# Initial

# Application

# Part I

Received: <u>12/12/2019</u>

This application is placed in file for record. It MAY or MAY NOT have been reviewed to be determined Administratively Complete

## 4TGGK-191212-C-1080

Revised March 23, 2017

REVIEWER: APP NO: pBL1934643155

ABOVE THIS TABLE FOR OCD DIVISION USE ONLY



NEW MEXICO OIL COI	NSERVATION DIVISION
- Geological & Engir	neering Bureau –
1220 South St. Francis Drive	e, Santa Fe, NM 87505
	Обектатом от
ADMINISTRATIVE APP	
ihis Checklist is mandatory for all administrativ REGULATIONS WHICH REQUIRE PROCESSI	/E APPLICATIONS FOR EXCEPTIONS TO DIVISION RULES AND NG AT THE DIVISION LEVEL IN SANTA FE
A P. L. Trans France of IW Ave. LLC	272400
Applicant: Trove Energy and Water, LLC	OGRID Number: 372488
Well Name: Midnight Flyer Federal SWD No.1  Pool: Proposed: SWD; Devonian-Silurian	API: 30-015-xxxxx
110posed: 5WD, Devolitari-Sharian	Pool Code: 97869
	I REQUIRED TO PROCESS THE TYPE OF APPLICATION ED BELOW
1) <b>TYPE OF APPLICATION:</b> Check those which appl	,
A. Location – Spacing Unit – Simultaneous De	
LINOL LINOP (PROJECT AREA)	□NSP(proration unit) □SD SWD-2355
B. Check one only for [1] or [11]	SWD-2555
[1] Commingling – Storage – Measuremen	nt
. DHC □CTB □PLC □PC	
[ II ] Injection – Disposal – Pressure Increase	
□ WFX □ PMX ■SWD □ IPI	□ EOR □ PPR FOR OCD ONLY
2) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED TO: Check those which	
A. Offset operators or lease holders	Notice Complete
B. Royalty, overriding royalty owners, reve	nue owners Application
C. Application requires published notice	☐ Content
D. Notification and/or concurrent approve	al by SLO Complete
<ul><li>E.  Notification and/or concurrent approve</li><li>F.  Surface owner</li></ul>	al by BLM
<ul><li>F. Surface owner</li><li>G. For all of the above, proof of notification</li></ul>	on or publication is attached, and/or
H. ☐ No notice required	Troi publication is affactica, affa, of,
3) <b>CERTIFICATION:</b> I hereby certify that the information	
administrative approval is accurate and comple	, <u> </u>
understand that <b>no action</b> will be taken on this on the notifications are submitted to the Division.	application until the required information and
nonneanons are sobrinted to the Division.	
Note: Statement must be completed by an indiv	idual with managerial and/or supervisory capacity.
	12/11/2019
Ben Stone	Date
Print or Type Name	903-488-9850
	Phone Number
20	
- Ser Jone	ben@sosconsulting.us
Signature	e-mail Address





Oil & Gas Accounting - Regulatory Processing Assistance - Oil Field Technical Assistance

December 12, 2019

New Mexico Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

Attn: Ms. Adrienne Sandoval, Director

Re: Application of Trove Energy and Water, LLC to permit for salt water disposal the proposed Midnight Flyer Federal SWD No.1, located in Section 24, Township 26 South, Range 31 East, NMPM, Eddy County, New Mexico.

Dear Ms. Sandoval,

Please find the enclosed form C-108 Application for Authority to Inject, supporting the above-referenced request for salt water disposal. The well will be operated as a commercial endeavor offering operators in the area additional options for produced water disposal.

Trove Energy and Water is a developing salt water disposal services to operators in southeast New Mexico and seeks to optimize efficiency, both economically and operationally, of all its operations. Approval of this application is consistent with that goal as well as the NMOCD's mission of preventing waste and protection of correlative rights.

This application for a proposed Devonian SWD interval includes the currently mandated increased One-Mile Area of Review including pertinent and available seismic information for the area and region and, data and information to support an upsize tubing request. Published legal notice ran December 12, 2019 in the Artesia Daily Press and all offset operators and other affected parties have been notified individually. The legal notice affidavit is included with this application. The application also includes a wellbore schematic, area of review maps, affected party plat and other required information for a complete Form C -108. The well is located on federal surface and minerals and the Bureau of Land Management CFO and offset operators have been notified of this application.

I respectfully request that the approval of this salt water disposal well proceed swiftly and if you or your staff requires additional information or has any questions, please do not hesitate to call or email me.

Best regards,

Ben Stone, Partner SOS Consulting, LLC

Agent for Trove Energy and Water, LLC

Cc: Application attachment and file

STATE OF NEW MEXICO ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT

## Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

FORM C-108 Revised June 10, 2003

## **APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION TO INJECT**

I. PURPOSE: Salt Water Disposal and the application QUALIFIES for administrative approval.

II. OPERATOR:

Trove Energy and Water, LLC

ADDRESS:

1919 North Turner, Hobbs, NM 88240

CONTACT PARTY: Agent: SOS Consulting, LLC - Ben Stone (903) 488-9850

- III. WELL DATA: All well data and applicable wellbore diagrams are ATTACHED.
- IV. This is not an expansion of an existing project.
- V. A map is attached that identifies all wells and leases within two miles of any proposed injection well with a ONE-Mile radius circle drawn around each proposed injection well. This circle identifies the well's area of review.
- \*VI. A tabulation is attached of data on all wells of public record within the area of review which penetrate the proposed injection zone.

  There are NO (0) Wells in the subject AOR which Penetrate the proposed Devonian interval. The data includes a description of each well's type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, and a schematic of any plugged well illustrating all plugging detail.

  NO P&A Wells penetrate.
- VII. The following data is ATTACHED on the proposed operation, including:
  - 1. Proposed average and maximum daily rate and volume of fluids to be injected;
  - 2. Whether the system is open or closed;
  - 3. Proposed average and maximum injection pressure;
  - 4. Sources and an appropriate analysis of injection fluid and compatibility with the receiving formation if other than reinjected produced water: and.
  - 5. If injection is for disposal purposes into a zone not productive of oil or gas at or within one mile of the proposed well, attach a chemical analysis of the disposal zone formation water (may be measured or inferred from existing literature, studies, nearby wells, etc.).
- \*VIII. Appropriate geologic data on the injection zone is ATTACHED including appropriate lithologic detail, geologic name, thickness, and depth. Give the geologic name, and depth to bottom of all underground sources of drinking water (aquifers containing waters with total dissolved solids concentrations of 10,000 mg/l or less) overlying the proposed injection zone as well as any such sources known to be immediately underlying the injection interval.
- IX. Stimulation program a conventional acid job may be performed to clean and open the formation.
- \*X. Attach appropriate logging and test data on the well. (If well logs have been filed with the Division, they need not be resubmitted). Well Logs will be filed with OCD.
- \*XI. There are is 1 water well/ POD within one mile of the proposed salt water disposal well. A representative analysis is included in this application.
- XII. An affirmative statement is ATTACHED that available geologic and engineering data has been examined and no evidence was found of open faults or any other hydrologic connection between the disposal zone and any underground sources of drinking water
- XIII. "Proof of Notice" section on the next page of this form has been completed and ATTACHED. There are 4 offset operators/ lessees and/or mineral owners within 1 mile and federal minerals all have been noticed. Well location is Federal.
- XIV. Certification: I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

NAME: Ben Stone TITLE: SOS Consulting, LLC agent for Trove Energy and Water, LLC

SIGNATURE: \_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

E-MAIL ADDRESS: ben@sosconsulting.us

\* If the information required under Sections VI, VIII, X, and XI above has been previously submitted, it need not be resubmitted. Please show the date and circumstances of the earlier submittal:

## FORM C-108 - APPLICATION FOR AUTHORIZATION TO INJECT (cont.)

- III. WELL DATA The following information and data is included (See ATTACHED Wellbore Schematic):
- A. The following well data must be submitted for each injection well covered by this application. The data must be both in tabular and schematic form and shall include:
  - (1) Lease name; Well No., Location by Section, Township and Range; and footage location within the section.
  - (2) Each casing string used with its size, setting depth, sacks of cement used, hole size, top of cement, and how such top was determined.
  - (3) A description of the tubing to be used including its size, lining material, and setting depth.
  - (4) The name, model, and setting depth of the packer used or a description of any other seal system or assembly used.

Division District Offices have supplies of Well Data Sheets which may be used or which may be used as models for this purpose. Applicants for several identical wells may submit a "typical data sheet" rather than submitting the data for each well.

- B. The following must be submitted for each injection well covered by this application. All items must be addressed for the initial well. Responses for additional wells need be shown only when different. Information shown on schematics need not be repeated.
  - (1) The name of the injection formation and, if applicable, the field or pool name.
  - (2) The injection interval and whether it is perforated or open-hole.
  - (3) State if the well was drilled for injection or, if not, the original purpose of the well.
  - (4) Give the depths of any other perforated intervals and detail on the sacks of cement or bridge plugs used to seal off such perforations.
  - (5) Give the depth to and the name of the next higher and next lower oil or gas zone in the area of the well, if any.
- XIV. PROOF OF NOTICE pursuant to the following criteria is ATTACHED.

All applicants must furnish proof that a copy of the application has been furnished, by certified or registered mail, to the owner of the surface of the land on which the well is to be located and to each leasehold operator within one-half mile of the well location.

Where an application is subject to administrative approval, a proof of publication must be submitted. Such proof shall consist of a copy of the legal advertisement which was published in the county in which the well is located. The contents of such advertisement must include:

- (1) The name, address, phone number, and contact party for the applicant;
- (2) The intended purpose of the injection well; with the exact location of single wells or the Section, Township, and Range location of multiple wells;
- (3) The formation name and depth with expected maximum injection rates and pressures; and,
- (4) A notation that interested parties must file objections or requests for hearing with the Oil Conservation Division, 1220 South St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505, within 15 days.

