Form 3160-3 (June 2015) UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE IN BUREAU OF LAND MANA APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DE	FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 Expires: January 31, 20 5. Lease Serial No. NMNM06814 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Nar	0 7 018 me		
		7 If Unit of CA Agreement Nat	ne and No	
1a. Type of work: 🖌 DRILL 🗌 RE	ENTER	7. If Ollit of CA Agreement, Na	ne and No.	
1b. Type of Well: ✓ Oil Well Gas Well Otl 1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing ✓ Sin	8. Lease Name and Well No. MOJO 30-25 FED			
2. Name of Operator CENTENNIAL RESOURCE PRODUCTION LLC		9. API Well No. 30-015-5651	17	
3a. Address 300 N MARIENFIELD STREET SUITE 1000, MIDLAND, T	10. Field and Pool, or Explorator Hackberry/Bone Spring, NW	ry		
4. Location of Well (<i>Report location clearly and in accordance w</i> At surface SENE / 1350 FNL / 849 FEL / LAT 32.63491 At proposed prod. zone NWNW / 660 FNL / 100 FWL / LA	ith any State requirements.*) 2 / LONG -103.902712 NT 32.63676 / LONG -103.933776	11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Su SEC 30/T19S/R31E/1PM	nrvey or Area	
14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post offic	12. County or Parish 13 EDDY N	3. State M		
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 849 feet 18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. 33 feet	16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacin 319.0 319.0 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/ 9832 feet / 19975 feet FED:	ng Unit dedicated to this well BIA Bond No. in file		
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3432 feet	22. Approximate date work will start* 07/19/2024	23. Estimated duration 18 days		
	24. Attachments			
 The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of (as applicable) 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 2. A Drilling Plan. 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office) 	 Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the F 4. Bond to cover the operation Item 20 above). 5. Operator certification. 6. Such other site specific infor BLM. 	Iydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 C is unless covered by an existing box mation and/or plans as may be requ	FR 3162.3-3 nd on file (see tested by the	
25. Signature (Electronic Submission) Title	Name (Printed/Typed) ASHLEY BROWN / Ph: (432) 695	Name (Printed/Typed) Date ASHLEY BROWN / Ph: (432) 695-4222 08/07/2023		
Sr. Regulatory Analyst				
Approved by (Signature) (Electronic Submission)	Name (Printed/Typed) CODY LAYTON / Ph: (575) 234-59	Name (Printed/Typed) Date CODY LAYTON / Ph: (575) 234-5959 03/03/2025		
Title Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals	Office Carlsbad Field Office			
Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	holds legal or equitable title to those rights	in the subject lease which would e	entitle the	
of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements o	ake it a crime for any person knowingly and r representations as to any matter within its	willfully to make to any departme jurisdiction.	ent or agency	



(Continued on page 2)

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: This form is designed for submitting proposals to perform certain well operations, as indicated on Federal and Indian lands and leases for action by appropriate Federal agencies, pursuant to applicable Federal laws and regulations. Any necessary special instructions concerning the use of this form and the number of copies to be submitted, particularly with regard to local, area, or regional procedures and practices, either are shown below or will be issued by, or may be obtained from local Federal offices.

ITEM I: If the proposal is to redrill to the same reservoir at a different subsurface location or to a new reservoir, use this form with appropriate notations. Consult applicable Federal regulations concerning subsequent work proposals or reports on the well.

ITEM 4: Locations on Federal or Indian land should be described in accordance with Federal requirements. Consult local Federal offices for specific instructions.

ITEM 14: Needed only when location of well cannot readily be found by road from the land or lease description. A plat, or plats, separate or on the reverse side, showing the roads to, and the surveyed location of, the wen, and any other required information, should be furnished when required by Federal agency offices.

ITEMS 15 AND 18: If well is to be, or has been directionany drilled, give distances for subsurface location of hole in any present or objective productive zone.

ITEM 22: Consult applicable Federal regulations, or appropriate officials, concerning approval of the proposal before operations are started.

ITEM 24: If the proposal will involve hydraulic fracturing operations, you must comply with 43 CFR 3162.3-3, including providing information about the protection of usable water. Operators should provide the best available information about all formations containing water and their depths. This information could include data and interpretation of resistivity logs run on nearby wells. Information may also be obtained from state or tribal regulatory agencies and from local BLM offices.

NOTICES

The Privacy Act of 1974 and regulation in 43 CFR 2.48(d) provide that you be furnished the following information in connection with information required by this application.

AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq., 25 U.S.C. 396; 43 CFR 3160

PRINCIPAL PURPOSES: The information will be used to: (1) process and evaluate your application for a permit to drill a new oil, gas, or service wen or to reenter a plugged and abandoned well; and (2) document, for administrative use, information for the management, disposal and use of National Resource Lands and resources including (a) analyzing your proposal to discover and extract the Federal or Indian resources encountered; (b) reviewing procedures and equipment and the projected impact on the land involved; and (c) evaluating the effects of the proposed operation on the surface and subsurface water and other environmental impacts.

ROUTINE USE: Information from the record and/or the record win be transferred to appropriate Federal, State, and local or foreign agencies, when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecution, in connection with congressional inquiries and for regulatory responsibilities.

EFFECT OF NOT PROVIDING INFORMATION: Filing of this application and disclosure of the information is mandatory only if you elect to initiate a drilling or reentry operation on an oil and gas lease.

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 requires us to inform you that:

The BLM conects this information to anow evaluation of the technical, safety, and environmental factors involved with drilling for oil and/or gas on Federal and Indian oil and gas leases. This information will be used to analyze and approve applications. Response to this request is mandatory only if the operator elects to initiate drilling or reentry operations on an oil and gas lease. The BLM would like you to know that you do not have to respond to this or any other Federal agency-sponsored information collection unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

BURDEN HOURS STATEMENT: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 8 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this form to U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (1004-0137), Bureau Information Conection Clearance Officer (WO-630), 1849 C Street, N.W., Mail Stop 401 LS, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Additional Operator Remarks

Location of Well

0. SHL: SENE / 1350 FNL / 849 FEL / TWSP: 19S / RANGE: 31E / SECTION: 30 / LAT: 32.634912 / LONG: -103.902712 (TVD: 0 feet, MD: 0 feet) PPP: NWNW / 659 FNL / 1320 FWL / TWSP: 19S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 25 / LAT: 32.636767 / LONG: -103.929814 (TVD: 9832 feet, MD: 10182 feet) PPP: NENE / 652 FNL / 0 FWL / TWSP: 19S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 25 / LAT: 32.636789 / LONG: -103.916957 (TVD: 9832 feet, MD: 10182 feet) PPP: NENE / 660 FNL / 100 FEL / TWSP: 19S / RANGE: 31E / SECTION: 30 / LAT: 32.636816 / LONG: -103.900287 (TVD: 9832 feet, MD: 10182 feet) BHL: NWNW / 660 FNL / 100 FWL / TWSP: 19S / RANGE: 30E / SECTION: 25 / LAT: 32.63676 / LONG: -103.933776 (TVD: 9832 feet, MD: 19975 feet)

BLM Point of Contact Name: JANET D ESTES

Title: ADJUDICATOR Phone: (575) 234-6233 Email: JESTES@BLM.GOV

Review and Appeal Rights

A person contesting a decision shall request a State Director review. This request must be filed within 20 working days of receipt of the Notice with the appropriate State Director (see 43 CFR 3165.3). The State Director review decision may be appealed to the Interior Board of Land Appeals, 801 North Quincy Street, Suite 300, Arlington, VA 22203 (see 43 CFR 3165.4). Contact the above listed Bureau of Land Management office for further information.

Received by OCD: 3/5/2025 8:53	8:51 AM
C-102	State of New

Page 5 of 102 Revised July 9, 2024

Submit Electronically Via OCD Permitting

Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

Initial Submittal Submittal Type:

Amended Report As Drilled

WELL LOCATION INFORMATION

API Number 30-015-56517	Pool Code	Pool Name	
Property Code 337191	Property Name MO	DJO 30-25 FED	Well Number 131H
OGRID No. 372165	Operator Name PERMIAN RESO	DURCES OPERATING, LLC	Ground Level Elevation 3432.4'
Surface Owner: 🗆 State 🗆 Fee 🗆	Tribal 🗖 Federal	Mineral Owner: State Fee Tribal Federal	

	Surface Location								
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude (NAD 83)	Longitude (NAD 83)	County
Н	30	19S	31E		1,350 NORTH	849 EAST	32.634912°	-103.902712°	EDDY
L				Ļ	,	L			
Bottom Hole Location									
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft, from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude (NAD 83)	Longitude (NAD 83)	County
D	25	19S	30E		660 NORTH	100 WEST	32.636760°	-103.933776°	EDDY

Dedicated Acres	Infill or Defining Well	Defining Well API	Overlapping Spacing Unit (Y/N)	Consolidation Code
Order Numbers.			Well setbacks are under Common	Ownership: □Yes □No

	Kick Off Point (KOP)								
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft, from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude (NAD 83)	Longitude (NAD 83)	County
Н	30	19S	31E		1,350 NORTH	849 EAST	32.634912°	-103.902712°	EDDY
	First Take Point (FTP)								
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude (NAD 83)	Longitude (NAD 83)	County
Α	30	19S	31E		660 NORTH	100 EAST	32.636816°	-103.900287°	EDDY
Last Take Point (LTP)									
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude (NAD 83)	Longitude (NAD 83)	County
D	25	19S	30E		660 NORTH	100 WEST	32.636760°	-103.933776°	EDDY

Spacing Unit Type Horizontal D Vertical

Ground Floor Elevation:

OPERATOR CERTIFICATIONS I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and, if the well is a vertical or directional well, that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division. If this well is a horizontal well, I further certify that this organization has received the consent of at least one lessee or owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest in each tract (in the target pool or formation) in which any part of the well's completed interval will be located or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division.	SURVEYOR CERTIFICATIONS I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from the field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief:		
Signature Date	Signature and Seal of Profe	ssional Surveyor	
Capoli Wang-	23782	April 13, 2023	
Printed Name	Certificate Number	Date of Survey	
Email Address			

Note: No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interest have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

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NAD 27 (LPP #2)

LATITUDE = 32°38'11.93" (32.636648°)

STATE PLANE NAD 83 (N.M. EAST)

STATE PLANE NAD 27 (N.M. EAST)

N: 595622.65' E: 665552.06'

N: 595560.23' E: 624372.19

LONGITUDE = -103°55'45.52" (-103.929311°)

NAD 27 (LTP/BHL)

N: 595615.48' E: 664332.38

N: 595553.06' E: 623152.51

LATITUDE = 32°38'11.91" (32.636641°)

STATE PLANE NAD 83 (N.M. EAST)

STATE PLANE NAD 27 (N.M. EAST)

LONGITUDE = -103°55'59.78" (-103.933273°)

Sheet 2 of 2 Released to Imaging: 4/22/2025 3:32:12 PM

LATITUDE = 32°38'12.01" (32.636670°) LONGITUDE = -103°54'59.24" (-103.916454°)

STATE PLANE NAD 83 (N.M. EAST)

STATE PLANE NAD 27 (N.M. EAST)

N: 595645.94' E: 669509.74'

N: 595583.49' E: 628329.88'

NAD 27 (LPP #1)

Rec	eived by	OCD: 3	/5/2025	8:53:51	AM
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	Sub Via	nit Electronically E-permitting							
Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505									
	Ν	ATURAL G	AS MANA	GEME	NT PLAN				
This Natural Gas Mana	gement Plan m	ust be submitted v	vith each Applica	tion for P	ermit to Drill (A	.PD) for a new o	r recompleted well.		
		<u>Section</u> <u>H</u>	n 1 – Plan D Effective May 25	escrip , 2021	<u>tion</u>				
I. Operator: <u>Permia</u>	an Resources O	perating, LLC	OGI	RID:	372165	Date	: <u>03/4/2025</u>		
II. Type: 🛛 Original	□ Amendment	t due to 🗆 19.15.2	7.9.D(6)(a) NMA	C 🗆 19.1	5.27.9.D(6)(b) 1	NMAC 🗆 Other			
If Other, please describ	e:								
III. Well(s): Provide the be recompleted from a	ne following in single well pad	formation for each or connected to a	new or recomple central delivery j	eted well point.	or set of wells p	roposed to be dr	illed or proposed to		
Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages		Anticipated Oil BBL/D	Anticipated Gas MCF/D	Anticipated Produced Water BBL/D		
-									
-									
IV. Central Delivery I	Point Name:	MOJO CTB				[See 19.15.27	.9(D)(1) NMAC]		
V. Anticipated Schedule: Provide the following information for each new or recompleted well or set of wells proposed to be drilled or proposed to be recompleted from a single well pad or connected to a central delivery point.									
Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached Date	Co	ompletion encement Date	Initial Flow Back Date	First Production Date		
Moio 30-25 Fed 111H	TBD	5/15/25	TBD	TBD		TBD	TBD		
Mojo 30-25 Fed 112H	TBD	5/15/25	TBD	TBD		TBD	TBD		
Mojo 30-25 Fed 121H	TBD	5/15/25	TBD	TBD		TBD	TBD		
Mojo 30-25 Fed 122H	TBD	5/15/25	TBD	TBD		TBD	TBD		
Mojo 30-25 Fed 131H	TBD	5/15/25	TBD	TBD		TBD	TBD		
Mojo 30-25 Fed 132H	TBD	5/15/25	TBD	TBD		TBD	TBD		

VI. Separation Equipment: 🛛 Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture.

VII. Operational Practices: Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC.

VIII. Best Management Practices: 🛛 Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.

Section 2 – Enhanced Plan EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

IX. Anticipated Natural Gas Production:

Well	API	Anticipated Average Natural Gas Rate MCF/D	Anticipated Volume of Natural Gas for the First Year MCF

X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):

Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering Start Date	Available Maximum Daily Capacity of System Segment Tie-in

XI. Map. \boxtimes Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.

XII. Line Capacity. The natural gas gathering system \Box will \boxtimes will not have capacity to gather 100% of the anticipated natural gas production volume from the well prior to the date of first production.

XIII. Line Pressure. Operator \boxtimes does \square does not anticipate that its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, or portion, of the natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new well(s).

Attach Operator's plan to manage production in response to the increased line pressure.

XIV. Confidentiality: \square Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided in Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific information for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.

Section 3 - Certifications Effective May 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal:

 \Box Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or

 \boxtimes Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system. *If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following:*

Well Shut-In. 🛛 Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

Venting and Flaring Plan. \Box Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including:

- (a) power generation on lease;
- (b) power generation for grid;
- (c) compression on lease;
- (d) liquids removal on lease;
- (e) reinjection for underground storage;
- (f) reinjection for temporary storage;
- (g) reinjection for enhanced oil recovery;
- (h) fuel cell production; and
- (i) other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

Section 4 - Notices

1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:

(a) Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or

(b) Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.

2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature: Caso i Evans
Printed Name: Cassie Evans
Title: Regulatory Specialist
E-mail Address: Cassie.Evans@permianres.com
Date: 3/4/2025
Phone: 432-313-1732
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION (Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)
Approved By:
Title:
Title: Approval Date:
Title: Approval Date: Conditions of Approval:
Title: Approval Date: Conditions of Approval:
Title: Approval Date: Conditions of Approval:
Title: Approval Date: Conditions of Approval:

Permian Resources Operating, LLC (372165)

Natural Gas Management Plan Descriptions

VI. Separation Equipment:

Permian utilizes a production forecast from our Reservoir Engineering team to appropriately size each permanent, 3-phase separator and heater treater utilized for production operations. Our goal is to maintain 5 minutes of retention time in the test vessel and 20 minutes in the heater treater at peak production rates. The gas produced is routed from the separator to the gas sales line.

VII. Operational Practices:

Drilling

During Permian's drilling operations it is uncommon for venting or flaring to occur. If flaring is needed due to safety concerns, gas will be routed to a flare and volumes will be estimated.

Flowback

During completion/recompletion flowback operations, after separation flowback begins and as soon as it is technically feasible, Permian routes gas though a permanent separator and the controlled facility where the gas is either sold or flared through a high-pressure flare if needed.

Production

Per 19.15.27.8.D, Permian's facilities are designed to minimize waste. Our produced gas will only be vented or flared in an emergency or malfunction situation, except as allowed for normal operations noted in 19.15.27.8.D(2) & (4). All gas that is flared is metered. All gas that may be vented will be estimated.

Performance Standards

Permian utilizes a production forecast from our Reservoir Engineering team to appropriately size each permanent, 3-phase separator and heater treater utilized for production operations.

All of Permian's permanent storage tanks associated with production operations which are routed to a flare or control device are equipped with an automatic gauging system.

All of Permian's flare stacks, both currently installed and for future installation, are:

- 1) Appropriately sized and designed to ensure proper combustion efficiency.
- 2) Equipped with an automatic ignitor or continuous pilot.
- 3) Anchored and located at least 100 feet from the well and storage tanks.

Permian's field operations and HSE teams have implemented an AVO inspection schedule that adheres to the requirements of 19.15.27.8.E(5).

All of our operations and facilities are designed to minimize waste. We routinely employ the following methods and practices:

- Closed-loop systems
- Enclosed and properly sized tanks

- Vapor recovery units to maximize recovery of low-pressure gas streams and potential unauthorized emissions
- Low-emitting or electric engines whenever practical
- Combustors and flare stacks in the event of a malfunction or emergency
- Routine facility inspections to identify leaking components, functioning control devices, such as flares and combustors, and repair / replacement of malfunctioning components where applicable

Measurement or estimation

Permian measures or estimates the volumes of natural gas vented, flared and/or beneficially used for all of our drilling, completing and producing wells. We utilize accepted industry standards and methodology which can be independently verified. Annual GOR testing is completed on our wells and will be submitted as required by the OCD. None of our equipment is designed to allow diversion around metering elements except during inspection, maintenance and repair operations.

VIII. Best Management Practices:

Permian utilizes the following BMPs to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance activities:

- Use a closed-loop process wherever possible during planned maintenance activities, such as blowdowns, liquid removal, and work over operations.
- Employ low-emitting or electric engines for equipment, such as compressors
- Adhere to a strict preventative maintenance program which includes routine facility inspections, identification of component malfunctions, and repairing or replacing components such as hatches, seals, valves, etc. where applicable
- Utilize vapor recovery units (VRU's) to maximize recovery of volumes of low-pressure gas streams and potential unauthorized emissions
- Route low pressure gas and emissions streams to a combustion device to prevent venting where necessary



Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formatio
15134964	RUSTLER	2447	602	602	SANDSTONE	NONE	N
15134965	SALADO	1700	747	747	SALT	NONE	N
15134967	TANSILL	465	1982	1982	ANHYDRITE, SHALE	NONE	N
15134968	YATES	355	2092	2092	ANHYDRITE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134969	SEVEN RIVERS	195	2252	2252	OTHER : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134966	CAPITAN REEF	135	2312	2312	OTHER : CARBONATE	NONE	N
15134970	CHERRY CANYON	-1675	4122	4122	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134971	BRUSHY CANYON	-2415	4862	4862	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134972	BONE SPRING LIME	-4165	6612	6612	OTHER, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134973	BONE SPRING 1ST	-5465	7912	7912	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134974	BONE SPRING 2ND	-6045	8492	8492	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15134975	BONE SPRING 3RD	-7175	9622	9622	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y
15134976	WOLFCAMP	-7585	10032	10032	OTHER, SANDSTONE, SHALE : CARBONATE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Well Name: MOJO 30-25 FED

Well Number: 131H

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Pressure Rating (PSI): 2M

Rating Depth: 1000

Equipment: A diverter is requested to be used to drill the surface hole section. See attached schematic. BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. All BOPE connections shall be flanged, welded or clamped. All choke lines shall be straight unless targeted with running tees or tee blocks are used, and choke lines shall be anchored to prevent whip and reduce vibrations. All valves in the choke line & the choke manifold shall be full opening as to not cause restrictions and to allow for straight fluid paths to minimize potential erosion. All gauges utilized in the well control system shall be of a type designed for drilling fluid service. A top drive inside BOP valve will be utilized at all times. Subs equipped with full opening valves sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. The key to operate said valve equipped subs will be on the rig floor at all times. The accumulator system will have sufficient capacity to open the HCR and close all three sets of rams plus the annular preventer while retaining at least 300 psi above precharge on the closing manifold (accumulator system shall be capable of doing so without using the closing unit pumps). The fluid reservoir capacity will be double the usable fluid volume of the accumulator system capacity, and the fluid level will be maintained at the manufacturer's recommended level. Prior to connecting the closing unit to the BOP stack, an accumulator precharge pressure test shall be performed to ensure the precharge pressure is within 100 psi of the desired precharge pressure (only nitrogen gas will be used to precharge). Two independent power sources will be made available at all times to power the closing unit pumps so that the pumps can automatically start when the closing valve manifold pressure has decreased to the preset level. Closing unit pumps will be sized to allow opening of HCR and closing of annular preventer on 5" drill pipe achieving at least 200 psi above precharge pressure with the accumulator system isolated from service in less than two minutes. A valve shall be installed in the closing line as close to the annular preventer as possible to act as a locking device; the valve shall be maintained in the open position and shall be closed only when the power source for the accumulator system is inoperative. Remote controls capable of opening and closing all preventers & the HCR shall be readily accessible to the driller: master controls with the same capability will be operable at the accumulator. The wellhead will be a multibowl speed head allowing for hangoff of intermediate casing & isolation of the 133/8 x 95/8 annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead to install an additional casing head. A wear bushing will be installed & inspected frequently to guard against internal wear to wellhead. VBRs (variable bore rams) will be run in upper ram body of BOP stack to provide redundancy to annular preventer while RIH w/ production casing;

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: A variance is requested for the use of a diverter on the surface casing, see attached schematic. Flex hose and offline cement variances are also requested, see attachments in section 8.

