Form 3160-3 FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137 (June 2015) Expires: January 31, 2018 **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR 5. Lease Serial No. NMNM027994D **BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT** APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER 6. If Indian, Allotee or Tribe Name 7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. **✓** DRILL REENTER 1a. Type of work: 1b. Type of Well: Oil Well ✓ Gas Well Other 8. Lease Name and Well No. 1c. Type of Completion: Hydraulic Fracturing ✓ Single Zone Multiple Zone ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM 716H 2. Name of Operator 9. API Well No. MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY 30-015-56960 3a. Address 3b. Phone No. (include area code) 10. Field and Pool, or Exploratory PURPLE SAGE/(WOLFCAMP) GAS P O BOX 5270, HOBBS, NM 88241 (575) 393-5905 4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.*) 11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SEC 24/T23S/R26E/NMP At surface SENE / 2000 FNL / 260 FEL / LAT 32.2919155 / LONG -104.2386696 At proposed prod. zone NWSE / 1760 FSL / 2337 FEL / LAT 32.28762 / LONG -104.2625507 14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* 12. County or Parish 13. State **EDDY** NM 10 miles 15. Distance from proposed* 16. No of acres in lease 17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 210 feet location to nearest property or lease line, ft. 480.0 (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any) 18. Distance from proposed location* 19. Proposed Depth 20. BLM/BIA Bond No. in file to nearest well, drilling, completed, 20 feet 8735 feet / 16392 feet FED: NM1693 applied for, on this lease, ft. 21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 22. Approximate date work will start* 23. Estimated duration 3222 feet 08/17/2024 60 days 24. Attachments The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1, and the Hydraulic Fracturing rule per 43 CFR 3162.3-3 (as applicable) 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (see Item 20 above). 2. A Drilling Plan. 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the 5. Operator certification. SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be requested by the Name (Printed/Typed) Date 25. Signature BRADLEY BISHOP / Ph: (575) 393-5905 06/17/2024 (Electronic Submission) Title Regulatory Approved by (Signature) Date Name (Printed/Typed) (Electronic Submission) CODY LAYTON / Ph: (575) 234-5959 05/29/2025 Title Office Assistant Field Manager Lands & Minerals Carlsbad Field Office Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the

of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.



Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency

applicant to conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Santa Fe Main Office

Phone: (505) 476-3441 Fax: (55) 476-3462

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory Visit:

https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us/

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

Revised July 9, 2024
Submit Electronically
via OCD Permitting
al Submittal

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Submittal	☐ Amended Report
Type:	1
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WELL LOCATION INFORMATION

API Number 30-015-56960	Pool Code 98220	Pool Name PURPLE SAGE; WOLFCAMP		
Property Code 337348	Property Name ICEMAN 24/2	ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM		
OGRID No. 14744	Operator Name MEWBOURN	MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY		
Surface Owner: □ State □ Fee □	Tribal 💢 Federal	Mineral Owner: ☐ State ☐ Fee ☐ Tribal 🛛 F	ederal	

Surface Location

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County	
Н	24	23S	26E		2000 FNL	260 FEL	32.2919155	-104.2386696	EDDY	
	Bottom Hole Location									
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County	
J	23	23S	26E		1760 FSL	2337 FEL	32.2876200	-104.2625507	EDDY	

Dedicated Acres	Infill or Defining Well	Defining Well API	Overlapping Spacing Unit (Y/N)	Consolidation Code
480	INFILL		N	N/A
Order Numbers.			Well setbacks are under Common (Ownership: □Yes □No

Kick Off Point (KOP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County	
I	24	23	26		1760 FSL	10 FEL	32.2876707	-104.2378753	EDDY	
	First Take Point (FTP)									
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County	
I	24	23	26		1760 FSL	330 FEL	32.2876702	-104.2389110	EDDY	
	Last Take Point (LTP)									
UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Ft. from N/S	Ft. from E/W	Latitude	Longitude	County	
J	23	23	26		1760 FSL	2337 FEL	32.28762	-104.2625507	EDDY	

OPERATOR CERTIFICATIONS

I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and, if the well is a vertical or directional well, that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.

 ${\it If this well is a horizontal well, I further certify that this organization has received the}\\$ consent of at least one lessee or owner of a working interest or unleased mineral interest in each tract (in the target pool or formation) in which any part of the well's completed interval will be located or obtained a compulsory pooling order from the division.

5/29/25

RYAN MCDANIEL

RYANMCDANIEL@MEWBOURNE.COM

SURVEYOR CERTIFICATIONS

I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my surervision and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.

SIONAL

Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor

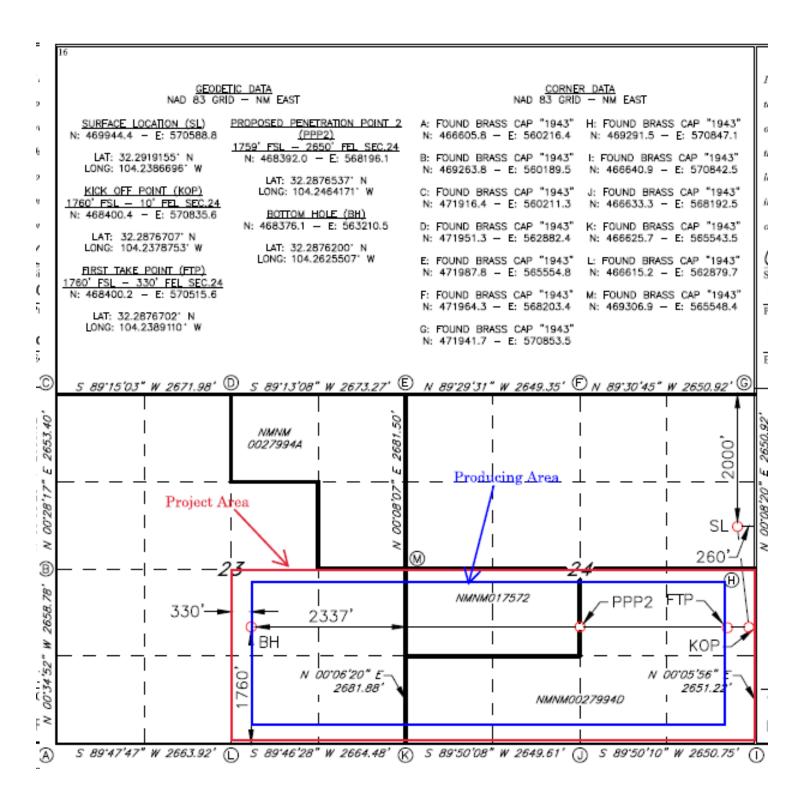
Certificate Number

Date of Survey

19680

This grid represents a standard section. You may superimpose a non-standard section, or larger area, over this grid. Operators must outline the dedicated acreage in a red box, clearly show the well surface location and bottom hole location, if it is directionally drilled, with the dimensions from the section lines in the cardinal directions. If this is a horizontal wellbore show on this plat the location of the First Take Point and Last Take Point, and the point within the Completed interval (other than the First Take Point or Last Take Point) that is closest to any outer boundary of the tract.

Surveyors shall use the latest United States government survey or dependent resurvey. Well locations will be in reference to the New Mexico Principal Meridian. If the land is not surveyed, contact the OCD Engineering Bureau. Independent subdivision surveys will not be acceptable.



State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

Submit Electronically Via E-permitting

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

NATURAL GAS MANAGEMENT PLAN										
This Natural Gas Management Plan must be submitted with each Application for Permit to Drill (APD) for a new or recompleted well.										
Section 1 – Plan Description <u>Effective May 25, 2021</u>										
I. Operator: Mev	vbourne (Oil Co.	OGRID:	14744	Date:	5/2	/22			
II. Type: ★ Original □ Amendment due to □ 19.15.27.9.D(6)(a) NMAC □ 19.15.27.9.D(6)(b) NMAC □ Other.										
If Other, please describe	e:									
III. Well(s): Provide the be recompleted from a s					wells proposed to	be dri	lled or proposed to			
Well Name	API	ULSTR	Footages	Anticipated Oil BBL/D			Anticipated roduced Water BBL/D			
ICEMAN 24-23 FED COM 716H		H 24 23S 26E	2000' FNL x 260' FI	L 150∪	4500		5500			
				Y1-400 Y2-300 Y3-200	-200 Y1-1200 Y2-900 Y3-600		Y1-1500 Y2-1100 Y3-700			
IV. Central Delivery P V. Anticipated Schedu			EMAN 24-23 FED				7.9(D)(1) NMAC]			
proposed to be recomple						1 1				
Well Name	API	Spud Date	TD Reached Date	Completion Commencement			First Production Date			
ICEMAN 24-23 FED COM 716H		7/2/22	8/2/22	9/2/22	9/17/2	2	9/17/22			
VI. Separation Equipment: Attach a complete description of how Operator will size separation equipment to optimize gas capture. VII. Operational Practices: Attach a complete description of the actions Operator will take to comply with the requirements of Subsection A through F of 19.15.27.8 NMAC. VIII. Best Management Practices: Attach a complete description of Operator's best management practices to minimize venting during active and planned maintenance.										

Section 2 — Enhanced Plan EFFECTIVE APRIL 1, 2022

Beginning April 1, 2022, an operator that is not in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area must complete this section.

🖾 Operator certifies that it is not required to complete this section because Operator is in compliance with its statewide natural gas capture requirement for the applicable reporting area.

Well		API	Anticipated Average	Anticipated Volume of Natural			
			Natural Gas Rate MCF/D				
X. Natural Gas Gathering System (NGGS):							
Operator	System	ULSTR of Tie-in	Anticipated Gathering Start Date	Available Maximum Daily Capacity of System Segment Tie-in			
	1	1	1				

XI. Map. \square Attach an accurate and legible map depicting the location of the well(s), the anticipated pipeline route(s) connecting the production operations to the existing or planned interconnect of the natural gas gathering system(s), and the maximum daily capacity of the segment or portion of the natural gas gathering system(s) to which the well(s) will be connected.

XII. Line Capacity. The natural gas gathering system	will 🗆 will not have c	capacity to gather 100% of	f the anticipated natural gas
production volume from the well prior to the date of first p	production.		

XIII. Line Pressure. Operator \square does \square does not anticipate that its existing well(s) connected to the same segment, or portion, of the natural gas gathering system(s) described above will continue to meet anticipated increases in line pressure caused by the new well(s).

A 441-	0	1 4			:	4 41.	. :	line pressure
Attacii	Operator	S Dian u) manage	broduction	III Tespons	e to m	e micreaseu	illie bressure

XIV. Confidentiality:

Operator asserts confidentiality pursuant to Section 71-2-8 NMSA 1978 for the information provided in Section 2 as provided in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and attaches a full description of the specific information for which confidentiality is asserted and the basis for such assertion.

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Section 3 - Certifications <u>Effective May</u> 25, 2021

Operator certifies that, after reasonable inquiry and based on the available information at the time of submittal: 🖾 Operator will be able to connect the well(s) to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system; or ☐ Operator will not be able to connect to a natural gas gathering system in the general area with sufficient capacity to transport one hundred percent of the anticipated volume of natural gas produced from the well(s) commencing on the date of first production, taking into account the current and anticipated volumes of produced natural gas from other wells connected to the pipeline gathering system. If Operator checks this box, Operator will select one of the following: Well Shut-In. ☐ Operator will shut-in and not produce the well until it submits the certification required by Paragraph (4) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or Venting and Flaring Plan.

Operator has attached a venting and flaring plan that evaluates and selects one or more of the potential alternative beneficial uses for the natural gas until a natural gas gathering system is available, including: power generation on lease; (a) (b) power generation for grid; compression on lease; (c) liquids removal on lease; (d) reinjection for underground storage;

- (e)
- reinjection for temporary storage; **(f)**
- reinjection for enhanced oil recovery; **(g)**
- fuel cell production; and (h)
- other alternative beneficial uses approved by the division.

Section 4 - Notices

- 1. If, at any time after Operator submits this Natural Gas Management Plan and before the well is spud:
- Operator becomes aware that the natural gas gathering system it planned to connect the well(s) to has become unavailable or will not have capacity to transport one hundred percent of the production from the well(s), no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised venting and flaring plan containing the information specified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC; or
- Operator becomes aware that it has, cumulatively for the year, become out of compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement, no later than 20 days after becoming aware of such information, Operator shall submit for OCD's approval a new or revised Natural Gas Management Plan for each well it plans to spud during the next 90 days containing the information specified in Paragraph (2) of Subsection D of 19.15.27.9 NMAC, and shall file an update for each Natural Gas Management Plan until Operator is back in compliance with its baseline natural gas capture rate or natural gas capture requirement.
- 2. OCD may deny or conditionally approve an APD if Operator does not make a certification, fails to submit an adequate venting and flaring plan which includes alternative beneficial uses for the anticipated volume of natural gas produced, or if OCD determines that Operator will not have adequate natural gas takeaway capacity at the time a well will be spud.

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I certify that, after reasonable inquiry, the statements in and attached to this Natural Gas Management Plan are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that a false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.

