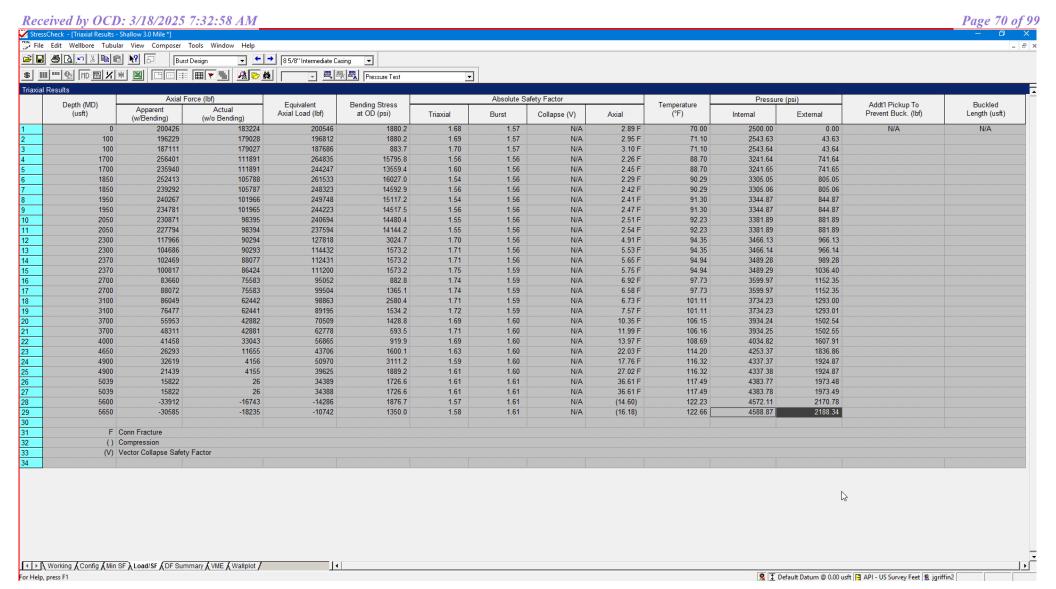


#### Shallow Design B

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

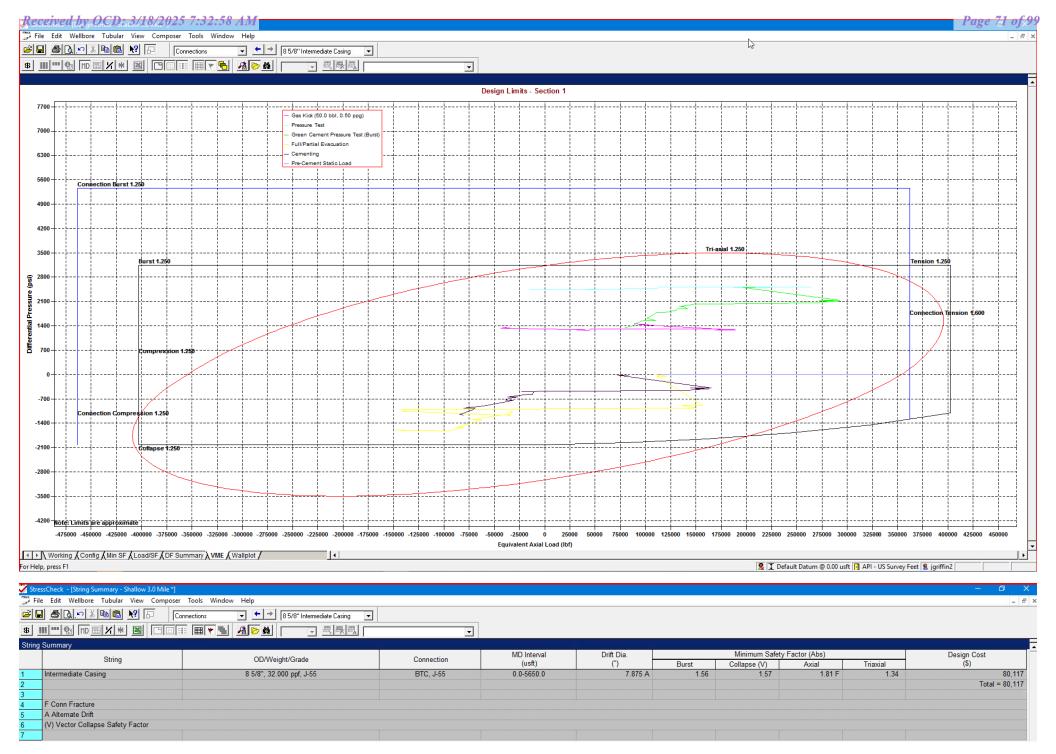




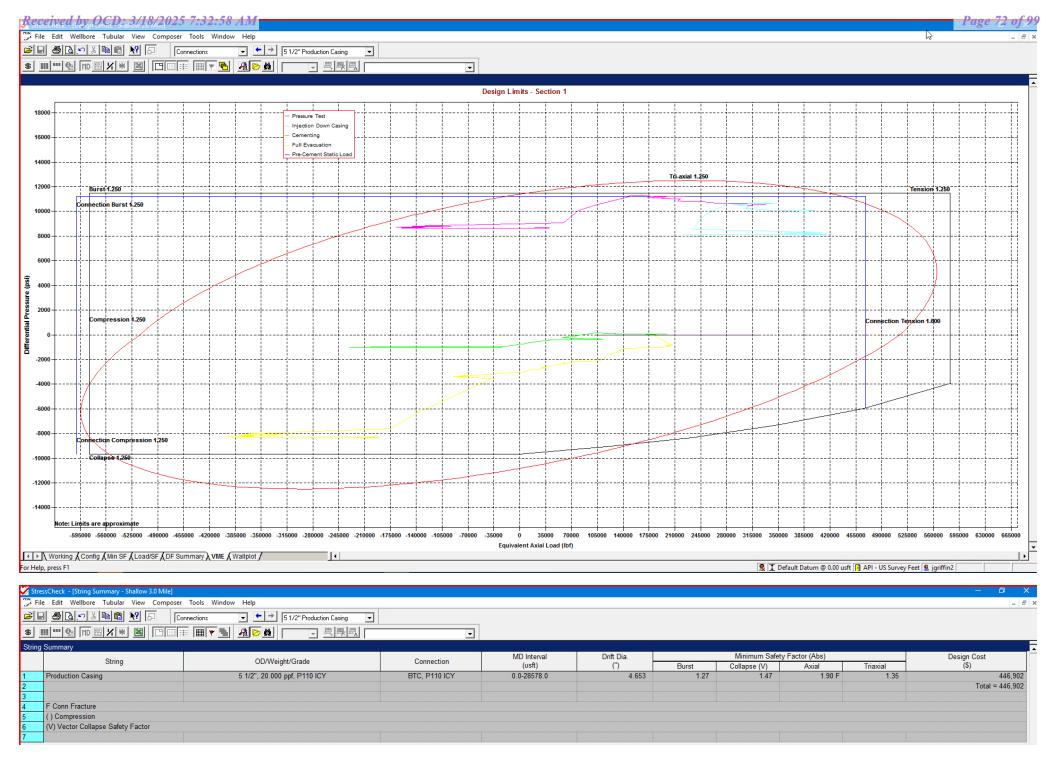
8-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 8-5/8" 32# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