NO ACTION WILL BE TAKEN ON THE APPLICATION UNTIL PROPER PROOF OF NOTICE HAS BEEN SUBMITTED.

NOTICE: Surface owners or offset operators must file any objections or requests for hearing of administrative applications within 15 days from the date this application was mailed to them.

## C-108 - Items III, IV, V

## **Item III - Subject Well Data**

Wellbore Diagram – PROPOSED
Upsized Tubing Configuration; Supporting Info

## Item IV - Tabulation of AOR Wells

NO wells penetrate the proposed injection interval.

## Item V – Area of Review Maps

- 1. Two Mile AOR Map with One-Mile Fresh Water Well Radius
  - 2. One-Half Mile AOR Map

All Above Exhibits follow this page.

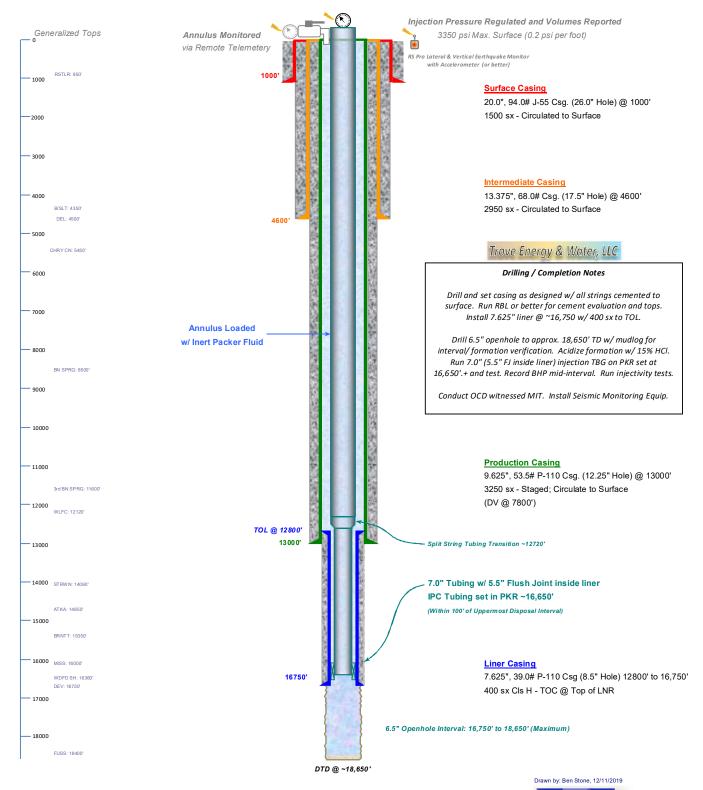


## WELL SCHEMATIC - PROPOSED Midnight Flyer Federal SWD Well No.1

## API 30-015-xxxxx

50' FSL & 2620' FWL, SEC. 24-T26S-R31E EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO SWD; Devonian-Silurian (97869)

Spud Date: 6/15/2020 SWD Config Dt: 8/01/2020



## Subject Well Data

## Trove Energy and Water, LLC

## Supporting Information for INCREASED TUBING SIZE

## **Justification**

## Anticipated Need for Disposal Capacity

Daily produced water will INCREASE annually and by 2025, expectations are for an additional 1.1 million barrels per day *over current volumes*. It is estimated that 50 new SWDs need to be brought online in the Delaware Basin every year to meet the demand.

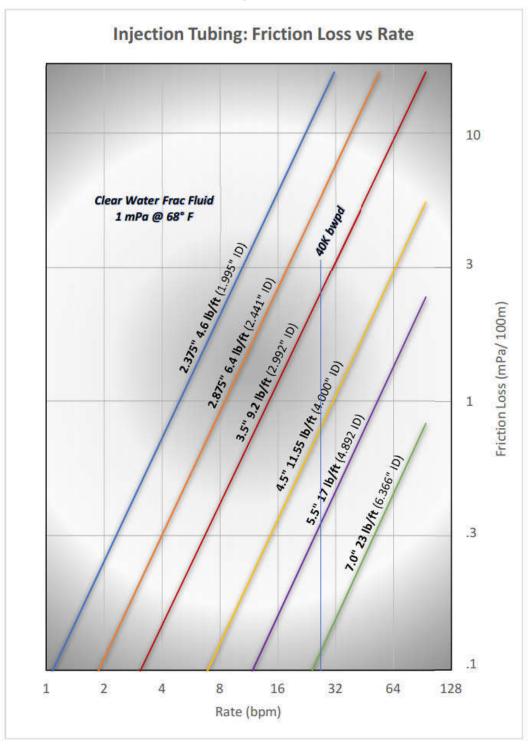
## More Capacity – Fewer Wells – Increased Safety

Going from currently approved 5 %-inch tubing strings to a full 7-inch string (5 %" inside liner only) reduces friction by 300%; if upsizing from a 4 %-inch string, friction is reduced by nearly 1000%. In any case, this allows operators to achieve the 40K to 50K bpd daily volumes with less horsepower and minimizing stress-induced mechanical failures from the tank battery, through the pump system and manifolds, to the well head and downhole. Lowering the chance for mechanical failure also enhances personnel safety. (See All Figures.)

## Larger Tubing Just Makes Sense for Today's Requirements

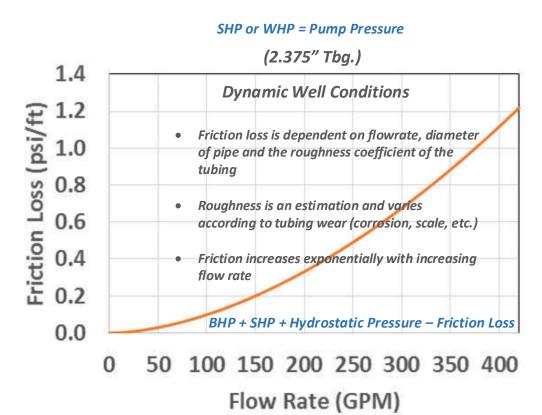
The risk of having to fish large diameter tubing from liner with close tolerance is challenging but, it has previously been well documented to the NMOCD that it can and has been performed successfully in many scenarios. Fishing tool companies have the tools to perform these jobs should the need arise. Some fishing jobs are tricky to be sure however; a sequence of events for 5 %" tubing to be dropped inside a  $7 \frac{5}{8}$ " liner is rare – the benefits far outweigh the risks.

Figure 1



Following the 40K bwpd line, it is apparent that attempting to obtain this rate even with 3.5" tubing is unrealistic – equipment failures occur. The 7.0 tubing offers minimal friction loss thereby allowing increased rates downhole and less impact to equipment. A comfortable rate for 3.5" might be about 6.5 bpm or, less than 10K bwpd as an example.

Figure 2
Friction Loss Curve

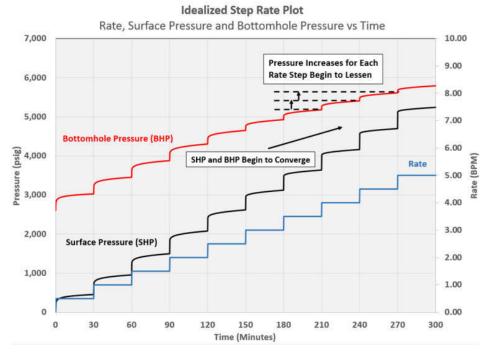


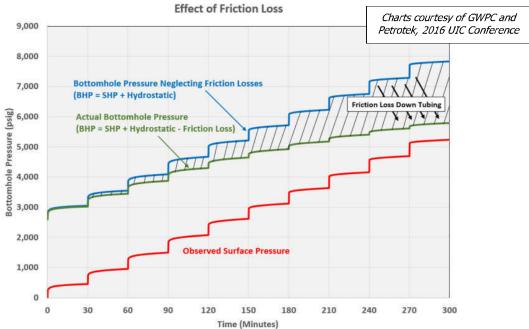
Bourgoyne, Millhelm, Chenevert, Young, Applied Drilling Engineering, 1991

**Hydrostatic Pressure - Clear Water** Pressure

Figure 3

Figure 4
Step Rate Test Charts Depict Friction Loss





The above charts are theoretical (shallow/ 2.375" TBG) but clearly depict the relationship between surface and bottomhole pressures; the top chart compares to rate and the bottom chart to friction loss. As shown in *Figure 1*, increasing tubing size reduces friction allowing a greater rate to reach the intended disposal interval and by using less horsepower.

## **Tubing Configuration Inside Liner**

The larger 7" casing is run to within 3 joints of the liner-top so the reduced friction benefits are realized. Then, to get to the packer setting depth (within 100 feet of the liner shoe; top of openhole interval) the tubing is swaged and reduced to the final 2,000 to 4000 feet. Friction goes up but, the shorter final length keeps it manageable while delivering the needed volumes. (See Large Figure – Trove Generic Proposed Well Schematic)

Specs – Tubing Inside Liner

5.5" 17.0#	OD	ID	Drift	Lined ID	Flare Drift
HCP-110 FJ					
	5.500	4.982	4.767	4.520	4.275
				Mall Thiskness	5.5" FJ
				Wall Thickness	Clearance
7.625" 39.0#	7.625	6.625	6.500	0.500	1.125
P-110 Liner					

## **Fishing Procedures**

A 6.625" O.D. <u>Bowen Series 150 overshot</u> (Assembly 8625) with a spiral grapple or equivalent would be utilized to perform an overshot operation. (Note: The 6.625" O.D. will be turned down to 6.500" O.D. prior to commencing operation.) Details on the overshot are shown below.