Signature:	Bradley Bishop
Printed Name:	BRADLEY BISHOP
Title:	REGULATORY MANAGER
E-mail Address	BBISHOP@MEWBOURNE.COM
Date:	5/2/22
Phone:	575-393-5905
	OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
	(Only applicable when submitted as a standalone form)
Approved By:	
Title:	
Approval Date:	
Conditions of A	pproval:

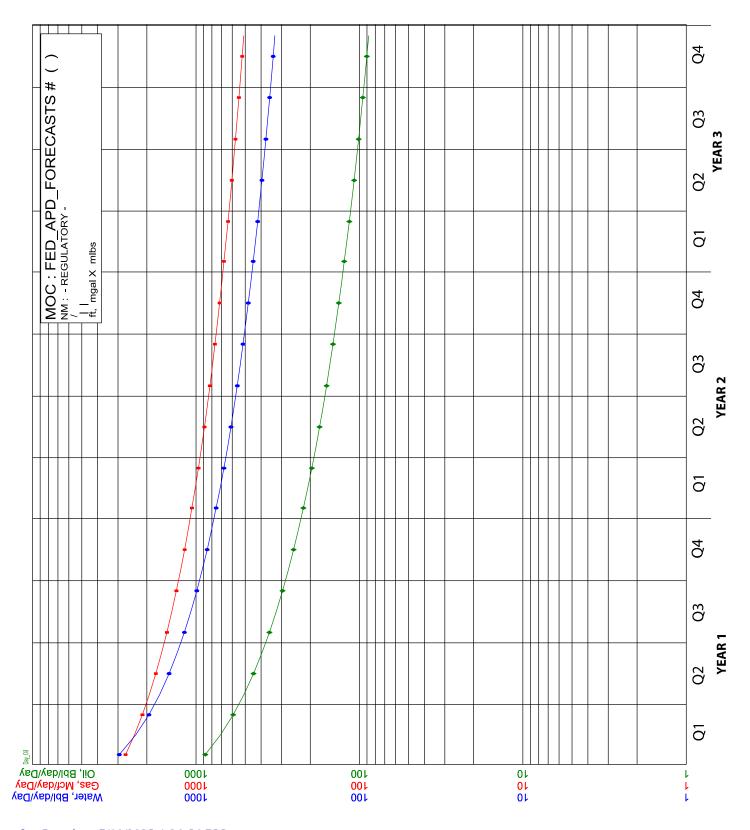
Mewbourne Oil Company

Natural Gas Management Plan – Attachment

- VI. Separation equipment will be sized by construction engineering staff based on stated manufacturer daily throughput capacities and anticipated daily production rates to ensure adequate capacity. Closed vent system piping, compression needs, and VRUs will be sized utilizing ProMax modelling software to ensure adequate capacity for anticipated production volumes and conditions.
- VII. Mewbourne Oil Company (MOC) will take following actions to comply with the regulations listed in 19.15.27.8:
 - A. MOC will maximize the recovery of natural gas by minimizing the waste, as defined by 19.15.2 NMAC, of natural gas through venting and flaring. MOC will ensure that well(s) will be connected to a natural gas gathering system with sufficient capacity to transport natural gas. If there is no adequate takeaway for the gas, well(s) will be shut in until the natural gas gathering system is available.
 - B. All drilling operations will be equipped with a rig flare located at least 100 ft from the nearest surface hole. Rig flare will be utilized to combust any natural gas that is brought to surface during normal drilling operations. In the case of emergency venting or flaring the volumes will be estimated and reported appropriately.
 - C. During completion operations any natural gas brought to surface will be flared. Immediately following the finish of completion operations, all well flow will be directed to permanent separation equipment. Produced natural gas from separation equipment will be sent to sales. It is not anticipated that gas will not meet pipeline standards. However, if natural gas does not meet gathering pipeline quality specifications, MOC will flare the natural gas for 60 days or until the natural gas meets the pipeline quality specifications, whichever is sooner. MOC will ensure that the flare is sized properly and is equipped with automatic igniter or continuous pilot. The gas sample will analyzed twice per week and the gas will be routed into a gathering system as soon as pipeline specifications are met.
 - D. Natural gas will not be flared with the exceptions and provisions listed in the 19.15.27.8 D.(1) through (4). If there is no adequate takeaway for the separator gas, well(s) will be shut in until the natural gas gathering system is available with exception of emergency or malfunction situations. Venting and/or flaring volumes will be estimated and reported appropriately.
 - E. MOC will comply with the performance standards requirements and provisions listed in 19.15.27.8 E.(1) through (8). All equipment will be designed and sized to handle maximum anticipated pressures and throughputs in order to minimize the waste. Production storage tanks constructed after May 25, 2021 will be equipped with automatic gauging system. Flares constructed after May 25, 2021 will be equipped with automatic igniter or continuous pilot. Flares will be located at least 100' from the well and storage tanks unless otherwise approved by the division. MOC will conduct AVO inspections as described in 19.15.27.8 E (5) (a) with frequencies specified in 19.15.27.8 E (5) (b) and (c). All emergencies will be resolved as quickly and safely as feasible to minimize waste.
 - F. The volume of natural gas that is vented or flared as the result of malfunction or emergency during drilling and completions operations will be estimated. The volume of natural gas that is vented, flared or beneficially used during production operations, will be measured or estimated. MOC will install equipment to measure

the volume of natural gas flared from existing process piping or a flowline piped from equipment such as high pressure separators, heater treaters, or vapor recovery units associated with a well or facility associated with a well authorized by an APD issued after May 25, 2021 that has an average daily production greater than 60 Mcf/day. If metering is not practicable due to circumstances such as low flow rate or low pressure venting and flaring, MOC will estimate the volume of vented or flared natural gas. Measuring equipment will conform to industry standards and will not be designed or equipped with a manifold that allows the diversion of natural gas around the metering element except for the sole purpose of inspecting and servicing the measurement equipment.

VIII. For maintenance activities involving production equipment and compression, venting will be limited to the depressurization of the subject equipment to ensure safe working conditions. For maintenance of production and compression equipment the associated producing wells will be shut in to eliminate venting. For maintenance of VRUs all gas normally routed to the VRU will be routed to flare to eliminate venting.





U.S. Department of the Interior BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

Drilling Plan Data Report

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

Well Type: CONVENTIONAL GAS WELL Well Work Type: Drill

Highlighted data reflects the most recent changes

Show Final Text

Section 1 - Geologic Formations

Formation ID	Formation Name	Elevation	True Vertical	Measured Depth	Lithologies	Mineral Resources	Producing Formatio
15724160	UNKNOWN	3225	27	27	OTHER : Topsoil	NONE	N
15724164	TOP SALT	2650	575	575	SALT	NONE	N
15724161	BOTTOM SALT	1583	1642	1642	SALT	NONE	N
15724165	LAMAR	1355	1870	1870	DOLOMITE, LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724166	BELL CANYON	1275	1950	1950	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724167	CHERRY CANYON	605	2620	2620	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724168	MANZANITA	466	2759	2759	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724169	BRUSHY CANYON	-1709	4934	4934	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724159	BONE SPRING	-2078	5303	5303	LIMESTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724162	BONE SPRING 1ST	-3106	6331	6331	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724163	BONE SPRING 2ND	-3571	6796	6796	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724170	BONE SPRING 3RD	-5176	8401	8401	SANDSTONE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	N
15724171	WOLFCAMP	-5518	8743	8743	LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE	NATURAL GAS, OIL	Y

Section 2 - Blowout Prevention

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

Pressure Rating (PSI): 5M Rating Depth: 16392

Equipment: Annular, Pipe Rams, Blind Rams, Other accessories to the BOP equipment will include a Kelly cock and floor safety valve (inside BOP) and choke lines and choke manifold. See attached schematics.

Requesting Variance? YES

Variance request: A variance is requested for the use of a variable choke line from the BOP to the choke manifold. See attached for hydrostatic test chart. Anchors are not required by manufacturer. Variance is requested to use a multi bowl wellhead. Variance is requested to perform break testing according to attached procedure. If a breaktesting variance is approved & incorporated, API Standard 53 will be incorporated and testing annular BOP to 70% of RWP or 100% of MASP, whichever is greater, will be performed.

Testing Procedure: BOP/BOPE will be tested by an independent service company to 250 psi low and the high pressure indicated above per 43 CFR Part 3172 requirements. The System may be upgraded to a higher pressure but still tested to the working pressure listed in the table above. If the system is upgraded all the components installed will be functional and tested. Pipe rams will be operationally checked each 24 hour period. Blind rams will be operationally checked on each trip out of the hole. These checks will be noted on the daily tour sheets.

Choke Diagram Attachment:

5M BOPE Choke Diagram 20240617102335.pdf

Flex_Line_Specs_API_16C_20241121084309.pdf

Multi_Bowl_WH_20241121084310.pdf

BOP Diagram Attachment:

5M_BOPE_Schematic_20240617102420.pdf

MOC Break Testing Variance 20240617102554.pdf

MOC_Offline_Cementing_Variance_20240617102557.pdf

Section 3 - Casing

Casing ID	String Type	Hole Size	Csg Size	Condition	Standard	Tapered String	Top Set MD	Bottom Set MD	Top Set TVD	Bottom Set TVD	Top Set MSL	Bottom Set MSL	Calculated casing length MD	Grade	Weight	Joint Type	Collapse SF	Burst SF	Joint SF Type	Joint SF	Body SF Type	Body SF
1	SURFACE	17.5	13.375	NEW	API	N	0	500	0	500	3222	2722	500	H-40	48	ST&C	3.44	7.74	DRY	13.4 2	DRY	22.5 4
2	INTERMED IATE	12 . 2 5	9.625	NEW	API	N	0	1795	0	1795	3208	1427	1795	J-55	36	LT&C	2.13	3.7	DRY	7.01	DRY	8.73
3	PRODUCTI ON	8.75	7.0	NEW	API	N	0	8439	0	8388	3208	-5166	8439	P- 110	26	LT&C	1.49	2.38	DRY	3.16	DRY	3.78
4	LINER	6.12 5	4.5	NEW	API	N	8239	16392	8033	8735	-4811	-5513	8153	P- 110	13.5	LT&C	1.93	2.25	DRY	3.07	DRY	3.83

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

Casing	Attach	ments
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Casing ID: 1

String

SURFACE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Iceman_24_23_Fed_Com_716H_CsgAssumptions_20241121091633.pdf

Casing ID: 2

String

INTERMEDIATE

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Iceman_24_23_Fed_Com_716H_CsgAssumptions_20241121091711.pdf

Casing ID: 3

٩,

String

PRODUCTION

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Iceman_24_23_Fed_Com_716H_CsgAssumptions_20241121091800.pdf

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

Casing Attachments

Casing ID: 4

String

LINER

Inspection Document:

Spec Document:

Tapered String Spec:

Casing Design Assumptions and Worksheet(s):

Iceman_24_23_Fed_Com_716H_CsgAssumptions_20241121091855.pdf

Section 4 - Cement

String Type	Lead/Tail	Stage Tool Depth	Top MD	Bottom MD	Quantity(sx)	Yield	Density	Cu Ft	Excess%	Cement type	Additives
SURFACE	Lead		0	313	210	2.12	12.5	450	100	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
SURFACE	Tail	0	313	500	200	1.34	14.8	268	100	Class C	Retarder
INTERMEDIATE	Lead		0	1125	210	2.12	12.5	450	25	Class C	Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
INTERMEDIATE	Tail		1125	1795	200	1.34	14.8	268	25	Class C	Retarder
PRODUCTION	Lead	2725	1595	2104	50	2.12	12.5	110	25	Class C	Gel, Retarder, Defoamer, Extender
PRODUCTION	Tail		2104	2725	100	1.34	14.8	134	25	Class C	Retarder FLUID LOSS DEFOAMER
PRODUCTION	Lead	2725	2725	5969	280	2.12	12.5	600	25	Class C	Gel, Retarder, Defoamer, Extender
PRODUCTION	Tail		5969	8439	400	1.18	15.6	472	25	Class H	Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
LINER	Lead		8239	1639 2	520	1.85	13.5	970	25	Class H	Salt, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Defoamer, Anti-Settling Agent

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

Section 5 - Circulating Medium

Mud System Type: Closed

Will an air or gas system be Used? NO

Description of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with 43 CFR 3172:

Diagram of the equipment for the circulating system in accordance with 43 CFR 3172:

Describe what will be on location to control well or mitigate other conditions: Formation integrity test will be performed per 43 CFR Part 3172. On Exploratory wells or on that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR Part 3172.

Describe the mud monitoring system utilized: Pason/PVT/Visual Monitoring

Circulating Medium Table

Top Depth	Bottom Depth	Mud Type	Min Weight (lbs/gal)	Max Weight (lbs/gal)	Density (lbs/cu ft)	Gel Strength (lbs/100 sqft)	ЬН	Viscosity (CP)	Salinity (ppm)	Filtration (cc)	Additional Characteristics
0	500	SPUD MUD	8.4	8.6		9					
500	1795	SALT SATURATED	10	10.2							
1795	8439	WATER-BASED MUD	8.6	9.7							
9439	1639 2	OIL-BASED MUD	10	12							

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

Section 6 - Test, Logging, Coring

List of production tests including testing procedures, equipment and safety measures:

No logs are planned based on well control or offset log information. Offset Well:

List of open and cased hole logs run in the well:

COMPENSATED NEUTRON LOG,GAMMA RAY LOG,MEASUREMENT WHILE DRILLING,MUD LOG/GEOLOGIC LITHOLOGY LOG.

Coring operation description for the well:

None

Section 7 - Pressure

Anticipated Bottom Hole Pressure: 5520 Anticipated Surface Pressure: 3581

Anticipated Bottom Hole Temperature(F): 165

Anticipated abnormal pressures, temperatures, or potential geologic hazards? NO

Describe:

Contingency Plans geoharzards description:

Contingency Plans geohazards

Hydrogen Sulfide drilling operations plan required? YES

Hydrogen sulfide drilling operations

H2S_Plan_20240617093220.pdf

Section 8 - Other Information

Proposed horizontal/directional/multi-lateral plan submission:

ICEMAN_24_23_FED_COM__716H_dir_plan_20240617103235.pdf ICEMAN_24_23_FED_COM__716H_dir_plot_20240617103240.pdf

Other proposed operations facets description:

: Variance is requested to perform offline cementing according to the attached procedure. R-111Q: Mewbourne is requested to perform Open Hole Cementing per R-111Q Guidelines if well is in Potash.

Other proposed operations facets attachment:

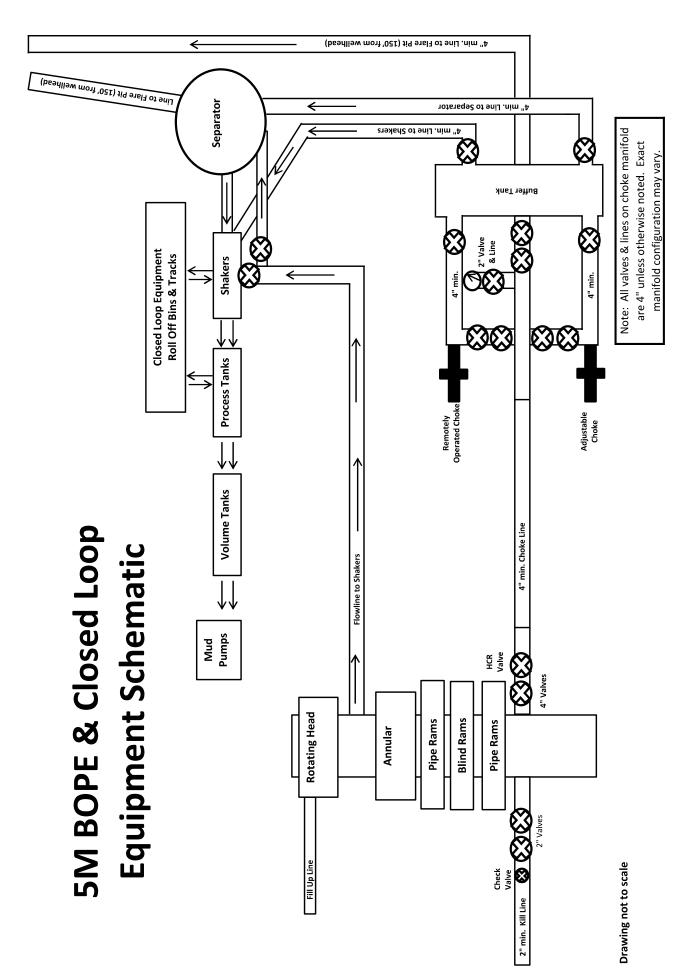
Iceman_24_23_Fed_Com_716H_AddInfo_20240617103256.pdf Iceman_24_23_Fed_Com_716H_Drlg_Program_20241121092118.pdf ICEMAN_24_23_FED_COM__716H_NGMP_1_20241122074804.pdf

Other Variance request(s)?:

Other Variance attachment:

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

MOC_Break_Testing_Variance_20240617100912.pdf
MOC_Offline_Cementing_Variance_20240617100917.pdf





LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD

HYDROSTATIC TESTING REPORT

LTYY/QR-5.7.1-28

№: 230826015

Product Name							
	Cho	ke And Kill Hose		Standard	AP	PI Spec 16C 3 rd edition	
Product Specification	3″×1000	0psi×60ft (18.29m)		Serial Numb	er	7660144	
Inspection Equipment	MTU	J-BS-1600-3200-E		Test mediu	m	Water	
Inspection Department	C	C. Department	I	nspection D	ate	2023.08.26	
		Rate of leng	gth change		'		
Standard requirements At working pressure, the rate of length change should not more than $\pm 2\%$						%	
Testing result	10000psi (69.0	MPa) ,Rate of length	change 0.7%	6			
		Hydrostatio	c testing				
Standard requirements At 1.5 times working pressure, the initial pressure-holding period of not less than three m the second pressure-holding period of not less than one hour, no leaks.							
Testing result	15000psi (103	.5MPa), 3 min for the	first time, 60	min for the	e second time	e, no leakage	
raph of pressure testing	:					444 - 1170 - 1	
100-]			100	/			
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		CE STATE	50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 - 50 -				
10 21.4621 21.4221 21.4621 21.4621 21.4621	HS6H HS2H HS6H HS6H HS	821 2250221 2250221 225621 225621 2251	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5	23458 23559	. 1014.000000	40 1/05/0000 Min-Succes 1 to	
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	HS6H HS2H HS6H HS6H HS	1628	50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 5		. 1014.000000	56 002958 00:1958 0	



LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD

CERTIFICATE OF QUALITY

LTYY/QR-5.7.1-19B

№: LT2023-126-002

Customer Name	Austin Hose								
Product Name	Choke And Kill Hose								
Product Specification	3"×10000psi×60ft (18.29m)	Quantity	2PCS						
Serial Number	7660143~7660144	FSL	FSL3						
Temperature Range	-29°C∼+121°C	Standard	API Spec 16C 3 rd edition						
Inspection Department	Q.C. Department	Inspection date	2023.08.26						

	Inspection	n Items		Inspection results					
	Appearance Cl	hecking	3	In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition					
	Size and Lei	ngths		In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition					
D	imensions and	Toleran	ices		In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition				
End Connections: 4-1	/16"×10000psi Int	tegral fla	inge for sour gas ser	vice	In accordance with API Spec 6A 21st edition				
End Connections: 4-1	/16"×10000psi Int	tegral fla	inge for sour gas ser	vice	In accordance with API Spec 17D 3 rd edition				
	Hydrostatic T	Γesting			In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition				
	product Mai	rking			In accordance with API Spec 16C 3 rd edition				
Inspection con	clusion	,	The inspected ite	ms me	eet standard requirer	ments of API Spec	16C 3 rd edition		
Remark	Remarks								
Approver	Approver Jian long Chan Auditor					Inspector	Zhansheng Wang		



LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

№:LT230826016

Product Name: Choke And Kill Hose

Product Specification: 3"×10000psi×60ft (18.29m)

Serial Number: 7660143~7660144

End Connections: 4-1/16"×10000psi Integral flange for sour gas service

The Choke And Kill Hose assembly was produced by LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD. in Aug 2023, and inspected by LUOHE LETONE HYDRAULICS TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD. according to API Spec 16C 3rd edition on Aug 26, 2023. The overall condition is good. This is to certify that the Choke And Kill Hose complies with all current standards and specifications for API Spec 16C 3rd edition.

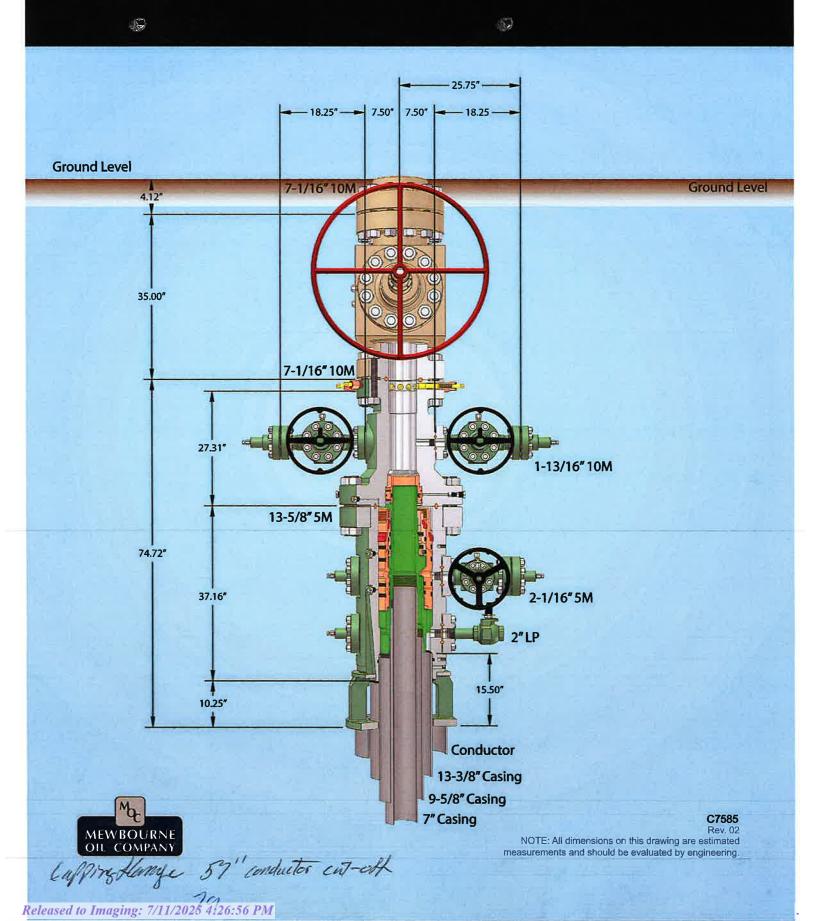
Jian long Chen

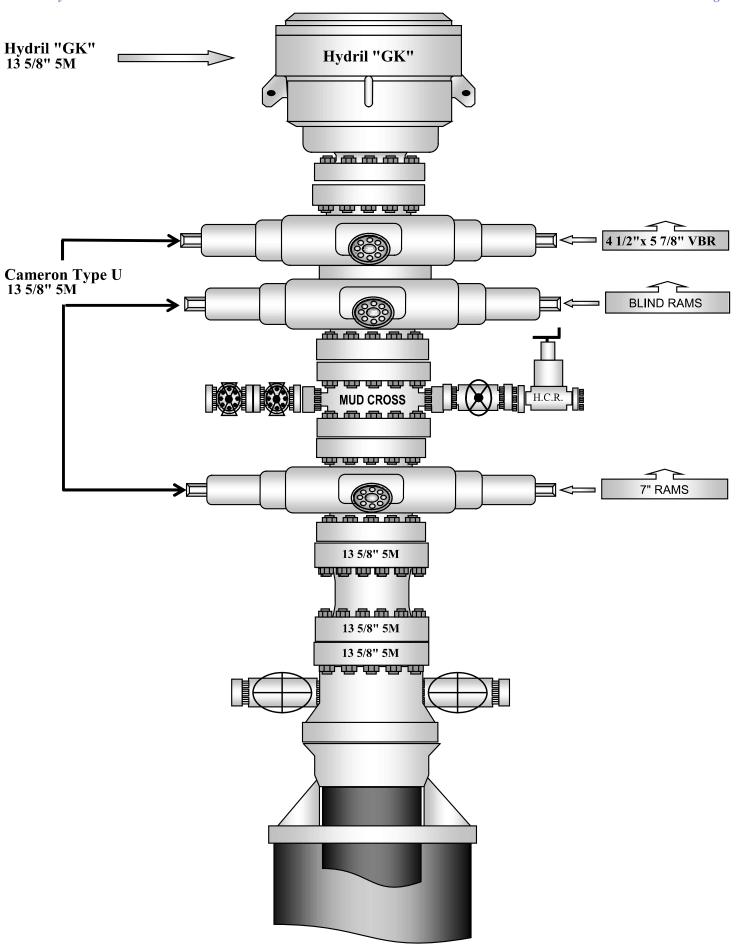
QC Manager:

Date: Aug 26, 2023



13-5/8" MN-DS Wellhead System







Mewbourne Oil Co.

BOP Break Testing Variance

Mewbourne Oil Company requests a variance from the minimum standards for well control equipment testing of 43 CFR 3172 to allow a testing schedule of the blow out preventer (BOP) and blow out prevention equipment (BOPE) along with batch drilling & offline cementing operations. Modern rig upgrades which facilitate pad drilling allow the BOP stack to be moved between wells on a multi-well pad without breaking any BOP stack components apart. Widespread use of these technologies has led to break testing BOPE being endorsed as safe and reliable. American Petroleum Institute (API) best practices are frequently used by regulators to develop their regulations. API Standard 53, *Well Control Equipment Systems for Drilling Wells* (5th Ed., Dec. 2018) Section 5.3.7.1 states "A pressure test of the pressure containing component shall be performed following the disconnection or repair, limited to the affected component."

Procedures

- 1. Full BOPE test at first installation on the pad.
 - Full BOPE test at least every 21 days.
 - Function test BOP elements per 43 CFR 3172.
 - Contact the BLM if a well control event occurs.
- 2. After the well section is secured and the well is confirmed to be static, the BOP will be disconnected from the wellhead and walked with the rig to another well on the pad. Two breaks on the BOPE will be made (Fig. 1).
 - Connection between the flex line and the HCR valve
 - Connection between the wellhead and the BOP quick connect (Fig. 5 & 6).
- 3. A capping flange will be installed after cementing per wellhead vendor procedure & casing pressure will be monitored via wellhead valve.
- 4. The BOP will be removed and carried by a hydraulic carrier (Fig. 3 & 4).
- 5. The rig will then walk to the next well.
- 6. Confirm that the well is static and remove the capping flange.
- 7. The connection between the flex line and HCR valve and the connection between the wellhead and the BOP guick connect will be reconnected.
- 8. Install a test plug into the wellhead.
- 9. A test will then be conducted against the upper pipe rams and choke, testing both breaks (Fig. 1 & 2).
- 10. The test will be held at 250 psi low and to the high value submitted in the APD, not to exceed 5000 psi.
- 11. The annular, blind rams and lower pipe rams will then be function tested.
- 12. If a pad consists of three or more wells, steps 4 through 11 will be repeated.



13. A break test will only be conducted if the intermediate section can be drilled and cased within 21 days of the last full BOPE test.

Barriers

Before Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff

After Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff
- Offline cementing tool and/or cement head
- Capping flange after cementing

Summary

A variance is requested to only test broken pressure seals on the BOPE when moving between wells on a multi-well pad if the following conditions are met:

- A full BOPE test is conducted on the first well on the pad. API Standard 53 requires testing annular BOP to 70% of RWP or 100% of MASP, whichever is greater.
- If the first well on the pad is not the well with the deepest intermediate section, a full BOPE test will also be performed when moving to a deeper well.
- The hole section being drilled has a MASP under 5000 psi.
- If a well control event occurs, Mewbourne will contact BLM for permission to continue break testing.
- If significant (>50%) losses occur, full BOPE testing will be required going forward.
- Full BOPE test will be required prior to drilling the production hole.

While walking the rig, the BOP stack will be secured via hydraulic winch or hydraulic carrier. A full BOPE test will be performed at least every 21 days.



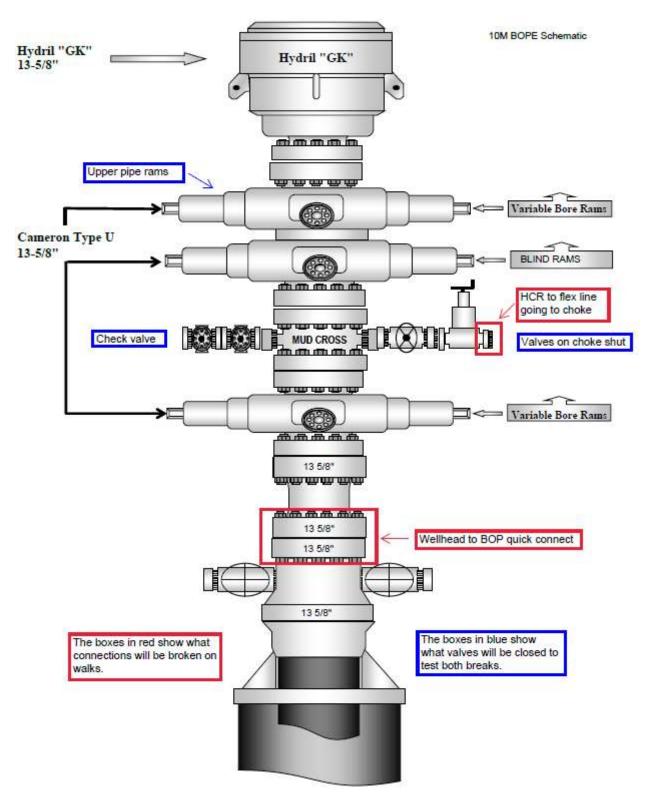


Figure 1. BOP diagram



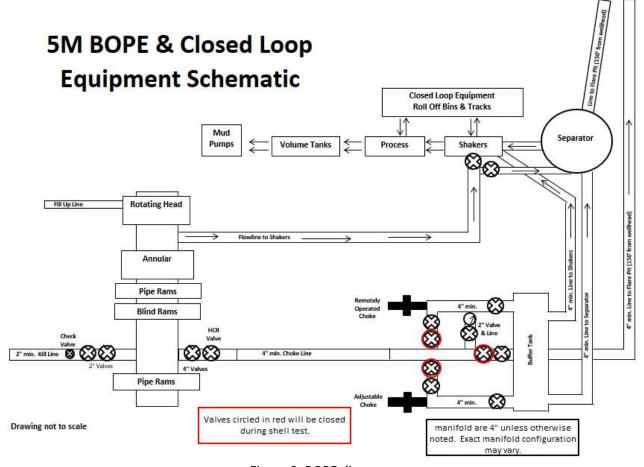


Figure 2. BOPE diagram





Figure 3. BOP handling system





Figure 4. BOP handling system



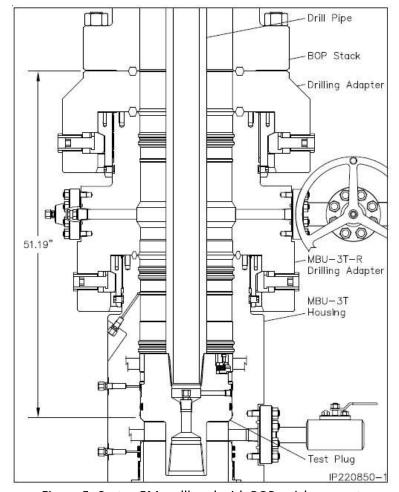


Figure 5. Cactus 5M wellhead with BOP quick connect

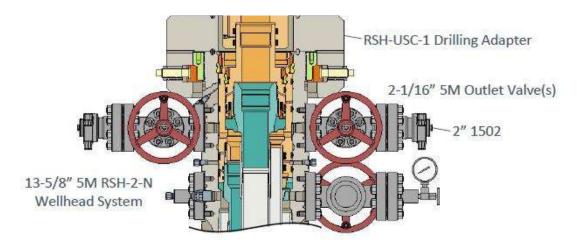


Figure 6. Vault 5M wellhead with BOP quick connect



Mewbourne Oil Co.

Surface & Intermediate Offline Cementing Variance

Mewbourne Oil Company requests a variance to perform offline cementing for surface and intermediate casing strings with the following conditions:

- Offline cementing will not be performed on production casing.
- Offline cementing will not be performed on a hole section with MASP > 5000 psi.
- Offline cementing will not be performed concurrently with offset drilling.