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#### **Shallow Design C**

#### 1. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interval MD		Interval TVD		Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,030	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,793	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
7-7/8"	0	28,578	0	11,225	6"	24.5#	P110-EC	VAM Sprint-SF

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" casing in the 7-7/8" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 7-7/8" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 2. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

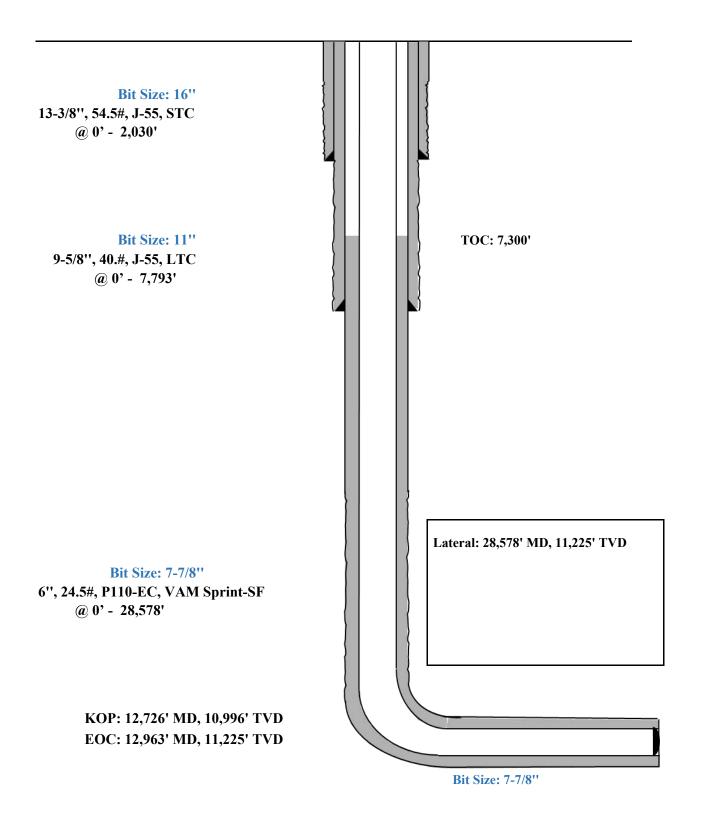
		Wt.	Yld				
				Slurry Description			
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	, ,			
2,030'	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-			
13-3/8''				Flake (TOC @ Surface)			
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium			
				Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')			
7,793'	770	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @			
9-5/8''				Surface)			
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6238')			
28,578'	650	10.5	3.21	Lead: Class H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC			
6''				@ 7300')			
	1870	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5%			
				NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @			
				12730')			