				Outsid	le Diameters	5.7/8" – 6.	7/8" inclu
Complete Assembly Ref.	0588	0593	0638	0651	0662	0663	0687
with Spiral Parts	C5171	5737	6655	4773	C4825	8625	C5174
Type	SH	FS	SH	SH	FS	SH	FS
Maximum Catch Size (Spiral)	5"	4.5/8"	5.1/4"	5.3/8"	5"	5.1/2"	5.1/4"
Maximum Catch Size (Basket)	4.1/2"	4"	4.5/8"	4.3/4"	4.1/4"	4.7/8"	4.1/2"
Assembly Weight (lbs.)	140	150	176	182	192	185	211
Overshot O/Dia.	5.7/8"	5.15/16"	6.3/8"	6.1/2"	6.5/8"	6.5/8"	6.7/8"
Top Sub	0588.1	0593.1	0638.1	0651.1	0662.1	0663.1	0687.1
-	A5172	5738	6656	4774	B4826	8626	A5175
Bowl	0588.2	0593.2	0638.2	0651.2	0662.2	0663.2	0687.2
	B5173	5735	4503	9205	B4827	8617	B4519
Standard Guide	0588.3	0593.3	0638.3	0651.3	0662.3	0663.3	0687.3
	B4371	192	4504	4775	L1074	8621	A4474
Spiral Grapple	0588.4	0593.4	0638.4	0651.4	0662.4	0663.4	0687.4
	B4369	196	4498	9207	M1071	8619	B4472
Spiral Grapple Control	0588.5	0593.5	0638.5	0651.5	0662.5	0663.5	0687.5
	B4370	193	4499	9208	M1072	8620	A4473
Packer	0588.6	0593.6	0638.6	0651.6	0662.6	0663.6	0687.6
	L5950	195	4505	9209	L4505	8618	B4520
Basket Grapple	0588.7	0593.7	0638.7	0651.7	0662.7	0663.7	0687.7
	B4369	196	4498	9207	M1071	8619	B4472
Basket Grapple Control	0588.8	0593.8	0638.8	0651.8	0662.8	0663.8	0687.8
	B4370	193	4499	9208	M1072	8620	A4473
Control Packer	0588.9	0593.9	0638.9	0651.9	0662.9	0663.9	0687.9
	L5950R	195R	4505R	9209R	M4505RS	8618R	B4520R
Mill Control Packer	0588.10	0593.10	0638.10	0651.10	0662.10	0663.10	0687.10
	L5950R	195R	4505R	9209R	M4505RS	8618R	B4520R

(Note: Similar fishing tools are available from various manufactures; Bowen is a major manufacturer of many downhole tools and considered a standard.)

## **Fishing Procedure – Other Circumstances**

## **Connection Break**

If dressing is needed, trip in hole with a mill and mill connection to allow for turned-down overshot to be latched onto the body of the tubing. If no milling is required, trip in hole with overshot and latch onto fish. Once latched, pick up string weight and pull to release packer. Once packer is released, trip out of hole with fish.

## Tubing Body Break

If dressing is needed, trip in hole with a mill and mill tubing to allow for turned-down overshot to be latched onto the body of the tubing. If no milling is required, trip in hole with turned-down overshot and latch onto fish. Once latched, pick up string weight and pull 1-2 points over hanging weight to release the packer (turn to release depending on model). Once packer is released, trip out of hole with fish. (Note: Wash pipe and mill may be substituted for dressing-off a break to ensure pipe stabilization and that the casing is not damaged due to milling.)

## Mill Cannot be Used

If an inadequate fishing neck is looking up and a mill cannot be used to dress the fish, a cutting tool may be utilized to cut off the damaged portion of tubing and a spear used to retrieve the cut-off piece. Once the cut-off piece is retrieved, the turned-down overshot may be used to retrieve the fish and release the packer. (Note: If pipe is severely damaged, this procedure may be repeated to retrieve the pipe in sections.)

## Spear Fishing Procedure

If a turned-down overshot cannot be used or the fishing neck is inadequate, a spear may be used to spear into the fish. In the case of insert-lined pipe, a smaller spear will be utilized to go inside the insert-liner and retrieve the lining. Once the lining has been removed, trip out of hole and pick up the proper sized spear for the subject pipe. Trip in hole with tubing spear, spear the fish, pick up string weight and pull 1-2 points over hanging weight to release the packer (turn to release depending on model). Trip out of hole with fish and packer assembly.

## **Abandonment Procedure**

If all attempts to fish fail, the operator may decide to abandon the zone or well. The tubing would be perforated with squeeze holes. A cement retainer or other seal assemble would be set at the top of the pipe and cement pumped to fill the annulus between the tubing and liner. The zone would be abandoned and sealed from fluid migration. The operator may decide to sidetrack from an appropriate depth and retry.

## Summary

An increase in tubing size to a 7" x 5.5" (inside liner) for **Trove Energy and Water's** above-mentioned proposed SWDs will likely NOT result in increased potential for seismic activity in the region nor cause mechanical problems in the event tubing must be fished. Upsizing tubing diameters will reduce the number of SWDs required to accommodate the disposal needs of the industry in southeastern New Mexico.

## **C-108 ITEM X**

## **LOGS and AVAILABLE TEST DATA**

A Standard Suite of Logs will be run after drilling the well and submitted to the Division.

## C-108 ITEM VII - PROPOSED OPERATION

## **Trove Midnight Flyer Federal SWD #1**

## **COMMERCIAL SWD FACILITY**

Upon approval of all permits for SWD, operations would begin within 30 days. Completion of the well operations will take approximately 6-8 weeks. Facility construction including installation of the tank battery, berms, plumbing and other and associated equipment would be occurring during the same interval but at a different location from the well. In any event, it is not expected for the facility construction phase of the project to last more than 60 days, depending on availability of contractors and equipment. Facility design is currently in the planning phase with a company which specializes in such construction.

## DRILL AND CONFIGURE FOR SALT WATER DISPOSAL

## **Interval Determination**

Prior to commencing disposal, Trove Energy and Water shall submit mudlog and geophysical logs information, to the Division's District geologist and Santa Fe Engineering Bureau, showing evidence agreeable that only the permitted formation is open for disposal including a summary of depths (picks)for contacts of the formations which the Division shall use to amend any order for a final description of the depth for the injection interval. If significant hydrocarbon shows occur while drilling, the operator shall notify Artesia district office and Trove will seek written permission prior to commencing disposal.

## Casing and Logging

Trove's design is to circulate all casing strings to surface. If cement does not circulate on any casing string, the Trove will run a cement bond log (CBL) or other log to determine top of cement and shall notify the Artesia district office with the top of cement (emergency phone number if after normal business hours) prior to continuing with any further cement activity with the proposed well. If cement does not tie back in to next higher casing shoe, the operator shall perform remedial cement job(s) to bring cement, at a minimum, 200 feet above the next higher casing shoe. The operator shall run a CBL (or equivalent) for the 7-5/8-inch liner to demonstrate placement cement and the cement bond with the tie-in with 9-5/8-inch casing string. All logs on the well will be copied to the Artesia district office; CBL logs and mudlogs will be provided prior to commencing disposal. Additionally, prior to commencing disposal the operator shall obtain a bottom-hole pressure of the open-hole completion. This information shall be provided with the sundry notice of commencement of disposal operations.

## **Monitoring and Reporting**

Prior to commencing any work, an NOI sundry(ies) will be submitted to configure the well for SWD and will detail the completion workover including all work otherwise described above, any change to the procedure noted herein and to perform mechanical integrity pressure test per OCD test procedures. (Notify NMOCD 24 hours prior.) The casing/tubing annulus will be monitored for communication with injection fluid or loss of casing integrity.

## C-108 ITEM VII - PROPOSED OPERATION

(continued)

## **OPERATIONAL SUMMARY**

The SWD facility will not be fenced so that trucks may access for load disposal 24/7.

Ultimately, Trove's plans would include tying the SWD into a pipeline, when and if available, so the well and injection equipment will be a closed system and equipped with pressure limiting devices and volume meters. The annulus, loaded with an inert, anti-corrosion packer fluid, will be monitored for pressure.

## SCADA System

The facility and tanks will be equipped with telemetry devices and visual alarms to alert the operator and customers of full tanks or an overflow situation. Operational details including rates, pressures, valve, tank and levels will be continually monitored and either controlled remotely or personnel dispatched for further action.

In addition to operational SCADA system control and monitoring, Trove is considering installing RS Pro Lateral & Vertical Earthquake Monitors with Accelerometer, or better for continuous monitoring. Data will be remotely accessible; monitored and shared as needed. An alternative solution being considered would employ a third party to provide seismic monitoring using public and private seismometers as available.

## Rates, Pressures, Releases

Anticipated daily maximum volume is 50,000 bpd and an average of 30,000 bpd at a maximum surface injection pressure of 3350 psi (.2 psi/ft gradient) – maximum pressure will be adjusted If the top of interval is modified after well logs are run.

Potential releases will be contained and cleaned up immediately. The operator shall repair or otherwise correct the situation within 48 hours before resuming operations. OCD will be notified within 24 hours of any release greater than 5 bbls. If required, remediation will start as soon as practicable. Operator shall comply with 19.15.29 NMAC and 19.15.30 NMAC; as necessary and appropriate and OCD form C-141 will be submitted promptly.

## **C-108 ITEM VII – PRODUCED WATER ANAYLSES**

**Item VII.4 – Water Analysis of Source Zone Water** 

Delaware Bone Spring Wolfcamp

**Item VII.5 – Water Analysis of Disposal Zone Water** 

Devonian

Water Analyses follow this page.

