

**GW -** 28

# **REPORTS**

**YEAR(S):**

1971

Phase III  
Report of Subsurface Investigation  
Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company  
Lee Gas Plant

**RECEIVED**

March 11, 1991

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OIL CONSERVATION DIV.  
SANTA FE

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Phase III  
Report of Subsurface Investigation  
Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company  
Lee Gas Plant

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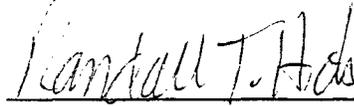
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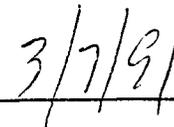
  
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SECTION 1.0

Phillips 66  
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## 1.0 Executive Summary

In January 1991, Geoscience Consultants, Ltd. (GCL) continued a subsurface investigation for Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company (Phillips) at the Lee Gas Plant, Buckeye, New Mexico. Two additional monitor wells were installed at the site, and three existing monitor wells were converted to recovery wells. These wells modify an existing monitoring system, installed in 1988 and 1990, and were designed to further delineate the extent of the dissolved-phase hydrocarbon plume.

Rotary drilling techniques were used to install the two new monitor wells. These new wells and four existing monitor wells were sampled by GCL. The samples were submitted to Analytical Technologies, Inc. for analysis for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX), and total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), using modified EPA Method 8015.

GCL inspected all the monitor wells and recovery well RW-1 for free-phase hydrocarbon in January and February of 1991. Free-phase hydrocarbon was found to be present in recovery well RW-1 and monitor wells MW-6 and MW-4. Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) standards for benzene were exceeded at monitor wells MW-6, MW-10, MW-12, and MW-13. WQCC standards for toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes were exceeded in MW-6.

The free-phase product plume appears to be centered near recovery well RW-1. The dissolved-phase plume forms a northeast-southwest trending, elongate halo around the plume of free-floating product. Phillips is continuing remediation of the dissolved- and free-phase hydrocarbons by pumping ground water/product from recovery RW-1 to the Lee Gas Plant waste-water treatment system. To aid this existing remediation process, Phillips has initiated ground-water recovery operations at MW-7 and MW-8, (water and product is pumped to the waste-water treatment system) and is recovering product from MW-4 (product is pumped to the on-site slop oil tanks).

One additional monitor well is recommended to further delineate the extent of the dissolved-phase hydrocarbon plume. Recommendations also include implementation of monthly water-level and product thickness measurements, and initiation of quarterly ground-water sampling of selected wells. Additional recommendations may be made regarding the free-phase product present at monitor well MW-6 after further information on the product thickness has been obtained.

**SECTION 2.0**

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## 2.0 Introduction

In April 1988 Geoscience Consultants, Ltd. (GCL) installed and sampled four monitor wells at the Phillips Lee Gas Plant in southeastern New Mexico (GCL, 1988a). Four wells from a previously existing monitoring system were plugged and abandoned using a cement/bentonite slurry. The results of GCL's initial investigation indicated that both free-phase and dissolved-phase hydrocarbons were present in the saturated zone beneath the site. These findings have led to additional investigations and the design and implementation of remedial actions at the site. Listed here is a brief history of subsequent investigative and remediative actions performed at the facility:

- September 1988: A limited soil-vapor survey identified two potential sources of hydrocarbon contamination (both former evaporation ponds, GCL, 1988b).
- January 1990: Jurisdiction of Phillips' Lee Gas Plant was transferred from NMEID to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD).
- April 1990: GCL installed four monitor wells and one recovery well at the site to define limits of the free-phase plume and to begin recovery of the floating product (GCL, 1990d).
- August 1990: GCL installed four additional monitor wells to further define the lateral extent of dissolved-phase hydrocarbons in the aquifer (GCL, 1990e).

The most recent activities at the plant were performed in January 1991 at the request of the NMOCD. In a letter to Phillips (NMOCD, 1990), the NMOCD approved the revised locations of two additional monitor wells to be installed near the southwest and leading edge of the dissolved-phase plume, and the conversion of three existing monitor wells to recovery wells. In addition, monitor wells MW-9, MW-10, MW-12, as well as the two additional wells, were to be sampled for BTEX and TPH. In February 1991, the NMOCD requested that MW-6 be resampled because free-phase product was discovered in the well during January's sampling event.

**SECTION 3.0**

### 3.0 Methodology

Two monitoring wells (MW-13, and -14) were installed in January 1991 at locations approved by the NMOCD to delineate the downgradient edge of dissolved-phase hydrocarbons in the ground water. Monitor well MW-13 is located near the western edge of the dissolved-phase plume (approximately 150 feet west of monitor well MW-10). The purpose of this well was to define the western extent of the plume boundary. Monitor well MW-14 is located approximately 150 feet west of monitor well MW-12, near the southern boundary of the dissolved-phase plume. The purpose of this well was to define the southern (down-gradient) edge of the plume. All monitor well locations are shown on plates 1 and 2. Estimated dissolved- and free-phase plume boundaries are shown on plate 2.

Borehole drilling, monitor well installations, and completion procedures were performed in the same manner as those of previous installations (GCL 1990e), with the exception of monitor well MW-14. Prior to installation of the well screen and casing into the borehole, several hairline fractures were identified in the screen. These defects introduced a potential for well collapse had the damaged screen been installed. Therefore, new well screens were obtained to complete the well. However, due to the remote location of the site, it was not possible to quickly locate wire-wound PVC screen at any of the local distributors and .02-inch factory slot screen was substituted.

The new monitor wells were developed with a submersible pump following the same procedures used in previous investigations (GCL 1990e). Monitor wells MW-13 and MW-14 were developed until the parameters of pH, electric conductivity, and temperature were stabilized and until a volume of water equal to that lost during drilling had been recovered.

The lithology of each of the new monitor well borings was logged on standard GCL lithologic forms and are presented in appendix A. The completion diagrams for these wells are included as appendix B.

During the January investigation and during the second week of February, samples were collected from monitor wells MW-9, MW-10, MW-12, MW-13, MW-14, and MW-6. These samples were collected according to the same protocol used in previous investigations, following strict sampling and chain-of-custody procedures (GCL, 1988c). Analytical Technologies, Inc. of Tempe, Arizona, performed the laboratory analyses of these samples. Each well was sampled for TPH, using Modified EPA Method 8015.

Product-thickness and depth-to-water measurements were made both immediately after installation, and two weeks following installation of the monitor wells. Water level

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measurements were taken while RW-1 was not in operation, as well as when the pump was operating, in an effort to obtain a more accurate understanding of the ground water surface under static and dynamic conditions. Ground-water surface elevations and depth-to-product measurements are presented in table 3-1. The data that were collected while the recovery system was not in operation are also presented on plate 2 and show the water table under static conditions. These data will be revised in the next report to demonstrate the influence of the newly modified recovery system.

The new monitor wells were surveyed by John West Engineering Co. and the locations were charted on the Lee Gas Plant's northing and easting coordinate system.

In addition to the installation of monitor wells MW-13 and MW-14, three existing monitor wells were converted to recovery wells. Submersible pumps were installed in monitor wells MW-7 and MW-8 to supplement the existing recovery system operations. The ground water recovered from each of these wells will be disposed of through the plant's wastewater treatment system (GCL, 1991f). Supplementing the recovery system further, a product recovery pump (designed to pump only product) was installed in monitor well MW-4. Free-phase product recovered from this well will be pumped to the on-site slop oil tanks.

Table 3-1

Well and Water Surface Elevation Data, January 22, 1991

Location	Casing Elevation	Depth to Water	Depth to Product	Water Surface Elevation
MW-1	3979.25	96.60	NF	3882.65
MW-2	3980.50	98.73	NF	3881.77
MW-3	3980.27	98.61	NF	3881.66
MW-4	3980.16	102.29	97.62	3881.61*
MW-5	3979.82	97.08	NF	3882.74
MW-6	3981.79	98.82	98.70	3883.06*
MW-7	3978.45	97.19	NF	3881.26
MW-8	3979.96	98.63	NF	3881.33
MW-9	3980.17	99.04	NF	3881.13
MW-10	3979.66	98.59	NF	3881.07
MW-11	3978.50	97.53	NF	3880.97
MW-12	3978.82	99.02	NF	3880.80
MW-13	3980.52	99.82	NF	3880.70**
MW-14	3982.23	101.40	NF	3880.83**
RW-1	3980.87	99.82	NM	NA

\* Water surface elevation corrected for floating product using a specific gravity for the product of approximately 0.8

All data are presented in feet

NF - None found

NM - Product present, but measurements were unobtainable

NA - Not available

\*\* Water level data obtained 2/26/91 prior to development.

SECTION 4.0

#### 4.0 Results

All existing monitor wells and the recovery well at the site were inspected for the presence of free-phase hydrocarbon on January 22, 1991, and again on February 13, 1991. During each of these visits, free-phase hydrocarbon was observed in monitor wells MW-4 and MW-6 and in recovery well RW-1. Product had not accumulated in any of the other monitor wells.

The free-phase hydrocarbon in monitor well MW-4 was measured in January and found to be 5.06 feet thick. Product thickness could not be measured in February, because the product pump that was installed in January blocked passage of the product measuring probe.

The product thickness in monitor well MW-6 was found to be 0.15 feet during January. At this time, an attempt to obtain a sample of this product was aborted because there was not an adequate volume of product that could be collected without diluting the sample with ground water.

Inspection of recovery well RW-1 revealed that product was floating on the ground water in the vicinity of that well during January and February. Product thickness measurements at RW-1 were not quantifiable because recovery operations were removing the product during pumping and because of differential accumulation rates during recovery.

Analytical results for ground-water samples collected in January and February are presented in table 4-1. The laboratory reports are included as appendix C. Total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) constituents were found to be less than 5 mg/l at all of the wells sampled by GCL except MW-6, which yielded results of 170 mg/l.

The Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) standard for benzene is 10 micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/l}$ ). The concentration of benzene exceeded WQCC standards in ground-water samples collected in January and February at wells MW-6, MW-10, MW-12, and MW-13; the concentrations found were 72,000  $\mu\text{g/l}$ , 980  $\mu\text{g/l}$ , 120  $\mu\text{g/l}$ , and 16  $\mu\text{g/l}$ , respectively. The WQCC standard for ethylbenzene is 750  $\mu\text{g/l}$  and the WQCC standard for toluene is also 750  $\mu\text{g/l}$ . The WQCC standards for ethylbenzene and toluene were exceeded at MW-6. The concentration of ethylbenzene and toluene found in the sample from MW-6 was 3,000  $\mu\text{g/l}$  and 35,000  $\mu\text{g/l}$ , respectively. The WQCC standard for total xylenes is 620  $\mu\text{g/l}$ . The WQCC standard for total xylenes was also exceeded at MW-6; the concentration of total xylenes at MW-6 was 4,200  $\mu\text{g/l}$ . The concentrations of BTEX and TPH constituents are shown on plate 1 and in table 4-1.

Table 4-1

Analytical Results from January/February 1991 Sampling Event

Analyte	MW-9	MW-10	MW-12	MW-13	WQCC Standard
Benzene	6.5	980	120	16	10
Ethylbenzene	0.8	15	0.6	3.0	750
Toluene	4.7	16	3.8	19	750
Total xylenes	1.6	<5.0	0.6	5.1	620
TPH	<5 mg/l	<5 mg/l	<5 mg/l	<5 mg/l	NA

Units for analysis are micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/l}$ ) unless otherwise stated.

ND - Not detected

TPH - Total petroleum hydrocarbons

NA - Not applicable

Table 4-1 (cont'd)

Analytical Results from January/February 1991 Sampling Event

Analyte	MW-14	MW-6	WQCC Standard
Benzene	<0.5	72000	10
Ethylbenzene	<0.5	3000	750
Toluene	<0.5	35000	750
Total xylenes	<0.5	4200	620
TPH	<5 mg/l	170 mg/l	NA

Units for analysis are micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/l}$ ) unless otherwise stated.

ND - Not detected

TPH - Total petroleum hydrocarbons

NA - Not applicable

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RW-1 is pumping a mixture of ground water, dissolved- and free-phase hydrocarbons at an approximate rate of 3.0 gallons per minute into the oil/water separator. The total volume pumped from RW-1, as of February 26, 1991, is 1,296,393 gallons. The recovery pumps in wells MW-7 and MW-8 are now in operation and are also pumping ground water and dissolved-phase hydrocarbons into the oil/water separator at rates of approximately 2 to 3 gallons per minute on an intermittent basis. As of February 26, 1991, the submersible pumps in MW-7 and MW-8 have produced a total of 2,534 gallons and 31,010 gallons, respectively, since February 11, when verbal permission to begin pumping was granted by the New Mexico State Engineer's office in Roswell. The free-phase product pump in monitor well MW-4 has produced a total of 97 gallons of product.

## 5.0 Conclusions

The lateral extent of free-phase hydrocarbons that are floating on ground water beneath the site has been defined in the area beneath and around the south evaporation pond (plate 2). A small amount of free-phase hydrocarbon has also been identified in one monitor well (MW-6) south of the northern evaporation pond. At the present time, the only wells in which the free-phase product has been found are MW-4, MW-6, and RW-1. However, in 1988, the original, aborted borehole for MW-1 contained observable free-phase product. This aborted borehole was located approximately 15 to 20 feet south-southeast of MW-5 (plates 1 and 2). The current free-phase plume boundaries were estimated using product thickness measurements taken during and approximately 2 weeks after the January work was performed at the site.

The results of the ground-water sampling program indicate that dissolved- and free-phase hydrocarbons occur beneath the site. The free-phase product is centered around RW-1 and the dissolved product forms a northeast-southwest trending, elongate halo around the free-phase plume. Dissolved hydrocarbons were identified in the ground water at all of the monitor wells at the site that were sampled. Of the wells sampled, hydrocarbon concentrations that exceeded WQCC action levels were found at monitor wells MW-6, MW-10, MW-12, and MW-13. All these wells, with the exception of MW-6, are directly downgradient or crossgradient from the free-phase plume that is located beneath the southern evaporation pond. MW-6 is downgradient of the northern evaporation pond. It is uncertain at this time if the northern evaporation pond is the source of the hydrocarbon at monitor well MW-6.

Analytical results from ground-water samples collected at monitor wells MW-9, MW-10, MW-11, and MW-12 (installed in August 1990) and wells MW-13 and MW-14 (installed in January 1991) have further delineated the lateral extent of the dissolved-phase hydrocarbon plume present beneath the site (plate 2). Further work will be required to determine the exact location of the free-phase plume boundary near the northern evaporation pond (plate 2).



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**SECTION 6.0**

## 6.0 Recommendations

Additional investigation is required to delineate the extent of dissolved-phase hydrocarbons at the Phillips Lee Plant. The following tasks are recommended to complete the investigation:

- Continue recovery operations at RW-1, MW-7, MW-8, and MW-4.
- Measure the depth to ground water and the product thickness in all monitor wells monthly, until remediation is completed, or until a subsequent plan is implemented.
- Initiate quarterly sampling of selected monitor wells for BTEX and TPH. The wells that will be sampled as part of the proposed monitoring plan will be MW-11, MW-12, MW-13, and MW-14, to define the leading edge of the plume.
- Submit quarterly reports to NMOCD presenting the results of the quarterly sampling program. If BTEX constituent concentrations are not acceptable by WQCC standards, GCL recommends the installation of two ground-water monitor wells to locate the leading edge of the dissolved-phase plume. One, MW-15, would be located 150 feet south and 100 feet east of monitor well MW-13. The other well, MW-16, would be located 100 feet south and 100 feet west of monitor well MW-13.
- Reevaluate the sampling program after one year of quarterly sampling of the monitoring system. If recovery system efficiency is satisfactory, then semi-annual sampling should be implemented after NMOCD approval and authorization.
- Prepare recovery system modifications if monthly water-level and product thickness measurements and quarterly ground-water sampling show that the current recovery system is not containing and recovering the plume.

The product found in MW-6 may require additional investigation. It is recommended that MW-6 be monitored for changes in free-phase product thickness. Recommendations for further action will be made in the first quarterly report.

**SECTION 7.0**

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7.0 References

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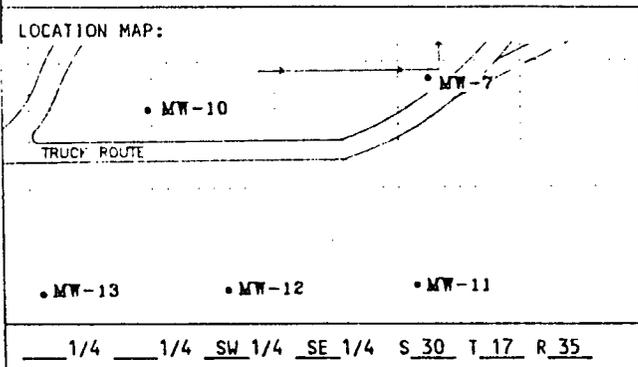
**APPENDIX A**

Appendix A

Lithologic Logs

# LITHOLOGIC LOG

LOCATION MAP:



SITE ID: Phillips Lee LOCATION ID: MW-13  
 SITE COORDINATES (ft.): \_\_\_\_\_  
 N S 2 + 82.62 E E 6 + 10.33  
 GROUND ELEVATION (ft. MSL): \_\_\_\_\_  
 STATE: NM COUNTY: Lea  
 DRILLING METHOD: Water Rotary  
 DRILLING CONTR.: Larry felkins  
 DATE STARTED: 1/22/91 DATE COMPLETED: 1/25/91  
 FIELD REP.: K. Summers  
 COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
	00000000CCCC+			0-2	Clay/caliche, clay is grysh brn 5YR 3/2 to dk ylsh brn 10YR 4/2. Cche is dk ylsh orange 10YR 6/6. 60% clay, 30% cche, 10% silt to fn sand. Sands are mod well sorted, sbang to sbrnrd and uncons.
5	CCCCCCCCC+--			2	Caliche, mod ylsh brn 10YR 5/4 to grysh orange 10YR 7/4. Cuttings are clay size to v crs sand sized. 80% cche, 20% silts to fn sands. Sands are sbrnrd to ang and well sorted. Cche is well consol.
10	CCCCCCCCC+--			5	Caliche, mod orange pink 5YR 8/4. Cuttings are silt to crs sand sized. 70% cche, 10% v fn to fn sands, 20% silt. Majority of silt is concentrated in thin beds. Sands are same as above. Cche is well consol.
15	CCCCCCCCC++			10	Caliche, same as above.
20	CCCCCCCCC++			15	Caliche, grysh orange 10YR 7/4. Cuttings are silt to v crs sand size and highly ang. 70% cche, 30% silt to fn sands. Sands are rndd to sbang, well sorted, semi consol.
25	XXXXXXCCCC			20	Caliche, same as above.
30	XXXXXXCCCC			23	Caliche/sandstone, grysh orange pink 5YR 7/2. Cuttings are silt to med pebble gravel sized. 60% sandstone consisting of v fn to fn, rndd to sbang, well sorted, well consol sands w/calcite matrix. 40% cche.
35	XXXXXX+CCCC			31	Caliche/sandstone, same as above.
40	XXXXXX++++C			35	Caliche/sandstone, thin sands near 40' which are not as well consolidated, otherwise, same as above.
45	XXXXXX++++C			40	Caliche/sandstone, grysh orange pink 5YR 7/2. V fn to fn sands altg w/sandstones of same texture. Well sorted sands 90%, cche 10%. Sands range from well consol to uncons thin layers, are mod well consol, and well sorted.
50	XXXXXX++++C			45	Same as above.
				50	Same as above, w/very hard 6" bed at 53'.

LITHOLOGIC LOG

(Continued)

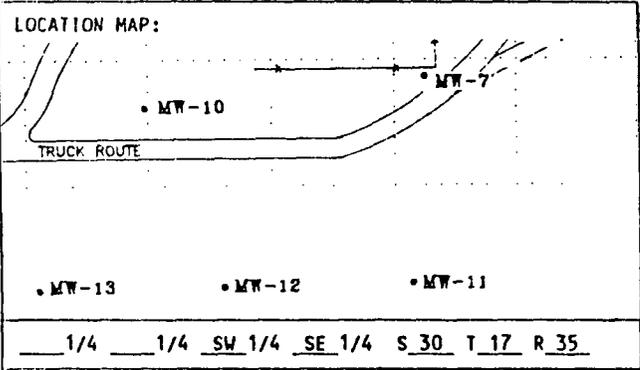
Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
50	X X X X X X + + + C	[Dotted pattern]			
55	X X X + + + + + + C	[Dotted pattern]		55	Sands/sandstone, same as above w/sands in unconsolidated form dominating.
60	X X X + + + + + + C	[Dotted pattern]		60	Sands/sandstone, same as above.
62	+ + + + + + + + -	[Vertical lines]		62	Sand, light brn 5YR 6/4. V fine to fine sands. 90% sands well rndd to sbrndd, uncons and well sorted. Silt 10%.
65		[Vertical lines]		65	Same as above.
70	X X X X + + + + + C	[Dotted pattern]		70	Sand/sandstone, lt brn 5YR 6/4 to mod ylsb brn. Cutting size is from v fn sand to v crs sand sized. 90% sand/sandstone, 10% cche. Sands are v fn to fn, rounded to sbrndd, uncons to well consol, well sorted.
75	X X X + + + + + + +	[Dotted pattern]		75	Sand/sandstone, same as above but no cche and less consolidation.
80	+ + + + + + + + -	[Vertical lines]		80	Sand, mod ylsb brn 10YR 5/4. Sands are v fine to fine, well sorted, unconsolidated, rndd to sbang. 80% v fine, 10% fine, 10% silt.
85	X + + + + + + + -	[Vertical lines]		85	Sand, same as above - some thin mod cons layers ≈6" thick.
90	X + + + + + + + -	[Vertical lines]		90	Sand, same as above.
95	X X X X X X X X X X + + + + + + + + -	[Vertical lines]		95	Sandstone, mod ylsb brn 10YR 5/4. Sands are v fine to fine, well sorted mod to well consolidated, rndd to sbang.
96		[Vertical lines]		96	Sand, mod ylsb brn 10YR 5/4. 90% v fn to fn sands, 10% silt. Sands are well sorted, uncons, rndd to sbang.
100	+ + + + + + + + +	[Dotted pattern]		100	Sand, mod ylsb brn 10YR 5/4. Sands are slightly darker at depth. V fn to fn sands, well sorted, uncons, rndd to sbang.
105	X X X X + + + + + + +	[Dotted pattern]		104	Sand/sandstones, mod ylsb brn 10YR 5/4. Same as above with inter-bedded layers of consol sands of the same description.
110	X X X X + + + + + + +	[Dotted pattern]		110	Sand/sandstones, same as above.
115	X X X X + + + + + + +	[Dotted pattern]		115	Sand/sandstones, same as above.

LITHOLOGIC LOG

(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
115					
120				119	TD
125					
130					
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					

# LITHOLOGIC LOG



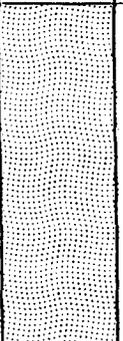
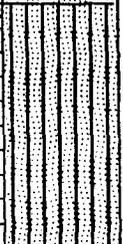
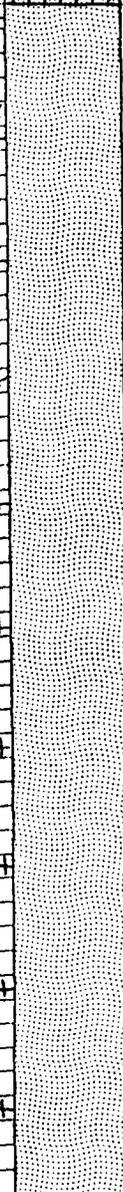
SITE ID: Phillips Lee                      LOCATION ID: MW-14  
 SITE COORDINATES (ft.): \_\_\_\_\_  
 N S 1 + 62.57                      E E 5 + 43.62  
 GROUND ELEVATION (ft. MSL): \_\_\_\_\_  
 STATE: NM                      COUNTY: Lea  
 DRILLING METHOD: Water Rotary  
 DRILLING CONTR.: Larry Felkins  
 DATE STARTED: 1/24/91                      DATE COMPLETED: 1/25/91  
 FIELD REP.: K. Summers  
 COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
0-1.5	C C C C C C C C C C			0-1.5	Caliche/fill, mod yls brn 10YR 5/4. Cuttings are clay size to v small pebble size. 80% cche, 20% clay. Cche is well consol. Clay is uncons.
5	C C C C C C C C C C			1.5	Clay, grayish brn 5YR 3/2 to dk yls brn 10YR 4/2. 80% clay, 20% caliche cobbles.
4	C C C C C C C C C C			4	Caliche, v pale orange 10YR 8/2 to grysh orange 10YR 7/4. Cuttings are clay size to v crs sand size. 10% clay, 90% cche. Cche is well consol.
10	C C C C C C C C C C			10	Caliche, same as above, but caliche 90%, silts to fine sands 10%. Sands are sbang, mod sorted, and included in the caliche.
15	C C C C C C C C C C			15	Caliche, same as above.
18	+ + + + + + + + + +			18	Sand, grayish orange pink 5YR 7/2. V fine to fine sands, well sorted. 80% v fine sands, 20% fine sands. Sands are rounded to sbang and uncons.
20	+ + + + + + + + + +			20	Sand, same as above.
25	+ + + + + + + + + +			25	Sand, same as above
29	X X X X X X X X X X			29	Sandstone, grayish orange pink 5YR 7/2. Calcite cemented, v fine to fine grained, well sorted, rounded to sbrndd, mod well consol.
35	X X X X X X X X X X			35	Sandstone, same as above.
37	+ + + + + + + + + +			37	Sand, pale yls brn 10YR 6/2 to mod yls brn 10YR 5/4. 90% v fine to fine sands, 10% silt. Sands are well sorted, uncons, and rndd to sbang.
40	+ + + + + + + + + +			40	Sand, same as above.
45	+ + + + + + + + + +			45	Sand, same as above.
50	+ + + + + + + + + +			50	Sand, same as above.

LITHOLOGIC LOG

(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description	
50	+++++			50	Sand, same as above.	
55	+++++			55	Sand, same as above.	
60	+++++				60	Silty sand, mod yish brn 10YR 5/4. Same as above w/exception of color change.
65	+++++				65	Silty sand, same as above.
70	+++++				70	Sand, same as above, but silt <10%.
74	XXXXX				74	Sandstone, lt brn 5YR 6/4 to mod yish brn 10YR 5/4. Cutting size from v fn sand to v crs sand. Sands are well consol, rndd to sbang and well sorted. 70% v fn sands, 30% fn sands.
75	XXXXX				75	Sand/sandstone, same as above w/thin interbedded loose sands.
80	+++++				80	Sand, mod yish brn 10YR 5/4. V fine sands, uncons, well sorted, rndd to sbang. 70% v fn sands, 30% fn sands.
85	+++++				85	Sand, same as above.
90	+++++				90	Sand, same as above.
95	+++++			100	Sand/sandstone, same as above w/thin beds of loosely to mod consol sandstones. Cuttings range from v fine to v coarse sand size.	
100	XXXXX			105	Sand/sandstone, same as above.	
105	XXXXX			110	Sand/sandstone, same as above.	
110	XXXXX			115	Sand/sandstone, same as above.	
115	XXXXX					

LITHOLOGIC LOG

(Continued)

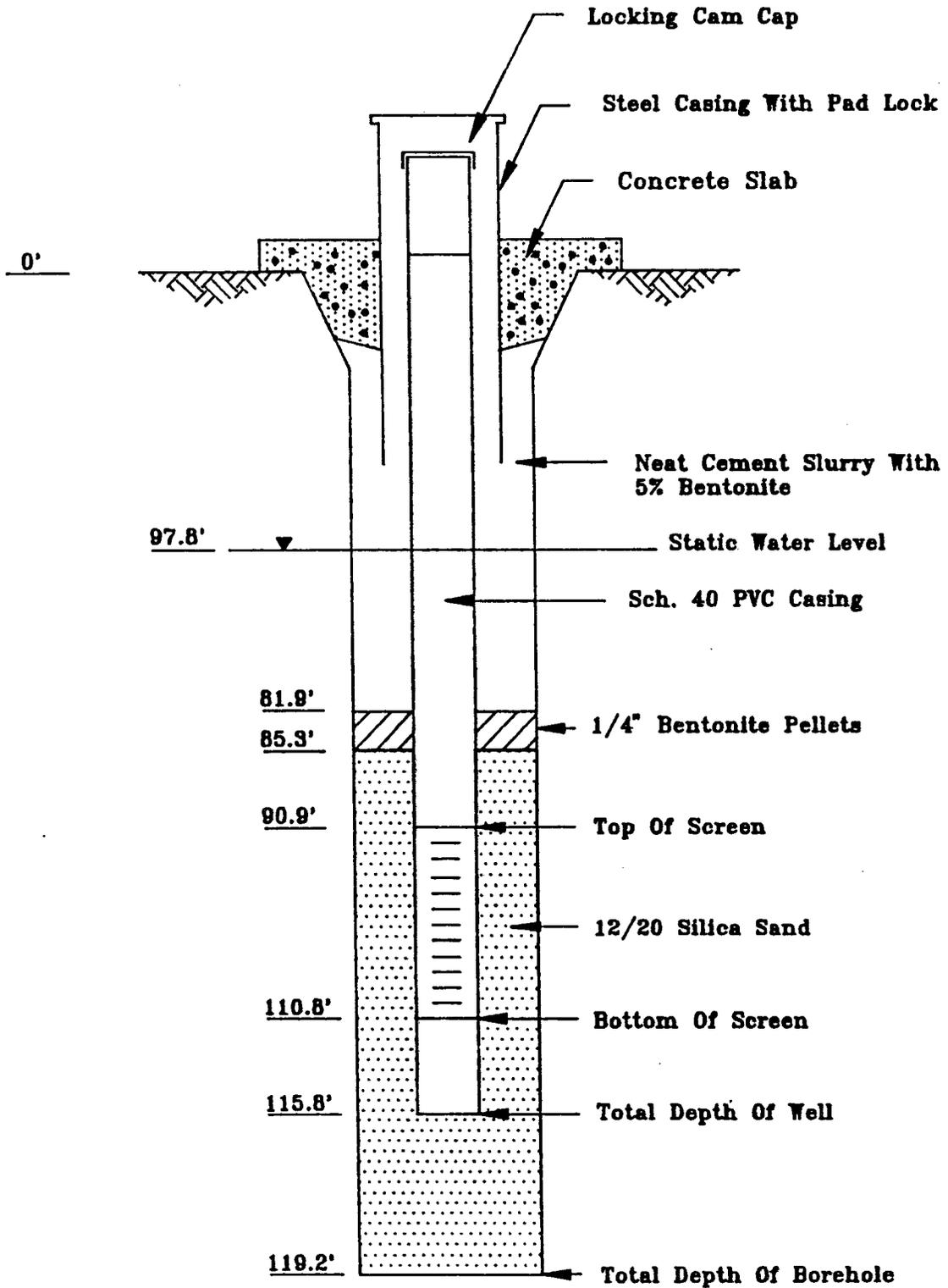
Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
115					
120					119
125					
130					
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					

APPENDIX B

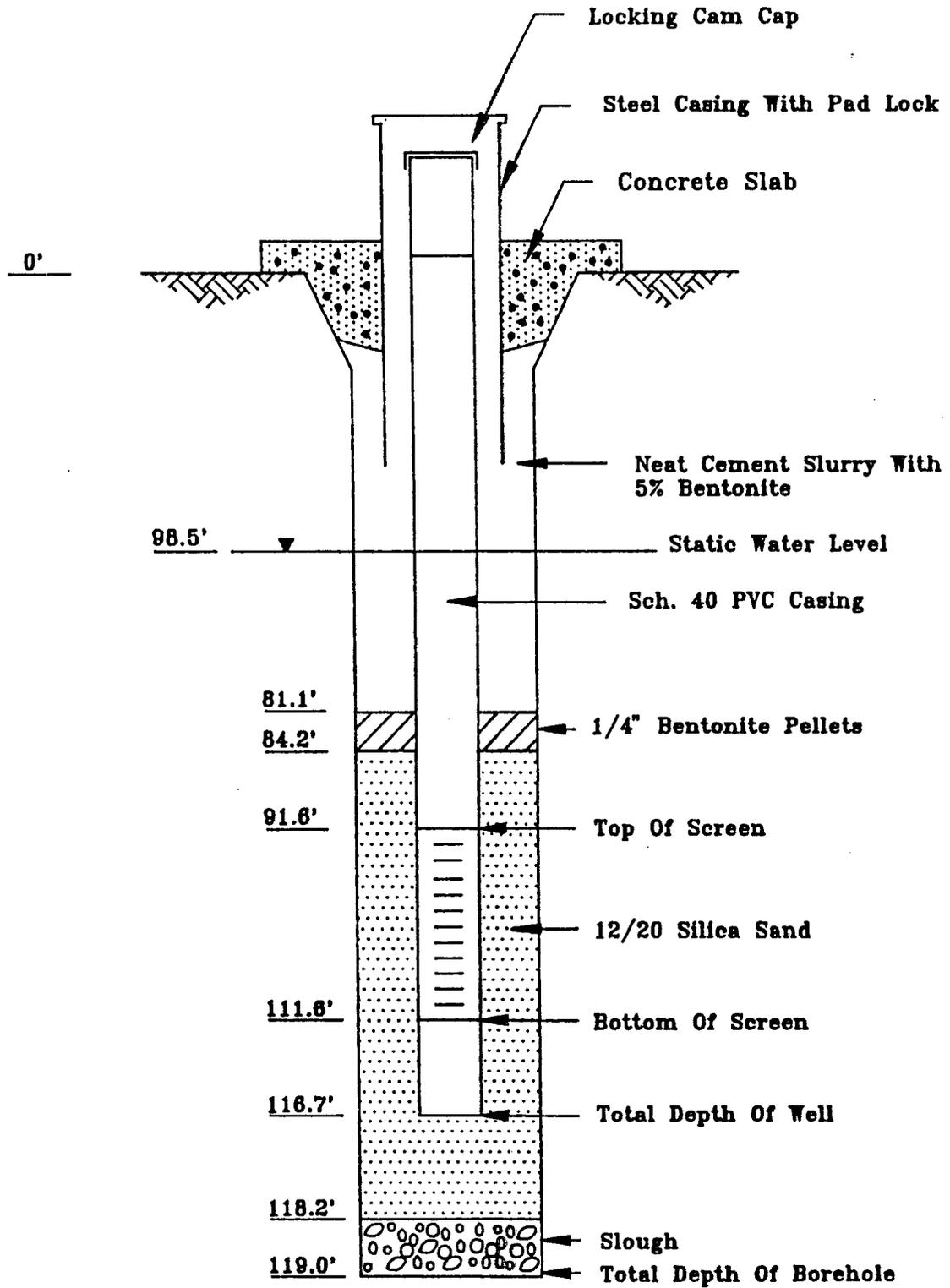
Appendix B

Monitor Well Completion Diagrams

# Monitor Well MW-13 Completion Diagram



### Monitor Well MW-14 Completion Diagram



APPENDIX C

**Appendix C**  
Laboratory Reports



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

2113 S. 48th Street Suite 107 Tempe, AZ 85282 (602) 438-1530

ATI I.D. 101791

February 1, 1991

Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.  
500 Copper, NW  
Suite 200  
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Project Name/Number: Phillips COC #2644

Attention: Sample Manager

On 01/24/91, Analytical Technologies, Inc. received a request to analyze aqueous sample(s). The sample(s) were analyzed with EPA methodology or equivalent methods. The results of these analyses and the quality control data, which follow each set of analyses, are enclosed.