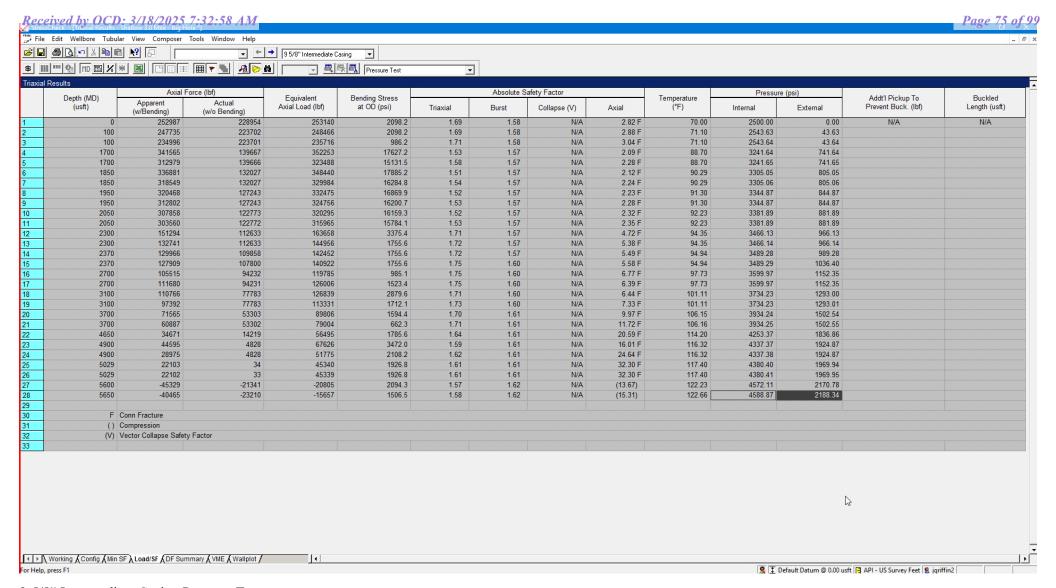


#### **Shallow Design C**

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

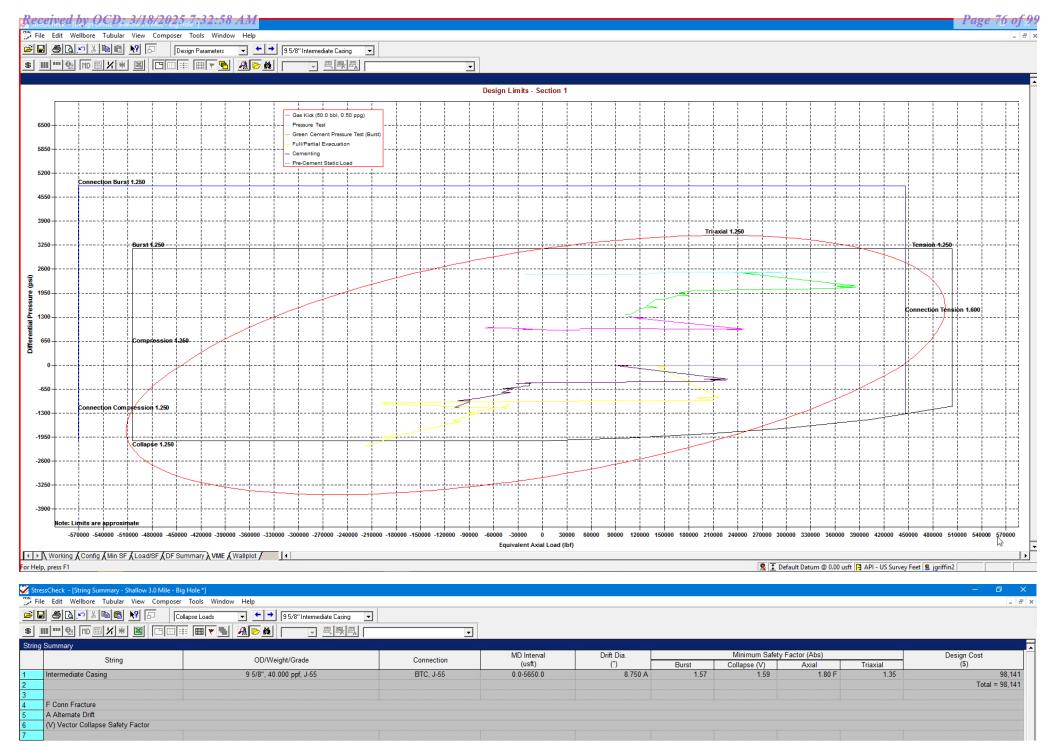




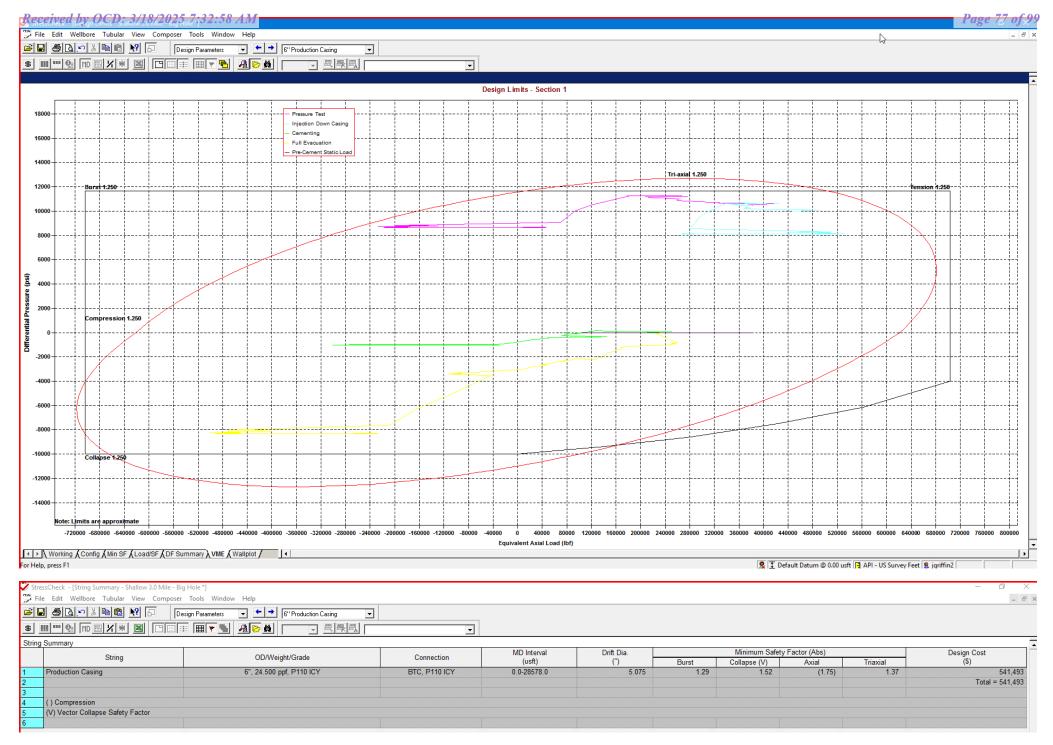
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 6" Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



#### Shallow Design D

#### 4. CASING PROGRAM

Hole	Interval MD		Interval TVD		Csg			
Size	From (ft)	To (ft)	From (ft)	To (ft)	OD	Weight	Grade	Conn
16"	0	2,030	0	2,030	13-3/8"	54.5#	J-55	STC
11"	0	7,793	0	5,650	9-5/8"	40#	J-55	LTC
7-7/8"	0	12,626	0	10,896	6"	22.3#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS
6-3/4"	12,626	28,578	10,896	11,225	5-1/2"	20#	P110-EC	DWC/C IS MS

Hole will be full during casing run for well control and tensile SF factor. Casing will be kept at least half full during run for this design to meet BLM collapse SF requirement. External pressure will be reviewed prior to conducting casing pressure tests to ensure that 70% of the yield is not exceeded.

Variance is requested to waive the centralizer requirements for the 9-5/8" casing in the 11" hole size. An expansion additive will be utilized, in the cement slurry, for the entire length of the 11" hole interval to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

Variance is also requested to waive any centralizer requirements for the 6" and 5-1/2" casings in the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole sizes. An expansion additive will be utilized in the cement slurry for the entire length of the 7-7/8" and 6-3/4" hole intervals to maximize cement bond and zonal isolation.

EOG requests permission to allow deviation from the 0.422" annulus clearance requirement for the intermediate (salt) section from Title 43 CFR Part 3170 under the following conditions:

- The variance is not applicable within the Potash Boundaries or Capitan Reef areas.
- Operator takes responsibility to get casing to set point in the event that the clearance causes stuck pipe issues.

#### 5. CEMENTING PROGRAM:

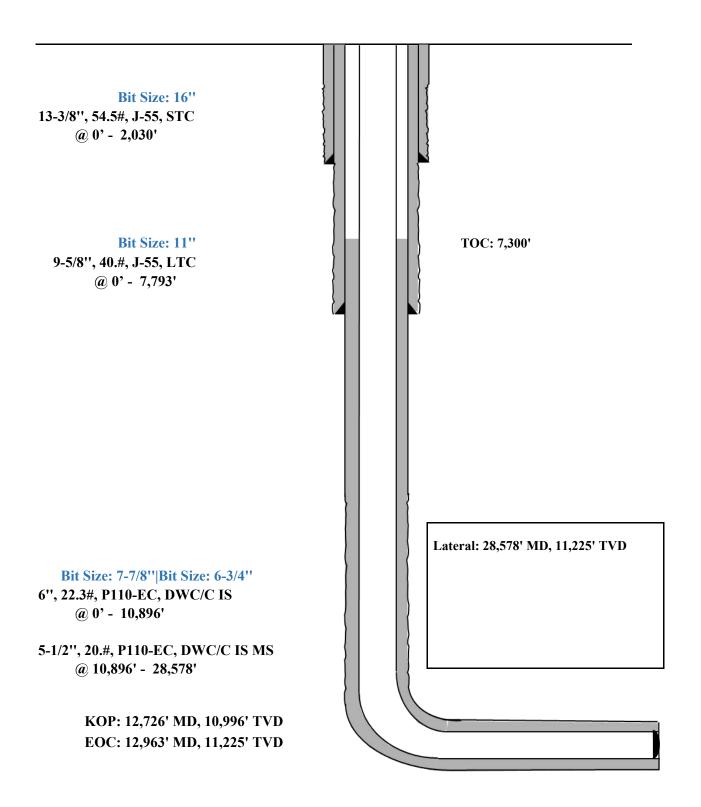
		Wt.	Yld	Slurry Description		
Depth	No. Sacks	ppg	Ft3/sk	Slurry Description		
2,030'	570	13.5	1.73	Lead: Class C + 4.0% Bentonite Gel + 0.5% CaCl2 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-		
13-3/8''				Flake (TOC @ Surface)		
	160	14.8	1.34	Tail: Class C + 0.6% FL-62 + 0.25 lb/sk Cello-Flake + 0.2% Sodium		
				Metasilicate (TOC @ 1830')		
7,793'	770	12.7	2.22	Lead: Class C + 10% NaCl + 6% Bentonite Gel + 3% MagOx (TOC @		
9-5/8''				Surface)		
	250	14.8	1.32	Tail: Class C + 10% NaCL + 3% MagOx (TOC @ 6238')		
28,578'	650	10.5	3.21	Lead: Class H + 0.4% Halad-344 + 0.35% HR-601 + 3% Microbond (TOC		
6''				@ 7300')		
	1870	13.2	1.52	Tail: Class H + 5% NEX-020 + 0.2% NAC-102 + 0.15% NAS-725 + 0.5%		
				NFL-549 + 0.2% NFP-703 + 1% NBE-737 + 0.3% NRT-241 (TOC @		
				12730')		