Testing Procedure: BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per Onshore Order II requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the System is upgraded, all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24-hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checked will be noted on the daily tour sheets. Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP), choke lines, and choke manifold. See attached schematics. The BOP test shall be performed before drilling out of the surface casing shoe and will occur at a minimum: a. when initially installed b. whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken c. following related repairs d. at 30 day intervals e. checked daily as to mechanical operating conditions. The ram type preventer(s) will be tested using a test plug to 250 psi (low) and 5,000 psi (high) (casinghead WP) with a test plug upon its installation onto the 13 surface casing. If a test plug is not used, the ram type preventer(s) shall be tested to 70% of the minimum internal yield pressure of the casing. The annular type preventer(s) shall be tested to 3500 psi. Pressure will be maintained for at least 10 minutes or until provisions of the test are met, whichever is longer. A Sundry Notice (Form 3160 5), along with a copy of the BOP test report, shall be submitted to the local BLM office within 5 working days following the test. If the bleed line is connected into the buffer tank (header), all BOP equipment including the buffer tank and associated valves will be rated at the required BOP pressure. The BLM office will be provided with a minimum of four (4) hours notice of BOP testing to allow witnessing. The BOP Configuration, choke manifold layout, and accumulator system, will be in compliance with Onshore Order 2 for a 5,000 psi system. A remote accumulator and a multi-bowl system will be used, please see attachment in section 8 for multi-bowl procedure. Pressures, capacities, and specific placement and use of the manual and/or hydraulic controls, accumulator controls, bleed lines, etc., will be identified at the time of the BLM 'witnessed BOP test. Any remote controls will be capable of both opening and closing all preventers and shall

Well Name: MOJO 30-25 FED

Well Number: 131H

be readily accessible.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

5M_Choke_Diagram_20240126075658.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

2M_BOP_20240126075702.pdf

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M

Rating Depth: 9932

Equipment: BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. All BOPE connections shall be flanged, welded or clamped. All choke lines shall be straight unless targeted with running tees or tee blocks are used, and choke lines shall be anchored to prevent whip and reduce vibrations. All valves in the choke line & the choke manifold shall be full opening as to not cause restrictions and to allow for straight fluid paths to minimize potential erosion. All gauges utilized in the well control system shall be of a type designed for drilling fluid service. A top drive inside BOP valve will be utilized at all times. Subs equipped with full opening valves sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. The key to operate said valve equipped subs will be on the rig floor at all times. The accumulator system will have sufficient capacity to open the HCR and close all three sets of rams plus the annular preventer while retaining at least 300 psi above precharge on the closing manifold (accumulator system shall be capable of doing so without using the closing unit pumps). The fluid reservoir capacity will be double the usable fluid volume of the accumulator system capacity, and the fluid level will be maintained at the manufacturer's recommended level. Prior to connecting the closing unit to the BOP stack, an accumulator precharge pressure test shall be performed to ensure the precharge pressure is within 100 psi of the desired precharge pressure (only nitrogen gas will be used to precharge). Two independent power sources will be made available at all times to power the closing unit pumps so that the pumps can automatically start when the closing valve manifold pressure has decreased to the preset level. Closing unit pumps will be sized to allow opening of HCR and closing of annular preventer on 5" drill pipe achieving at least 200 psi above precharge pressure with the accumulator system isolated from service in less than two minutes. A valve shall be installed in the closing line as close to the annular preventer as possible to act as a locking device; the valve shall be maintained in the open position and shall be closed only when the power source for the accumulator system is inoperative. Remote controls capable of opening and closing all preventers & the HCR shall be readily accessible to the driller; master controls with the same capability will be operable at the accumulator. The wellhead will be a multibowl speed head allowing for hangoff of intermediate casing & isolation of the 133/8 x 95/8 annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead to install an additional casing head. A wear bushing will be installed & inspected frequently to guard against internal wear to wellhead. VBRs (variablebore rams) will be run in upper rambody of BOP stack to provide redundancy to annular preventer while RIH w/ production casing;

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: A variance is requested for the use of a diverter on the surface casing, see attached schematic. Flex hose and offline cement variances are also requested, see attachments in section 8.

Testing Procedure: The BOP test shall be performed before drilling out of the surface casing shoe and will occur at a minimum: a. when initially installed b. whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken c. following related repairs d. at 30-day intervals e. checked daily as to mechanical operating conditions. The ram type preventer(s) will be tested using a test plug to 250 psi (low) and 5,000 psi (high) (casinghead WP) with a test plug upon its installation onto the 13 surface casing. If a test plug is not used, the ram type preventer(s) shall be tested to 70% of the minimum internal yield pressure of the casing. The annular type preventer(s) shall be tested to 3500 psi. Pressure will be maintained for at least 10 minutes or until provisions of the test are met, whichever is longer. A Sundry Notice (Form 3160 5), along with a copy of the BOP test report, shall be submitted to the local BLM office within 5 working days following the test. If the bleed line is connected into the buffer tank (header), all BOP equipment including the buffer tank and associated valves will be rated at the required BOP pressure. The BLM office will be provided with a minimum of four (4) hours notice of BOP testing to allow witnessing. The BOP Configuration, choke manifold layout, and accumulator system, will be in compliance with Onshore Order 2 for a 5,000 psi system. A remote accumulator and a multi-bowl system will be used, please see attachment in section 8 for multi-bowl procedure. Pressures,

Well Number: 131H

capacities, and specific placement and use of the manual and/or hydraulic controls, accumulator controls, bleed lines, etc., will be identified at the time of the BLM 'witnessed OP test. Any remote controls will be capable of both opening and closing all preventers and shall be readily accessible.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

Choke_Diagram_Attachment_20230720111457.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

BOP_Diagram_Attachment_20230720111501.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	26	20.0	NEW	API	N	0	627	0	627	3432	2805	627	J-55	94	ST&C	1.68	1.82	DRY	3.66	DRY	6.78
2	INTERMED IATE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	2007	0	2007	3426	1425	2007	J-55	40	BUTT	4.22	2.92	DRY	4.73	DRY	5.04
3	INTERMED IATE	12.2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	4072	0	4072	3426	-640	4072	J-55	40	BUTT	3.11	1.66	DRY	2.72	DRY	2.4
4	PRODUCTI ON	7.87 5	5.5	NEW	non Api	N	0	19975	0	9832	3432	-6400	19975	P₋ 110	17	other - Geoconn	1.46	1.53	DRY	2.04	DRY	2.04

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 1 String

SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Casing_Assumptions_Worksheet_20230720112309.pdf

Received by OCD: 3/5/2025 8:53:51 AM

Operator Name: CENTENNIAL RESOURCE PRODUCTION LLC

Well Name: MOJO 30-25 FED

Well Number: 131H

Page 17 of 102

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 2 String INTERMEDIATE										
Inspection Document:										
Spec Document:										
Tapered String Spec:										
Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):										
Casing_Assumptions_Worksheet_20230720112449.pdf										
Casing ID: 3 String INTERMEDIATE										
inspection bocument.										
Spec Document:										
Tapered String Spec:										
Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):										
Casing_Assumptions_Worksheet_20230720111741.pdf										
Casing ID: 4 String PRODUCTION										
Inspection Document:										
Spec Document:										
Connection_Data_SheetGeoConn_SCP_110RY_20230807093052.pdf										
Tapered String Spec:										
Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):										
Casing_Assumptions_Worksheet_20230720111959.pdf										

Section 4 - Cement

Well Name: MOJO 30-25 FED

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	427	690	1.88	12.9	1290	100	CLASS C	EconoCem-HLC + 5% Salt + 5% Kol-Seal
SURFACE	Tail		427	627	350	1.34	14.8	460	50	CLASS C	Accelerator
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	1600	890	1.88	12.9	1660	50	CLASS	EconoCem-HLC + 5% Salt + 5% Kol-Seal
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		1600	2007	330	1.34	14.8	430	50	CLASS C	Retarder
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	3250	710	1.88	12.9	1320	50	CLASS C	EconoCem-HLC + 5% Salt + 5% Kol-Seal
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		3250	4072	250	1.33	14.8	330	25	CLASS C	Salt
PRODUCTION	Lead		3572	9376	840	2.41	11.5	2010	40	CLASS H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder
PRODUCTION	Tail		9376	1997 5	1380	1.73	12.5	2380	25	CLASS H	POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss, Dispersant, Retarder

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with Onshore Order #2:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Sufficient quantities of mud materials will be on the well site at all times for the purpose of assuring well control and maintaining wellbore integrity. Surface interval will employ fresh water mud. The intermediate hole will utilize a saturated brine fluid to inhibit salt washout. The production hole will employ brine based and oil base fluid to inhibit formation reactivity and of the appropriate density to maintain well control.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Centrifuge separation system. Open tank monitoring with EDR will be used for drilling fluids and return volumes. Open tank monitoring will be used for cement and cuttings return volumes. Mud properties will be monitored at least every 24 hours using industry accepted mud check practices.

Circulating Medium Table

Well Name: MOJO 30-25 FED

Well Number: 131H

Anticipated Surface Pressure: 2956

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (Ibs/gal)	Max Weight (Ibs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	Н	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	627	SPUD MUD	8.6	9.5							
2007	4074	OTHER : Brine	10	10							
627	2007	WATER-BASED MUD	9	10							
1018 2	1997 5	OIL-BASED MUD	9	10							

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

Will utilize MWD/LWD (Gamma Ray logging) from intermediate hole to TD of the well.

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

GAMMA RAY LOG, DIRECTIONAL SURVEY,

Coring operation description for the well: N/A.

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 5120

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 154

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

H2S_Contingency_Plan_Mojo_30_Fed_Com_20230720113824.pdf

Well Name: MOJO 30-25 FED

Well Number: 131H

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

Mojo_30_25_Fed_131H___PWP0_20230807121122.pdf

Mojo_30_25_Fed_131H___PWP0_AC_Summary_20230807121126.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

Please see attached Drilling Plan, including multi-bowl diagram and procedure, proposed WBD, and casing connection data sheet. We also plan to batch drill this well along with offline cementing, see details under variance request below. Permian Resources Operating, LLC requests to use a flex hose on H&P choke manifold for this well. The Flex Hose specifications are attached below.

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

Mojo_30_25_Fed_131H_DP_Revised_20240416100716.pdf

Other Variance attachment:

Flex_Hose_Specs_20230720113937.pdf Multi_Well_Pad_Batch_Drilling___Off_Line_Cement_Procedure_20230720113940.pdf



5M Choke Manifold Equipment (WITH MGS + CLOSED LOOP)



ONTITECH RUBBER	No:QC-DB- 210/ 2014						
Industrial Kft.	Page:	9/113					

	AND TES	TROL T CERTIFIC	CATE		CERT.	Nº5	504		
PURCHASER:	ContiTech	Oil & Marine	Corp.		P.O. Nº	§ 8	450040965	9	
CONTITECH RUBBER order N	538236	HOSE TYPE:	3*	ID		Choke and	i Kill Hose		
HOSE SERIAL Nº.	67255	NOMINAL 7 AG	TUAL L	ENGTH:	10,67 m / 10,77 m				
W.P. 68,9 MPa 10	ieq 0000	T.P. 103,4	MPa	1500	ileq O	Duration	60	min	
	3	See attachm	ient. (l page)				
1 10 mm = 10 Min.									
↑ 10 mm = 10 Min. → 10 mm = 20 MPs COUPLINGS Typ	e	Serie	al N°	_	G	luelity	Heat	Nº	
↑ 10 mm = 10 Min. → 10 mm = 20 MPs COUPLINGS Typ 3* coupling with	e r	Seria 9251	el N= 925	id	C Als	lusiity SI 4130	Heat A0571	N° SN	
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5,000 psi BOP Schematic



etal One Corp.	GEOCONN-	SC	Page	MAI GC 5.5 1	17 SeAH P110F		
Metal One	Counting: P110RY (SM)	Stillikei)	Date	33701011-30-	Eph-21		
THE THE ONE	Connection Data	Sheet	Date	3-1	0		
	Connection Data	Sileet	Rev.		U		
	Geometry	<u>Impe</u>	erial	<u>s</u> .	<u>.l.</u>		
	Pipe Body				÷		
	Grade *1	P110RY		P110RY			
	SMYS	110	KSI	110	ksi		
	Pipe OD (D)	5.500	in	139.70	mm		
GEOCONN-SC	weight	17.00	lb/ft	25.33	kg/m		
	vvali i nickness (t)	0.304	in	1.12	mm mm		
	Pipe ID (d)	4.892	in	124.26			
Wsc1	Unit Dia.	4./6/	in	121.08	mm		
D	Connection						
	Coupling SMYS	110	ksi	110	ksi		
1 3	SC-Coupling OD (Wsc1)	6.050	in	153.67	mm		
3 0	Coupling Length (NL)	8.350	in	212.09	mm		
3	Make up Loss	4.125	in	104.78	mm		
1 E	Pipe Critical Area	4.96	in ²	3,202	mm ²		
2	Box Critical Area	6.10	in ²	3,937	mm ²		
5	Thread Taper		1/16(/4" per ft)			
5	Number of Threads		5	TPI			
-	Performance Properties for Pi	ipe Body		<u>S.I.</u>			
	S.M.Y.S. *1	546	kips	2,428	kN		
1 2	M.I.Y.P. *1	11,550	psi	79.66	MPa		
<u> </u>	Collapse Strength *1	7,480	psi	51.59	MPa		
	M.I.Y.P. = Minir M.I.Y.P. = Minir *1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY: Performance Properties for C	mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 Connection	essure of Pipe bo psi	ody			
3	Min. Connection Joint Strength		100%	of S.M.Y.S.			
3	Min. Compression Yield		100%	of S.M.Y.S.			
3	Internal Pressure		100% of M.I.	r.P.			
	External Pressure	-	100% of Colla	pse Strengtn			
+	Max. DLS (deg. / looit)			>90			
	Recommended Torque						
t	Recommended forque		ft-lb	14,600	N-m		
t ->	Min.	10,800	24 11	1 16 26161	N_00		
t> 4	Min. Opti.	10,800	ft-lb	10,200	IN-III		
t → ←	Min. Opti. Max.	10,800 12,000 13,200	ft-lb ft-lb	17,800	N-m		
t → ←	Min. Opti. Max. Operational Max.	10,800 12,000 13,200 15,600	ft-lb ft-lb ft-lb	17,800 21,100	N-m N-m		
t → ←	Min. Opti. Max. Operational Max.	10,800 12,000 13,200 15,600	ft-lb ft-lb ft-lb	17,800 21,100	N- N-		

nformation

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Metal One's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Metal One products in standard well configurations. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product second and the

Permian Resources Casing Design Criteria

A sundry will be requested if any lesser grade or different size casing is substituted. All casing will be centralized as specified in On Shore Order II. Casing will be tested as specified in On Shore Order II.

Casing Design Assumptions:

Surface

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Displacement to Gas
 - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Intermediate I

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Displacement to Gas
 - (1) Internal: Assumes a full column of gas in the casing with a gas gradient of 0.7 psi/ft in the absence of better information. It is limited to the controlling pressure based on the maximum expected pore pressure within the next drilling interval.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.

- (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - Internal: Lost circulation at the TD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Intermediate or Intermediate II

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Gas Kick Profile
 - Internal: Load profile based on influx encountered in lateral portion of wellbore with a maximum influx volume of 150 bbl and a kick intensity of 1.5 ppg using maximum anticipated MW of 9.9 ppg.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
- a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight from TOC to surface and cement slurry weight from TOC to shoe.
 - b) Lost Returns with Mud Drop
 - Internal: Lost circulation at the deepest TVD of the next hole section and the fluid level falls to a depth where the hydrostatic pressure of the mud column equals pore pressure at the depth of the lost circulation zone.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

Production

- 1) Burst Design Loads
 - a) Injection Down Casing
 - (1) Internal: Surface pressure plus injection fluid gradient.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - b) Casing Pressure Test (Drilling)
 - Internal: Displacement fluid plus surface pressure required to comply with regulatory casing test pressure requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and NM NMAC 19.15.16 of NMOCD regulations.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - c) Casing Pressure Test (Production)
 - (1) Internal: The design pressure test should be the greater of the planned test pressure prior to simulation down the casing, the regulatory test pressure, and the expected gas lift system pressure. The design test fluid should be the fluid associated with the pressure test having the greatest pressure.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
 - d) Tubing Leak
 - (1) Internal: SITP plus a packer fluid gradient to the top of packer.
 - (2) External: Mud base-fluid density to top of cement and cement mix water gradient (8.4 ppg) below TOC.
- 2) Collapse Loads
 - a) Cementing
 - (1) Internal: Displacement fluid density.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
 - b) Full Evacuation
 - (1) Internal: Full void pipe.
 - (2) External: Mud weight to TOC and cement slurry(s) density below TOC.
- 3) Tension Loads
 - a) Overpull Force
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus planned 100,000 lbs applied in stuck pipe situation.
 - b) Green Cement Casing Test
 - 1. Axial: Buoyant weight of the string plus cement plug bump pressure load.

•

Permian Resources - Mojo 30-25 Fed 131H

1. Geologic Formations

Formation	Elevation	TVD	Target
Rustler	2860	602	No
Top of Salt	2715	747	No
Capitan	1150	2312	No
Tansill	1480	1982	No
Yates	1370	2092	No
Seven Rivers	1210	2252	No
Delaware Sands = CYCN	- <mark>660</mark>	4122	No
BYCN	-1400	4862	No
Bone Spring Lime	-3150	6612	No
1st Bone Spring Sand	-4450	7912	No
2nd Bone Spring Sand	-5030	8492	No
3rd Bone Spring Sand	-6160	9622	Yes
Wolfcamp	-6570	10032	No

2. Blowout Prevention

BOP installed and tested before drilling	Size?	Min. Required WP	ту	рe	x	Tested to:	
			Ann	nular	x	1000 psi	
			Blind	Ram			
17.5	20"	2M	Pipe	Ram			
			Double Ram				
			Other*				
	13-5/8"	5M	Annular		x	2500 psi	
			Blind Ram		x	5000 psi	
12.25			Pipe Ram		x		
			Double Ram				
			Other*				
			Ann	nular	x	2500 psi	
			Blind Ram		x	5000 pci	
8.75	13-5/8"	5M	Pipe Ram		x		
			Double Ram			5000 psi	
			Other*				

Equipment: BOPE with working pressure ratings in excess of anticipated maximum surface pressure will be utilized for well control from drill out of surface casing to TMD. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. All BOPE connections shall be flanged, welded or clamped. All choke lines shall be straight unless targeted with running tees or tee blocks are used, and choke lines shall be anchored to prevent whip and reduce vibrations. All valves in the choke line & the choke manifold shall be full opening as to not cause restrictions and to allow for straight fluid paths to minimize potential erosion. All gauges utilized in the well control system shall be of a type designed for drilling fluid service. A top drive inside BOP valve will be utilized at all times. Subs equipped with full opening valves sized to fit the drill pipe and collars will be available on the rig floor in the open position. The key to operate said valve equipped subs will be on the rig floor at all times. The accumulator system will have sufficient capacity to open the HCR and close all three sets of rams plus the annular preventer while retaining at least 300 psi above precharge on the closing manifold (accumulator system shall be capable of doing so without using the closing unit pumps). The fluid reservoir capacity will be double the usable fluid volume of the accumulator system capacity, and the fluid level will be maintained at the manufacturer's recommended level. Prior to connecting the closing unit to the BOP stack, an accumulator precharge pressure test shall be performed to ensure the precharge pressure is within 100 psi of the desired precharge pressure (only nitrogen gas will be used to precharge). Two independent power sources will be made available at all times to power the closing unit pumps so that the pumps can automatically start when the closing valve manifold pressure has decreased to the preset level. Closing unit pumps will be sized to allow opening of HCR and closing of annular preventer on 5" drill pipe achieving at least 200 psi above precharge pressure with the accumulator system isolated from service in less than two minutes. A valve shall be installed in the closing line as close to the annular preventer as possible to act as a locking device; the valve shall be maintained in the open position and shall be closed only when the power source for the accumulator system is inoperative. Remote controls capable of opening and closing all preventers & the HCR shall be readily accessible to the driller; master controls with the same capability will be operable at the accumulator. The wellhead will be a multibowl speed head allowing for hangoff of intermediate casing & isolation of the 133/8 x 95/8 annulus without breaking the connection between the BOP & wellhead to install an additional casing head. A wear bushing will be installed & inspected frequently to guard against internal wear to wellhead. VBRs (variablebore rams) will be run in upper rambody of BOP stack to provide redundancy to annular preventer while RIH w/ production casing;

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: Flex hose and offline cement variances, see attachments in section 8.