## C-108 Item VII.5 - Produced Water Data Trove Energy & Water, LLC - SEC SE Federal Project Area SOURCE ZONE

**DELAWARE**Lab ID

**API No** 3001510181 **Sample ID** 5532

Well Name SUPERIOR STATE 002 Sample No

**Location** ULSTR 08 25 S 30 E **Lat / Long** 32.14281 -103.89616

1980 S 660 E **County** Eddy

Operator (when sampled)

Field CORRAL CANYON Unit I

Sample Date Analysis Date

Sample Source SWAB Depth (if known)

Water Typ

ph alkalinity\_as\_caco3\_mgL

ph\_temp\_F hardness\_as\_caco3\_mgL

specificgravity hardness\_mgL
specificgravity\_temp\_F resistivity\_ohm\_cm

tds\_mgL 155173 resistivity\_ohm\_cm\_temp\_

tds\_mgL\_180C conductivity

chloride\_mgL 92820 conductivity\_temp\_F

sodium\_mgL carbonate\_mgL

calcium\_mgL bicarbonate\_mgL 122

iron\_mgL sulfate\_mgL 133

barium\_mgL hydroxide\_mgL

magnesium\_mgL h2s\_mgL co2\_mgL strontium\_mgL o2\_mgL

manganese\_mgL anionremarks

Remarks



## C-108 Item VII.5 - Produced Water Data Trove Energy & Water, LLC - SEC SE Federal Project Area **SOURCE ZONE**

BONE SPRING	
	Lab ID

Sample ID 6681 **API No** 3002533529

Sample No **Well Name** 002 THYME APY FEDERAL

Location ULSTR 01 23 S 32 Ε Lat / Long 32.33657 -103.62470

1650 Ε Ν 1650 County Lea

Operator (when sampled)

Field **RED TANK** Unit G

Sample Date 11/27/2001 Analysis Date

Sample Source Depth (if known) Water Typ

alkalinity\_as\_caco3\_mgL ph 6.1

ph\_temp\_F hardness\_as\_caco3\_mgL

specificgravity 1.15 hardness\_mgL

specificgravity\_temp\_F resistivity\_ohm\_cm

172896 tds\_mgL resistivity\_ohm\_cm\_temp

0

tds\_mgL\_180C conductivity

chloride\_mgL 104976 conductivity\_temp\_F

sodium\_mgL carbonate\_mgL

bicarbonate\_mgL 781 calcium\_mgL

0 sulfate\_mgL 1150 iron\_mgL

barium\_mgL 0 hydroxide\_mgL

0 magnesium\_mgL 2025 h2s\_mgL

potassium\_mgL co2\_mgL strontium\_mgL o2\_mgL

manganese\_mgL anionremarks

Remarks



## C-108 Item VII.5 - Produced Water Data Trove Energy & Water, LLC - SEC SE Federal Project Area SOURCE ZONE

WOLFCAMP Lab ID

**API No** 3002501678 **Sample ID** 5096

Well Name LAGUNA PLATA FEDERAL UNIT 001

**Location** ULSTR 22 19 S 33 E **Lat / Long** 32.64341 -103.64461

1980 S 710 E **County** Lea

Operator (when sampled)

Field TONTO Unit I

Sample Date Analysis Date

Sample Source DST Depth (if known)

Water Typ

ph alkalinity\_as\_caco3\_mgL

ph\_temp\_F hardness\_as\_caco3\_mgL

specificgravity hardness\_mgL

specificgravity\_temp\_F resistivity\_ohm\_cm

tds\_mgL 46915 resistivity\_ohm\_cm\_temp

tds\_mgL\_180C conductivity

chloride\_mgL 27270 conductivity\_temp\_F

sodium\_mgL carbonate\_mgL

calcium\_mgL bicarbonate\_mgL 714

iron\_mgL sulfate\_mgL 1116

h2s\_mgL

barium\_mgL hydroxide\_mgL

potassium\_mgL co2\_mgL strontium\_mgL o2\_mgL

manganese\_mgL anionremarks

Remarks

magnesium\_mgL



## C-108 Item VII.5 - Produced Water Data Trove Energy & Water, LLC - SEC SE Federal Project Area DISPOSAL ZONE

DEVONIAN	Lab ID

**API No** 3002521082 **Sample ID** 5720

Well Name ANTELOPE RIDGE UNIT 003

**Location** ULSTR 34 23 S 34 E **Lat/Long** 32.25922 -103.46068

1980 S 1650 W **County** Lea

Operator (when sampled)

Field ANTELOPE RIDGE Unit K

Sample Date 11/14/1967 Analysis Date

Sample Source UNKNOWN Depth (if known)

Water Typ

ph 6.9 alkalinity\_as\_caco3\_mgL

ph\_temp\_F hardness\_as\_caco3\_mgL

specificgravity hardness\_mgL

specificgravity\_temp\_F resistivity\_ohm\_cm

tds\_mgL 80187 resistivity\_ohm\_cm\_temp\_

tds\_mgL\_180C conductivity

chloride\_mgL 47900 conductivity\_temp\_F

sodium\_mgL carbonate\_mgL

calcium\_mgL bicarbonate\_mgL 476

iron\_mgL sulfate\_mgL 900

barium\_mgL hydroxide\_mgL

magnesium\_mgL h2s\_mgL

potassium\_mgL co2\_mgL

strontium\_mgL o2\_mgL

manganese\_mgL anionremarks

Remarks

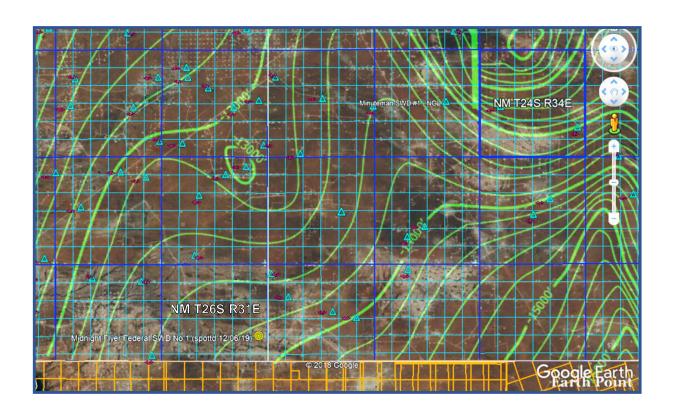


## **Geologic Information**

## **Devonian Structure Contour Intervals**

The Devonian and Silurian consist of carbonates including light colored dolomite and chert intervals interspersed with some tight limestone intervals. Several thick sections of porous dolomite capable of taking water are believed present within the subject formations in the area. Depth control data was inferred from deep wells in the area and charted contours. If the base of Devonian and top of Silurian rocks come in as expected the well will only be drilled deep enough for adequate logging rathole.

The overlay below was digitized from a classic contour map of the Devonian. The information is from various USGS and UT Bureau of Economic Geology publications. Some later contours provided by other SWD applicants show greater resolution but still tie in nicely to the depths as shown. Surface elevation at the subject site is 3160' suggesting a target depth of approximately 17,0010'. Trove used a 250' bracket to propose a top interval depth of 16,750' – final depths will be based on mud and openhole logs. Area Devonian SWD well depths and proposed well depths were also considered but with significant variance, Trove will rely on logging for best interval determination.

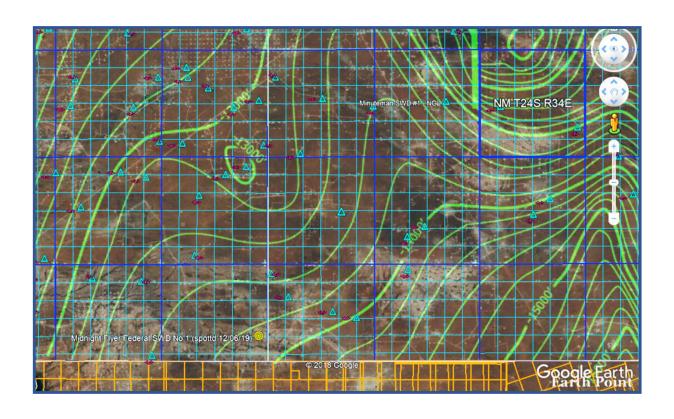


## **Geologic Information**

## **Devonian Structure Contour Intervals**

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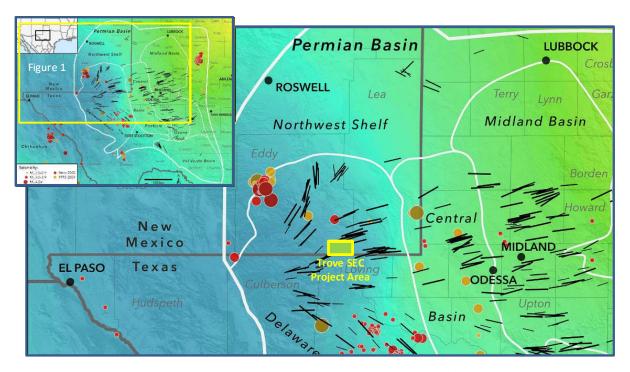
The overlay below was digitized from a classic contour map of the Devonian. The information is from various USGS and UT Bureau of Economic Geology publications. Some later contours provided by other SWD applicants show greater resolution but still tie in nicely to the depths as shown. Surface elevation at the subject site is 3160' suggesting a target depth of approximately 17,0010'. Trove used a 250' bracket to propose a top interval depth of 16,750' – final depths will be based on mud and openhole logs. Area Devonian SWD well depths and proposed well depths were also considered but with significant variance, Trove will rely on logging for best interval determination.



