Certificate of Analysis

Number: 6030-24010190-001A

Artesia Laboratory
200 E Main St.
Artesia, NM 88210
Phone 575-746-3481

Chandler Montgomery
Occidental Petroleum
1502 W Commerce Dr.
Carlsbad, NM 88220

Jan. 18, 2024

Field:	PERMIAN_RESOURCES	Sampled By:	Roberto Andrade
Station Name:	Falcon Ridge CGL Check	Sample Of:	Gas Spot
Station Number:	16920C	Sample Date:	01/16/2024 01:45
Station Location:	OP-L3821-CS001	Sample Conditions:	1212.9 psig, @ 93.1 °F Ambient: 25 °F
Sample Point:	Meter	Effective Date:	01/16/2024 01:45
Formation:	NEW_MEXICO	Flow Rate:	9433.446 MSCFD
County:	Lea	Method:	GPA-2261M
Well Name:	CDP	Cylinder No:	1111-007142
Type of Sample: :	Spot-Cylinder	Instrument:	70104251 (Inficon GC-MicroFusion)
Heat Trace Used:	N/A	Last Inst. Cal.:	01/15/2024 0:00 AM
Sampling Method: :	Fill and Purge	Analyzed:	01/17/2024 12:26:56 by EBH
Sampling Company: :	SPL		

Analytical Data

Components	Un-normalized Mol %	Mol. %	Wt. %	GPM at 14.65 psia
Hydrogen Sulfide	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	
Nitrogen	1.2630	1.2839	1.5206	
Carbon Dioxide	1.0472	1.0645	1.9807	
Methane	68.8088	69.9451	47.4405	
Ethane	12.6002	12.8083	16.2829	3.422
Propane	8.8294	8.9752	16.7325	2.470
Iso-Butane	1.2093	1.2293	3.0208	0.402
n-Butane	2.8878	2.9355	7.2135	0.924
Iso-Pentane	0.6543	0.6651	2.0288	0.243
n-Pentane	0.5769	0.5864	1.7887	0.212
Hexanes	0.2932	0.2980	1.0857	0.122
Heptanes	0.1717	0.1745	0.7393	0.080
Octanes	0.0323	0.0328	0.1584	0.017
Nonanes Plus	0.0014	0.0014	0.0076	0.001
	98.3755	100.0000	100.0000	7.893

Calculated Physical Properties	Total	C9+
Calculated Molecular Weight	23.65	128.26
Compressibility Factor	0.9954	
Relative Density Real Gas	0.8201	4.4283
GPA 2172 Calculation:		
Calculated Gross BTU per ft³ @ 14.65 psia & 60°F		
Real Gas Dry BTU	1372.7	6974.4
Water Sat. Gas Base BTU	1349.3	6852.4
Ideal, Gross HV - Dry at 14.65 psia	1366.4	6974.4
Ideal, Gross HV - Wet	1342.5	6852.4

Comments: H2S Field Content 0 ppm
FMP/LSE N/A, WO#4001595465

Hydrocarbon Laboratory Manager

Quality Assurance: The above analyses are performed in accordance with ASTM, UOP, GPA guidelines for quality assurance, unless otherwise stated.

UPSET FLARING EVENT SPECIFIC JUSTIFICATIONS FORM

Facility: Falcon Ridge CGL **Flare Date:** 12/07/2024

Duration of Event: 2 Hours **MCF Flared:** 215

Start Time: 10:00 PM **End Time:** 11:59 PM

Cause: Emergency Flare > Downstream Activity > Targa > Equipment and O2 Issues

Method of Flared Gas Measurement: Gas Flare Meter

1. Reason why this event was beyond Operator's control:

The emissions event was caused by the unforeseen, unexpected, sudden, and unavoidable interruption, restriction, or complete shut-in of a gas pipeline by a third-party pipeline compressor station operator, which impacted Oxy's ability to send gas to them. This interruption, restriction, or complete shut-in of the gas pipeline by a third-party pipeline compression station operator is downstream of Oxy's custody transfer point and out of Oxy's control to foresee, avoid or prevent from happening and did not stem from any of Oxy's upstream facility activity that could have been foreseen and avoided, and could not have been avoided by good design, operation, and preventative maintenance practices. In this case, Targa, third party downstream operator, had O2 and equipment issues on their end, which in turn caused them to shut in their intake gas service, suddenly and unexpectedly to Oxy, which in turn caused Oxy to have trouble with gas takeaway, which then triggered a flaring event to occur when gas backed up. This event could not have been foreseen, avoided, or prevented from happening as this event occurred with no advance notice or warning from Targa Gas Control or their field personnel.