Surface Casing Order of Operations:

- 1. Run 13 3/8" surface casing as per normal operations (TPGS and float collar).
- 2. Perform negative pressure test to confirm integrity of float equipment while running casing.
- 3. Confirm well is static.
- 4. Make up 13 %" wellhead or wellhead landing ring assembly and land on 20" conductor.
- 5. Fill pipe, circulate casing capacity and confirm float(s) are still holding.
- 6. Confirm well is static.
- 7. Back out landing joint and pull to rig floor. Lay down landing joint.
- 8. Walk rig to next well on pad with cement crew standing by to rig up.
- 9. Make up offline cement tool with forklift per wellhead manufacturer (Fig. 1 & 2).
- 10. Make up cement head on top of offline cement tool with forklift.
- 11. Commence cement operations.
- 12. If cement circulates, confirm well is static and proceed to step 16.
- 13. If cement does not circulate, notify the appropriate BLM office, wait a minimum of six hours, and run a temperature survey to determine the top of cement.
- 14. Use 1" pipe for remedial cement job until the surface casing is cemented to surface.
- 15. Confirm well is static.
- 16. Once cement job is complete, the cement head and offline cementing tool are removed. The wellhead technician returns to cellar to install wellhead/valves.
- 17. Install wellhead capping flange.

Barriers

Before Walk:

- Float(s) in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus



After Walk:

- Float(s) in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Offline cementing tool tested to 5000 psi and cement head
- Capping flange after cementing

20" Surface Casing Order of Operations (4 string area):

- 1. Run 20" surface casing as per normal operations (TPGS and float collar).
- 2. Perform negative pressure test to confirm integrity of float equipment while running casing.
- 3. Fill pipe, circulate casing capacity and confirm float(s) are still holding.
- 4. Confirm well is static.
- 5. Back out landing joint and pull to rig floor. Lay down landing joint.
- 6. Make up cement head.
- 7. Walk rig to next well on pad with cement crew standing by to rig up.
- 8. Commence cement operations.
- 9. If cement circulates, confirm well is static and proceed to step 13.
- 10. If cement does not circulate, notify the appropriate BLM office, wait a minimum of six hours, and run a temperature survey to determine the top of cement.
- 11. Use 1" pipe for remedial cement job until the surface casing is cemented to surface.
- 12. Confirm well is static.
- 13. Once cement job is complete, remove cement head and install cap.

Barriers

Before Walk:

- Float(s) in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Cement Head

After Walk:

- Float(s) in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Cement head
- Capping flange after cementing



Intermediate Casing Order of Operations:

- 1. Run casing as per normal operations (float shoe and float collar).
- 2. Perform negative pressure test to confirm integrity of float equipment while running casing.
- 3. Confirm well is static (if running SBM).
- 4. Land casing.
- 5. Fill pipe, circulate casing capacity and confirm floats are still holding.
- 6. Confirm well is static.
- 7. Back out landing joint and pull to rig floor. Lay down landing joint. Install packoff & test.
- 8. Nipple down BOP.
- 9. Walk rig to next well on pad with cement crew standing by to rig up.
- 10. Make up offline cement tool using forklift per wellhead manufacturer (Fig. 3 8).
- 11. Make up cement head on top of offline cement tool.
- 12. Commence cement operations.
- 13. If cement circulates, confirm well is static and proceed to step 16.
- 14. If cement does not circulate (when required), notify the appropriate BLM office, wait a minimum of six hours, and run a temperature survey to determine the top of cement.
- 15. Pump remedial cement job if required.
- 16. Confirm well is static.
- 17. Remove cement head and offline cementing tool.
- 18. Install wellhead capping flange and test.

Barriers

Before Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff

After Nipple Down:

- Floats in casing
- Kill weight fluid in casing
- Kill weight fluid in annulus
- Solid body mandrel and/or packoff
- Offline cementing tool tested to 5000 psi and cement head
- Capping flange after cementing



Risks:

- Pressure build up in annulus before cementing
 - Contact BLM if a well control event occurs.
 - o Rig up 3rd party pump or rig pumps to pump down casing and kill well.
 - Returns will be taken through the wellhead valves to a choke manifold (Fig 9 & 10).
 - Well could also be killed through the wellhead valves down the annulus.

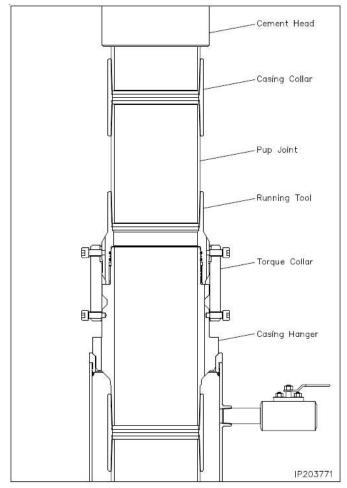


Figure 1. Cactus 13 3/8" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 13 3/8" pup joint and casing.



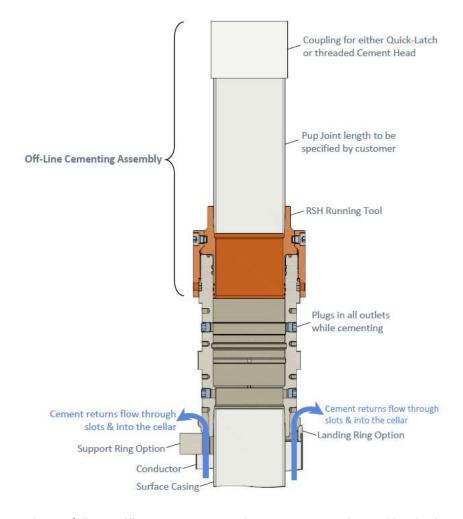


Figure 2. Vault 13 3/8" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 13 3/8" pup joint and casing.



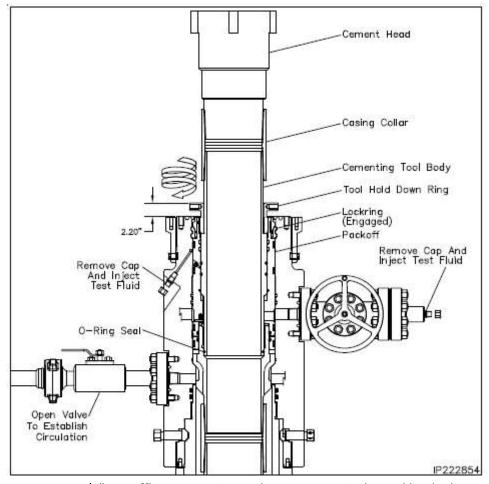


Figure 3. Cactus 9 5/8" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 9 5/8" pup joint and casing.



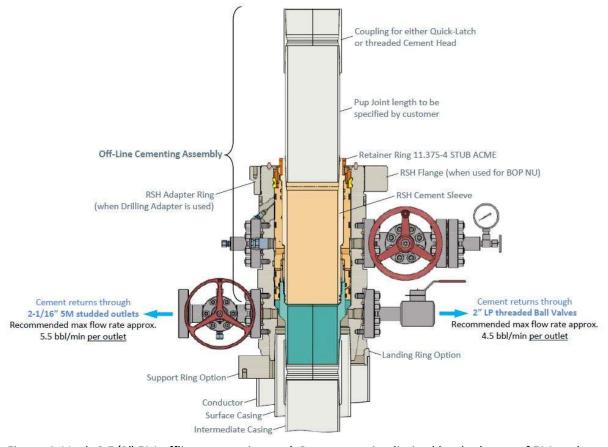


Figure 4. Vault 9 5/8" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 9 5/8" pup joint and casing.



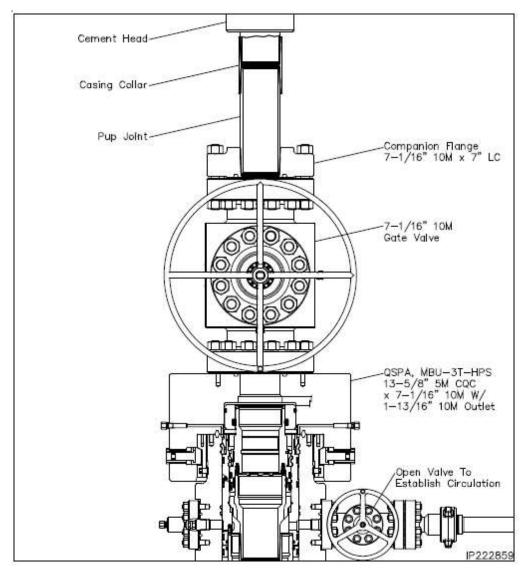


Figure 5. Cactus 7" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 7" pup joint and casing.



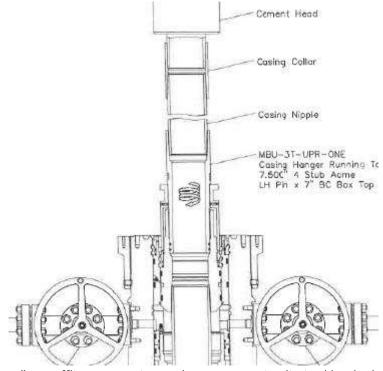


Figure 6. Cactus 7" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 7" pup joint and casing.



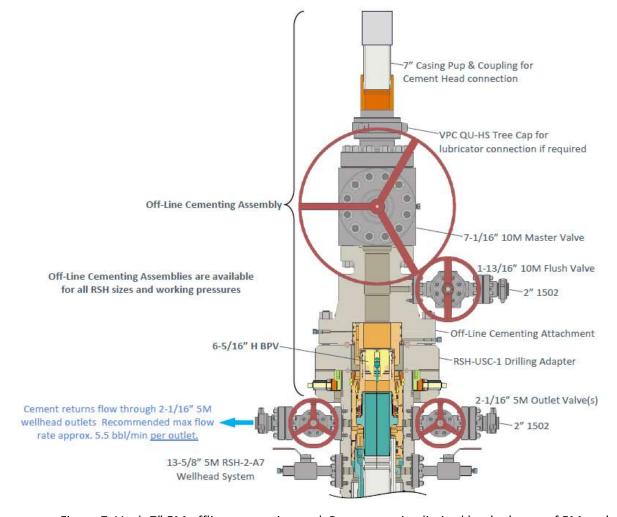


Figure 7. Vault 7" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 7" pup joint and casing.



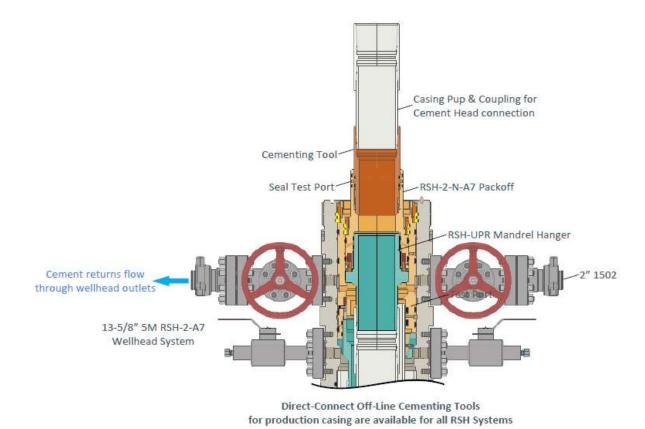


Figure 8. Vault 7" 5M offline cementing tool. Pressure rating limited by the lesser of 5M tool rating or the 7" pup joint and casing.



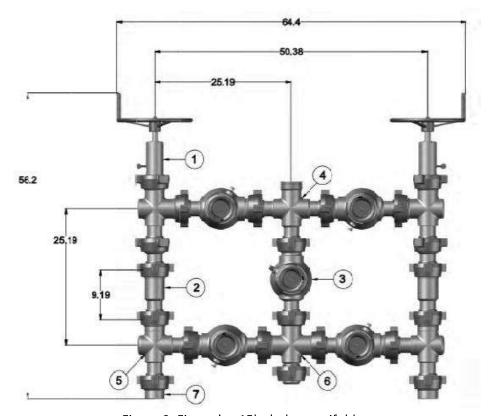


Figure 9. Five valve 15k choke manifold.

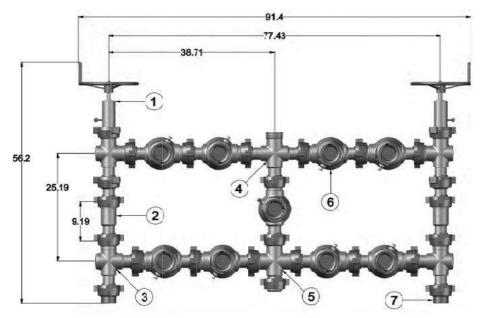


Figure 10. Nine valve 15k choke manifold.

SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 24)

	Casing Program Design A						1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	500'	500'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	3.44	7.74	13.42	22.54
Intermediate	12.25"	0'	0'	1795'	1795'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	2.13	3.70	7.01	8.73
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	8439'	8273'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.49	2.38	3.16	3.78
Liner	6.125"	8239'	8033'	16392'	8735'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.93	2.25	3.07	3.83

Cement Program

Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft ³ /sack	тос/вос	Volume ft ³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13,375 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 313'	450	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
13.375 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	313' - 500'	268	10076	Class C: Retarder
9,625 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 1125'	450	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
9.025 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	1125' - 1795'	268	25%	Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	290	12.5	2.12	2725' - 5969'	620	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
1st Stg / III	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	5969' - 8439'	472	2370	Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
					7" DV	Tool @ 2725'		
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	50	12.5	2.12	1595' - 2104'	110	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
Ziiu Stg / III	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	2104' - 2725'	134	2370	Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	8239' - 16392'	970	25%	Class H. Sait, Gel, Fithid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Deloanier, Anti-

Design A - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 500'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
500' - 1795'	10.0 - 10.2	Brine
1795' - 8439'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
8439' - 16392'	10.0 - 12.	OBM

Geolo

Geology					
Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler			Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	1870'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	575'	None	Bell Canyon	1950'	Oil/Natural Gas
Marker Bed 126			Cherry Canyon	2620'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	1642'	None	Manzanita Marker	2759'	Oil/Natural Gas
Yates			Basal Brushy Canyon	4934'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Bone Spring	5303'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			1st Bone Spring	6331'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			2nd Bone Spring	6796'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			3rd Bone Spring	8401'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			Wolfcamp	8743'	Oil/Natural Gas

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50° above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 24)

	Casing Program Design B						1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	500'	500'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	3.44	7.74	13.42	22.54
Int	12.25"	0'	0'	1795'	1795'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	2.13	3.70	7.01	8.73
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	8439'	8273'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.49	2.38	3.16	3.78
Liner	6.125"	8239'	8033'	16392'	8735'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.93	2.25	3.07	3.83

Design B - Cement Program

Pesign 6 - Centent Frogram									
Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft ³ /sack	TOC/BOC	Volume ft ³	% Excess	Slurry Description	
13,375 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 313'	450	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM	
13.3/5 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	313' - 500'	268	100%	Class C: Retarder	
9.625 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 1125'	450	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM	
9.625 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	1125' - 1795'	268	25%	Class C: Retarder	
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	290	12.5	2.12	2725' - 5969'	620	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer	
1st Stg / III	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	5969' - 8439'	472	2370	Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer	
			-		7" DV	Tool @ 2725'			
2-454-74-	LEAD	50	12.5	2.12	1595' - 2104'	110	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer	
2nd Stg 7 in	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	2104' - 2725'	134	25%	Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer	
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	8239' - 16392'	970	25%	Class H. Sait, Gel, Fittid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Deloanier, Anti-	

