



Univar USA Inc Material Safety Data Sheet

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Version No:	010 2012-02-09
Order No:	

Univar USA Inc., 17425 NE Union Hill Rd., Redmond WA 98052 (425) 889 3400

Emergency Assistance

For emergency assistance involving chemicals call Chemtrec - (800) 424-9300

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Material Safety Data Sheet

The Dow Chemical Company

Product Name: UCARSOL(TM) AP SOLVENT 814

Issue Date: 02/23/2011 Print Date: 23 Jan 2012

The Dow Chemical Company encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.



Product Name

UCARSOL[™] AP SOLVENT 814

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

The Dow Chemical Company 2030 Willard H. Dow Center Midland, MI 48674 United States

Customer Information Number:

800-258-2436 SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24-Hour Emergency Contact: Local Emergency Contact: 989-636-4400 989-636-4400

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

Color: Colorless to yellow Physical State: Liquid. Odor: Ammoniacal Hazards of product:

> DANGER! Causes severe eye burns. Causes burns of the mouth and throat. Prolonged exposure may cause skin burns. May cause allergic skin reaction. May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Evacuate area. Keep upwind of spill. Stay out of low areas.

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Potential Health Effects

Eye Contact: May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

®(TM)*Trademark

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Skin Contact: Prolonged contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage.

Skin Absorption: Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. **Skin Sensitization:** Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction. Contains component(s) which have demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice. Individuals who have had an allergic skin reaction to similar materials may have an allergic skin reaction to this product. The similar material(s) is/are: Triethylenetetramine (TETA).

Inhalation: At room temperature, exposure to vapor is minimal due to low volatility. If material is heated or aerosol/mist is produced, concentrations may be attained that are sufficient to cause respiratory irritation and other effects. Asthma-like symptoms may include coughing, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness in the chest. Occasionally, breathing difficulties may be life threatening. **Ingestion:** Low toxicity if swallowed. Swallowing may result in burns of the mouth and throat. Swallowing may result in gastrointestinal irritation or ulceration. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause abdominal discomfort or diarrhea.

Aspiration hazard: Aspiration into the lungs may occur during ingestion or vomiting, causing tissue damage or lung injury.

Birth Defects/Developmental Effects: For the minor component(s): Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses toxic to the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

Reproductive Effects: For the minor component(s): In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.

3. Composition Information

> 65.0 % > 15.0 %
, ,

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

Skin Contact: Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands.

Eye Contact: Wash immediately and continuously with flowing water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses after the first 5 minutes and continue washing. Obtain prompt medical consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Give one cup (8 ounces or 240 ml) of water or milk if available and transport to a medical facility. Do not give anything by mouth unless the person is fully conscious.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), no additional symptoms and effects are anticipated.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause respiratory sensitization or asthma-like symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants and antitussives may be of help. Treat bronchospasm with inhaled beta2 agonist and oral or parenteral corticosteroids. Chemical eye burns

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may require extended irrigation. Obtain prompt consultation, preferably from an ophthalmologist. If burn is present, treat as any thermal burn, after decontamination. Due to irritant properties, swallowing may result in burns/ulceration of mouth, stomach and lower gastrointestinal tract with subsequent stricture. Aspiration of vomitus may cause lung injury. Suggest endotracheal/esophageal control if lavage is done. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

Extinguishing Media to Avoid: Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. **Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Evacuate area. Refer to Section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Keep personnel out of low areas. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Non-combustible material. Clay. Vermiculite. Zorb-all®. Do NOT use absorbent materials such as: Ground corn cobs. Moist organic absorbents. Peat moss. Cellulose. Sawdust. Large spills: Contain spilled material if possible. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling

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General Handling: Do not get in eyes. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not use sodium nitrite or other nitrosating agents in formulations containing this product. Suspected cancer-causing nitrosamines could be formed. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION. **Other Precautions:** Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the autoignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion.

Storage

Store in accordance with good manufacturing practices. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not store in: Aluminum. Copper. Copper alloys. Galvanized containers. Zinc. Additional storage and handling information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact.

Storage Period: Bulk 18 Months Metal drums. 36 Months

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits

Component List Type Valu

None established

Personal Protection

Eye/Face Protection: Use chemical goggles.

Skin Protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). Viton. Avoid gloves made of: Polyvinyl alcohol ("PVA"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Respiratory Protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

Ingestion: Avoid ingestion of even very small amounts; do not consume or store food or tobacco in the work area; wash hands and face before smoking or eating.