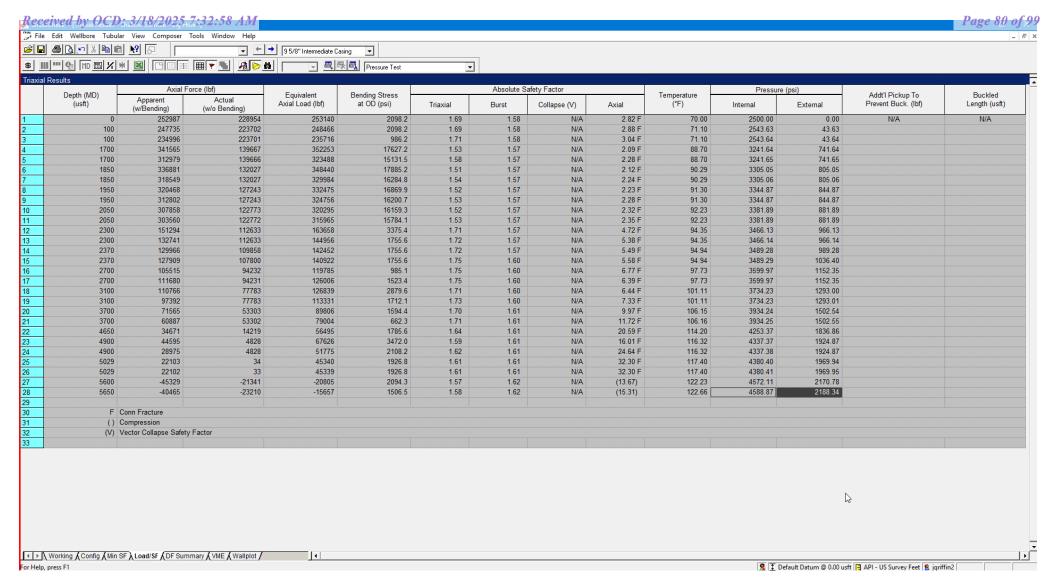


#### Shallow Design D

**Proposed Wellbore** 

KB: 3558' GL: 3533'

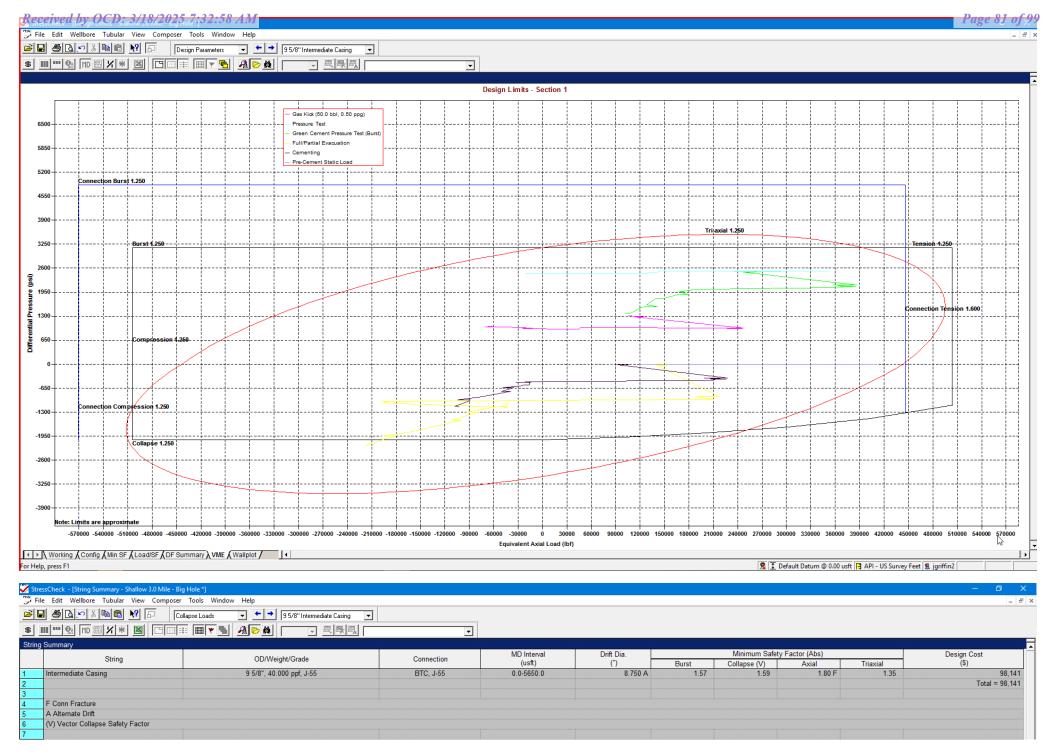




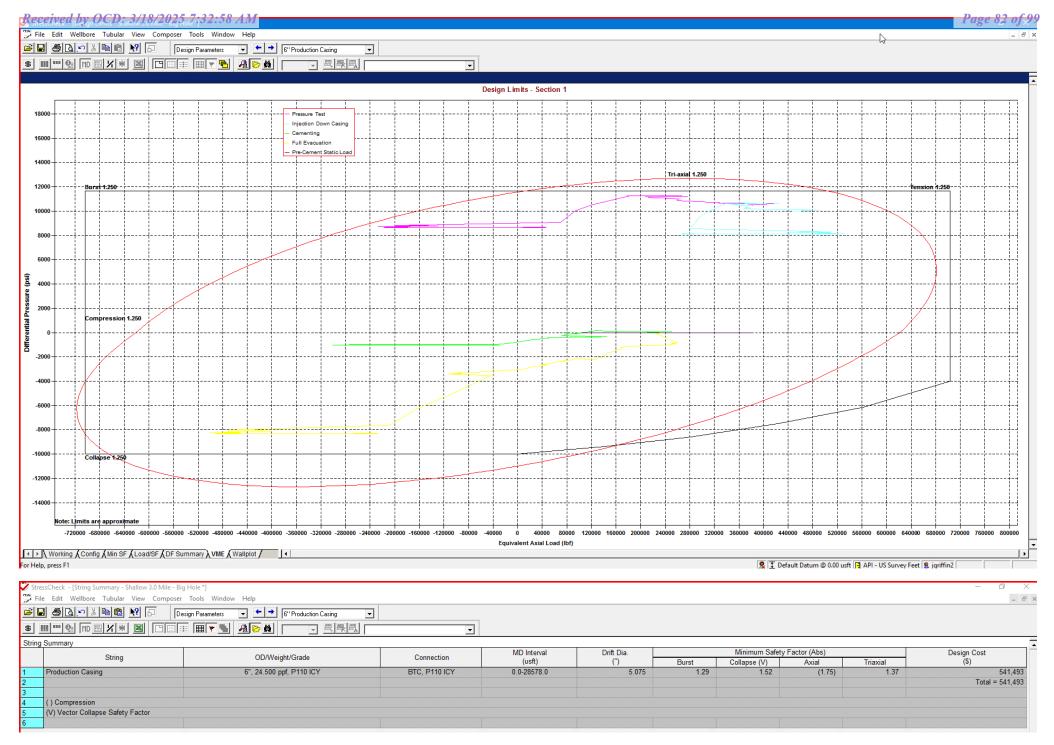
9-5/8" Intermediate Casing Pressure Test:

Internal Profile based off Surface Pressure + Hydrostatic: 4589 psi

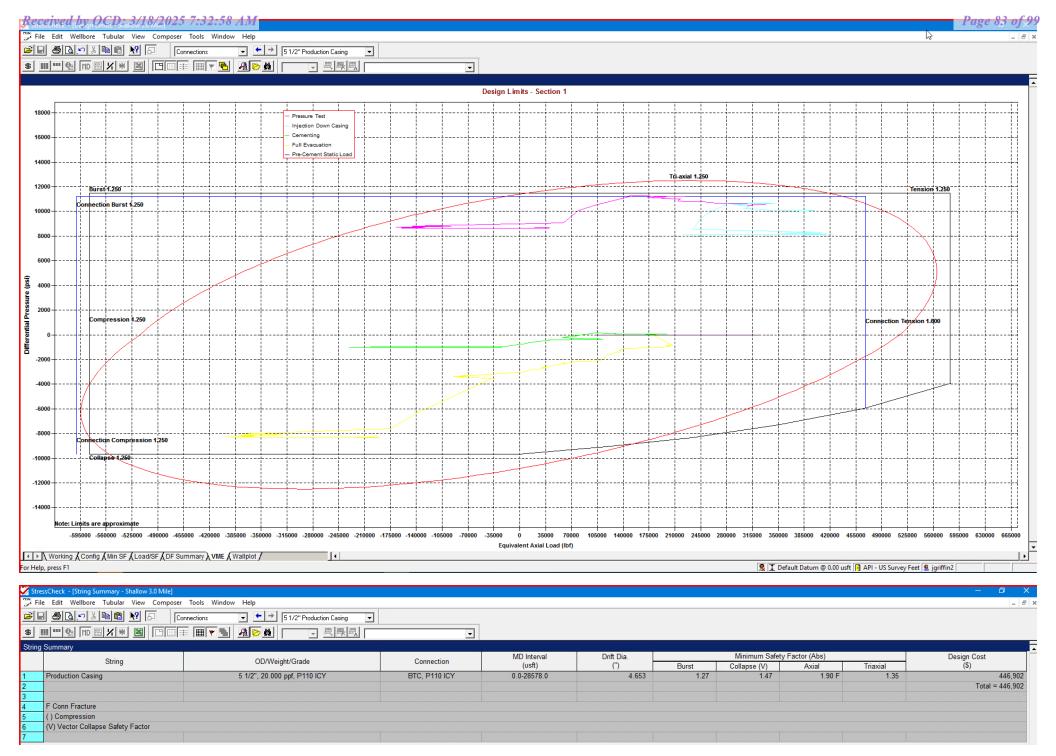
External Profile based off Pore Pressure: 2188 psi



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 9-5/8" 40# Intermediate Casing. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 6" Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.



<sup>\*</sup>Modelling done with 5-1/2" 20# Production Casing with a 125ksi Control Yield. Passes all Burst, Collapse and Tensile design criteria.

Page 22 of 32



#### **MUD PROGRAM:**

During this procedure we plan to use a Closed-Loop System and haul contents to the required disposal. The applicable depths and properties of the drilling fluid systems are as follows:

Measured Depth	Туре	Weight (ppg)	Viscosity	Water Loss
0-2,030'	Fresh - Gel	8.6-8.8	28-34	N/c
2,030' – 7,793'	Brine	9-10.5	28-34	N/c
5,450' – 28,578' Lateral	Oil Base	8.8-9.5	58-68	N/c - 6

An electronic pit volume totalizer (PVT) will be utilized on the circulating system, to monitor pit volume, flow rate, pump pressure and stroke rate.

Sufficient mud materials to maintain mud properties and meet minimum lost circulation and weight increase requirements will be kept at the wellsite at all times.

#### **CEMENTING ADDITIVES:**

Additive	Purpose
Bentonite Gel	Lightweight/Lost circulation prevention
Calcium Chloride	Accelerator
Cello-flake	Lost circulation prevention
Sodium Metasilicate	Accelerator
MagOx	Expansive agent
Pre-Mag-M	Expansive agent
Sodium Chloride	Accelerator
FL-62	Fluid loss control
Halad-344	Fluid loss control
Halad-9	Fluid loss control
HR-601	Retarder
Microbond	Expansive Agent

Cement integrity tests will be performed immediately following plug bump.

Note: Cement volumes based on bit size plus at least 25% excess in the open hole plus 10% excess in the cased-hole overlap section.

New Search »

New Search »					« Back to Previous List
					USC Metric
6/8/2015 10:04:37 AM	Ţ.	9	- A	2	
Mechanical Properties	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	2	-		psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	-	576	-	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	_	-	psi
Dimensions	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	13.375	14.375	-	14.375	in.
Wall Thickness	0.380	=	-		in.
Inside Diameter	12.615	12.615		12.615	in.
Standard Drift	12.459	12.459	-	12.459	in.
Alternate Drift	-		-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	54.50	-		1 <del>40</del> 0	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	52.79		<u>-</u>		lbs/ft
Performance	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,130	1,130	1200 1200	1,130	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	2,740	2,740	<del></del> -0	2,740	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	853.00	2.1	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength	=	909	æs	514	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,125	-	6,290	n
Make-Up Data	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	_	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	<del></del>		<del></del>	3,860	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 3/20/2025 3:08:14 PM  Maximum Make-Up Torque  P	age 24 of 32		_	6,430	ft-lbs

New Search »