Design B - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 500'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
500' - 1795'	10.0 - 10.2	Brine
1795' - 8439'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
8439' - 16392'	10.0 - 12.	OBM

Geology

Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler			Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	1870'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	575'	None	Bell Canyon	1950'	Oil/Natural Gas
Marker Bed 126			Cherry Canyon	2620'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	1642'	None	Manzanita Marker	2759'	Oil/Natural Gas
Yates			Basal Brushy Canyon	4934'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Bone Spring	5303'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			1st Bone Spring	6331'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			2nd Bone Spring	6796'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			3rd Bone Spring	8401'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			Wolfcamp	8743'	Oil/Natural Gas

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach easing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 24)

	Casing Program Design A						1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	500'	500'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	3.44	7.74	13.42	22.54
Intermediate	12.25"	0'	0'	1795'	1795'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	2.13	3.70	7.01	8.73
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	8439'	8273'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.49	2.38	3.16	3.78
Liner	6.125"	8239'	8033'	16392'	8735'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.93	2.25	3.07	3.83

Cement Program

Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft ³ /sack	тос/вос	Volume ft ³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13,375 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 313'	450	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
13.375 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	313' - 500'	268	10076	Class C: Retarder
9,625 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 1125'	450	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
9.025 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	1125' - 1795'	268	25%	Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	290	12.5	2.12	2725' - 5969'	620	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
1st Stg / III	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	5969' - 8439'	472	2370	Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
					7" DV	Tool @ 2725'		
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	50	12.5	2.12	1595' - 2104'	110	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
Ziiu Stg / III	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	2104' - 2725'	134	2370	Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	8239' - 16392'	970	25%	Class H. Sait, Gel, Fithid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Deloanier, Anti-

Design A - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 500'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
500' - 1795'	10.0 - 10.2	Brine
1795' - 8439'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
8439' - 16392'	10.0 - 12.	OBM

Geolo

Geology					
Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler			Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	1870'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	575'	None	Bell Canyon	1950'	Oil/Natural Gas
Marker Bed 126			Cherry Canyon	2620'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	1642'	None	Manzanita Marker	2759'	Oil/Natural Gas
Yates			Basal Brushy Canyon	4934'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Bone Spring	5303'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			1st Bone Spring	6331'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			2nd Bone Spring	6796'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			3rd Bone Spring	8401'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			Wolfcamp	8743'	Oil/Natural Gas

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500° into previous casing?	
L. N. J. P. N. G. 1900.	
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	V
is wen notated in high Cave-Kain? If yes, are there two strings cement to surface?	1 V
If yes, are there two strings cemented to string the string wells if yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs? (For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	1
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Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If we meanted in critical Cave Kassi. If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	13
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SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 24)

Casing Program Design B						BLM Minimum Safety Factors	1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	500'	500'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	3.44	7.74	13.42	22.54
Int	12.25"	0'	0'	1795'	1795'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	2.13	3.70	7.01	8.73
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	8439'	8273'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.49	2.38	3.16	3.78
Liner	6.125"	8239'	8033'	16392'	8735'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.93	2.25	3.07	3.83

Design B - Cement Program

Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft ³ /sack	ТОС/ВОС	Volume ft ³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13,375 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 313'	450	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
13.3/5 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	313' - 500'	268	100%	Class C: Retarder
9.625 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 1125'	450	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
9.625 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	1125' - 1795'	268	4370	Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	290	12.5	2.12	2725' - 5969'	620	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
1st Stg / III	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	5969' - 8439'	472	23%	Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
					7" DV	Tool @ 2725'		
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	50	12.5	2.12	1595' - 2104'	110	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
Ziid Stg / Iii	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	2104' - 2725'	134	2370	Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	8239' - 16392'	970	25%	Class II. Sait, Oci, Fittid Loss, Ketarder, Dispersant, Deroamer, Anti-

Design B - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 500'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
500' - 1795'	10.0 - 10.2	Brine
1795' - 8439'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
8439' - 16392'	10.0 - 12.	OBM

Geolog

Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler			Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	1870'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	575'	None	Bell Canyon	1950'	Oil/Natural Gas
Marker Bed 126			Cherry Canyon	2620'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	1642'	None	Manzanita Marker	2759'	Oil/Natural Gas
Yates			Basal Brushy Canyon	4934'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Bone Spring	5303'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			1st Bone Spring	6331'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			2nd Bone Spring	6796'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			3rd Bone Spring	8401'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			Wolfcamp	8743'	Oil/Natural Gas

casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1 casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet. Noes the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). Noes the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). Noes the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). Note that the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). Note that the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). Note that the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). Note that the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). Note that the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). Note that the above casing design enterial is a minimum of 50' above the easing? Note and in a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing? Note and the above casing design enterial is a minimum of 50' above the Reef? Note and the above casing design enterial is a minimum of 50' above the Reef? Note and the above casing design enterial is a minimum of 50' above the Reef? Note and the above casing design enterial is a minimum of 50' above the Reef? Note and the above casing design enterial is a minimum of 50' above the Reef? Note and the above casing design enterial is a minimum of 50' above the Reef? Note and the above casing design enterial is a minimum		
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oes the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria). If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50° above the Reef? If yes, ago production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50° above the Reef? Is well within the designated 4 string boundary. well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q? If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500° into previous casing? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500° into previous casing? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface? Is 2 rd string set 100° to 600° below the base of salt? an open annulus used to saitsfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design. an engineered weak point used to saitsfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cemented to surface? If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface? well located in high Cave/Karst? If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface? (For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs? well located in critical Cave/Karst?	Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
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If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50° above the Reef? Is well within the designated 4 string boundary. well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q? well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500° into previous casing? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface? Is 2 rd string set 100° to 600° below the base of salt? an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design. an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned? well located in high Cave/Karst? well located in high Cave/Karst? yell located in high Cave/Karst? well located in critical Cave/Karst? well located in critical Cave/Karst?	Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50° above the Reef? Is well within the designated 4 string boundary. well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q? well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500° into previous casing? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface? Is 2 rd string set 100° to 600° below the base of salt? an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design. an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned? well located in high Cave/Karst? well located in high Cave/Karst? yell located in high Cave/Karst? well located in critical Cave/Karst? well located in critical Cave/Karst?		
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well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q? If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing? well located in R-111-Q and SOPA? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface? If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface? If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned? well located in high Cave/Karst? If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface? (For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs? well located in critical Cave/Karst?	If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
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an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design. an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned? well located in high Cave/Karst? If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface? (For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs? well located in critical Cave/Karst?	If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
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well located in high Cave/Karst? If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface? (For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs? well located in critical Cave/Karst?	Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface? (For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs? well located in critical Cave/Karst?	If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface? (For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs? well located in critical Cave/Karst?		
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs? well located in critical Cave/Karst? N	Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
well located in critical Cave/Karst?		Y
	(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
	If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 24)

	Casing Program Design A						1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	500'	500'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	3.44	7.74	13.42	22.54
Intermediate	12.25"	0'	0'	1795'	1795'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	2.13	3.70	7.01	8.73
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	8439'	8273'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.49	2.38	3.16	3.78
Liner	6.125"	8239'	8033'	16392'	8735'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.93	2.25	3.07	3.83

Cement Program

Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft ³ /sack	тос/вос	Volume ft ³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13,375 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 313'	450	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
13.373 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	313' - 500'	268	10076	Class C: Retarder
9,625 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 1125'	450	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
9.025 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	1125' - 1795'	268	4370	Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	290	12.5	2.12	2725' - 5969'	620	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
1st Stg / III	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	5969' - 8439'	472	2370	Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
					7" DV	Tool @ 2725'		
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	50	12.5	2.12	1595' - 2104'	110	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
Ziiu Stg / III	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	2104' - 2725'	134	4370	Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	8239' - 16392'	970	25%	Class H. San, Gel, Fithid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Deroamer, Anti-

Design A - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 500'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
500' - 1795'	10.0 - 10.2	Brine
1795' - 8439'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
8439' - 16392'	10.0 - 12.	OBM

Geology

Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler			Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	1870'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	575'	None	Bell Canyon	1950'	Oil/Natural Gas
Marker Bed 126			Cherry Canyon	2620'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	1642'	None	Manzanita Marker	2759'	Oil/Natural Gas
Yates			Basal Brushy Canyon	4934'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Bone Spring	5303'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			1st Bone Spring	6331'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			2nd Bone Spring	6796'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			3rd Bone Spring	8401'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			Wolfcamp	8743'	Oil/Natural Gas

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500° into previous casing?	
1 H 1 1 D 1 D 1 D 1 D 1 D 1 D 1 D 1 D 1	
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	v
is wern ocaccu in ingir Cave Natis: If yes, are in legit Cave Natis: If yes, are there two strings cement to surface?	Y Y
if yes, are unere two strings centented to surface: (For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	1
(1.0) 2 string weins) it yes, is there a contingency casting it lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If we in recarcular further Cavo Astron. If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	18
re land are more arrest arrest and a course.	

SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 24)

Casing Program Design B						BLM Minimum Safety Factors	1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	500'	500'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	3.44	7.74	13.42	22.54
Int	12.25"	0'	0'	1795'	1795'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	2.13	3.70	7.01	8.73
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	8439'	8273'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.49	2.38	3.16	3.78
Liner	6.125"	8239'	8033'	16392'	8735'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.93	2.25	3.07	3.83

Design B - Cement Program

Design D Cement 110gran								
Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft ³ /sack	TOC/BOC	Volume ft ³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13,375 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 313'	450	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
13.3/5 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	313' - 500'	268	100%	Class C: Retarder
9.625 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 1125'	450	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
9.025 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	1125' - 1795'	268	2370	Class C: Retarder
1-4-64 7-1	LEAD	290	12.5	2.12	2725' - 5969'	620	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
1st Stg 7 in	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	5969' - 8439'	472	2370	Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
		-	-		7" DV	Tool @ 2725'		
2-464-71-	LEAD	50	12.5	2.12	1595' - 2104'	110	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
2nd Stg 7 in	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	2104' - 2725'	134	25%	Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	8239' - 16392'	970	25%	Class H. Sait, Gel, Fluid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Deloanier, Anti-

Design B - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 500'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
500' - 1795'	10.0 - 10.2	Brine
1795' - 8439'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
8439' - 16392'	10.0 - 12.	OBM

Geology

Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler			Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	1870'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	575'	None	Bell Canyon	1950'	Oil/Natural Gas
Marker Bed 126			Cherry Canyon	2620'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	1642'	None	Manzanita Marker	2759'	Oil/Natural Gas
Yates			Basal Brushy Canyon	4934'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Bone Spring	5303'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			1st Bone Spring	6331'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			2nd Bone Spring	6796'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			3rd Bone Spring	8401'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			Wolfcamp	8743'	Oil/Natural Gas

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 24)

Casing Program Design A						BLM Minimum Safety Factors	1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	500'	500'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	3.44	7.74	13.42	22.54
Intermediate	12.25"	0'	0'	1795'	1795'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	2.13	3.70	7.01	8.73
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	8439'	8273'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.49	2.38	3.16	3.78
Liner	6.125"	8239'	8033'	16392'	8735'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.93	2.25	3.07	3.83

Cement Program

Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft ³ /sack	тос/вос	Volume ft ³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13,375 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 313'	450	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
15.375 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	313' - 500'	268	10076	Class C: Retarder
9.625 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 1125'	450	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
9.025 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	1125' - 1795'	268	2376	Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	290	12.5	2.12	2725' - 5969'	620	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
1st Stg / III	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	5969' - 8439'	472	2370	Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
					7" DV	Tool @ 2725'		
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	50	12.5	2.12	1595' - 2104'	110	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
Ziiu Stg / III	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	2104' - 2725'	134	4370	Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	8239' - 16392'	970	25%	Class H. Sait, Gel, Fithid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Deloanier, Anti-

Design A - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 500'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
500' - 1795'	10.0 - 10.2	Brine
1795' - 8439'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
8439' - 16392'	10.0 - 12.	OBM

Geology

Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler			Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	1870'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	575'	None	Bell Canyon	1950'	Oil/Natural Gas
Marker Bed 126			Cherry Canyon	2620'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	1642'	None	Manzanita Marker	2759'	Oil/Natural Gas
Yates			Basal Brushy Canyon	4934'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Bone Spring	5303'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			1st Bone Spring	6331'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			2nd Bone Spring	6796'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			3rd Bone Spring	8401'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			Wolfcamp	8743'	Oil/Natural Gas

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Mewbourne Oil Company, Iceman 24/23 Fed Com 716H Sec 24, T23S, R26E

SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 24)

Casing Program Design B						BLM Minimum Safety Factors	1.125	1.0	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet	1.6 Dry 1.8 Wet
String	Hole Size	Top MD	Top TVD	Bot MD	Bot TVD	Csg. Size	SF Collapse	SF Burst	SF Jt Tension	SF Body Tension
Surface	17.5"	0'	0'	500'	500'	13.375" 48# H40 STC	3.44	7.74	13.42	22.54
Int	12.25"	0'	0'	1795'	1795'	9.625" 36# J55 LTC	2.13	3.70	7.01	8.73
Production	8.75"	0'	0'	8439'	8273'	7" 26# P110 LTC	1.49	2.38	3.16	3.78
Liner	6.125"	8239'	8033'	16392'	8735'	4.5" 13.5# P110 LTC	1.93	2.25	3.07	3.83

Design b - Cement Frogram	4							
Casing		# Sacks	Wt. lb/gal	Yield ft ³ /sack	TOC/BOC	Volume ft ³	% Excess	Slurry Description
13,375 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 313'	450	100%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
13.375 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	313' - 500'	268	100%	Class C: Retarder
9.625 in	LEAD	210	12.5	2.12	0' - 1125'	450	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM
9.625 III	TAIL	200	14.8	1.34	1125' - 1795'	268	2370	Class C: Retarder
1st Stg 7 in	LEAD	290	12.5	2.12	2725' - 5969'	620	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
1st Stg / in	TAIL	400	15.6	1.18	5969' - 8439'	472	2370	Class H: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
		-	-		7" DV	Tool @ 2725'		
2nd Stg 7 in	LEAD	50	12.5	2.12	1595' - 2104'	110	25%	Class C: Salt, Gel, Extender, LCM, Defoamer
2nd Stg / III	TAIL	100	14.8	1.34	2104' - 2725'	134	2370	Class C: Retarder, Fluid Loss, Defoamer
4.5 in	LEAD	520	13.5	1.85	8239' - 16392'	970	25%	Class H. Sait, Oci, Fittid Loss, Retarder, Dispersant, Deroamer, Anti-

Design B - Mud Program

Depth	Mud Wt	Mud Type
	8.4 - 8.6	
0' - 500'	8.4 - 8.6	Fresh Water
500' - 1795'	10.0 - 10.2	Brine
1795' - 8439'	8.6 - 9.7	Cut-Brine
8439' - 16392'	10.0 - 12.	OBM