Testing Procedure: The BOP test shall be performed before drilling out of the surface casing shoe and will occur at a minimum: a. when initially installed b. whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken c. following related repairs d. at 30 day intervals e. checked daily as to mechanical operating conditions. The ram type preventer(s) will be tested using a test plug to 250 psi (low) and 5,000 psi (high) (casinghead WP) with a test plug upon its installation onto the 13 surface casing. If a test plug is not used, the ram type preventer(s) shall be tested to 70% of the minimum internal yield pressure of the casing. The annular type preventer(s) shall be tested to 3500 psi. Pressure will be maintained for at least 10 minutes or until provisions of the test are met, whichever is longer. A Sundry Notice (Form 3160 5), along with a copy of the BOP test report, shall be submitted to the local BLM office within 5 working days following the test. If the bleed line is connected into the buffer tank (header), all BOP equipment including the buffer tank and associated valves will be rated at the required BOP pressure. The BLM office will be provided with a minimum of four (4) hours notice of BOP testing to allow witnessing. The BOP Configuration, choke manifold layout, and accumulator system, will be in compliance with Onshore Order 2 for a 5,000 psi system. A remote accumulator and a multi-bowl system will be used, please see attachment in section 8 for multi-bowl procedure. Pressures, capacities, and specific placement and use of the manual and/or hydraulic controls, accumulator controls, bleed lines, etc., will be identified at the time of the BLM 'witnessed BOP test. Any remote controls will be capable of both opening and closing all preventers and shall be readily accessible.

Choke Diagram Attachemnt: 5 M Choe Manifold BOP Diagram Attachment: BOP Schematic

3. Casing

String	Hole Size	Casing Size	Тор	Bottom	Top TVD	Bottom TVD	Length	Grade	Weight	Connection	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
Surface	26	20	0	627	0	627	627	J55	94	STC	1.68	1.82	Dry	3.66	Dry	6.78
Intermediate 1	17.5	13.375	0	2007	0	2007	2007	J55	40	BTC	4.22	2.92	Dry	4.73	Dry	5.04
Intermediate 2	12.25	9.625	0	4072	0	4072	4072	J55	40	BTC	3.11	1.66	Dry	2.72	Dry	2.40
Production	8.75	5.5	0	10182	0	9832	10182	P110RY	17	GeoConn	1.46	1.53	Dry	2.04	Dry	2.04
Production	7.875	5.5	10182	19975	9832	9832	9793	P110RY	17	GeoConn	1.46	1.53	Dry	2.04	Dry	2.04
								BLM Mi	n Safe	ety Factor	1.125	1		1.6		1.6

Non API casing spec sheets and casing design assumptions attached.

4. Cement

String	Lead/Tail	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quanity (sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess %	Cement Type	Additives
										EconoCem-HLC + 5% Salt +
Surface	Lead	0	427	690	1.88	12.9	1290	100%	Class C	5% Kol-Seal
Surface	Tail	427	627	350	1.34	14.8	460	50%	Class C	Accelerator
										EconoCem-HLC + 5% Salt +
Intermediate 1	Lead	0	1600	890	1.88	12.9	1660	50%	Class C	5% Kol-Seal
Intermediate 1	Tail	1600	2007	330	1.34	14.8	430	50%	Class C	Retarder
										EconoCem-HLC + 5% Salt +
Intermediate 2	Lead	0	3250	710	1.88	12.9	1320	50%	Class C	5% Kol-Seal
Intermediate 2	Tail	3250	4072	250	1.33	14.8	330	25%	Class C	Salt
										POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss,
Production	Lead	3572	9376	840	2.41	11.5	2010	40%	Class H	Dispersant, Retarder
										POZ, Extender, Fluid Loss,
Production	Tail	9376	19975	1380	1.73	12.5	2380	25%	Class H	Dispersant, Retarder

If losses are encountered while drilling intermediate 2 a stage tool will be added and cement will be adjusted accordingly.

5. Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be used: No

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate oter conditions: Sufficient quantities of mud materials will be on the well site at all times for the purpose of assuring well control and maintaining wellbore integrity. Surface interval will employ fresh water mud. The intermediate hole will utilize a saturated brine fluid to inhibit salt washout. The production hole will employ brine based and oil base fluid to inhibit formation reactivity and of the appropriate density to maintain well control.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Centrifuge separation system. Open tank monitoring with EDR will be used for drilling fluids and return volumes. Open tank monitoring will be used for cement and cuttings return volumes. Mud properties will be monitored at least every 24 hours using industry accepted mud check practices.

Cuttings Volume: 12180 Cu Ft

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight	Max Weight
0	627	Spud Mud	8.6	9.5
627	2007	Water Based Mud	10	10
2007	10182	Brine	9	10
10182	19975	OBM	9	10

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures: Will utilize MWD/LWD (Gamma Ray logging) from intermediate hole to TD of the well. List of open and cased hole logs run in the well: DIRECTIONAL SURVEY, GAMMA RAY LOG, Coring operation description for the well: N/A

7. Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure	5120	psi
Anticipated Surface Pressure	2950	psi
Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature	154	°F
Anticipated Abnormal pressure, temp, or geo hazards	No	

8. Waste Management

Waste Type:	Drilling					
Waste content description:	Fresh water based drilling fluid					
Amount of waste:	1500 bbls					
Waste disposal frequency:	Weekly (after drilling all surfaces)					
Safe containment description:	Steel tanks with plastic-lined containment berms					
Waste disposal type:	Haul to commercial facility					
Disposal location ownership:	Commercial					
Waste Type:	Grey Water & Human Waste					
Waste content description:	Grey Water/Human Waste					
Amount of waste:	5000 gallons					
Waste disposal frequency:	Weekly					
Safe containment description:	Approved waste storage tanks with containment					
Waste disposal type:	Haul to commercial facility					
Disposal location ownership:	Commercial					
Waste Type:	Garbage					
Waste content description:	General trash/garbage					
Amount of waste:	5000 lbs					
Waste disposal frequency:	Weekly					
Safe containment description:	Enclosed trash trailer					
Waste disposal type:	Haul to commercial facility					
Disposal location ownership:	Commercial					
Waste Type:	Drilling					
Waste content description:	Drill Cuttings					
Amount of waste:	12180 Cu Ft					
Waste disposal frequency:	Per well					
Safe containment description:	Steel tanks					
Waste disposal type:	Haul to commercial facility					
Disposal location ownership:	Commercial					
Waste Type:	Drilling					
Waste content description:	Brine water based drilling fluid					
Amount of waste:	1500 bbls					
Waste disposal frequency:	Monthly					
Safe containment description:	Steel tanks with plastic-lined containment berms					
Waste disposal type:	Haul to commercial facility					
Disposal location ownership:	Commercial					

.

9. Other Information

Well Plan and AC Report: attached Batching Drilling Procedure: attached WBD: attached Flex Hose Specs: attached Offline Cementing Procedure Attached:



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Hose Data Sheet

CRI Order No.	538236
Customer	ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp.
Customer Order No	4500409859
Item No.	1
Hose Type	Flexible Hose
Standard	API SPEC 16 C
Inside dia in inches	3
Length	35 ft
Type of coupling one end	FLANGE 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE C/W BX155 R.GR.SOUR
Type of coupling other end	FLANGE 4.1/16* 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE CAW BX155 R.GR.SOUR
H2S service NACE MR0175	Yes
Working Pressure	10 000 psi
Design Pressure	10 000 psi
Test Pressure	15 000 psi
Safety Factor	2,25
Marking	USUAL PHOENIX
Cover	NOT FIRE RESISTANT
Outside protection	St.steel outer wrap
Internal stripwound tube	No
Lining	OIL + GAS RESISTANT SOUR
Safety clamp	No
Lifting collar	No
Element C	No
Safety chain	No
Safety wire rope	No
Max.design temperature [°C]	100
Min.design temperature [°C]	-20
Min. Bend Radius operating [m]	0,90
Min. Bend Radius storage [m]	0,90
Electrical continuity	The Hose is electrically continuous
Type of packing	WOODEN CRATE ISPM-15

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Permian Resources Multi-Well Pad Batch Drilling & Off Line Cement Procedure

<u>20" Surface Casing</u> - PR intends to Batch set and offline cement all 20" casing to a depth approved in the APD. 24" Surface Holes will be batch drilled by a big rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior to spudding the well, running, and cementing casing and prior to skidding to the rig to the next well on pad.

- 1. Drill 24" Surface hole to Approved Depth with Surface Preset Rig and perform wellbore cleanup cycles. Trip out and rack back drilling BHA.
- 2. Run casing with Cactus Multibowl system, with 32" baseplate supported by both 30" Conductor.
- 3. Circulate 1.5 csg capacity.
- 4. Flow test Confirm well is static.
- 5. Install cap flange.
- 6. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 7. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
 - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
 - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
 - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
 - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
 - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 8. Install offline cement tool.
- 9. Rig up cementers.
- 10. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 11. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 12. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 13. Perform green cement casing test.
 - a) Test Surface casing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst.
- 14. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 15. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.



<u>Intermediate 1 Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all intermediate 1 casing strings to a depth approved in the APD, typically set into end of salts. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE (testing will be performed on the first intermediate 1 as per requested break testing variance).

Install wear bushing then drill out 20" shoe-track.

- 1. Drill 17.5" Intermediate 1 hole to approved casing point. Trip out of hole with BHA to run Casing.
- 2. Remove wear bushing then run and land Intermediate 13 3/8" 54.5# J-55 BTC casing with mandrel hanger in wellhead.
- 3. Flow test Confirm well is static.
- 4. Set Annular packoff and pressure test. Test to 5k.
- 5. Install BPV, Nipple down BOP and install cap flange.
- 6. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 7. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
 - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
 - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
 - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
 - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
 - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 8. Install offline cement tool.
- 9. Rig up cementers.
- 10. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 11. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 12. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 13. Perform green cement casing test.
 - a) Test casing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst.
- 14. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 15. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.



<u>Intermediate 2 Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all intermediate 2 casing strings to a depth approved in the APD, typically set into Captain past losses. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE (testing will be performed on the first intermediate 2 as per requested break testing variance).
- 2. Install wear bushing then drill out 13-3/8" shoe-track.
- 3. Drill Intermediate 12.25" hole to approved casing point. Trip out of hole with BHA to run Casing.
- 4. Remove wear bushing then run and land Intermediate 9.625" 40# J-55 BTC casing with mandrel hanger in wellhead.
- 5. Flow test Confirm well is static.
- 6. Set Annular packoff and pressure test. Test to 5k.
- 7. Install BPV, Nipple down BOP and install cap flange.
- 8. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 9. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
 - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
 - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
 - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
 - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
 - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 10. Install offline cement tool.
- 11. Rig up cementers.
- 12. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 13. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 14. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 15. Perform green cement casing test.
 - a) Test casing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst.
- 16. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 17. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.

<u>Production Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all Production casings. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE.
- 2. Install wear bushing then drill Intermediate shoe-track.
- 3. 3. Drill Vertical hole to KOP Trip out for Curve BHA.
- 4. Drill Curve, landing in production interval Trip for Lateral BHA.
- 5. Drill Lateral / Production hole to Permitted BHL, perform cleanup cycles and trip out to run 5-1/2" Production Casing.
- 6. Remove wear bushing then run 5-1/2" production casing to TD landing casing mandrel in wellhead.
- 7. Cement 5-1/2" Production string to surface with floats holding.