**Geological Data** 

## EARTHQUAKE / SEISMIC INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT

Map Source: <u>State of stress in the Permian Basin, Texas and New Mexico</u>: <u>Implications for induced seismicity (Figure 1)</u>; Jens-Erik Lund Snee/ Mark Zoback, February 2018



TROVE PSE PROJECT VICINITY

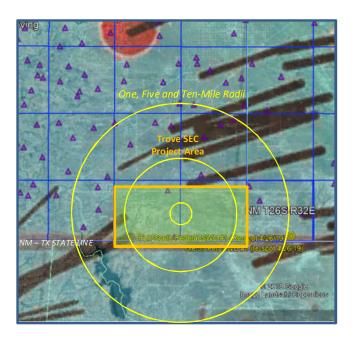


Figure 1. State of stress in the Permian Basin, Texas and New Mexico. Black lines are the measured orientations of the maximum horizontal stress (SHmax), with line length scaled by data quality. The colored background is an interpolation of measured relative principal stress magnitudes (faulting regime) expressed using the Aφ parameter (see text for details) of Simpson (1997). Blue lines are fault traces known to have experienced normalsense offset within the past 1.6 Ma, from the USGS Quaternary Faults and Folds Database (Crone and Wheeler, 2000). The boundary between the Shawnee and Mazatzal basement domains is from Lund et al. (2015), and the Precambrian Grenville Front is from Thomas (2006). The Permian Basin boundary is from the U.S. Energy Information Administration, and the subbasin boundaries are from the Texas Bureau of Economic Geology Permian Basin Geological Synthesis Project. Earthquakes are from the USGS National Earthquake Information Center, the TexNet Seismic Monitoring Program, and Gan and Frohlich (2013). Focal mechanisms are from Saint Louis University (Herrmann et al., 2011).

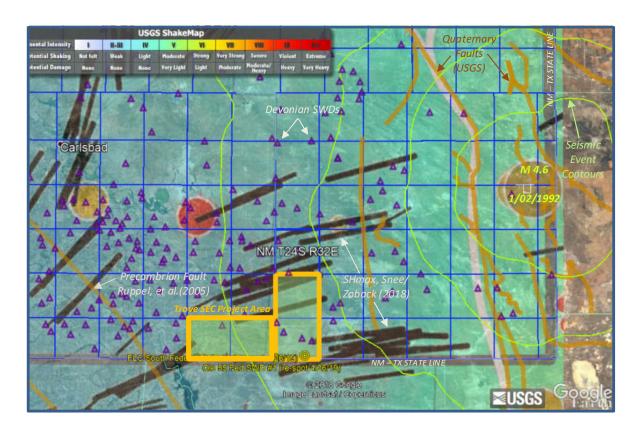
**Geological Data** 

## EARTHQUAKE / SEISMIC INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT (cont.)

In the following map, a layer with USGS historical earthquake data is overlaid and, a layer showing lines to represent Precambrian faults as documented by Ruppel, et al. (2005). Finally, a layer showing all currently permitted SWDs completed or proposed to be completed in the Devonian (Silurian) formation.

The USGS earthquakes shown are well known to the area. The 2012 quake located approximately 13 miles due east of Loving is also shown (19.2 miles). This was perhaps the most significant of the area in recent years but was determined to not be related to oil and gas activity. The best known and largest in recent history was the 1992, 4.6 magnitude quake centered south of Eunice, NM (36.0 miles).

The Precambrian faults and existing Devonian SWDs are discussed in more detail on the next page.



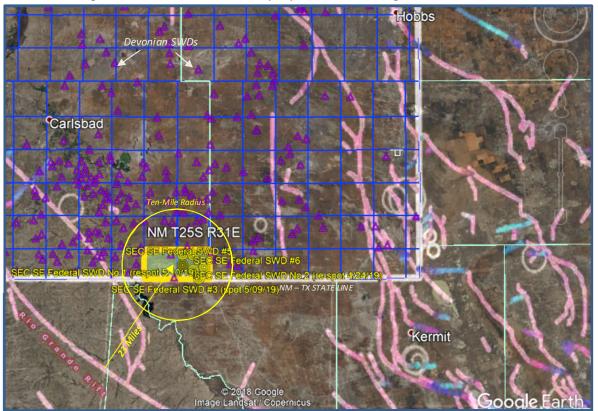
REGIONAL VIEW - DEVONIAN SWD LOCATIONS, PRECAMBRIAN FAULTS, SHMAX, USGS MAGNITUDE

**Geological Data** 

## EARTHQUAKE / SEISMIC INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT (cont.)

The primary Precambrian faults in the area as documented by Ruppel, et al. (2005) is represented on this map by the thick, pink colored lines. The most significant of these is the fault associated with the Rio Grande Rift, running southeast to northwest and, runs adjacent to a portion of Hwy 285; a portion the associated fault which runs parallel approximately 15 miles northeast is also depicted below. The Trove SEC Project SWD Area is located some 23 miles from the fault. Other documented faults (USGS, 2000) are shown for eastern Lea County and extending into west Texas. Other Devonian SWDs in the area are also shown (small purple triangles) completed or proposed to be completed in the Devonian (Silurian) formation.

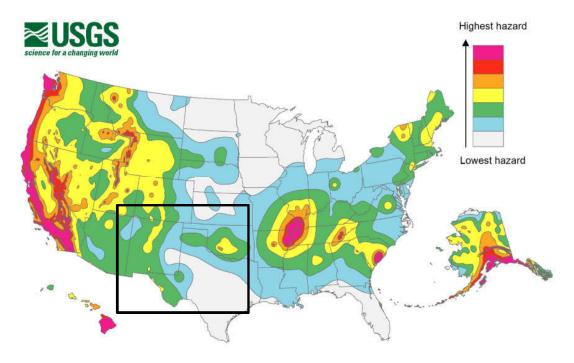
The previously referenced study by Snee and Zoback (shown on previous exhibits) evaluated the strike-slip probability using probabilistic FSP (Fault Slip Potential) analysis of known faults in the Permian Basin. The study predicts that the Precambrian fault shown here has less than a 10% probability of being critically stressed to the point of creating an induced seismicity event. The main reason for the low probability is due to the relationship of the strike of the fault to the regional S<sub>Hmax</sub> orientation; the proposed SWD being well removed from the area.



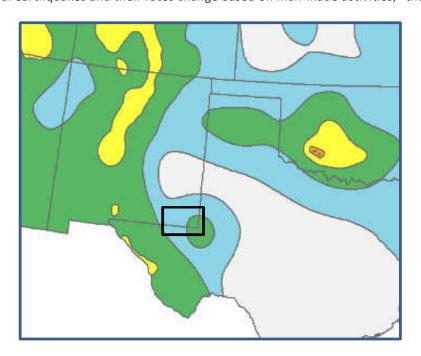
VICINITY - PERMITTED DEVONIAN SWDs, COMPOSITE FAULTS

**Geological Data** 

## EARTHQUAKE / SEISMIC INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT (cont.)

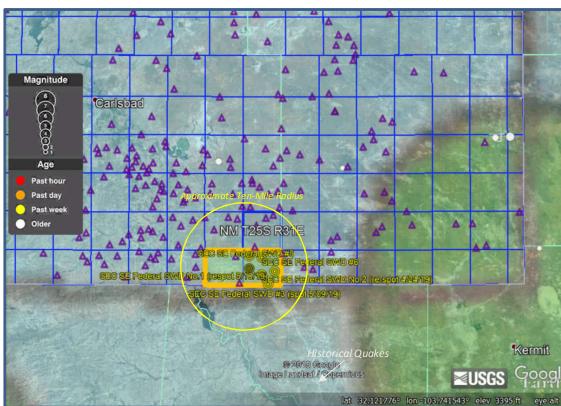


**2014 map data:** The USGS notes in its report that <u>fracking</u> may be to blame for a sizeable uptick in earthquakes in places like <u>Oklahoma</u>. "Some states have experienced increased seismicity in the past few years that may be associated with human activities such as the disposal of wastewater in deep wells," the report says. USGS hopes to use that data in future maps but it isn't included in this one. "Injection-induced earthquakes are challenging to incorporate into hazard models because they may not behave like natural earthquakes and their rates change based on man-made activities," the report says.



**Geological Data** 

EARTHQUAKE / SEISMIC INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT (cont.)



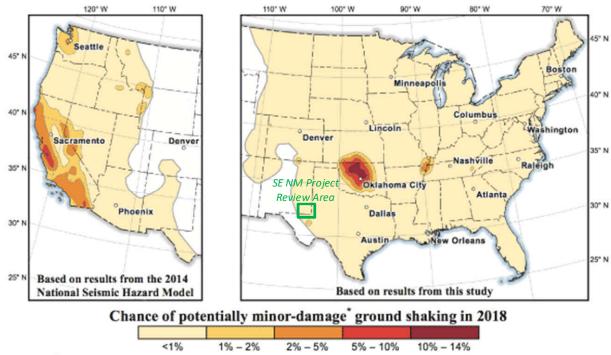
USGS 2014 REGIONAL MAP DATA OVERLAY IN GOOGLE EARTH W/ HISTORICAL EARTHQUAKES

An updated USGS map for 2018 is on the next page. While methodology remained essentially the same according to USGS, the interpreted results and color-coding did have some modification. However, the subject area in southeast New Mexico on both maps remains very low and on the 2018 map, the area is assigned a value of <1% of "potentially minor-damage ground shaking".

**Geological Data** 

## EARTHQUAKE / SEISMIC INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT (cont.)





equivalent to Modified Mercalli Intensity VI, which is defined as: "Felt by all, many frightened. Some heavy furniture moved; a few instances of fallen plaster. Damage slight."

Map showing chance of damage from an earthquake in the Central and Eastern United States during 2018. Percent chances are represented as follows: pale yellow, less than 1 percent; dark yellow, 1 to 2 percent; orange, 2 to 5 percent; red, 5 to 10 percent; dark red, 10 to 12 percent. See Hazard from the western United States from the 2014 National Seismic Hazard Maps (Petersen et al., 2014) for comparison.