Geology					
Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources	Formation	Est. Top (TVD)	Mineral Resources
Rustler			Yeso		
Castile			Delaware (Lamar)	1870'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Top	575'	None	Bell Canyon	1950'	Oil/Natural Gas
Marker Bed 126			Cherry Canyon	2620'	Oil/Natural Gas
Salt Base	1642'	None	Manzanita Marker	2759'	Oil/Natural Gas
Yates			Basal Brushy Canyon	4934'	Oil/Natural Gas
Seven Rivers			Bone Spring	5303'	Oil/Natural Gas
Queen			1st Bone Spring	6331'	Oil/Natural Gas
Capitan			2nd Bone Spring	6796'	Oil/Natural Gas
Grayburg			3rd Bone Spring	8401'	Oil/Natural Gas
San Andres			Wolfcamp	8743'	Oil/Natural Gas

All casing strings will be tested in accordance with 43 CFR Part 3170 Subpart 3172. Must have table for contingency casing

	Y or N
Is casing new? If used, attach certification as required in Onshore Order #1	Y
Is casing API approved? If no, attach casing specification sheet.	Y
Is premium or uncommon casing planned? If yes attach casing specification sheet.	N
Does the above casing design meet or exceed BLM's minimum standards? If not provide justification (loading assumptions, casing design criteria).	Y
Will the pipe be kept at a minimum 1/3 fluid filled to avoid approaching the collapse pressure rating of the casing?	Y
Is well located within Capitan Reef?	N
If yes, does production casing cement tie back a minimum of 50' above the Reef?	
Is well within the designated 4 string boundary.	N
Is well located in SOPA but not in R-111-Q?	N
If yes, are the first 2 strings cemented to surface and 3 rd string cement tied back 500' into previous casing?	
Is well located in R-111-Q and SOPA?	N
If yes, are the first three strings cemented to surface?	
Is 2 nd string set 100' to 600' below the base of salt?	
Is an open annulus used to satisfy R-111-Q? If yes, see cement design.	
Is an engineered weak point used to satisfy R-111-Q?	
If yes, at what depth is the weak point planned?	
Is well located in high Cave/Karst?	Y
If yes, are there two strings cemented to surface?	Y
(For 2 string wells) If yes, is there a contingency casing if lost circulation occurs?	
Is well located in critical Cave/Karst?	N
If yes, are there three strings cemented to surface?	

Mewbourne Oil Company

Eddy County, New Mexico NAD 83 Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H

Sec 24, T23S, R26E

SHL: 2000' FNL & 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL & 2337' FEL (Sec 23)

Plan: Design #1

Standard Planning Report

13 June, 2024

Hobbs Database:

Company: Mewbourne Oil Company Project: Eddy County, New Mexico NAD 83

Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H Site:

Well: Sec 24, T23S, R26E

Wellbore: BHL: 1760' FSL & 2337' FEL (Sec 23)

Design #1 Design:

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Site Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore) WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore)

Minimum Curvature

Project Eddy County, New Mexico NAD 83

Map System: US State Plane 1983 North American Datum 1983 Geo Datum:

New Mexico Eastern Zone Map Zone:

System Datum: Ground Level

Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H Site

Northing: 469,944.40 usft Site Position: 32.2919154 Latitude: From: Мар Easting: 570,588.80 usft Longitude: -104.2386695

0.0 usft Slot Radius: 13-3/16 **Position Uncertainty:**

Well Sec 24, T23S, R26E

Well Position +N/-S 0.0 usft 469,944.40 usft Latitude: 32.2919154 Northing: +E/-W 0.0 usft Easting: 570,588.80 usft Longitude: -104.2386695

0.0 usft Wellhead Elevation: 3,250.0 usft Ground Level: 3,222.0 usft **Position Uncertainty**

Grid Convergence: 0.05

Wellbore BHL: 1760' FSL & 2337' FEL (Sec 23)

Field Strength Magnetics **Model Name** Sample Date Declination Dip Angle (°) (nT) (°) 7.46 **I**GRF2010 12/31/2014 60.05 48,206.90310491

Design Design #1

Audit Notes:

PROTOTYPE Version: Phase: Tie On Depth: 0,0

Vertical Section: Depth From (TVD) +N/-S +E/-W Direction (usft) (usft) (usft) (°) 258.00 0.0 0.0 0.0

6/13/2024 Plan Survey Tool Program Date

Depth From Depth To

(usft) (usft) Survey (Wellbore) **Tool Name** Remarks

Design #1 (BHL: 1760' FSL & 233 0.0 16,392.6

Plan Sections										
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)	TFO (°)	Target
0.0	0.00	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1,225.7	12.51	170.92	1,220.7	-67.2	10.7	2.00	2.00	0.00	170.92	
7,813.7	12.51	170.92	7,652.3	-1,476.8	236.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
8,439.4	0.00	0.00	8,273.0	-1,544.0	246.8	2.00	-2.00	0.00	180.00	KOP: 1760' FSL & 10'
9,348.6	90.90	269.82	8,846.0	-1,545.9	-335.3	10.00	10.00	0.00	-90.18	
16,392.6	90.90	269.82	8,735.0	-1,568.3	-7,378.3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	BHL: 1760' FSL & 233

Database: Hobbs

Company: Mewbourne Oil Company
Project: Eddy County, New Mexico NAD 83
Site: Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H

Well: Sec 24, T23S, R26E

Wellbore: BHL: 1760' FSL & 2337' FEL (Sec 23)

Design: Design #1

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Site Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore) WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore)

Grid

d Survey									
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
0.0	0.00 FNL & 260' FEL (0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.0	0.00	0.00	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
200.0	0.00	0.00	100.0 200.0	0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
300.0	0.00								
		0.00	300.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
400.0	0.00	0.00	400.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
500.0	0.00	0.00	500.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
600.0	0.00	0.00	600.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
700.0	2.00	170.92	700.0	-1.7	0.3	0.1	2.00	2.00	0.00
800.0	4.00	170.92	799.8	-6.9	1.1	0.4	2.00	2.00	0.00
900.0	6.00	170.92	899.5	-15.5	2.5	0.8	2.00	2.00	0.00
4 000 0	0.00	470.00	000.7		4.4	4.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,000.0	8.00	170.92	998.7	-27.5	4.4	1.4	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,100.0	10.00	170.92	1,097.5	-43.0	6.9	2.2	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,200.0	12.00	170.92	1,195.6	-61.8	9.9	3.2	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,225.7	12.51	170.92	1,220.7	-67.2	10.7	3.5	2.00	2.00	0.00
1,300.0	12.51	170.92	1,293.3	-83.1	13.3	4.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,400.0	12.51	170.92	1,390.9	-104.5	16.7	5.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,500.0	12.51	170.92	1,488.5	-125.9	20.1	6.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,600.0	12.51	170.92	1,586.1	-147.3	23.5	7.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,700.0	12.51	170.92	1,683.8	-168.7	27.0	8.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,800.0	12.51	170.92	1,781.4	-190.1	30.4	9.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
1,900.0	12,51	170,92	1,879.0	-211.5	33,8	10,9	0.00	0,00	0,00
2,000.0	12,51	170,92	1,976,6	-232.9	37.2	12,0	0.00	0.00	0,00
2,100.0	12,51	170,92	2,074.3	-254.3	40,6	13,1	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,200.0	12,51	170,92	2,171.9	-275.7	44.1	14,2	0.00	0.00	0,00
2,300.0	12,51	170,92	2,269,5	-297.1	47.5	15,3	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,400.0	12.51	170.92	2,367.1	-318.5	50.9	16.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,500.0	12.51	170.92	2,464.8	-339.9	54.3	17.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,600.0	12.51	170.92	2,562.4	-361.3	57.7	18.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,700.0	12.51	170.92	2,660.0	-382.6	61.2	19.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,800.0	12.51	170.92	2,757.6	-404.0	64.6	20.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
2,000.0	12.51	170.92			04.0				
2,900.0	12.51	170.92	2,855.3	-425.4	68.0	21.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.0	12.51	170.92	2,952.9	-446.8	71.4	23.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,100.0	12.51	170.92	3,050.5	-468.2	74.8	24.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,200.0	12.51	170.92	3,148.1	-489.6	78.3	25.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,300.0	12.51	170.92	3,245.8	-511.0	81.7	26.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.400.0	12.51	170.92	3,343.4	-532.4	85.1	27.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,500.0	12.51	170.92	3,343.4 3,441.0	-532.4 -553.8	88.5	27.5 28.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,600.0			3,538.6		91.9	29.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.0	12.51 12.51	170.92 170.92	3,538.6 3,636.3	-575.2 -596.6	91.9 95.4	29.7 30.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,700.0	12.51	170.92	3,636.3	-596.6 -618.0	95.4 98.8	30.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,000.0	12.51	170.92	3,133.9	-010.0	90.0	31.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
3,900.0	12.51	170.92	3,831.5	-639.4	102.2	33.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,000.0	12.51	170.92	3,929.1	-660.8	105.6	34.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,100.0	12.51	170.92	4,026.8	-682.2	109.0	35.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,200.0	12.51	170.92	4,124.4	-703.6	112.5	36.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,300.0	12.51	170.92	4,222.0	-725.0	115.9	37.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,400.0	12.51	170.92	4,319.6	-746.4 767.8	119.3	38.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,500.0	12.51	170.92	4,417.2	-767.8 -700.0	122.7	39.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,600.0	12.51	170.92	4,514.9	-789.2	126.1	40.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,700.0	12.51	170.92	4,612.5	-810.6	129.6	41.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,800.0	12.51	170.92	4,710.1	-832.0	133.0	42.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
4,900.0	12.51	170.92	4,807.7	-853.4	136.4	44.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,000.0	12.51	170.92	4,905.4	-874.8	139.8	45.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
5,100.0	12.51	170.92	5,003.0	-896.2	143.2	46.2	0.00	0.00	0.00

Hobbs Database:

Company: Mewbourne Oil Company Eddy County, New Mexico NAD 83 Project: Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H Site:

Well: Sec 24, T23S, R26E

Wellbore: BHL: 1760' FSL & 2337' FEL (Sec 23)

Design: Design #1 Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Site Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore) WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore)

gn:	Design #1	5559.1.1												
ned Survey														
Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)					
5,200.0		170.92	5,100.6	-917.6	146.7	47.3	0.00	0.00	0.00					
5,300.0	12.51	170.92	5,198.2	-939.0	150.1	48.4	0.00	0.00	0.00					
5,400.0	12.51	170.92	5,295.9	-960.3	153.5	49.5	0.00	0.00	0.00					
5,500.0	12.51	170.92	5,393.5	-981.7	156.9	50.6	0.00	0.00	0.00					
5,600.0	12.51	170.92	5,491.1	-1,003.1	160.3	51.7	0.00	0.00	0.00					
5,700.0	12.51	170.92	5,588.7	-1,024.5	163.8	52.8	0.00	0.00	0.00					
5,800.0	12.51	170.92	5,686.4	-1,045.9	167.2	53.9	0.00	0.00	0.00					
5,900.0	12.51	170.92	5,784.0	-1,067.3	170.6	55.0	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,000.0	12.51	170.92	5,881.6	-1,088.7	174.0	56.1	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,100.0	12.51	170.92	5,979.2	-1,110.1	177.4	57.2	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,200.0	12.51	170.92	6,076.9	-1,131.5	180.9	58.3	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,300.0	12.51	170.92	6,174.5	-1,152.9	184.3	59.4	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,400.0	12.51	170.92	6,272.1	-1,174.3	187.7	60.5	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,500.0	12.51	170.92	6,369.7	-1,195.7	191.1	61.6	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,600.0	12.51	170.92	6,467.4	-1,217.1	194.5	62.8	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,700.0	12.51	170.92	6,565.0	-1,238.5	198.0	63.9	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,800.0	12.51	170.92	6,662.6	-1,259.9	201.4	65.0	0.00	0.00	0.00					
6,900.0	12.51	170.92	6,760.2	-1,281.3	204.8	66.1	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,000.0	12.51	170.92	6,857.9	-1,302.7	208.2	67.2	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,100.0	12.51	170.92	6,955.5	-1,324.1	211.6	68.3	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,200.0	12.51	170.92	7,053.1	-1,345.5	215.1	69.4	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,300.0	12.51	170.92	7,150.7	-1,366.9	218.5	70.5	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,400.0	12.51	170.92	7,248.4	-1,388.3	221.9	71.6	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,500.0	12.51	170.92	7,346.0	-1,409.7	225.3	72.7	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,600.0	12.51	170.92	7,443.6	-1,431.1	228.7	73.8	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,700.0		170.92	7,541.2	-1,452.5	232.2	74.9	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,800.0	12.51	170.92	7,638.9	-1,473.9	235.6	76.0	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,813.7	12.51	170.92	7,652.3	-1,476.8	236.1	76.1	0.00	0.00	0.00					
7,900.0	10.79	170.92	7,736.7	-1,494.0	238.8	77.0	2.00	-2.00	0.00					
8,000.0	8.79	170.92	7,835.3	-1,510.8	241.5	77.9	2.00	-2.00	0.00					
8,100.0		170.92	7,934.4	-1,524.2	243.6	78.6	2.00	-2.00	0.00					
8,200.0	4.79	170.92	8,033.8	-1,534.1	245.2	79.1	2.00	-2.00	0.00					
8,300.0	2.79	170.92	8,133.6	-1,540.6	246.3	79.4	2.00	-2.00	0.00					
8,400.0	0.79	170.92	8,233.6	-1,543.7	246.8	79.6	2.00	-2.00	0.00					
8,439.4	0.00	0.00	8,273.0	-1,544.0	246.8	79.6	2.00	-2.00	0.00					
KOP: 1760'	' FSL & 10' FEL (S	iec 24)												
8,450.0	1.06	269.82	8,283.6	-1,544.0	246.7	79.7	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,500.0	6.06	269.82	8,333.5	-1,544.0	243.6	82.7	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,550.0	11.05	269.82	8,382.9	-1,544.0	236.2	90.0	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,600.0		269.82	8,431.5	-1,544.1	224.5	101.5	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,650.0		269.82	8,478.9	-1,544.1	208.5	117.0	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,700.0		269.82	8,524.7	-1,544.2	188.6	136.6	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,750.0	31.05	269.82	8,568.6	-1,544.3	164.7	160.0	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,800.0	36.05	269.82	8,610.2	-1,544.3	137.1	187.0	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,850.0		269.82	8,649.3	-1,544.4	105.9	217.5	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,900.0		269.82	8,685.6	-1,544.6	71.5	251.2	10.00	10.00	0.00					
8,950.0		269.82	8,718.7	-1,544.7	34.0	287.9	10.00	10.00	0.00					
9,000.0	56.05	269.82	8,748.4	-1,544.8	-6.2	327.2	10.00	10.00	0.00					
9,050.0	61.04	269.82	8,774.4	-1,544.9	-48.8	369.0	10.00	10.00	0.00					
9,077.5		269.82	8,787.2	-1,545.0	-73.2	392.8	10.00	10.00	0.00					
	FSL & 330' FEL (· ·											
9,100.0		269.82	8,796.7	-1,545.1	-93.6	412.8	10.00	10.00	0.00					
9,150.0	71.04	269.82	8,815.0	-1,545.2	-140.1	458.3	10.00	10.00	0.00					
9,200.0	76.04	269.82	8,829.1	-1,545.4	-188.0	505.2	10.00	10.00	0.00					