etal One Corp.	GEOCONN-	SC	Page	MAI GC 5.5 17 SeAH P110R		
Metal One	Pipe: SeAH P110RY 95%PBW (Date	95%KBW+3C-	3-Feb-21		
Inclui One	Connection Data	Date	3-1	0		
	Connection Data	a Sheet	Rev.	8	U	
	Geometry	Impe	erial	<u>s</u> .	<u>L</u>	
	Pipe Body				ç	
	Grade *1	P110RY	11 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 -	P110RY		
	SMYS	110	ksi	110	ksi	
	Pipe OD (D)	5.500	in	139.70	mm	
GEOCONN-SC	Weight	17.00	lb/ft	25.33	kg/m	
	Wall Thickness (t)	0.304	in	7.72	mm	
	Pipe ID (d)	4.892	in	124.26	mm	
Wsc1	Unit Dia.	4./6/	in	121.08	mm	
D	Connection					
	Coupling SMYS	110	ksi	110	ksi	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	SC-Coupling OD (Wsc1)	6.050	in	153.67	mm	
{a	Coupling Length (NL)	8.350	in	212.09	mm	
5	Make up Loss	4.125	in	104.78	mm	
5	Pipe Critical Area	4.96	in ²	3,202	mm ²	
5	Box Critical Area	6,10	in ²	3.937	mm ²	
3	Thread Taper		1/16(3	3/4" per ft)		
3	Number of Threads	2	5	TPI		
5	Performance Properties for Pi	pe Body				
	S.M.Y.S. *1	546	kips	2,428	kN	
ιş	M.I.Y.P. *1	11,550	psi	79.66	MPa	
≓ \$	Collapse Strength *1	7,480	psi	51.59	мга	
~~~~~	*1: SeAH P110RY 95%RBW: SMY Performance Properties for C	mum Internal Yield Pre S110ksi, MIYP11,550 Connection	essure of Pipe bo psi	dy		
Ę	Min. Connection Joint Strength		100%	of S.M.Y.S.		
5	Min. Compression Yield	19	100%	of S.M.Y.S.		
1	Internal Pressure		100% of M.I.Y	(.P.		
	External Pressure		100% of Colla	pse Strength		
+	Max. DLS ( deg. /100ft)		5	×90		
t 🛶 📥	Recommended Torque					
	Min.	10,800	ft-lb	14,600	N-m	
	Opti.	12,000	ft-lb	16,200	N-m	
	Max.	13,200	ft-lb	17,800	N-m	
		15 600	ff-lb	21 100	N-m	
	Operational Max.	15,000	16 112		14-111	
	Operational Max. Note : Operational Max. torque o	an be applied for high to	rque application	1	1111	

nformation

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Metal One's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Metal One products in standard well configurations. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product second and the

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#### **Hose Data Sheet**

CRI Order No.	538236
Customer	ContiTech Oil & Marine Corp.
Customer Order No	4500409659
Item No.	1
Hose Type	Flexible Hose
Standard	API SPEC 16 C
Inside dia in inches	3
Length	35 ft
Type of coupling one end	FLANGE 4.1/16" 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE C/W BX155 R.GR.SOUR
Type of coupling other end	FLANGE 4.1/16* 10K API SPEC 6A TYPE 6BX FLANGE C/W BX155 R.GR.SOUR
H2S service NACE MR0175	Yes
Working Pressure	10 000 psi
Design Pressure	10 000 psi
Test Pressure	15 000 psi
Safety Factor	2,25
Marking	USUAL PHOENIX
Cover	NOT FIRE RESISTANT
Outside protection	St.steel outer wrap
Internal stripwound tube	No
Lining	OIL + GAS RESISTANT SOUR
Safety clamp	No
Lifting collar	No
Element C	No
Safety chain	No
Safety wire rope	No
Max.design temperature [°C]	100
Min.design temperature [°C]	-20
Min. Bend Radius operating [m]	0,90
Min. Bend Radius storage [m]	0,90
Electrical continuity	The Hose is electrically continuous
Type of packing	WOODEN CRATE ISPM-15

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#### Permian Resources Multi-Well Pad Batch Drilling & Off Line Cement Procedure

<u>20" Surface Casing</u> - PR intends to Batch set and offline cement all 20" casing to a depth approved in the APD. 24" Surface Holes will be batch drilled by a big rig. Appropriate notifications will be made prior to spudding the well, running, and cementing casing and prior to skidding to the rig to the next well on pad.

- 1. Drill 24" Surface hole to Approved Depth with Surface Preset Rig and perform wellbore cleanup cycles. Trip out and rack back drilling BHA.
- 2. Run casing with Cactus Multibowl system, with 32" baseplate supported by both 30" Conductor.
- 3. Circulate 1.5 csg capacity.
- 4. Flow test Confirm well is static.
- 5. Install cap flange.
- 6. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 7. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
  - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
  - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
  - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
  - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
  - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 8. Install offline cement tool.
- 9. Rig up cementers.
- 10. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 11. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 12. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 13. Perform green cement casing test.
  - a) Test Surface casing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst.
- 14. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 15. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.



<u>Intermediate 1 Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all intermediate 1 casing strings to a depth approved in the APD, typically set into end of salts. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE (testing will be performed on the first intermediate 1 as per requested break testing variance).

Install wear bushing then drill out 20" shoe-track.

- 1. Drill 17.5" Intermediate 1 hole to approved casing point. Trip out of hole with BHA to run Casing.
- 2. Remove wear bushing then run and land Intermediate 13 3/8" 54.5# J-55 BTC casing with mandrel hanger in wellhead.
- 3. Flow test Confirm well is static.
- 4. Set Annular packoff and pressure test. Test to 5k.
- 5. Install BPV, Nipple down BOP and install cap flange.
- 6. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 7. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
  - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
  - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
  - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
  - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
  - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 8. Install offline cement tool.
- 9. Rig up cementers.
- 10. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 11. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 12. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 13. Perform green cement casing test.
  - a) Test casing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst.
- 14. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 15. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.



<u>Intermediate 2 Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all intermediate 2 casing strings to a depth approved in the APD, typically set into Captain past losses. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE (testing will be performed on the first intermediate 2 as per requested break testing variance).
- 2. Install wear bushing then drill out 13-3/8" shoe-track.
- 3. Drill Intermediate 12.25" hole to approved casing point. Trip out of hole with BHA to run Casing.
- 4. Remove wear bushing then run and land Intermediate 9.625" 40# J-55 BTC casing with mandrel hanger in wellhead.
- 5. Flow test Confirm well is static.
- 6. Set Annular packoff and pressure test. Test to 5k.
- 7. Install BPV, Nipple down BOP and install cap flange.
- 8. Skid rig to next well on pad
- 9. Remove cap flange (confirm well is static before removal)
  - a) If well is not static use the casing outlet valves to kill well
  - b) Drillers method will be used in well control event
  - c) High pressure return line will be rigged up to lower casing valve and run to choke manifold to control annular pressure
  - d) Kill mud will be circulated once influx is circulated out of hole
  - e) Confirm well is static and remove cap flange to start offline cement operations
- 10. Install offline cement tool.
- 11. Rig up cementers.
- 12. Circulate bottoms up with cement truck
- 13. Commence planned cement job, take returns through the annulus wellhead valve
- 14. After plug is bumped confirm floats hold and well is static
- 15. Perform green cement casing test.
  - a) Test casing (.22 psi/ft or 1500 psi whichever is greater) not to exceed 70% casing burst.
- 16. Rig down cementers and equipment
- 17. Install night cap with pressure gauge to monitor.

<u>Production Casing</u> – PR intends to Batch set all Production casings. Appropriate notifications will be made prior Testing BOPE, and prior to running/cementing all casing strings.

- 1. Rig will remove the nightcap and install and test BOPE.
- 2. Install wear bushing then drill Intermediate shoe-track.
- 3. 3. Drill Vertical hole to KOP Trip out for Curve BHA.
- 4. Drill Curve, landing in production interval Trip for Lateral BHA.
- 5. Drill Lateral / Production hole to Permitted BHL, perform cleanup cycles and trip out to run 5-1/2" Production Casing.
- 6. Remove wear bushing then run 5-1/2" production casing to TD landing casing mandrel in wellhead.
- 7. Cement 5-1/2" Production string to surface with floats holding.

### PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:Centennial Resource Production LLCWELL NAME & NO.:Mojo 30-25 Fed 131HLOCATION:Sec 30-19S-31E-NMPCOUNTY:Eddy County, New Mexico

#### COA

$H_2S$	Ċ	No	Yes			
Potash /	None	© Secretary	C R-111-Q	C Open Annulus		
VV IF F				□ WIPP		
Cave / Karst	C Low	Medium	🗘 High	Critical		
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	C Both	O Diverter		
Cementing	Primary Squeeze	🗆 Cont. Squeeze	EchoMeter	🗖 DV Tool		
Special Req	🗹 Capitan Reef	Water Disposal	COM	🗖 Unit		
Waste Prev.	© Self-Certification	🗘 Waste Min. Plan	O APD Submitted p	prior to 06/10/2024		
Additional	🔽 Flex Hose	Casing Clearance	Pilot Hole	Break Testing		
Language	Four-String	Offline Cementing	Fluid-Filled			

Break testing is not approved on this well. BOP description and procedure request break testing, but the appropriate documents were not attached. Must sundry if operator wishes break testing to be approved.

#### A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated 500 feet prior to drilling into the **North Hackberry, Wildcat, and Yates formations**. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet all requirements from 43 CFR 3176, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

#### **B. CASING**

- 1. The **20** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **440** feet (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface. *Set depth adjusted per BLM geologist.* 
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping

Page 1 of 8

cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.

- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of <u>8 hours</u> or <u>500 pounds compressive strength</u>, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

## Intermediate casing must be kept fluid filled to meet BLM minimum collapse requirement.

- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 13-3/8 inch intermediate casing is:
  - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, or potash.
  - In <u>Medium Cave/Karst Areas</u> if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
  - In <u>Capitan Reef Areas</u> if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
  - Special Capitan Reef requirements. If lost circulation (50% or greater) occurs below the Base of the Salt, the operator shall do the following:
    - Switch to freshwater mud to protect the Capitan Reef and use fresh water mud until setting the intermediate casing. The appropriate BLM office is to be notified for a PET to witness the switch to fresh water.
    - Daily drilling reports from the Base of the Salt to the setting of the intermediate casing are to be submitted to the BLM CFO engineering staff via e-mail by 0800 hours each morning. Any lost circulation encountered is to be recorded on these drilling reports. The daily drilling report should show mud volume per shift/tour. Failure to submit these reports will result in an Incidence of Non-Compliance being issued for failure to comply with the Conditions of Approval. If not already planned, the operator shall run a caliper survey for the intermediate well bore and submit to the appropriate BLM office.
- 3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **50 feet** on top of Capitan Reef top or **200 feet** into the previous casing, whichever is greater. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. **Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, or potash.**

- 4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **5-1/2** inch production casing is:
  - Cement should tie-back at least **200 feet** into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. **Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst, Capitan Reef, or potash.**

#### C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000** (**5M**) psi.
  - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - d. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
  - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172 must be followed.

#### **D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)**

#### **Offline Cementing**

Contact the BLM prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure.

#### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

#### **Contact Eddy County Petroleum Engineering Inspection Staff:**

Email or call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220; BLM NM CFO DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV; (575) 361-2822

- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
  - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).
  - b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
    - i. Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
    - Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
    - iii. BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR 3172** as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 3. For intervals in which cement to surface is required, cement to surface should be verified with a visual check and density or pH check to differentiate cement from spacer and drilling mud. The results should be documented in the driller's log and daily reports.

#### A. CASING

1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.

Page 4 of 8

- Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends of both lead and tail cement, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. <u>Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:</u> After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 4. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- 5. No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- 6. On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- 8. Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-Q potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

#### **B. PRESSURE CONTROL**

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in **43 CFR 3172**.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's

requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.

- 3. 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- 4. If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
  - i. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
  - ii. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
  - iii. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
  - iv. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.
  - v. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- 5. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - ii. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve

**Approval Date: 03/03/2025** 

open. (only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)

- iii. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to 43 CFR 3172 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- iv. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.
- v. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- vi. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- vii. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- viii. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per 43 CFR 3172.

#### C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

#### D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be

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disposed of on the well location or surrounding area. Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

**Approval Date: 03/03/2025** 



## **NEW MEXICO**

(SP) EDDY MOJO 30-25 FED MOJO 30-25 FED 131H

OWB

Plan: PWP0

## **Standard Planning Report - Geographic**

30 May, 2023

Compass

RESOURCES

Database:

#### Permian Resources

Planning Report - Geographic

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

Well MOJO 30-25 FED 131H

Company: Project: Site: Well: Wellbore: Design:	NEW I (SP) E MOJO MOJO OWB PWP0	MEXICO EDDY ) 30-25 FED ) 30-25 FED 13	31H		TVD Refer MD Refer North Ref Survey Ca	rence: ence: erence: alculation Met	hod:	GL @ 3432.4us GL @ 3432.4us Grid Minimum Curva	ft ft ture	
Project	(SP) EI	DDY								
Map System: Geo Datum: Map Zone:	US State North Am New Mex	e Plane 1983 nerican Datum xico Eastern Zo	1983 one		System Dat	tum:	Μ	ean Sea Level		
Site	MOJO	30-25 FED								
Site Position: From: Position Uncertain	Map ty:	0.	Nort East 0 usft Slot	hing: ting: Radius:	594 673	,980.55 usft ,765.40 usft 13-3/16 "	Latitude: Longitude: Grid Conver	gence:		32° 38' 5.689 N 103° 54' 11.308 W 0.23 °
Well	MOJO 3	30-25 FED 131	IH							
Well Position Position Uncertain	+N/-S +E/-W ty		0.0 usft 1 0.0 usft 1 0.0 usft 1	Northing: Easting: Wellhead Elevat	ion:	594,980.52 673,897.37	2 usft Lat 7 usft Lo Gr	titude: ngitude: ound Level:		32° 38' 5.683 N 103° 54' 9.764 W 3,432.4 usft
Wellbore	OWB									
Magnetics	Мо	del Name	Sam	ple Date	Declina (°)	tion	Dip /	Angle (°)	Field St (n	trength T)
		IGRF200510		12/31/2009		7.93		60.56	49,00	03.69556016
Design	PWP0									
Audit Notes:										
Version:			Pha	ise: F	ROTOTYPE	Tie	e On Depth:		0.0	
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Plan Survey Tool F Depth From (usft)	Program Depti	Date h To ft) Survey	5/30/2023		Tool Name		Pemarks			
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Plan Sections										
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0.0 3,000.0 3,450.0	0.00 0.00 9.00	0.00 0.00 46.92	0.0 3,000.0 3,448.2	0.0 0.0 24.1	0.0 0.0 25.8	0.00 0.00 2.00	0.00 0.00 2.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 46.92	
9,376.0 10,182.2 10,270.1	9.00 90.00 90.00	46.92 267.90 269.66	9,301.2 9,832.0 9,832.0	657.3 695.0 693.1	702.9 227.2 139.4	0.00 12.00 2.00	0.00 10.05 0.00	0.00 -17.24 2.00	0.00 -138.67 90.00	
19,974.6	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	635.0	-9,565.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00 M	VIOJO 30-25 FED 13

5/30/2023 3:27:27PM

#### Permian Resources

Planning Report - Geographic

Database:	Compass	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well MOJO 30-25 FED 131H
Company:	NEW MEXICO	TVD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Project:	(SP) EDDY	MD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Site:	MOJO 30-25 FED	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	MOJO 30-25 FED 131H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OWB		
Design:	PWP0		

Planned Survey

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Map Northing (usft)	Map Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	594,980,52	673.897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	594,980,52	673.897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
200.0	0.00	0.00	200.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
300.0	0.00	0.00	300.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
700.0	0.00	0.00	700.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
800.0	0.00	0.00	800.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
900.0	0.00	0.00	900.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,000.0	0.00	0.00	1,000.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,100.0	0.00	0.00	1,100.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,200.0	0.00	0.00	1,200.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,300.0	0.00	0.00	1,300.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,400.0	0.00	0.00	1,400.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,500.0	0.00	0.00	1,500.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,600.0	0.00	0.00	1,600.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,700.0	0.00	0.00	1,700.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	6/3,89/.3/	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,800.0	0.00	0.00	1,800.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	6/3,89/.3/	32° 38° 3.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
1,900.0	0.00	0.00	1,900.0	0.0	0.0	094,980.02	6/3,89/.3/	32° 38' 3.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
2,000.0	0.00	0.00	2,000.0	0.0	0.0	594,900.02	673,097,37	32 30 3.003 N	103 04 9.764 W
2,100.0	0.00	0.00	2,100.0	0.0	0.0	594,900.52	673 897 37	32 30 3.003 N	103 54 9.764 W
2,200.0	0.00	0.00	2,200.0	0.0	0.0	594,500.52	673 897 37	32° 38' 5 683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
2,300.0	0.00	0.00	2,000.0	0.0	0.0	594 980 52	673 897 37	32° 38' 5 683 N	103° 54' 9 764 W
2,400.0	0.00	0.00	2,400.0	0.0	0.0	594 980 52	673 897 37	32° 38' 5 683 N	103° 54' 9 764 W
2,600.0	0.00	0.00	2,600.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673.897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
2,700.0	0.00	0.00	2,700.0	0.0	0.0	594,980,52	673.897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
2,800.0	0.00	0.00	2,800.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
2,900.0	0.00	0.00	2,900.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
3,000.0	0.00	0.00	3,000.0	0.0	0.0	594,980.52	673,897.37	32° 38' 5.683 N	103° 54' 9.764 W
3,100.0	2.00	46.92	3,100.0	1.2	1.3	594,981.72	673,898.64	32° 38' 5.695 N	103° 54' 9.749 W
3,200.0	4.00	46.92	3,199.8	4.8	5.1	594,985.29	673,902.46	32° 38' 5.730 N	103° 54' 9.704 W
3,300.0	6.00	46.92	3,299.5	10.7	11.5	594,991.24	673,908.83	32° 38' 5.789 N	103° 54' 9.630 W
3,400.0	8.00	46.92	3,398.7	19.0	20.4	594,999.57	673,917.73	32° 38' 5.871 N	103° 54' 9.525 W
3,450.0	9.00	46.92	3,448.2	24.1	25.8	595,004.61	673,923.13	32° 38' 5.921 N	103° 54' 9.462 W
3,500.0	9.00	46.92	3,497.5	29.4	31.5	595,009.96	673,928.84	32° 38' 5.973 N	103° 54' 9.395 W
3,600.0	9.00	46.92	3,596.3	40.1	42.9	595,020.64	673,940.27	32° 38' 6.079 N	103° 54' 9.261 W
3,700.0	9.00	46.92	3,695.1	50.8	54.3	595,031.33	673,951.69	32° 38' 6.184 N	103° 54' 9.127 W
3,800.0	9.00	46.92	3,793.8	61.5	65.8	595,042.01	673,963.12	32° 38' 6.289 N	103° 54' 8.992 W
3,900.0	9.00	46.92	3,892.6	72.2	77.2	595,052.70	673,974.54	32° 38' 6.394 N	103° 54' 8.858 W
4,000.0	9.00	46.92	3,991.4	82.9	88.6	595,063.38	673,985.97	32° 38' 6.500 N	103° 54' 8.724 W
4,100.0	9.00	46.92	4,090.1	93.5	100.0	595,074.06	673,997.40	32° 38' 6.605 N	103° 54' 8.590 W
4,200.0	9.00	46.92	4,188.9	104.2	111.5	595,084.75	674,008.82	32° 38' 6.710 N	103° 54' 8.456 W
4,300.0	9.00	46.92	4,287.7	114.9	122.9	595,095.43	674,020.25	32° 38' 6.816 N	103° 54' 8.322 W
4,400.0	9.00	46.92	4,386.5	125.6	134.3	595,106.12	6/4,031.6/	32° 38' 6.921 N	103° 54' 8.188 W
4,500.0	9.00	46.92	4,480.2	136.3	140.7	090,116.80	674,043.10	32° 38° 7.026 N	103° 54' 8.054 W
4,600.0	9.00	46.92	4,064.0	147.0	107.2	595,127.49	674,004.00	32° 30° 7.131 N 32° 30° 7.131 N	103° 54° 7.919 W
4,700.0	9.00	46.92	4,002.0	107.0	100.0	505 149 90	674,060.90	32 30 7.237 N	103 04 7.700 W
4,000.0	9.00	40.92	4,701.0	100.0	191 /	595,140.00	674,077.30	32° 38' 7 447 N	103° 54' 7 517 W
4,300.0 5 000 0	9.00	40.52	4,000.3	189.7	202.9	595 170 23	674 100 23	32° 38' 7 552 N	103° 54' 7 383 W
5 100 0	9.00	46.92	5 077 8	200 4	214.3	595 180 91	674 111 66	32° 38' 7 658 N	103° 54' 7 249 W
5 200 0	9.00	46.92	5,176.6	211 1	225.7	595,191,60	674,123.08	32° 38' 7 763 N	103° 54' 7 115 W
5 300 0	9.00	46.92	5,275 4	221.8	237 1	595,202,28	674,134 51	32° 38' 7 868 N	103° 54' 6 980 W
0,000.0	0.00		-,			,=-=-=-			

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COMPASS 5000.15 Build 91E

Planned Survey

#### Permian Resources

Planning Report - Geographic

Database:	Compass	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well MOJO 30-25 FED 131H
Company:	NEW MEXICO	TVD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Project:	(SP) EDDY	MD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Site:	MOJO 30-25 FED	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	MOJO 30-25 FED 131H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OWB		
Design:	PWP0		