New Search »					« Back to Previous List
					USC Metric
6/8/2015 10:23:27 AM	-	V.	<u> </u>	7	
Mechanical Properties	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	_	2.1	_	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	-	-	==:	psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	_		_	psi
Dimensions	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	9.625	10.625	10.625	10.625	in.
Wall Thickness	0.395	-	et a	1 <del>7</del> 15	in.
Inside Diameter	8.835	8.835	8.835	8.835	in.
Standard Drift	8.679	8.679	8.679	8.679	in.
Alternate Drift	8.750	8.750	8.750	8.750	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	40.00	-		; <del>-</del> :::	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	38.97	<u> </u>	-	_	lbs/ft
Performance	Pipe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	2,570	2,570	2,570	2,570	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,950	3,950	3,950	3,950	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	630.00	-	-		1000 lbs
Joint Strength		714	520	452	1000 lbs
Reference Length	1 44	11,898	8,665	7,529	ft
Make-Up Data	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss		4.81	4.75	3.38	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque	D 05 (00	92	3,900	3,390	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 3/20/2025 3:08:14 PM  Maximum Make-Up Torque	Page 25 of 32	-	6,500	5,650	ft-lbs





#### **Connection Data Sheet**

OD (in.) WEIGHT (lbs./ft.) 5.500 Nominal: 20.00 WALL (in.) 0.361 GRADE VST P110EC API DRIFT (in.) 4.653 RBW% 87.5 CONNECTION
DWC/C-IS MS

Plain End: 19.83

PIPE I	PROPERTIES	
Outside Diameter	5.500	in.
Inside Diameter	4.778	in.
Nominal Area	5.828	sq.in.
Grade Type	API 5CT	
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi
Min. Tensile Strength	135	ksi
Yield Strength	729	klb
Ultimate Strength	787	klb
Min. Internal Yield	14,360	psi
Collapse	12.090	nsi

	CONNECTION PROPERTIES							
١.	Connection Type	Semi-Prem	ium T&C					
١.	Connection O.D. (nom)	6.115	in.					
١.	Connection I.D. (nom)	4.778	in.					
	Make-Up Loss	4.125	in.					
si	Coupling Length	9.250	in.					
si	Critical Cross Section	5.828	sq.in.					
si	Tension Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe					
b	Compression Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe					
b	Internal Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe					
si	External Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe					
3i								

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES					
Yield Strength	729	klb			
Parting Load	787	klb			
Compression Rating	729	klb			
Min. Internal Yield	14,360	psi			
External Pressure	12,090	psi			
Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating	104.2	°/100 ft			
Reference String Length w 1.4 Design Factor	26,040	ft			

	FIELD END TORQUE VAL	UES	
י	Min. Make-up torque	16,100	ft.lb
,	Opti. Make-up torque	17,350	ft.lb
)	Max. Make-up torque	18,600	ft.lb
i	Min. Shoulder Torque	1,610	ft.lb
i	Max. Shoulder Torque	12,880	ft.lb
t	Min. Delta Turn	-	Turns
t	Max. Delta Turn	0.200	Turns
	Maximum Operational Torque	21,100	ft.lb
	Maximum Torsional Value (MTV)	23,210	ft.lb

Need Help? Contact: <a href="mailto:tech.support@vam-usa.com">tech.support@vam-usa.com</a>
Reference Drawing: 8136PP Rev.01 & 8136BP Rev.01

Date: 12/03/2019 Time: 06:19:27 PM

For detailed information on performance properties, refer to DWC Connection Data Notes on following page(s).

Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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#### **DWC Connection Data Sheet Notes:**

- 1. DWC connections are available with a seal ring (SR) option.
- 2. All standard DWC/C connections are interchangeable for a given pipe OD. DWC connections are interchangeable with DWC/C-SR connections of the same OD and wall.
- 3. Connection performance properties are based on nominal pipe body and connection dimensions.
- DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
- 6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.
- 8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.
- 9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.
- 10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.
- 11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.
- 12. DWC/C family of connections are compatible with API Buttress BTC connections. Please contact tech.support@vam-usa.com for details on connection ratings and make-up.



Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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10.750 40.50/0.350 J55 PDF

New Search »

« Back to Previous List

USC Metric

Mechanical Properties	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Yield Strength	55,000	-	-	-	psi
Maximum Yield Strength	80,000	-			psi
Minimum Tensile Strength	75,000	-	-	-	psi
Dimensions	P1pe	втс	LTC	STC	
Outside Diameter	10.750	11.750	-	11.750	in.
Wall Thickness	0.350	-	-	-	in.
Inside Diameter	10.050	10.050	-	10.050	in.
Standard Drift	9.894	9.894	-	9.894	in.
Alternate Drift	-	-	-	-	in.
Nominal Linear Weight, T&C	40.50		-	-	lbs/ft
Plain End Weight	38.91	-	-	-	lbs/ft
Performance	Ptpe	втс	LTC	STC	
Minimum Collapse Pressure	1,580	1,580	-	1,580	psi
Minimum Internal Yield Pressure	3,130	3,130	-	3,130	psi
Minimum Pipe Body Yield Strength	629.00	-	-	-	1000 lbs
Joint Strength		700	-	420	1000 lbs
Reference Length	-	11,522	-	6,915	ft
Make-Up Data	Ріре	втс	LTC	STC	
Make-Up Loss	-	4.81	-	3.50	in.
Minimum Make-Up Torque		-		3,150	ft-lbs
Released to Imaging: 3/20/2025 3:08:14 PM Maximum Make-Up Torque	Page 28 of 32	-	-	5,250	ft-lbs



#### API 5CT, 10th Ed. Connection Data Sheet

<b>O.D.</b> (in)	WEIGHT	(lb/ft)	WALL (in)	GRADE	*API DRIFT (in)	RBW %
8.625	Nominal: Plain End:	32.00 31.13	0.352	J55	7.796	87.5

Material Properties (PE)			
Pipe			
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi		
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi		
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi		
Coupling			
Minimum Yield Strength:	55 ksi		
Maximum Yield Strength:	80 ksi		
Minimum Tensile Strength:	75 ksi		

Pipe Body Data (PE)			
Geometry			
Nominal ID:	7.92 inch		
Nominal Area:	9.149 in <sup>2</sup>		
*Special/Alt. Drift:	7.875 inch		
Performar	nce		
Pipe Body Yield Strength:	503 kips		
Collapse Resistance:	2,530 psi		
Internal Yield Pressure: (API Historical)	3,930 psi		

Coupling OD: 9.625"				
STC Perforn	nance			
STC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi			
STC Joint Strength:	372 kips			
LTC Perforn	nance			
LTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi			
LTC Joint Strength:	417 kips			
SC-BTC Performance - Cplg OD = 9.125"				
BTC Internal Pressure:	3,930 psi			
BTC Joint Strength:	503 kips			

API Connection Torque						
	5	STC Tor	que (ft-lb	s)		
Min:	2,793	Opti:	3,724	Max:	4,655	
	LTC Torque (ft-lbs)					
Min:	3,130	Opti:	4,174	Max:	5,217	
	_	.TO T.	(6) 11.	- 1		
BTC Torque (ft-lbs)						
follow API guidelines regarding positional make up						

\*Alt. Drift will be used unless API Drift is specified on order.

\*\*If above API connections do not suit your needs, VAM® premium connections are available up to 100% of pipe body ratings.