Using Method 8015 Modified, Client ID 9101231040 MW12 had approx. 3.5 mg/l hydrocarbons quantitated as kerosene (C8-C16); heavier hydrocarbons were also present (C20-C32). Client ID 9101231420 MW10 had approx. 4.4 mg/l hydrocarbons quantitated as gasoline; however, the pattern is unusual. There are peaks at C5-C8 that match a gasoline pattern and peaks at C8-C16 which appear to match closer to a kerosene pattern. In addition, there were heavier hydrocarbons at C20-C32, which could not be quantitated.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us at (602)438-1530.

Jane Humphress Foote  
Project Manager

Robert V. Woods  
Laboratory Manager

RVW:clf  
Enclosure



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS

DATE RECEIVED : 01/24/91

REPORT DATE : 01/31/91

ATI I.D. : 101791

ATI #	CLIENT DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	DATE COLLECTED
01	9101231040 MW12	AQUEOUS	01/23/91
02	9101231300 MW9	AQUEOUS	01/23/91
03	9101231420 MW10	AQUEOUS	01/23/91
04	TRIP BLANK	AQUEOUS	01/23/91

----- TOTALS -----

MATRIX	# SAMPLES
-----	-----
AQUEOUS	4

ATI STANDARD DISPOSAL PRACTICE

The samples from this project will be disposed of in thirty (30) days from the date of this report. If an extended storage period is required, please contact our sample control department before the scheduled disposal date.



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10179101

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 01/23/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 2644	DATE RECEIVED	: 01/24/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 01/25/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9101231040 MW12	DATE ANALYZED	: 01/27/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: MG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5
HYDROCARBON RANGE	-
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	-

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	107
--------------------------	-----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10179102

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9101231300 MW9  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 01/23/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 01/24/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : 01/25/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 01/27/91  
UNITS : MG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS <5  
HYDROCARBON RANGE -  
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING -

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%) 94



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10179103

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 01/23/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 2644	DATE RECEIVED	: 01/24/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 01/25/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9101231420 MW10	DATE ANALYZED	: 01/27/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: MG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
-----------	---------

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5
HYDROCARBON RANGE	-
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	-

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	98
--------------------------	----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	ATI I.D.	: 101791
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 2644	DATE EXTRACTED	: 01/25/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE ANALYZED	: 01/27/91
CLIENT I.D.	: REAGENT BLANK	UNITS	: MG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5
HYDROCARBON RANGE	-
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	-

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	101
--------------------------	-----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 101791

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
REF I.D. : 10199936

DATE ANALYZED : 01/27/91  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS  
UNITS : MG/L

COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC. RESULT	SAMPLE SPIKED SPIKED	SAMPLE REC. %	DUP. SPIKED	DUP. %	RPD
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5	5.2	6.7	129	6.0	115

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10179101

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9101231040 MW12  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 01/23/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 01/24/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 01/25/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	120
TOLUENE	3.8
ETHYLBENZENE	0.6
TOTAL XYLENES	0.6

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 100



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10179102

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9101231300 MW9  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 01/23/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 01/24/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 01/26/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	6.5
TOLUENE	4.7
ETHYLBENZENE	0.8
TOTAL XYLENES	1.6

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	97
------------------------	----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10179103

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9101231420 MW10  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 01/23/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 01/24/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 01/26/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 10

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	980
TOLUENE	16
ETHYLBENZENE	15
TOTAL XYLENES	<5.0

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	105
------------------------	-----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10179104

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : TRIP BLANK  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 01/23/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 01/24/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 01/25/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<0.5
TOLUENE	<0.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	109
------------------------	-----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 101791  
DATE EXTRACTED : 01/25/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 01/25/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<0.5
TOLUENE	<0.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 97



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 101791  
DATE EXTRACTED : 01/26/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 01/26/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<0.5
TOLUENE	<0.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)

99



QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 101791

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2644
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS
REF I.D. : 10180903

DATE ANALYZED : 01/26/91
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS
UNITS : UG/L

Table with 8 columns: COMPOUNDS, SAMPLE CONC. RESULT, SAMPLE CONC. SPIKED, SPIKED % SAMPLE REC., DUP. SPIKED % SAMPLE REC., DUP. SPIKED % SAMPLE REC., RPD. Rows include BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, and XYLENES.

% Recovery = (Spike Sample Result - Sample Result) / Spike Concentration X 100

RPD (Relative % Difference) = (Spiked Sample Result - Duplicate Spike Sample Result) / Average of Spiked Sample X 100





Analytical**Technologies**, Inc.

2113 S. 48th Street Suite 107 Tempe, AZ 85282 (602) 438-1530

RECEIVED FEB 9 1991

ATI I.D. 101858

February 6, 1991

Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.  
500 Copper, NW  
Suite 200  
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Project Name/Number: Phillips Lee

Attention: Sample Manager

On 01/29/91, Analytical Technologies, Inc. received a request to analyze aqueous sample(s). The sample(s) were analyzed with EPA methodology or equivalent methods. The results of these analyses and the quality control data, which follow each set of analyses, are enclosed.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us at (602)438-1530.

*Jane Humphress Foote*

Jane Humphress Foote  
Project Manager

*M. Barry for*

Robert V. Woods  
Laboratory Manager

RVW:clf  
Enclosure



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : (NONE)  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS LEE

DATE RECEIVED : 01/29/91

REPORT DATE : 02/05/91

ATI I.D. : 101858

ATI #	CLIENT DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	DATE COLLECTED
01	9101271330 MW-13	AQUEOUS	01/27/91
02	9101271600 MW-14	AQUEOUS	01/27/91

----- TOTALS -----

MATRIX	# SAMPLES
AQUEOUS	2

ATI STANDARD DISPOSAL PRACTICE

The samples from this project will be disposed of in thirty (30) days from the date of this report. If an extended storage period is required, please contact our sample control department before the scheduled disposal date.



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10185801

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : (NONE)  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS LEE  
CLIENT I.D. : 9101271330 MW-13  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 01/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 01/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : 01/29/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 02/03/91  
UNITS : MG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5
HYDROCARBON RANGE	-
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	-
SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES	
DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	93



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10185802

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 01/27/91
PROJECT #	: (NONE)	DATE RECEIVED	: 01/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS LEE	DATE EXTRACTED	: 01/29/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9101271600 MW-14	DATE ANALYZED	: 02/03/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: MG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5
HYDROCARBON RANGE	-
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	-

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	89
--------------------------	----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	ATI I.D.	: 101858
PROJECT #	: (NONE)	DATE EXTRACTED	: 01/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS LEE	DATE ANALYZED	: 02/03/91
CLIENT I.D.	: REAGENT BLANK	UNITS	: MG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5
HYDROCARBON RANGE	-
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	-

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	104
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 101858

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : (NONE)  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS LEE  
REF I.D. : 10299902

DATE ANALYZED : 02/02/91  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS  
UNITS : MG/L

COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC. RESULT	CONC. SPIKED	SPIKED SAMPLE	% REC.	DUP. SPIKED SAMPLE	% REC.	RPD
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<0.5	4.9	6.1	124	5.3	108	14

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$



RECEIVED FEB 23 1991



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

2113 S. 48th Street Suite 107 Tempe, AZ 85282 (602) 438-1530

ATI I.D. 102674

February 21, 1991

Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.  
500 Copper, NW  
Suite 200  
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Project Name/Number: Phillips COC 2646

Attention: Sample Manager

On 02/15/91, Analytical Technologies, Inc. received a request to analyze aqueous sample(s). The sample(s) were analyzed with EPA methodology or equivalent methods. The results of these analyses and the quality control data, which follow each set of analyses, are enclosed.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us at (602)438-1530.

Jane Humphress Foote  
Project Manager

Robert V. Woods  
Laboratory Manager

RVW:clf  
Enclosure



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2646  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS

DATE RECEIVED : 02/15/91

REPORT DATE : 02/20/91

ATI I.D. : 102674

ATI #	CLIENT DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	DATE COLLECTED
01	9102131015 MW13	AQUEOUS	02/13/91
02	9102131210 MW14	AQUEOUS	02/13/91

----- TOTALS -----

MATRIX	# SAMPLES
AQUEOUS	2

ATI STANDARD DISPOSAL PRACTICE

The samples from this project will be disposed of in thirty (30) days from the date of this report. If an extended storage period is required, please contact our sample control department before the scheduled disposal date.



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10267401

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2646  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9102131015 MW13  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 02/13/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 02/15/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 02/15/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	16
TOLUENE	19
ETHYLBENZENE	3.0
TOTAL XYLENES	5.1

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 85



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10267402

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2646  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9102131210 MW14  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 02/13/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 02/15/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 02/16/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<0.5
TOLUENE	<0.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 83



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

# GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

## REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2646  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 102674  
DATE EXTRACTED : 02/15/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 02/15/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

---

### COMPOUNDS

### RESULTS

---

BENZENE	<0.5
TOLUENE	<0.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5

### SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE. (%)	93
-------------------------	----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 102674

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
 PROJECT # : C.O.C. 2646  
 PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
 REF I.D. : 10268408

DATE ANALYZED : 02/18/91  
 SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS  
 UNITS : UG/L

COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC.		SPIKED SAMPLE	% SPIKED REC.	DUP.	DUP.	RPD
	RESULT	SPIKED			SAMPLE	%	
BENZENE	<0.5	10	9.8	98	9.8	98	0
TOLUENE	<0.5	10	10	100	9.8	98	2
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.5	10	9.6	96	9.5	95	1
XYLENES	<0.5	30	28	93	27	90	3

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$



RECEIVED FEB 25 1991



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

2113 S. 48th Street Suite 107 Tempe, AZ 85282 (602) 438-1530

ATI I.D. 102673

February 21, 1991

Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.  
500 Copper, NW  
Suite 200  
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Project Name/Number: Phillips COC 2647

Attention: Sample Manager

On 02/15/91, Analytical Technologies, Inc. received a request to analyze aqueous sample(s). The sample(s) were analyzed with EPA methodology or equivalent methods. The results of these analyses and the quality control data, which follow each set of analyses, are enclosed.

If you have any questions or comments, please do not hesitate to contact us at (602)438-1530.

Jane Humphress Foote  
Project Manager

Robert V. Woods  
Laboratory Manager

RVW:clf  
Enclosure



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 2647  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS

DATE RECEIVED : 02/15/91

REPORT DATE : 02/20/91

ATI I.D. : 102673

ATI #	CLIENT DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	DATE COLLECTED
01	9102130830 MW6	AQUEOUS	02/13/91
02	9102131230 DWW	AQUEOUS	02/13/91

----- TOTALS -----

MATRIX	# SAMPLES
AQUEOUS	2

ATI STANDARD DISPOSAL PRACTICE

The samples from this project will be disposed of in thirty (30) days from the date of this report. If an extended storage period is required, please contact our sample control department before the scheduled disposal date.



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS.

ATI I.D. : 10267301

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS
PROJECT # : C.O.C 2647
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS
CLIENT I.D. : 9102130830 MW6
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 02/13/91
DATE RECEIVED : 02/15/91
DATE EXTRACTED : 02/15/91
DATE ANALYZED : 02/17/91
UNITS : MG/L
DILUTION FACTOR : 5

COMPOUNDS

RESULTS

FUEL HYDROCARBONS 170
HYDROCARBON RANGE C5-C32
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING GASOLINE

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%) 89



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	ATI I.D.	: 102673
PROJECT #	: C.O.C 2647	DATE EXTRACTED	: 02/15/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE ANALYZED	: 02/16/91
CLIENT I.D.	: REAGENT BLANK	UNITS	: MG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5
HYDROCARBON RANGE	-
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	-

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	98
--------------------------	----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 102673

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS
PROJECT # : C.O.C 2647
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS
REF I.D. : 10299926

DATE ANALYZED : 02/16/91
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS
UNITS : MG/L

Table with 8 columns: COMPOUNDS, SAMPLE CONC. RESULT, SPIKED SAMPLE, SPIKED % REC., DUP. SAMPLE REC., DUP. SPIKED %, RPD. Row 1: FUEL HYDROCARBONS, <5, 16, 21, 131, 21, 131, 0

% Recovery = (Spike Sample Result - Sample Result) / Spike Concentration X 100

RPD (Relative % Difference) = (Spiked Sample Result - Duplicate Spike Sample Result) / Average of Spiked Sample X 100



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

### GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10267301

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 2647  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9102130830 MW6  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 02/13/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 02/15/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 02/15/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1000

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	72000
TOLUENE	35000
ETHYLBENZENE	3000
TOTAL XYLENES	4200

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 89



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 2647  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 102673  
DATE EXTRACTED : 02/15/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 02/15/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

---

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	<0.5
TOLUENE	<0.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5

---

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 93



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 102673

TEST : BTEX (8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 2647  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
REF I.D. : 10268408

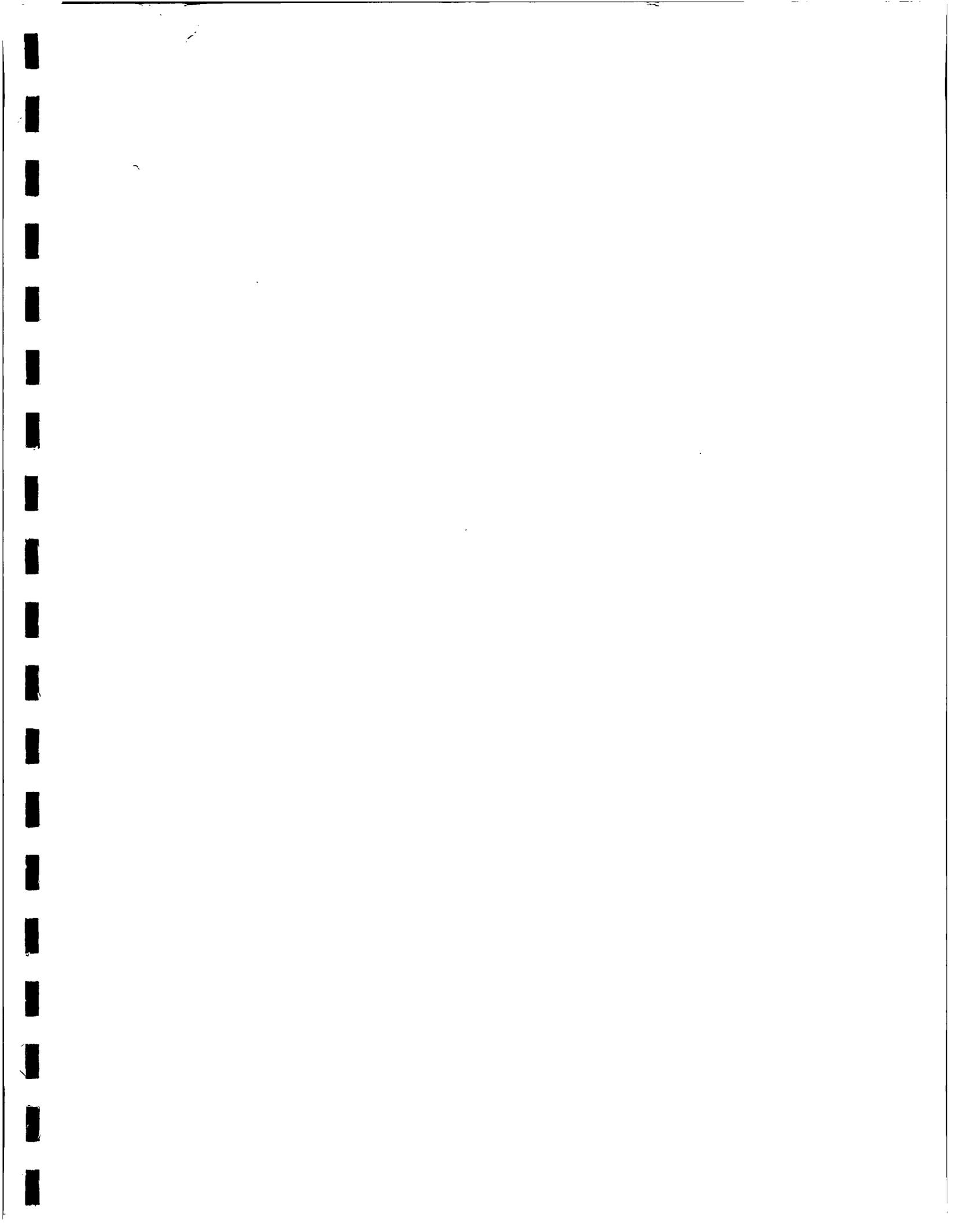
DATE ANALYZED : 02/18/91  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS  
UNITS : UG/L

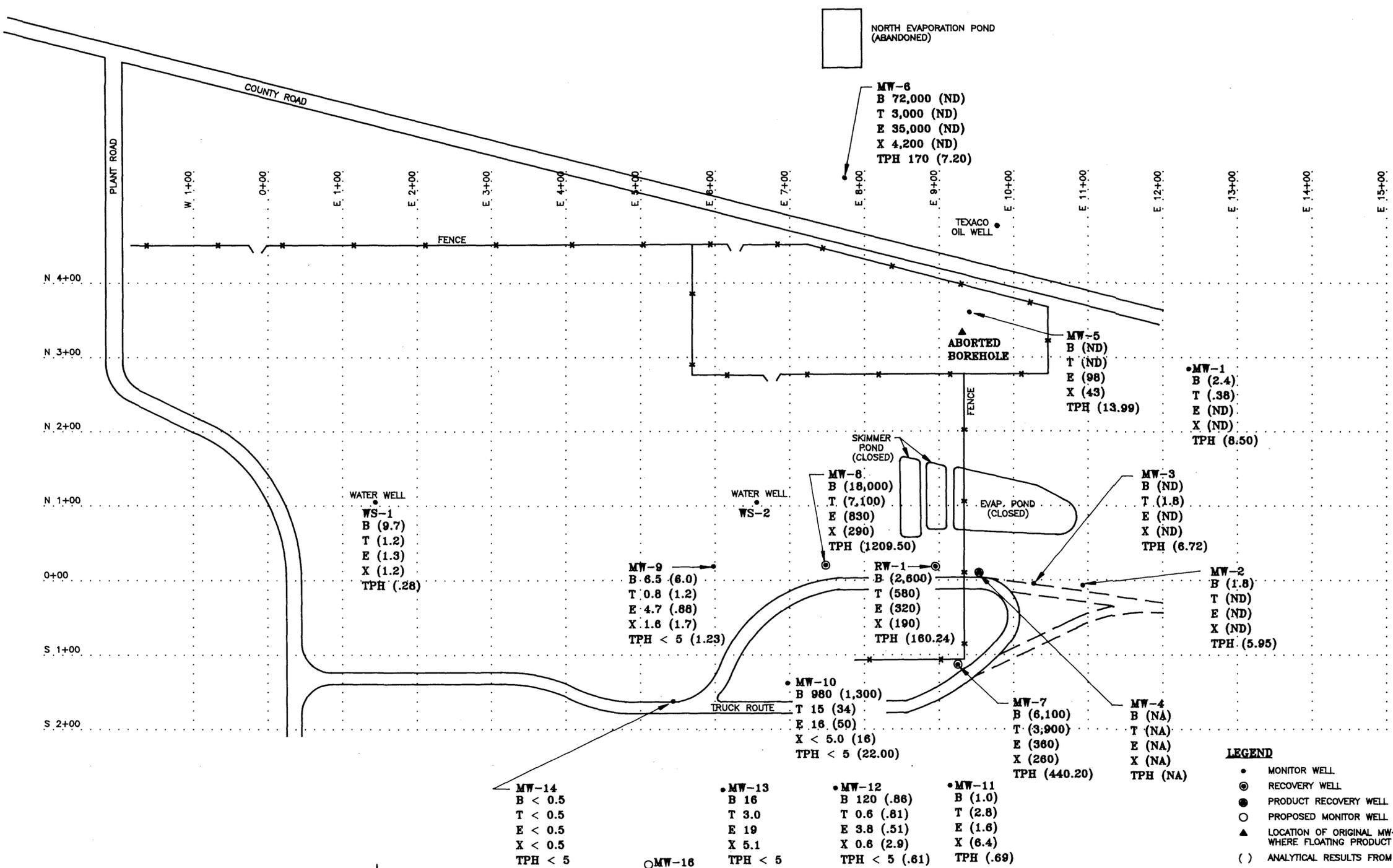
COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC.		SPIKED RESULT	SPIKED SAMPLE	DUP. %		RPD
	RESULT	SPIKED			SAMPLE REC.	SAMPLE REC.	
BENZENE	<0.5	10	9.8	98	9.8	98	0
TOLUENE	<0.5	10	10	100	9.8	98	2
ETHYLBENZENE	<0.5	10	9.6	96	9.5	95	1
XYLENES	<0.5	30	28	93	27	90	3

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$





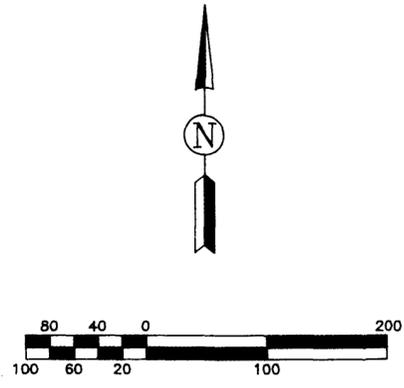


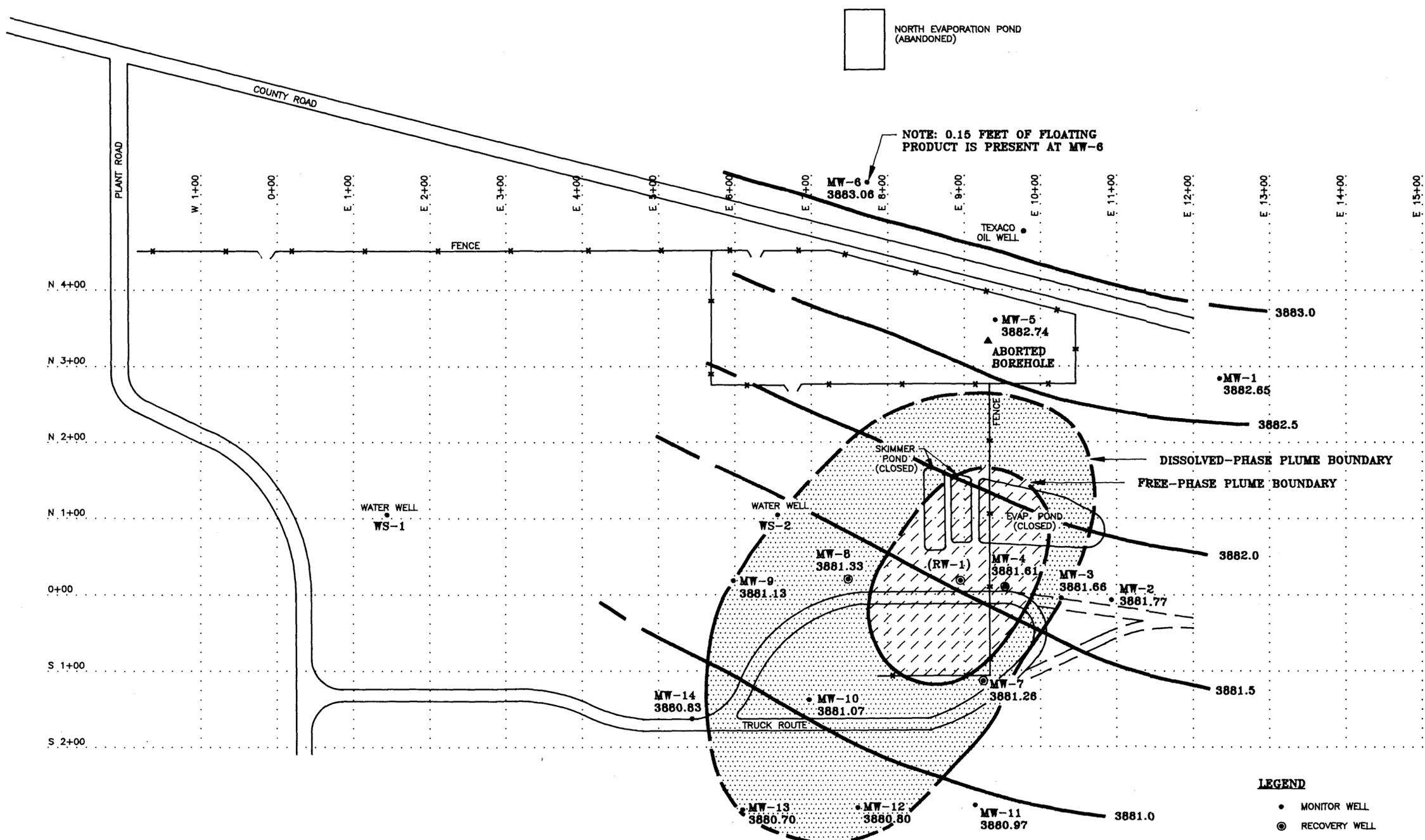
- LEGEND**
- MONITOR WELL
  - ⊙ RECOVERY WELL
  - PRODUCT RECOVERY WELL
  - PROPOSED MONITOR WELL
  - ▲ LOCATION OF ORIGINAL MW-1 BOREHOLE WHERE FLOATING PRODUCT WAS FOUND
  - ( ) ANALYTICAL RESULTS FROM APRIL AND OCTOBER
  - NA NOT AVAILABLE
  - ND NO DETECTION
  - B BENZENE (MICROGRAMS PER LITER)
  - T TOLUENE (MICROGRAMS PER LITER)
  - E ETHYLBENZENE (MICROGRAMS PER LITER)
  - X TOTAL XYLENES (MICROGRAMS PER LITER)
  - TPH TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (MILLIGRAMS PER LITER)

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**PLATE 1**  
 MONITOR WELL LOCATION MAP WITH BTX AND TPH CONCENTRATIONS FROM JANUARY & FEBRUARY, 1991

CLIENT: PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY
DATE: MAR. 5, 1991
CHECKED BY: K. SUMMERS
DRAWN BY: J.T.N.
DWG. NO. 439-000





NORTH EVAPORATION POND  
(ABANDONED)

NOTE: 0.15 FEET OF FLOATING  
PRODUCT IS PRESENT AT MW-6

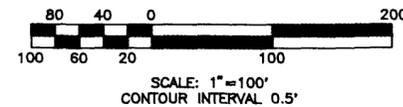
- LEGEND**
- MONITOR WELL
  - ⊙ RECOVERY WELL
  - PROPOSED MONITOR WELL
  - PRODUCT RECOVERY WELL
  - ▲ LOCATION OF ORIGINAL MW-1 BOREHOLE WHERE FLOATING PRODUCT WAS FOUND
  - ( ) WELL NOT USED FOR CONTOURING DUE TO UNACERTAINABLE PRODUCT THICKNESS

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SANTA FE

NOTE: MAP CREATED FROM WATER LEVELS WHICH WERE OBTAINED WHILE RECOVERY PUMPS WERE NOT OPERATING.



	<b>PLATE 2</b>	
	<b>POTENTIOMETRIC WATER SURFACE AND PLUME BOUNDARY MAP FOR JANUARY, 1991</b>	
	CLIENT: PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY	
	DATE: MAR. 5, 1991	
	CHECKED BY: K. SUMMERS	
DRAWN BY: J.T.N.		
DWG. NO. 439-000		

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SANTA FE

File Copy

**Phase IV  
Report of Subsurface Investigation  
Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company  
Lee Gas Plant**

*September 5, 1991*

*Prepared for:*

*Mr. Ralph McCord  
PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY  
4001 Penbrook  
Odessa, Texas*

*Prepared by:*

***HYGIENETICS, INC./GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD***

***SOUTHWEST REGIONAL OFFICE  
500 Copper Avenue, NW  
Suite 200  
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102  
(505) 842-0001  
FAX (505) 842-0595***

Phase IV  
Report of Subsurface Investigation  
Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company  
Lee Gas Plant

SUBMITTED BY:

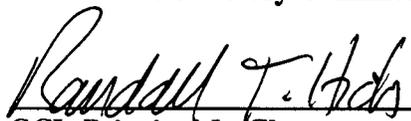
DATE:

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
GCL Project Director

9-5-91

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
GCL Senior Advisory Committee

9/5/91

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
GCL Principal-In-Charge

9-5-91

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### **Appendix**

- A Laboratory Reports
- B ATI Correspondence

## **List of Plates**

### **Plate**

- 1 Monitor Well Location Map with BTEX and TPH Concentrations from 1990 to Present
- 2 Potentiometric Surface Map June 26, 1991
- 3 Plume Boundary Map for June, 1991

SECTION 1.0

# Phillips 66 Lee Gas Plant Report

*Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.*

## 1.0 Executive Summary

On June 26, and 27, 1991, Geoscience Consultants, Ltd. (GCL) continued a subsurface investigation for Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company (Phillips) at the Lee Gas Plant, Buckeye, New Mexico. The subsurface investigation was initiated in 1988 with the closure of four RCRA monitor wells and the installation of four investigatory monitor wells. To date, eleven ground-water monitor wells, four ground-water recovery wells, and one product recovery well have been installed at the Lee Plant.

GCL inspected all the monitor wells and recovery wells for free-phase hydrocarbon in June 1991. Free-phase hydrocarbons were found to be present in recovery well RW-1 and monitor wells MW-6 and MW-4. All of the existing ground-water monitor wells, recovery wells, and two water supply wells that did not contain free-phase hydrocarbons were sampled for petroleum constituents.

Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) standards for benzene were exceeded at monitor wells MW-3, MW-5, MW-7, MW-8, MW-9, and MW-10, and water-supply well WS-2. The WQCC standard for toluene was exceeded in MW-7 and MW-8.

The free-phase product plume, associated with the southern evaporation pond, appears to be centered near recovery well RW-1. The dissolved-phase plume forms a northeast-southwest trending, elongate halo around the plume of free-floating product. Phillips is continuing the remediation of the dissolved- and free-phase hydrocarbons that was initiated during April, 1990. This interim remedial action consists of pumping ground water and/or product from recovery well RW-1, and pumping ground water from MW-7, MW-8, and MW-10 to the Lee Gas Plant waste-water treatment system. Additionally, Phillips is recovering product from MW-4, that is then pumped to the on-site slop oil tanks.

Free-phase hydrocarbons are present at MW-6 north of the Lee Plant. The source of these hydrocarbons is probably the closed north evaporation pond (inlet receiver pit.)

Phillips will install and sample six additional ground-water monitoring wells. The proposed monitor well locations are placed so that Phillips can characterize the ground-water directly up-gradient and down-gradient of the inlet receiver pit, the ground water that is entering the plant from the north and the ground water that is leaving the plant from the south.

Following evaluation of the analytical results from sampling the ground water from the proposed monitor wells and the wells scheduled for quarterly sampling, Phillips will submit a final remedial strategy plan. This report is scheduled for submission in January of 1992.

SECTION 2.0

# Phillips 66 Lee Gas Plant Report

*Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.*

## 2.0 Introduction

Since early 1988 Geoscience Consultants, Ltd. (GCL) has been involved in a subsurface investigation at the Phillips Lee Gas Plant in southeastern New Mexico (GCL, 1988a). The results of GCL's initial investigation indicated that both free-phase and dissolved-phase hydrocarbons were present in the saturated zone beneath the site. Fourteen ground-water monitor wells and one recovery well have been installed at the site. Three of the fourteen monitor wells have been converted to recovery wells. Listed here is a brief history of the investigative and remediative actions performed at the facility:

- April 1988: GCL installed four monitor wells and abandoned four existing monitor wells from a previously existing RCRA monitoring program. (GCL, 1988a)
- September 1988: A limited soil-vapor survey identified two potential sources of hydrocarbon contamination (both former evaporation ponds, GCL, 1988b).
- January 1990: Jurisdiction of Phillips' Lee Gas Plant was transferred from NMEID to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division.
- April 1990: GCL installed four monitor wells and one recovery well at the site to define limits of the free-phase plume and to begin recovery of the floating product (GCL, 1990a).
- August 1990: GCL installed four additional monitor wells to further define the lateral extent of dissolved-phase hydrocarbons in the aquifer (GCL, 1990b).
- January 1991: GCL installed two additional monitor wells to delineate the leading edge of the dissolved-phase plume. Two existing monitor wells were converted to recovery wells (GCL, 1991)
- May 1991: Phillips converted monitor well MW-10 to a recovery well per NMOCDs' April 2, 1991 request (NMOCD, 1991).

In June 1991 GCL conducted a contemporaneous ground-water sampling event. Prior sampling events were limited to collecting samples from just those wells installed in the current phase of work along with selected wells from previous phases to correlate analytical results. The ground-water recovery wells were turned off for a period of approximately two weeks before sampling to allow the aquifer to equilibrate. Two of the recovery wells (RW-

**Phillips 66  
Lee Gas Plant Report**

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*Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.*

1 and MW-4), and one of the monitor wells (MW-6) were not sampled due to the presence of free-phase hydrocarbons. The June 26, 1991 ground-water sampling fulfills NMOCD's request for

- Quarterly sampling of the ground-water from monitor wells MW-9, MW-11, MW-12, MW-13, MW-14
- Semi-annual sampling of the ground-water from water supply wells WS-1 and WS-2
- The first annual sampling of recovery wells that do not contain free-phase hydrocarbon.

SECTION 3.0

### 3.0 Methodology

During June, 1991, a comprehensive sampling plan was implemented at the Lee Gas Plant. This implementation included collecting depth to ground-water measurements and ground-water samples from the existing recovery/monitor well network (MW-1 through MW-14) and water supply wells WS-1 and WS-2 at the site, but excluded wells that contain free-phase product (MW-4, MW-6, and RW-1). John West Engineering Company of Hobbs, New Mexico surveyed the top-of-casing elevations at the water supply wells. During the conversion of monitor wells MW-7, MW-8, and MW-10 to recovery wells the casings were modified, so these wells were resurveyed.

All monitor, recovery, and water-supply well locations are shown on plate 1. Recovery operations were halted approximately two weeks before sample collection to allow conditions in the aquifer to stabilize. Depth-to-product and depth-to-water measurements were taken before, during, and after the sampling event.

Samples were obtained from the wells according to standard GCL protocol, following strict chain-of-custody procedures. Four-inch and larger diameter wells were purged using a submersible pump, while two-inch wells were purged using a one-and-six-tenths(1.6)-inch teflon bailer. All samples were collected with dedicated, disposable one-and-six-tenths(1.6)-inch teflon bailers. A new bailer was used at each new location and the one used at the previous location discarded.

GCL shipped the ground-water samples to Analytical Technologies Inc. (ATI) of Phoenix, Arizona for analysis. Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, total xylene (BTEX) concentrations were measured using EPA method 602, and total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), using EPA method modified 8015.

SECTION 4.0

#### 4.0 Results

Depth to ground-water/product measurements were collected at all of the monitor, recovery and water-supply well locations on June 26, 1991. Where free-phase hydrocarbons were found, the elevation of the potentiometric surface was estimated by multiplying the thickness of the product by its density (approximately .8 the density of water) and adding this result to the water surface elevation. Water surface elevations, depth to water measurements, and depth to product measurements are presented in table 4-1.

All existing monitor wells and recovery wells at the site were inspected during the June sampling event to determine whether free-phase hydrocarbons were present. Free-phase hydrocarbons were observed in monitor wells MW-4 and MW-6, and in recovery well RW-1. Product had not accumulated in any of the other monitor wells.