#### Vertical Мар Мар Measured Depth Inclination Azimuth Depth +N/-S +E/-W Northing Easting (usft) (usft) (usft) (usft) (°) (°) (usft) (usft) Latitude Longitude 5 400 0 9 00 46 92 5,374.1 2324 248 6 595,212.97 674 145 93 32° 38' 7 973 N 103° 54' 6 846 W 5,500.0 9.00 46.92 5,472.9 243.1 260.0 595,223.65 32° 38' 8.079 N 103° 54' 6.712 W 674,157.36 5,600.0 9.00 46.92 5,571.7 253.8 271.4 595,234.34 674,168.79 32° 38' 8.184 N 103° 54' 6.578 W 5,700.0 9.00 46.92 5,670.5 264.5 282.8 595,245.02 674,180.21 32° 38' 8 289 N 103° 54' 6.444 W 5,800.0 9.00 46.92 5,769.2 275.2 294.3 595,255.71 32° 38' 8.395 N 103° 54' 6.310 W 674.191.64 5 900 0 9.00 46.92 5 868 0 285 9 305.7 595,266.39 674,203.06 32° 38' 8 500 N 103° 54' 6.176 W 6,000.0 9.00 46.92 5,966.8 296.6 317.1 595,277.08 674,214.49 32° 38' 8.605 N 103° 54' 6.042 W 6,100.0 674,225.92 46.92 6 065 5 307.2 595 287 76 32° 38' 8.710 N 103° 54' 5.907 W 9.00 328.6 6,200.0 9.00 46.92 6.164.3 317.9 340.0 595.298.44 674,237.34 32° 38' 8.816 N 103° 54' 5.773 W 6,300.0 9.00 46.92 6,263.1 328.6 351.4 595,309.13 674,248.77 32° 38' 8.921 N 103° 54' 5.639 W 46.92 362.8 32° 38' 9.026 N 103° 54' 5.505 W 6.400.0 9.00 6.361.8 339.3 595.319.81 674.260.19 6,500.0 9.00 46.92 6,460.6 350.0 374.3 595,330.50 674,271.62 32° 38' 9.131 N 103° 54' 5.371 W 6,600.0 9.00 46.92 6,559.4 360.7 385.7 595,341.18 674,283.05 32° 38' 9.237 N 103° 54' 5.237 W 46.92 6.658.1 6,700.0 9.00 371.3 397.1 595,351.87 674,294.47 32° 38' 9 342 N 103° 54' 5,103 W 6,800.0 9.00 46.92 6,756.9 382.0 408.5 595,362.55 674,305.90 32° 38' 9.447 N 103° 54' 4.969 W 46.92 6,855.7 6,900.0 9.00 392.7 420.0 595,373.24 674,317.32 32° 38' 9.552 N 103° 54' 4.834 W 103° 54' 4.700 W 7.000.0 9.00 46.92 6.954.4 403.4 431.4 595.383.92 674,328.75 32° 38' 9.658 N 103° 54' 4.566 W 7 100 0 9.00 46.92 7 053 2 414.1 442.8 595 394 61 674 340 17 32° 38' 9.763 N 7,200.0 7,152.0 424.8 595,405.29 674,351.60 32° 38' 9.868 N 103° 54' 4.432 W 9.00 46.92 454.2 7,300.0 9.00 46.92 7,250.8 435.5 465.7 595,415.98 674,363.03 32° 38' 9.974 N 103° 54' 4.298 W 674,374.45 7.400.0 9.00 46.92 7.349.5 446.1 477.1 595.426.66 32° 38' 10.079 N 103° 54' 4.164 W 7,500.0 9.00 46.92 7,448.3 456.8 488.5 595,437.35 674,385.88 32° 38' 10.184 N 103° 54' 4.030 W 7,600.0 9.00 46.92 7.547.1 467.5 499.9 595.448.03 674,397.30 32° 38' 10.289 N 103° 54' 3 896 W 7,700.0 9.00 46.92 7 645 8 478 2 511.4 595 458 72 674,408.73 32° 38' 10 395 N 103° 54' 3.761 W 7,800.0 9.00 46.92 7.744.6 488.9 522.8 595,469.40 674,420.16 32° 38' 10,500 N 103° 54' 3.627 W 7,900.0 9.00 46.92 7,843.4 499.6 534.2 595,480.09 674,431.58 32° 38' 10.605 N 103° 54' 3.493 W 46 92 545 6 103° 54' 3 359 W 8.000.0 9 00 7.942.1 510 2 595.490.77 674.443.01 32° 38' 10 710 N 8,100.0 9.00 46.92 8,040.9 520.9 103° 54' 3.225 W 557.1 595 501 46 674 454 43 32° 38' 10 816 N 8,200.0 9.00 46.92 8,139.7 531.6 568.5 595,512.14 103° 54' 3.091 W 674,465.86 32° 38' 10.921 N 8,300.0 9.00 46.92 8 238 4 542.3 579.9 595,522.82 674,477.29 32° 38' 11.026 N 103° 54' 2.957 W 8,400.0 46.92 8,337.2 553.0 595,533.51 32° 38' 11.132 N 103° 54' 2.822 W 9.00 591.3 674.488.71 8 500 0 9.00 46.92 8 4 3 6 0 563.7 602.8 595,544.19 674,500.14 32° 38' 11 237 N 103° 54' 2.688 W 8,600.0 9.00 46.92 8,534.7 574.4 614.2 595,554.88 674,511.56 32° 38' 11.342 N 103° 54' 2.554 W 8,700.0 46.92 8 633 5 103° 54' 2 420 W 9.00 585.0 625.6 595 565 56 674,522.99 32° 38' 11 447 N 8.800.0 9.00 46.92 8.732.3 595.7 637.1 595.576.25 674,534.42 32° 38' 11.553 N 103° 54' 2.286 W 8,900.0 9.00 46.92 8,831.1 606.4 648.5 595,586.93 674,545.84 32° 38' 11.658 N 103° 54' 2.152 W 46.92 103° 54' 2.018 W 9.000.0 9.00 8.929.8 617.1 659.9 595.597.62 674.557.27 32° 38' 11.763 N 9,100.0 9.00 46.92 9,028.6 627.8 671.3 595,608.30 674,568.69 32° 38' 11.868 N 103° 54' 1.884 W 9,200.0 9.00 46.92 9,127.4 638.5 682.8 595,618.99 674,580.12 32° 38' 11.974 N 103° 54' 1.749 W 9,300.0 9.00 46.92 9 226 1 649.1 694.2 595,629.67 674,591.55 32° 38' 12.079 N 103° 54' 1.615 W 9,376.0 9.00 46.92 9,301.2 657.3 702.9 595,637.79 674,600.23 32° 38' 12.159 N 103° 54' 1.513 W 9,400.0 7.09 31.33 9,325.0 659.8 705.0 595,640.34 674,602.37 32° 38' 12.184 N 103° 54' 1.488 W 9,500.0 10.03 303.87 9.424.2 670.0 701.0 595,650.51 674,598.34 32° 38' 12.285 N 103° 54' 1.535 W 103° 54' 1.823 W 9 600 0 20.93 283 66 9 520 5 679.1 676.3 595 659 61 674 573 66 32° 38' 12 376 N 9,700.0 32.60 277.25 9,609.6 686.7 632.1 595.667.25 674.529.42 32° 38' 12.453 N 103° 54' 2.340 W 9,800.0 44.43 273.98 9,687.7 692.6 570.2 595,673.10 674,467.56 32° 38' 12.514 N 103° 54' 3.063 W MOJO 30-25 FED 131H - FTP 9,900.0 271 87 9.751.4 6964 493 4 595 676 91 674.390.77 32° 38' 12 554 N 103° 54' 3 961 W 56 33 10,000.0 68 25 270.28 9,797.8 698.0 405.1 595,678.49 674,302.42 32° 38' 12.574 N 103° 54' 4.994 W 10,100.0 80.18 268.93 9,825.0 697.3 309.0 595,677.79 674,206.37 32° 38' 12.571 N 103° 54' 6.117 W 32° 38' 12.551 N 10,182.0 89.97 267.90 9,832.0 695.0 227.4 595,675.53 674,124.81 103° 54' 7.071 W EOC/FTP 32° 38' 12 551 N 103° 54' 7.074 W 90.00 267 90 9 832 0 695.0 227 2 595 675 52 674 124 57 10,182.2 10,200.0 90.00 268.26 9.832.0 694.4 209.5 595,674.93 674,106.82 32° 38' 12.546 N 103° 54' 7.282 W

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COMPASS 5000.15 Build 91E

#### Permian Resources

Planning Report - Geographic

Database:	Compass	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well MOJO 30-25 FED 131H
Company:	NEW MEXICO	TVD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Project:	(SP) EDDY	MD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Site:	MOJO 30-25 FED	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	MOJO 30-25 FED 131H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OWB		
Design:	PWP0		

PI	an	m	٥d	Su	rv	ev
	-		-	_	•••	-,

Measured Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	Vertical	TN/-S	+E/.W/	Map	Map Fasting		
(usft)	(°)	(°)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	Latitude	Longitude
10,270.1	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	693.1	139.4	595,673.65	674,036.77	32° 38' 12.536 N	103° 54' 8.101 W
10,300.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	692.9	109.5	595,673.47	674,006.83	32° 38' 12.536 N	103° 54' 8.451 W
10,400.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	692.3	9.5	595,672.87	673,906.83	32° 38' 12.534 N	103° 54' 9.621 W
10,500.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	691.7	-90.5	595,672.27	673,806.83	32° 38' 12.532 N	103° 54' 10.790 W
10,600.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	691.1	-190.5	595,671.67	673,706.84	32° 38' 12.530 N	103° 54' 11.960 W
10,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	690.5	-290.5	595,671.07	673,606.84	32° 38' 12.528 N	103° 54' 13.129 W
10,800.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	690.0	-390.5	595,670.47	673,506.84	32° 38' 12.526 N	103° 54' 14.299 W
10,900.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	689.4	-490.5	595,669.87	673,406.84	32° 38' 12.524 N	103° 54' 15.468 W
11,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	688.8	-590.5	595,669.27	673,306.84	32° 38' 12.522 N	103° 54' 16.637 W
11,100.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	688.2	-690.5	595,668.68	673,206.84	32° 38' 12.520 N	103° 54' 17.807 W
11,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	687.6	-790.5	595,668.08	673,106.85	32° 38' 12.518 N	103° 54' 18.976 W
11,300.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	687.0	-890.5	595,667.48	673,006.85	32° 38' 12.516 N	103° 54' 20.146 W
11,400.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	686.4	-990.5	595,666.88	672,906.85	32° 38' 12.515 N	103° 54' 21.315 W
11,500.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	685.8	-1,090.5	595,666.28	672,806.85	32° 38' 12.513 N	103° 54' 22.485 W
11,600.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	685.2	-1,190.5	595,665.68	672,706.85	32° 38' 12.511 N	103° 54' 23.654 W
11,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	684.6	-1,290.5	595,665.08	672,606.86	32° 38' 12.509 N	103° 54' 24.824 W
11,800.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	684.0	-1,390.5	595,664.48	672,506.86	32° 38' 12.507 N	103° 54' 25.993 W
11,900.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	683.4	-1,490.5	595,663.88	672,406.86	32° 38' 12.505 N	103° 54' 27.163 W
12,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	682.8	-1,590.5	595,663.28	672,306.86	32° 38' 12.503 N	103° 54' 28.332 W
12,100.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	682.2	-1,690.5	595,662.68	672,206.86	32° 38' 12.501 N	103° 54' 29.502 W
12,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	661.6	-1,790.5	595,662.08	672,106.86	32° 38° 12.499 N	103° 54° 30.671 W
12,300.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	681.0	-1,890.5	595,661.48	672,006.87	32° 38' 12.497 N	103° 54' 31.841 W
12,400.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	680.4	-1,990.5	595,660.88	671,906.87	32° 38° 12.490 N	103° 54° 33.010 W
12,500.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	679.8	-2,090.5	595,660.28	6/1,806.87	32° 38' 12.493 N	103° 54' 34.179 W
12,000.0	90.00	209.00	9,032.0	679.2	-2,190.5	505 650 00	671,700.07	32 30 12.491 N	103 04 00.049 W
12,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,032.0	670.0	-2,290.5	595,659.09	671,606.67	32° 30° 12.409 N	103° 54° 36.516 W
12,000.0	90.00	209.00	9,032.0	670.0	-2,390.5	505 657 90	671,000.00	32 30 12.407 N	103 04 07.000 W
12,900.0	90.00	209.00	9,032.0	676.8	-2,490.5	595,657,29	671,400.00	32 30 12.403 N	103 04 00.007 W
13,000.0	90.00	209.00	9,032.0	676.0	-2,390.5	595,657.25	671,306.00	32 30 12.403 N	103 54 40.027 W
13,100.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	675.6	-2,030.5	595,656,09	671,200.00	32° 38' 12.401 N	103° 54' 41. 150 W
13,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	675.0	-2,750.5	595 655 49	671,006,89	32° 38' 12 477 N	103° 54' 42.500 W
13,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	674.4	-2,050.5	595 654 89	670,906,90	32° 38' 12 475 N	103° 54' 44 705 W
13 500 0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	673.8	-3 090 5	595 654 29	670,806,90	32° 38' 12 473 N	103° 54' 45 874 W
13 600 0	90.00	269.66	9 832 0	673.2	-3 190 5	595 653 69	670 706 90	32° 38' 12 471 N	103° 54' 47 044 W
13 700 0	90.00	269.66	9 832 0	672.6	-3 290 5	595 653 09	670,606,90	32° 38' 12 469 N	103° 54' 48 213 W
13 800 0	90.00	269.66	9 832 0	672.0	-3 390 5	595 652 49	670 506 90	32° 38' 12 467 N	103° 54' 49 383 W
13 900 0	90.00	269.66	9 832 0	671.4	-3 490 5	595 651 89	670 406 90	32° 38' 12 465 N	103° 54' 50 552 W
14,000.0	90.00	269.66	9.832.0	670.8	-3.590.5	595.651.29	670,306,91	32° 38' 12,463 N	103° 54' 51.721 W
14 100 0	90.00	269.66	9 832 0	670.2	-3 690 5	595,650,69	670,206,91	32° 38' 12 461 N	103° 54' 52 891 W
14,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	669.6	-3,790.5	595,650.09	670,106,91	32° 38' 12,459 N	103° 54' 54.060 W
14,300.0	90.00	269.66	9.832.0	669.0	-3.890.5	595.649.50	670.006.91	32° 38' 12.457 N	103° 54' 55,230 W
14,400.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	668.4	-3,990.5	595,648,90	669,906,91	32° 38' 12.455 N	103° 54' 56.399 W
14,500.0	90.00	269.66	9.832.0	667.8	-4.090.5	595.648.30	669.806.92	32° 38' 12,453 N	103° 54' 57,569 W
14,600.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	667.2	-4,190.5	595,647.70	669,706.92	32° 38' 12.451 N	103° 54' 58.738 W
14,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	666.6	-4,290.5	595,647.10	669,606.92	32° 38' 12.449 N	103° 54' 59.908 W
14,797.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	666.0	-4,387.5	595,646.52	669,509.92	32° 38' 12.447 N	103° 55' 1.042 W
LPP 1									
14,800.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	666.0	-4,390.5	595,646.50	669,506.92	32° 38' 12.446 N	103° 55' 1.077 W
14,900.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	665.4	-4,490.5	595,645.90	669,406.92	32° 38' 12.444 N	103° 55' 2.247 W
15,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	664.8	-4,590.5	595,645.30	669,306.92	32° 38' 12.442 N	103° 55' 3.416 W
15,100.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	664.2	-4,690.4	595,644.70	669,206.93	32° 38' 12.440 N	103° 55' 4.586 W
15,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	663.6	-4,790.4	595,644.10	669,106.93	32° 38' 12.438 N	103° 55' 5.755 W
15,300.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	663.0	-4,890.4	595,643.50	669,006.93	32° 38' 12.436 N	103° 55' 6.924 W

5/30/2023 3:27:27PM

#### Permian Resources

Planning Report - Geographic

Database:	Compass	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well MOJO 30-25 FED 131H
Company:	NEW MEXICO	TVD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Project:	(SP) EDDY	MD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Site:	MOJO 30-25 FED	North Reference:	Grid
Well:	MOJO 30-25 FED 131H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Wellbore:	OWB		
Design:	PWP0		

Planned Survey

Measured			Vertical			Мар	Мар		
Depth	Inclination	Azimuth	Depth	+N/-S	+E/-W	Northing	Easting		
(usft)	(°)	(°)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	(usft)	Latitude	Longitude
15,400.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	662.4	-4,990.4	595,642.90	668,906.93	32° 38' 12.434 N	103° 55' 8.094 W
15,500.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	661.8	-5,090.4	595,642.30	668,806.93	32° 38' 12.432 N	103° 55' 9.263 W
15,600.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	661.2	-5,190.4	595,641.70	668,706.94	32° 38' 12.430 N	103° 55' 10.433 W
15,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	660.6	-5,290.4	595,641.10	668,606.94	32° 38' 12.428 N	103° 55' 11.602 W
15,800.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	660.0	-5,390.4	595,640.50	668,506.94	32° 38' 12.426 N	103° 55' 12.772 W
15,900.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	659.4	-5,490.4	595,639.91	668,406.94	32° 38' 12.424 N	103° 55' 13.941 W
16,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	658.8	-5,590.4	595,639.31	668,306.94	32° 38' 12.422 N	103° 55' 15.111 W
16,100.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	658.2	-5,690.4	595,638.71	668,206.94	32° 38' 12.420 N	103° 55' 16.280 W
16,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	657.6	-5,790.4	595,638.11	668,106.95	32° 38' 12.417 N	103° 55' 17.450 W
16,300.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	657.0	-5,890.4	595,637.51	668,006.95	32° 38' 12.415 N	103° 55' 18.619 W
16,400.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	656.4	-5,990.4	595,636.91	667,906.95	32° 38' 12.413 N	103° 55' 19.789 W
16,500.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	655.8	-6,090.4	595,636.31	667,806.95	32° 38' 12.411 N	103° 55' 20.958 W
16,600.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	655.2	-6,190.4	595,635.71	667,706.95	32° 38' 12.409 N	103° 55' 22.128 W
16,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	654.6	-6,290.4	595,635.11	667,606.96	32° 38' 12.407 N	103° 55' 23.297 W
16,800.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	654.0	-6,390.4	595,634.51	667,506.96	32° 38' 12.405 N	103° 55' 24.466 W
16,900.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	653.4	-6,490.4	595,633.91	667,406.96	32° 38' 12.403 N	103° 55' 25.636 W
17,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	652.8	-6,590.4	595,633.31	667,306.96	32° 38' 12.401 N	103° 55' 26.805 W
17,100.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	652.2	-6,690.4	595,632.71	667,206.96	32° 38' 12.398 N	103° 55' 27.975 W
17,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	651.6	-6,790.4	595,632.11	667,106.96	32° 38' 12.396 N	103° 55' 29.144 W
17,300.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	651.0	-6,890.4	595,631.51	667,006.97	32° 38' 12.394 N	103° 55' 30.314 W
17,400.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	650.4	-6,990.4	595,630.91	666,906.97	32° 38' 12.392 N	103° 55' 31.483 W
17,500.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	649.8	-7,090.4	595,630.32	666,806.97	32° 38' 12.390 N	103° 55' 32.653 W
17,600.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	649.2	-7,190.4	595,629.72	666,706.97	32° 38' 12.388 N	103° 55' 33.822 W
17,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	648.6	-7,290.4	595,629.12	666,606.97	32° 38' 12.386 N	103° 55' 34.992 W
17,800.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	648.0	-7,390.4	595,628.52	666,506.97	32° 38' 12.384 N	103° 55' 36.161 W
17,900.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	647.4	-7,490.4	595,627.92	666,406.98	32° 38' 12.381 N	103° 55' 37.331 W
18,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	646.8	-7,590.4	595,627.32	666,306.98	32° 38' 12.379 N	103° 55' 38.500 W
18,100.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	646.2	-7,690.4	595,626.72	666,206.98	32° 38' 12.377 N	103° 55' 39.670 W
18,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	645.6	-7,790.4	595,626.12	666,106.98	32° 38' 12.375 N	103° 55' 40.839 W
18,300.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	645.0	-7,890.4	595,625.52	666,006.98	32° 38' 12.373 N	103° 55' 42.008 W
18,400.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	644.4	-7,990.4	595,624.92	665,906.99	32° 38' 12.371 N	103° 55' 43.178 W
18,500.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	643.8	-8,090.4	595,624.32	665,806.99	32° 38' 12.368 N	103° 55' 44.347 W
18,600.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	643.2	-8,190.4	595,623.72	665,706.99	32° 38' 12.366 N	103° 55' 45.517 W
18,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	642.6	-8,290.4	595,623.12	665,606.99	32° 38° 12.364 N	103° 55' 46.686 W
10,754.0	90.00	209.00	9,032.0	042.3	-0,344.4	393,622.60	665,552.99	32 30 12.303 N	103 33 47.310 W
18 800 0	90.00	269.66	9 832 0	642.0	-8 390 /	595 622 52	665 506 99	32º 38' 12 362 N	103° 55' 47 856 W
18 900 0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	641.4	-8,490.4	595,622.52	665 406 99	32° 38' 12 360 N	103° 55' 49 025 W
19,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	640.8	-8,590.4	595 621 32	665 307 00	32° 38' 12 358 N	103° 55' 50 195 W
19,000.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	640.2	-8,690.4	595 620 73	665 207 00	32° 38' 12 355 N	103° 55' 51 364 W
19,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	639.6	-8 790 4	595 620 13	665 107 00	32° 38' 12 353 N	103° 55' 52 534 W
19,200.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	639.0	-8 890 4	595 619 53	665 007 00	32° 38' 12 351 N	103° 55' 53 703 W
19,400.0	90.00	269.66	9 832 0	638.4	-8 990 4	595 618 93	664 907 00	32° 38' 12 349 N	103° 55' 54 873 W
19,500.0	90.00	269.66	9.832.0	637.8	-9.090.4	595,618,33	664,807,01	32° 38' 12.347 N	103° 55' 56.042 W
19 600 0	90.00	269 66	9 832 0	637.2	-9 190 4	595 617 73	664 707 01	32° 38' 12 344 N	103° 55' 57 212 W
19,700.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	636.6	-9,290.4	595,617.13	664,607.01	32° 38' 12.342 N	103° 55' 58.381 W
19,800.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	636.0	-9,390.4	595,616.53	664,507.01	32° 38' 12.340 N	103° 55' 59.550 W
19,900.0	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	635.4	-9,490.4	595,615.93	664,407.01	32° 38' 12.338 N	103° 56' 0.720 W
19,974.6	90.00	269.66	9,832.0	635.0	-9,565.0	595,615.48	664,332.41	32° 38' 12.336 N	103° 56' 1.592 W
LTP/BHL	- MOJO 30-2	5 FED 131H -	LTP/BHL						

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#### **Permian Resources**

Planning Report - Geographic

Database: Company: Project: Site: Well: Wellbore: Design:	Compass NEW MEXICO (SP) EDDY MOJO 30-25 F MOJO 30-25 F OWB PWP0	ED ED 131H			Local Co-or TVD Referen MD Referen North Refer Survey Calc	dinate Reference: nce: ce: ence: sulation Method:		Well MOJO GL @ 3432 GL @ 3432 Grid Minimum Cl	30-25 FED 131H .4usft .4usft urvature	
Design Targets Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	East (us	ing ft)	Latitude	Longitude
MOJO 30-25 FED 131H - plan hits target ce - Point	0.00 nter	0.00	9,832.0	635.0	-9,565.0	595,615.48	664	1,332.38	32° 38' 12.336 N	103° 56' 1.593 W
MOJO 30-25 FED 131H - plan misses target - Point	0.00 t center by 225.	0.00 8usft at 9800	9,832.0 .0usft MD (9	695.6 687.7 TVD, 6	743.9 92.6 N, 570.2	595,676.13 E)	674	1,641.29	32° 38' 12.537 N	103° 54' 1.031 W

Plan Annotat	tions				
	Measured	Vertical	Local Coor	dinates	
	Depth (usff)	Depth (usff)	+N/-S	+E/-W	Commont
	(usit)	(usit)	(usπ)	(usπ)	Comment
	10,182.0	9,832.0	695.0	227.4	EOC/FTP
	14,797.0	9,832.0	666.0	-4,387.5	LPP 1
	18,754.0	9,832.0	642.3	-8,344.4	LPP2
	19,974.6	9,832.0	635.0	-9,565.0	LTP/BHL





## **NEW MEXICO**

(SP) EDDY MOJO 30-25 FED MOJO 30-25 FED 131H

OWB PWP0

## **Anticollision Summary Report**

30 May, 2023



#### **Permian Resources**

Anticollision Summary Report

Company:	NEW MEXICO	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well MOJO 30-25 FED 131H
Project:	(SP) EDDY	TVD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Reference Site:	MOJO 30-25 FED	MD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Site Error:	0.0 usft	North Reference:	Grid
Reference Well:	MOJO 30-25 FED 131H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Well Error:	0.0 usft	Output errors are at	2.00 sigma
Reference Wellbore	OWB	Database:	Compass
Reference Design:	PWP0	Offset TVD Reference:	Offset Datum
Reference	PWP0		
<b>F</b> ilter 6		0 Eliterine eriterie	

Warning Levels Evaluated	l at: 2.00 Sigma	Casing Method:	Not applied	
Results Limited by:	Maximum centre distance of 1,000.0usft	Error Surface:	Pedal Curve	
Depth Range:	Unlimited	Scan Method:	Closest Approach 3D	
Interpolation Method:	Stations	Error Model:	ISCWSA	
Filter type:	NO GLOBAL FILLER: Using user defined selection & filtering criteria			

Survey Tool Program		Date 5/30/2023		
From (usft)	To (usft)	Survey (Wellbore)	Tool Name	Description
0.0	19,974.1	PWP0 (OWB)	MWD+IFR1+MS	OWSG_Rev2_MWD + IFR1 + Multi-Station Correction

Summary						
Site Name Offset Well - Wellbore - Design	Reference Measured Depth (usft)	Offset Measured Depth (usft)	Dista Between Centres (usft)	nce Between Ellipses (usft)	Separation Factor	Warning
MOJO 30-25 FED						
MOJO 30-25 FED 111H - OWB - PWP0	2,842.8	2,844.4	82.1	61.7	4.034	CC, ES
MOJO 30-25 FED 111H - OWB - PWP0	7,782.2	7,796.7	121.3	64.7	2.145	SF
MOJO 30-25 FED 112H - OWB - PWP0	2,707.8	2,709.3	58.5	39.2	3.031	CC, ES, SF
MOJO 30-25 FED 121H - OWB - PWP0	3,043.1	3,043.4	42.4	20.6	1.947	CC
MOJO 30-25 FED 121H - OWB - PWP0	8,748.9	8,769.4	80.6	17.0	1.268	Level 3, ES, SF
MOJO 30-25 FED 122H - OWB - PWP0	2,885.1	2,885.1	20.5	-0.1	0.995	Level 3, CC
MOJO 30-25 FED 122H - OWB - PWP0	2,900.0	2,899.9	20.6	-0.1	0.995	Level 3, ES, SF
MOJO 30-25 FED 132H - OWB - PWP0	2,916.1	2,917.7	33.0	12.1	1.578	CC
MOJO 30-25 FED 132H - OWB - PWP0	3,100.0	3,100.7	33.2	11.0	1.494	Level 3, ES, SF

#### Received by OCD: 3/5/2025 8:53:51 AM



#### **Permian Resources**

Anticollision Summary Report

Company:	NEW MEXICO	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well MOJO 30-25 FED 131H
Project:	(SP) EDDY	TVD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Reference Site:	MOJO 30-25 FED	MD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Site Error:	0.0 usft	North Reference:	Grid
Reference Well:	MOJO 30-25 FED 131H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Well Error:	0.0 usft	Output errors are at	2.00 sigma
Reference Wellbore	OWB	Database:	Compass
Reference Design:	PWP0	Offset TVD Reference:	Offset Datum

Reference Depths are relative to GL @ 3432.4usft Offset Depths are relative to Offset Datum Central Meridian is 104° 20' 0.000 W

Coordinates are relative to: MOJO 30-25 FED 131H Coordinate System is US State Plane 1983, New Mexico Eastern Zone Grid Convergence at Surface is: 0.23°



CC - Min centre to center distance or covergent point, SF - min separation factor, ES - min ellipse separation

#### Received by OCD: 3/5/2025 8:53:51 AM



#### Permian Resources

Anticollision Summary Report

Company:	NEW MEXICO	Local Co-ordinate Reference:	Well MOJO 30-25 FED 131H
Project:	(SP) EDDY	TVD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Reference Site:	MOJO 30-25 FED	MD Reference:	GL @ 3432.4usft
Site Error:	0.0 usft	North Reference:	Grid
Reference Well:	MOJO 30-25 FED 131H	Survey Calculation Method:	Minimum Curvature
Well Error:	0.0 usft	Output errors are at	2.00 sigma
Reference Wellbore	OWB	Database:	Compass
Reference Design:	PWP0	Offset TVD Reference:	Offset Datum

Reference Depths are relative to GL @ 3432.4usft Offset Depths are relative to Offset Datum Central Meridian is 104° 20' 0.000 W

Coordinates are relative to: MOJO 30-25 FED 131H Coordinate System is US State Plane 1983, New Mexico Eastern Zone Grid Convergence at Surface is: 0.23°





## H₂S CONTINGENCY PLAN

FOR

## Permian Resources Corporation Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H Eddy County, New Mexico

05-17-2023 This plan is subject to updating

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Mojo 30 Fed Com	
	111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H	

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Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Mojo 30 Fed Com	
	111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H	

#### Section 1.0 – Introduction

#### I. Purpose

The purpose of this contingency plan (Plan) is to provide Permian Resources Corporation. (Permian Resources) with an organized plan of action for alerting and protecting Permian Resources employees, the general public, and any potential first responders prior to any intentional release or immediately following the accidental / unintentional release of a potentially hazardous volume / concentration of Hydrogen Sulfide Gas (H2S).

#### II. Scope & Applicability

This Plan applies to all planned, unplanned, uncontrolled and/or unauthorized releases of hazardous concentrations of H₂S or any associated hazardous byproducts of combustion, occurring at any Permian Resources owned or operated facilities including but not limited to: wells, flowlines, pipelines, tank batteries, production facilities, SWD facilities, compressor stations, gas processing plants, drilling / completions / workover operations, and any other applicable company owned property.

#### Section 2.0 - Plan Implementation

#### I. Activation Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of Bureau of Land Management Onshore Order #6 and NMAC 19.15.11, this Plan shall be activated in advance of any authorized, planned, unplanned, uncontrolled, or unauthorized release of a hazardous volume / concentration of  $H_2S$  gas, or  $SO^2$ , which could potentially adversely impact the workers, general public or the environment.

#### II. Emergency Evacuation

In the event of an unplanned, uncontrolled, or unauthorized release of a hazardous volume / concentration of  $H_2S$  gas, the first priority is to ensure the safety of the workers and general public. Upon discovery and subsequent determination of an applicable release, which cannot be quickly mitigated, immediately by using 911, notify local authorities to begin the process of alerting the general public, evacuate any residents within the Radius of Exposure (ROE), and limit any general public or employee access to any areas within the ROE of the affected facility.

#### III. Emergency Response Activities

The purpose of emergency response actions is to take steps to quickly mitigate / stop the ongoing release of the hazardous source of  $H_2S$ . Upon discovery of any hazardous release, immediately notify Permian Resources management to activate the Emergency Response Team (ERT). Once Permian Resources supervision arrives and assesses the situation, a work plan identifying the proper procedures shall be developed to stop the release.

#### Section 3.0 - Potential Hazardous Conditions & Response Actions

During a planned or unplanned release of H₂S, there are several hazardous conditions that are presented

Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan	Eddy County, New Mexico
	Mojo 30 Fed Com	
	111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H	
		·

both to employees, the general public, and emergency responders. These specific hazardous conditions are identified in the tables below.

H2S OPERATING CONDITIONS – RESPONSE ACTIONS TO CONSIDER	✓
H ₂ S CONDITION 1: POTENTIAL DANGER TO LIFE AND HEALTH -> WARNING SI	GN
GREEN	