2. Steps Taken to limit duration and magnitude of venting or flaring:

It is OXY's policy to route its stranded gas to a flare during an unforeseen and unavoidable emergency or malfunction, that is beyond Oxy's control to avoid, prevent or foresee, to minimize emissions as much as possible as part of the overall steps taken to limit duration and magnitude of flaring. In this case, Targa, third party downstream operator, had O2 and equipment issues on their end, which in turn caused them to shut in their intake gas service, suddenly and unexpectedly to Oxy, which in turn caused Oxy to have trouble with gas takeaway, which then triggered a flaring event to occur when gas backed up. As soon as flaring was triggered, field personnel engaged in Oxy's third party pipeline operation curtailment reactive stratagems and quickly had the optimizer cut injection rates to wells. Once pressure stayed below the facility's flare trigger setpoints, did flaring cease. To mitigate the risks associated with overpressure and to ensure the safety of our operations, we have had to resort to controlled and safety flaring, which takes time to do. This process allows us to safely burn off the excess gas, thereby preventing potential hazards such as equipment damage, leaks, or even explosions. While flaring is not Oxy's preferred method of handling excess gas, it is a necessary step under these exceptional circumstances to maintain the integrity and safety of our operations. This flaring situation was beyond OXY's control, but Oxy took all possible measures to reduce emissions effectively.

3. Corrective Actions taken to eliminate the cause and reoccurrence of venting or flaring:

Oxy is unable to take any corrective actions to eliminate the cause and potential reoccurrence of a downstream third-party owned and operated gas plant's issues, as this is downstream of Oxy's custody transfer point and out of Oxy's control to foresee, avoid, prevent from happening or reoccur. When Targa has equipment or gas capacity issues or greatly struggles to handle the volume of gas being sent to them by Oxy, Targa then restricts Oxy's ability to send gas, which then prompts Oxy to route all its stranded gas to flare. OXY makes every effort to control and minimize emissions as much as possible. The only actions that Oxy can take and handle that is within its control, is to continually communicate with Targa personnel, who own and operate the sales gas pipeline, when possible, during these types of circumstances.

Sante Fe Main Office
Phone: (505) 476-3441

General Information
Phone: (505) 629-6116

Online Phone Directory
https://www.emnrd.nm.gov/ocd/contact-us

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources
Oil Conservation Division
1220 S. St Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87505

DEFINITIONS

Operator: OXY USA INC P.O. Box 4294 Houston, TX 772104294	OGRID: 16696
	Action Number: 414562
	Action Type: [C-129] Venting and/or Flaring (C-129)

DEFINITIONS

For the sake of brevity and completeness, please allow for the following in all groups of questions and for the rest of this application:

- this application's operator, hereinafter "this operator";
- venting and/or flaring, hereinafter "vent or flare";
- any notification or report(s) of the C-129 form family, hereinafter "any C-129 forms";
- the statements in (and/or attached to) this, hereinafter "the statements in this";
- and the past tense will be used in lieu of mixed past/present tense questions and statements.

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QUESTIONS

Action 414562

QUESTIONS

Operator: OXY USA INC P.O. Box 4294 Houston, TX 772104294	OGRID: 16696
	Action Number: 414562
	Action Type: [C-129] Venting and/or Flaring (C-129)

QUESTIONS

Prerequisites	
Any messages presented in this section, will prevent submission of this application. Please resolve these issues before continuing with the rest of the questions.	
Incident Well	*Unavailable.*
Incident Facility	**[fAPP2333082512] Falcon Ridge CGL CS**