Three and one-tenth (3.1) feet of free-phase hydrocarbons were measured in monitor well MW-4. This measurement was obtained after the product pump was removed and the aquifer allowed to equilibrate. The product thickness in monitor well MW-6 was found to be 0.41 feet during June. This represents an increase in thickness of .29 feet compared to .12 feet in January, 1991. Measurement of the product thickness in recovery well RW-1 under static conditions indicated that 3.4 feet of floating product was present in June.

Analytical results for ground-water samples collected in June are presented in table 4-2. The laboratory reports are included in appendix A.

Total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) constituents were found in all wells sampled. TPH concentrations ranged from a low of 64 ppb at WS-1 to a high of 31,000 ppb at monitor well MW-5. Due to GCL's request for a lower detection limit for TPH analyses than was previously delivered by ATI, the TPH results represent only the hydrocarbon range of C10-C36. These data are still useful in determining the possible contribution of heavier hydrocarbons common in crude oil. Attached as appendix B is ATI's response to GCL's inquiries about the analyses.

Table 4-1

Well and Water Surface Elevation Data, June 26, 1991

Location	Casing Elevation	Depth to Water Datum is TOC	Depth to Product Datum is TOC	Water Surface Elevation
MW-1	3979.25	97.02	N	3882.23
MW-2	3980.50	99.17	N	3881.33
MW-3	3980.27	99.04	N	3881.23
MW-4	3980.16	101.51	98.38	3881.15*
MW-5	3979.82	97.54	N	3882.28
MW-6	3981.79	99.49	99.08	3882.63*
MW-7	3979.72	98.98	N	3880.74
MW-8	3981.31	100.52	N	3880.79
MW-9	3980.17	99.64	N	3880.53
MW-10	3981.02	100.50	N	3880.52
MW-11	3978.50	98.12	N	3880.38
MW-12	3978.82	98.64	N	3880.18
MW-13	3980.52	100.55	N	3879.97
MW-14	3982.23	102.06	N	3880.17
RW-1	3980.87	102.34	98.94	3881.25*
WS-1	3982.78	103.22	N	3879.56
WS-2	3980.18	99.14	N	3881.04

\*Water surface elevation corrected for floating product using a specific gravity for the product of approximately 0.8

All data are presented in feet

N = None found

Table 4-2

Analytical Results from June 1991 Sampling Event

Analyte	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-5	WQCC Standard
Benzene	<1.5	<1.5	43	5,000	10
Toluene	<1.5	<1.5	5.7	570	750
Ethylbenzene	<1.5	<1.5	1.5	15	750
Total xylenes	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	88	620
TPH	330	480	750	31,000	NA

Units for analysis are micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/l}$ ) unless otherwise stated.

TPH - Total petroleum hydrocarbons

NA - Not applicable

Table 4-2 (cont'd)

Analytical Results from June 1991 Sampling Event

Analyte	MW-7	MW-8	MW-9	MW-10	WQCC Standard
Benzene	3,200	21,000	160	9,700	10
Toluene	1,400	1,300	56	420	750
Ethylbenzene	23	12	2.5	84	750
Total xylenes	130	420	4.2	39	620
TPH	660	1,400	780	1,300	NA

Units for analysis are micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/l}$ ) unless otherwise stated.

TPH - Total petroleum hydrocarbons

NA - Not applicable

Table 4-2 (cont'd)

Analytical Results from June 1991 Sampling Event

Analyte	MW-11	MW-12	MW-13	MW-14	WQCC Standard
Benzene	<1.5	<1.5	1.9	<1.5	10
Toluene	<1.5	1.6	<1.5	<1.5	750
Ethylbenzene	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	750
Total xylenes	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	<2.5	620
TPH	540	230	360	1,200	NA

Units for analysis are micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/l}$ ) unless otherwise stated.

TPH - Total petroleum hydrocarbons

NA - Not applicable

Table 4-2 (cont'd)

Analytical Results from June 1991 Sampling Event

Analyte	WS-1	WS-2	WQCC Standard
Benzene	6.5	280	10
Toluene	<1.5	27	750
Ethylbenzene	<1.5	1.8	750
Total xylenes	<2.5	2.5	620
TPH	64	1,500	NA

Units for analysis are micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/l}$ ) unless otherwise stated.

TPH - Total petroleum hydrocarbons

NA - Not applicable

**Phillips 66  
Lee Gas Plant Report**

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*Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.*

The Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) standard for benzene is 10 micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/l}$  or ppb). The WQCC standard for benzene was exceeded in 7 wells;

- MW-3            43 ppb
- MW-5            5,000 ppb
- MW-7            3,200 ppb
- MW-8            21,000 ppb
- MW-9            160 ppb
- MW-10          9,700 ppb
- WS-2            280 ppb

The WQCC standards for ethylbenzene and toluene are 750 ppb. The WQCC standard for ethylbenzene was not exceeded in any of the wells that were sampled. The WQCC standard for toluene, however, was exceeded at monitor wells MW-7 and MW-8. The concentrations of toluene found in these samples were 1,400 ppb and 1,300 ppb, respectively. The WQCC standard for total xylenes is 620 ppb. This value was not exceeded in any of the wells that were sampled. The concentrations of BTEX and TPH for all 1990 and 1991 events are shown on plate 1.



**Phillips 66**  
**Lee Gas Plant Report**

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*Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.*

**5.0 Conclusions**

Water surface elevations were plotted and a potentiometric surface map drawn (plate 2). plate 2 shows that the potentiometric surface, after allowing the aquifer to equilibrate, is consistent with earlier results (GCL,1990b). The direction of flow changes from approximately 5-degrees west-of-south at the eastern edge of the plant to approximately 40-degrees west-of-south at the central part of the plant. The gradient of the potentiometric surface is approximately 1 vertical foot for every 650 horizontal feet (.0015 ft/ft).

The free-phase hydrocarbons that have been identified indicate that the product plumes could likely be associated with three sources, the southern evaporation pond, the north evaporation pond (both of which are closed, plate 3), or the oil field located upgradient from the facility.

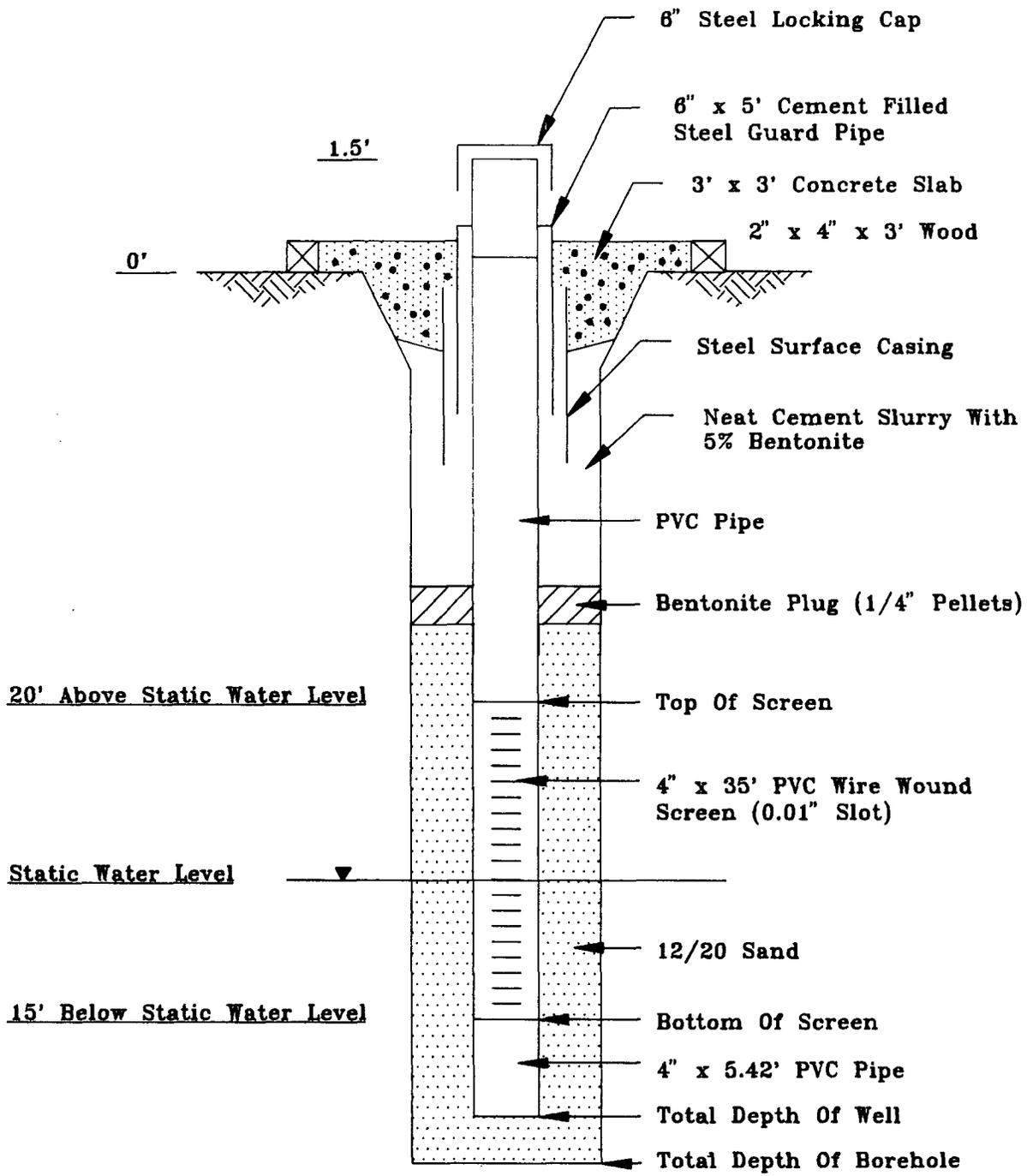
The analytical results for BTEX constituents are consistent with past results. They indicate that there is a dissolved-phase plume that forms a northeast-southwest trending, elongate halo around the free-phase plume. Dissolved hydrocarbons were identified in the ground water at all of the monitor wells on the plant site. Such conditions are typical at sites located in a producing oil field. Hydrocarbon concentrations that exceeded WQCC action levels were found at monitor wells MW-3, MW-5, MW-7, MW-8, MW-9, and MW-10, and water-supply well WS-2. The extent of the dissolved-phase plume is shown on plate 3.

The extent of the dissolved-phase plume associated with the product at MW-6 is not known. Recommendations for investigating ground water in this area are discussed in section 6.0.

SECTION 6.0

Figure 1

Typical Proposed Monitor Well  
Phillips Lee Plant



## 6.0 Recommendations

Additional wells will be installed to characterize the quality of ground water entering the site, leaving the site, and upgradient and downgradient of monitor well MW-6, where free-phase hydrocarbons have been detected. All wells will be designed for potential use in a final remedial action at the site (figure 1). The proposed monitor well locations are shown on plate 2. Objectives for the proposed monitor well locations are as follows:

- Install one monitor well, P1, down-gradient of the north evaporation pond (plate 2). The monitor well at this location has been requested by NMOCD.
- Install one monitor well, P2, upgradient of the north evaporation pond. This location will allow Phillips to characterize the ground-water upgradient of the north evaporation pond and the plant.
- Install two monitor wells, P3 and P4, up-gradient of the plant, south of the county road that is just north of the plant. These wells will enable Phillips to characterize the ground-water entering the plant upgradient of water-supply well WS-1. Additionally, Phillips will be able to investigate the lateral extent of dissolved-phase petroleum constituents associated with the free-phase hydrocarbon located southeast of the north evaporation pond.
- Install two monitor wells, P5 and P6, down-gradient of the Plant. Monitor wells at these proposed locations will allow Phillips to characterize the quality of the ground-water down-gradient of the plant.

SECTION 7.0

**Phillips 66**  
**Lee Gas Plant Report**

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*Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.*

**7.0 Schedule**

The following schedule is proposed for implementing the next phase of the investigation.

- Following NMOCD approval, install the proposed monitor wells. Ideally, the quarterly sampling event will be coordinated with sampling the ground-water from the proposed monitor wells. The proposed monitor well installation and sampling, pending on NMOCD approval, and the quarterly sampling, will be completed by October 21, 1991.
- Following evaluation of the analytical data, a remedial strategy for the site will be prepared. The first step in this process will be to evaluate the results of the proposed drilling program and the quarterly sampling. Based on these data, we will develop several remedial alternatives. Phillips will submit the sampling results, along with a remedial strategy report to NMOCD by January 20, 1992.

**SECTION 8.0**

**Phillips 66  
Lee Gas Plant Report**

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*Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.*

**8.0 References**

- Geoscience Consultants, Ltd., For Phillips Petroleum Company, 1988a, "Report On The Installation Of A Ground Water Monitoring System at Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company," June 6, 1988.
- Geoscience Consultants, Ltd., For Phillips Petroleum Company, 1988b, "Draft Limited Soil Vapor Survey, Phillips Lee Gas Plant," September 23, 1988.
- Geoscience Consultants, Ltd., For Phillips Petroleum Company, 1988c, "Sampling and Analyses Plan for Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company Artesia, Eunice, Lee and Lusk Gasoline Plants," June 3, 1988.
- Geoscience Consultants, Ltd., For Phillips Petroleum Company, 1990a, "Report of Subsurface Investigation Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company Lee Gas Plant," May 30, 1990.
- Geoscience Consultants, Ltd., For Phillips Petroleum Company, 1990b, "Phase II Report of Subsurface Investigation Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company Lee Gas Plant," October 9, 1990.
- Geoscience Consultants, Ltd., For Phillips Petroleum Company, 1991, "Phase III Report of Subsurface Investigation Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company Lee Gas Plant." March 11, 1990.
- New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, To Phillips Petroleum Company, 1991, RE: Report of Subsurface Investigation Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company Lee Gas Plant Buckeye, New Mexico, Letter, April 2, 1991.

0528/P4.DOC

APPENDIX A

**Appendix A**

**Laboratory Reports**



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

ACCESSION #: 106982

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>METHOD</u>	<u>DATE EXTRACTED</u>	<u>DATE ANALYZED</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>
Fuel Hydrocarbons	8015 Mod	07/02/91	07/23/91	D. McKee
BTEX	602	NA	07/09/91 07/12/91	EN

Reference(s): Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes  
March 1983 EPA-600 4-79-020

SW 846, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS

DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91

REPORT DATE : 08/22/91

ATI I.D. : 106982

ATI #	CLIENT DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	DATE COLLECTED
01	9106271550 MW-1	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
02	9106271650 MW-7	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
03	9106271710 MW-10	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
04	9106271525 RINSATE	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
05	9106271735 MW-8	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
06	9106281000 TRIP BLANK	AQUEOUS	06/28/91

----- TOTALS -----

MATRIX	# SAMPLES
AQUEOUS	6

ATI STANDARD DISPOSAL PRACTICE

The samples from this project will be disposed of in thirty (30) days from the date of this report. If an extended storage period is required, please contact our sample control department before the scheduled disposal date.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698201

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C 4121	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271550 MW-1	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	330
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36+
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	77
--------------------------	----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

### GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698202

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C 4121	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271650 MW-7	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 2

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS

-----  
FUEL HYDROCARBONS 660  
HYDROCARBON RANGE C10-C36+  
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%) 75



## GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698203

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C 4121	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271710 MW-10	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 5

-----  
COMPOUNDSRESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	1300
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

## SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	65
--------------------------	----



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698204

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C 4121	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271525 RINSATE	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<50
HYDROCARBON RANGE	-
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	-

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	93
--------------------------	----



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698205

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C 4121	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271735 MW-8	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 5

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	1400
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	90
--------------------------	----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	ATI I.D.	: 106982
PROJECT #	: C.O.C 4121	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
CLIENT I.D.	: REAGENT BLANK	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: N/A

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	58
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C32
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	90
--------------------------	----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 106982

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS
REF I.D. : 10799828

DATE ANALYZED : 07/24/91
SAMPLE MATRIX :
UNITS : UG/L

Table with columns: COMPOUNDS, SAMPLE CONC. RESULT, SPIKED SAMPLE, SPIKED % REC., DUP. SAMPLE, DUP. % REC., RPD. Row: FUEL HYDROCARBONS, <5, 278, 389, 140, 329, 118, 17

% Recovery = (Spike Sample Result - Sample Result) / Spike Concentration X 100

RPD (Relative % Difference) = (Spiked Sample Result - Duplicate Spike Sample Result) / Average of Spiked Sample X 100



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698201

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C 4121	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: N/A
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271550 MW-1	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/09/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	100
------------------------	-----



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698202

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271650 MW-7  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	3200 D
TOLUENE	1400 D
ETHYLBENZENE	23
TOTAL XYLENES	130

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 105



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

### GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698203

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271710 MW-10  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	9700 D
TOLUENE	420 D
ETHYLBENZENE	84
TOTAL XYLENES	39

#### SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 114



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698204

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271525 RINSATE  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 103



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698205

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271735 MW-8  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	21000 D
TOLUENE	1300 D
ETHYLBENZENE	12
TOTAL XYLENES	420 D

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 80



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698206

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106281000 TRIP BLANK  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/28/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/12/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 96



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 106982  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/09/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 98



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 106982  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/12/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/12/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

---

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

---

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 106



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 106982  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/12/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/12/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 96



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 106982

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
 PROJECT # : C.O.C 4121  
 PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
 REF I.D. : 10698201

DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
 SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS  
 UNITS : UG/L

COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC.		SPIKED SAMPLE	% SPIKED REC.	DUP. SPIKED SAMPLE REC.		RPD
	RESULT	SPIKED			%	%	
BENZENE	<0.5	20.0	19.0	95	20.5	103	8
TOLUENE	<0.5	20.0	21.2	106	22.8	114	7
ETHYLBENZENE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5	40.0	42.9	107	46.1	115	7

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$



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 P.O. Drawer MM  
 Las Cruces, NM 88004  
 (505) 524-5364

No 4121

# Chain of Custody

DATE 6/28 PAGE 1 OF 1

LAB NAME Analytical Technologies, Inc.		ANALYSIS REQUEST												RELINQUISHED BY			RELINQUISHED BY			RELINQUISHED BY														
ADDRESS 9830 South 51st St., Ste B-11 Phoenix, AZ 85044		SAMPLE NUMBER	MATRIX	LOCATION	GC/MS/ 625/8270	GC/MS/ 624/8240	PESTICIDES/PCB	608/8080	AROMATIC 610/8310	POLYNUCLEAR	PHENOLS, SUB PHENOLS	604/8040	HALOGENATED	AROMATIC VOLATILES	602/8020	TOTAL ORGANIC	CARBON 415/9060	TOTAL ORGANIC	HALIDES 9020	PETROLEUM	HYDROCARBONS 418.1	TPH	MODIFIED 8015	PRIORITY POLLUTANT	METALS (13)	CAM METALS (18)	TLLC/STLC	EP TOX	METALS (8)	SDWA-INORGANICS	PRIMARY/SECONDARY	HAZARDOUS WASTE	HAZARDOUS WASTE PROFILE	NUMBER OF CONTAINERS
TELEPHONE 602/496-4400		9106271550	H <sub>2</sub> O	MW-1																		4												4
SAMPLERS (SIGNATURE)		9106271650	H <sub>2</sub> O	MW-7																		4												4
		7106271710	H <sub>2</sub> O	MW-10																		4												4
		9106271525	H <sub>2</sub> O	insate																		4												4
		9106271735	H <sub>2</sub> O	MW-8																		4												4
		9106281000	H <sub>2</sub> O																			1												1

PROJECT INFORMATION		SAMPLE RECEIPT			
PROJECT: <u>Phillips</u>	TOTAL NO. OF CONTAINERS	<u>21</u>	CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS	<u>Y</u>	REC'D GOOD CONDITION/COLD
PROJECT DIRECTOR <u>M. Nee</u>	CONFORMS TO RECORD	<u>Y</u>	LAB NO.	<u>106982</u>	
CHARGE CODE NO. <u>528-000</u>					
SHIPPING ID NO. <u>6664830056</u>					
VIA: <u>Felix</u>					

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/COMMENTS:	
<u>Det. limits Ethyls - 5 ppb</u> <u>TPH - 50 ppb</u> <u>Benzene - 2 ppb</u> <u>Toluenes - 5 ppb</u> <u>Xylenes - 5 ppb</u> <u>Received 2-1 L Amberg and 2-40 ml VOCs for each sample. Analyzed 6/29/91. Headspace in Ambers.</u>	

RECEIVED BY		RECEIVED BY (LABORATORY)	
(Signature)	(Time)	(Signature)	(Time)
(Printed Name)	(Date)	(Printed Name)	(Date)
(Company)		(Company)	

RECEIVED BY		RECEIVED BY (LABORATORY)	
(Signature)	(Time)	(Signature)	(Time)
(Printed Name)	(Date)	(Printed Name)	(Date)
(Company)		(Company)	

RECEIVED BY		RECEIVED BY (LABORATORY)	
(Signature)	(Time)	(Signature)	(Time)
(Printed Name)	(Date)	(Printed Name)	(Date)
(Company)		(Company)	

# Chain of Custody

DATE 7/5/91 PAGE 1 OF 1

PROJECT MANAGER: Albena Tubiszewski (MT)

COMPANY: ATI Phoenix

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

BILL TO: \_\_\_\_\_

COMPANY: \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

SAMPLERS: (Signature) \_\_\_\_\_ PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

SAMPLE ID	DATE	TIME	MATRIX	LAB ID
10698201	4/27/91	1550	H <sub>2</sub> O	-1
10698202	4/27/91	1650	H <sub>2</sub> O	-2
10698203	4/27/91	1710	H <sub>2</sub> O	-3
10698204	4/27/91	1525	H <sub>2</sub> O	-4
10698205	4/27/91	1735	H <sub>2</sub> O	-5
10698206 Trip blank	4/27/91	1000	H <sub>2</sub> O	-6

ANALYSIS REQUEST

ANALYSIS REQUEST	NUMBER OF CONTAINERS
Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1)	
(MOD 8015) Gas/Diesel	
Diesel/Gasoline/BTXE (MOD 8015/8020)	
BTXE (8020) + MTBE	
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons (601/8010)	
Aromatic Hydrocarbons (602/8020)	
MTBE	
Pesticides/PCB (608/8080)	
Herbicides (615/8150)	
Base/Neutral/Acid Compounds GC/MS (625/8270)	
Volatile Organics GC/MS (624/8240)	
SDWA Primary Standards	
SDWA Secondary Standards	
SDWA Violates (502.1/503.1)	
The 13 Priority Pollutant Metals	
The 8 EP Tox Metals by EP Tox Prep. (1310)	
The 8 EP Tox Metals by Total Digestion	
The 8 EP Tox Metals by TCLP (1311)	

PROJECT INFORMATION	SAMPLE RECEIPT	RELINQUISHED BY: 1.	RELINQUISHED BY: 2.	RELINQUISHED BY: 3.
PROJECT NO: <u>106982</u>	TOTAL NO. OF CONTAINERS: <u>12</u>	Signature: _____	Signature: _____	Signature: _____
PROJECT NAME: <u>GCS</u>	CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS: <u>Y</u>	Time: <u>May 1st 3:15</u>	Time: _____	Time: _____
P.O. NO. _____	INTACT? <u>Y</u>	Printed Name: _____	Printed Name: _____	Printed Name: _____
SHIPPED VIA: _____	RECEIVED GOOD COND./COLD	Date: <u>7/5/91</u>	Date: _____	Date: _____
SAMPLE DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS	LAB NUMBER _____	Company: <u>ATI PHX</u>	Company: _____	Company: _____
<input type="checkbox"/> ATI <input type="checkbox"/> RETURN	PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IS REQUIRED FOR RUSH PROJECTS	RECEIVED BY: 1.	RECEIVED BY: 2.	RECEIVED BY: (LAB) 3.
TAT: (NORMAL) <input type="checkbox"/> 24 <input type="checkbox"/> 48 <input type="checkbox"/> 72 <input type="checkbox"/> 1 WEEK	Comments: <u>10% Client discount</u>	Signature: <u>D. Nicholls</u>	Signature: _____	Signature: _____
	<u>Lab due 7/9/91</u>	Time: <u>9:40</u>	Time: _____	Time: _____
	<u>10698201-06</u>	Date: <u>7/6/91</u>	Date: _____	Date: _____
		Printed Name: <u>ATI Phoenix</u>	Printed Name: _____	Printed Name: _____
		Company: _____	Company: _____	Company: Analytical Technologies, Inc.



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

ACCESSION #: 106983

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>METHOD</u>	<u>DATE EXTRACTED</u>	<u>DATE ANALYZED</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>
Fuel Hydrocarbons BTEX	8015 Mod 602	07/02/91 NA	07/23/91 07/09/91	D. McKee GB, EE

Reference(s): Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes  
March 1983 EPA-600 4-79-020

SW 846, 3'rd Edition



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698301

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4122	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271755 WS-1	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	64
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C32
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	95
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698302

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4122  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271350 MW-3  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/02/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/23/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 2

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS 750  
HYDROCARBON RANGE C10-C36  
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%) 71



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698303

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4122	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271520 MW-2	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	480
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36+
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	95
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698304

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4122	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271332 FIELD BLANK	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	98
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	85
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	ATI I.D.	: 106983
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4122	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
CLIENT I.D.	: REAGENT BLANK	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: N/A

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	58
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C32
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	90
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 106983

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS

PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4122

DATE ANALYZED : 07/24/91

PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS

SAMPLE MATRIX :

REF I.D. : 10799828

UNITS : UG/L

COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC. RESULT	SPIKED SPIKED	SPIKED % SAMPLE REC.	DUP.	DUP.	RPD	
				SPIKED	%		
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5	278	389	140	329	118	17

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698301

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4122  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271755 WS-1  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	6.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 91



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698302

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4122  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271350 MW-3  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	43
TOLUENE	5.7
ETHYLBENZENE	1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 104

## GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698303

TEST : BTEX &amp; MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4122  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271520 MW-2  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDSRESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

## SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	100
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## GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698304

TEST : BTEX &amp; MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4122	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: N/A
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271332 FIELD BLANK	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/09/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

## SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	98
------------------------	----



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10698305

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/28/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4122	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: N/A
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106280800 TRIP BLANK	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/09/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

---

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

---

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 98



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4122  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 106983  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/08/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/08/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

---

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

---

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 101



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 106983

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
 PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4122  
 PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
 REF I.D. : 10799808

DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
 SAMPLE MATRIX :  
 UNITS : UG/L

COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC.		SPIKED SAMPLE	% SPIKED REC.	DUP. SPIKED SAMPLE REC.		RPD
	RESULT	SPIKED			SAMPLE REC.	%	
BENZENE	<0.5	20.0	19.0	95	20.5	103	8
TOLUENE	<0.5	20.0	21.2	106	22.8	114	7
ETHYLBENZENE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5	40.0	42.9	107	46.1	115	7

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$



# Chain of Custody

PROJECT MANAGER: Rickie Tuberson (ATT)

COMPANY: ATT - Phoenix

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

BILL TO: \_\_\_\_\_

COMPANY: \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

SAMPLERS: (Signature) \_\_\_\_\_ PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

ANALYSIS REQUEST		NUMBER OF CONTAINERS	
SAMPLE ID	LAB ID		
(MOD 8015) Gas/Diesel			
Diesel/Gasoline/BTXE (MOD 8015/8020)			
BTXE (8020) → MTBE			
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons (601/8010)			
Aromatic Hydrocarbons (602/8020)			
MTBE			
Pesticides/PCB (608/8080)			
Herbicides (615/8150)			
Base/Neutral/Acid Compounds GC/MS (625/8270)			
Volatile Organics GC/MS (624/8240)			
SDWA Primary Standards			
SDWA Secondary Standards			
SDWA Volatiles (502.1/503.1)			
The 13 Priority Pollutant Metals			
The 8 EP Tox Metals by EP Tox Prep. (1310)			
The 8 EP Tox Metals by Total Digestion			
The 8 EP Tox Metals by TCLP (1311)			
Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1)			

SAMPLE ID	DATE	TIME	MATRIX	LAB ID
10095304	6/27/91	17:55	H <sub>2</sub> O	
10095302	6/27/91	13:50	H <sub>2</sub> O	
10095303	6/27/91	15:20	H <sub>2</sub> O	
10095304	6/27/91	13:32	H <sub>2</sub> O	
10095305 Top blank	6/27/91	18:00	H <sub>2</sub> O	

**PROJECT INFORMATION**

PROJECT NO: 100953

PROJECT NAME: GCC

P.O. NO. \_\_\_\_\_

SHIPPED VIA: \_\_\_\_\_

SAMPLE DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

ATI  RETURN

**SAMPLE RECEIPT**

TOTAL NO. OF CONTAINERS \_\_\_\_\_

CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS \_\_\_\_\_

INTACT? \_\_\_\_\_

RECEIVED GOOD COND./COLD \_\_\_\_\_

LAB NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IS REQUIRED FOR RUSH PROJECTS**

TAT: (NORMAL)  24  48  72  1 WEEK

Comments: 10% Short Discount 1st time 7/10  
2nd time 7/9/91

RELINQUISHED BY:	RELINQUISHED BY:	RELINQUISHED BY:
1.	2.	3.
Signature: _____	Signature: _____	Signature: _____
Printed Name: _____	Printed Name: _____	Printed Name: _____
Date: <u>7/27/91</u>	Date: _____	Date: _____
Company: <u>ATT</u>	Company: _____	Company: _____
Signature: _____	Signature: _____	Signature: _____
Printed Name: _____	Printed Name: _____	Printed Name: _____
Date: _____	Date: _____	Date: _____
Company: _____	Company: _____	Company: Analytical Technologies, Inc.



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS

DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91

REPORT DATE : 08/23/91

ATI I.D. : 106993

ATI #	CLIENT DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	DATE COLLECTED
01	9106270820 MW-5	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
02	9106270925 MW-9	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
03	9106271145 WS-2	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
04	9106280900 TRIP BLANK	AQUEOUS	06/28/91

----- TOTALS -----

MATRIX	# SAMPLES
AQUEOUS	4

ATI STANDARD DISPOSAL PRACTICE

The samples from this project will be disposed of in thirty (30) days from the date of this report. If an extended storage period is required, please contact our sample control department before the scheduled disposal date.



ACCESSION #: 106993

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>METHOD</u>	<u>DATE EXTRACTED</u>	<u>DATE ANALYZED</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>
Fuel Hydrocarbons	8015 Mod	07/02/91	07/23/91 07/24/91	D. McKee
BTEX	602	NA	07/08/91 07/09/91	GB, EN, LD

Reference(s): Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes  
March 1983 EPA-600 4-79-020

SW 846, 3'rd Edition



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699301

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4119	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106270820 MW-5	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 100

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	31000
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	**
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\*\* Due to the necessary dilution of the sample, result was not attainable



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699302

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4119	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106270925 MW-9	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/24/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 2

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	780
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36+
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	103
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699303

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4119	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106271145 WS-2	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/24/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 5

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	1500
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	117
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 106993  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/02/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/23/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS RESULTS  
-----  
FUEL HYDROCARBONS 58  
HYDROCARBON RANGE C10-C32  
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%) 90



QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 106993

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS
REF I.D. : 10799828

DATE ANALYZED : 07/24/91
SAMPLE MATRIX :
UNITS : UG/L

Table with 7 columns: COMPOUNDS, SAMPLE CONC. RESULT, SPIKED SAMPLE, % SPIKED REC., DUP. SAMPLE, % SPIKED REC., RPD. Row 1: FUEL HYDROCARBONS, <5, 278, 389, 140, 329, 118, 17.

% Recovery = (Spike Sample Result - Sample Result) / Spike Concentration X 100

RPD (Relative % Difference) = (Spiked Sample Result - Duplicate Spike Sample Result) / Average of Spiked Sample X 100

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699301

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106270820 MW-5  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	5000 D
TOLUENE	570 D
ETHYLBENZENE	15
TOTAL XYLENES	88

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 104



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

### GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699302

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106270925 MW-9  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/08/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	160 D
TOLUENE	56
ETHYLBENZENE	2.5
TOTAL XYLENES	4.2

#### SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	106
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699303

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106271145 WS-2  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/08/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	280 D
TOLUENE	27
ETHYLBENZENE	1.8
TOTAL XYLENES	2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 86



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 106993  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/08/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/08/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

---

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

---

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 101



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

# GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

## REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 106993  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/09/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

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### COMPOUNDS

### RESULTS

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BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

### SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	98
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 106993

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4119
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS
REF I.D. : 10799830

DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91
SAMPLE MATRIX :
UNITS : UG/L

Table with 8 columns: COMPOUNDS, SAMPLE CONC. RESULT, SAMPLE CONC. SPIKED, SPIKED SAMPLE REC., % SPIKED REC., DUP. SAMPLE REC., DUP. % SPIKED REC., RPD. Rows include BENZENE, TOLUENE, ETHYLBENZENE, and TOTAL XYLENES.

% Recovery = (Spike Sample Result - Sample Result) / Spike Concentration X 100

RPD (Relative % Difference) = (Spiked Sample Result - Duplicate Spike Sample Result) / Average of Spiked Sample X 100



# Chain of Custody

PROJECT MANAGER: R. Puccio Tubosewski (INT)

**ANALYSIS REQUEST**

COMPANY: ATI Phoenix  
 ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 BILL TO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 COMPANY: \_\_\_\_\_  
 ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

SAMPLERS: (Signature) \_\_\_\_\_ PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

TEST	DATE	TIME	MATRIX	LAB ID	NUMBER OF CONTAINERS
Petroleum Hydrocarbons (418.1)					
(MOD 8015) Gas/Diesel Diesel/Gasoline/BTXE (MOD 8015/8020)					
BTXE (8020) <u>BTXE</u>					
Chlorinated Hydrocarbons (601/8010)					
Aromatic Hydrocarbons (602/8020)					
MTBE					
Pesticides/PCB (608/8080)					
Herbicides (615/8150)					
Base/Neutral/Acid Compounds GC/MS (625/8270)					
Volatile Organics GC/MS (624/8240)					
SDWA Primary Standards					
SDWA Secondary Standards					
SDWA Viables (502.1/503.1)					
The 13 Priority Pollutant Metals					
The 8 EP Tox Metals by EP Tox Prep. (1310)					
The 8 EP Tox Metals by Total Digestion					
The 8 EP Tox Metals by TCLP (1311)					

**PROJECT INFORMATION**

PROJECT NO: 106993  
 PROJECT NAME: GCL  
 P.O. NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
 SHIPPED VIA: \_\_\_\_\_  
 SAMPLE DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 ATI  RETURN

**SAMPLE RECEIPT**

TOTAL NO. OF CONTAINERS \_\_\_\_\_  
 CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS \_\_\_\_\_  
 INTACT? \_\_\_\_\_  
 RECEIVED GOOD COND./COLD \_\_\_\_\_  
 LAB NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

**PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IS REQUIRED FOR RUSH PROJECTS**

TAT: (NORMAL) \_\_\_\_\_ (RUSH)  24  48  72  1 WEEK

Comments: 10% Chert discount  
Lab Chk 7/10/91  
Hold Time 7/10

RELINQUISHED BY:	RELINQUISHED BY:	RELINQUISHED BY:
Signature: _____ Printed Name: <u>M. J. ...</u> Date: <u>3/10</u> Company: <u>ATI</u>	Signature: _____ Printed Name: _____ Date: _____ Company: _____	Signature: _____ Printed Name: _____ Date: _____ Company: Analytical Technologies, Inc.
Signature: _____ Printed Name: _____ Date: _____ Company: _____	Signature: _____ Printed Name: _____ Date: _____ Company: _____	Signature: _____ Printed Name: _____ Date: _____ Company: _____



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS

DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91

REPORT DATE : 08/23/91

ATI I.D. : 106994

ATI #	CLIENT DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	DATE COLLECTED
01	9106261325 MW-12	AQUEOUS	06/26/91
02	9106261440 MW-11	AQUEOUS	06/26/91
03	9106261550 MW-13	AQUEOUS	06/26/91
04	9106270615 MW-14	AQUEOUS	06/27/91
05	9106280700 TRIP BLANK	AQUEOUS	06/28/91

----- TOTALS -----

MATRIX	# SAMPLES
AQUEOUS	5

ATI STANDARD DISPOSAL PRACTICE

The samples from this project will be disposed of in thirty (30) days from the date of this report. If an extended storage period is required, please contact our sample control department before the scheduled disposal date.