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Rev 3, 7/30/2021 POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. 10/21/2022 15:24

Issued on: 10 Feb. 2021 by Wesley Ott



**Connection Data Sheet** 

OD Weight (lb/ft) Wall Th. Grade API Drift: Connection

6 in. Nominal: 24.50 Plain End: 23.95

O.400 in. P110EC 5.075 in. VAM® SPRINT-SF

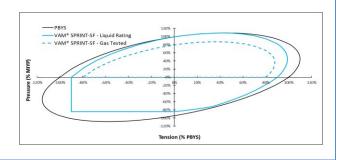
PI PE PROPERTI ES		
Nominal OD	6.000	in.
Nominal ID	5.200	in.
Nominal Cross Section Area	7.037	sqin.
Grade Type	High Yield	
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi
Min. Ultimate Tensile Strength	135	ksi

CONNECTION PROPERTIES		
Connection Type	Integral	Semi-Flush
Connection OD (nom):	6.277	in.
Connection ID (nom):	5.146	in.
Make-Up Loss	5.386	in.
Critical Cross Section	6.417	sqin.
Tension Efficiency	91.0	% of pipe
Compression Efficiency	91.0	% of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100	% of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100	% of pipe

CONNECTI ON PERFORMAN	CES	
Tensile Yield Strength	801	klb
Compression Resistance	801	klb
Internal Yield Pressure	14,580	psi
Collapse Resistance	12,500	psi
Max. Structural Bending	83	°/100ft
Max. Bending with ISO/API Sealability	30	°/100ft

TORQUE VALUES		
Min. Make-up torque	21,750	ft.lb
Opt. Make-up torque	24,250	ft.lb
Max. Make-up torque	26,750	ft.lb
Max. Torque with Sealability (MTS)	53,000	ft.lb

VAM® SPRINT-SF is a semi-flush connection innovatively designed for extreme shale applications. Its high tension rating and ultra high torque capacity make it ideal to run a fill string length as production casing in shale wells with extended horizontal sections and tight clearance requirements.



canada@vamfieldservice.com usa@vamfieldservice.com mexico@vamfieldservice.com brazil@vamfieldservice.com

#### Do you need help on this product? - Remember no one knows VAM® like VAM®

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Over 140 VAM® Specialists available worldwide 24/7 for Rig Site Assistance

china@vamfieldservice.com baku@vamfieldservice.com singapore@vamfieldservice.com australia@vamfieldservice.com



<sup>\* 87.5%</sup> RBW



#### **Connection Data Sheet**

 OD (in.)
 WEIGHT (lbs./ft.)
 WALL (in.)
 GRADE
 API DRIFT (in.)
 RBW%
 CONNECTION

 6.000
 Nominal: 22.30
 0.360
 VST P110EC
 5.155
 92.5
 DWC/C-IS

 Plain End: 21.70

PIPE PROPERTIES		
Nominal OD	6.000	in.
Nominal ID	5.280	in.
Nominal Area	6.379	sq.in.
Grade Type	API 5CT	
Min. Yield Strength	125	ksi
Max. Yield Strength	140	ksi
Min. Tensile Strength	135	ksi
Yield Strength	797	klb
Ultimate Strength	861	klb
Min. Internal Yield Pressure	13,880	psi
Collapse Pressure	9,800	psi

CONNECTION PERFORMANCES			
Yield Strength	797	klb	
Parting Load	861	klb	
Compression Rating	797	klb	
Min. Internal Yield	13,880	psi	
External Pressure	9,800	psi	
Maximum Uniaxial Bend Rating	47.7	°/100 ft	
Reference String Length w 1.4 Design Factor	25 530	ft	

Need Help? Contact: <a href="mailto:tech.support@vam-usa.com">tech.support@vam-usa.com</a>
Reference Drawing: 8135PP Rev.02 & 8135BP Rev.02

Date: 07/30/2020 Time: 07:50:47 PM

CONNECTION PRO	PERTIES	
Connection Type	Semi-Pren	nium T&C
Connection OD (nom)	6.650	in.
Connection ID (nom)	5.280	in.
Make-Up Loss	4.313	in.
Coupling Length	9.625	in.
Critical Cross Section	6.379	sq.in.
Tension Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Compression Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
Internal Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe
External Pressure Efficiency	100.0%	of pipe

FIELD END TORQUE VALUES			
Min. Make-up torque	17,000	ft.lb	
Opti. Make-up torque	18,250	ft.lb	
Max. Make-up torque	19,500	ft.lb	
Min. Shoulder Torque	1,700	ft.lb	
Max. Shoulder Torque	13,600	ft.lb	
Min. Delta Turn	-	Turns	
Max. Delta Turn	0.200	Turns	
Maximum Operational Torque	24,200	ft.lb	
Maximum Torsional Value (MTV)	26.620	ft.lb	

For detailed information on performance properties, refer to DWC Connection Data Notes on following page(s).

Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary pipe grades were obtained from mill publications and are subject to change. Properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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VAM® USA Sales E-mail: <u>VAMUSAsales@vam-usa.com</u> Tech Support Email: <u>tech.support@vam-usa.com</u>

#### **DWC Connection Data Sheet Notes:**

- 1. DWC connections are available with a seal ring (SR) option.
- 2. All standard DWC/C connections are interchangeable for a given pipe OD. DWC connections are interchangeable with DWC/C-SR connections of the same OD and wall.
- 3. Connection performance properties are based on nominal pipe body and connection dimensions.
- 4. DWC connection internal and external pressure resistance is calculated using the API rating for buttress connections. API Internal pressure resistance is calculated from formulas 31, 32, and 35 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 5. DWC joint strength is the minimum pipe body yield strength multiplied by the connection critical area.
- 6. API joint strength is for reference only. It is calculated from formulas 42 and 43 in the API Bulletin 5C3.
- 7. Bending efficiency is equal to the compression efficiency.
- 8. The torque values listed are recommended. The actual torque required may be affected by field conditions such as temperature, thread compound, speed of make-up, weather conditions, etc.
- 9. Connection yield torque is not to be exceeded.
- 10. Reference string length is calculated by dividing the joint strength by both the nominal weight in air and a design factor (DF) of 1.4. These values are offered for reference only and do not include load factors such as bending, buoyancy, temperature, load dynamics, etc.
- 11. DWC connections will accommodate API standard drift diameters.
- 12. DWC/C family of connections are compatible with API Buttress BTC connections. Please contact tech.support@vam-usa.com for details on connection ratings and make-up.

Connection specifications within the control of VAM USA were correct as of the date printed. Specifications are subject to change without notice. Certain connection specifications are dependent on the mechanical properties of the pipe. Mechanical properties of mill proprietary grades should be confirmed with the mill. Users are advised to obtain current connection specifications and verify pipe mechanical properties for each application.

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## 10,000 PSI BOP Annular Variance Request (EOG Variance 1c)

EOG Resources request a variance to use a 5000 psi annular BOP with a 10,000 psi BOP stack. The component and compatibility tables along with the general well control plans demonstrate how the 5000 psi annular BOP will be protected from pressures that exceed its rated working pressure (RWP). The pressure at which the control of the wellbore is transferred from the annular preventer to another available preventer will not exceed 3500 psi (70% of the RWP of the 5000 psi annular BOP).