Hobbs Database:

Company: Mewbourne Oil Company Eddy County, New Mexico NAD 83 Project: Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H Site:

Well: Sec 24, T23S, R26E

BHL: 1760' FSL & 2337' FEL (Sec 23) Design: Design #1

Wellbore:

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference: MD Reference: North Reference:

Survey Calculation Method:

Site Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore) WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore)

Design.		Design #1								
Planned \$	Survey									
ı	Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
	9,250.0 9,300.0 9,348.6	81.04 86.04 90.90 L & 583' FEL (S e	269.82 269.82 269.82	8,839.1 8,844.7 8,846.0	-1,545.5 -1,545.7 -1,545.9	-237.0 -286.7 -335.3	553.2 601.8 649.4	10.00 10.00 10.00	10.00 10.00 10.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
				0.045.0	4 5 40 0	200.0	000.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,400.0	90.90	269.82	8,845.2	-1,546.0	-386.6	699.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,500.0	90.90	269.82	8,843.6	-1,546.3	-486.6	797.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,600.0	90.90	269.82	8,842.0	-1,546.7	-586.6	895.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,700.0	90.90	269.82	8,840.5	-1,547.0	-686.6	993.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,800.0	90.90	269.82	8,838.9	-1,547.3	-786.6	1,091.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
	9,900.0	90.90	269.82	8,837.3	-1,547.6	-886.6	1,189.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10,000.0	90.90	269.82	8,835.7	-1,547.9	-986.6	1,286.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10,100.0 10,200.0	90.90 90.90	269.82 269.82	8,834.2 8,832.6	-1,548.2 -1,548.6	-1,086.6 -1,186.5	1,384.7 1,482.6	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00
	10,300.0	90.90	269.82	8,831.0	-1,548.9	-1,286.5	1,580.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10,400.0	90.90	269.82	8,829.4	-1,549.2	-1,386.5	1,678.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10,500.0	90.90	269.82	8,827.9	-1,549.5	-1,486.5	1,776.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10,600.0	90.90	269.82	8,826.3	-1,549.8	-1,586.5	1,874.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10,700.0	90.90	269.82	8,824.7	-1,550.2	-1,686.5	1,971.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10,800.0	90.90	269.82	8,823.1	-1,550.5	-1,786.5	2,069.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
	10,900.0	90.90	269.82	8,821.6	-1,550.8	-1,886.5	2,167.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,000.0	90.90	269.82	8,820.0	-1,551.1	-1,986.4	2,265.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,100.0 11,200.0	90.90 90.90	269.82 269.82	8,818.4 8,816.8	-1,551.4 -1,551.8	-2,086.4 -2,186.4	2,363.4 2,461.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,300.0 11,400.0 11,406.3	90.90 90.90 90.90	269.82 269.82 269.82	8,815.2 8,813.7 8,813.6	-1,552.1 -1,552.4 -1,552.4	-2,186.4 -2,386.4 -2,392.7	2,559.1 2,657.0 2,663.2	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00
		FSL & 2650' FEL		0,013.0	-1,552.4	-2,552.1	2,000.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
			,							
	11,500.0	90.90	269.82	8,812.1	-1,552.7	-2,486.4	2,754.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,600.0	90.90	269.82	8,810.5	-1,553.0	-2,586.4	2,852.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,700.0	90.90	269.82	8,808.9	-1,553.3	-2,686.3	2,950.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,800.0	90.90	269.82	8,807.4	-1,553.7	-2,786.3	3,048.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
	11,900.0	90.90	269.82	8,805.8	-1,554.0	-2,886.3	3,146.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,000.0	90.90	269.82	8,804.2	-1,554.3	-2,986.3	3,244.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,100.0	90.90	269.82	8,802.6	-1,554.6	-3,086.3	3,342.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,200.0	90.90	269.82	8,801.1	-1,554.9	-3,186.3	3,439.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,300.0	90.90	269.82	8,799.5	-1,555.3	-3,286.3	3,537.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,400.0	90.90	269.82	8,797.9	-1,555.6	-3,386.3	3,635.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,500.0	90.90	269.82	8,796.3	-1,555.9	-3,486.2	3,733.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,600.0	90.90	269.82	8,794.8	-1,556.2	-3,586.2	3,831.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,700.0	90.90	269.82	8,793.2	-1,556.5	-3,686.2	3,929.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,800.0	90.90	269.82	8,791.6	-1,556.9	-3,786.2	4,027.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
	12,900.0	90.90	269.82	8,790.0	-1,557.2	-3,886.2	4,125.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,000.0	90.90	269.82	8,788.5	-1,557.5	-3,986.2	4,222.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,100.0	90.90	269.82	8,786.9	-1,557.8	-4,086.2	4,320.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,200.0	90.90	269.82	8,785.3	-1,558.1	-4,186.2	4,418.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,300.0	90.90	269.82	8,783.7	-1,558.4	-4,286.1	4,516.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,400.0	90.90	269.82	8,782.2	-1,558.8	-4,386.1	4,614.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,500.0	90.90	269.82	8,780.6	-1,559.1	-4,486.1	4,712.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,600.0	90.90	269.82	8,779.0	-1,559.4	-4,586.1	4,810.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,700.0	90.90	269.82	8,777.4	-1,559.7	-4,686.1	4,908.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,800.0	90.90	269.82	8,775.9	-1,560.0	-4,786.1	5,005.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
	13,900.0	90.90	269.82	8,774.3	-1,560.4	-4,886.1	5,103.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
	14,000.0	90.90	269.82	8,772.7	-1,560.7	-4,986.1	5,201.6	0.00	0.00	0.00

Database: Hobbs

Company: Mewbourne Oil Company
Project: Eddy County, New Mexico NAD 83

Site: Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H

Well: Sec 24, T23S, R26E

Wellbore: BHL: 1760' FSL & 2337' FEL (Sec 23)

Design: Design #1

Local Co-ordinate Reference:

TVD Reference:
MD Reference:
North Reference:

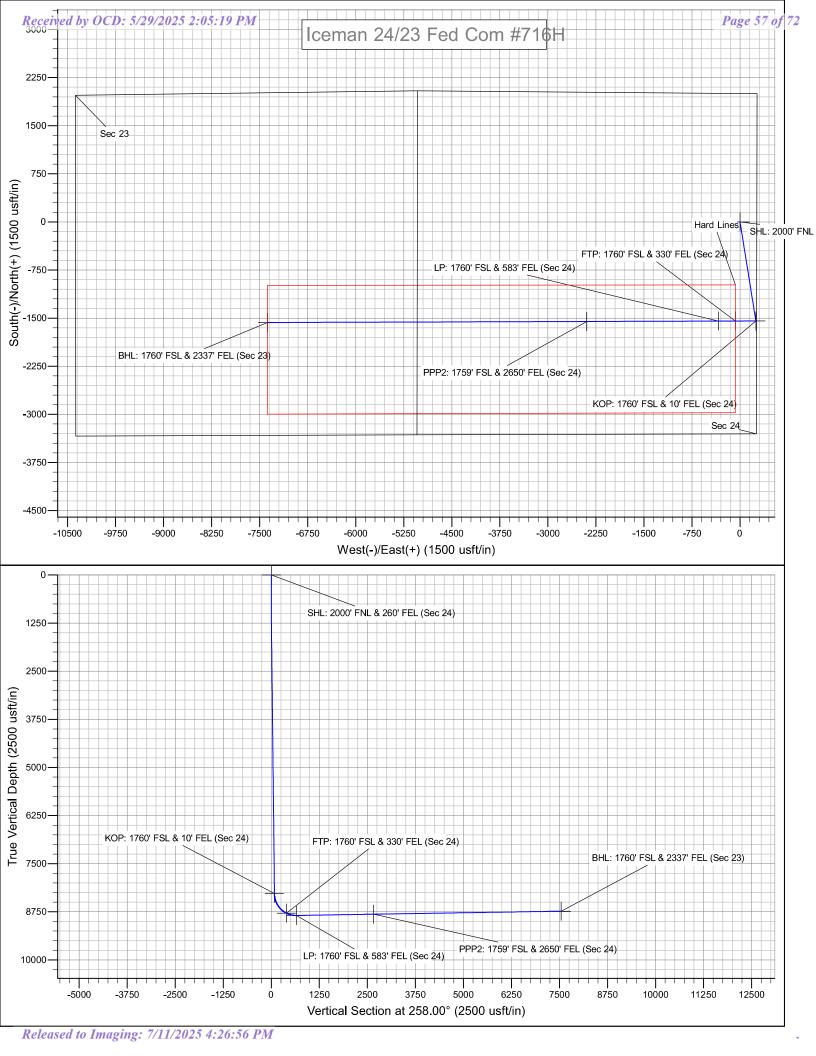
Survey Calculation Method:

Site Iceman 24/23 Fed Com #716H WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore) WELL @ 3250.0usft (Original Wellbore)

Grid

Measured Depth (usft)	Inclination (°)	Azimuth (°)	Vertical Depth (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Vertical Section (usft)	Dogleg Rate (°/100usft)	Build Rate (°/100usft)	Turn Rate (°/100usft)
14,100.0	90.90	269.82	8,771.1	-1,561.0	-5,086.0	5,299.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,200.0	90.90	269.82	8,769.6	-1,561.3	-5,186.0	5,397.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,300.0	90.90	269.82	8,768.0	-1,561.6	-5,286.0	5,495.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,400.0	90.90	269.82	8,766.4	-1,562.0	-5,386.0	5,593.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,500.0	90.90	269.82	8,764.8	-1,562.3	-5,486.0	5,690.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,600.0	90.90	269.82	8,763.2	-1,562.6	-5,586.0	5,788.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,700.0	90.90	269.82	8,761.7	-1,562.9	-5,686.0	5,886.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,800.0	90.90	269.82	8,760.1	-1,563.2	-5,785.9	5,984.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
14,900.0	90.90	269.82	8,758.5	-1,563.5	-5,885.9	6,082.4	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,000.0	90.90	269.82	8,756.9	-1,563.9	-5,985.9	6,180.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,100.0	90.90	269.82	8,755.4	-1,564.2	-6,085.9	6,278.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,200.0	90.90	269.82	8,753.8	-1,564.5	-6,185.9	6,376.0	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,300.0	90.90	269.82	8,752.2	-1,564.8	-6,285.9	6,473.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,400.0	90.90	269.82	8,750.6	-1,565.1	-6,385.9	6,571.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,500.0	90.90	269.82	8,749.1	-1,565.5	-6,485.9	6,669.6	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,600.0	90.90	269.82	8,747.5	-1,565.8	-6,585.8	6,767.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,700.0	90.90	269.82	8,745.9	-1,566.1	-6,685.8	6,865.3	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,800.0	90.90	269.82	8,744.3	-1,566.4	-6,785.8	6,963.2	0.00	0.00	0.00
15,900.0	90.90	269.82	8,742.8	-1,566.7	-6,885.8	7,061.1	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,000.0	90.90	269.82	8,741.2	-1,567.0	-6,985.8	7,158.9	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,100.0	90.90	269.82	8,739.6	-1,567.4	-7,085.8	7,256.8	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,200.0	90.90	269.82	8,738.0	-1,567.7	-7,185.8	7,354.7	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,300.0	90.90	269.82	8,736.5	-1,568.0	-7,285.8	7,452.5	0.00	0.00	0.00
16,392.6	90.90	269.82	8.735.0	-1.568.3	-7.378.3	7.543.1	0.00	0.00	0.00

Design Targets									
Target Name - hit/miss target - Shape	Dip Angle (°)	Dip Dir. (°)	TVD (usft)	+N/-S (usft)	+E/-W (usft)	Northing (usft)	Easting (usft)	Latitude	Longitude
SHL: 2000' FNL & 260' F - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	469,944.40	570,588.80	32.2919154	-104.2386695
KOP: 1760' FSL & 10' FI - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	8,273.0	-1,544.0	246.8	468,400.40	570,835 <u>.</u> 60	32.2876706	-104.2378753
BHL: 1760' FSL & 2337' - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.01	8,735.0	-1,568.3	-7,378.3	468,376.10	563,210.50	32.2876200	-104.2625507
FTP: 1760' FSL & 330' F - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	8,787.2	-1,545.0	-73.2	468,399.38	570,515.60	32.2876686	-104.2389108
PPP2: 1759' FSL & 2650 - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	8,813.6	-1,552.4	-2,392.7	468,391.99	568,196.10	32.2876536	-104.2464169
LP: 1760' FSL & 583' FE - plan hits target cent - Point	0.00 er	0.00	8,846.0	-1,545.9	-335.3	468,398.55	570,253.50	32.2876669	-104.2397590



SHL: 2000' FNL 260' FEL (Sec 24) BHL: 1760' FSL 2337' FEL (Sec 23)

Operator Name:	Property Name:	Well Number
Mewbourne Oil Company	Iceman 24/23 Fed Com	716H

Kick Off Point (KOP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Feet	From N/S	Feet	From E/W	County		
I	24	23	26	-	1760'	FSL	10'	FEL	Eddy		
		Latitude				Longitude					
32.2876707	7				-104.23787	753			83		

First Take Point (FTP)

UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Feet	From N/S	Feet	From E/W	County
I	24	23	26	-	1760'	FSL	330'	FEL	Eddy
Latitude				Longitude			NAD		
32.2876702			-104.23891	10			83		

Last Take Point (LTP)

	Level I will I	cme (DII	,							
	UL	Section	Township	Range	Lot	Feet	From N/S	Feet	From E/W	County
	J	23	23	26	_	1760'	FSL	2337'	FEL	Eddy
Latitude				Longitude			NAD			
					-104.26255	507			83	

Is this well the defining well for the Horizontal Spacing Unit?	N	
Is this well an infill well?		'

If infill is yes please provide API if available, Operator Name and well number for Defining well for Horizontal Spacing Unit.

API#	

Operator Name:	Property Name:	Well Number
Mewbourne Oil Company	Iceman 24-23 Fed Com	712H

PECOS DISTRICT DRILLING CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY **WELL NAME & NO.:** ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM 716H

APD ID: 10400099108

LOCATION: Section 24, T23S, R26E. NMP
COUNTY: Eddy County, New Mexico

COA

H_2S	© No		•	Yes
Potash /	None	Secretary	C R-111-Q	Open Annulus
WIPP				■ WIPP
Cave / Karst	□ Low	Medium	• High	Critical
Wellhead	Conventional	Multibowl	© Both	Diverter
Cementing	Primary Squeeze	Cont. Squeeze	EchoMeter	DV Tool
Special Req	Capitan Reef	Water Disposal	▼ COM	Unit
Waste Prev.	C Self-Certification	Waste Min. Plan	C APD Submitted p	rior to 06/10/2024
Additional	Flex Hose	Casing Clearance	Pilot Hole	Break Testing
Language	Four-String	Offline Cementing	Fluid-Filled	

A. HYDROGEN SULFIDE

A Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Drilling Plan shall be activated **AT SPUD**. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet **43 CFR 3176** requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM.

B. CASING DESIGN

Primary Casing Design

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 500 ft. (a minimum of 70' into the Rustler Anhydrite, above the salt, and below usable fresh water) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 ft. above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic-type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.