The USGS has produced the 2018 one-year probabilistic seismic hazard forecast for the central and eastern United States from induced and natural earthquakes. For consistency, the updated 2018 forecast is developed using the same probabilistic seismicity-based methodology as applied in the two previous forecasts.

Based on publicly available data for the subject area, it is reasonable to believe the risk of induced seismic activity due to disposal injection into this well is extremely low.

# Trove Energy and Water, LLC

Fault Slip Potential Analysis



# **FSP Methodology**

- 4 FSP areas (100 square miles each) centered on townships in southeast New Mexico to cover all proposed **Trove SWDs.**
- Exact geologic conditions of the FSP areas are unknown.
- Two scenarios modeled for each FSP area using range of possible geologic conditions based on nearby geophysical logs.
- Scenario 1 uses low end of possible geologic conditions.
- Scenario 2 uses high end of possible geologic conditions.
- Each scenario modeled over 25 years. Stress gradients and pore pressure gradients derived from published papers (Snee and Zoback 2018)
- Reference depth, injection interval thickness, porosity, and permeability derived from nearby geophysical ogs penetrating the injection interval (New Mexico OCD 2019, see appendix).
- One mapped Precambrian fault in the 100 square mile area of review for FSP area 1. No mapped or known sedimentary or Precambrian faults in the 100 square mile area of review for FSP areas 2, 3, and 4 (USGS 2019 and Wilson 2018)
- Additional random faults generated using strike and dip consistent with known New Mexico faults (USGS 2019, Snee and Zoback 2018)
- Advanced geological parameters derived from well logs and confirmed with previous expert testimony in the region (Reynolds 2019)



2

# **Parameters**

Parameter	Value	Source
Vertical Stress Gradient (psi/ft)	1.1	Snee and Zoback (2018)
Horizontal Stress Direction (degrees azimuth)	75	Snee and Zoback (2018)
Reference Depth (ft)	16,600-17,500	Well Logs NMOCD (2019)
Initial Reservoir Pressure Gradient (psi/ft)	0.44	Snee and Zoback (2018)
A Phi	0.7	Snee and Zoback (2018)
Friction Coefficient	0.7	Snee and Zoback (2018)
Thickness with High Porosity (ft)	100-250	Well Logs NMOCD (2019)
Porosity (%)	5-10	Well Logs NMOCD (2019)
Permeability (mD)	10-100	Well Logs NMOCD (2019)
Fault Strike Minimum (degrees)	140	Snee and Zoback (2018)
Fault Strike Maximum (degrees)	190	Snee and Zoback (2018)
Fault Dip Minimum (degrees)	90	Snee and Zoback (2018)
Fault Dip Maximum (degrees)	90	Snee and Zoback (2018)
Density (kg/m^3)	1000	ALL Research and Reynolds (2019)
Dynamic Viscosity (Pa*s)	0.0003	ALL Research and Reynolds (2019)
Fluid Compressibility (Pa^-1)	4.70E-10	ALL Research and Reynolds (2019)
Rock Compressibility (Pa^-1)	8.70E-10	ALL Research and Reynolds (2019)



 $\sim$ 

# Injection Data

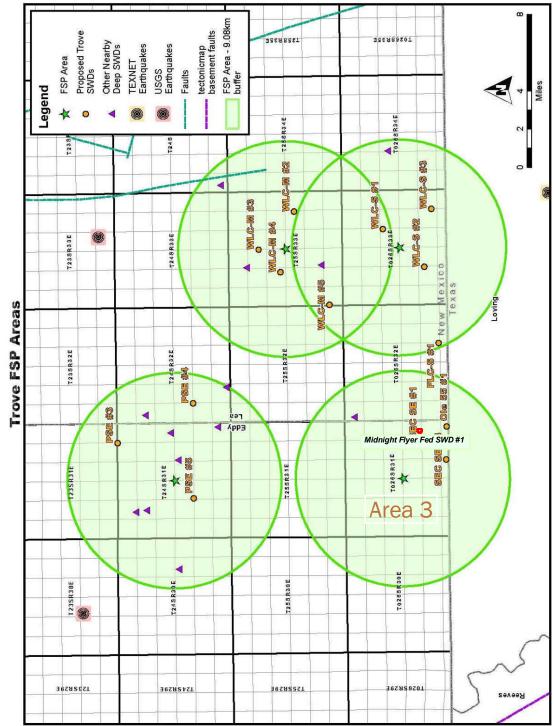
- 13 deep class II injection wells active in 2019 within 4 areas of review (see appendix).
- from injection start-date through April 2019 Monthly average injection rates calculated (see appendix).
- 14 proposed Trove SWDs within 4 areas of review.
- Proposed Trove SWDs assumed to inject at proposed average rate of 40,000 bpd.



4

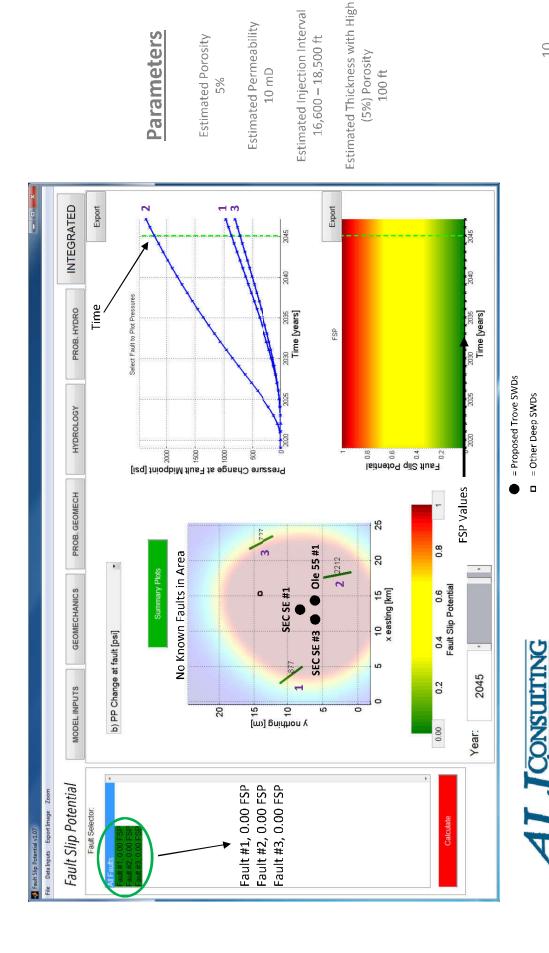
## $\Box$

# **FSP Areas**





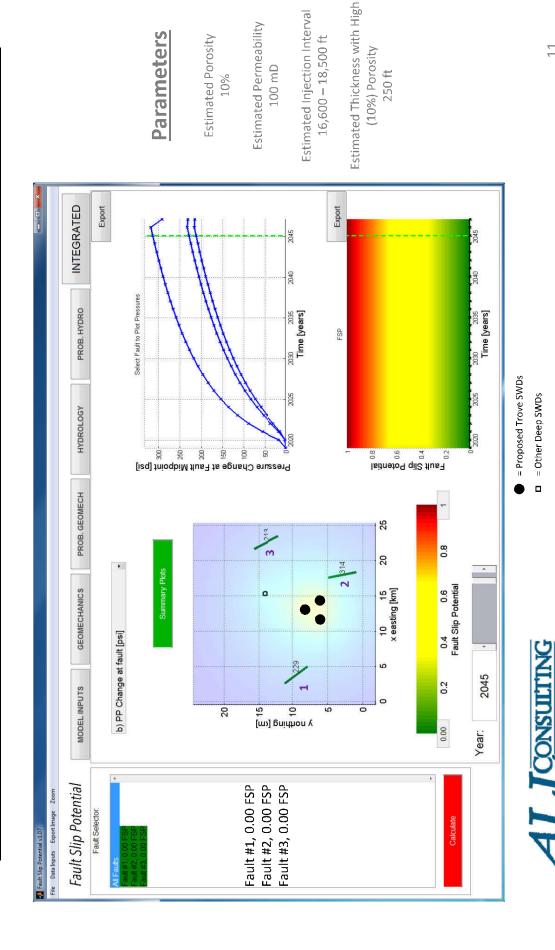
# FSP After 25 Years - Area 3 - Scenario 1



10

ELATIONS - ENERGY - PLANNING - TECHNOLOGY INGINIERING - ENVIRONMENTAL

# FSP After 25 Years - Area 3 - Scenario 2



11

EACHONS - ENERGY - PLANNING - TECHNOLOGY INGINIERING - INVIRONMENTAL.

## Conclusions

- square mile review of FSP area 1, which shows FSP of There is one mapped Precambrian fault in the 100 0.00 over 25 years in both high and low geologic scenarios.
- with the horizontal stress field, and are not likely to Known faults in southeast New Mexico do not align
- that are likely overestimated, shows no risk of potential FSP modeling through 25 years, with injection rates fault slip in the areas of review.
- These areas present little to no risk for injection induced seismicity.



## References

https://earthquake.usgs.gov/earthquakes/byregion/newmexico.php (Accessed June 24, 2019) U.S. Geological Survey. "Information by Region-New Mexico."

U.S. Geological Survey. "Faults." <a href="https://earthquake.usgs.gov/hazards/qfaults/">https://earthquake.usgs.gov/hazards/qfaults/</a> (Accessed June 24, 2019)

EMNRD Oil Conservation Division. "Welcome to the New Mexico Mining & Minerals Division." http://www.emnrd.state.nm.us/OCD/ocdonline.html (Accessed July 19, 2019) Snee, Jens-Erik Lund, and Mark D. Zoback. 2018. "State of Stress in the Permian Basin, Texas and New Mexico: Implications for Induced Seismicity." The Leading Edge 37, no. 2 (February 2018): 127-34.