ACCESSION #: 106994

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>METHOD</u>	<u>DATE EXTRACTED</u>	<u>DATE ANALYZED</u>	<u>ANALYST</u>
Fuel Hydrocarbons	8015 Mod	07/02/90	07/23/91 07/24/91	D. McKee
BTEX	602	NA	07/08/91 07/09/91	EN

Reference(s): Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes  
March 1983 EPA-600 4-79-020

SW 846, 3'rd Edition



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699401

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/26/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4120	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106261325 MW-12	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	230
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36+
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	104
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GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699402

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/26/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4120	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106261440 MW-11	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 2

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	540
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	100
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699403

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/26/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4120	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106261550 MW-13	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 1

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	360
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C36
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	85
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699404

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	DATE SAMPLED	: 06/27/91
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4120	DATE RECEIVED	: 06/29/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
CLIENT I.D.	: 9106270615 MW-14	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/24/91
SAMPLE MATRIX	: AQUEOUS	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: 10

COMPOUNDS	RESULTS
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	1200
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C32
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	106
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT	: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS	ATI I.D.	: 106994
PROJECT #	: C.O.C. 4120	DATE EXTRACTED	: 07/02/91
PROJECT NAME	: PHILLIPS	DATE ANALYZED	: 07/23/91
CLIENT I.D.	: REAGENT BLANK	UNITS	: UG/L
		DILUTION FACTOR	: N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS RESULTS  
-----

FUEL HYDROCARBONS	58
HYDROCARBON RANGE	C10-C32
HYDROCARBONS QUANTITATED USING	DIESEL

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

DI-N-OCTYL-PHTHALATE (%)	90
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 106994

TEST : FUEL HYDROCARBONS (MODIFIED EPA METHOD 8015)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS

PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120

PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS

REF I.D. : 10799828

DATE ANALYZED : 07/24/91

SAMPLE MATRIX :

UNITS : UG/L

COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC. RESULT	SPIKED SAMPLE	% SPIKED REC.	DUP.	DUP.	RPD	
				SAMPLE	%		
FUEL HYDROCARBONS	<5	278	389	140	329	118	17

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$

## GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699401

TEST : BTEX &amp; MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106261325 MW-12  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/26/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/08/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDSRESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	1.6
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

## SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%)	95
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Analytical Technologies, Inc.

### GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699402

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106261440 MW-11  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/26/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/08/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

#### SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 95



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699403

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106261550 MW-13  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/26/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/08/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	1.9
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 97



GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699404

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106270615 MW-14  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/27/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS

-----  
BENZENE <1.5  
TOLUENE <1.5  
ETHYLBENZENE <1.5  
TOTAL XYLENES <2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 100



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

ATI I.D. : 10699405

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : 9106280700 TRIP BLANK  
SAMPLE MATRIX : AQUEOUS

DATE SAMPLED : 06/28/91  
DATE RECEIVED : 06/29/91  
DATE EXTRACTED : N/A  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : 1

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 99



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY - RESULTS

REAGENT BLANK

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120  
PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
CLIENT I.D. : REAGENT BLANK

ATI I.D. : 106994  
DATE EXTRACTED : 07/08/91  
DATE ANALYZED : 07/08/91  
UNITS : UG/L  
DILUTION FACTOR : N/A

-----  
COMPOUNDS

RESULTS  
-----

BENZENE	<1.5
TOLUENE	<1.5
ETHYLBENZENE	<1.5
TOTAL XYLENES	<2.5

SURROGATE PERCENT RECOVERIES

BROMOFLUOROBENZENE (%) 101



Analytical Technologies, Inc.

QUALITY CONTROL DATA

ATI I.D. : 106994

TEST : BTEX & MTBE (EPA METHOD 8020)

CLIENT : GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS  
 PROJECT # : C.O.C. 4120  
 PROJECT NAME : PHILLIPS  
 REF I.D. : 10799807

DATE ANALYZED : 07/09/91  
 SAMPLE MATRIX :  
 UNITS : UG/L

COMPOUNDS	SAMPLE CONC.		SPIKED %		DUP. SPIKED %		RPD
	RESULT	SPIKED	SAMPLE	REC.	SAMPLE	REC.	
BENZENE	<0.5	20.0	19.0	95	20.5	103	8
TOLUENE	<0.5	20.0	21.2	106	22.8	114	7
ETHYLBENZENE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
TOTAL XYLENES	<0.5	40.0	42.9	107	46.1	115	7

$$\% \text{ Recovery} = \frac{(\text{Spike Sample Result} - \text{Sample Result})}{\text{Spike Concentration}} \times 100$$

$$\text{RPD (Relative \% Difference)} = \frac{(\text{Spiked Sample Result} - \text{Duplicate Spike Sample Result})}{\text{Average of Spiked Sample}} \times 100$$



PROJECT MANAGER: R. Bruce Tabaszewski (MT)

COMPANY: ATI Phoenix  
 ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_  
 BILL TO: \_\_\_\_\_  
 COMPANY: \_\_\_\_\_  
 ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

SAMPLERS: (Signature) \_\_\_\_\_ PHONE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

ANALYSIS REQUEST		NUMBER OF CONTAINERS	
Sample ID	Matrix	Lab ID	Number of Containers
10699401	H <sub>2</sub> O		2
10699402	H <sub>2</sub> O		2
10699403	H <sub>2</sub> O		2
10699404	H <sub>2</sub> O		2
10699405	trip blank		1

PROJECT INFORMATION		SAMPLE RECEIPT	
Project No.	Total No. of Containers	Time	Lab ID
106994		13:25	
Project Name: GCL	Chain of Custody Seals	1440	
P.O. No.	Intact?	1520	
Shipped Via:	Received Good Cond./Cold	0615	
Sample Disposal Instructions	Lab Number	0700	
<input type="checkbox"/> ATI <input type="checkbox"/> Return			

RELINQUISHED BY: 1.		RELINQUISHED BY: 2.		RELINQUISHED BY: 3.	
Signature	Time	Signature	Time	Signature	Time
<u>Max Tyce</u>	<u>3:12</u>				
Printed Name: <u>Max Tyce</u>	Date: <u>7/5/91</u>				
Company: <u>ATI</u>					
RECEIVED BY: 1.		RECEIVED BY: 2.		RECEIVED BY: (LAB)	
Signature:	Time:	Signature:	Time:	Signature:	Time:
Printed Name:	Date:	Printed Name:	Date:	Printed Name:	Date:
Company:		Company:		Company:	

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION IS REQUIRED FOR RUSH PROJECTS

TAT: (NORMAL)  24  48  72  1 WEEK  
 (RUSH)  24  48  72  1 WEEK

Comments: 10% Client Discount  
Lab Rec 7/19/91  
10699405

APPENDIX B

**Appendix B**

**ATI Correspondence**



Analytical **Technologies**, Inc.

9830 S. 51st Street Suite B-113 Phoenix, AZ 85044 (602) 496-4400

Accession: 106982

August 22, 1991

Geoscience Consultants  
500 Copper NW  
Suite 200  
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Project Name/Number: Phillips / C.O.C. 4121

Attention: Martin Nee

On 06/29/91 Analytical Technologies, Inc. received a request to analyze aqueous samples for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) by method 8015, Modified, and BTEX. A special detection limit of 50 ppb was requested for TPH analyses. The results of these analyses and the quality control data, which follow each set of analyses, are enclosed.

For aqueous samples, the ATI detection limit for method 8015, modified, is 5000 ug/l. In order to reach the specified detection limit, ATI used the TPH method outlined in the California Dept. of Health Services LUFT manual. A copy of this method is enclosed. The procedure for this method involves extracting the petroleum hydrocarbons from the sample with a solvent (ATI uses methylene chloride) and condensing the extract with a Kuderna-Danish apparatus. The extract is then analyzed by a Gas Chromatograph equipped with a Flame Ionization Detector. When analyzing TPH by this method light end hydrocarbons (C5-C8) are usually lost during the solvent concentration procedure.

ATI can analyze for Total Volatile Hydrocarbons and BTEX with a 50 ppb detection limit by using Method 8020/8015. This Method will not detect hydrocarbons heavier than C12. If, in the future, you require only light end hydrocarbons please request Total Volatile Hydrocarbons.

If you have any question, please do not hesitate to contact us at (602) 496-4400.

Mary Tyer  
Project Manager

Enclosure

MT/jat

## APPENDIX C

### SAMPLE COLLECTION, TRANSPORT, AND LABORATORY ANALYSES

#### A. Sample Collection

##### 1. Field Notebook

The field investigator should keep a field notebook (preferably bound with pages numbered) to record sample collection procedures, dates, laboratory identification, sample collection location, and the name of the sampler. This is important for later recall or legal challenge.

##### 2. Soil Samples

- a. Hydrocarbons: Soil samples collected from a backhoe, the ground or a soil coring device, should be collected in a thin-walled stainless steel or brass cylinder at least three inches long by one inch in diameter that has been prepared by the laboratory doing the analysis or the project consultant (cylinders can be made to fit inside the preferred split-barrel core sampler). About one inch of soil should be removed from the immediate surface area where the sample is to be taken and the cylinder then pounded into the soil with a wooden mallet. No headspace should be present in the cylinder once the sample is collected. When the sample is collected, each end of the cylinder should be covered with aluminum foil and then capped with a polyethylene lid, taped, and labeled. The sample should then be immediately placed in an ice chest containing dry ice and kept frozen for delivery to the laboratory. Care should be taken throughout to avoid contamination of both the inside and outside of the cylinder and its contents (1).

Samples should be kept frozen at the laboratory until they are analyzed. Holding time should not exceed 14 days from the time of collection. Frozen soil cores should be removed from the cylinders by spot heating the cylinder and immediately extruding the sample (or a portion of it). A portion of the frozen sample should be removed and prepared for analysis according to approved EPA methods.

In situations where the above procedure is inappropriate, i.e. semi-solid samples, glass vials (properly prepared by contract laboratory or consultant) with Teflon seal and screw cap should be used, and maintained at 4°C until analysis.

- b. Organic lead: Tetraethyl/tetramethyl-lead are volatile; therefore, soil samples should be collected in cylinders and frozen as described for volatile hydrocarbons above.
- c. Shipping Samples: Where commercial shippers are involved, dry ice may present Department of Transportation (DOT) shipping problems and "blue ice" may have to be substituted.

### 3. Water Samples

- a. Free floating product (from a well): Sampling of free floating product on the surface of ground water should not be performed until the well has been allowed to stabilize for at least 24 hours after development or other withdrawal procedure. A sample should be collected that is indicative of the thickness of floating product within the monitoring well. This may be accomplished by the use of a clear, acrylic bailer designed to collect a liquid sample where free product and ground water meet. A graduated scale on the bailer is helpful for determining the thickness of free product. Samples should be field-inspected for the presence of odor and/or sheen in addition to the above evaluation.

Electronic measuring devices also are available for determining the thickness of the hydrocarbon layer floating on ground water.

- b. Dissolved product (from a well): If free product is detected, analysis of water for dissolved product should be conducted after the free product has been substantially removed from the well. Before collecting a water sample, a well should be purged until temperature, conductivity and pH stabilize. Often, this will require removal of four or more well volumes by bailing or pumping. Once well volumes are removed and well water is stabilized, a sample can be taken after the water level approaches 80 percent of its initial level. Where water level recovery is slow, the sample can be collected after stabilization is achieved.

Ground water samples should be collected in a manner which reduces or eliminates the possibility of loss of volatile constituents from the sample. For collecting samples, a gas-actuated positive displacement pump or a submersible pump is preferred. A Teflon or stainless steel bailer is acceptable. Peristaltic pumps or airlift pumps should not be used.

Cross-contamination from transferring pumps (or bailers) from well to well can occur and should be avoided by thorough cleaning between sampling episodes. Dedicated (i.e., permanent installation) well pumps, while expensive, are

often cost effective in the long term and ensure data reliability relative to cross-contamination. If transfer of equipment is necessary, sampling should proceed from the least contaminated to the most contaminated well, if the latter information is available before sample collection.

Water samples should be collected in vials or containers specifically designed to prevent loss of volatile constituents from the sample. These vials should be provided by an analytical laboratory, and preferably, the laboratory conducting the analysis. No headspace should be present in the sample container once the container has been capped. This can be checked by inverting the bottle, once the sample is collected, and looking for bubbles. Sometimes it is not possible to collect a sample without air bubbles, particularly if water is aerated. In these cases, the investigator should record the problem and account for probable error. Cooling samples may also produce headspace (bubbles), but these will disappear once the sample is warmed for analysis.

Samples should be placed in an ice chest maintained at 4°C with blue ice (care should be taken to prevent freezing of the water and bursting of the glass vial). A thermometer with a protected bulb should be carried in each ice chest.

- c. Surface water: Grab samples should be collected in appropriate glass containers supplied by the laboratory. The sample should be collected in such a manner that air bubbles are not entrapped. Semisolid samples should be collected the same way. The collected samples should be refrigerated (blue ice, 4°C) for transport and analyzed within 7 days of collection (14 days with preservatives).

B. Guidelines for Handling Samples (Presented in Tables 3-2 and 3-3)

TABLE 3-2

REQUIRED CONTAINERS, PRESERVATION TECHNIQUES, AND  
HOLDING TIMES FOR WATER SAMPLES 1/

Test	Container <u>2/</u>	Preservation	Maximum Holding Time <u>3/</u>
Purgeable aromatic hydrocarbons (BTX&E) Method 8020 or 602	G, Teflon-lined septum	Cool, 4°C, 0.008% Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> <u>4/</u> HCl to pH2 <u>5/</u>	Analyze within 7 days (max. 14 days with preservative)
Total petroleum hydrocarbons as gasoline	G	Cool, 4°C 0.008% Na <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> <u>4/</u> HCl to pH2 <u>5/</u>	Analyze as soon as possible (max. 14 days)
Total petroleum hydrocarbons -- diesel fuel oil	G	Cool, 4°C	14 days; analyze extract within 40 days

1/ Modified from 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 136, Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants Under the Clean Water Act.

2/ Glass (G).

3/ Samples should be analyzed as soon as possible after collection. The times listed are the maximum times that samples may be held before analysis and still be considered valid. Samples may be held for a longer period only if the collector or laboratory has data on file to show that the specific types of samples under study are stable for the longer time. Some samples may not be stable for the maximum time period given in the table.

4/ Should only be used in the presence of residual chlorine.

5/ Sample receiving no pH adjustment must be analyzed within seven days of sampling. Sample vials containing hydrochloric acid (HCL) as a preservative should be handled with caution to avoid eye and skin contact.

TABLE 3-3

HOLDING TIME FOR SOIL SAMPLES <sup>1/</sup>

Analyte	Holding Time for Soil
Benzene, toluene, xylenes	Analyze as soon as possible (maximum 14 days)
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, as gasoline	Analyze as soon as possible (maximum 14 days)
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, as diesel	Extract within 14 days, analyze extract within 40 days

<sup>1/</sup> Results from samples not meeting the listed holding times should be considered minimum values. That is, the actual concentration is equal to or greater than the concentration determined after the holding time has expired.

#### C. Analytical Methods

Table 3-4 (page 65) summarizes common analytical procedures for soil and water analysis of fuel products. The Department of Health Services may approve an alternate analytical method which has at least equivalent detection limits, precision, and accuracy as the referenced methods. For example, a cryogenic gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) system may be used instead of a gas chromatography (GC) system, provided that the GC/MS system can produce data which are equal to or better than data provided by the referenced GC system in terms of detection limits, precision and accuracy for an identical sample matrix.

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) arising from gasoline or diesel and total organic lead can be analyzed by the attached Department of Health Services (DHS) methods. The investigator should alert the laboratories to the procedures given in Table 3-4 and supply the laboratories with copies of the TPH and total organic lead methods, if necessary.

TABLE 3-4  
SUMMARY OF ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Substance to be Analyzed	Analytical Method <u>3/</u>	Reference
1. Gasoline:		
a. Benzene, toluene, xylene, ethylbenzene (aromatic volatile organics)	EPA 8020 (soil) EPA 602 (water)	2 3,5
b. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	DHS (recommended procedure)	See attached method
c. Halogenated volatile organics, including 1,2-dibromoethane (EDB) 1,2-dichloroethane (EDC)	EPA 8010 (soil) EPA 601 (water)	2 3,5
EDB	DHS extraction method <u>1/</u>	6
2. Diesel:		
a. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	DHS (recommended procedure)	See attached method
b. Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TRPH) <u>2/</u>	EPA 418.1	4
3. Organic lead:	DHS	See attached DHS method
4. Ignitability: Flash Point	EPA 1010, 1020	2

1/ This is a liquid/liquid extraction procedure for water samples. The method was developed by DHS and provides a means for detecting EDB at a lower concentration (parts per trillion) than does EPA method 8010 (parts per billion). The procedure was developed to detect EDB in ground water as part of the AB 1803 program.

2/ This is a relatively quick analytical procedure that measures recoverable petroleum hydrocarbons, including oil and grease. It is applicable for measuring light fuel fractions, but loses approximately half of any gasoline present (ref. 4). The method costs less than the recommended procedure and is useful primarily as a survey tool.

3/ Other analytical methods are available, for example, some laboratories use a modified EPA method 8015 that detects volatile, non-halogenated hydrocarbons for TPH analysis. The investigator should check with the laboratory (or consultant) to ensure that the analytical method used will provide acceptable data.

## Detection Limits for LUFT Investigations

Minimum detection limits for key analytes are listed in Table 3-5 below. The detection limits for benzene, toluene, and xylene are consistent with the experience of several commercial laboratories under optimal conditions. The detection limits for benzene, toluene, and xylene in soil assume the direct purging of a soil-water mixture and subsequent gas chromatography-photoionization detection (GC-PID). Lower detection limits are achievable with available technology by using: modifications of reference methods, a larger sample or additional concentration techniques. Detection limits may be significantly higher in samples with interfering organics or matrix effects. The readily obtainable 0.3 ppm detection limit cited on page 20 takes into account potential sample interferences.

TABLE 3-5  
DETECTION LIMITS FOR COMMONLY ANALYZED FUEL PRODUCTS

Analyte	Water µg/l	Soil µg/kg	Method
Benzene	0.3	5	EPA 602, 8020
Toluene	0.3	5	EPA 602, 8020
Xylenes, total	0.6	15	EPA 602, 8020
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	500.0	10,000	DHS: GC-FID

### D. Recommended DHS Analytical Methods

#### Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) Analysis -- Gasoline and Diesel

##### 1. Scope and Application

- a. This method is for the determination of gasoline and diesel in contaminated ground water, sludges, and soil.
- b. This method is recommended for use by, or under the supervision of, analysts experienced in the operation of GC and in the interpretation of chromatograms.

## 2. Summary of Method

- a. This method involves the determination of volatile hydrocarbons (gasoline) by the headspace method (EPA 5020) or the purge and trap method (EPA 5030) (2) and the determination of semivolatile organics (diesel) by the extraction method. A sample, after headspace, purge and trap, or extraction treatment, is injected into a GC, and compounds in the GC effluent are detected by an FID. Blanks, duplicates and spikes must be analyzed at a minimum of once for every batch of samples (5) or each type of matrix or every 20 samples whichever is more frequent.
- b. The sensitivity of this method usually depends on the level of interference rather than on instrument limitations. Table 3-6 below lists the limits of detection established by the Department of Health Services in the absence of interferences for water and soil samples.

TABLE 3-6

TPH METHOD DETECTION LIMITS

Parameter	Matrix	Extraction Method	Headspace Method
Gasoline	Aqueous	0.5 mg/l	5.0 mg/l
	Soil	10.0 mg/kg	5.0 mg/kg
Diesel	Aqueous	0.5 mg/l	
	Soil	10.0 mg/kg	

## 3. Interferences

- a. Solvents, reagents, glassware, and other sample-processing hardware must be demonstrated to be free from interferences under the conditions of the analysis by running method blanks.
- b. Before processing any samples, the analyst should demonstrate daily, through the analysis of a solvent blank, that the entire system is interference-free.

#### 4. Apparatus and Materials

- a. Gas-tight syringe: One cubic centimeter (cc) with chromatographic needles.
- b. Vial with cap: 40 milliliter (ml) capacity screw cap (Pierce number 13075 or equivalent). Detergent wash, rinse with tap and distilled deionized water, and dry at 105°C before use.
- c. Septum: Teflon-faced silicone (Pierce number 12722 or equivalent). Detergent wash, rinse with tap and distilled deionized water, and dry at 105°C for 30 minutes before use.
- d. Separatory funnel: 2-liter with Teflon stopcock.
- e. Kuderna-Danish (K-D) apparatus.
- f. Boiling chips: Solvent extracted approximately 10/40 mesh.
- g. Water bath: Heated, with concentric ring cover, capable of temperature control. The bath should be used in a hood.
- h. GC: Analytical system complete with programmable GC suitable for on-column injection and all required accessories, including FID, column supplies, recorder, and gases. A data system for measuring peak area is recommended.
- i. GC column: 6 feet by 1/8 inch ID glass column packed with 5% SP-2100 on Supelcoport 60/80 mesh.
- j. Detector: FID.
- k. Microsyringes: 10  $\mu$ l, 100  $\mu$ l, 200  $\mu$ l.
- l. Erlenmeyer flask: Pyrex, 250 ml capacity with a screw cap.
- m. Mechanical shaker.

#### 5. Reagents

- a. Stock diesel standard solutions: Prepare a commercial diesel standard in carbon disulfide. Place 9 ml of CS<sub>2</sub> into a 10 ml glass-stoppered volumetric flask. Allow to stand for a few minutes. Weigh the flask to the nearest 0.1 mg. Using a 100  $\mu$ l syringe, immediately add an amount of diesel to the flask, then reweigh. Be sure that the liquid falls directly into the CS<sub>2</sub> without contacting the neck of the flask. Dilute to volume, stopper, mix by inverting the flask several times. Calculate the concentration in  $\mu$ g/l

from the net gain in weight. Secondary working standards can be prepared from the stock standards.

- b. Stock gasoline standard solutions: Gasoline stock standards can be prepared as above using commercial gasoline as standard in dodecane.
- c. Sodium sulfate, anhydrous, ACS, granular.
- d. Carbon disulfide, glass distilled, high purity. Another solvent such as ethyl acetate or methylene chloride may be used provided that the solvent can extract the petroleum hydrocarbons and does not interfere with the resulting gas chromatogram of the TPH. This must be demonstrated by spike and recovery prior to the analysis of samples.
- e. Dodecane, purified.

## 6. Procedures

### a. Organic Liquid

Organic liquid can be analyzed by dissolving a known amount of sample into a certain volume of carbon disulfide in a volumetric flask.

### b. Water

- (1) Transfer one liter of sample to the two liter separatory funnel.
- (2) Add 60 ml of solvent to the separatory funnel.
- (3) Seal and shake the funnel for 60 seconds with periodic venting to release vapor pressure.
- (4) Allow the phases to separate for minimum of 10 minutes. If emulsion occurs, the analyst must employ mechanical techniques to complete the phase separation.
- (5) Collect the extract and repeat the extraction two more times using fresh portions of solvent.
- (6) Combine three extracts and dry by passing through a column of anhydrous sodium sulfate.
- (7) Collect the dried extract in a K-D evaporative concentrator equipped with a 10 ml collection ampule.
- (8) Add one or two clean boiling chips to the flask and attach a three-ball Snyder column. Prewet the Snyder

column by adding 1 ml of solvent to the top. Place the K-D apparatus on a steam or hot-water bath. Adjust the water temperature as required to complete the concentration in 15 to 20 minutes. When the volume of liquid reaches 1 ml, remove the K-D apparatus and allow it to drain for at least 10 minutes while cooling.

- (9) Rinse the K-D apparatus with a small volume of solvent. Adjust the sample volume to 5 ml with the solvent to be used in instrument analyses.

c. Soil and Sludges

- (1) Weigh 20.0 gram (g) sample into a 250 ml screw cap Erlenmeyer flask. Add 80 ml of solvent.
- (2) Cap the flask and shake on a mechanical shaker for at least four hours.
- (3) After the extraction is completed, filter the extract and dry it by passing through a column of anhydrous sodium sulfate.
- (4) Collect the dried extract in K-D flask, fitted with a 10 ml concentrator tube and a three-ball Snyder column. Wash the extractor flask and the sodium sulfate with a portion of carbon disulfide and collect it into the K-D flask.
- (5) Add one or two clean boiling chips and concentrate the extract to 5 ml as discussed in steps (8) and (9) above.

d. GC Conditions

The recommended GC column and operating conditions are:

Column: 6 feet by 1/8 inch ID glass column packed with 5% SP-2100 on Supelcoport, 60/80 mesh with nitrogen carrier gas at 20 ml/minute flow rate. Column temperature is set at 40°C at the time of injection, hold for 4 minutes, and programmed at 10°C/minute to a final temperature of 265°C for 10 minutes.

e. Calibration

- (1) Establish GC operating parameters as specified in d. above. By injecting secondary standards, adjust the sensitivity of the analytical system for the analysis of gasoline and diesel in environmental samples. Detection limits for the extraction method and the

headspace method are listed in Table 3-6 (page 67). Calibrate the chromatographic system with the external standard technique. At least three concentration levels should be used for the preparation of the calibration curve. One of the external standards should be at a concentration near, but above, the method detection limit. The other standard should correspond to the expected range of concentrations found in real samples or should define the working range of the detector.

- (2) Using injections of 2 to 5  $\mu$ l of each calibration standard, tabulate total peak height or area responses against the mass injected. The results can be used to prepare a calibration curve for gasoline and diesel.
- (3) The working calibration curve must be verified on each working day by the measurement of one or more calibration standards. If the response varies from the predicted response by more than ten percent, the test must be repeated using a fresh calibration standard. Alternatively, a new calibration curve must be prepared.

f. Analysis of Samples

(1) Extract

- (a) Inject 2 to 5  $\mu$ l of the sample extract using the solvent flush technique. Record the volume injected to the nearest 0.05  $\mu$ l, and the resulting total peak areas.
- (b) If the total peak areas exceed the linear range of the system, dilute the extract and reanalyze.

(2) Headspace Method [Note: Purge and trap (EPA 5030) may be used instead of headspace.]

- (a) Place 20 g (ml) each of the waste sample into three separate 40 ml septum seal vials.
- (b) Inject into one sample vial through the septum 200  $\mu$ l of the gasoline standard in dodecane (concentration 7,500  $\mu$ g/ml). Label this "spike".
- (c) Inject into a separate (empty) 40 ml septum seal vial 200  $\mu$ l of the same standard. Label this "standard".

- (d) Place the sample, spike, and standard vials into a 90°C water bath for one hour. Store the remaining sample vial at 4°C for possible future analysis.
  - (e) While maintaining the vials at 90°C, withdraw 1 ml of the headspace gas with a gas-tight syringe and analyze by injecting into a GC.
  - (f) Analyze the standard and adjust instrument sensitivity to give minimum response of at least two times the background. Record and sum up all peak areas of the gasoline standard.
  - (g) Analyze the spike sample in the same manner. Record all peak areas.
  - (h) Analyze the undosed sample as in (g) above.
  - (i) Small sample size should be used if the concentration is found to be outside the concentration range of the instrument.
- g. Standard laboratory quality control practices should be used with this method.

#### Determination of Organic Lead -- DHS Method

##### 1. Discussion

Organic lead compounds constitute the largest single industrial application of organo-metallic chemistry. Estimates indicate that about 1,450 organic lead compounds were known in 1968, and the number has increased with synthesis of about 130 new compounds each year. The widespread presence of toxic, volatile, lipophilic organic lead compounds in the environment can lead to serious public health effects and damage to the aquatic biota. With the phasing out of leaded fuels, substantial amounts of lead compounds from petroleum sludges are being discharged into waste streams. There is also evidence to suggest that the more toxic organic leads such as tetramethyl-lead can be synthesized from lead salts and simple chemical reagents in aqueous solutions.

Caution: Some organic lead compounds are volatile and toxic. Process the samples in a well-ventilated hood.

##### 2. Scope

The method describes the determination of organic lead compounds in various types of hazardous material samples. In this method, a rapid organic extraction technique is applied to separate the organic lead from a matrix with xylene, followed by reaction with

1% Aliquat 336/MIBK on I<sub>2</sub> solution. The extract is then analyzed by a flame atomic absorption spectrophotometer. The detection limit for organic lead is: soil 0.5 mg/kg; water 0.1 mg/l.

### 3. Reagents

- 3.1 (MIBK) methyl-isobutyl ketone (4-methyl-2-pentanone).
- 3.2 Iodine solution: Weigh 3.0 g of I<sub>2</sub> and dissolve and dilute to 100 ml with benzene. Store in brown bottle.
- 3.3 Aliquat 336 (tri-capryl methyl ammonium chloride), available from McKesson Company, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

10% V/V Aliquat 336/MIBK

1% V/V Aliquat 336/MIBK

3.4 Xylene.

3.5 PbCl<sub>2</sub> -- Lead chloride

1. Stock PbCl<sub>2</sub> solution. Dissolve 0.3356 g PbCl<sub>2</sub> previously dried at 105°C for 3 hours in 10% Aliquat 336 in MIBK solution and dilute to 250 ml. Store in brown bottle. This solution contains 1,000 µg/ml of Pb.
2. Preparation of intermediate Pb standard: Pipet 10 ml of the stock solution (1,000 µg/ml Pb) and dilute to 100 ml with xylene/MIBK solution (40% xylene).

3.6 Sodium sulfate (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), anhydrous, crystals.

### 4. Apparatus

- 4.1 Erlenmeyer flask with ground glass stopper, 250 ml.
- 4.2 Mechanical shaker.
- 4.3 Filter funnel and paper (Whatman No. 40 or equivalent).
- 4.4 Flame atomic absorption spectrophotometer and recorder or integrator.
- 4.5 Lead hollow cathode or electrodeless discharge lamp.

### 5. Procedure

- 5.1 Sludges, sediments, and soils: Weigh out to the nearest 0.1 g about 50 g of homogenized sample into an Erlenmeyer flask. Add 100 ml xylene. Stopper the flask and shake it

for 1/2 hour on a mechanical shaker. Filter the extract through filter paper and anhydrous sodium sulfate.

- 5.2 Add 20 ml of MIBK to a 50 ml volumetric flask.
- 5.3 Pipet 20.0 ml of the xylene extract (Step 5.1) into the flask and mix.
- 5.4 Pipet 0.1 ml of I<sub>2</sub> solution into the flask and mix for about one minute.
- 5.5 Pipet 5 ml of 1% Aliquat 336 in MIBK and mix.
- 5.6 Dilute to volume with MIBK and mix.

#### 6. Standard and Blank Preparation

Prepare appropriate working standards and blank from 100 µg/ml Pb standard.

- 6.1 Add approximately 20 ml of xylene to 50 ml volumetric flask. Pipet the correct amount of the 100 µg/ml Pb standard into the flask to prepare the right standard.
- 6.2 Add immediately 0.1 ml of I<sub>2</sub> solution and mix well.
- 6.3 Add 5 ml of 1% Aliquat 336/MIBK and mix well.
- 6.4 Dilute to volume with MIBK and mix well.
- 6.5 Blank xylene/MIBK (40% xylene) should be treated as the working standard solutions.

#### 7. Analysis

- 7.1 Set up the AA according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use background correction to decrease broad band absorption interference.
- 7.2 Aspirate H<sub>2</sub>O into the flame and adjust the acetylene flow to 8.5 l/min and the air flow to 25 l/min.
- 7.3 Aspirate MIBK containing 40% xylene into the flame.
- 7.4 Reduce the acetylene flow to about 4.8 l/min and make fine adjustments in the acetylene flow to produce an even flame with no yellow luminescence to obtain optimum conditions.
- 7.5 Aspirate into the flame blank, working standards, and sample to measure the absorbencies. Estimate the concentrations of organic lead in sample.

## 8. Calculations

Solids:

$$\frac{100 \text{ ml}}{50 \text{ g}} \times \frac{50 \text{ ml}}{20 \text{ ml}} \times \frac{\mu\text{g/l}}{1000 \text{ ml/l}} \times F = \mu\text{g/g organic lead calculated as Pb.}$$

where F = dilution factor. .

## E. Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Control (QC)

### 1. Definition

**Quality Assurance:** Systematic procedures that are used to provide assurance to a producer or user of information that defined standards of quality were met. QA covers field and laboratory performance, i.e., the quality control procedures that have been followed.

**Quality Control:** The activities that are used to implement the quality assurance plan. Quality includes adequacy of the methods employed, reliability of the results, and cost effectiveness.

### 2. Chain of Custody

A Chain of Custody Record is the disposition of a sample from collection to laboratory delivery. A Chain of Custody Record should be made out after samples are collected and signed by individuals collecting, relinquishing, and receiving samples. See Figure III-6 (page 78) for an example of a U. S. EPA Chain of Custody form.