Determination of Reporting Requirements	
Answer all questions that apply. The Reason(s) statements are calculated based on your answers and may provide addional guidance.	
Was this vent or flare caused by an emergency or malfunction	Yes
Did this vent or flare last eight hours or more cumulatively within any 24-hour period from a single event	No
Is this considered a submission for a vent or flare event	**Yes, minor venting and/or flaring of natural gas.**
An operator shall file a form C-141 instead of a form C-129 for a release that, includes liquid during venting and/or flaring that is or may be a major or minor release under 19.15.29.7 NMAC.	
Was there **at least 50 MCF** of natural gas vented and/or flared during this event	Yes
Did this vent or flare result in the release of **ANY** liquids (not fully and/or completely flared) that reached (or has a chance of reaching) the ground, a surface, a watercourse, or otherwise, with reasonable probability, endanger public health, the environment or fresh water	No
Was the vent or flare within an incorporated municipal boundary or withing 300 feet from an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church in existence	No

Equipment Involved	
Primary Equipment Involved	Other (Specify)
Additional details for Equipment Involved. Please specify	Emergency Flare > Downstream Activity > Targa > Equipment and O2 Issues

Representative Compositional Analysis of Vented or Flared Natural Gas	
Please provide the mole percent for the percentage questions in this group.	
Methane (CH4) percentage	70
Nitrogen (N2) percentage, if greater than one percent	1
Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) PPM, rounded up	0
Carbon Dioxide (C02) percentage, if greater than one percent	1
Oxygen (02) percentage, if greater than one percent	0
If you are venting and/or flaring because of Pipeline Specification, please provide the required specifications for each gas.	
Methane (CH4) percentage quality requirement	*Not answered.*
Nitrogen (N2) percentage quality requirement	*Not answered.*
Hydrogen Sufide (H2S) PPM quality requirement	*Not answered.*
Carbon Dioxide (C02) percentage quality requirement	*Not answered.*
Oxygen (02) percentage quality requirement	*Not answered.*

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QUESTIONS (continued)

Operator: OXY USA INC P.O. Box 4294 Houston, TX 772104294	OGRID: 16696
	Action Number: 414562
	Action Type: [C-129] Venting and/or Flaring (C-129)

QUESTIONS

Date(s) and Time(s)	
Date vent or flare was discovered or commenced	12/07/2024
Time vent or flare was discovered or commenced	10:00 PM
Time vent or flare was terminated	11:59 PM
Cumulative hours during this event	2

Measured or Estimated Volume of Vented or Flared Natural Gas	
Natural Gas Vented (Mcf) Details	*Not answered.*
Natural Gas Flared (Mcf) Details	Cause: Other | Other (Specify) | Natural Gas Flared | Released: 215 Mcf | Recovered: 0 Mcf | Lost: 215 Mcf.
Other Released Details	*Not answered.*
Additional details for Measured or Estimated Volume(s). Please specify	Gas Flare Meter
Is this a gas only submission (i.e. only significant Mcf values reported)	**Yes, according to supplied volumes this appears to be a "gas only" report.**

Venting or Flaring Resulting from Downstream Activity	
Was this vent or flare a result of downstream activity	Yes
Was notification of downstream activity received by this operator	No
Downstream OGRID that should have notified this operator	[24650] TARGA MIDSTREAM SERVICES LLC
Date notified of downstream activity requiring this vent or flare	*Not answered.*
Time notified of downstream activity requiring this vent or flare	*Not answered.*