Permian, LLC for Approval of Saltwater Disposal Wells in Lea County, New Mexico." New Mexico Oil Wilson, Scott J. 2018. "Affidavit of Scott J. Wilson, Amended Applications of NGL Water Solutions Conservation Division Case No, 16438 and Case No. 16440.

Reynolds, Todd. 2019. "FSP Analysis (Fault Slip Potential) Exhibits." New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Case No. 20313, Case No. 20314, and Case No. 20472.



15

### Appendix

and Nearby Deep SWDs Injection Data Control Log Well Details



## Control Log Wells

**Trove FSP Control Log Wells** 

18,900' (partial)

Dev/Sil logged from 18,610' to 20,071' (complete)

Control Log Wells Proposed Trove SWDs

FSP Area

T235

T235R33E

T235R32E

T235R31E

T235R30E

3628282T

DE ES

Legend

TEXNET Carthquakes USGS Earthquakes

Dev/Sil logged from 16,749' to

Dev/Sil logged from 16,530' to 30-015-44131

Dev/Sil logged from 16,691' to 30-015-44416

Dev/Sil logged from 16,430' to 17,690' (partial)

> 30-025-42355 T0265R34E

WLC-S

WILC-S EZ

SEC SE #3 000 55 #1 0 New

T026SR33E

SEC SE #1

T026SR30E

30-025-41524

injection interval. Montoya is tight Notes: Approximately 100-250 feet of >5% porosity within where present on logs.



Dev/Sil logged from 17,430' to

Dev/Sil logged from 17,730' to 18,675' (partial)

18,118' (complete)

tectonicmap basement faults

Faults

T245R33E

44416 T245R32E PSE #4

7245R31E 30-016-

T24SR29E

30-015-44131 30-015-44612

16,950' (partial)

WIC-M #3

WLC-IN #4

T255R31E

T255R30E

1265R29E

MLC-IM #5

18,100' (partial)

30-015-44612

Dev/Sil logged from 17,000' to 18,500' (partial)

Data Source: New Mexico OCD 2019

### 18

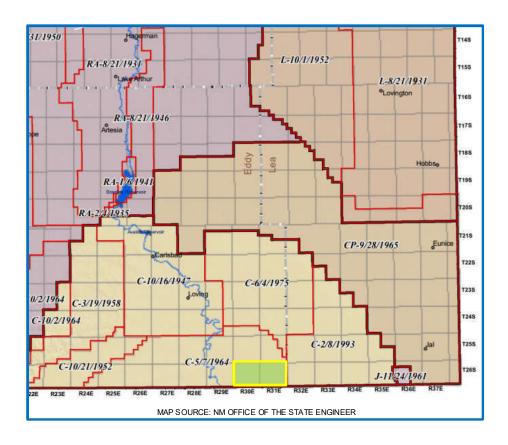
# Nearby Deep SWD Injection Data

ECD Area	# IQV	Well Name	Assessment of the section Bate (BIMPD)   Injection Start-Date	Injection Start-Date
1	30-0	CYPRESS SWD #001	8.377	Jul - 2018
1	30-025-29000	DIAMOND 31 FEDERAL COM #001	2,950	Jan - 2014
1, 2	30-025-35598	RED HILLS SWD #001	8,346	Dec - 2018
2	30-025-42355	RATTLESNAKE 16 SWD #001	5,834	Dec - 2015
3	30-025-43379	PADUCA 6 SWD #001Y	21,046	Aug - 2017
4	30-025-41524	COTTON DRAW 32 STATE SWD #002	12,724	Mar - 2017
4	30-015-41649	COTTON DRAW UNIT SWD #181	10,367	Jan - 2014
4	30-015-44676	MESA VERDE SWD #003	8,396	Sep - 2018
4	30-015-40935	PLU DELAWARE B 23 FEDERAL SWD #001	9,742	Jul - 2013
4	30-015-44612	SAND DUNES SWD #001	1,472	Nov - 2018
4	30-015-44131	SAND DUNES SWD #002	17,396	Jul - 2018
4	30-025-43473	STATION SWD #001	25,243	Aug - 2018
4	30-015-44416	STRIKER 2 SWD #001	11,584	Oct - 2018



C-108 - Item XI

Groundwater Basins - Water Column / Depth to Groundwater



The subject well is located within the Carlsbad Basin.

State Engineer's records show water wells in the area with a depth to groundwater of 292 to 365 feet and an average depth of 317 feet.

There are NO water wells located within one mile of the proposed SWD.

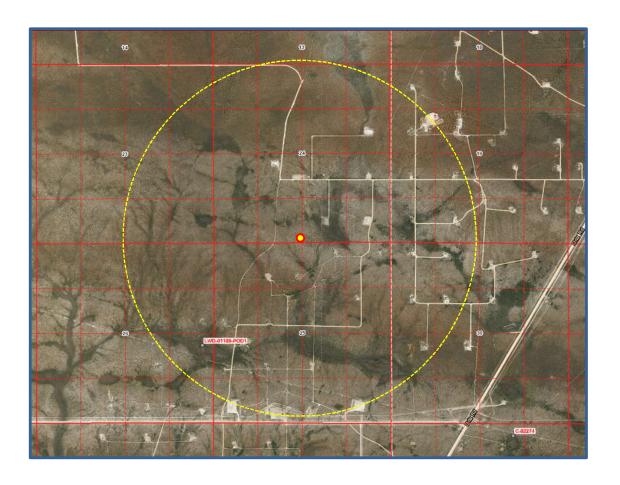


### C-108 Item XI

Water Wells Within One Mile

### Midnight Flyer Federal SWD No.1 - Water Well Locator Map

There is 1 water well (POD) within a one-mile radius of the proposed SWD. A representative analysis for the area is included in this application.



Data from NM Office of the State Engineer displayed in OSE-GIS System.



### C-108 ITEM XI - WATER WELLS IN AOR

Depth to Ground Water



### New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water

(A CLW##### in the POD suffix indicates the POD has been replaced & no longer serves a

water right file.)

(R=POD has been replaced, O=orphaned,

C=the file is

closed) (quarters are sn

(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE) (quarters are smallest to largest) (NAD83 UTM in meters)

(In feet)

POD Number	POD Sub- Code basin	County	Q (			Tws	Rng	x	Y	1000		Water Column
C 01777	C	ED			08	268	31E	613245	3547409*	325	300	25
C 02090	C	ED	4	4	01	26S	31E	620329	3548533*	350	335	15
C 02248	CUB	ED	1 2	3	08	26S	31E	612942	3547316*	300	292	8
C 02249	CUB	ED	1 2	3	08	26S	31E	612942	3547316*	300	292	8
C 03554 POD1	CUB	ED	2 1	4	01	26S	31E	620547	3549148	630	300	330
C 03639 POD1	CUB	ED	3 4	2	01	268	31E	620168	3549279	700	365	335
C 04256 POD1	C	ED	4 4	2	01	268	31E	620384	3549257	666	340	326

Average Depth to Water: 317 feet

Minimum Depth: 292 feet

Maximum Depth: 365 feet

Record Count: 7

PLSS Search:

Township: 26S

Range: 31E

Martin Water Laboratories, Inc.

P.O. BOX 98 MIDLAND, TX. 79702 PHONE (432) 683-4521

### RESULT OF WATER ANALYSES

709 W. INDIANA MIDLAND, TEXAS 79701 FAX (432) 682-8819

TO: Mike Lamothe PO Box 1656, Monahans, TX 79756	SAMPLE RE	RY NO	1 10 12
COMPANY Monachem, Inc.		EOG	
FIELD OR POOL	NA6 Eddy		NM
SOURCE OF SAMPLE AND DATE TAKEN:  NO. 1 Ross Draw water supply well - Sample #1.		STATE	I NI
NO. 2 Ross Draw water supply well - Sample #2.	1-10-12		
NO.3			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NO. 4REMARKS:			

Specific Gravity at 80° F. DH When Sampled	NO. 1	: 110 0	NO. 3	NO 1
oH When Sampled	<del></del>	NO. 2	NO. 3	NO. 4
	1.0025	1.0025		
oH When Received	8.30	8.30		
Bicarbonale as HCO,	176	171		
Supersaturation as CeCO,				
Undersaluration as CaCO,				
Total Hardness as CaCO,	172	204		<u> 2-076</u>
Catclum as Ca	59	53		
Magnesium as Mg	6	17		
Sodium and/or Potassium	42	. 33		
Sulfate as SO,	85	102		
Chloride as CI	21	21		
ron as Fe	0.2	0.3		
Barium as Ba	0	0		
furbidity. Electric				
Color as Pt				
otal Solids, Calculated	389	397		
emperature *F.				
Derbon Dioxide, Calculated				
Dissolved Oxygen.				
fydrogen Sulfide	0.0	0.0		
Resistivity, ohms/m at 77° F.	22.900	21.300		
Suspended Oil				
Filtrable Solids as mg/l				
Volume Filtered, mi				
	Results Reported As Milligram	s Per Liter		
	The undersigned ce		be true and cor	rect to the be
Additional Determinations And Remarks				
of his knowledge and belief.				

Form No. 3

Greg Ogden, B.S.