### 3. Laboratory Certification

All soil and water samples should be analyzed by a DHS-certified laboratory. Two certification programs exist in California and both are administered by DHS. Additional information can be obtained from the addresses listed:

#### . Hazardous Materials Laboratory Certification Program

California Department of Health Services  
Hazardous Materials Laboratory  
2151 Berkeley Way, Room 234  
Berkeley, CA 94704  
(415) 540-3003

. Drinking Water Laboratory Certification

California Department of Health Services  
Sanitation and Radiation Laboratory  
2151 Berkeley Way, Room 465  
Berkeley, CA 94704  
(415) 540-2201

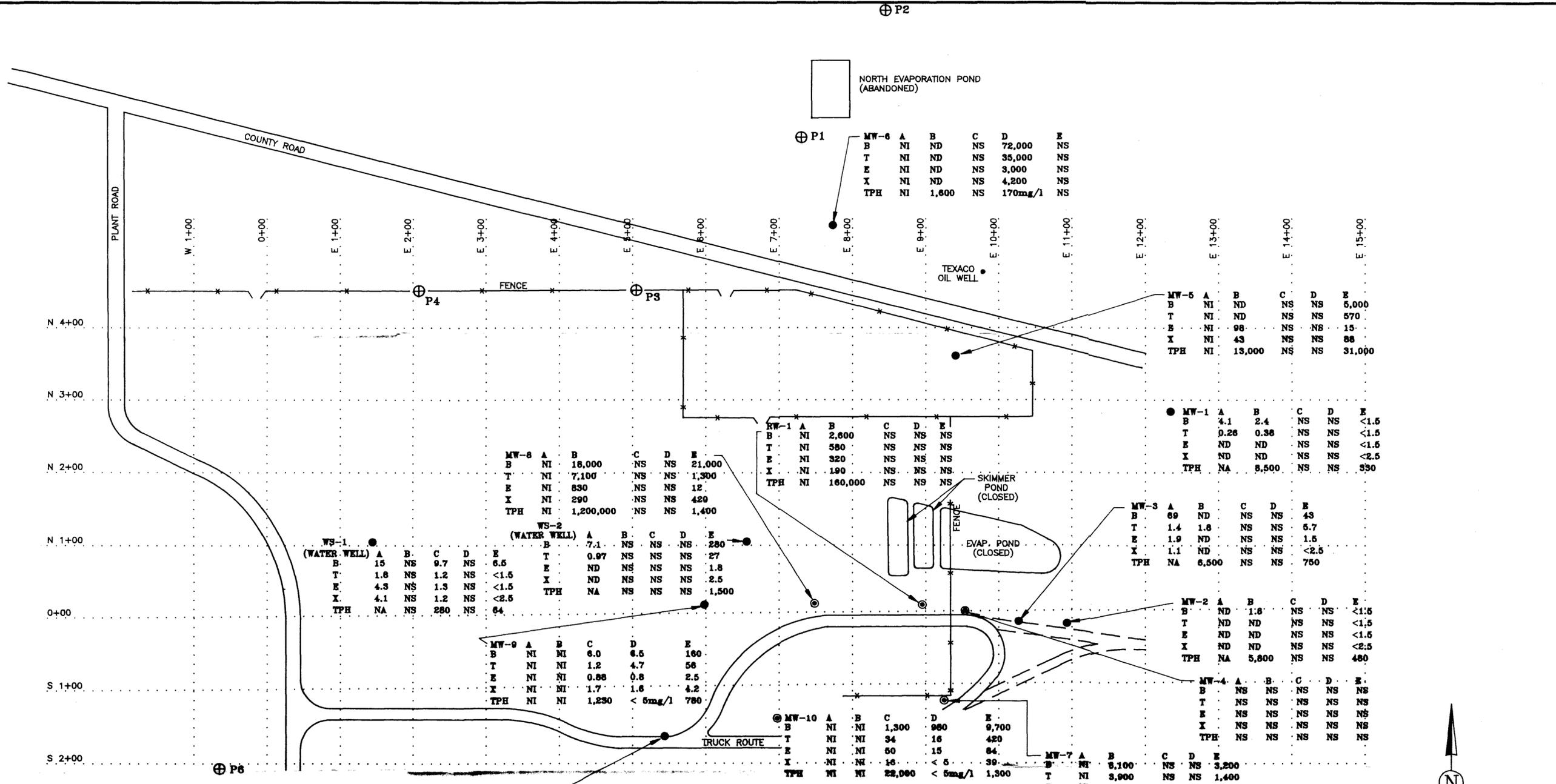
4. QA Project Plan: This is a plan that outlines objectives, operational procedures, and the means for assuring how data of known and acceptable quality can be obtained. Where major projects are involved in remedial action, a plan for a performance audit (field and laboratory operations) and corrective action may be needed.
5. Number of Samples to Collect: The number of samples required relates directly to project objectives and the level of data reliability desired. The following are minimal recommendations and do not ensure that representative or statistically valid sampling of a site has been achieved.
  - . Soil -- Tank excavation hole: At least two samples collected immediately after the tank is removed. This number should be increased for more accurate representation in very large excavations.
  - . Soil background: Average of three samples.
  - . Soil: Where >10 samples are to be collected at the same site, five percent duplicates should be collected and analyzed.
  - . Water: Volatile organic analysis (VOA): All VOA samples should be collected in duplicate. One sample should be analyzed. The other acts as a backup in case a vial is broken or re-analysis is necessary.
  - . Water: Non-VOA analysis (.5-1-liter volume): One sample.
  - . QC for remedial action should be designed to meet clean-up/closure objectives for the particular site. The basic principles outlined should be applied.

A general guide for field QC samples is presented in Table 3-7 (page 79).

6. Special Split-Sample Collection Instructions (7)
  - a. Purgeable organics or VOAs: Individual samples are taken rapidly in succession in the specified containers. The individual samples may then be analyzed in replicate. With

the exception of samples collected in a bailer, VOA splits should not be collected by pouring from one container into another.

- b. Nonvolatile hydrophobic organics (e.g., PCBs): Due to the hydrophobic character of these compounds, it is not practical to split an aqueous sample. Consequently, it is recommended that replicates be run on the extract only. That is, when the analytical procedure for a hydrophobic organic is followed, the extract should be carried through in replicate through the column chromatography and analytical determinations.
- c. Other analyses: Samples are split into portions while the original sample container is agitated.
- d. Metals, except chromium VI and dissolved metals: When splitting samples for metal analyses, the sample must be acidified with nitric acid to pH <2 before dividing the sample. Acidification is especially critical if the sample is basic, in order to prevent precipitation of metallic hydroxides.



**LEGEND**

- MONITOR WELL
- ⊙ RECOVERY WELL
- ⊕ PROPOSED MONITOR WELL
- ⊙ PRODUCT RECOVERY WELL
- A ANALYTICAL RESULTS FROM MARCH 1990
- B ANALYTICAL RESULTS FROM APRIL 1990
- C ANALYTICAL RESULTS FROM AUGUST 1990
- D ANALYTICAL RESULTS FROM JANUARY AND FEBRUARY 1991
- E ANALYTICAL RESULTS FROM JUNE 1991
- NA NOT AVAILABLE
- ND NO DETECTION
- NS NOT SAMPLED
- NI NOT INSTALLED AT THE DATE OF SAMPLING
- B BENZENE
- T TOLUENE
- E ETHYLBENZENE
- X TOTAL XYLENES
- TPH TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS.
- mg/l MILLIGRAMS PER LITER

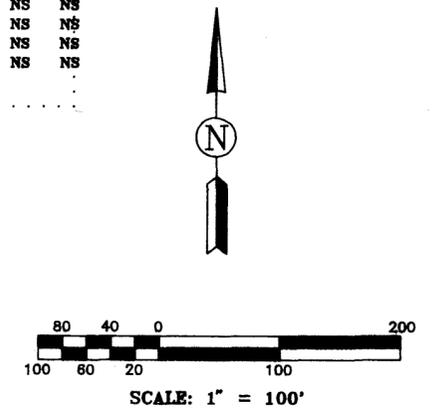
NOTE:  
CONCENTRATIONS IN MICROGRAMS PER LITER UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

MW-14	A	B	C	D	E
B	NI	NI	NI	< 0.5	< 1.5
T	NI	NI	NI	< 0.5	< 1.5
E	NI	NI	NI	< 0.5	< 1.5
X	NI	NI	NI	< 0.5	< 2.5
TPH	NI	NI	NI	< 5mg/l	1,200

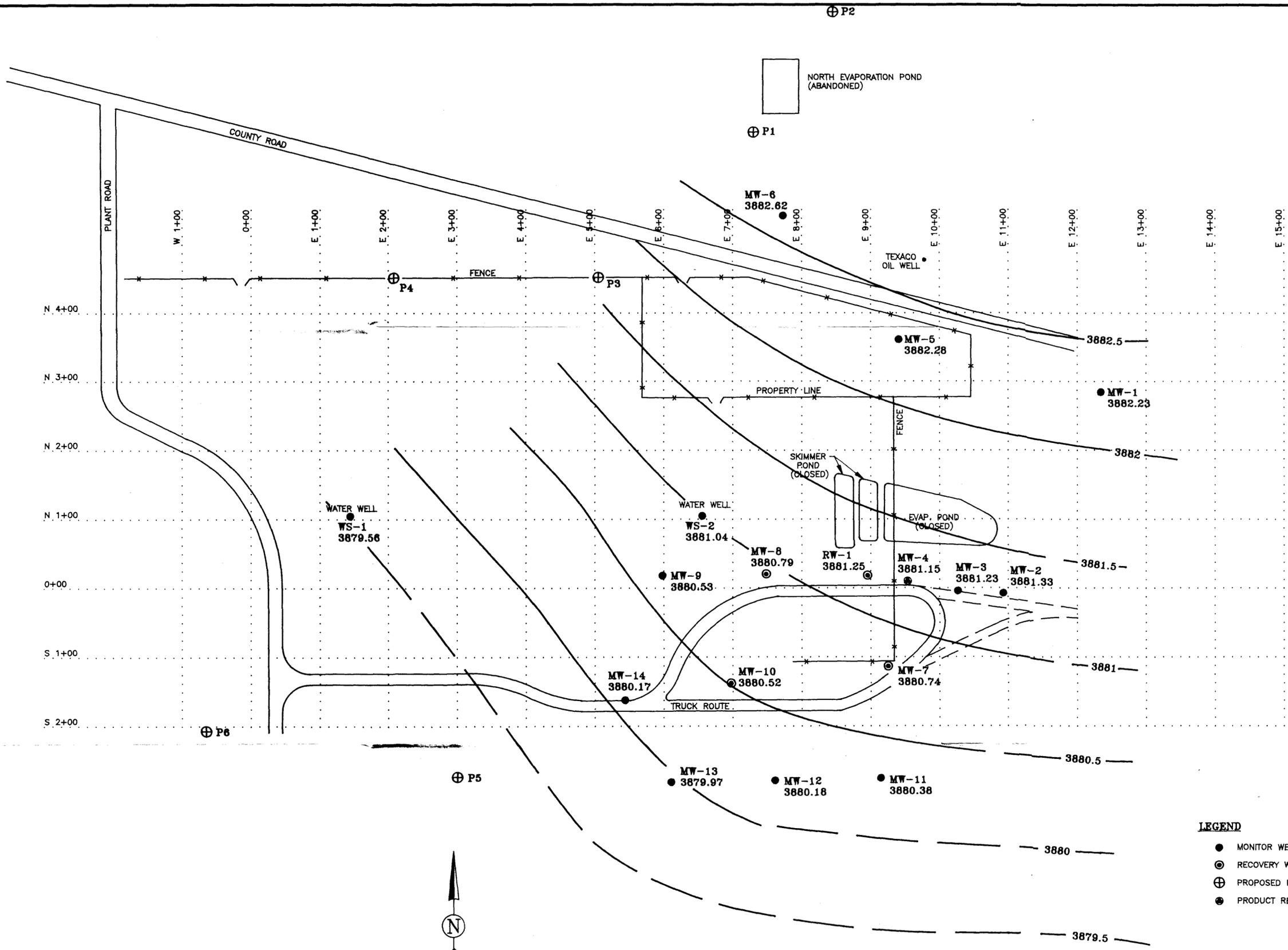
MW-13	A	B	C	D	E
B	NI	NI	NI	16	1.9
T	NI	NI	NI	19	< 1.5
E	NI	NI	NI	3.0	< 1.5
X	NI	NI	NI	5.1	< 2.5
TPH	NI	NI	NI	< 5mg/l	360

MW-11	A	B	C	D	E
B	NI	NI	1.0	NS	< 1.5
T	NI	NI	2.8	NS	< 1.5
E	NI	NI	1.6	NS	< 1.5
X	NI	NI	6.4	NS	< 2.5
TPH	NI	NI	690	NS	540

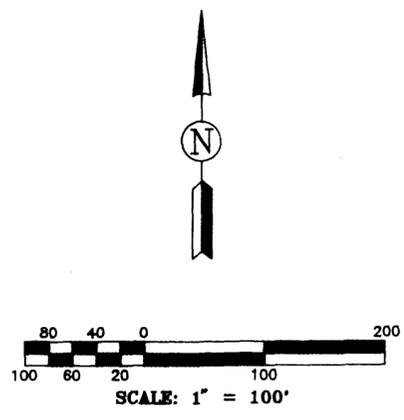
MW-12	A	B	C	D	E
B	NI	NI	0.86	120	< 1.5
T	NI	NI	0.81	3.8	1.6
E	NI	NI	0.51	0.6	< 1.5
X	NI	NI	2.9	0.6	< 2.5
TPH	NI	NI	610	< 5mg/l	230



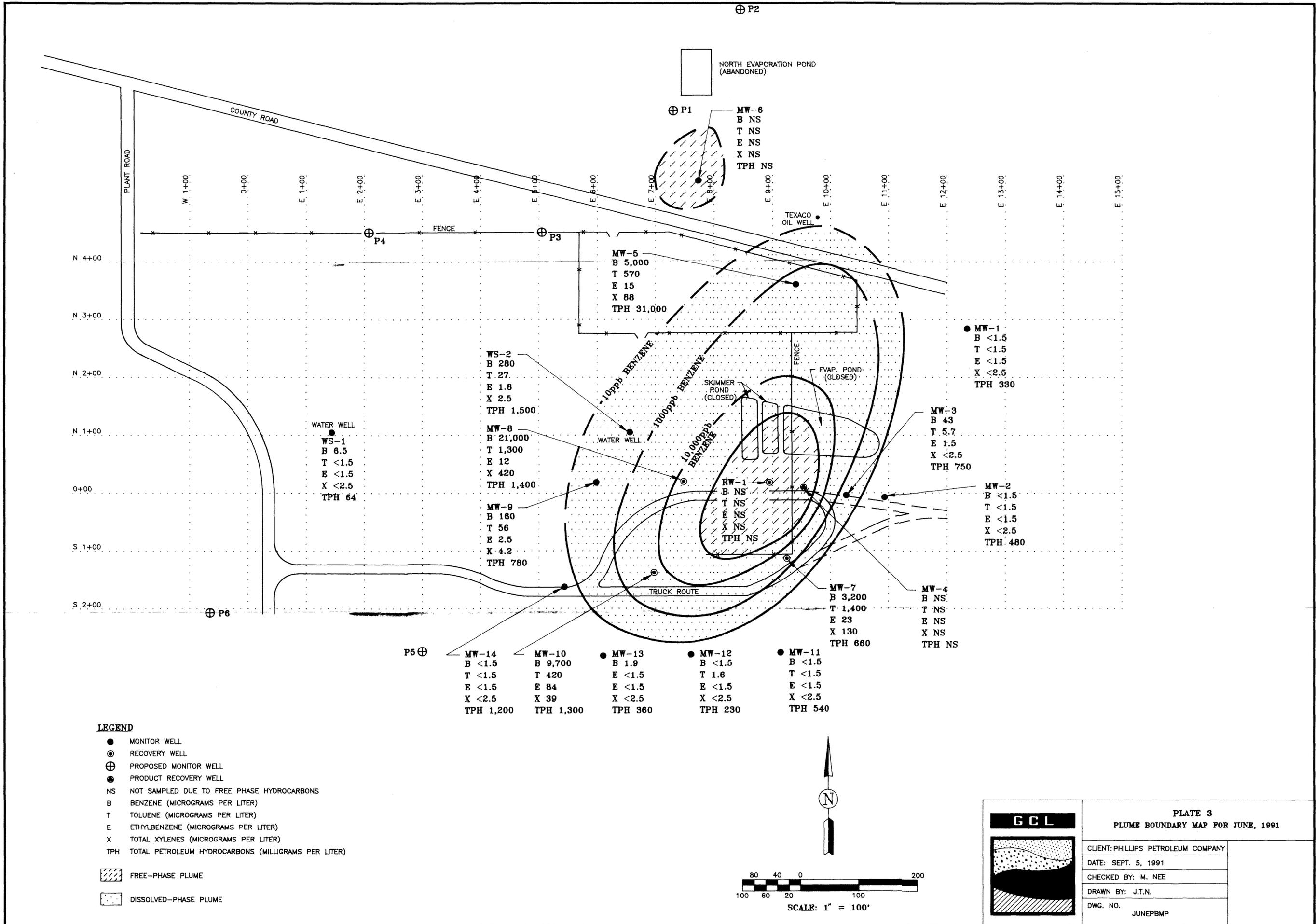
	<b>PLATE 1</b>	
	MONITOR WELL LOCATION MAP WITH BTEX AND TPH CONCENTRATIONS FROM 1990 TO PRESENT	
	CLIENT: PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY	
	DATE: SEPT. 5, 1991	
	CHECKED BY: M. NEE	
DRAWN BY: J.T.N.		
DWG. NO.	8TEXTV2	



- LEGEND**
- MONITOR WELL
  - ⊙ RECOVERY WELL
  - ⊕ PROPOSED MONITOR WELL
  - PRODUCT RECOVERY WELL



	<b>PLATE 2</b>	
	<b>POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP</b>	
	<b>JUNE 26, 1991</b>	
	CLIENT: PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY	
	DATE: SEPT. 5, 1991	
CHECKED BY: M. NEE		
DRAWN BY: J.T.N.		
DWG. NO. P1PSMJ01		



**LEGEND**

- MONITOR WELL
- ⊙ RECOVERY WELL
- ⊕ PROPOSED MONITOR WELL
- ⊙ PRODUCT RECOVERY WELL
- NS NOT SAMPLED DUE TO FREE PHASE HYDROCARBONS
- B BENZENE (MICROGRAMS PER LITER)
- T TOLUENE (MICROGRAMS PER LITER)
- E ETHYLBENZENE (MICROGRAMS PER LITER)
- X TOTAL XYLENES (MICROGRAMS PER LITER)
- TPH TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS (MILLIGRAMS PER LITER)
- ▨ FREE-PHASE PLUME
- ▨ DISSOLVED-PHASE PLUME

<p>● MW-14 B &lt;1.5 T &lt;1.5 E &lt;1.5 X &lt;2.5 TPH 1,200</p>	<p>● MW-10 B 9,700 T 420 E 84 X 39 TPH 1,300</p>	<p>● MW-13 B 1.9 E &lt;1.5 E &lt;1.5 X &lt;2.5 TPH 360</p>	<p>● MW-12 B &lt;1.5 T 1.6 E &lt;1.5 X &lt;2.5 TPH 230</p>	<p>● MW-11 B &lt;1.5 T &lt;1.5 E &lt;1.5 X &lt;2.5 TPH 540</p>
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<p>WS-2 B 280 T 27 E 1.8 X 2.5 TPH 1,500</p>	<p>WS-1 B 6.5 T &lt;1.5 E &lt;1.5 X &lt;2.5 TPH 64</p>	<p>MW-8 B 21,000 T 1,300 E 12 X 420 TPH 1,400</p>	<p>MW-9 B 160 T 56 E 2.5 X 4.2 TPH 780</p>
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<p>MW-5 B 5,000 T 570 E 15 X 88 TPH 31,000</p>
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<p>MW-6 B NS T NS E NS X NS TPH NS</p>
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<p>MW-7 B 3,200 T 1,400 E 23 X 130 TPH 660</p>
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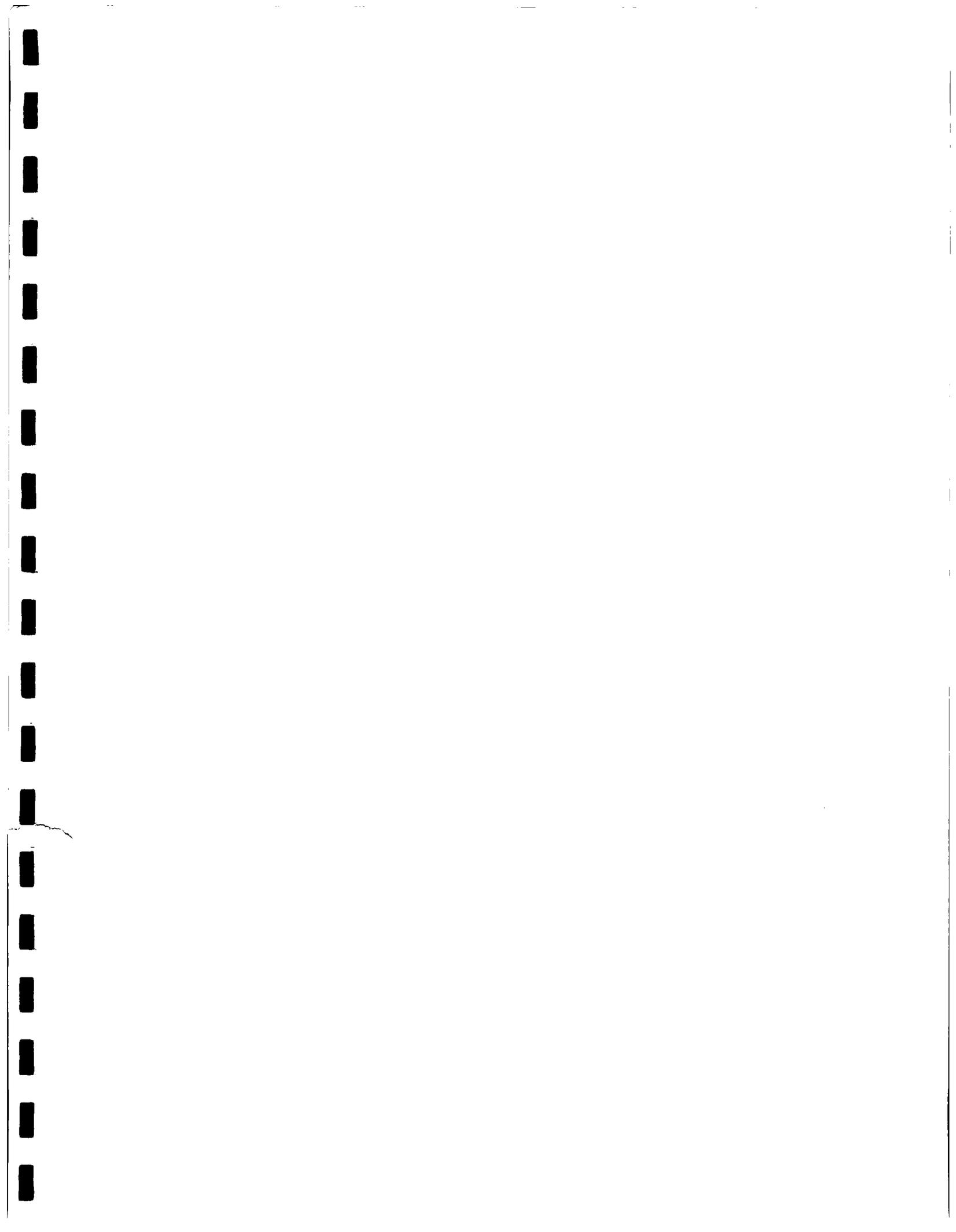
<p>MW-4 B NS T NS E NS X NS TPH NS</p>
--

<p>MW-1 B &lt;1.5 T &lt;1.5 E &lt;1.5 X &lt;2.5 TPH 330</p>
---

<p>MW-3 B 43 T 5.7 E 1.5 X &lt;2.5 TPH 750</p>
--

<p>MW-2 B &lt;1.5 T &lt;1.5 E &lt;1.5 X &lt;2.5 TPH 480</p>
---

<p><b>GCL</b></p>	
<p><b>PLATE 3</b> <b>PLUME BOUNDARY MAP FOR JUNE, 1991</b></p>	
<p>CLIENT: PHILLIPS PETROLEUM COMPANY</p>	
<p>DATE: SEPT. 5, 1991</p>	
<p>CHECKED BY: M. NEE</p>	
<p>DRAWN BY: J.T.N.</p>	
<p>DWG. NO. JUNEPMMP</p>	



**Final Phase Investigation Report  
Lee Gas Plant,  
Buckeye, New Mexico**

*February 24, 1992*

*Prepared for:*

*GPM Gas Corporation, formerly  
Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company  
4044 Penbrook  
Odessa, Texas 79762*

*Prepared by:*

**H+GCL**

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SECTION 1.0

**GPM Gas Corporation, formerly  
Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company  
Final Phase Investigation Report  
Lee Gas Plant, Buckeye, New Mexico**

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## **1.0 Executive Summary**

On October 16 through 30, 1991, six new groundwater monitor wells were installed at GPM Gas Corporation's (GPM's), formerly Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company, Lee Gas Plant, Buckeye, New Mexico. The objective of the monitor well installation was to identify the petroleum constituents in the groundwater entering and leaving the plant site.

The initial subsurface investigation at the site was initiated in 1988 with the closure of four RCRA monitor wells and the installation of four investigatory monitor wells. To date, sixteen groundwater monitor wells, four groundwater recovery wells, and one product recovery well are operational at the Lee Gas Plant.

In addition to monitor well installation, quarterly groundwater samples and samples from the newly installed monitor wells were collected and depth-to-water/separate-phase measurements were recorded. Separate-phase hydrocarbons were found to be present in recovery well RW-1 and monitor wells MW-6 and MW-4.

For quarterly sampling, the groundwater from monitor wells MW-9, MW-10, MW-12, MW-13, and MW-14 was sampled for petroleum constituents and major ions. Additionally, the new monitor wells MW-15 through MW-20 were also sampled for petroleum constituents and major ions.

The benzene concentrations in the samples from monitor wells MW-15 and MW-20 exceeded Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) standards for benzene. The analytical results indicate that the BTEX constituents in all of the other samples were below WQCC standards.

The concentration of petroleum constituents in monitor wells MW-15, down-gradient of the northern evaporation pond, and MW-16, up-gradient of the northern evaporation pond, indicates that the northern evaporation pond could likely be a hydrocarbon source. The groundwater from monitor well MW-20 will be resampled during the quarterly sampling event in January to determine the validity of the initial sample results.

**SECTION 2.0**

**GPM Gas Corporation, formerly  
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## **2.0 Introduction**

Since early 1988, Geoscience Consultants, Ltd., now H\*GCL, has been involved in a subsurface investigation at GPM' Lee Gas Plant in southeastern New Mexico (GCL, 1988a). The results of the initial investigation indicated that both separate-phase and dissolved-phase hydrocarbons were present in the saturated zone beneath the site. Twenty groundwater monitor wells and one recovery well have been installed at the site. Three of the twenty monitor wells have been converted to recovery wells. The following is a brief history of the investigative and remediative actions performed at the facility:

- April 1988: Four monitor wells were installed and four other monitor wells were abandoned from a previously existing RCRA monitoring program (GCL, 1988a).
- September 1988: A limited soil-vapor survey identified two potential sources of hydrocarbon contamination (both former evaporation ponds, GCL, 1988b).
- January 1990: Jurisdiction of GPM' Lee Gas Plant was transferred from the New Mexico Environment Division (NMED) to the New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD).
- April 1990: Four monitor wells and one recovery well were installed at the site to define limits of the separate-phase plume and to begin recovery of the floating product (GCL, 1990a).
- August 1990: Four additional monitor wells were installed to further define the lateral extent of dissolved-phase hydrocarbons in the aquifer (GCL, 1990b).
- January 1991: Two additional monitor wells were installed to delineate the leading edge of the dissolved-phase plume. Two existing monitor wells were converted to recovery wells (GCL, 1991).
- May 1991: Monitor well MW-10 was converted to a recovery well per NMOCDs' April 2, 1991, request (NMOCD, 1991).

**GPM Gas Corporation, formerly  
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- June 1991: All monitor wells were sampled for a one-time comprehensive sampling event at the Lee Plant and recommendations were made in September 1991 to the NMOCD for additional monitor well installation (H\*GCL, 1991).

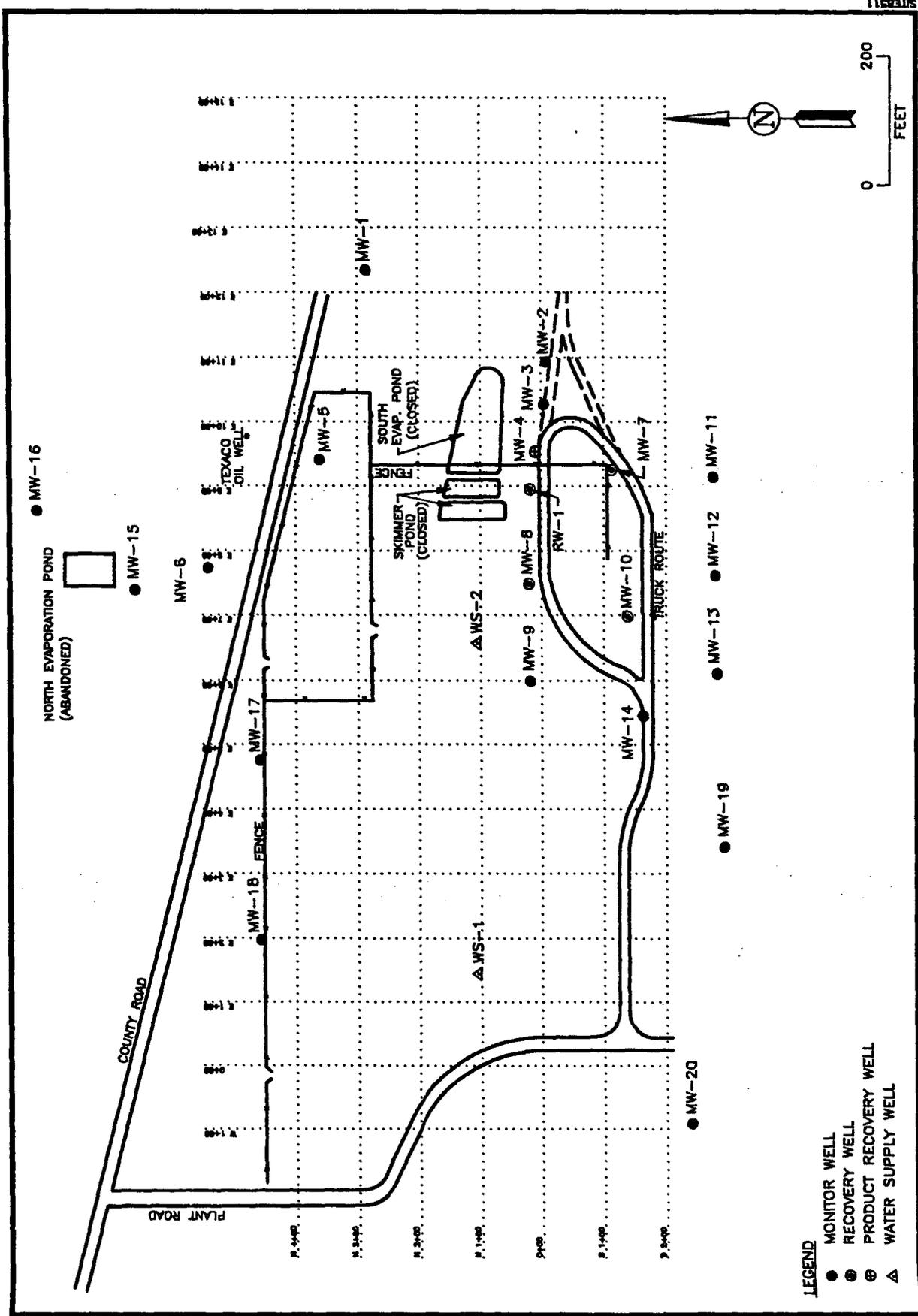
On October 16 through 30, six new groundwater monitor wells were installed and groundwater samples were collected. Additionally, groundwater samples were collected from the wells that require quarterly sampling (MW-9, MW-11, MW-12, MW-13, MW-14).

These wells were designed for potential use in a final remedial action at the site. The new monitor well locations (MW 15-20) are shown on figure 2-1. Objectives for the installation of the new monitor wells are as follows:

- MW-15, down-gradient of the north evaporation pond, as requested by NMOCD.
- MW-16, up-gradient of the north evaporation pond, to characterize the groundwater up-gradient of the north evaporation pond and the plant.
- MW-17 and MW-18, up-gradient of the plant, and south of the county road that is immediately north of the plant; to characterize the groundwater entering the plant up-gradient of water-supply well WS-1. Additionally, these wells could be used to investigate the lateral extent of dissolved-phase petroleum constituents associated with the separate-phase hydrocarbon contamination located southeast of the north evaporation pond.
- MW-19 and MW-20, down-gradient of the plant, to characterize the quality of the groundwater down-gradient of the plant.
- The analytical data obtained from the new monitor wells facilitate the development of a remedial strategy plan for the site.

Figure 2-1

Monitor Well Location Map, GPM Lee Plant



LEGEND

- MONITOR WELL
- RECOVERY WELL
- ⊕ PRODUCT RECOVERY WELL
- △ WATER SUPPLY WELL

**SECTION 3.0**

**GPM Gas Corporation, formerly  
Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company  
Final Phase Investigation Report  
Lee Gas Plant, Buckeye, New Mexico**

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### 3.0 Methodology

Borehole drilling, monitor well installations, and completion procedures were performed in the same manner as those of previous installations. The new monitor wells were developed with a submersible pump following the same procedures used in previous investigations (GCL, 1990b). The new monitor wells were developed until the parameters of pH, electric conductivity, and temperature were stabilized and until a volume of water greater than that lost during drilling had been recovered. Field notes documenting the well development data are included as appendix A.

The lithology of each of the new monitor well borings was logged on standard H\*GCL lithologic forms and is presented in appendix B. The completion diagrams for these wells are included as appendix C.

During the October investigation, quarterly groundwater samples were collected from monitor wells MW-9, MW-10, MW-12, MW-13, and MW-14. These samples were collected according to the same protocol used in previous investigations, following strict sampling and chain-of-custody procedures (GCL, 1988c). Core Laboratories of Aurora, Colorado, performed the laboratory analyses of these samples for BTEX/TPH. Intermountain Laboratories of Farmington, New Mexico, performed the laboratory analyses for general chemistry constituents.

Product-thickness and depth-to-water measurements at all existing monitor wells were made both before and immediately after well installation using an ORS oil/water interface probe. Water levels fluctuate during pumping; therefore, measurements in the recovery wells during pumping operations are not representative of static conditions.

The new monitor wells were surveyed by John West Engineering Co. The locations were charted on the Lee Gas Plant's northing and easting coordinate system.