H ₂ S concentration <10 ppm detected by location monitors	
General Actions During Condition 1	
Notify Site Supervisor / Permian Resources Person-in-Charge (PIC) of any observed increase in ambient H ₂ S concentrations	
All personnel check safety equipment is in adequate working order & store in accessible location	
Sensitize crews with safety meetings.	
Limit visitors and non-essential personnel on location	
Continuously monitor H ₂ S concentrations and check calibration of sensors	
Ensure H ₂ S scavenger is on location.	
H ₂ S CONDITION 2: MODERATE DANGER TO LIFE AND HEALTH → WARNING SIGN YELLOW	
$H_2S$ concentration >10 ppm and < 30 ppm in atmosphere detected by location monitors:	
General Actions During Condition 2	
Sound H ₂ S alarm and/or display yellow flag.	
Account for on-site personnel	
Upon sounding of an area or personal H ₂ S monitor alarm when 10 ppm is reached, proceed to a safe briefing area upwind of the location immediately (see MA-4, Figure 5-1).	
Don proper respiratory protection.	
Alert other affected personnel	
<u>If trained and safe to do so</u> undertake measures to control source H2S discharge and eliminate possible ignition sources. Initiate Emergency Shutdown procedures as deemed necessary to correct or control the specific situation.	
Account for on-site personnel at safe briefing area.	
Stay in safe briefing area if not working to correct the situation.	
Keep Site Supervisor / Permian Resources PIC informed. Notify applicable government agencies (Appendix A) If off-site impact; notify any neighbors within Radius of Exposure (ROE), Fig 5.11	
Continuously monitor H ₂ S until readings below 10 ppm.	
Evacuated area shall not be re-entered except by trained and authorized personnel utilizing appropriate respiratory protection; or until "all clear" sounded by Permian Resources PIC / Site Supervisor.	

# Permian Resources Corporation H₂S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H

> 30 ppm H ₂ S concentration in air detected by location monitors: Extreme danger to life	
General Actions During Condition 3	
Sound H ₂ S alarm and/or display red flag.	
Account for on-site personnel	
Move away from $H_2S$ source and get out of the affected area.	
Proceed to designated safe briefing area; alert other affected personnel.	
Account for personnel at safe briefing area.	
If trained and safe to do so undertake measures to control source H2S discharge and eliminate possible ignition sources. Initiate Emergency Shutdown procedures as deemed necessary to correct or control the specific situation.	
Notify vehicles or situation and divert all traffic away from location.	
Permian Resources Peron-in-Charge will make appropriate community notifications.	
Red warning flag must be on display until the situation has been corrected and the Permian Resources Person-in-Charge determines it is safe to resume operations under Condition 1.	
Notify management of the condition and action taken. If H ₂ S concentration is increasing and steps to correct the situation are not successful – or at any time if well control is questionable – alert all responsible parties for possible activation of the H ₂ S Contingency Plan. If well control at the surface is lost, determine if situation warrants igniting the well.	
If uncontrolled flow at the surface occurs, the Permian Resources PIC, with approval, if possible, from those coordinating the emergency (as specified in the site-specific H ₂ S Contingency Plan) are responsible for determining if the situation warrants igniting the flow of the uncontrolled well. This decision should be made only as a last resort and in a situation where it is obvious that human life is in danger and there is no hope of controlling the flow under prevailing conditions.	
If the flow is ignited, burning H ₂ S will be converted to sulfur dioxide (SO ₂ ), which is also highly toxic. Do not assume that area is safe after the flow is ignited. If the well is ignited, evacuation of the area is mandatory, because SO ₂ will remain in low-lying places under no-wind conditions.	
<ul> <li>Keep Site Supervisor / Permian Resources PIC informed.</li> <li>Notify applicable government agencies and local law enforcement (Appendix A)</li> <li>If off-site impact; notify any neighbors within the Radius of Exposure (ROE), see example in Figure 5-11.</li> </ul>	
Continuously monitor H ₂ S until readings fall below 10 ppm.	
Evacuated area shall not be re-entered except by trained and authorized personnel utilizing appropriate respiratory protection; or until "all clear" sounded by Permian Resources PIC / Site Supervisor.	

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Alert public (directly or through appropriate government agencies) who may be subject to potentially harmful exposure levels.	
Make recommendations to public officials regarding blocking unauthorized access to the unsafe area and assist as appropriate.	
Make recommendations to public officials regarding evacuating the public and assist as appropriate.	
Monitor ambient air in the area of exposure (after following abatement measures) to determine when it is safe for re-entry.	

#### Section 4.0 - Notification of H₂S Release Event

#### I. Local & State Law Enforcement

Prior to the planned / controlled release of a hazardous concentration of  $H_2S$  gas or any associated byproducts of the combustion of  $H_2S$  gas, notify local law enforcement agencies regarding the contents of this plan.

In the event of the discovery of an unplanned/uncontrolled release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of combustion, immediately notify local and/or state law enforcement agencies of the situation and ask for their assistance.

#### II. General Public

In the event of a planned or unplanned release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of combustion, notify local law enforcement agencies and ask for their assistance in alerting the general public and limiting access to any public roads that may be impacted by such a release.

#### III. New Mexico Oil Conservation Division

The Permian Resources HSE Department will make any applicable notification to the New Mexico OCD regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S Gas or any associated byproducts of combustion.

#### IV. New Mexico Environment Department

The Permian Resources HSE Department will make any applicable notifications to the NMED regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of combustion.

#### V. Bureau of Land Management

The Permian Resources Regulatory Department will make any applicable notifications to the BLM regarding any release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S gas or any associated byproducts of combustion.

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#### Section 5.0 - Emergency Contact List

EMERGENCY CONTACT LIST				
PERMIAN RESOURCES CORPORATION.				
POSITION	NAME	OFFICE	CELL	ALT PHONE
	Opera	itions		
Operations Superintendent	Rick Lawson		432.530.3188	
TX Operations Superintendent	Josh Graham	432.940.3191	432.940.3191	
NM Operations Superintendent	Manual Mata	432.664.0278	575.408.0216	
Drilling Manager	Jason Fitzgerald	432.315.0146	318.347.3916	
Drilling Engineer	Ronny Hise	432.315.0144	432.770.4786	
Production Manager	Levi Harris	432.219.8568	720.261.4633	
SVP Development Ops	Clayton Smith	720.499.1416	361.215.2494	
SVP Production Ops	Casey McCain	432.695.4239	432.664.6140	
HSE & Regulatory				
H&S Manager	Adam Hicks	720.499.2377	903.426.4556	
Regulatory Manager	Sarah Ferrevros	720,499,1454	720.854.9020	
Environmental Manager	Montgomery Floyd	432-315-0123	432-425-8321	
HSE Consultant	Blake Wisdom		918-323-2343	
l	ocal, State, & F	ederal Agend	cies	
Eddy County Sheriff		575-887-7551		911
New Mexico State Highway Patrol		505-757-2297		911
Carlsbad Fire / EMS		575-885-3125		911
Carlsbad Memorial Hospital		575-887-4100		
Secorp – Safety Contractor	Ricky Stephens		(325)-262-0707	
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division — District 1 Office — Hobbs, NM.		575-393-6161		
New Mexico Environment Department – District III Office – Hobbs, NM		575-397-6910		
New Mexico Oil Conservation Division — Hobbs, NM	24 Hour Emergency	575-393-6161		
Bureau of Land Management – Carlsbad, NM		575-234-5972		
U.S. Fish & Wildlife		502-248-6911		

#### Section 6.0 – Drilling Location Information

#### I. Site Safety Information

- 1. Safe Briefing Area
  - a. There shall be two areas that will be designated as "SAFE BRIEFING AREAs". If H₂S is detected in concentrations equal to or in excess of 10 ppm all personnel not assigned emergency duties are to assemble in the designated Safe Briefing area for instructions. These two areas shall be positioned in accessible locations to facilitate the availability of self-contained breathing air devices. The briefing areas shall be positioned no less than 250' from the wellhead and in such locations that at least one briefing area will be upwind from the well at all times.

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#### 2. Wind Indicators

- a. 4 Windsocks will be installed at strategic points on the facility.
- 3. Danger Signs
  - a. A warning sign indicating the possible well conditions will be displayed at the location entrance.

DANGER
POISONOUS GAS
HYDROGEN SULFIDE
DO NOT APPROACH IF AMBER LIGHTS ARE FLASHING

#### 4. <u>H₂S Detectors and Alarms</u>

a. Continuous monitoring type H₂S detectors, capable of sensing a minimum of 5ppm H₂S in air will be located centrally located at the tanks, heater treater, and combustor. Continuous monitoring type SO₂ detector will also be located at the combustor. The automatic H₂S alarm/flashing light will be located at the site entrance and in front of tank battery.

#### 5. Safety Trailer

a. A safety trailer equipped with an emergency cascade breathing air system with 2 ea. Work/escape packs, a stretcher, 2 OSHA approved full body harnesses, and a 20# Class ABC fire extinguisher shall be available at the site in close proximity to the safe briefing area. The cascade system shall be able to be deployed to the drill floor when needed to provide safe breathing air to the workers as needed.

#### 6. Well Control Equipment

- a. The location shall have a flare line to a remote automatic ignitor and back up flare gun, placed 150' from the wellhead.
- b. The location shall be equipped with a remotely operated choke system and a mud gas separator.

#### 7. Mud Program

- a. Company shall have a mud program that contains sufficient weight and additives to control  $H_2S.$
- 8. <u>Metallurgy</u>
  - a. All drill strings, casing, tubing, wellhead, BOP, spools, kill lines, choke manifold and lines, and valves shall be suitable for anticipated H₂S volume and pressure.
- 9. Communication
  - a. The location shall be equipped with a means of effective communication such as a cell phones, intercoms, satellite phones or landlines.
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|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
|                               | Mojo 30 Fed Com                   |                         |  |
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### II. Directions to Location

BEGINNING AT THE INTERSECTION OF U.S. HIGHWAY 82 AND MALJAMAR ROAD IN MALJAMAR, NEW MEXICO PROCEED IN A WESTERLY DIRECTION ALONG U.S. HIGHWAY 82 APPROXIMATELY 8.0 MILES TO THE JUNCTION OF THIS ROAD AND SHUGART ROAD TO THE SOUTH; TURN LEFT AND PROCEED IN A SOUTHERLY, THEN WESTERLY DIRECTION APPROXIMATELY 14.9 MILES TO THE JUNCTION OF THIS ROAD AND AN EXISTING ROAD TO THE NORTH; TURN RIGHT AND PROCEED IN A NORTHERLY DIRECTION APPROXIMATELY 0.7 MILES TO THE BEGINNING OF THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD TO THE WEST; FOLLOW ROAD FLAGS IN AN WESTERLY, THEN NORTHERLY DIRECTION APPROXIMATELY 963' TO THE PROPOSED LOCATION. TOTAL DISTANCE FROM THE INTERSECTION OF U.S. HIGHWAY 82 AND MALJAMAR ROAD IN MALJAMAR, NEW MEXICO TO THE PROPOSED WELL LOCATION IS APPROXIMATELY 23.8 MILES. Plat of Location



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1. Routes of Ingress & Egress (MAP)



2. Residences in proximity to the 3000' Radius of Exposure (ROE) (MAP)

There are no residences or public gathering places with the 3000' ROE, 100 PPM, 300 PPM, or 500 PPM ROE.

### Map of 3000' ROE Perimeter



### 100 PPM, 300 PPM, & 500 PPM Max ROE under worst case scenario

Enter H ₂ S in PPM	1500	
Enter Gas flow in mcf/day (maximum worst case conditions)	2500	
500 ppm radius of exposure (public road)	<u>105</u>	feet
300 ppm radius of exposure	<u>146</u>	feet
<b>100</b> ppm radius of exposure (public area)	<u>230</u>	feet

- Location NAD 83 GPS Coordinates Lat: 32.634914, Long: 103.903141
- 3. Public Roads in proximity of the Radius of Exposure (ROE)

There are no public roads that would be within the 500 PPM ROE. The closest public road is New Mexico Highway 222, which is 4500' from the location.

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### Section 7.0 – Hazard Communication

### I. Physical Characteristics of Hydrogen Sulfide Gas

Hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) is a colorless, poisonous gas that is soluble in water. It can be present in crude oils, condensates, natural gas and wastewater streams.

 $H_2S$  is heavier than air with a vapor density of 1.189 (air = 1.0); however,  $H_2S$  is most often mixed with other gases. These mixtures of  $H_2S$  and other gases can be heavier or lighter than air. If the  $H_2S$ -containing mixture is heavier, it can collect in low areas such as ditches, ravines, firewalls, and pits; in storage tanks; and in areas of poor ventilation. Please see physical properties in Table 7.0.

With  $H_2S$  the sense of smell is rapidly lost allowing lethal concentrations to be accumulated without warning. The toxicity of hydrogen sulfide at varying concentrations is indicated in the Table 7.1.

**Warning:** Do not use the mouth-to-mouth method if a victim ingested or inhaled hydrogen sulfide. Give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Properties of H2S	Description	
Vapor Density > 1 = 1.189 Air = 1	<ul> <li>H2S gas is slightly heavier than air, which can cause it to settle in low places and build in concentration.</li> <li>Produced as a mixture with other gases associated with oil and gas production.</li> </ul>	
Flammable Range 4.3%-46% 43000 ppm – 460000 ppm	<ul> <li>H2S can be extremely flammable / explosive when these concentrations are reached by volume in air.</li> </ul>	

### Table 7.0. Physical Properties of H₂S

Although  $H_2S$  is primarily a respiratory hazard, it is also flammable and forms an explosive mixture at concentrations of 4.3%-46.0% (40,000ppm – 460,000 ppm) by volume in air.

### H₂S can be encountered when:

- Venting and draining equipment.
- Opening equipment (separators, pumps, and tanks).
- Opening piping connections ("line breaking").
- Gauging and sampling storage tanks.
- Entering confined spaces.
- Working around wastewater pits, skimmers, and treatment facilities.
- II. Human Health Hazards Toxicological Information

### Table 7.1. Hazards & Toxicity

Concentration	Symptoms/Effects
(ppm)	

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0.00011-0.00033 ppm	Typical background concentrations
0.01-1.5 ppm	Odor threshold (when rotten egg smell is first noticeable to some). Odor becomes more offensive at 3-5 ppm. Above 30 ppm, odor described as sweet or sickeningly sweet.
2-5 ppm	Prolonged exposure may cause nausea, tearing of the eyes, headaches or loss of sleep. Airway problems (bronchial constriction) in some asthma patients.
20 ppm	Possible fatigue, loss of appetite, headache, irritability, poor memory, dizziness.
50-100 ppm	Slight conjunctivitis ("gas eye") and respiratory tract irritation after 1 hour. May cause digestive upset and loss of appetite.
100 ppm	Coughing, eye irritation, loss of smell after 2-15 minutes (olfactory fatigue). Altered breathing, drowsiness after 15-30 minutes. Throat irritation after 1 hour. Gradual increase in severity of symptoms over several hours. Death may occur after 48 hours.
100-150 ppm	Loss of smell (olfactory fatigue or paralysis).
200-300 ppm	Marked conjunctivitis and respiratory tract irritation after 1 hour. Pulmonary edema may occur from prolonged exposure.
500-700 ppm	Staggering, collapse in 5 minutes. Serious damage to the eyes in 30 minutes. Death after 30-60 minutes.
700-1000 ppm	Rapid unconsciousness, "knockdown" or immediate collapse within 1 to 2 breaths, breathing stops, death within minutes.
1000-2000 ppm	Nearly instant death

### III. Environmental Hazards

H₂S and its associated byproducts from combustion presents a serious environmental hazard. Sulphur Dioxide SO₂ is produced as a constituent of flaring H₂S Gas and can present hazards associated, which are similar to H₂S. Although SO₂ is heavier than air, it will be picked up by a breeze and carried downwind at elevated temperatures. Since Sulfur Dioxide is extremely irritating to the eyes and mucous membranes of the upper respiratory tract, it has exceptionally good warning powers in this respect. The following table indicates the toxic nature of the gas. Please see the attached SDS in Appendix B for reference.

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SULFUR DIOXIDE TOXICITY			
Concentration Effects		Effects	
%SO ₂	PPM		
0.0005	3 to 5	Pungent odor-normally a person can detect SO ₂ in this range.	
0.0012	12	Throat irritation, coughing, and constriction of the chest tearing and smarting of eyes.	
0.15	150	So irritating that it can only be endured for a few minutes.	
0.05	500	Causes a sense of suffocation, even with first breath.	

### Section 8.0 - Regulatory Information

I. OSHA & NIOSH Information

### II. Table 8.0. OSHA & NIOSH H₂S Information

PEL, IDLH, TLV	Description	
NIOSH PEL 10 PPM	<ul> <li>PEL is the Permissible Exposure Limit that an employee may be exposed up to 8 hr / day.</li> </ul>	
OSHA General Industry Ceiling PEL – 20 PPM	<ul> <li>The maximum exposure limit, which cannot be exceeded for any length of time.</li> </ul>	
IDLH 100 PPM	<ul> <li>Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health</li> </ul>	
Permian Resources PEL 10 PPM	<ul> <li>Permian Resources Policy Regarding H2S for employee safety</li> </ul>	

### III. New Mexico OCD & BLM - H₂S Concentration Threshold Requirements

New Mexico NMAC 19.15.11 and Onshore Order #6 identify two Radii of Exposure (ROE) that identify potential danger to the public and require additional compliance measures. Permian Resources is required to install safety devices, establish safety procedures and develop a written  $H_2S$  contingency plan for sites where the  $H_2S$  concentrations are as follows.

H ₂ S Radius of Exposure	Description	Control and Equipment Requirements	
100 ppm	Distance from a release to where the H ₂ S concentration in the air will dilute below 100ppm	ROE > 50-ft and includes any part of a "public area" (residence, school, business, etc., or any area that can be expected to be populated). ROE > 3,000-ft	
500 ppm	Distance from a release to where the H ₂ S concentration in the air will dilute below 500ppm	ROE > 50-ft and includes any part of a public road (public roads are tax supported roads or any road used for public access or use)	

Table 8.1.	Calculating	H ₂ S Radius	of E	xposure
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### Calculating H₂S Radius of Exposure

The ROE of an H₂S release is calculated to determine if a potentially hazardous volume of H₂S gas at 100 or 500 parts per million (ppm) is within a regulated distance requiring further action. If information about the concentration of H₂S and the potential gas release volume is known, the location of the Muster Areas will be set, and safety measures will be implemented based on the calculated radius of exposure (ROE). NMAC 19.15.11 – Hydrogen Sulfide Safety defines the ROE as the radius constructed with the gas's point of escape as its center and its length calculated by the following Pasquill-Gifford equations:

To determine the extent of the 100 ppm ROE:

 $x = [(1.589) \text{ (mole fraction H}_2S)(Q)]^{(.6258)}$ .

To determine the extent of the 500 ppm ROE:

 $x = [(0.4546) \text{ (mole fraction H}_2S)(Q)]^{(.6258)}$ .

### Table 8.2. Calculating H2S Radius of Exposure

ROE Variable	Description
X =	ROE in feet
Q =	Max volume of gas released determined to be released in cubic feet per day (ft³/d) normalized to standard temperature and pressure, 60°F and 14.65 psia
Mole fraction H ₂ S =	Mole fraction of H ₂ S in the gaseous mixture released.

The volume used as the escape rate in determining the ROE is specified in the rule as follows:

- The maximum daily volume rate of gas containing H₂S handled by that system element for which the ROE is calculated.
- For existing gas wells, the current adjusted open-flow rate, or the operator's estimate of the well's capacity to flow against zero back-pressure at the wellhead.

### New Mexico Oil Conservation Division & BLM Site Requirements under NMAC 19.15.11 & Onshore Order #6

- Two cleared areas will be designated as Safe Briefing Areas. During an emergency, personnel will
  assemble in one of these areas for instructions from the Permian Resources Person-in-Charge.
  Prevailing wind direction should be considered in locating the briefing areas 200' or more on either
  side of the well head. One area should offset the other at an angle of 45° to 90° with respect to
  prevailing wind direction to allow for wind shifts during the work period.
- In the event of either an intentional or accidental releases of hydrogen sulfide, safeguards to protect the general public from the harmful effects of hydrogen sulfide must be in place for operations. A summary of the provisions in each of three H₂S ROE cases is included in Table 8.3.
  - CASE 1 -100 ppm ROE < 50'</li>
  - CASE 2 100 ppm ROE is 50' or greater, but < 3000' and does not penetrate public area.
  - **CASE 3** -100 ppm ROE is 50' or greater and penetrates a public area or 500 ppm ROE includes a public road. Also if 100 ppm ROE > 3000' regardless of public area.

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### Table 8.3. NMAC 19.15.11 Compliance Requirements Drilling & Production

NMAC 19.15.11 & BLM COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS	G - DRILLI	NG & PROI	DUCTION
PROVISION	CASE 1	CASE 2	CASE 3
H ₂ S Concentration Test	Х	Х	Х
Н-9	Х	Х	Х
Training	Х	Х	Х
District Office Notification	Х	Х	Х
Drill Stem Tests Restricted	X*	X*	Х
BOP Test	X*	X*	Х
Materials		Х	Х
Warning and Marker		Х	Х
Security		Х	Х
Contingency Plan			Х
Control and Equipment Safety			Х
Monitors		X**	X**
Mud (ph Control or Scavenger)			X*
Wind Indicators		X**	Х
Protective Breathing Equipment		X**	X
Choke Manifold, Secondary Remote Control, and Mud-Gas Separator			Х
Flare Stacks			X*

### Section 9.0 - Training Requirements

### Training

The following elements are considered a minimum level of training for personnel assigned to operations who may encounter  $H_2S$  as part of routine or maintenance work.

- The hazards, characteristics, and properties of hydrogen sulfide (H₂S) and (SO₂).
- Sources of H₂S and SO₂.
- Proper use of H₂S and SO₂ detection methods used at the workplace.
- Recognition of, and proper response to, the warning signals initiated by H₂S and SO₂ detection systems in use at the workplace.
- Symptoms of H₂S exposure; symptoms of SO₂ exposure
- Rescue techniques and first aid to victims of H₂S and SO₂ exposure.
- Proper use and maintenance of breathing equipment for working in H₂S and SO₂ atmospheres, as appropriate theory and hands-on practice, with demonstrated proficiency (29 CFR Part 1910.134).
- Workplace practices and relevant maintenance procedures that have been established to protect personnel from the hazards of H₂S and SO₂.
- Wind direction awareness and routes of egress.
- Confined space and enclosed facility entry procedures (if applicable).
- Emergency response procedures that have been developed for the facility or operations.
- Locations and use of safety equipment.

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Locations of safe briefing areas.

### Refresher training will be conducted annually.

### Section 10.0 - Personal Protective Equipment

### I. <u>Personal H₂S Monitors</u>

All personnel engaged in planned or unplanned work activity to mitigate the release of a hazardous concentration of H₂S shall have on their person a personal H2S monitor.

### II. Fixed H₂S Detection and Alarms

- 4 channel H₂S monitor
- 4 wireless H₂S monitors
- H₂S alarm system (Audible/Red strobe)
- Personal gas monitor for each person on location
- Gas sample tubes
- Flame Resistant Clothing

All personnel engaged in planned or unplanned work activity associated with this Plan shall have on the appropriate level of FRC clothing.

### IV. <u>Respiratory Protection</u>

111.

The following respiratory protection equipment shall be available at each drilling location.

- Working cascade system available on rig floor and pit system & 750' of air line hose
- Four (4) breathing air manifolds
- Four (4) 30-minute rescue packs
- Five (5) work/Escape units
- Five (5) escape units
- One (1) filler hose for the work/escape/rescue units

Supplied air (airline or SCBA) respiratory protection against hydrogen sulfide exposure is required in the following situations:

- When routine or maintenance work tasks involve exposure to H₂S concentrations of 10 ppm or greater.
- When a fixed location area monitor alarms, and re-entry to the work area is required to complete a job.
- When confined spaces are to be entered without knowledge of H₂S levels present, or if initial measurements are to be taken of H₂S levels.
- During rescue of employees suspected of H₂S overexposure.
- For specific tasks identified with significant exposure potential and outlined in local program guidelines.
- All respiratory equipment for hydrogen sulfide must be of the supplied-air type, equipped with pressure-demand regulators and operated in the pressure-demand mode only. This is the only type of respiratory protection recommended for hydrogen sulfide application. Equipment should be approved by NIOSH/MSHA or other recognized national authority as required. If airline units are used, a five-minute egress bottle should also be carried.