Fresh Water Analysis: Baker Ranch Water Well 1-26S-31E

Chlorides: 399 ppm Total Dissolved Solids: 746 ppm



Date: 22-Apr-15

2782 West County Road, Hobbs NM 88240 Phone (575) 392-5556 Fax (575) 392-7307

Sample Source	Weithe	ad	Sample #	1	l
Formation			Depth		
Specific Gravity	1.000	<u></u> -	89 <b>6</b>		1.
Temperature (*F)	7.38 70		Reducing A	dides gants	
Cations					
Sodium (Cale)		in Mg/L	186	in PPM	
Calcium		in Mg/L	68	in PPM	
Megnesium		in Mo/L	29	in PPM	
Schubble Iron (FE2)		In Mg/L	0.0	in PPM	
Anions	<u> </u>	٠			
Chlorides		in Mg/L	400	in PPM	
Sulfates		in Mg/L	70	in PPM	
Bicarbonates		in Mg/L	15	In PPM	
Total Hardness (sa CaCO)	<u>,,</u>	h Mpl	290	in PPM	
Total Dissolved Solids (Cal	c)	in Mg/L	748	in PPM	
Equivalent NaCl Concentra	pion:	in Mg/L	728	in PPM	
Scaling Tendencies					
*Calcium Carbonate Index		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	O Possible / Abbus 1	ATT (TO 1)	
Celcium Sullate (Gyp) Inde			~ ~~~~ · ~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	See of the Property	4
"Calcium Sullate (Gyp) Inde	×		9 Possible / Above 10		

### **C-108 ITEM XII**

### Geologic Affirmation

We have examined available geologic and engineering data and have found no evidence of open faults or other hydrologic connection between the disposal interval and any underground sources of drinking water.

Ben Stone, Partner SOS Consulting, LLC

Project: Trove Energy and Water, LLC

SEC SE Project Area Reviewed 4/26/2019

Area Review includes Ghost Rider and Snowman prospects spotted in November 2019 and, Midnight Flyer spotted in December...

### C-108 ITEM XIII - PROOF OF NOTIFICATION

### **IDENTIFICATION AND NOTIFICATION OF INTERESTED PARTIES**

### **Exhibits for Section**

Affected Parties Map

List of Interested Parties

Notification Letter to Interested Parties

**Proof of Certified Mailing** 

**Published Legal Notice** 

### Midnight Flyer Federal SWD Well No.1 – Affected Parties Plat

(Attachment to NMOCD Form C-108, Application for Authority to Inject.)

NESE (1)	(F)	NESSV (K)	(J)	nese (1)	MINISTO ( C )	NEW (K)	NVSE (J)	NESE (1)	0	NESS/V 20-025-24495	10-025-2810-08	30-025-0259 (T)	30-925
				18.4.0	004750					, ,	-@1-30947 3	0-425-30991	
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						1	20-015-058	30-025-0	747 30 25-074	-025-2472330-025 9 20 025-42474	1-025-251-62-30-1 (B)	0-025-006 <u>73</u> 0:5-42677 30-025;	2676
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i.i	L4	30-015-0581 L 3	5 30-013-26320	30-015-05093	30-215-25897 <b>9</b> 8			30-015-40174		0-25-20499 3	1-025-20005	.,	



### LEGEND -

T.1 - NMNM-064756 - Penroc Oil Corp.

T.2 - NMLC-0062749B - ConocoPhillips

T.3-NMLC-0068281A-ConocoPhillips

T.4 - NMLC-0068281B - ConocoPhillips

T.5 - NMLC-0068282B - McBride O&G Corp.

T.6 - NMLC-0070869 - Penroc Oil Corp.

T.7 - NMLC-0070869A - Apache Corp., Others

SOS Consulting, LLC

### C-108 ITEM XIII – PROOF OF NOTIFICATION AFFECTED PARTIES LIST

SOS Consulting is providing electronic delivery of C-108 applications.

ALL APPLICABLE AFFECTED PARTIES ARE PROVIDED A NOTICE LETTER WITH INSTRUCTIONS TO OBTAIN A FULL COPY OF C-108 APPLICATION IN PDF FORMAT.

"AFFECTED PERSON" MEANS THE DIVISION DESIGNATED OPERATOR; IN THE ABSENCE OF AN OPERATOR, A LESSEE WHOSE INTEREST IS EVIDENCE BY A WRITTEN CONVEYANCE DOCUMENT EITHER OF RECORD OR KNOWN TO THE APPLICANT AS OF THE DATE THE APPLICANT FILES THE APPLICATION; OR IN THE ABSENCE OF AN OPERATOR OR LESSEE, A MINERAL INTEREST OWNER WHOSE INTEREST IS EVIDENCED BY A WRITTEN CONVEYANCE DOCUMENT EITHER OF RECORD OR KNOWN TO THE APPLICANT AS OF THE DATE THE APPLICANT FILED THE APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO INJECT.; PER OCD RULES NMAC 19.15.26.7, A. AND 19.15.26.8, B.2.

### **SURFACE OWNER**

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR **Bureau of Land Management** Oil & Gas Division 620 E. Greene St. Carlsbad, NM 88220 Certified: 7018 2209 0001 2038 6919

OFFSET MINERALS LESSEES and OPERATORS (All Notified via USPS Certified Mail)

### BLM Lease NMNM-0064756, NMLC-0079869 (T.1 and T.6 on Map)

Lessee

PENROC OIL CORPORATION P.O. Box 2197 Houston, TX 77252-2197 Certified: 7018 2209 0001 2038 6926

Operator

**CONOCOPHILLIPS COMPANY** 

### BLM Lease NMNM-0064756, NMLC-0079869 (T.1 and T.6 on Map)

Lessee & Operator

CONOCOPHILLIPS COMPANY P.O. Box 2197 Houston, TX 77252-2197 Certified: 7018 2209 0001 2038 6933

### BLM Leases NMLC-006282B (T.5 on Map)

Lessee & Operator

MCBRIDE OIL & GAS CORP. 400 N Pennsylvania Ave., Ste. 1200 Roswell, NM 88201 Certified: 7018 2209 0001 2038 6940

Operator

CONOCOPHILLIPS COMPANY

### BLM Lease NMLC-0070869A (T.7 on Map)

Lessee

APACHE CORPORATION 303 Veterans Airpark Lane Midland, TX 79705 Certified: 7018 2209 0001 2038 6957

### C-108 ITEM XIII - PROOF OF NOTIFICATION AFFECTED PARTIES LIST (cont.)

### OFFSET MINERALS OWNERS (Notified via USPS Certified Mail)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR Bureau of Land Management Oil & Gas Division 620 E. Greene St. Carlsbad, NM 88220

### **REGULATORY**

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION (Filed to OCD Online) 1220 S. St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

NEW MEXICO OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 811 S. First St. Artesia, NM 88210

Midnight Flyer





Oil & Gas Accounting - Regulatory Processing Assistance - Oil Field Technical Assistance

December 11, 2019

### NOTIFICATION TO INTERESTED PARTIES via U.S. Certified Mail – Return Receipt Requested

### To Whom It May Concern:

Trove Energy and Water, LLC, Hobbs, New Mexico, is preparing applications to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division to drill and complete for salt water disposal the Midnight Flyer Federal SWD Well No.1. The proposed commercial operation will be for produced water disposal from area operators. As indicated in the notice below, the well will be located in Section 24, Township 26 South, Range 31 East in Eddy County, New Mexico.

The published notice states that the interval will be from 16,750 feet to 18,650 feet into the Devonian and Silurian formations.

Following is the notice published in the Artesia Daily Press, Artesia, New Mexico on or about December 12, 2019.

### LEGAL NOTICE

Trove Energy and Water, LLC, 1919 North Turner, Hobbs, NM 88240, is filing Form C-108 (Application for Authority to Inject) with the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division seeking administrative approval for a salt water disposal well. The proposed well, the Midnight Flyer Federal SWD Well No.1 will be located 50' FSL and 2620' FWL, Section 24, Township 26 South, Range 31 East, Eddy County, New Mexico; approximately 23.8 miles southeast of Malaga, NM.

Produced water from area production will be commercially disposed into the Devonian, Silurian and Fusselman formations at a maximum interval depth of 16,750' to 18,650' at a maximum surface pressure of 3350 psi and a rate limited only by such pressure. Mudlogging and e-logs will confirm final interval depths.

Interested parties wishing to object to the proposed application must file with the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, 1220 St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505, (505)476-3460 within 15 days of the date of this notice or the OCD receive date, whichever is later. Additional information may be obtained from the applicant's agent, SOS Consulting, LLC, (903)488-9850 or, email info@sosconsulting.us.

You have been identified as a party who may be interested as an offset lessee or operator.

You are entitled to a full copy of the application. A full copy in PDF format is stored on SOS Consulting servers. You may call SOS Consulting, LLC at 903-488-9850, or email info@sosconsulting.us, and the PDF file copy will be expedited to you via email.

Please use a subject like "Midnight Flyer Fed SWD #1 Dec 2019 PDF Copy Request".

Thank you for your attention in this matter.

Best regards,

Ben Stone, SOS Consulting, LLC

Agent for Trove Energy and Water, LLC

Cc: Application File

SOS Consulting is committed to providing superior quality work using technology to assist clients and affected parties in obtaining the documentation required. SOS will continue to utilize methods which are less energy and resource intensive including, the reduction of paper copies.

We hope you'll partner with us and appreciate these efforts.

### C-108 - Item XIV

Proof of Notice - Certified Mail Receipts



### **Affidavit of Publication**

No. 25313

State of New Mexico

Publisher

County of Eddy: **Danny Scott** 

being duly sworn sayes that he is the

Publisher

of the Artesia Daily Press, a daily newspaper of General circulation, published in English at Artesia, said county and state, and that the hereto attached

### Legal Ad

was published in a regular and entire issue of the said Artesia Daily Press, a daily newspaper duly qualified for that purpose within the meaning of Chapter 167 of the 1937 Session Laws of the state of New Mexico for

1 Consecutive weeks/day on the same

day as follows:

First Publication

December 12, 2019

Second Publication

Third Publication

Fourth Publication

Fifth Publication

Sixth Publication

Seventh Publication

Subscribed and sworn before me this

12th

day of

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December

2019



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Notary Public, Eddy County, New Mexico

### **Copy of Publication:**

### Legal Notice

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Published in the Artesia Daily Press, Artesia, N.M., Dec. 12, 2019 Legal No. 25313.