#### 1. Component and Preventer Compatibility Tables

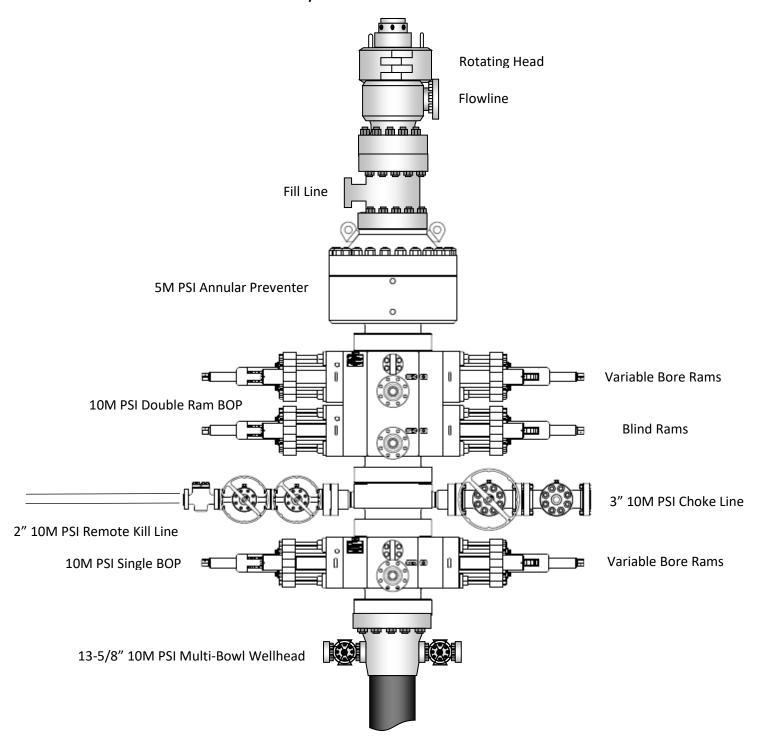
The tables below outlines the tubulars and the compatible preventers in use. This table, combined with the drilling fluid, documents that two barriers to flow will be maintained at all times.

12-1/4" Intermediate Hole Section 10M psi requirement					
Component	OD	<b>Primary Preventer</b>	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
HWDP	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
Jars	6.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
				Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
DCs and MWD tools	6.500" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Mud Motor	8.000" - 9.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
1 <sup>st</sup> Intermediate casing	9.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

8-3/4" Production Hole Section					
10M psi requirement					
Component	OD	<b>Primary Preventer</b>	RWP	Alternate Preventer(s)	RWP
Drillpipe	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
HWDP	5.000" or	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
	4.500"			Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
Jars	6.500"	Annular	5M	Upper 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
				Lower 3.5 - 5.5" VBR	10M
DCs and MWD tools	6.500" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	-	-
Mud Motor	6.750" - 8.000"	Annular	5M	•	-
2 <sup>nd</sup> Intermediate casing	7.625"	Annular	5M	-	-
Open-hole	-	Blind Rams	10M	-	-

VBR = Variable Bore Ram

### EOG Resources 13-5/8" 10M PSI BOP Stack



#### 2. Well Control Procedures

Below are the minimal high-level tasks prescribed to assure a proper shut-in while drilling, tripping, running casing, pipe out of the hole (open hole), and moving the BHA through the BOPs. At least one well control drill will be performed weekly per crew to demonstrate compliance with the procedure and well control plan. The well control drill will be recorded in the daily drilling log. The type of drill will be determined by the ongoing operations, but reasonable attempts will be made to vary the type of drill conducted (pit, trip, open hole, choke, etc.). This well control plan will be available for review by rig personnel in the EOG Resources drilling supervisor's office on location, and on the rig floor. All BOP equipment will be tested as per Onshore O&G Order No. 2 with the exception of the 5000 psi annular which will be tested to 100% of its RWP.

#### General Procedure While Drilling

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Space out drill string
- 3. Shut down pumps (stop pumps and rotary)
- 4. Shut-in Well (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

#### General Procedure While Tripping

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Stab full opening safety valve and close
- 3. Space out drill string
- 4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

#### General Procedure While Running Production Casing

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
- 3. Space out string
- 4. Shut-in (uppermost applicable BOP, typically annular preventer first. HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 5. Confirm shut-in
- 6. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 7. Read and record the following:
  - a. SIDPP and SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 8. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 9. If pressure has built or is anticipated during the kill to reach 70% or greater of the RWP of the annular preventer, confirm spacing and close the upper variable bore rams.

#### General Procedure With No Pipe In Hole (Open Hole)

- 1. Sound alarm (alert crew)
- 2. Shut-in with blind rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
- 3. Confirm shut-in
- 4. Notify toolpusher/company representative
- 5. Read and record the following:
  - a. SICP
  - b. Pit gain
  - c. Time
- 6. Regroup and identify forward plan

#### General Procedures While Pulling BHA thru Stack

- 1. PRIOR to pulling last joint of drillpipe thru the stack.
  - a. Perform flowcheck, if flowing:
  - b. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - c. Stab full opening safety valve and close
  - d. Space out drill string with tool joint just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
  - e. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - f. Confirm shut-in
  - g. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - h. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - i. Regroup and identify forward plan

- 2. With BHA in the stack and compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.
  - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - b. Stab crossover and full opening safety valve and close
  - c. Space out drill string with upset just beneath the upper variable bore rams.
  - d. Shut-in using upper variable bore rams. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - e. Confirm shut-in
  - f. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - g. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - h. Regroup and identify forward plan
- 3. With BHA in the stack and NO compatible ram preventer and pipe combo immediately available.
  - a. Sound alarm (alert crew)
  - b. If possible to pick up high enough, pull string clear of the stack and follow "Open Hole" scenario.
  - c. If impossible to pick up high enough to pull the string clear of the stack:
  - d. Stab crossover, make up one joint/stand of drillpipe, and full opening safety valve and close
  - e. Space out drill string with tooljoint just beneath the upper variable bore ram.
  - f. Shut-in using upper variable bore ram. (HCR and choke will already be in the closed position.)
  - g. Confirm shut-in
  - h. Notify toolpusher/company representative
  - i. Read and record the following:
    - i. SIDPP and SICP
    - ii. Pit gain
    - iii. Time
  - j. Regroup and identify forward plan

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# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 443319

#### **CONDITIONS**

Operator:	OGRID:
EOG RESOURCES INC	7377
5509 Champions Drive	Action Number:
Midland, TX 79706	443319
	Action Type:
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

#### CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
sharrell1	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing.	3/18/2025
sharrell1	If cement does not circulate on any string, a Cement Bond Log (CBL) is required for that string of casing.	3/18/2025
pkautz	Administrative order required for non-standard spacing unit prior to production.	3/20/2025
pkautz	File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.	3/20/2025
pkautz	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string.	3/20/2025
pkautz	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system.	3/20/2025