

OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

P. O. BOX 2088

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

April 4, 1966

Union Oil Company of California
205 East Washington Avenue
Lovington, New Mexico 88260

Gentlemen:

Enclosed herewith please find Administrative Order WFX No. 232 authorizing conversion of one well to water injection well in the South Caprock Queen Unit Water Flood Project in the Caprock-Queen Pool in Chaves County, New Mexico.

Very truly yours,

A. L. PORTER, Jr.,
Secretary-Director

ALP/JEK/og

cc: Oil Conservation Commission - Artesia
State Engineer Office - Santa Fe
Oil Conservation Commission - Hobbs

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OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION
P. O. BOX 2088
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

April 1, 1966

Union Oil Company of California
105 East Washington Avenue
Washington, New Mexico 88260

Dear Sir:

Enclosed herewith please find a letterhead
under WXY No. 232 authorizing conversion of one well to
water injection well in the South Garlock Queen Unit
water flood project in the Caprock-Queen Pool in DeWitt
County, New Mexico.

Very truly yours,

A. H. FORBES, JR.,
Secretary

REP/TEK/og
Oil Conservation Commission - Address
State Engineer Office - Santa Fe
Oil Conservation Commission - Santa Fe

APPLICATION OF UNION OIL COMPANY
OF CALIFORNIA TO EXPAND ITS
SOUTH CAPROCK QUEEN UNIT WATER
FLOOD PROJECT IN THE CAPROCK-
QUEEN POOL IN CHAVES COUNTY,
NEW MEXICO.

ORDER WFX NO. 232

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER
OF THE OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Under the provisions of Rule 701, Union Oil Company of California has made application to the Commission on March 16, 1966, for permission to expand its South Caprock Queen Unit Water Flood Project in the Caprock-Queen Pool, Chaves County, New Mexico.

NOW, on this 31st day of March, 1966, the Secretary-Director finds:

1. That application has been filed in due form.
2. That satisfactory information has been provided that all offset operators have been duly notified of the application.
3. That no objection has been received within the waiting period as prescribed by Rule 701.
4. That the proposed injection well is eligible for conversion to water injection under the terms of Rule 701.
5. That the proposed expansion of the above-referenced water flood project will not cause waste nor impair correlative rights.
6. That the application should be approved.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED:

That the applicant, Union Oil Company of California, be and the same is hereby authorized to inject water into the Queen formation through the following described well for purposes of secondary recovery, to wit:

Tract 48 Well 16-30 located in the SE/4 SE/4 of Section 30, Township 15 South, Range 31 East, NMPM.

PROVIDED HOWEVER, That applicant shall inject water through tubing with a packer set at approximately 3150 feet in the 5½-inch casing in said well.

DONE at Santa Fe, New Mexico, on the day and year hereinabove designated.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
OIL CONSERVATION COMMISSION


A. L. PORTER, Jr.,
Secretary-Director

1. The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that proper record-keeping is essential for the integrity of the financial system and for the ability to detect and prevent fraud.

2. The second part of the document outlines the various methods used to collect and analyze data. It describes the use of statistical techniques to identify trends and anomalies in the data, and the importance of using reliable sources of information.

3. The third part of the document discusses the role of the auditor in the financial system. It explains that the auditor's primary responsibility is to provide an independent and objective assessment of the financial statements, and to ensure that they are prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

4. The fourth part of the document describes the various types of audits that are performed, including internal audits, external audits, and forensic audits. It explains the differences between these types of audits and the specific objectives of each.

5. The fifth part of the document discusses the importance of communication in the auditing process. It explains that auditors must be able to communicate effectively with management and other stakeholders, and that they must be able to provide clear and concise reports on their findings.

6. The sixth part of the document describes the various risks that are associated with auditing, including the risk of fraud, the risk of error, and the risk of misstatement. It explains how auditors can identify and mitigate these risks, and the importance of maintaining a high level of professional skepticism.

7. The seventh part of the document discusses the role of the auditor in the financial system, and the importance of maintaining the integrity of the financial system. It explains that the auditor's primary responsibility is to provide an independent and objective assessment of the financial statements, and to ensure that they are prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

8. The eighth part of the document describes the various risks that are associated with auditing, including the risk of fraud, the risk of error, and the risk of misstatement. It explains how auditors can identify and mitigate these risks, and the importance of maintaining a high level of professional skepticism.