**SECTION 4.0**

Figure 4-1  
 Potentiometric Surface Map For October 30, 1991

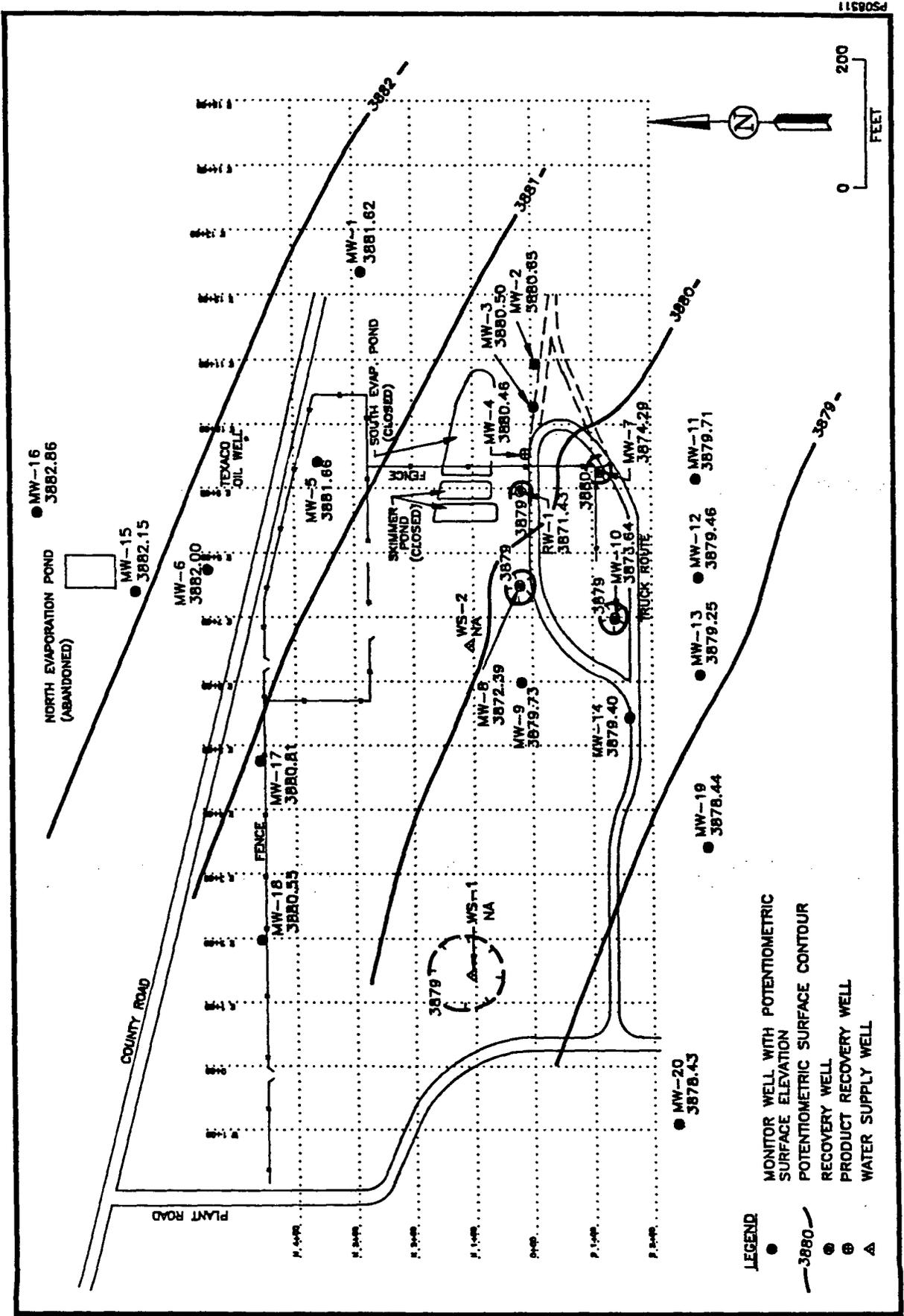


Figure 4-2  
 Monitor Well Location Map With BTEX And TPH Concentrations From October, 1991

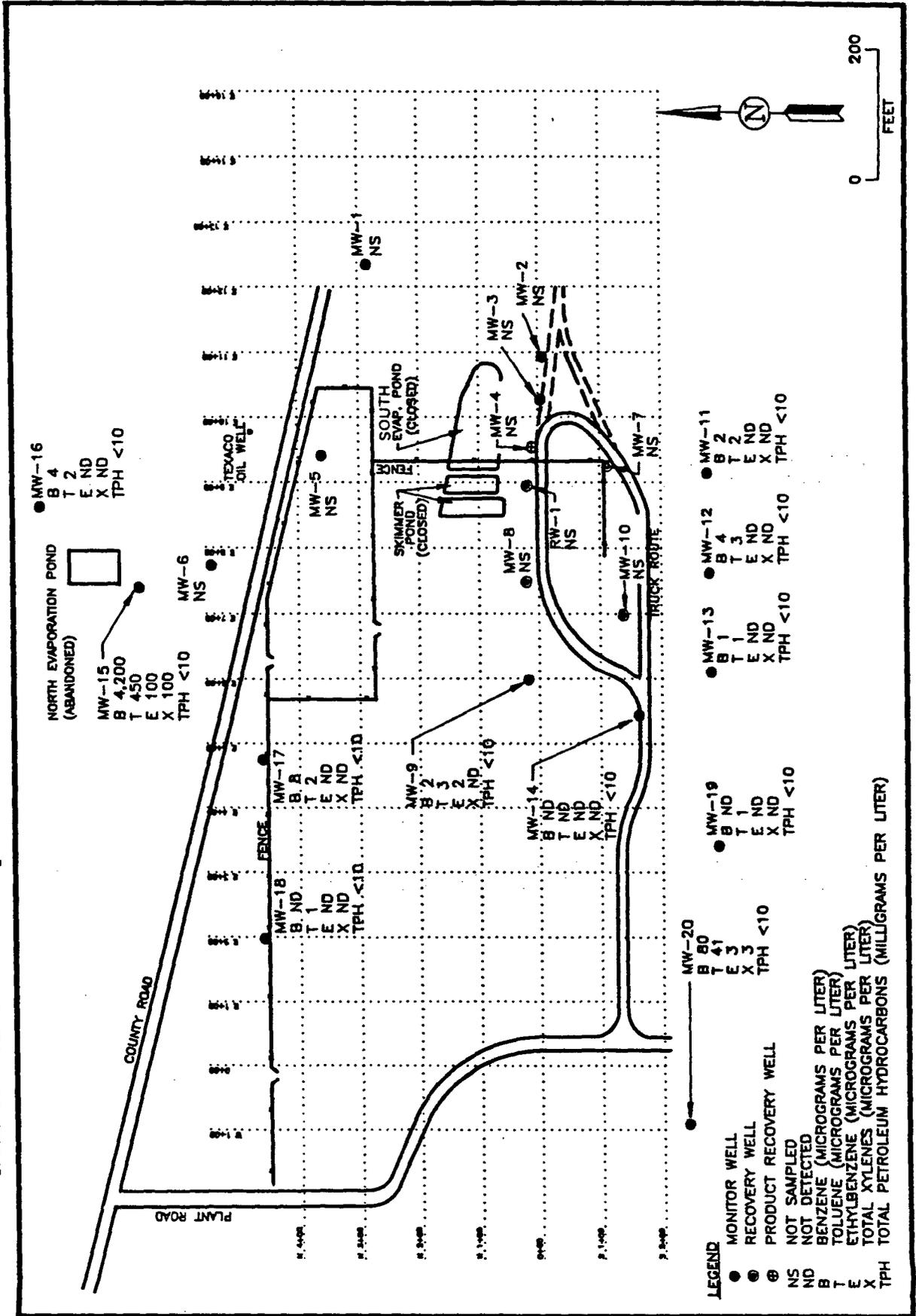


Table 4-1

Well and Water Surface Elevation Data,  
October 30, 1991

Location	Depth to Water Datum is TOC	Casing Elevation	Product Thickness	Potentiometric Surface Elevation
MW-1	97.63	3979.25	0	3881.62
MW-2	99.85	3980.50	0	3880.65
MW-3	99.77	3980.27	0	3880.50
MW-4	100.93	3980.16	1.54	3880.46
MW-5	98.16	3979.82	0	3881.66
MW-6	100.12	3981.79	0.41	3882.00
MW-7	105.43	3979.72	0	3874.29
MW-8	103.92	3981.31	0	3872.39
MW-9	100.44	3980.17	0	3879.73
MW-10	107.38	3981.02	0	3873.64
MW-11	98.79	3978.50	0	3879.71
MW-12	99.36	3978.82	0	3879.46
MW-13	101.27	3980.52	0	3879.25
MW-14	102.83	3982.23	0	3879.40
MW-15	99.55	3981.70	0	3882.15
MW-16	97.94	3980.80	0	3882.86
MW-17	100.99	3981.80	0	3880.81
MW-18	102.55	3983.10	0	3880.55
MW-19	102.36	3980.80	0	3878.44
MW-20	104.87	3983.30	0	3878.43
RW-1	109.42	3980.87	TR	3871.43

\*Water surface elevation corrected for separate phase using a  
specific gravity for the product of approximately 0.8

All data are presented in feet

TR = Trace

TOC = Top of casing

0528/WWSURF10.WQ1

Table 4-2

Analytical Results from October 1991 Sampling Event

Location	Benzene ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ )	Toluene ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ )	Ethylbenzene ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ )	Total Xylenes ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ )	TPH ( $\text{mg/L}$ )
WQCC Standard	10	750	750	620	NA
MW-9	2	3	2	ND	<10
MW-11	2	2	ND	ND	<10
MW-12	4	3	ND	ND	<10
MW-13	1	1	ND	ND	<10
MW-14	ND	ND	ND	ND	<10
MW-15	4200	450	100	100	<10
MW-16	4	2	ND	ND	<10
MW-17	8	2	ND	ND	<10
MW-18	ND	1	ND	ND	<10
MW-19	ND	1	ND	ND	<10
MW-20	80	41	3	3	<10

TPH - Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

ND - Not Detected

0528/RSLTS10.TBL

SECTION 5.0

**GPM Gas Corporation, formerly  
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## **5.0 Conclusions**

The WQCC standard for benzene is 10 micrograms per liter ( $\mu\text{g/L}$ ). The concentration of benzene exceeded WQCC standards in groundwater samples collected in October at wells MW-15 and MW-20; the concentrations found were 4,200  $\mu\text{g/L}$  and 80  $\mu\text{g/L}$ , respectively. The WQCC standard for ethylbenzene, toluene, and xylenes was not exceeded in any of the samples collected.

Depth-to-water measurements obtained from the new monitor wells indicate that the potentiometric surface remains relatively consistent across the site and is not significantly affected by the continuous pumping at water supply well WS-1. The direction of flow appears consistent at approximately 40 degrees west-of-south across the site. The gradient of the potentiometric surface is approximately 1 vertical foot for every 650 horizontal feet (.0015 ft/ft).

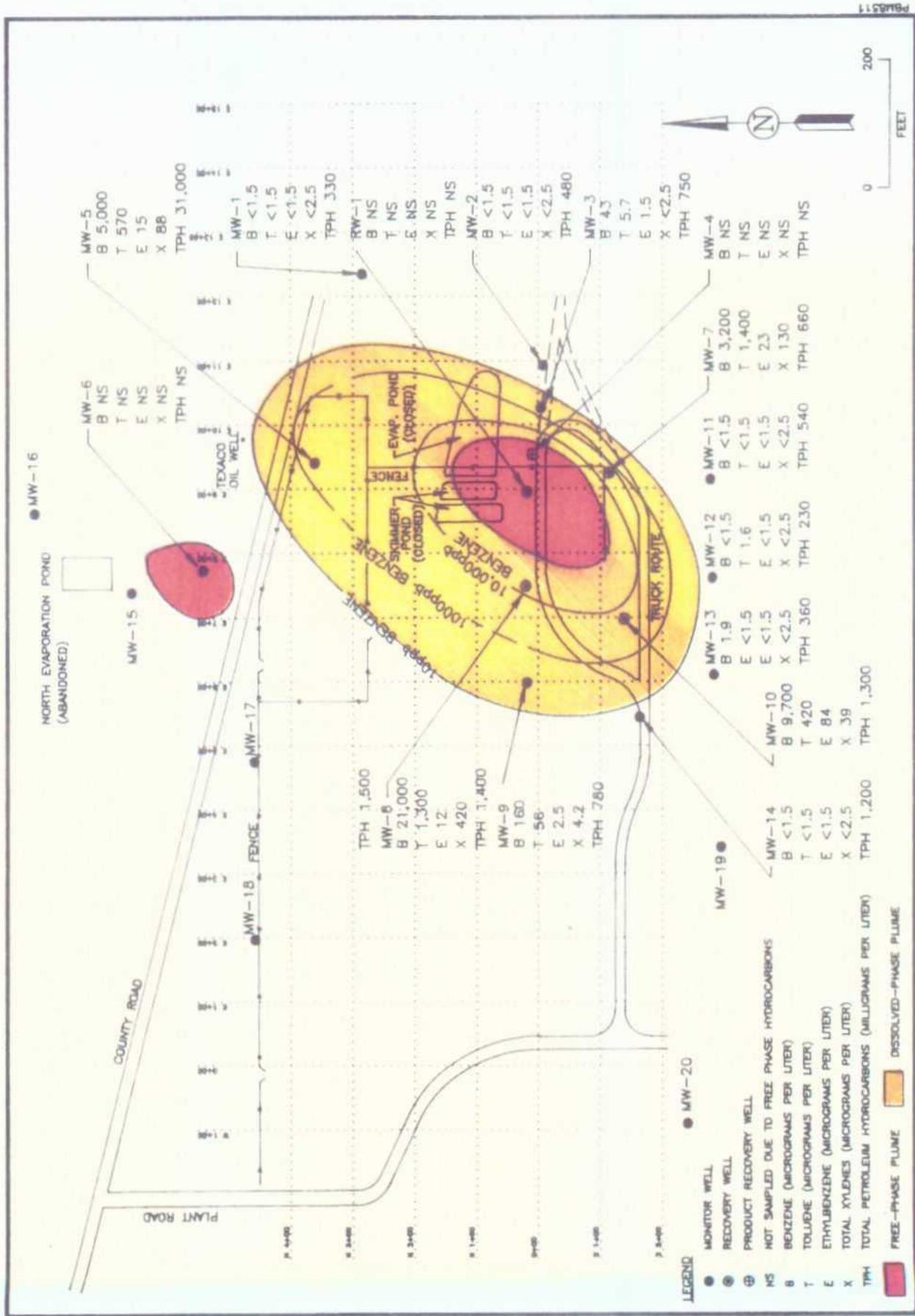
The separate-phase (free-phase) hydrocarbons that have been identified, figure 5-1 (H\*GCL, 1991), indicate that the product plumes are most likely associated with two sources, the southern evaporation pond and the northern evaporation pond, both of which are closed (figure 2-1).

The analytical results for the sampled wells from the quarterly sampling event are consistent with past results. Low level dissolved-phase hydrocarbons are present down-gradient of the separate-phase hydrocarbons.

The groundwater up-gradient of the north evaporation pond has low concentrations of dissolved-phase hydrocarbons as does the groundwater from wells MW-17 and MW-18, off-gradient of the north evaporation pond and up-gradient of the plant. The concentrations of the dissolved-phase hydrocarbons in these wells are probably indicative of the ambient conditions in the oil field surrounding the site.

The groundwater from monitor well MW-15, directly down-gradient of the north evaporation pond, has high levels of dissolved-phase hydrocarbons. The source of these dissolved-phase hydrocarbons could likely be the north evaporation pond.

Figure 5-1  
 Plume Boundary Map For June, 1981



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Laboratory analysis on the groundwater sample from monitor well MW-19, down-gradient of the plant, indicates that 1 part per billion (ppb) benzene is present. There appears to be no migration of hydrocarbons from the plant at this location.

The sample from monitor well MW-20 indicates that 127 ppb total BTEX is present in the groundwater at this location. The results are not indicative of ambient conditions, but they could be the result of laboratory contamination or sampling error.

SECTION 6.0

**GPM Gas Corporation, formerly  
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**6.0 References**

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- New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, To Phillips Petroleum Company, 1991, RE: Report of Subsurface Investigation Phillips 66 Natural Gas Company Lee Gas Plant Buckeye, New Mexico, Letter, April 2, 1991.

0528/FINAL.DOC

APPENDIX A

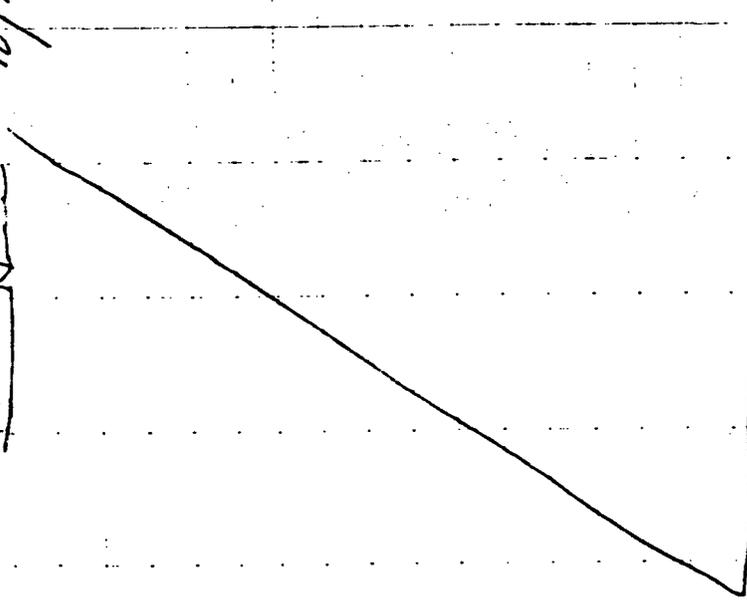
**Appendix A**  
**Well Development Data**

(2)

10/16/91  
H2O LEVELS CONT.

RW1 111.27 FUMP  
well meter reads  
432723 Total gallons  
MW2 99.54  
MW14 102.68  
MW4 100.70 H2O  
99.16 Prod (ORSP)

10/16/91



(3)

9:00  
DAVID NEE  
CLEAR 760's F

10/17/91

Set up to sample MW11  
BTEX, TPH AND GENERAL CHEM.  
Purge Volume: TP 120'  
H2O 99'  
21' H2O

4" WELL  
2.1 \* .65 = 13.65 gals  
 $\times \frac{3}{5}$   
PURGE = 40.95

PH 6.95  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 100  
Fisher 107  
@ 5 gal  
Chemtrac 700

SILTY

PH 6.90  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1210  
@ 10 gals

PH 7.20  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1210  
@ 15 gals

1210 D M 10 17 71

④

10/17/91

PH 7.20  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1210

20 gals

PH 7.15  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1210

2.5 gals

PH 7.05  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1210

30 gals

PH 7.05  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1210

3.5 gals

PH 7.10  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1210

40 gals

Sampled mull, using disposable  
bailer. Sample #9110170905

1000

Completed decan and

R 10/17/91

⑤

10/17/91

Set up to sample mull  
BTEX, TPH and GENERAL CHEM.  
Purge Volume:

TD 120  
H2O 99

2.1 ft H2O

4" well 21 x .65 = 13.65 gals

1.3

purge vol 40.95 gal

PH 7.30  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1150

Fisher

@ 5 gals

Chemtrix  
clear

PH 7.20  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1125

@ 10 gals

PH 7.75  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1125

@ 15 gals

PH 7.45  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100

@ 10 gals

R 10-17-91

⑥

mwir cont. 10/17/91

PH 7.25

Temp 64°F

Cond 1100

25 gals

PH 7.15

Temp 64°F

Cond 1100

30 gals

PH 7.10

Temp 64°F

Cond 1100

35 gals

PH 7.15

Temp 64°F

Cond 1090

40 gals

PH 7.10

Temp 64°F

Cond 1100

45 gals

PH 7.20

Temp 64°F

Cond 1100

50 gals

1100 completed sampling

mw 12

10-17-91

⑦

10/17/91

Sample # 9110171100

1120

Completed decon and set up to sample. mw 13, 87ex, TTH, and General Chemistry

TD = 120 CF

$\frac{H_2O = 101}{19 \text{ r } H_2O}$

4" well

$19 \times .65 = 12.35$

$\times \frac{3.0}{}$

Purge volume = 37.05 gals

PH

Temp

Cond

6.95

64°F

1050

Fisher

5 gals

Chemtrix

PH

Temp

Cond

6.75

64°F

1225

10 gals

PH

Temp

Cond

6.70

64°F

1350

15 gals

Done 10-17-91

(2) mw 13 cont. 10/17/91

PH	6.70	20 gals
Temp	64°F	
Cond	1210	
PH	6.65	25 gals
Temp	64°F	
Cond	1250	
PH	6.70	30 gals
Temp	64°F	
Cond	1250	
PH	6.75	35 gals
Temp	64°F	
Cond	1250	
PH	6.70	40 gals
Temp	64°F	
Cond	1250	
PH	6.75	45 gals
Temp	64°F	
Cond	1250	

D 10-17-91

1230 10/17/91

completed sampling mw 13  
sample # 9110171230

1300 completed decon of Tool  
Kinsate blanks for  
BTX & TPH #9110171240  
CORE LABS

field blanks for BTX  
& TPH #9110171245  
CORE LABS

1315 set up to sample  
mw 14 BTX, TPH &  
GENERAL CHEMISTRY

4" well

TD = 120 ft  
H2O = 102 ft  
18" H2O

18 x 65 = 11.70  
x 3  
purge Vol. = 35.10 gals

D 10-17-91

(10) m.v.14 cont. 10/17/91

PH	6.85	fisher
Temp	65°F	@ 5 gals
Cond	1000	Chemtrix
PH	7.80	
Temp	64°F	10 gals
Cond	1000	
PH	7.70	
Temp	64°F	15 gals
Cond	1000	
PH	7.45	
Temp	64°F	20 gals
Cond	1000	
PH	7.60	
Temp	64°F	25 gals
Cond	975	
PH	7.45	
Temp	64°F	30 gals
Cond	975	

D N 10-17-91

10/17/91 (11)

PH	7.35	
Temp	64°F	35 gals
Cond	975	
PH	7.40	
Temp	64°F	40 gals
Cond	975	
PH	7.45	
Temp	64°F	45 gals
Cond	950	
PH	7.45	
Temp	64°F	50 gals
Cond	950	
PH	7.50	
Temp	64°F	55 gals
Cond	925	
PH	7.45	
Temp	64°F	60 gals
Cond	925	

D N 10-17-91

(12)

10/17/91

1430 Completed sampling MW 14 # 9110171425

1445 Completed decon set up to sample MW 9 Blex, TPH and General Chemistry

TIP 120  
H<sub>2</sub>O 100  
20 ST H<sub>2</sub>O

4" well 20 x .65 = 13 <sup>gal</sup> gals

purge vol. 39 gals

PH 6.90  
Temp 64°F @ Fisher  
Cond 1125 5 gals  
chumbrick

PH 6.75  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1200 10 gals

PH 6.75  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1120 15 gals

10-17-91

10/17/91

(13)

PH 6.80  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100 20 gals

PH 6.85  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100 25 gals

PH 7.05  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100 30 gals

PH 7.15  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100 35 gals

PH 7.05  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100 40 gals

PH 7.15  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100 45 gals

10-17-91

(12)

mw 9 cont. 10/17/91

pH 7.10  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100

50 gals

pH 7.15  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100

55 gals

pH 7.10  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 1100

60 gals

1550

Completed Sampling MW 9  
# 9110171545  
Took duplicate of  
MW 9 # 910171700  
Identified on chain  
of custody as MW 9A

1630

Completed decon  
& Clean up

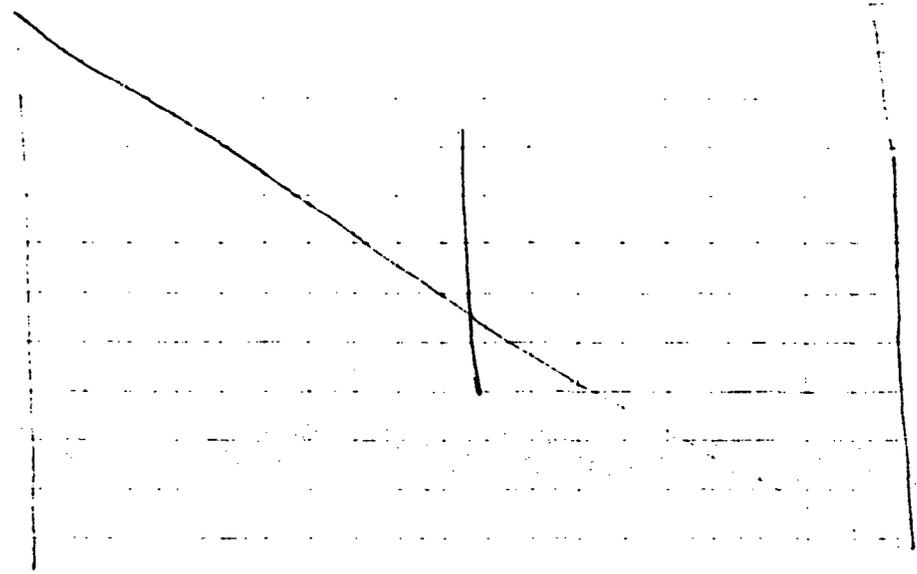
10/17/91

(13)

10/17/91

1645  
Left site for day  
all equipment secured

~~10/17/91~~  
PM



10/17/91

(16)

10/18/91

0730

DAVID NEE Clear 160's  
TASK: Develop MW 16<sup>on</sup>  
purge & sample  
method sub pump.

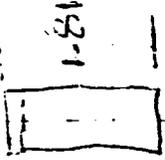
0800

decon pump & hose  
set pump over well  
cut off casing stick  
up 1.71 ft to top



CUT →

To top of cap 1.81



CUT →

Set pump 2' off bottom  
of well (TAT<sup>on</sup> (119'))

Amount of 1120 to  
recover

10 18 91

10/18/91 (17)

0845

asked Kyle if there  
was any special way  
he wanted to develop  
well he said no, will  
develop by raising  
and lowering pump  
@ 5' intervals every 200  
gals.

1235

Field Chemistry

PH  
Cond  
Temp

6.85  
450  
64°F

Fisher Mixer  
920  
Chemtrac Mixer

PH  
Cond  
Temp

6.86  
450  
64°F

950

PH  
Cond  
Temp

6.85  
450  
64°F

955

10 18 91

(18)

10/18/91

PH 6.85  
Cond 450  
Temp 64°F

760 gals

PH 6.85  
Cond 450  
Temp 64°F

965 gals

PH 6.85  
Cond 450  
Temp 64°F

970 gals

PH 6.85  
Cond 450  
Temp 64°F

975 gals

PH 6.85  
Temp 64°C  
Cond 450

980 gals

PH 6.85  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 450

985 gals

D 10 18 91

(19)

10/18/91

PH 6.85  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 450

990 gals

PH 6.85  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 450

995 gals

PH 6.85  
Temp 64°F  
Cond 450

1320

from 1000 gals

Completed developing and  
sampling m.w. 16  
for AED equipment over to  
Kyle and left site.  
Sample # 9110181300

Care lab CofC# 4457

Intermountain " 2615

D N  
Z

10 18 91

(22)

MW-19 10-25  
 0830 Arrive on-site - will first plan out day, ready equipment, and get water levels in all wells.  
 MW-20 DTW-104.7 (Fischer) Normal  
 MW-19 DTW-102.2 (Fischer) Normal  
 MW-14 DTW-102.6 (Fischer) Normal  
 MW-13 DTW

0952 Why these probes does not meet some satisfaction. I have called the office to have solinst probe sent down.

1040 Have bailed silt from MW-20 setting up to purge. flow meter reads 1890 - need 2500 = 4300

1117 Begin Pumping.

Temp Cond PH  
 50 66°F 725 8.05 79pm  
 100 65°F 1075 7.75  
 1138 Stops to situate hose.  
 1442 Pumping again

MW-19  
 T Cond PH gpm  
 2.3

1500  
 1146 150 65° 1250 7.70 ?  
 1157 250 65° 1225 7.65 ?  
 1210 250 empty tank which was partially full.  
 1350 Resume pumping. - stopped to recall office

1408 Resume pumping

T Cond PH gpm  
 400 66° 1220 7.05 7+  
 500 66° 1200 6.90 7+  
 620 66° 1140 7.00 7+  
 shut down to sort gas

1502 Resume Pumping.  
 1512 700 66° 1100 7.05 7.5+  
 1522 800 66° 1075 7.00 7.5+  
 1535 900 66° 1025 7.00 7.5+

Empty tank

1634 Resume Pumping  
 1650 1000 66° 1060 7.00 8  
 1711 1170 65° 1060 7.00 (K) 8  
 1732 1330 65° 1020 | 7.05  
 7.05

← 10/30

10/30

(24)

M/W-19 10-25  
 # T Cond PH rate.  
 1747 -1445 stop to empty tank.  
 1837 resume.  
 1907 1670 650 1050 7.90  
 1924 1800 640 1075 7.85\*  
 1050  
 1050

\*PH meter may be fatigued. (Distr?)

1948	1980	640	980	7.85
1951	Empty tank			
2040	Resume Pumping			7.80
2049	2060	640	935	7.75 7-8
2056	2110	640	940	7.00
2102	2160	640	940	7.30
2112	2220	640	940	7.35
2119	<del>2275</del>	<del>640</del>	<del>940</del>	<del>7.35</del>
2119	2275	640	940	7.30
2126	2330	640	940	7.35
2133	2380	640	940	7.35
2139	2420	640	940	7.35

will pump to 2500, pull pump, and proceed w/ sampling. 2520 balloons will shut down pump & pull it.

KL 10/30

(25)

2330 Sample # 911025 2330  
 2350 Will go move truck w/ water trailer behind, and head to Motel after unloading.

Sample # 911025 2330  
 TYPE: TPH/STEX, Gen Chem, Cations, Anions  
 Containers: 3x 40ml VOA's - 2 hex HCl sulfate none

Core, IML  
 Core COC#

LOG: M/W-19  
 Tim L GOC#

2351 Samples locked in P.M.

KL 10/30

(30)

MW-9 MW 10/21  
 Pumping  
 meter on 10 must be  
 about 11 miles 140 gpm  
 MW-14 102.86  
 MW-16 97.91  
 MW-15 99.53  
 MW-6 100.08 1.6-2 gpm  
 present.  
 MW-7 100.98  
 MW-18 102.57  
 MW-1 97.60  
 MW-5 98.16  
 MW-7 Pumping  
 MW-4 - pump as to Mch.  
 RW-1 - pump 1200  
 MW-7 6.5385 1.6-2 gpm

K S 1/30

(31)

MW-17 10-27  
 1006 well 1 gpd set up on 10/27  
 MW-17  
 1047 Mashed sand removed from  
 bottom of well - will begin  
 setting pump  
 1109 Initial meter read 4420  
 need 5420  
 1113 Pumping  
 after 50 gal/hour - 2.5 gpm  
 1128 Just found hole put in  
 Box + let phosphate sand. will  
 try to get product through  
 if I have time - may have to  
 wait till tomorrow

	Cond	PH	Temp	Rate
1206 510 gal/hour	925	6.75	66°	~7
1223 530 gal/hour - 4 gpd	940	6.75	66°	7.4
1312	950	6.85	66°	
1325	960	6.95	66°	
1333	950	6.95	66°	
1341	960	6.95	66°	
1347	960	6.95	66°	
1352	960	6.95	66°	

K S 10/30

(32)

MW-17 10-27  
 Cond. PH Temp. in  
 900 960 6.85 66°  
 950 950 6.95 66°  
 1000 950 6.95 66°

Will empty tank, pull pump  
 & sample.  
 Did find any more trash  
 finally okay. Operators  
 say - put it in water.

Sample #1450  
 MW-17  
 #9110-271450  
 3X40 in 1.004 T14, 101-1  
 2 year H.C. 1 pass  
 Amicon/Customs (Bethel)  
 Green Chrom. Green  
 Core is IP MIL CCL#  
 Core C.C.C. #  
 F.F.D.E. #

1500 Go to steam pump

K I 10/30

(33)

MW-18  
 1617 All I could get out of this  
 hole was drilling mud - stop  
 before spinning, set pump  
 1637 Pump set up in MW-18  
 initial reading 5920  
 need 6120

1638 began pumping  
 pumping slow - muddy  
 1643 Flow is so slow that  
 I can not visit working  
 well.  
 1645 Flow has picked up a little  
 1646 Flow stopped  
 1726 pulled pump in got it working  
 again.

1737 Producing 1.5 gpm (light)  
 looks like it could drain.  
 1740 Low on pump slightly.  
 1822 began pumping in 120 gpm.  
 will let rest of morning  
 begin for about 16 in in.

1832 Stop for 10 min  
 1859 Pump rate is now  
 5.5 gpm.

K I 10/30

10-27

Pumps out 1 gpm. then pumps to 8 gpm. 1900 IT has become very windy. Pump is pretty bad.

1906 240 gallons. 1911 Will program avg. to see how fast pump rate is.

1916 4 to 4.5 gpm. Will shut off pump & let recovers 5 min. to surge.

1930 330 - 10.11 begin readings. 400 400 gallons. Cond. pH Temp Rate

1949	410	400	7.65	65°
2001	410	410	7.60	65°
2008	Starting to rain.			
2013	510	410	7.65	65°
2019	Temp & de 11			

Will empty tank & go to tank - empty by 5:30 see if correct - blows through. 10/30

10-28

would be best to sample in this - especially in dark. 0146 5 farms has blown over but still is very cold & windy.

0203	620	Cond 420	pH 7.55	Temp 64°	Rate water 6.50
0214	670	410	7.60	65°	
0221	<del>700</del>	540	7.60	65°	
	710				
0226	730	540	8.30	65°	
0238	785	540	8.30	65°	

meters may be getting low on power. Currently over purge volume. Will see if parameters stabilize. 8:30 540 8:30 65° 8:30 540 8:30 65° 9:30 540 9:30 65° Will pull pump empty tank & sample not otherwise sure why pH is so high. Total average 937 gallons 10/30

(40)

Tens MW20 10/29 (41)  
Gen Chem  
Coopers

Cond pH Temp rate  
225 7.55 65.0 7.4  
96.8

0839 280 920 7.60 6.5  
0849 340 810 7.60 6.5  
0858 410 760 7.65 6.5  
0905 460 700 7.65 6.5  
0911 500 700 7.60 6.5  
0913 Empty tank. (Let 1-hr minimum first)

0926 Recharge pumping  
Cond pH Temp rate  
1010 540 690 7.60 6.5  
1014 570 650 7.65 6.5  
1020 610 650 7.65 6.5  
1025 645 650 7.65 6.5  
1032 700 650 7.65 6.5  
1039 750 650 7.65 6.5  
will stop pumping, empty tank & prepare to sample.