- b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or **500** psi compressive strength, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
- c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater.
- d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set in a competent bed at approximately 1,795 ft. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to the presence of cave/karst.

Note: Excess cement is less than 25%, more cement is required if washout occurs. Adjust cement volume and excess based on a fluid caliper or similar method that reflects the as-drilled size of the wellbore.

- ❖ In <u>High Cave/Karst Areas</u> if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- **3.** Operator has proposed to set **7 in.** production casing at approximately **8,439 ft.** (8,273 ft. TVD). The minimum required fill of cement behind the **7 in.** production casing is:
 - Option 1 (Single Stage): Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst.
 - **Option 2 (Two-stage):** Operator has proposed a DV tool, the depth may be adjusted as long as the cement is changed proportionally. The DV tool may be cancelled if cement circulates to surface on the first stage.
 - a. **First stage to DV tool:** Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate off the DV tool, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job.
 - b. Second stage above DV tool: Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst.
- 4. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 4-1/2 in. production liner is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least 100 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Alternate Casing Design

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 500 ft. (a minimum of 70 feet (Eddy County) into the Rustler Anhydrite and above the salt) and cemented to the surface. If salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 ft. above the salt.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic-type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job will be a minimum of **8** hours or **500 psi compressive strength**, whichever is greater. (This is to include the lead cement)
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 psi compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing shall be set in a competent bed at approximately 1,795 ft. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing is:
 - Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst.

Note: Excess cement is less than 25%, more cement is required if washout occurs. Adjust cement volume and excess based on a fluid caliper or similar method that reflects the as-drilled size of the wellbore.

- ❖ In <u>High Cave/Karst Areas</u> if cement does not circulate to surface on the first two casing strings, the cement on the 3rd casing string must come to surface.
- **3.** Operator has proposed to set **7 in.** production casing at approximately **9,348 ft.** (8,846 ft. TVD). The minimum required fill of cement behind the **7 in.** production casing is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least 200 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to cave/karst.
- **4.** The minimum required fill of cement behind the **4-1/2 in.** production liner is:
 - Cement should tie-back at least 100 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.

Offline Cementing

Operator has been (**Approved**) to pump the proposed cement program offline in the **Surface and intermediate(s) intervals**. Offline cementing should commence within 24 hours of landing the casing for the interval. Notify the BLM 4hrs prior to the commencement of any offline cementing procedure at **Eddy County:** 575-361-2822.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. Variance approved to use **flex line** from BOP to choke manifold. Manufacturer's specification to be readily available. No external damage to flex line. Flex line to be installed as straight as possible (no hard bends).
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 5000 (5M) psi. The BOP/BOPE and annular preventer shall be pressure-tested in accordance with title 43 CFR 3172.
 - a. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.
 - b. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
 - c. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
 - d. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
 - e. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in the **title** 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.

BOPE Break Testing Variance

- BOPE Break Testing is ONLY permitted for intervals utilizing a 5M BOPE or less. (Annular preventer must be tested to a minimum of 70% of BOPE working pressure and shall be higher than the MASP.)
- BOPE Break Testing is NOT permitted to drilling the production hole section.
- Variance only pertains to the intermediate hole-sections and no deeper than the Bone Springs formation.
- While in transfer between wells, the BOPE shall be secured by the hydraulic carrier or cradle.
- Any well control event while drilling require notification to the BLM Petroleum Engineer (575-706-2779) prior to the commencement of any BOPE Break Testing operations.
- A full BOPE test is required prior to drilling the first deep intermediate hole section. If any subsequent hole interval is deeper than the first, a full BOPE test will be required. (200' TVD tolerance between intermediate shoes is allowable).

- The BLM is to be contacted (575-361-2822 Eddy County) 4 hours prior to BOPE tests.
- As a minimum, a full BOPE test shall be performed at 21-day intervals.
- In the event any repairs or replacement of the BOPE is required, the BOPE shall test as per 43 CFR 3172.
- If in the event break testing is not utilized, then a full BOPE test would be conducted.

D. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT (S)

Communitization Agreement

- The operator will submit a Communitization Agreement to the Santa Fe Office, 301 Dinosaur Trail Santa Fe, New Mexico 87508, at least 90 days before the anticipated date of first production from a well subject to a spacing order issued by the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division. The Communitization Agreement will include the signatures of all working interest owners in all Federal and Indian leases subject to the Communitization Agreement (i.e., operating rights owners and lessees of record), or certification that the operator has obtained the written signatures of all such owners and will make those signatures available to the BLM immediately upon request.
- If the operator does not comply with this condition of approval, the BLM may take enforcement actions that include, but are not limited to, those specified in 43 CFR 3163.1.
- In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. When the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Contact Eddy County Petroleum Engineering Inspection Staff:

Email or call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220; **BLM_NM_CFO_DrillingNotifications@BLM.GOV**; (575) 361-2822.

- 1. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval.
 - a. In the event the operator has proposed to drill multiple wells utilizing a skid/walking rig. Operator shall secure the wellbore on the current well, after installing and testing the wellhead, by installing a blind flange of like pressure

rating to the wellhead and a pressure gauge that can be monitored while drilling is performed on the other well(s).

- b. When the operator proposes to set surface casing with Spudder Rig
 - i. Notify the BLM when moving in and removing the Spudder Rig.
 - ii. Notify the BLM when moving in the 2nd Rig. Rig to be moved in within 90 days of notification that Spudder Rig has left the location.
 - iii. BOP/BOPE test to be conducted per **43 CFR 3172** as soon as 2nd Rig is rigged up on well.
- 2. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works are located, this does not include the doghouse or stairway area.
- 3. For intervals in which cement to surface is required, cement to surface should be verified with a visual check and density or pH check to differentiate cement from spacer and drilling mud. The results should be documented in the driller's log and daily reports.

A. CASING

- 1. Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size or are Non-API. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.). The initial wellhead installed on the well will remain on the well with spools used as needed.
- 2. Wait on cement (WOC) for Potash Areas: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi for all cement blends of both lead and tail cement, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- 3. Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin: After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least 8 hours. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual

- casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements. The casing integrity test can be done (prior to the cement setting up) immediately after bumping the plug.
- **4.** Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. Have well specific cement details onsite prior to pumping the cement for each casing string.
- **5.** No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.
- **6.** On that portion of any well approved for a 5M BOPE system or greater, a pressure integrity test of each casing shoe shall be performed. Formation at the shoe shall be tested to a minimum of the mud weight equivalent anticipated to control the formation pressure to the next casing depth or at total depth of the well. This test shall be performed before drilling more than 20 feet of new hole.
- 7. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.
- **8.** Whenever a casing string is cemented in the R-111-Q potash area, the NMOCD requirements shall be followed.

B. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in 43 CFR 3172.
- 2. If a variance is approved for a flexible hose to be installed from the BOP to the choke manifold, the following requirements apply: The flex line must meet the requirements of API 16C. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor.
- **3.** 5M or higher system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.
- **4.** If the operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly in the APD. The following requirements must be met:
 - i. Wellhead shall be installed by manufacturer's representatives, submit documentation with subsequent sundry.

- ii. If the welding is performed by a third party, the manufacturer's representative shall monitor the temperature to verify that it does not exceed the maximum temperature of the seal.
- iii. Manufacturer representative shall install the test plug for the initial BOP test.
- iv. Whenever any seal subject to test pressure is broken, all the tests in 43 CFR 3172.6(b)(9) must be followed.
- v. If the cement does not circulate and one-inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.
- **5.** The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
 - i. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead cement), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
 - ii. In potash areas, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. For all casing strings, casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated at twelve hours after bumping the cement plug. The BOPE test can be initiated after bumping the cement plug with the casing valve open. (Only applies to single stage cement jobs, prior to the cement setting up.)
 - iii. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug not a cup or J-packer and can be initiated immediately with the casing valve open. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to **43 CFR 3172** with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for 8 hours or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
 - iv. The test shall be run on a 5000-psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one-hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2-hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four-

hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.

- v. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- vi. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- vii. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low-pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.
- viii. BOP/BOPE must be tested by an independent service company within 500 feet of the top of the Wolfcamp formation if the time between the setting of the intermediate casing and reaching this depth exceeds 20 days. This test does not exclude the test prior to drilling out the casing shoe as per 43 CFR 3172.

C. DRILLING MUD

Mud system monitoring equipment, with derrick floor indicators and visual and audio alarms, shall be operating before drilling into the Wolfcamp formation, and shall be used until production casing is run and cemented.

D. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area. Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crewintensive operations.

SA 05/23/2025

<u>Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan</u> **Mewbourne Oil Company**

1. General Requirements

Rule 118 does not apply to this well because MOC has researched this area and no high concentrations of H2S were found. MOC will have on location and working all H2S safety equipment before the Delaware formation for purposes of safety and insurance requirements.

2. Hydrogen Sulfide Training

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will have received training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to entering the drilling pad area of the well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide gas.
- 2. The proper use of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of hydrogen sulfide detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue operations.

Additionally, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- The effects of hydrogen sulfide on metal components. If high tensile tubular systems are utilized, supervisory personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- 2 Corrective action and shut in procedures, blowout prevention, and well control procedures while drilling a well.
- The contents of the Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan.

There will be an initial training session prior to encountering a know hydrogen sulfide source. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operations Plan.

3. Hydrogen Sulfide Safety Equipment and Systems

All hydrogen sulfide safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational prior to drilling below the 9 5/8" intermediate casing.

1. Well Control Equipment

- A. Choke manifold with minimum of one adjustable choke/remote choke.
- B. Blowout preventers equipped with blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- C. Auxiliary equipment including annular type blowout preventer.
- 2. <u>Protective Equipment for Essential Personnel</u>

Thirty minute self contained work unit located in the dog house and at briefing areas.

Additionally: If H2S is encountered in concentrations less than 10 ppm, fans will be placed in work areas to prevent the accumulation of hazardous amounts of poisonous gas. If higher concentrations of H2S are detected the well will be shut in and a rotating head, mud/gas separator, remote choke and flare line with igniter will be installed.

3. <u>Hydrogen Sulfide Protection and Monitoring Equipment</u>

Two portable hydrogen sulfide monitors positioned on location for optimum coverage and detection. The units shall have audible sirens to notify personnel when hydrogen sulfide levels exceed 20 PPM.

4. Visual Warning Systems

- A. Wind direction indicators as indicated on the wellsite diagram.
- B. Caution signs shall be posted on roads providing access to location. Signs shall be painted a high visibility color with lettering of sufficient size to be readable at reasonable distances from potentially contaminated areas.

4. Mud Program

The mud program has been designed to minimize the amount of hydrogen sulfide entrained in the mud system. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices, and the use of hydrogen sulfide scavengers will minimize hazards while drilling the well.

5. Metallurgy

All tubular systems, wellheads, blowout preventers, drilling spools, kill lines, choke manifolds, and valves shall be suitable for service in a hydrogen sulfide environment when chemically treated.

6. Communications

State & County Officials phone numbers are posted on rig floor and supervisors trailer. Communications in company vehicles and toolpushers are either two way radios or cellular phones.

7. Well Testing

Drill stem testing is not an anticipated requirement for evaluation of this well. If a drill stem test is required, it will be conducted with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity. The test will be conducted during daylight hours only.

8. Emergency Phone Numbers

Eddy County Sheriff's Office	911 or 575-887-7551
Ambulance Service	911 or 575-885-2111
Carlsbad Fire Dept	911 or 575-885-2111
Loco Hills Volunteer Fire Dept.	911 or 575-677-3266
Closest Medical Facility - Columbia Medical Center	er of Carlsbad 575-492-5000

Mewbourne Oil Company	Hobbs District Office Fax 2 nd Fax	575-393-5905 575-397-6252 575-393-7259
District Manager	Robin Terrell	575-390-4816
Drilling Superintendent	Frosty Lathan	575-390-4103
	Bradley Bishop	575-390-6838
Drilling Foreman	Wesley Noseff	575-441-0729

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

Section 7 - Methods for Handling

Waste type: SEWAGE

Waste content description: Human waste & grey water

Amount of waste: 1500 gallons

Waste disposal frequency: Weekly

Safe containment description: 2,000 gallon plastic container

Safe containment attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: PRIVATE

FACILITY

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: City of Carlsbad Water Treatment facility

Waste type: GARBAGE

Waste content description: Garbage & trash

Amount of waste: 1500 pounds

Waste disposal frequency: One Time Only

Safe containment description: Enclosed trash trailer

Safe containment attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: PRIVATE

FACILITY

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: Waste Management facility in Carlsbad.

Waste type: DRILLING

Waste content description: Drill cuttings

Amount of waste: 940 barrels

Waste disposal frequency : One Time Only

Safe containment description: Drill cuttings will be properly contained in steel tanks (20 yard roll off bins.)

Safe containment attachment:

Waste disposal type: HAUL TO COMMERCIAL Disposal location ownership: PRIVATE

FACILITY

Disposal type description:

Disposal location description: NMOCD approved waste disposal locations are CRI or Lea Land, both facilities are located

on HWY 62/180, Sec. 27 T20S R32E.

Reserve Pit

Reserve Pit being used? NO

Operator Name: MEWBOURNE OIL COMPANY

Well Name: ICEMAN 24/23 FED COM Well Number: 716H

Temporary disposal of produced water into reserve pit? NO

Reserve pit length (ft.) Reserve pit width (ft.)

Reserve pit depth (ft.) Reserve pit volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the reserve pit in cut?

Reserve pit liner

Reserve pit liner specifications and installation description

Cuttings Area

Cuttings Area being used? NO

Are you storing cuttings on location? N

Description of cuttings location

Cuttings area length (ft.) Cuttings area width (ft.)

Cuttings area depth (ft.) Cuttings area volume (cu. yd.)

Is at least 50% of the cuttings area in cut?

Cuttings area liner

Cuttings area liner specifications and installation description

Section 8 - Ancillary

Are you requesting any Ancillary Facilities?: N

Ancillary Facilities

Comments:

Section 9 - Well Site

Well Site Layout Diagram:

ICEMAN_24_23_FED_COM__716H_WellSiteLayout_20240617103501.pdf

Comments: NONE

Sante Fe Main Office Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Action 468961

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
MEWBOURNE OIL CO	14744
P.O. Box 5270	Action Number:
Hobbs, NM 88241	468961
	Action Type:
	[C-101] BLM - Federal/Indian Land Lease (Form 3160-3)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
mleal	Cement is required to circulate on both surface and intermediate1 strings of casing.	5/29/2025
mleal	If cement does not circulate on any string, a Cement Bond Log (CBL) is required for that string of casing.	5/29/2025
ward.rikala	Notify the OCD 24 hours prior to casing & cement.	7/11/2025
ward.rikala	File As Drilled C-102 and a directional Survey with C-104 completion packet.	7/11/2025
ward.rikala	Once the well is spud, to prevent ground water contamination through whole or partial conduits from the surface, the operator shall drill without interruption through the fresh water zone or zones and shall immediately set in cement the water protection string.	7/11/2025
ward.rikala	Oil base muds are not to be used until fresh water zones are cased and cemented providing isolation from the oil or diesel. This includes synthetic oils. Oil based mud, drilling fluids and solids must be contained in a steel closed loop system.	7/11/2025