Steps and Actions to Prevent Waste	
For this event, this operator could not have reasonably anticipated the current event and it was beyond this operator's control.	True
Please explain reason for why this event was beyond this operator's control	The emissions event was caused by the unforeseen, unexpected, sudden, and unavoidable interruption, restriction, or complete shut-in of a gas pipeline by a third-party pipeline compressor station operator, which impacted Oxy's ability to send gas to them. This interruption, restriction, or complete shut-in of the gas pipeline by a third-party pipeline compression station operator is downstream of Oxy's custody transfer point and out of Oxy's control to foresee, avoid or prevent from happening and did not stem from any of Oxy's upstream facility activity that could have been foreseen and avoided, and could not have been avoided by good design, operation, and preventative maintenance practices. In this case, Targa, third party downstream operator, had O2 and equipment issues on their end, which in turn caused them to shut in their intake gas service, suddenly and unexpectedly to Oxy, which in turn caused Oxy to have trouble with gas takeaway, which then triggered a flaring event to occur when gas backed up. This event could not have been foreseen, avoided, or prevented from happening as this event occurred with no advance notice or warning from Targa Gas Control or their field personnel.
	It is OXY's policy to route its stranded gas to a flare during an unforeseen and unavoidable emergency or malfunction, that is beyond Oxy's control to avoid, prevent or foresee, to minimize emissions as much as possible as part of the overall steps taken to limit duration and magnitude of flaring. In this case, Targa, third party downstream operator, had O2 and equipment issues on their end, which in turn caused them to shut in their intake gas service, suddenly and unexpectedly to Oxy, which in turn caused Oxy to have trouble with gas

Steps taken to limit the duration and magnitude of vent or flare	takeaway, which then triggered a flaring event to occur when gas backed up. As soon as flaring was triggered, field personnel engaged in Oxy's third party pipeline operation curtailment reactive stratagems and quickly had the optimizer cut injection rates to wells. Once pressure stayed below the facility's flare trigger setpoints, did flaring cease. To mitigate the risks associated with overpressure and to ensure the safety of our operations, we have had to resort to controlled and safety flaring, which takes time to do. This process allows us to safely burn off the excess gas, thereby preventing potential hazards such as equipment damage, leaks, or even explosions. While flaring is not Oxy's preferred method of handling excess gas, it is a necessary step under these exceptional circumstances to maintain the integrity and safety of our operations. This flaring situation was beyond OXY's control, but Oxy took all possible measures to reduce emissions effectively.
Corrective actions taken to eliminate the cause and reoccurrence of vent or flare	Oxy is unable to take any corrective actions to eliminate the cause and potential reoccurrence of a downstream third-party owned and operated gas plant's issues, as this is downstream of Oxy's custody transfer point and out of Oxy's control to foresee, avoid, prevent from happening or reoccur. When Targa has equipment or gas capacity issues or greatly struggles to handle the volume of gas being sent to them by Oxy, Targa then restricts Oxy's ability to send gas, which then prompts Oxy to route all its stranded gas to flare. OXY makes every effort to control and minimize emissions as much as possible. The only actions that Oxy can take and handle that is within its control, is to continually communicate with Targa personnel, who own and operate the sales gas pipeline, when possible, during these types of circumstances.

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Operator: OXY USA INC P.O. Box 4294 Houston, TX 772104294	OGRID: 16696
	Action Number: 414562
	Action Type: [C-129] Venting and/or Flaring (C-129)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

☑	I acknowledge that I am authorized to submit a *Venting and/or Flaring* (C-129) report on behalf of this operator and understand that this report can be **a complete** C-129 submission per 19.15.27.8 and 19.15.28.8 NMAC.
☑	I acknowledge that upon submitting this application, I will be creating a new incident file (assigned to this operator) to track any C-129 forms, pursuant to 19.15.27.7 and 19.15.28.8 NMAC and understand that this submission meets the notification requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection G and F respectively.
☑	I hereby certify the statements in this report are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and acknowledge that any false statement may be subject to civil and criminal penalties under the Oil and Gas Act.
☑	I acknowledge that the acceptance of any C-129 forms by the OCD does not relieve this operator of liability should their operations have failed to adequately investigate, report, and remediate contamination that poses a threat to groundwater, surface water, human health, or the environment.
☑	I acknowledge that OCD acceptance of any C-129 forms does not relieve this operator of responsibility for compliance with any other applicable federal, state, or local laws and/or regulations.

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CONDITIONS

Operator: OXY USA INC P.O. Box 4294 Houston, TX 772104294	OGRID: 16696
	Action Number: 414562
	Action Type: [C-129] Venting and/or Flaring (C-129)

CONDITIONS

Created By	Condition	Condition Date
marialuna2	If the information provided in this report requires an amendment, submit a [C-129] Amend Venting and/or Flaring Incident (C-129A), utilizing your incident number from this event.	12/22/2024