1140 Sample # 9110291140  
3 X40 ml Vials TPH/MTA  
2 have HCl  
1 Anions / Chlorides (sub. in) 19.8  
K L

1221 Setting up on MW20  
1300 Have built sand out of well, will begin placing pump  
1311 pump appears to be working. will go get water truck  
1325 Current meter reading 7120 need 7920 = 800 gal flow

I fear this well will be slow. Begin pumping water slightly cloudy  
1332 Water very cloudy.  
1335 Flow rate surging will avg. low rate.  
1336:30 7174 118 gal flow to 1  
1348:30 7208 58 gpm according to survey  
1353 will shut pump outside 5 or 10 minutes - allow well to gas pressure, then pump w. "surge" upper sands

1403 Re-start pumping  
K L 10/30

(42)

Mic-20 10/29  
1413 2333 = 213 gms  
1425 1400 = 280 gallons clear  
sl. 11 ~ 5.5 gpm

1450 420 gallons  
✓ Cond pH Temp reads

1457 480 360 8.05 65° ~ 5  
1503 500 360 8.20 65°  
1505 Empty trailer (water)  
1552 Reservoir pumping  
1558 545 350 8.15 65°  
1609 625 350 8.10 65°

1615 645 350 8.05 65°  
1622 680 350 8.05 65°  
1630 730 350 8.05 65°  
1638 745 350 8.05 65°  
1636 770 350 8.05 65°  
1640 790 350 8.05 65° ~ 5  
800 stop development  
empty water trailer, pull pump  
sample

1745 Sample  
# 9110291745  
3X40 ml VDA TOPH/DTFA  
2 hour HCl pres  
K L 10/30

Tuesday  
Mic-20 10/29  
Animals/Operations (Sustained)  
General Chemistry (room)

Free Fattal 103  
F Mh CDC #  
Core CDC #  
Fed Ex #

1901 Talked w/ Larry - he'll  
pick up truck in morning,  
I'll give him a ride.  
A10 leave site.

K L 10/30

APPENDIX B

**Appendix B**

**Lithologic Logs**

**Legend**

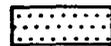
**Lithologic Symbols**



**Caliche**



**Clay**



**Sand**

**Visual Percentage Symbols**

**0 = Clay**

**C = Caliche**

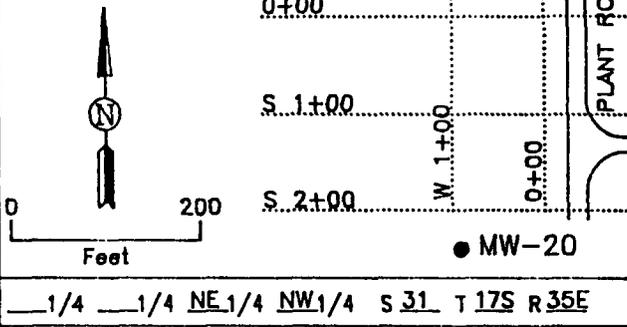
**X = Sandstone**

**+ = Sand**

**- = Silt**

# MW-20 Lithologic Log

LOCATION MAP:



SITE ID: Phillips Lee LOCATION ID: MW-20  
 SITE COORDINATES (ft.): \_\_\_\_\_  
 N S2+40.46 E W0+91.12  
 GROUND ELEVATION (ft. MSL): 3981.5  
 STATE: N.M. COUNTY: Lea  
 DRILLING METHOD: Water Rotary  
 DRILLING CONTR.: Larry Felkins Drilling  
 DATE STARTED: 10-20-91 DATE COMPLETED: 10-21-91  
 FIELD REP.: K. Summers  
 COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION DESCRIPTION:

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
0-2'	CCCCC00+-				<u>Clay/Caliche</u> Clay is dk yish brn 10 YR 4/4, Cche is very pale orange 10 YR 8/2. 60% caliche, 40% clay to v fine sands. Cche from 0-2' is unbedded cobbles (fill).
2-5'	CCCCC00+-				<u>Caliche</u> Mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4 to grayish orange 10 YR 7/4, 70% Cche, 30% clay to v fine sands. Cche is well cons, cuttings are from clay to pea gravel sized. Sands are mdd to sbrnnd, unconsolidated.
5-10'	CCCCC00+-				<u>Caliche Same</u>
10-15'	CCCCC00+-				<u>Caliche Same</u> but 80% Cche, 20% clay to fine sands.
15-20'	CCCCC++++X				<u>Caliche/Sand</u> Grayish orange 10 YR 7/4, 40% v fine to fine sands, 10% sandstones, 50% Cche. Sands are well rndd, well sorted, uncons. Sandstones are of same texture and mod-well cons.
20-23'	+++++XXXX				<u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> but w/0% caliche.
23-25'	+++++XXXXC				<u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4, same as above w/50% v fine to fine sands, 30% sandstones, 20% paleocaliche.
25-30'	+++++XXXX--				<u>Sandstone/Sand</u> Mod yish brn to dk yish brn 10 YR 6/6, 70% sand (v fine to fine) 30% silt v fine to fine sands are rndd, well sorted, cons to uncons. Interbedded thin (0-6") loose sands from 25-37'.
30-35'	XXXXXC				<u>Sandstone/Cche</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, cuttings from silt to pea gravel sized w/large cuttings highly ang 50% sandstone, 40% paleocaliche. 10% v fine to fine sands. Sands are rndd, uncons, well sorted. Setones are same, but mod well cons.
35-38'	+++++XXXXC				<u>Sandstone/Caliche Same</u>
38-40'	+++++XXXXC				<u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, cuttings size same as above, but, 50% v fine to fine sands, 30% sandstones, 20% paleocaliche. Sands are rndd, uncons, well sorted, stones are same w/mod well cons.
40-45'	+++++XXXXC				<u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u>
45-50'	+++++XXXXC				<u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u>
50-55'	+++++XXXX-				<u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 Yr 7/2, same, but w/70% v fine to fine sands 20% sandstones, 10% silts.

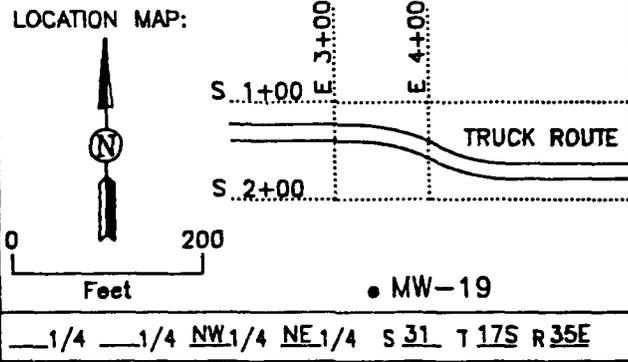
MW-20 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
50					
55	++++++X X-				55-60' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Same
60	++++++X X X				60-65' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Lt brn 5 YR 6/4, 70% v fine to fine sands, 30% thin sandstones. Sands are rndd to sbrnnd, uncons to mod cons, well sorted.
65	++++++X X X				65-70' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Same
70	++++++X X X				70-75' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Lt brn 5 YR 6/4, otherwise same as above
75	++++++X-				75-80' <u>Sand</u> Mod ysh brn 10 YR 5/4, 80% fine to v fine sands, 10% silt, 10% sandstones. Sands are well rndd, well sorted mod cons (sandstones) to uncons.
80	++++++X-				80-85' <u>Sand</u> Same
85	++++++X-				85-90' <u>Sand</u> Same
90	++++++X-				90-95' <u>Sand</u> Same but w/thin (6") sandstones at 91' and 94'.
95	++++++X-				95-100' <u>Sand</u> Same as 75-80'.
100	++++++X-				100-105' <u>Sand</u> Same
105	++++++X-				105-110' <u>Sand</u> Same
110	++++++X X-				110-115' <u>Sand</u> Same w/1' sandstones at 114'.
115	++++++X-				115-120' <u>Sand</u> Same as 75-80'.

MW-20 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
115					
120	+++++X-				120-125' Sand Same
125	+++++X-				
130					TD = 130'
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					

# MW-19 Lithologic Log



SITE ID: Phillips Lee LOCATION ID: MW-19  
 SITE COORDINATES (ft.):  
 N S2+94.25 E E3+40.52  
 GROUND ELEVATION (ft. MSL): 3979.7  
 STATE: N.M. COUNTY: Lea  
 DRILLING METHOD: Water Rotary  
 DRILLING CONTR.: Larry Felkins Drilling  
 DATE STARTED: 10-22-91 DATE COMPLETED: 10-23-91  
 FIELD REP.: K. Summers  
 COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
	0000CCCC+ -				0-3' <u>Clay/Caliche</u> Clay is dk yish brn 10 YR 4/4 to grayish brn 5 YR 3/2, Caliche cobbles present, but not bedded. 40% clay, 40% caliche fragments, 20% silts and fine sands. Sands are sbrnrd, uncons, mod well sorted.
5	CCCCCCCC+ - CCCCCCCC+ -				3-5' <u>Caliche</u> Mod yish brn 10 YR 5/4 to grayish orange 10 YR 7/4, 80% Cche, 20% silts to fine sands. Sands are sbrnrd to ang, uncons. Cche is well cons. Cuttings are clay to coarse sand sized.
10	CCCCCCCC+ -				5-10' <u>Caliche Same</u> 10-15' <u>Caliche Same</u> but harder.
15	CCCCCCCC+ + -				15-20' <u>Caliche</u> Grayish orange 10 YR 7/4, 70% Cche, 30% silt to fine sands. Sands are sbng to rndd, well sorted, semi cons in Cche. Cuttings are clay to v coarse sand sized.
20	CCCCCCCC+ + -				20-24' <u>Caliche Same</u> 24-25' <u>Caliche/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, 20% v fine to fine sands, 40% sandstone, 40% Cche. Sands are rndd, well sorted, uncons sandstones of same texture are well cons. Cuttings are silt to med pea-gravel sized.
25	CCCCXXXX+ + + CCCCXXXX+ + +				25-30' <u>Caliche/Sandstone Same</u> 30-35' <u>Caliche/Sandstone Same</u> 35-40' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, 60% v fine to fine sands, 10% silts, 20% sandstones, 10% paleocaliche. Sands are rndd to sbrnrd, well sorted, interbedded w/sandstones of same texture and with Cche.
30	CICICXXXX+ + +				40-45' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u>
35	+ + + + + X X - C				45-50' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u>
40	+ + + + + X X - C				
45	+ + + + + X X - C				
50	+ + + + + + - - X				50-55' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> but w/70% v fine to fine sands, 20% silts, 10% sandstone.

MW-19 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

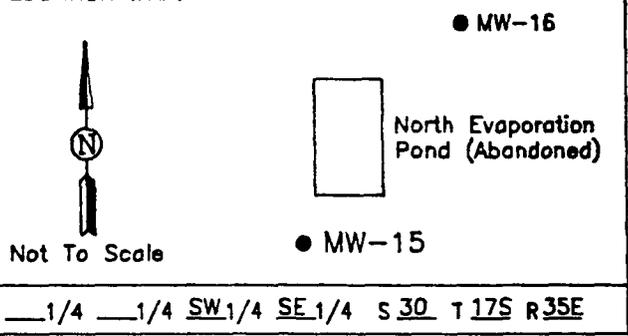
Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
50					
55	+++++--X				55-60' Sand/Sandstone Same
60	+++++X				60-65' Sand Lt. Brn 5 YR 6/4, 90% v fine to fine sands, 10% sandstones. Sands are mdd, well sorted, uncons. Sandstones of same texture are well to mod cons.
65	+++++X				65-70' Sand Same
70	+++++X X X				70-75' Sand/Sandstone Lt. Brn 5 YR 6/4, 70% v fine to fine sands, 30% sandstones. Sands are mdd, well sorted, uncons. Sandstones of same texture are well cons.
75	+++++X X X				75-80' Sand/Sandstone Same
80	+++++X-				80-85' Sands Mod yish brn 10 YR 5/4, 80% v fine to fine sands, <10% silts, 10% sandstones. Sands are mdd, uncons well sorted. Sandstones of same texture are mod-well cons.
85	+++++X-				85-90' Sand Same
90	+++++X-				90-95' Sand Same
95	+++++X-				95-100' Sand Same w/thin sandstone (~4") at 96'.
100	+++++X-				100-105' Sand Same 90'-95'.
105	+++++X-				105-110' Sand/Sandstone Mod yish brn 10 YR 5/4, same as above, with 1-2" sandstones at ~105 and 108'.
110	+++++X-				110-115' Sand Same as 100-105'.
115	+++++X-				115-120' Sand Same

MW-19 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
115		Dotted pattern			
120	+++++X-				120-125' Sand Some
125	+++++X-				125-130' Sand Some
130					TD = 130'
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					

# MW-15 Lithologic Log

LOCATION MAP:



SITE ID: Phillips Lee LOCATION ID: MW-15  
 SITE COORDINATES (ft.): \_\_\_\_\_  
 N N 6+56.33 E E 7+38.75  
 GROUND ELEVATION (ft. MSL): 3979.8  
 STATE: N.M. COUNTY: Lea  
 DRILLING METHOD: Water Rotary  
 DRILLING CONTR.: Larry Felkins Drilling  
 DATE STARTED: 10-17-91 DATE COMPLETED: 10-19-91  
 FIELD REP.: K. Summers  
 COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION DESCRIPTION:

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
5	O O O O C C C C C + -				0-2' <u>Clay/Caliche Cobbles</u> Clay is dk yish brn 10 YR 4/4 to grayish brn 5 YR 3/2, Cche is not bedded. 40% clay, 40% Cche frags, 20% silts and v fine sands. Sands are sbrndd to sbang, unconsol, mod well sorted.
	C C C C C C C C C + -				
	C C C C C C C C C + -				
10	C C C C C C C C C + -				2-5' <u>Caliche</u> Mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4, 80% Cche, 20% silts to v fine sands. Cche is well cons. Cuttings are from clay to pea gravel sized.
15	C C C C C C C C C + -				5-10' <u>Caliche Same</u> 10-15' <u>Caliche Same, very hard.</u> 15-17' <u>Caliche Same</u>
20	+ + + + + + + + X -				17-20' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> grayish orange 10 YR 7/4, 80% v fine to fine sand, 10% sandstones, 10% silts. Sands are rndd, well sorted, uncons. Sandstones of same texture are mod well cons. (calcite?)
25	+ + + + + X X X C C				20-23' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> 23-25' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Mod. orange pink 5 YR 8/4, same as 17'-20' w/50% sands, 30% sand stones, 20% paleocaliche, very little silt.
30	X X X X X C C C C +				25-30' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> 30-35' <u>Sandstone/Caliche</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, cutings range in size from silt to fine pebble gravel. Larger cuttings are highly angular. 50% sandstone, 40% paleocaliche, 10% v fine to fine sands. Sands are rndd, uncons, well sorted.
35	X X X X X C C C C +				35-37' <u>Sandstone/Caliche Same</u>
40	+ + + + + X X - - C				37-40' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Same, but 50% sands, 20% silts, 20% sandstones, 10% paleocaliche. Overall less consolidation.
45	+ + + + + X X - - C				40-45' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grsh orange pink 5 YR 7/2, 50% v fine to fine sands, 20% silts and clays, 20% sandstones, 10% paleocaliche. Sands are mdd to sbang, well sorted, interbedded w/sstones and Cche.
50	+ + + + + + O - X				45-50' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> 50-55' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, same as above but w/70% v fine to fine sands, 20% silts and clays, 10% sandstone.

MW-15 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

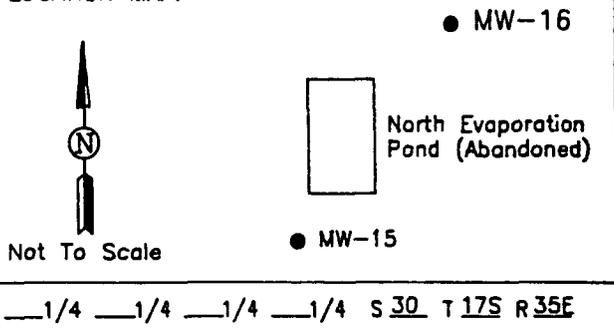
Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
50					
55	++++++0-X				55-60' Sand/Sandstone Same
60	++++++X-				60-65' Sand Lt brn 5 YR 6/4, 80% v fine to fine sands, 10% thin sandstones, <10% silts. Sands are well sorted, uncons, mdd to sbmdd.
65	++++++X-				65-70' Sand Same
70	++++++X X X				70-75' Sand/Sandstone Lt brn 5 YR 6/4, 30% sandstones, 70% v fine to fine sands. Sands are mdd, well sorted, uncons. Sandstones appear to have calcite cement and are well cons.
75	++++++X-				75-80' Sand Mod ysh brn 10 YR 5/4, 80% fine to v fine sands, 10% sandstone, 10% silt. Sands are well mdd, uncons, well sorted.
80	++++++X-				80-85' Sand Same
85	++++++X-				85-90' Sand Same
90	++++++X X-				90-95' Sand Same but w/thin sandstone beds.
95	++++++X-				95-100' Sand Same as 85-90'.
100	++++++X-				100-105' Sand Same
105	++++++X-				105-110' Sand Same
110	++++++X-				110-115' Sand Same
115					

MW-15 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
115	+++++XX-	[Dotted pattern]			115-120' Sand, Same w/thin sandstone at 117'.
120	+++++XX-				120-125' Sand Same
125					TD = 125'
130					
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					

# MW-16 Lithologic Log

LOCATION MAP:



SITE ID: Phillips Lee LOCATION ID: MW-16  
 SITE COORDINATES (ft.): \_\_\_\_\_  
 N N 8+12.07 E E 8+62.34  
 GROUND ELEVATION (ft. MSL): 3979.4  
 STATE: N.M. COUNTY: Lea  
 DRILLING METHOD: Water Rotary  
 DRILLING CONTR.: Larry Felkins Drilling  
 DATE STARTED: 10-16-91 DATE COMPLETED: 10-19-91  
 FIELD REP.: K. Summers  
 COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION DESCRIPTION: North Of Former Evaporation Pond, North Of Plant

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
	0 0 0 0 C C C C C C + -				0-2' <u>Clay/Caliche Cobbles</u> Clay is dk yish brn 10 YR 4/4 to grayish brn 5 YR 3/2, Cche present but not bedded. 40% clay, 40% Cche frags, 20% silts and v fine sands. Sands are sbrndd to sbang, uncons, mod well sorted.
5	C C C C C C C C C C + -				2-5' <u>Caliche</u> Mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4, cuttings are clay to pea gravel sized. 80% Cche, 20% silts and v fine sands. Cche is well cons.
10	C C C C C C C C C C + -				5-10' <u>Caliche Same</u> 10-15' <u>Caliche Same</u> 15-19' <u>Caliche Same</u> but w/10% sandstones.
15	C C C C C C C C C C + -				19-20' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange 10 YR 7/4, 80% v fine to fine sands, 10% sandstones, 10% silts. Sands are mdd, well sorted, uncons. Sandstones are of same texture, mod-well cons w/calcite.
20	++++++X X C C ++++++X X C C				20-25' <u>Sand Sandstone Same</u> but w/60% sands, 20% sandstones, 20% paleocaliche, very little silt.
25	++++++X X C C				25-30' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> but mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4.
30	++++++X X C C X X X X X C C C C C +				30-31' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> 31-35' <u>Sandstone/Caliche</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, cuttings range in size from silts to fine pebble gravel, larger cuttings are highly angular. 50% sandstone, 10% v fine sands and silts, 40% paleocaliche.
35	X X X X X C C C C C +				35-40' <u>Sandstone/Caliche Same</u> 40-41' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> but 20% silts 50% sands, 20% sandstone, 10% paleocaliche. Sands are rndd, well sorted, uncons.
40	+++++--X X C +++++X X 0 - C				41-45' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grysh orange pink 5 YR 7/2, 50% v fine to fine sands, 20% silts and clays, 20% sandstones, 10% paleocaliche. Sands are rndd to sbang, well sorted, interbedded w/sandstones and Cche.
45	+++++X X 0 - C				45-50' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> 50-60' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, same as above w/70% v fine to fine sands, 20% silts and clays, 10% sandstone, very little Cche.
50	+++++--X				

MW-18 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

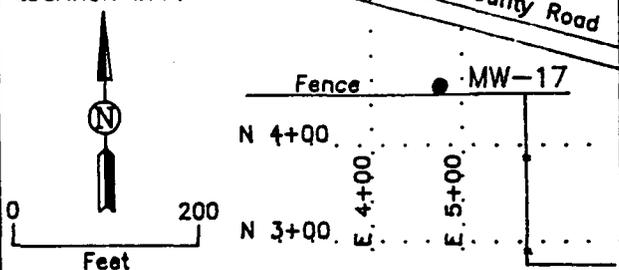
Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
50					
55	+++++--X				
60	+++++--X				60-65' <u>Sand</u> Light Brn 5 YR 6/4, 80% v fine to fine sands, <10% silts/clays, <10% thin bedded sandstones. Sands are well sorted, mdd, uncons to med cons.
65	+++++--X				65-70' <u>Sand</u> Same
70	+++++X X X X				70-75' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Lt brn 5 YR 6/4, 60% v fine to fine sands, 40% sandstones. Sands are mdd, well sorted, uncons sandstones are of same texture, well cons (prob calcite cemented).
75	+++++X-				75-80' <u>Sand</u> Mod yish brn 10 YR 5/4, 80% v fine to fine sands, <10% silts, <10% thin bedded sandstones. Sands are well rdd, uncons, well sorted.
80	+++++X-				80-85' <u>Sand</u> Same
85	+++++X-				85-90' <u>Sand</u> Same
90	+++++X-				90-95' <u>Sand</u> Same
95	+++++X X -				95-100' <u>Sand</u> Same but w/thin sandstone ~10%.
100	+++++X X -				100-105' <u>Sand</u> Same
105	+++++X-				105-110' <u>Sand</u> Same
110	+++++X-				110-115' <u>Sand</u> Same
115	+++++X-				115-120' <u>Sand</u> Same

MW-18 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
115	++++++X-	[Dotted Pattern]			
120					120-125' Sand Same
125					TD = 125'
130					
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					

MW-17 Lithologic Log

LOCATION MAP:



1/4 1/4 SW 1/4 SE 1/4 S 30 T 17S R 35E

SITE ID: Phillips Lee LOCATION ID: MW-17  
 SITE COORDINATES (ft.):  
 N N4+58.84 E E4+74.89  
 GROUND ELEVATION (ft. MSL): 3980.2  
 STATE: N.M. COUNTY: Lea  
 DRILLING METHOD: Water Rotary  
 DRILLING CONTR.: Larry Felkins Drilling  
 DATE STARTED: 10-22-91 DATE COMPLETED: 10-23-91  
 FIELD REP.: K. Summers  
 COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION DESCRIPTION:

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
0-2'	0000CCCC+ -	[Diagonal Hatching]			<u>Clay/Caliche</u> Clay is dk yish brn 10 YR 4/4, Cche cobbles present at 40% (not bedded), 40% clay, 20% silts to fine sands. Sands are sbrmdd, uncons, mod well sorted w/clays.
2-5'	CCCCCCCC+ -	[Wavy Hatching]			<u>Caliche</u> Mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4, 80% Cche, 10% v fine to fine sands, 10% silts. Cuttings are clay to pea gravel sized. Sands are sbang to rmd, well sorted, interbedded w/Cche. Cche is well cons.
5-10'	CCCCCCCC+ -	[Wavy Hatching]			<u>Caliche Same</u>
10-15'	CCCCCCCC+ -	[Wavy Hatching]			<u>Caliche Same</u>
15-18'	CCCCCCCC+ -	[Wavy Hatching]			<u>Caliche Same</u>
18-20'	CCCCCCCC+ + + +	[Wavy Hatching]			<u>Caliche/Sand</u> Grayish orange 10 YR 7/4, 60% Cche, 40% v fine sands. Cuttings range in size from silt to v coarse sand sized. Sands are sbrmdd, well sorted, uncons.
20-25'	XXXXXXCC+ + + +	[Dotted]			<u>Sandstones/Caliche</u> Mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4, 50% sandstones, 40% paleocaliche, 10% v fine to fine sands. Cuttings range from pea gravel to v fine sands. Sands are well rmd to sbrmdd, well sorted, uncons. Sandstones are of same texture and well consolidated.
25-30'	XXXXXXCC+ + + +	[Dotted]			<u>Sandstone/Caliche Same</u>
30-35'	XXXXXXCC+ + + +	[Dotted]			<u>Sandstone/Caliche Same</u>
35-39'	XXXXXXCC+ + + +	[Dotted]			<u>Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, 80% sandstone, 10% v fine sands, 10% Cche. Sands are rmd, well sorted, well cons.
39-40'	+++++XX0 -	[Dotted]			<u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, 60% v fine to fine sands, 20% clays and silts. 20% sandstones. Sands are rmd to sbang, well sorted, interbedded w/sandstones.
40-45'	+++++XX0 -	[Dotted]			<u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u>
45-50'	+++++XX0 -	[Dotted]			<u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u>
50-55'	+++++CX	[Dotted]			<u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, 80% v fine to fine sands, 10% sandstones, 10% Cche. Sands are sbrmdd to rmd, well sorted, uncons to mod cons.

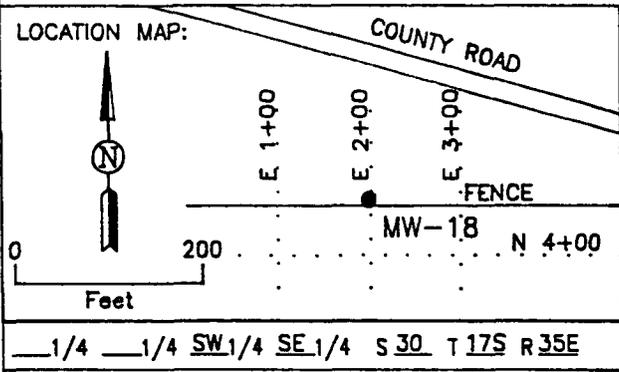
MW-17 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
50					
55	++++++CX				55-60' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Same
60	++++++X-				60-65' <u>Sand</u> Light brn 5 YR 6/4, 80% v fine to fine sands, 10% thin bedded sandstones, <10% clays, silts, Cche. Sands are well rndd, uncons, well sorted.
65	++++++X-				65-70' <u>Sand</u> Same
70	++++++X-				70-75' <u>Sand</u> Same
75	++++++XXXX				75-80' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Lt. brn 5 YR 6/4, 60% v fine to fine sand, 40% sandstone. Sands are rndd, well sorted, uncons. Sandstones are of same texture but well cons.
80	++++++XX				80-85' <u>Sand</u> Mod ylsh brn 10 YR 5/4, 80% v fine to fine sands, 20% thin sandstone beds (<6"). Sands are rndd, uncons, well sorted. Sandstones are of same texture, but well cons.
85	++++++XX				85-90' <u>Sand</u> Same
90	++++++XX				90-95' <u>Sand</u> Same
95	++++++XX				95-100' <u>Sand</u> Same
100	++++++XX				100-105' <u>Sand</u> Same
105	++++++XX				105-110' <u>Sand</u> Same
110	++++++XX				110-115' <u>Sand</u> Same
115	++++++XX				115-120' <u>Sand</u> Same

MW-17 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
115					
120	+++++++XX				120-125' Sand Same
125					TD = 128'
130					
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					

# MW-18 Lithologic Log



SITE ID: Phillips Lee LOCATION ID: MW-18  
 SITE COORDINATES (ft.):  
 N N4+57.74 E E1+97.40  
 GROUND ELEVATION (ft. MSL): 3981.1  
 STATE: N.M. COUNTY: Lea  
 DRILLING METHOD: Water Rotary  
 DRILLING CONTR.: Larry Felkins Drilling  
 DATE STARTED: 10-19-91 DATE COMPLETED: 10-21-91  
 FIELD REP.: K. Summers  
 COMMENTS: \_\_\_\_\_

LOCATION DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
0-2'	0000CCCC+-	[diagonal lines]			<u>Clay/Caliche</u> Clay is dk yish brn 10 YR 4/4 to grayish brn 5 YR 3/2, Caliche cobbles present, but not bedded. 40% clay, 40% caliche frags, 20% silts and fine sands. Sands are sbrmdd, uncons, mod well sorted w/clays.
5	CCCCCCCC--++	[wavy lines]			2-5' <u>Caliche</u> Mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4, cuttings are clay to pea gravel in size, 70% Cche, 20% silt, 10% v fine sands. Sands are rmd to ang, well sorted, interbedded w/Cche. Caliche well cons.
10	CCCCCCCC--++	[wavy lines]			5-10' <u>Caliche Same</u> 10-15' <u>Caliche Same</u> 15-17' <u>Caliche Same</u> 17-20' <u>Sandy Caliche</u> Grayish orange 10 YR 7/4, cuttings are silt to v coarse sand sized. 40% v fine sands, 60% soft caliche. Sands are sbrmdd, well sorted, uncons.
20	XXXXXXXXXCCC+	[stippled]			20-25' <u>Caliche Sandstones</u> Mod orange pink 5 YR 8/4, cuttings range in size from v fine sands to pea gravel. 10% v fine sands, 60% calcite cemented sandstones, 30% paleocaliche. Sandstone well rmd to sbrmdd, well sorted. Sandstone is of same texture and well consolidated.
25	XXXXXXXXXCCC++	[stippled]			25-30' <u>Caliche Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, same as above w/20% v fine sands 50% sandstone, 30% paleocaliche.
30	XXXXXXXXXCCC++	[stippled]			30-34' <u>Caliche Sandstone Same</u> 34-35' <u>Sandstone</u> Grayish orange pink 5 YR 7/2, cuttings range from v fine sand to pea gravel size, larger cuttings are highly angular. 80% sandstone, 10% v fine sands, 10% paleocaliche. Sands are rmd to sbrmdd, well sorted. Sandstones of same texture are very well consolidated, calcite cemented.
35	XXXXXXXXXX+C XXXXXXXXXX+C	[stippled]			35-39' <u>Sandstone Same</u> 39-40' <u>Sand/Sandstone</u> Grayish orange, pink 5 YR 7/2, 50% v fine to fine sands, 20% silts and clays 20% sandstones, 10% paleocaliche. Sands are rmd to sbrmdd, well sorted, interbedded w/sandstones and Cche.
40	+++++XX0-C +++++XX0-C	[stippled]			40-45' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> 45-50' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> 50-55' <u>Sand/Sandstone Same</u> but with 70% v fine to fine sands, 10% silts and clays, 10% sandstones, 10% paleocaliche.
45	+++++XX0-C	[stippled]			
50	+++++XX-C	[stippled]			

MW-18 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
50					
55	+++++X-				55-60' Sand/Sandstone Same
60	+++++X-				60-65' Sand Light brn 5 YR 6/4, 80% v. fine to fine sands, <10% silts/clays, <10% thin bedded sandstones. Sands are v well mdd to sbrmdd, uncons. to mod cons., well sorted.
65	+++++X-				65-70' Sand Same
70	+++++X X X X X +++++X-				70-74' Sand Same 74-75' Sand/Sandstone Lt brn 5 YR 6/4, 50% v fine to fine sands, 50% sandstone. Sands are mdd, well sorted, uncons. Sstones are of same texture, calcite cemented, well cons.
75	+++++X-				75-80' Sand Mod ysh brn 10 YR 5/4, same as 60-65'.
80	+++++X-				80-85' Sand Same
85	+++++X-				85-90' Sand Same
90	+++++X-				90-95' Sand Same
95	+++++X-				95-100' Sand Same
100	+++++X-				100-105' Sand Same
105	+++++X-				105-110' Sand Same
110	+++++X-				110-115' Sand Same
115	+++++X-				115-120' Sand Same

MW-18 Lithologic Log  
(Continued)

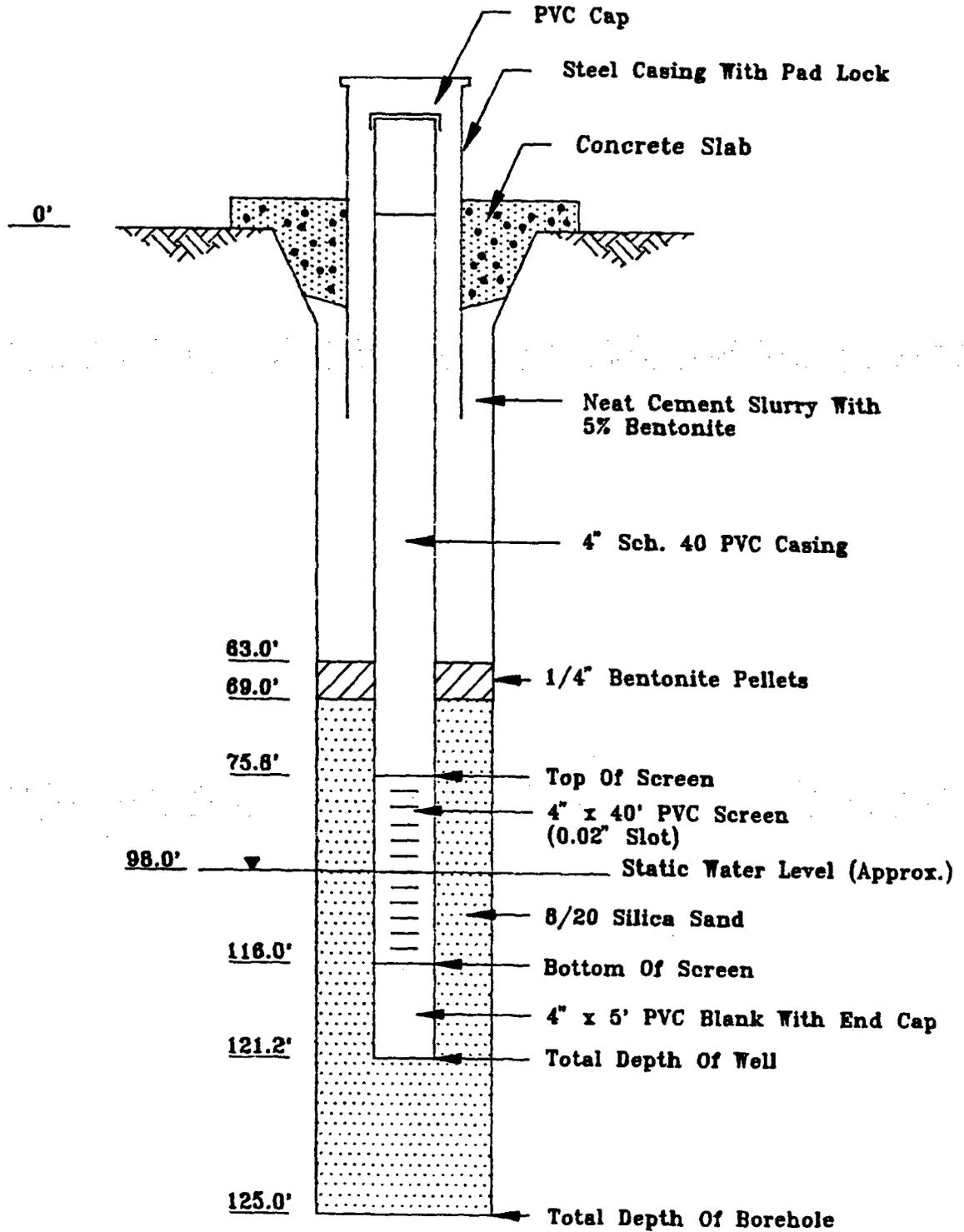
Depth	Visual %	Lith	Drilling Time Scale:	Sample Type and Interval	Lithologic Description
115		[Dotted Pattern]			
120	++++++X-				120-125' Sand Same
125	++++++X-				125-128' Sand Same
					TD = 128'
130					
135					
140					
145					
150					
155					
160					
165					
170					
175					
180					