- Gas masks or other air-purifying respirators MUST NEVER BE USED FOR HYDROGEN SULFIDE due to the poor warning properties of the gas.
- Use of respiratory protection should be accompanied by a written respiratory protection program.

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Appendix A H₂S SDS

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	Date of issue: 10-15-1979         Revision date: 08-10-2016         Supersedes: 10-15-2013
SECTION 1: Identification	
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Substance
Name	: Hydrogen sulfide
CAS No	: 7783-06-4
Formula	: H2S
Other means of identification	: Hydrogen sulfide
Product group	: Core Products
1.2. Recommended use and rest	trictions on use
Recommended uses and restrictions	: Industrial use Use as directed
1.3. Supplier	
Praxair Canada Inc. 1200 – 1 City Centre Drive Mississauga - Canada L5B 1M2 T 1-905-803-1600 - F 1-905-803-1682 <u>www.praxair.ca</u>	
1.4. Emergency telephone numb	ber
Emergency number	: 1-800-363-0042 Call emergency number 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier or Praxair sales representative.
SECTION 2: Hazard identificat	tion
2.1 Classification of the substa	nce or mixture
Flam. Gas 1 H220 Liquefied gas H280 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation: gas) H330 STOT SE 3 H335	
2.2. GHS Label elements, includ	ling precautionary statements
GHS-CA labelling	
GHS-CA labelling Hazard pictograms	
GHS-CA labelling Hazard pictograms Signal word	: GHS02 GHS04 GHS06 GHS06 GHS07 GHS07
GHS-CA labelling Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	: GH502 GH502 GH504 GH506 GH506 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507 GH507

ian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S C Mo	ontingency Pl jo 30 Fed Con	lan n	Eddy County, New M
	111H/112H/1	121H/122H/1	31H/132H	
PRAXAIR	Hydrogen su Safety Data Shee according to the Hazardous Pr Date of issue: 10-15-1979	Ilfice t E-4611 oducts Regulation (Febr Revision date: 08-10	ruary 11, 2015) -2016 Supersedes	: 10-15-2013
	Do not breathe Use and store Avoid release Wear protection protection Leaking gas fir In case of leak Store locked u Dispose of cor Protect from s	e gas only outdoors or in a to the environment e gloves, protective c re: Do not extinguish, age, eliminate all igni p tents/container in acc unlight when ambient	well-ventilated area lothing, eye protection, unless leak can be sto tion sources cordance with containe temperature exceeds s	, respiratory protection, and/or face pped safely r Supplier/owner instructions 52°C (125°F)
	Close valve af Do not open v When returnin Do not depend	ter each use and whe alve until connected to g cylinder, install leak l on odour to detect th	n empty o equipment prepared t tight valve outlet cap o ne presence of gas	for use or plug
2.3. Other hazards Other hazards not contributing to the classification	: Contact with lie	quid may cause cold I	burns/frostbite.	
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (	GHS-CA)			
SECTION 3: Composition/in	formation on ingredie	nts		
SECTION 3: Composition/in 3.1. Substances	formation on ingredie	nts		
SECTION 3: Composition/in 3.1. Substances Name	formation on ingredier	nts % (Vol.)	Common Name (sy	/nonyms)
SECTION 3: Composition/in 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent)	CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4	nts % (Vol.) 100	Common Name (sy Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureled hydrogen / I	/nonyms) ) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / )ihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide
SECTION 3: Composition/in 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2 Mixtures	formation on ingredien CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4	nts % (Vol.) 100	Common Name (sy Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / [	/ <b>nonyms)</b> ) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide
SECTION 3: Composition/in 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable	Iformation on ingredien CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4	nts % (Vol.) 100	Common Name (s) Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / [	/ <b>nonyms)</b> / / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide
SECTION 3: Composition/in 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable SECTION 4: Eirst-aid mass	Iformation on ingredien	nts % (Vol.) 100	Common Name (sy Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / [	<b>/nonyms)</b> / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide
SECTION 3: Composition/irr 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable SECTION 4: First-aid measu 4.1 Description of first aid measu	Iformation on ingredien	nts % (Vol.) 100	Common Name (sy Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / I	/nonyms) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide
SECTION 3: Composition/ir 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable SECTION 4: First-aid measures 4.1. Description of first aid measures First-aid measures after inhalation	Iformation on ingredier CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4	nts % (Vol.) 100 sh air and keep at res espiration. If breathing	Common Name (sy Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / I sulfureted hydro	Anonyms) ) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide able for breathing. If not breathing, sonnel should give oxygen. Call a
SECTION 3: Composition/irr 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable SECTION 4: First-aid measures A.1. Description of first aid measures First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact	Information on ingredient CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4 (CAS NO) 7783-06-	hts % (Vol.) 100 sh air and keep at resespiration. If breathing r cause frostbite. For o to exceed 105°F (4' skin warming for at le saffected area. In cas er. Seek medical eval	Common Name (sy Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / I sulfureted hydro	/nonyms) ) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide able for breathing. If not breathing, sonnel should give oxygen. Call a mediately warm frostbite area with the should be tolerable to normal normal coloring and sensation have a, remove clothing while showering is soon as possible.
SECTION 3: Composition/in 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable SECTION 4: First-aid measures A.1. Description of first aid measures First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact	Iformation on ingredient CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4 (CAS NO) 7783-06-4	% (Vol.)         100         sh air and keep at resespiration. If breathing         v cause frostbite. For of to exceed 105°F (4' skin warming for at le affected area. In cas er. Seek medical eval ush eyes thoroughly weyeballs to ensure th st immediately.	Common Name (sy Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / I is difficult, trained per exposure to liquid, imm "C). Water temperatu aeat 15 minutes or until e of massive exposure luation and treatment a with water for at least 1 at all surfaces are flush	Anonyms) ) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide able for breathing. If not breathing, sonnel should give oxygen. Call a mediately warm frostbite area with re should be tolerable to normal I normal coloring and sensation have , remove clothing while showering is soon as possible. 5 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and hed thoroughly. Contact an
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SECTION 3: Composition/irr 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable SECTION 4: First-aid measures A1. Description of first aid m First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after ingestion 4.2. Most important symptom No additional information available 4.3. Immediate medical attent Other medical advice or treatment	Iformation on ingredient CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4 (CAS NO) 7783-06-4	% (Vol.)         100         sh air and keep at respective         sepiration. If breathing         r cause frostbite. For each of the exceed 105°F (4' skin warming for at leval ush eyes thoroughly weyeballs to ensure that immediately.         schedule affected area. In caser. Seek medical eval ush eyes thoroughly weyeballs to ensure that immediately.         t considered a potent ayed)         inccessary         I assistance. Treat with	Common Name (s) Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / I is difficult, trained per exposure to liquid, imm 1°C). Water temperatu asat 15 minutes or until e of massive exposure luation and treatment a vith water for at least 1 at all surfaces are flush ial route of exposure.	Anonyms) ) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide able for breathing. If not breathing, sonnel should give oxygen. Call a nediately warm frostbite area with re should be tolerable to normal I normal coloring and sensation have b, remove clothing while showering is soon as possible. 5 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and hed thoroughly. Contact an as soon as possible after inhalation.
SECTION 3: Composition/irr 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable SECTION 4: First-aid measure A.1. Description of first aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after ingestion 4.2. Most important symptom No additional information available 4.3. Immediate medical attent Other medical advice or treatment SECTION 5: Fire-fighting me	Iformation on ingredient CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4 (CAS No) 7783-06-4	% (Vol.)         100         sh air and keep at respective         sspiration. If breathing         cause frostbite. For each of the exceed 105°F (4' skin warming for at less effected area. In caser. Seek medical eval ush eyes thoroughly weyeballs to ensure that immediately.         t considered a potent ayed)         inecessary         l assistance. Treat with the easistance. Treat with the easistance.	Common Name (s) Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / I is difficult, trained per exposure to liquid, imm 1°C). Water temperatu ast 15 minutes or until e of massive exposure luation and treatment a vith water for at least 1 at all surfaces are flush ial route of exposure.	Anonyms) ) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide able for breathing. If not breathing, sonnel should give oxygen. Call a nediately warm frostbite area with re should be tolerable to normal I normal coloring and sensation have to remove clothing while showering is soon as possible. 5 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and hed thoroughly. Contact an as soon as possible after inhalation.
SECTION 3: Composition/irr 3.1. Substances Name Hydrogen sulfide (Main constituent) 3.2. Mixtures Not applicable SECTION 4: First-aid measures A1. Description of first aid m First-aid measures after inhalation First-aid measures after skin contact First-aid measures after eye contact First-aid measures after ingestion 4.2. Most important symptom No additional information available 4.3. Immediate medical attent Other medical advice or treatment SECTION 5: Fire-fighting media Suitable extinguishing media	Iformation on ingredient CAS No. (CAS No) 7783-06-4 (CAS No) 77	% (Vol.)         100         sh air and keep at respective         spiration. If breathing         r cause frostbite. For each of the exceed 105°F (4' skin warming for at level skin warming to respect to exceed a potent ayes thoroughly weyeballs to ensure that immediately.         t considered a potent ayed)         r necessary         I assistance. Treat with assistance. Treat with a point and the strength of the strengt of the strength of the strength of the strength of the strengt of	Common Name (s) Hydrogen sulfide (H2S Sulfureted hydrogen / I is difficult, trained per exposure to liquid, imm 1°C). Water temperatu asat 15 minutes or until e of massive exposure luation and treatment a vith water for at least 1 at all surfaces are flush ial route of exposure.	Anonyms) ) / Hydrogen sulphide / Sulfur hydride / Dihydrogen sulphide / Hydrogensulfide able for breathing. If not breathing, sonnel should give oxygen. Call a nediately warm frostbite area with re should be tolerable to normal I normal coloring and sensation have b, remove clothing while showering is soon as possible. 5 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and ned thoroughly. Contact an as soon as possible after inhalation. as soon as possible after inhalation.

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Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H	Eddy County, New Mexico

	Hydr	ogen su	lfide	
PRAXAIR Safety Data Sheet E-4611				
	Date of issue	the Hazardous Pro	Revision date: 08-10-2016 Supersedes: 10-	15-2013
5.3. Specific hazards arising fro	om the haza	rdous product		
Fire hazard	:	EXTREMELY flames. Flamm Vapors can be equipment, sta point. Explosive check the atmos	LAMMABLE GAS. If venting or leaking gas ca ible vapors may spread from leak, creating an e gnited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sp ic discharge, or other ignition sources at locatio atmospheres may linger. Before entering an a sphere with an appropriate device.	tches fire, do not extinguish explosive reignition hazard. arks, heaters, electrical ns distant from product handling rea, especially a confined area,
Explosion hazard	:	EXTREMELY	LAMMABLE GAS. Forms explosive mixtures v	with air and oxidizing agents.
Reactivity	:	No reactivity ha	zard other than the effects described in sub-sec	ctions below.
Reactivity in case of fire	:	No reactivity ha	zard other than the effects described in sub-see	ctions below.
5.4. Special protective equipme	nt and pred	cautions for fire	fighters	
Firefighting instructions	:	DANGER! Tox	c, flammable liquefied gas	
		Evacuate all pe and protective flow of gas if sa safe to do so. I comply with the	rsonnel from the danger area. Use self-contained lothing. Immediately cool containers with water fe to do so, while continuing cooling water spra emove containers from area of fire if safe to do ir provincial and local fire code regulations.	ed breathing apparatus (SCBA) from maximum distance. Stop y. Remove ignition sources if so. On-site fire brigades must
Special protective equipment for fire fig	hters :	Standard prote fighters.	tive clothing and equipment (Self Contained Br	eathing Apparatus) for fire
Other information	:	Containers are by TC.).	equipped with a pressure relief device. (Excepti	ions may exist where authorized
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e measu	ires		
6.1 Personal precautions prot	active equir	ament and eme	nency procedures	
General measures	ecuve equi	DANGER! Tox	c flammable liquefied gas. Forms explosive	mixtures with air and oxidizing
		agents. Immed apparatus whe fog or fine wate Ventilate area leak and could Before entering	ately evacuate all personnel from danger area. e needed. Remove all sources of ignition if safe r spray, taking care not to spread liquid with wa r move container to a well-ventilated area. Flan explode if reignited by sparks or flames. Explos area, especially confined areas, check atmosp	Use self-contained breathing to do so. Reduce vapors with ter. Shut off flow if safe to do so. nmable vapors may spread from ive atmospheres may linger. here with an appropriate device.
6.2. Methods and materials for	containmer	nt and cleaning	ıp	
Methods for cleaning up	:	Try to stop rele contaminating contents/conta supplier for any	see. Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray he surrounding environment. Prevent soil and water her in accordance with local/regional/national/in special requirements.	<ul> <li>Prevent waste from water pollution. Dispose of iternational regulations. Contact</li> </ul>
6.3. Reference to other sections	5			
For further information refer to secti	on 8: Expos	sure controls/p	rsonal protection	
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	orage			
7.1. Precautions for safe handli	ng			
Precautions for safe handling	:	Leak-check sy	tem with soapy water; never use a flame	
		All piped syste	ns and associated equipment must be grounded	d
		Keep away from smoking. Use	n heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and o only non-sparking tools. Use only explosion-pro	ther ignition sources. No oof equipment
		Wear leather s physical dama removable valu- protect the valu- truck, etc.) des bar) into cap of strap wrench tt open, discontir keep closed ev container. Hig device to fail p product, see se	fety gloves and safety shoes when handling cy e; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving e cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its c e. When moving cylinders, even for short distar gned to transport cylinders. Never insert an obje enings; doing so may damage the valve and ca remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open e use and contact your supplier. Close the co en when empty. Never apply flame or localized temperatures may damage the container and o ematurely, venting the container contents. For ction 16.	linders. Protect cylinders from g cylinder, always keep in place ap; the cap is intended solely to nces, use a cart (trolley, hand ect (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry use a leak. Use an adjustable ithe valve. If the valve is hard to ntainer valve after each use; heat directly to any part of the could cause the pressure relief other precautions in using this

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### Permian Resources Corporation H₂S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H



Hydrogen sulfide

Safety Data Sheet E-4611 according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015) Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016 Supersedes: 10-15-2013

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

: Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Post "No Smoking/No Open Flames" signs in storage and use areas. There must be no sources of ignition. Separate packages and protect against potential fire and/or explosion damage following appropriate codes and requirements (e.g, NFPA 30, NFPA 55, NFPA 70, and/or NFPA 221 in the U.S.) or according to requirements determined by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ). Always secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand when the container is not in use. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a safe and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

SECTION 8: Exposure of the second sec	controls/personal protection			
I.1. Control parameters				
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4	4)			
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)	1 ppm		
USA - ACGIH	ACGIH TLV-STEL (ppm)	5 ppm		
USA - OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	20 ppm		
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (mg/m ³ )	21 mg/m ³		
Canada (Quebec)	VECD (ppm)	15 ppm		
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (mg/m ³ )	14 mg/m ³		
Canada (Quebec)	VEMP (ppm)	10 ppm		
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³ )	21 mg/m ³		
Alberta	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	15 ppm		
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³ )	14 mg/m ³		
Alberta	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm		
British Columbia	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	10 ppm		
Manitoba	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm		
Manitoba	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm		
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³ )	21 mg/m ³		
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm		
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	14 mg/m³		
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm		
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm		
New Foundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm		
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm		
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm		
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³ )	28 mg/m ³		
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (ppm)	20 ppm		
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³ )	21 mg/m ³		
Nunavut	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm		
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³ )	14 mg/m ³		
Nunavut	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm		
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm		

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Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4	)	
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Ontario	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Ontario	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (ppm)	5 ppm
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (ppm)	1 ppm
Québec	VECD (mg/m ³ )	21 mg/m ³
Québec	VECD (ppm)	15 ppm
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³ )	14 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (ppm)	10 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³ )	27 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³ )	15 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
8.2 Appropriate engine	ering controls	

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use corrosion-resistant equipment. Use an explosion-proof local exhaust system. Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards. MECHANICAL (GENERAL): Inadequate - Use only in a closed system. Use explosion proof equipment and

	lighting.
8.3. Individual protection measures/Pers	onal protective equipment
Personal protective equipment	: Safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.
Hand protection	: Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with product may occur.
Eye protection	: Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.
Respiratory protection	: Respiratory protection: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Thermal hazard protection	: Wear cold insulating gloves when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Standard EN 511 - Cold insulating gloves.
Other information	: Other protection : Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical p	roperties
9.1. Information on basic physical and ch	emical properties
Physical state	: Gas
Appearance	: Colorless gas. Colorless liquid at low temperature or under high pressure.
Molecular mass	: 34 g/mol
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Odour can persist. Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Rotten eggs.
Odour threshold	: Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.

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pH	: Not applicable.
pH solution	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (ether=1)	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: -86 °C
Freezing point	: -82.9 °C
Boiling point	: -60.3 °C
Flash point	: Not applicable.
Critical temperature	: 100.4 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: 260 °C
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: 1880 kPa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C	: No data available
Critical pressure	: 8940 kPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	; >=
Relative density	: No data available
Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture	: No data available
Density	: No data available
Relative gas density	: 1.2
Solubility	: Water: 3980 mg/l
Log Pow	: Not applicable.
Log Kow	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable.
Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C)	: No data available
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidizing properties	: None.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:
	4.3 - 46 vol %

9.2.	Other information		
Gas grou	p	: L	Liquefied gas
Additiona	I information	: ( ç	Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level

SECTION 10: Stability and react	ivity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
Chemical stability	: Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: May react violently with oxidants. Can form explosive mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid moisture in installation systems. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
Incompatible materials	: Ammonia. Bases. Bromine pentafluoride. Chlorine trifluoride. chromium trioxide. (and heat). Copper. (powdered). Fluorine. Lead. Lead oxide. Mercury. Nitric acid. Nitrogen trifluoride. nitrogen sulfide. Organic compounds. Oxidizing agents. Oxygen difluoride. Rubber. Sodium. (and moisture). Water.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Thermal decomposition may produce : Sulfur. Hydrogen.
SECTION 11: Toxicological info	rmation
11.1. Information on toxicological ef	ffects
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified

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SDS ID : E-4611

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### Permian Resources Corporation H₂S Contingency Plan Eddy County, New Mexico Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H



Hydrogen sulfide Safety Data Sheet E-4611 according to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)

Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date: 08-10-2016 Supersedes: 10-15-2013

Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Inhalation:gas: FATAL IF INHALED.
Hydrogen sulfide ( \f )7783-06-4	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.99 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	356 ppm/4h
ATE CA (gases)	356.0000000 ppmv/4h
ATE CA (vapours)	0.9900000 mg/l/4h
ATE CA (dust,mist)	0.9900000 mg/l/4h
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified
	pH: Not applicable.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified

Aspiration hazard

: Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE.
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
LC50 fish 1	0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])
LC50 fish 2	0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Not applicable for inorganic gases.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)	