Engineering Controls

Ventilation: Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance Physical State

Liquid.

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Color	Colorless to yellow
Odor Threshold	No test data available
Melting Point	Not applicable
Boiling Point (760 mmHg)	$126 \circ C$ (259 $\circ F$) Literature Pour point 126 $\circ C$ (259 $\circ F$) Literature.
Flash Point - Closed Cup Flash Point - Open Cup	102 °C (216 °F) <i>ASTM D93</i> 132 °C (270 °F) <i>Cleveland Open Cup ASTM D92</i>
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	0.5 <i>Literature</i>
Flammability (solid, gas) Flammable Limits In Air	Not applicable to liquids Lower : No test data available Upper : No test data available
Vapor Pressure	4.6 mmHg @ 20 °C Literature
Vapor Density (air = 1) Specific Gravity (H2O = 1) Solubility in water (by	2.8 Literature 1.045 20 ℃/20 ℃ Literature 100 % @ 20 ℃ Literature
weight) Partition coefficient, n- octanol/water (log Pow)	No data available for this product. See Section 12 for individual component data
Autoignition Temperature Decomposition	304 - 307 ℃ (579 - 585 °F) <i>Literature</i> No test data available
Temperature Kinematic Viscosity Molecular Weight	No test data available 106 g/mol

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. **Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid contact with: Acrylates. Alcohols. Aldehydes. Ketones. Nitrites. Strong acids. Strong oxidizers. Avoid contact with metals such as: Aluminum. Copper. Copper alloys. Galvanized metals. Zinc. Avoid unintended contact with: Halogenated hydrocarbons. Avoid contact with absorbent materials such as: Ground corn cobs. Moist organic absorbents. Peat moss. Sawdust.

Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Ingestion Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined. Dermal The dermal LD50 has not been determined. Inhalation As product: The LC50 has not been determined. Eye damage/eye irritation

May cause severe irritation with corneal injury which may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness. Chemical burns may occur.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged contact may cause skin burns. Symptoms may include pain, severe local redness, swelling, and tissue damage.

Sensitization

Skin

Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction. Contains component(s) which have demonstrated the potential for contact allergy in mice. Individuals who have had an allergic skin reaction to similar materials may have an allergic skin reaction to this product. The similar material(s) is/are: Triethylenetetramine (TETA).

Repeated Dose Toxicity

For the component(s) tested: Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Chronic Toxicity and Carcinogenicity

For the minor component(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Developmental Toxicity

For the minor component(s): Has caused birth defects in laboratory animals only at doses toxic to the mother. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother. For the major component(s): Did not cause birth defects or other effects in the fetus even at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother.

Reproductive Toxicity

For the minor component(s): In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with reproduction. In animal studies, has been shown to interfere with fertility.

Genetic Toxicology

For all components. In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. For all components. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Data for Component: Substituted amine (1)

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity

LC50, golden orfe (Leuciscus idus), static, 96 h: 1,466 mg/l LC50, fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas), static, 96 h: 1,200 mg/l **Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity** EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, static, 48 h, immobilization: 2,330 mg/l **Aquatic Plant Toxicity** EC50, green alga Desmodesmus subspicatus, static, Growth rate inhibition, 72 h: > 100 mg/l <u>Data for Component: Substituted amine (2)</u> Material is slightly toxic to fish on an acute basis (LC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L).

Fish Acute & Prolonged Toxicity LC50, guppy (Poecilia reticulata), static renewal, 96 h: > 1,800 mg/l Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity EC50, water flea Daphnia magna, static, 48 h, immobilization: 21 mg/l Aquatic Plant Toxicity EC50, green alga Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (formerly known as Selenastrum capricornutum), Growth inhibition (cell density reduction), 72 h: 130 mg/l NOEC, Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata), static, Growth rate inhibition, 72 h: > 1,000 mg/l Toxicity to Micro-organisms IC50; bacteria, 16 h: > 5,000 mg/l

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Persistence and Degradability

Data for Component: Substituted amine (1)

Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable (reaches > 70% mineralization in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

Biodegradation	Exposure Time	Method		10 Day Window
96 %	18 d	OECD 301A	Test	pass
Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals				
Rate Constant	Atmosph	eric Half-life		Method
9.70E-11 cm3/s	1.0	324 h		Estimated.
Biological oxygen demand (BOD):				
BOD 5	BOD 10	BOD 20		BOD 28
40 %				42 %
Theoretical Oxygon D	lomand: 2 20 ma/ma			

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.29 mg/mg

Data for Component: Substituted amine (2)

Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

OECD Biodegradation Tests:

Biodegradation	Exposure Time	Method	10 Day Window	
> 90 %	28 d	OECD 302B Test	Not applicable	
65.3 %	28 d	OECD 301F Test	pass	
Indirect Photodegradation with OH Radicals				
Rate Constant	Atmosphe	eric Half-life	Method	
1.69E-10 cm3/s	2.	8 h	Estimated.	

Bioaccumulative potential

Data for Component: Substituted amine (1)

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow): -1.08 Measured Data for Component: Substituted amine (2)

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). **Partition coefficient, n-octanol/water (log Pow):** -1.24 Measured **Bioconcentration Factor (BCF):** < 3.9; fish; Measured

Mobility in soil

Data for Component: Substituted amine (1)

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is high (Koc between 50 and 150). **Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc):** 53 Estimated. **Henry's Law Constant (H):** 9E-06 Pa m³/mol; 25 °C Estimated.

Data for Component: Substituted amine (2)

Mobility in soil: Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000). Partition coefficient, soil organic carbon/water (Koc): 507 Measured Henry's Law Constant (H): 2.2E-02 Pa*m3/mole. Estimated.

13. Disposal Considerations

DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE

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PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. Transport Information

DOT Non-Bulk NOT REGULATED

DOT Bulk NOT REGULATED

IMDG NOT REGULATED

ICAO/IATA NOT REGULATED

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. Regulatory Information

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312

Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard	Yes
Delayed (Chronic) Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	No

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Hazardous Substances List and/or Pennsylvania Environmental Hazardous Substance List:

The following product components are cited in the Pennsylvania Hazardous Substance List and/or the Pennsylvania Environmental Substance List, and are present at levels which require reporting.

Component	CAS #	Amount
Substituted amine (2)	Trade secret	> 15.0 %

Pennsylvania (Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act): Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances List:

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)

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This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

US. Toxic Substances Control Act

All components of this product are on the TSCA Inventory or are exempt from TSCA Inventory requirements under 40 CFR 720.30

CEPA - Domestic Substances List (DSL)

All substances contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) or are not required to be listed.

16.	Other Information

Product Literature

Additional information on this product may be obtained by calling your sales or customer service contact. Ask for a product brochure. Additional information on this and other products may be obtained by visiting our web page.

Hazard Rating System

NFPA	Health	Fire	Reactivity
	3	1	0

Recommended Uses and Restrictions

Carbon dioxide removal. We recommend that you use this product in a manner consistent with the listed use. If your intended use is not consistent with the stated use, please contact your sales or technical service representative.

Revision

Identification Number: 1511 / 1001 / Issue Date 02/23/2011 / Version: 5.0 Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

N/A	Not available
W/W	Weight/Weight
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA	Time Weighted Average
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Inc.
DOW IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level
HAZ_DES	Hazard Designation
Action Level	A value set by OSHA that is lower than the PEL which will trigger the need for
	activities such as exposure monitoring and medical surveillance if exceeded.

The Dow Chemical Company urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDS obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

Univar USA Inc Material Safety Data Sheet

For Additional Information contact MSDS Coordinator during business hours, Pacific time: (425) 889-3400

Notice

Univar USA Inc. ("Univar") expressly disclaims all express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to the product or information provided herein, and shall under no circumstances be liable for incidental or consequential damages.

Do not use ingredient information and/or ingredient percentages in this MSDS as a product specification. For product specification information refer to a product specification sheet and/or a certificate of analysis. These can be obtained from your local Univar sales office.

All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the manufacturer and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, Univar makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond Univar's control and therefore users are responsible to verify this data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their use, handling, and disposal of the product, or from the publication or use of, or reliance upon, information contained herein.

This information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process

District I 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Phone:(575) 393-6161 Fax:(575) 393-0720 District II

811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210 Phone:(575) 748-1283 Fax:(575) 748-9720

District III

1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, NM 87410 Phone:(505) 334-6178 Fax:(505) 334-6170

District IV 1220 S. St Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone: (505) 476-3470 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Oil Conservation Division 1220 S. St Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

CONDITIONS

Operator:	OGRID:
Enterprise Field Services, LLC	241602
PO Box 4324	Action Number:
Houston, TX 77210	384192
	Action Type:
	[IM-SD] Incident File Support Doc (ENV) (IM-BNF)

CONDITIONS

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		Date
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Action 384192