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Log Pow	Not applicable.
Log Kow	Not applicable.
Ecology - soil	Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.
12.5 Other advarce offects	
Other adverse effects	May aguas all shanges in aguagus coolegical systems
Effect on the errors lower	Mana Mana
Effect on the ozone layer	
Effect on global warming	No known effects from this product

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erman Ro	esources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H	Eddy County, New Mexi
		Hydrogen sulfide           Safety Data Sheet E-4611           coording to the Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015)           ate of issue: 10-15-1979         Revision date: 08-10-2016	sedes: 10-15-2013
	SECTION 13: Disposal conside	rations	
	13.1. Disposal methods Waste disposal recommendations	Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quant	tities Return container to supplier
		. Do not allompt to allopose of tooldari of allaboa quality	intee. Hetam container to cappilor.
	SECTION 14: Transport Inform	ation	
	14.1. Basic shipping description		
	In accordance with TDG		
	UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1053	
	TDG Primary Hazard Classes	: 2.3 - Class 2.3 - Toxic Gas.	
	TDG Subsidiary Classes		
	Proper snipping name	: HYDROGEN SOLPHIDE	
	ERAP Index	: 500	
	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Inde	x : 0	
	Passenger Carrying Ship Index	: Forbidden	
	Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Pas Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	senger : Forbidden	
	14.3. Air and sea transport		
	IMDG		
	UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1053	
	Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: HYDROGEN SULPHIDE	
	Class (IMDG)	: 2 - Gases	
	MFAG-No	: 117	
	UN-No. (IATA)	: 1053	
	Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Hydrogen sulphide	
	Class (IATA)	: 2	
	SECTION 15: Regulatory inform	nation	
	15.1. National regulations		
	Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
	Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	Substances List)	
	15.2. International regulations		
	Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
	Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing ( Listed on the EEC inventory of Existing ( Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (E Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing Che Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventor) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxi Listed on INSO (Mexican national Inven	No Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) uropean Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances & New Chemical Substances) inventory micals List) y of Chemicals) of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) c Substances Control Act) inventory tory of Chemical Substances)	)
	SECTION 16: Other information	15/10/1979	
	Revision date	: 10/08/2016	
	Supersedes	: 15/10/2013	
	Indication of changes:		
	Training advice	: Users of breathing apparatus must be trained. Ensure Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.	operators understand the toxicity hazard.
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ermian Resour	ces Corporation	H ₂ S Contingen	cy Plan	Eddy County, New N	Aexico
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		1111/1121/1211/122	0U/121U/12	24	
12		Hydrogen sulfide			
	PKAAAIK	according to the Hazardous Products Regulatio	n (February 11, 2015	5)	
		Date of issue: 10-15-1979 Revision date	e: 08-10-2016	Supersedes: 10-15-2013	
Oth	er information	: When you mix two or more cl and evaluate the safety inforr Consult an industrial hygienis Before using any plastics, cor Praxair asks users of this pro and safety information. To pro agents, and contractors of the and safety information, (2) fur each purchaser to notify its er information	hemicals, you can o mation for each com st or other trained p nfirm their compatil duct to study this S omote safe use of t e information in this rnish this informatio mployees and cust	create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain mponent before you produce the mixture. erson when you evaluate the end product. bility with this product SDS and become aware of the product hazards this product, a user should (1) notify employees, s SDS and of any other known product hazards on to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask omers of the product hazards and safety	
		The opinions expressed here believe that the information of Since the use of this informat Canada Inc, it is the user's ot Praxair Canada Inc, SDSs ar independent distributors and SDSs for these products, con supplier, or download from w would like the document num Praxair suppliers in your area Address: Praxair Canada Inc. PRAXAIR and the Flowing Ai Technology, Inc. in the Unite	In are those of qua ontained herein is o ion and the conditi- bligation to determine e furnished on sale suppliers who pack tact your Praxair ss ww.praxair.ca. If yo ber and date of the a, phone or write Pr , 1 City Centre Driv irstream design are d States and/or oth	Inted experts within Praxair Canada Inc. We current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. ons of use are not within the control of Praxair ne the conditions of safe use of the product. e or delivery by Praxair Canada Inc, or the cage and sell our products. To obtain current ales representative, local distributor, or ou have questions regarding Praxair SDSs, e latest SDS, or would like the names of the axair Canada Inc, (Phone: 1-888-257-5149; e, Suite 1200, Mississauga, Ontario, L5B 1M2).	
NF	PA health hazard	: 4 - Very short exposure could residual injury even though pro given.	cause death or ser ompt medical atten	ious tion was	
NFI	PA fire hazard	: 4 - Will rapidly or completely v and temperature, or is readily readily.	aporize at normal p dispersed in air and	d will burn	
NF	PA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under	er fire exposure cor	nditions,	

HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	: 4 Severe Hazard - Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F, and boiling points below 100 F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

SDS Canada (GHS) - Praxair

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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SDS ID : E-4611

# Permian Resources Corporation H₂S Contingency Plan Eddy County, New Mexico Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H Eddy County, New Mexico

Appendix B SO₂ SDS



### Safety Data Sheet Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE SDS ID: MAT22290 Section 1 - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION Material Name SULFUR DIOXIDE Synonyms MTG MSDS 80; SULFUROUS ACID ANHYDRIDE; SULFUROUS OXIDE; SULPHUR DIOXIDE; SULFUROUS ANHYDRIDE; FERMENTICIDE LIQUID; SULFUR DIOXIDE(SO2); SULFUR OXIDE; SULFUR OXIDE(SO2) **Chemical Family** inorganic, gas **Product Description** Classification determined in accordance with Compressed Gas Association standards. Product Use Industrial and Specialty Gas Applications. **Restrictions on Use** None known. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet MATHESON TRI-GAS, INC. 3 Mountainview Road Warren, NJ 07059 General Information: 1-800-416-2505 Emergency #: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC) Outside the US: 703-527-3887 (Call collect) Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION Classification in accordance with paragraph (d) of 29 CFR 1910.1200. Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied gas Acute Toxicity - Inhalation - Gas - Category 3 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 1B Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation - Category 1 Simple Asphyxiant **GHS Label Elements**



Signal Word Danger Hazard Statement(s) Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Toxic if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Precautionary Statement(s) Prevention Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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Print date: 2021-01-30

Permian Resources Corporation

### H₂S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H

SDS ID: MAT22290



### Safety Data Sheet

### Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not breathe dusts or mists. Response IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Specific treatment (see label). Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up Protect from sunlight. Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Other Hazards Contact with liquified gas may cause frostbite.

CAS	Component Name	Percent
7446-09-5	Sulfur dioxide	100.0

Inhalation

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If frostbite or freezing occur, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water (105-115°F; 41-46°C). If warm water is not available, gently wrap affected parts in blankets. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

Eves

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

### Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Acute

Toxic if inhaled, frostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns

Delayed

No information on significant adverse effects.

- Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
- Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Note to Physicians

For inhalation, consider oxygen.

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# Permian Resources CorporationH2S Contingency PlanEddy County, New MexicoMojo 30 Fed Com111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H



### Safety Data Sheet

al Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE	SDS ID: MA
Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTI	NG MEASURES
Extinguishing Media Suitable Extinguishing Media carbon dioxide, regular dry chemical, Large fires: Use regular fo Unsuitable Extinguishing Media None known. Special Hazards Arising from the Chemical Negligible fire hazard. Hazardous Combustion Products sulfur oxides Fire Fighting Measures Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Coo is out. Stay away from the ends of tanks. Keep unnecessary peop Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighte Wear full protective fire fighting gear including self contained bu	am or flood with fine water spray. I containers with water spray until well after the fire le away, isolate hazard area and deny entry. <b>rs</b> reathing apparatus (SCBA) for protection against
possible exposure.	
Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RE	LEASE MEASURES
Wear personal protective clothing and equipment, see Section 8. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up Keep unnecessary people away, isolate hazard area and deny ent Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Evacuation radius: 150 f Reduce vapors with water spray. Do not get water directly on ma Environmental Precautions Avoid release to the environment.	ry. Stay upwind and keep out of low areas. eet. Stop leak if possible without personal risk. terial.
Section 7 - HANDLING A	ND STORAGE
Precautions for Safe Handling Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe gas, fu handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear po protection/face protection. Contaminated work clothing should n drink or smoke when using this product. Keep only in original co Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and s	umes, vapor, or spray. Wash hands thoroughly after rotective gloves/protective clothing/eye of be allowed out of the workplace. Do not eat, ontainer. Avoid release to the environment.
outside or in a detached building. Keep separated from incompat <b>Incompatible Materials</b> bases, combustible materials, halogens, metal carbide, metal oxid	ible substances. des, metals, oxidizing materials, peroxides, reducing

Component	Ex	posure	Limits	

Sulfur dioxide	7446-09-5
ACGIH:	0.25 ppm STEL

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### H₂S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H



### Safety Data Sheet

### Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

NIOSH:	2 ppm TWA ; 5 mg/m3 TWA
	5 ppm STEL ; 13 mg/m3 STEL
	100 ppm IDLH
OSHA (US):	5 ppm TWA ; 13 mg/m3 TWA
Mexico:	0.25 ppm STEL [PPT-CT ]

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

There are no biological limit values for any of this product's components.

### **Engineering Controls**

Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits. Individual Protection Measures, such as Personal Protective Equipment

### Eye/face protection

Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a faceshield. Contact lenses should not be worn. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area.

### Skin Protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Wear chemical resistant clothing to prevent skin contact. Respiratory Protection

Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode.

### Glove Recommendations

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Sect	ion 9 - PHYSICAL	AND CHEMICAL PROPER	TIES
Appearance	colorless gas	Physical State	gas
Odor	irritating odor	Color	colorless
Odor Threshold	3 - 5 ppm	рН	(Acidic in solution )
Melting Point	-73 °C (-99 °F )	Boiling Point	-10 °C (14 °F )
<b>Boiling Point Range</b>	Not available	Freezing point	Not available
Evaporation Rate	>1 (Butyl acetate = 1 )	Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available
Autoignition Temperature	Not available	Flash Point	(Not flammable )
Lower Explosive Limit	Not available	Decomposition temperature	Not available
Upper Explosive Limit	Not available	Vapor Pressure	2432 mmHg @ 20 °C
Vapor Density (air=1)	2.26	Specific Gravity (water=1)	1.462 at -10 °C

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SDS ID: MAT22290

Permian Resources Corporation

### H₂S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H



## Safety Data Sheet

# Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE

# SDS ID: MAT22290

Water Solubility	22.8 % (@ 0 °C )	Partition coefficient: n-	Not available
	Net available	octanor water	Networklahla
Viscosity	Not available	Kinematic viscosity	Not available
Solubility (Other)	Not available	Density	Not available
Physical Form	liquified gas	Molecular Formula	S-02
Molecular Weight	64.06		
Solvent Solubility Soluble alcohol, acetic acid, sulfi	aric acid, ether, chloroforn	n, Benzene, sulfuryl chloride, nitrob	enzenes, Toluene, acetone
30	Section 10 - STA	BILITY AND REACTIVITY	Y
Reactivity	2855 <b>B</b>		
No reactivity hazard is e:	xpected.		
Chemical Stability	2 B		
Stable at normal tempera	tures and pressure.		
Possibility of Hazardou	is Reactions		
Will not polymerize.			
Conditions to Avoid	starial Container may ne	nture or evelode if even and to hast	
Minimize contact with it	aterial. Containers may ru	plure of explode if exposed to heat.	
Incompatible Materials	riale balanane matal carbi	ida matal avidas matals avidirias	materials nerovides reducin
oases, comoustiore mater	nais, naiogens, metar caro	ide, metai oxides, metais, oxidizing	materials, peroxides, reducing
Hazardans decompositi	ion products		
oxides of sulfur	ion products		
	Section 11 - TOXIC	OLOGICAL INFORMATI	ON
Information on Likely	Routes of Exposure		
Inhalation			
Toxic if inhaled. Causes	damage to respiratory syst	tem, burns, difficulty breathing	
Skin Contact			
skin burns			
Eye Contact			
eye burns			
Ingestion			
burns, nausea, vomiting,	diarrhea, stomach pain		
Acute and Chronic Tox	LDS0/LCS0		
Component Analysis - I	LD50/LC50	d in succession and the Call	in a set of a set of the last set of
The components of this i	naterial have been reviewe	ed in various sources and the follow	ing selected endpoints are
Sulfur dioxide (7446-00	5)		
Inhalation LC50 Rat 065	- 1168 nnm 4 h		
Product Toxicity Data	- 1100 ppm 4 n		
Acute Toxicity Data	P		
No data available			
Immediate Effects			
inneurate Enects			

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Permian Resources Corporation       H2S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H       Eddy County, New Mexica         Eddy County, New Mexica       111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H         Safety Data Sheet       Safety Data Sheet         Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE Toxic if inhaled, frostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns Delayed Effects       SDS ID: MAT22290	0
Safety Data Sheet         Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE         Social finaled, frostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns         Delayed Effects	
Safety Data Sheet Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE SDS ID: MAT22290 Toxic if inhaled, frostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns Delayed Effects	
Material Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE SDS ID: MAT22290 Toxic if inhaled, frostbite, suffocation, respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns Delayed Effects	
No information on significant adverse effects. Irritation/Corrosivity Data respiratory tract burns, skin burns, eye burns Respiratory Sensitization No data available. Dermal Sensitization No data available. Component Carcinogenicity	
Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5	
ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
IARC: Monograph 54 [1992] (Group 3 (not classifiable))	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity No data available. Tumorigenic Data No data available Reproductive Toxicity No data available. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure No target organs identified. Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure No target organs identified. Aspiration hazard Not applicable. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure respiratory disorders	
Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
No LOLI ecotoxicity data are available for this product's components. Persistence and Degradability No data available. Bioaccumulative Potential No data available. Mobility No data available.	
Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
Disposal Methods Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. Component Waste Numbers The U.S. EPA has not published waste numbers for this product's components.	
Section 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
US DOT Information: Shipping Name: SULFUR DIOXIDE	
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Permian Resources Corporation	H ₂ S Contingency Plan Mojo 30 Fed Com 111H/112H/121H/122H/131H/132H	Eddy County, New Mexico
MATHESON ask The Gas Professionals"		
Material Name: SULFUR DIOXID Hazard Class: 2.3 UN/NA #: UN1079	Safety Data Sheet E	SDS ID: MAT22290
Required Label(s): 2.3 IMDG Information: Shipping Name: SULPHUR Hazard Class: 2.3 UN#: UN1079 Required Label(s): 2.3	DIOXIDE	
TDG Information: Shipping Name: SULFUR D Hazard Class: 2.3 UN#: UN1079 Required Label(s): 2.3 International Bulk Chemica This material does not contain	OXIDE Code any chemicals required by the IBC Code to be identified	as dangerous chemicals in
bulk.	ection 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATIO	N I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
U.S. Federal Regulations This material contains one or (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SA require an OSHA process safe	nore of the following chemicals required to be identified ARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65), CERCLA (40 CFR 3 ty plan.	under SARA Section 302 02.4), TSCA 12(b), and/or
Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5		
SARA 302: 500 lb TPQ		
OSHA (safety): 1000 lb TQ	(Liquid )	
SARA 304: 500 lb EPC	RA RQ	
SARA Section 311/312 (40 C Gas Under Pressure; Acute to: Asphyxiant	FR 370 Subparts B and C) reporting categories cicity; Skin Corrosion/Irritation; Serious Eye Damage/Ey	e Irritation; Simple
U.S. State Regulations The following components ap	pear on one or more of the following state hazardous sub-	stances lists:
Component CAS	CA MA MN NJ PA	
Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
California Safe Drinking Warning	ater and Toxic Enforcement Act (Proposition 65)	
cause birth defects or other rep	o chemicals including Sulfur dioxide, which is known to productive harm. For more information go to www.P65W	arnings.ca.gov.
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	Mojo 30 Fed Com	
	111H/112H/121H/122H/131H	I/132H
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MATHESON		
ask The Gas Professionals		
askThe Gas Professionals		
	Safety Data Sheet	
Material Name: SULFUR DIOXID	E	SDS ID: MAT22290
Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5		
Repro/Dev. Tox developme	ntal toxicity, 7/29/2011	
Component Analysis - Inver	tory	
Sulfur dioxide (7446-09-5)		
US CA AU CN EU	JP - ENCS JP - ISHL KR KECI - Ann	ex 1 KR KECI - Annex 2
Yes DSL Yes Yes EI	Yes Yes Yes	No
KR - REACH CCA MX	Z PH TH-TECI TW, CN VN (Draft	
No Yes	es Yes Yes Yes Yes	
	Section 16 - OTHER INFORMAT	TION
NFPA Ratings		
Health: 3 Fire: 0 Instability: 0 Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1	Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe	
Summary of Changes		
Key / Legend		
ACGIH - American Conferen Australia: BOD - Biochemica	ee of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADI Oxygen Demand: C - Celsius; CA - Canada:	R - European Road Transport; AU - CA/MA/MN/NJ/PA -
California/Massachusetts/Mir	nesota/New Jersey/Pennsylvania*; CAS - Che	emical Abstracts Service; CERCLA -
(US); CLP - Classification, L	belling, and Packaging; CN - China; CPR - Co	ontrolled Products Regulations; DFG -
Deutsche Forschungsgemeins DSL - Domestic Substances I	shaft; DOT - Department of Transportation; D ist: EC - European Commission; EEC - Europ	SD - Dangerous Substance Directive; pean Economic Community: EIN -
European Inventory of (Existi	ng Commercial Chemical Substances); EINEC	CS - European Inventory of Existing
Environmental Protection Ag	nces; ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemic ncy; EU - European Union; F - Fahrenheit; F	- Background (for Venezuela Biological
Exposure Indices); IARC - In Association: ICAO - Internati	ernational Agency for Research on Cancer; IA	ATA - International Air Transport dient Disclosure List: IDLH -
Immediately Dangerous to Li	e and Health; IMDG - International Maritime	Dangerous Goods; ISHL - Japan
Industrial Safety and Health I Kow - Octanol/water partition	aw; IUCLID - International Uniform Chemica	al Information Database; JP - Japan;
Existing Chemicals List (KEO	L); KR KECI Annex 2 - Korea Existing Chen	nicals Inventory (KECI) / Korea
Existing Chemicals List (KEO	L), KR - Korea; LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/ I untion of Chemical Substances Chemical Cont	Lethal Concentration; KR REACH CCA
LLV - Level Limit Value; LC	LI - List Of LIsts™ - ChemADVISOR's Regu	ilatory Database; MAK - Maximum
Concentration Value in the W	orkplace; MEL - Maximum Exposure Limits;	MX - Mexico; Ne- Non-specific; NFPA
Jersey Trade Secret Registry;	Nq - Non-quantitative; NSL – Non-Domestic S	Substance List (Canada); NTP -
National Toxicology Program	NZ - New Zealand; OSHA - Occupational Sa	afety and Health Administration; PEL-
Registration, Evaluation, Aut	orisation, and restriction of Chemicals; RID -	European Rail Transport; SARA -
Superfund Amendments and	teauthorization Act; Sc - Semi-quantitative; ST	TEL - Short-term Exposure Limit;
Page 8 of 9	leave date: 2021.01.20 Devision	8.0 Print date: 2021.01.20
1 420 0 01 7	ISSUE UALE. ZUZI-UI-SU REVISION	0.0 Finit date: 2021-01-30

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Well Name: MOJO 30-25 FED

Well Number: 131H

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### Safe containmant attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: COMMERCIAL FACILITY Disposal type description:

**Disposal location description:** Produced Fluids. Water produced from the well during completion will be held temporarily in steel tanks and then taken to a NMOCD approved commercial disposal facility. Oil produced during operations will be stored in tanks until sold.

**Reserve Pit** 

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit? NO

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.)

Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

**Reserve pit liner** 

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

**Cuttings Area** 

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? Y

**Description of cuttings location** 12180 cubic ft of waste, stored in steel tanks. Drill cuttings will be held in roll-off style mud boxes and taken to a New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) approved disposal site.

Cuttings area length (ft.)

Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

WCuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Section 8 - Ancillary

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: N

**Ancillary Facilities** 

Comments:

Sante Fe Main Office Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
Permian Resources Operating, LLC	372165
300 N. Marienfeld St Ste 1000	Action Number:
Midland, TX 79701	439084
	Action Type:
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

### CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
clevans	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing.	3/5/2025
clevans	If cement does not circulate on any string, a Cement Bond Log (CBL) is required for that string of casing.	3/5/2025
ward.rikala	Notify the OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement.	4/22/2025
ward.rikala	File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.	4/22/2025
ward.rikala	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string.	4/22/2025
ward.rikala	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system.	4/22/2025
ward.rikala	This well is within the Capitan Reef. The first intermediate casing string shall be sat and cemented back to surface immediately above the Capitan Reef. The second intermediate string shall be set and cemented back to surface immediately below the base of the Capitan Reef.	4/22/2025

Action 439084