APPENDIX C

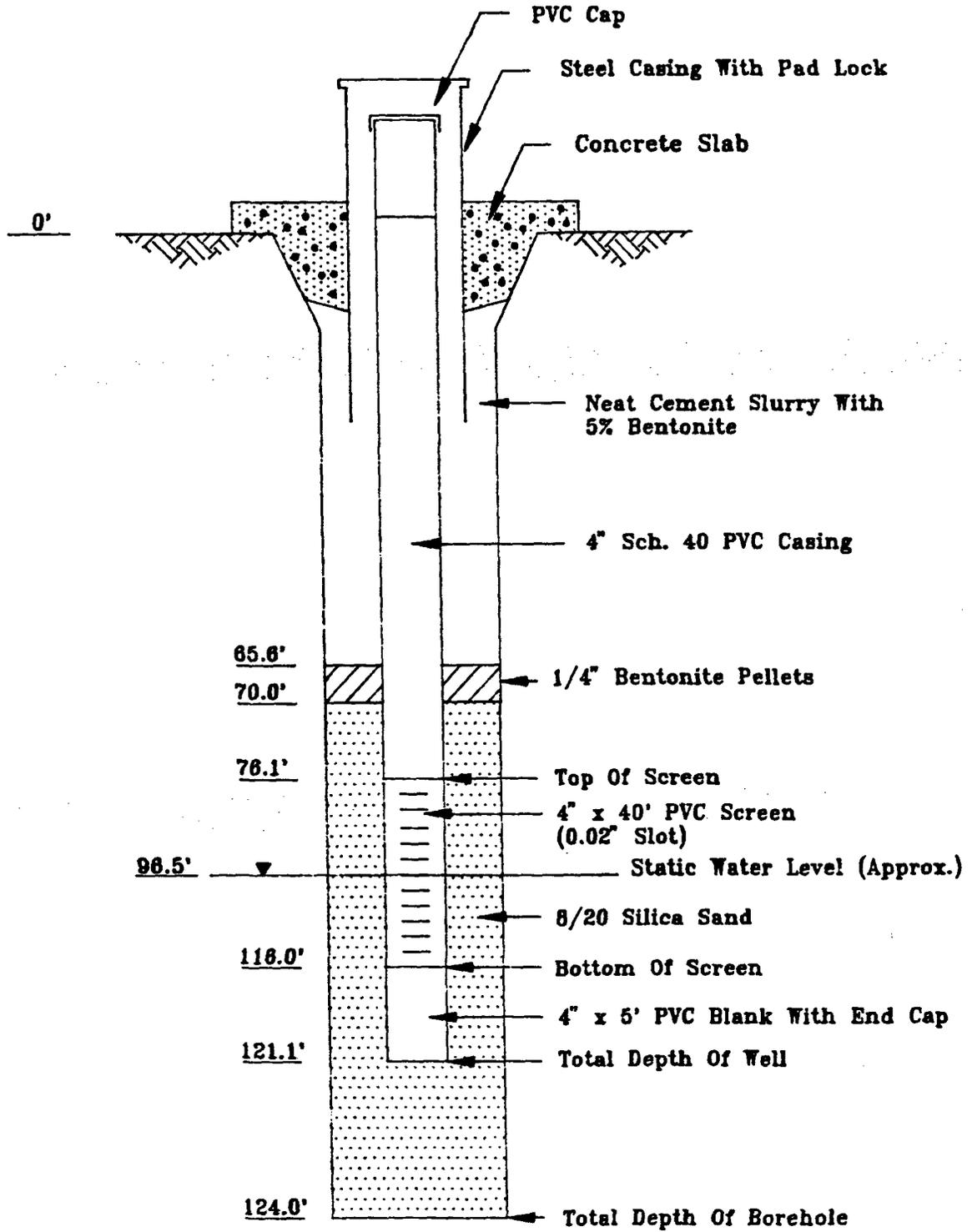
**Appendix C**

**Monitor Well Completion Diagrams**

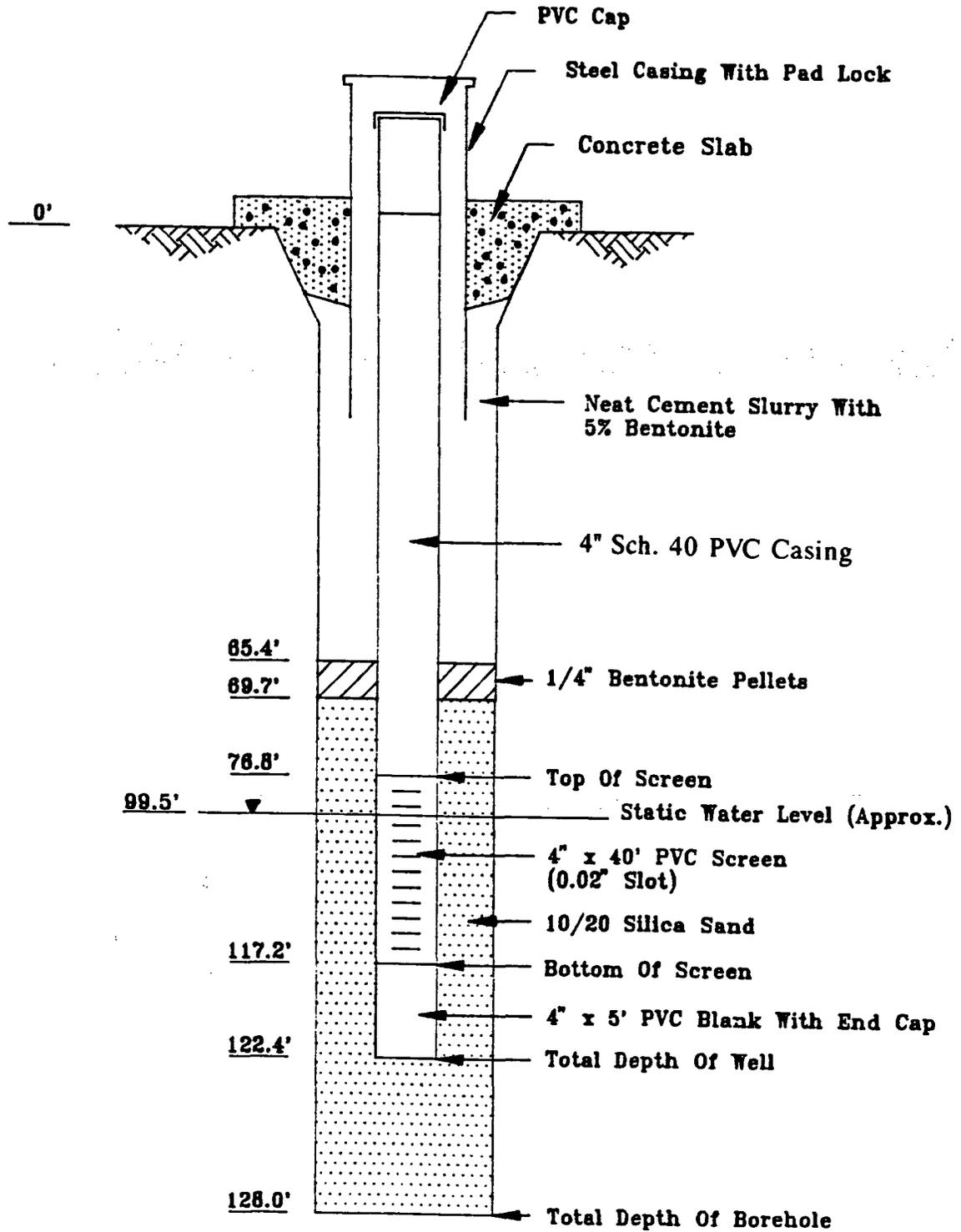
# Monitor Well MW-15 Completion Diagram



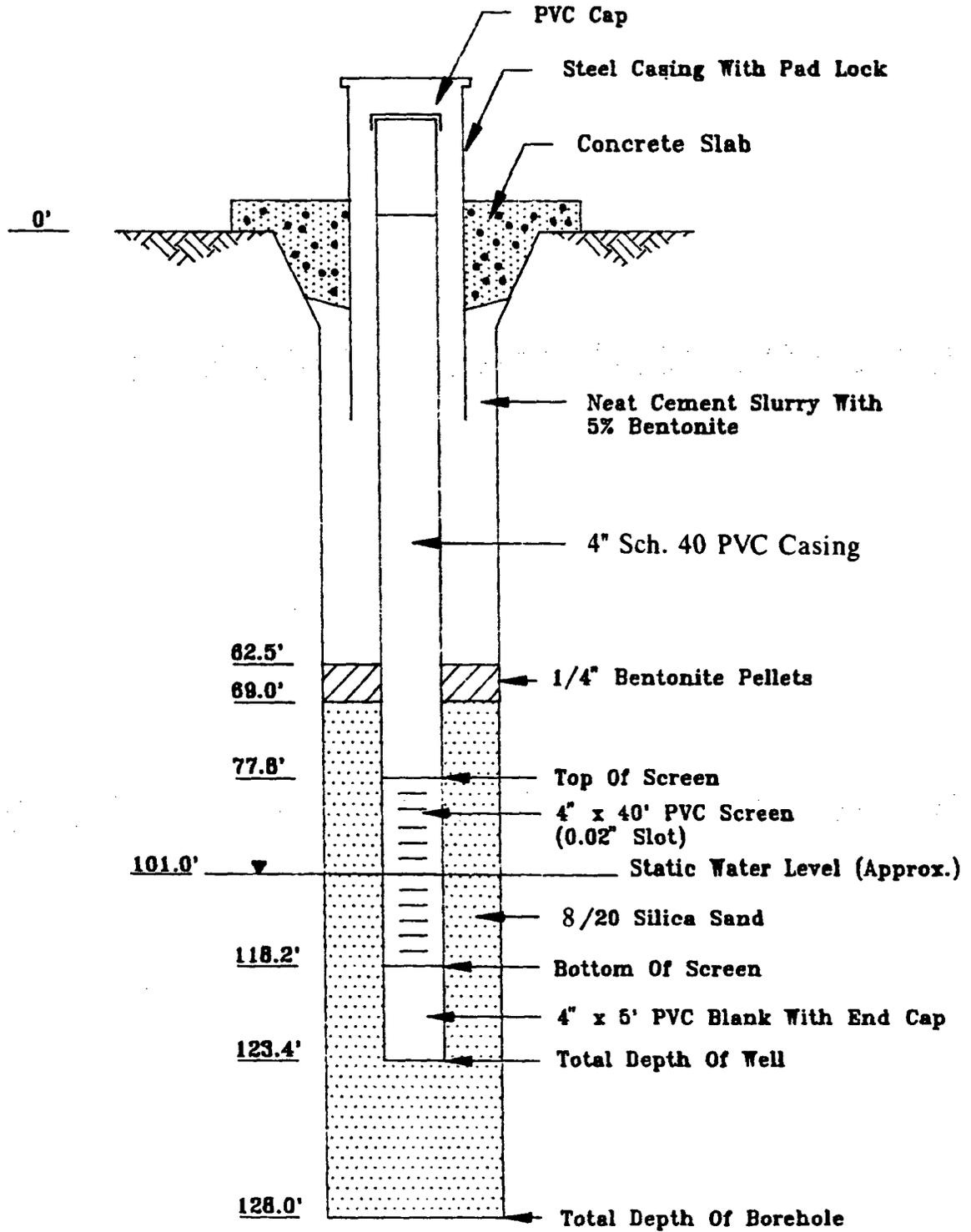
### Monitor Well MW-16 Completion Diagram



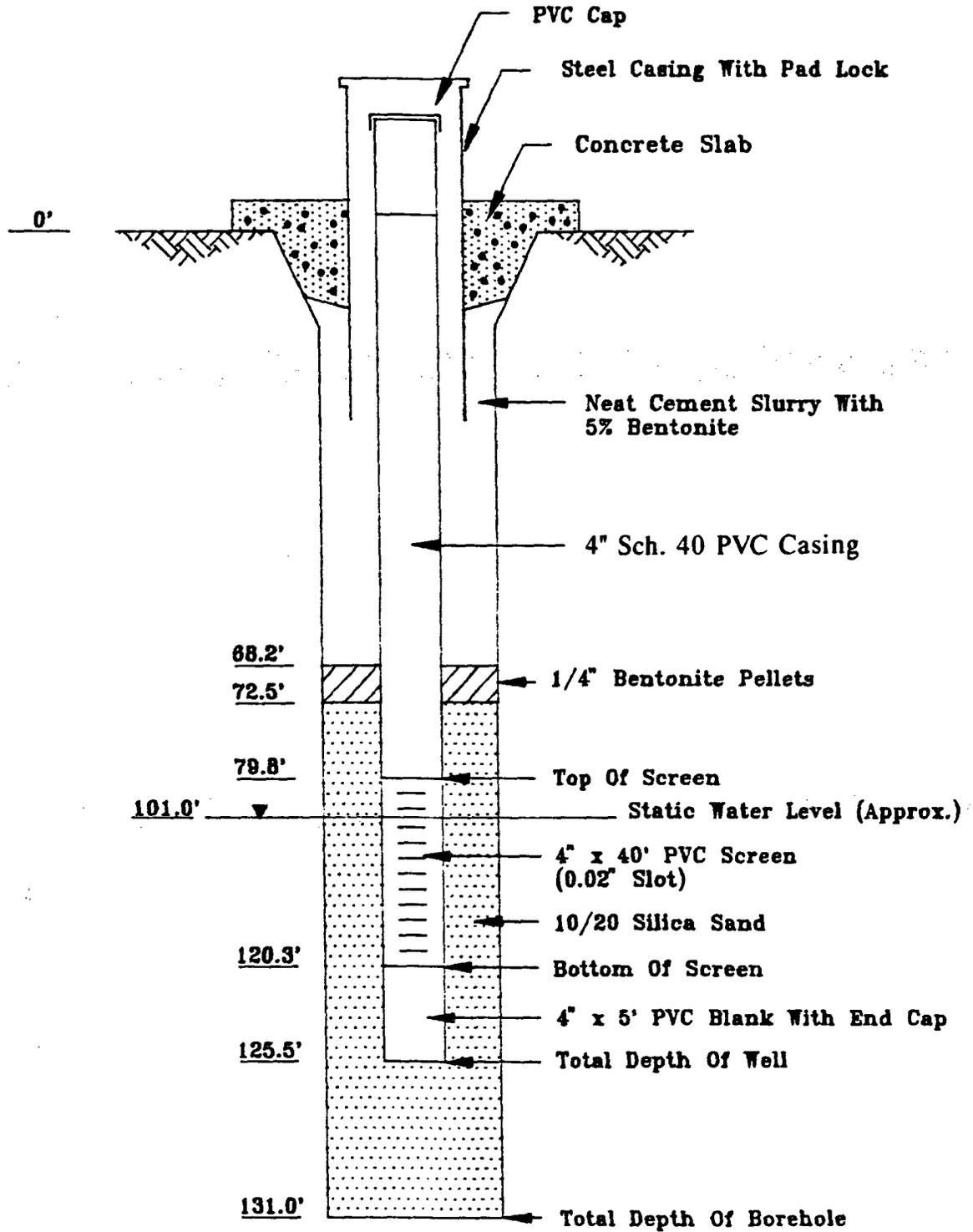
### Monitor Well MW-17 Completion Diagram



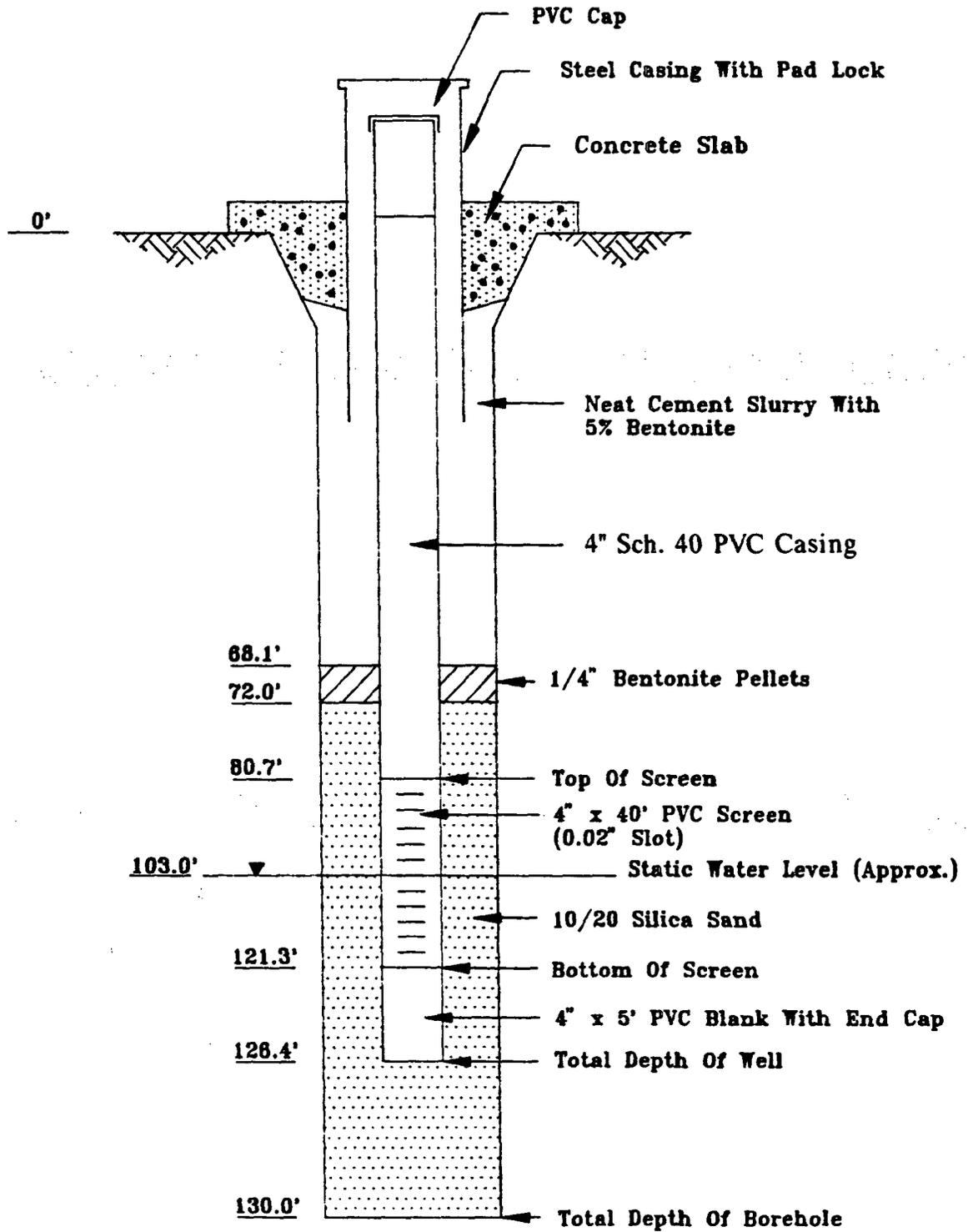
# Monitor Well MW-18 Completion Diagram



### Monitor Well MW-19 Completion Diagram



### Monitor Well MW-20 Completion Diagram



APPENDIX D

**Appendix D**  
**Laboratory Reports**



RECEIVED NOV 18 1991

CORE LABORATORIES

CORE LABORATORIES  
ANALYTICAL REPORT

Job Number: 911982

Prepared For:

GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.

500 COPPER N.W.  
ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87102

Date: 11/11/91

David A. McWharter  
Signature

11/12/91  
Date:

Name: David A. McWharter

Core Laboratories  
1300 South Potomac, Suite 130  
Aurora, CO 80012

Title: LABORATORY MANAGER





# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982

CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.

ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.....: PHILLIPS COC #4457  
 DATE SAMPLED.....: 10/17/91  
 TIME SAMPLED.....: 09:05  
 WORK DESCRIPTION...: 9110170905

LABORATORY I.D....: 911982-0001  
 DATE RECEIVED....: 10/21/91  
 TIME RECEIVED....: 10:00  
 REMARKS.....:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	2	1	ug/L			
Toluene	2	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

1300 South Potomac, Suite 130  
 Aurora, CO 80012  
 (303) 751-1780



# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4457  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/17/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 11:00  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110171100

LABORATORY I.D.: 911982-0002  
 DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:00  
 REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	4	1	ug/L			
Toluene	3	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982

CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.

ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4457

LABORATORY I.D.: 911982-0003

DATE SAMPLED: 10/17/91

DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91

TIME SAMPLED: 12:30

TIME RECEIVED: 10:00

WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110171230

REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	1	1	ug/L			
Toluene	1	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982

CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.

ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4457

DATE SAMPLED: 10/17/91

TIME SAMPLED: 12:40

WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110171240

LABORATORY I.D.: 911982-0004

DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91

TIME RECEIVED: 10:00

REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Toluene	ND	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

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(303) 751-1780



# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.....: PHILLIPS COC #4457  
 DATE SAMPLED.....: 10/17/91  
 TIME SAMPLED.....: 12:45  
 WORK DESCRIPTION....: 9110171245

LABORATORY I.D....: 911982-0005  
 DATE RECEIVED.....: 10/21/91  
 TIME RECEIVED.....: 10:00  
 REMARKS.....:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Toluene	ND	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4457  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/17/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 14:25  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110171425

LABORATORY I.D.: 911982-0006  
 DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:00  
 REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Toluene	ND	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4457  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/17/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 15:45  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110171545

LABORATORY I.D.: 911982-0007  
 DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:00  
 REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	2	1	ug/L			
Toluene	3	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	2	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4457  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/17/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 17:00  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110171700

LABORATORY I.D.: 911982-0008  
 DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:00  
 REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	2	1	ug/L			
Toluene	4	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	2	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS

11/11/91

JOB NUMBER: 911982      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.....: PHILLIPS COC #4457  
 DATE SAMPLED.....: 10/18/91  
 TIME SAMPLED.....: 13:00  
 WORK DESCRIPTION....: 9110181300

LABORATORY I.D....: 911982-0009  
 DATE RECEIVED.....: 10/21/91  
 TIME RECEIVED.....: 10:00  
 REMARKS.....:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	10/30/91	MRC
Benzene	4	1	ug/L			
Toluene	2	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	10/29/91	MRC

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**CORE LABORATORIES**

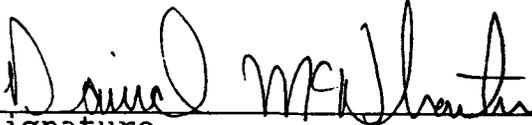
**CORE LABORATORIES  
ANALYTICAL REPORT**

Job Number: 912075  
Prepared For:

**GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.**

505 MARQUETTE AVE. N.W.  
ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87102

Date: 11/27/91

  
Signature

11/27/91  
Date:

Name: David A. McWharter

Core Laboratories  
1300 South Potomac, Suite 130  
Aurora, CO 80012

Title: LABORATORY MANAGER





# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/27/91

JOB NUMBER: 912075      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4456      LABORATORY I.D.: 912075-0001  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/29/91      DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 17:45      TIME RECEIVED: 10:25  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110291745      REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	11/04/91	MRC
Benzene	80	1	ug/L			
Toluene	41	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	3	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	3	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	11/15/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/27/91

JOB NUMBER: 912075

CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.

ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4456  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/27/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 14:50  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110271450

LABORATORY I.D.: 912075-0002  
 DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:25  
 REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	11/04/91	MRC
Benzene	8	1	ug/L			
Toluene	2	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	11/15/91	MRC

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## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/27/91

JOB NUMBER: 912075      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4456  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/29/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 11:40  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110291140

LABORATORY I.D.: 912075-0003  
 DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:25  
 REMARKS:

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*50		8020 (2)	11/05/91	MRC
Benzene	4200	50	ug/L			
Toluene	450	50	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	100	50	ug/L			
Xylenes	100	50	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	11/15/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/27/91

2075 CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD. ATTN:

..... PHILLIPS COC #4456  
 ..... 10/28/91  
 ..... 05:10  
 ..... 9110280510

LABORATORY I.D.: 912075-0004  
 DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:25  
 REMARKS:

	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
..... VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	11/04/91	MRC
	ND	1	ug/L			
	1	1	ug/L			
one	ND	1	ug/L			
	ND	1	ug/L			
carbon 10 - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	11/15/91	MRC

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## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/27/91

JOB NUMBER: 912075      CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.      ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4456  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/25/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 23:30  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110252330

LABORATORY I.D.: 912075-0005  
 DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:25  
 REMARKS: SMALL BUBBLE IN 2\*HCL VOA

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	11/04/91	MRC
Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Toluene	1	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			
8015(Mod) - Hydrocarbon ID - TPH	<10	10	mg/L Diesel	8015 (Modified) (2)	11/15/91	MRC

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# CORE LABORATORIES

## LABORATORY TESTS RESULTS 11/27/91

JOB NUMBER: 912075

CUSTOMER: GEOSCIENCE CONSULTANTS, LTD.

ATTN:

CLIENT I.D.: PHILLIPS COC #4456  
 DATE SAMPLED: 10/30/91  
 TIME SAMPLED: 07:00  
 WORK DESCRIPTION: 9110300700

LABORATORY I.D.: 912075-0006  
 DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 TIME RECEIVED: 10:25  
 REMARKS: BUBBLE IN VOA

TEST DESCRIPTION	FINAL RESULT	LIMITS/*DILUTION	UNITS OF MEASURE	TEST METHOD	DATE	TECHN
8020 - AROMATIC VOLATILE ORGANICS		*1		8020 (2)	11/04/91	MRC
Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Toluene	ND	1	ug/L			
Ethyl Benzene	ND	1	ug/L			
Xylenes	ND	1	ug/L			

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CLIENT:	Geoscience Consultants	DATE REPORTED:	12/11/91
ID:	1745	DATE RECEIVED:	11/01/91
SITE:	MW-20	DATE COLLECTED:	10/29/91
LAB NO:	F7595		

Lab pH (s.u.).....	7.15
Lab conductivity, umhos/cm.....	431
Lab resistivity, ohm-m.....	23.2
Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L..	312
Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L.	223
Total alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub> , mg/L.....	124
Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> , mg/L.....	153
Sodium adsorption ratio.....	0.87
Fluoride, mg/L.....	0.70
Nitrate, mg/L.....	2.55
Nitrite, mg/L.....	<0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO <sub>3</sub> .....	152	2.49
Carbonate as CO <sub>3</sub> .....	0	0
Chloride.....	29.8	0.84
Sulfate.....	32.9	0.69
Calcium.....	55.9	2.79
Magnesium.....	3.25	0.27
Potassium.....	2.1	0.05
Sodium.....	24.7	1.07
Major cations.....		4.19
Major anions.....		4.20
Cation/anion difference.....		0.14 %

*Mary Stepp*  
Mary Stepp  
Lab Director

*Wanda Orso*  
Wanda Orso  
Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 12/11/91  
 ID: 1450  
 SITE: MW-17      DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 LAB NO: F7596      DATE COLLECTED: 10/27/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.17  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1200  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 8.33  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 538  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 503  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/L..... 277  
 Total hardness as CaCO3, mg/L..... 378  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 0.89  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.35  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... <0.02  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO3.....	338	5.54
Carbonate as CO3.....	0	0
Chloride.....	116	3.26
Sulfate.....	32.1	0.67
Calcium.....	130	6.5
Magnesium.....	13	1.07
Potassium.....	6.1	0.16
Sodium.....	39.6	1.72
Major cations.....		9.45
Major anions.....		9.46
Cation/anion difference.....		0.09 %

*Mary Stepp*  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

*Wanda Orso*  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 12/11/91  
 ID: 1140  
 SITE: MW-15      DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 LAB NO: F7597      DATE COLLECTED: 10/29/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.24  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1560  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 6.41  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 780  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 659  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/L..... 338  
 Total hardness as CaCO3, mg/L..... 515  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 0.88  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.57  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... <0.02  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO3.....	413	6.77
Carbonate as CO3.....	0	0
Chloride.....	194	5.48
Sulfate.....	14.6	0.3
Calcium.....	182	9.08
Magnesium.....	14.9	1.22
Potassium.....	4.6	0.12
Sodium.....	45.8	1.99
Major cations.....		12.4
Major anions.....		12.5
Cation/anion difference.....		0.57 %

*Mary Stepp*  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

*Wanda Orso*  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 12/11/91  
 ID: 0510  
 SITE: MW-18      DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 LAB NO: F7598      DATE COLLECTED: 10/28/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.20  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 435  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 23  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 286  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 245  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/L..... 137  
 Total hardness as CaCO3, mg/L..... 172  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 0.66  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.70  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... <0.02  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO3.....	167	2.74
Carbonate as CO3.....	0	0
Chloride.....	21.9	0.62
Sulfate.....	48.6	1.01
Calcium.....	67.7	3.38
Magnesium.....	0.87	0.07
Potassium.....	3.6	0.09
Sodium.....	19.9	0.87
Major cations.....		4.41
Major anions.....		4.38
Cation/anion difference.....		0.34 %

*Mary Stepp*  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

*Wanda Orso*  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 12/11/91  
 ID: 2330  
 SITE: MW-19      DATE RECEIVED: 11/01/91  
 LAB NO: F7599      DATE COLLECTED: 10/25/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.33  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1490  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 6.72  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 722  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 689  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/L..... 401  
 Total hardness as CaCO3, mg/L..... 465  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 1.63  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.32  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... 2.73  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO3.....	489	8.02
Carbonate as CO3.....	0	0
Chloride.....	150	4.22
Sulfate.....	39.5	0.82
Calcium.....	153	7.62
Magnesium.....	20.4	1.68
Potassium.....	5.2	0.13
Sodium.....	80.7	3.51
Major cations.....		12.9
Major anions.....		13.3
Cation/anion difference.....		1.21 %

*Mary Stepp*  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

*Wanda Orso*  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT:	Geoscience Consultants	DATE REPORTED:	12/11/91
ID:	WM -18	DATE RECEIVED:	11/01/91
SITE:	Lab Split	DATE COLLECTED:	10/28/91
LAB NO:	F7600		

Lab pH (s.u.).....	7.40
Lab conductivity, umhos/cm.....	428
Lab resistivity, ohm-m.....	23.4
Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L..	298
Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L.	250
Total alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub> , mg/L.....	144
Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> , mg/L.....	173
Sodium adsorption ratio.....	0.69
Fluoride, mg/L.....	0.67
Nitrate, mg/L.....	0.06
Nitrite, mg/L.....	<0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO <sub>3</sub> .....	175	2.87
Carbonate as CO <sub>3</sub> .....	0	0
Chloride.....	23	0.65
Sulfate.....	47.8	1
Calcium.....	67.8	3.38
Magnesium.....	1.01	0.08
Potassium.....	3.6	0.09
Sodium.....	20.9	0.91
Major cations.....		4.47
Major anions.....		4.52
Cation/anion difference.....		0.58 %

  
Mary Stepp  
Lab Director

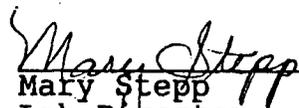
  
Wanda Orso  
Water Lab Supervisor

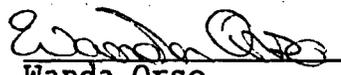


CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 11/19/91  
 ID: 9110171545  
 SITE: MW-9      DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 LAB NO: F7539      DATE COLLECTED: 10/17/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.34  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1640  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 6.11  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 1050  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 923  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L..... 556  
 Total hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L..... 737  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 0.92  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.26  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... <0.02  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO <sub>3</sub> .....	677	11.1
Carbonate as CO <sub>3</sub> .....	0	0
Chloride.....	219	6.18
Sulfate.....	9.06	0.19
Calcium.....	295	14.7
Magnesium.....	<0.1	<0.01
Potassium.....	8	0.2
Sodium.....	57.6	2.51
Major cations.....		17.4
Major anions.....		17.5
Cation/anion difference.....		0.12 %

  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 11/19/91  
 ID: 9110171700  
 SITE: MW-9A      DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 LAB NO: F7540      DATE COLLECTED: 10/17/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.42  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1560  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 6.42  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 1000  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 834  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/L..... 556  
 Total hardness as CaCO3, mg/L..... 662  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 0.90  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.27  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... <0.02  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO3.....	677	11.1
Carbonate as CO3.....	0	0
Chloride.....	165	4.66
Sulfate.....	10.7	0.22
Calcium.....	262	13.1
Magnesium.....	1.82	0.15
Potassium.....	7.5	0.19
Sodium.....	53	2.31
Major cations.....		15.7
Major anions.....		16
Cation/anion difference.....		0.83 %

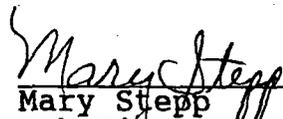
*Mary Stepp*  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

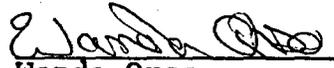
*Wanda Orso*  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 11/19/91  
 ID: 9110170905  
 SITE: MW-11      DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 LAB NO: F7541      DATE COLLECTED: 10/17/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.39  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1360  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 7.34  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 820  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 727  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L..... 462  
 Total hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L..... 376  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 2.97  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.37  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... <0.02  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HC03.....	564	9.24
Carbonate as C03.....	0	0
Chloride.....	138	3.9
Sulfate.....	28.8	0.6
Calcium.....	133	6.63
Magnesium.....	10.9	0.9
Potassium.....	7	0.18
Sodium.....	132	5.75
Major cations.....		13.5
Major anions.....		13.7
Cation/anion difference.....		1.02 %

  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 11/19/91  
 ID: 9110171100  
 SITE: MW-12      DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 LAB NO: F7542      DATE COLLECTED: 10/17/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.75  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1200  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 8.32  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 834  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 731  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L..... 412  
 Total hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L..... 399  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 2.85  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.48  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... 0.04  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO <sub>3</sub> .....	503	8.24
Carbonate as CO <sub>3</sub> .....	0	0
Chloride.....	170	4.79
Sulfate.....	21.4	0.45
Calcium.....	150	7.47
Magnesium.....	6.15	0.51
Potassium.....	6.4	0.16
Sodium.....	131	5.69
Major cations.....		13.8
Major anions.....		13.5
Cation/anion difference.....		1.29 %

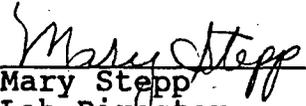
*Mary Stepp*  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

*Wanda Orso*  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 11/19/91  
 ID: 9110171230  
 SITE: MW-13      DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 LAB NO: F7543      DATE COLLECTED: 10/17/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.55  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1550  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 6.46  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 824  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 836  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO3, mg/L..... 499  
 Total hardness as CaCO3, mg/L..... 477  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 2.73  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.39  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... 0.07  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HC03.....	608	9.97
Carbonate as C03.....	0	0
Chloride.....	176	4.98
Sulfate.....	28.8	0.6
Calcium.....	181	9.02
Magnesium.....	6.38	0.53
Potassium.....	6.7	0.17
Sodium.....	137	5.97
Major cations.....		15.7
Major anions.....		15.6
Cation/anion difference.....		0.41 %

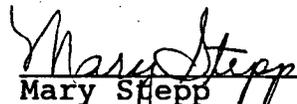
  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 11/19/91  
 ID: 9110171425  
 SITE: MW-14      DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 LAB NO: F7544      DATE COLLECTED: 10/17/91

Lab pH (s.u.)..... 7.88  
 Lab conductivity, umhos/cm..... 1160  
 Lab resistivity, ohm-m..... 8.62  
 Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L.. 846  
 Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L. 739  
 Total alkalinity as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L..... 548  
 Total hardness as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, mg/L..... 592  
 Sodium adsorption ratio..... 0.81  
 Fluoride, mg/L..... 0.33  
 Nitrate, mg/L..... <0.02  
 Nitrite, mg/L..... <0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HCO <sub>3</sub> .....	671	11
Carbonate as CO <sub>3</sub> .....	0	0
Chloride.....	109	3.07
Sulfate.....	16.5	0.34
Calcium.....	232	11.6
Magnesium.....	2.97	0.24
Potassium.....	4.7	0.12
Sodium.....	45.1	1.96
Major cations.....		13.9
Major anions.....		14.4
Cation/anion difference.....		1.58 %

  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

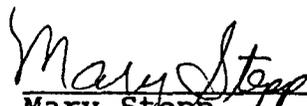
  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor

CLIENT: Geoscience Consultants      DATE REPORTED: 11/19/91  
 ID: 9110181300  
 SITE: MW-16      DATE RECEIVED: 10/21/91  
 LAB NO: F7545      DATE COLLECTED: 10/18/91

Lab pH (s.u.).....	7.69
Lab conductivity, umhos/cm.....	631
Lab resistivity, ohm-m.....	15.8
Total dissolved solids (180), mg/L..	450
Total dissolved solids (calc), mg/L.	310
Total alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub> , mg/L.....	141
Total hardness as CaCO <sub>3</sub> , mg/L.....	232
Sodium adsorption ratio.....	0.56
Fluoride, mg/L.....	0.61
Nitrate, mg/L.....	2.88
Nitrite, mg/L.....	<0.02

	mg/L	meq/L
Bicarbonate as HC0 <sub>3</sub> .....	171	2.81
Carbonate as C0 <sub>3</sub> .....	0	0
Chloride.....	74	2.09
Sulfate.....	36.7	0.76
Calcium.....	92.7	4.63
Magnesium.....	0.11	0.01
Potassium.....	2.5	0.06
Sodium.....	19.7	0.86
Major cations.....		5.56
Major anions.....		5.87
Cation/anion difference.....		2.76 %

\* Sample reanalyzed, no significant difference.

  
 Mary Stepp  
 Lab Director

  
 Wanda Orso  
 Water Lab Supervisor



# Geoscience Consultants, Ltd.

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Las Cruces, NM 88004  
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2615

# Chain of Custody

DATE 10/18/91 PAGE 1 OF 1

LAB NAME		ANALYSIS REQUEST												NUMBER OF CONTAINERS				
InterMountain Laboratories																		
ADDRESS																		
TELEPHONE																		
SAMPLERS (SIGNATURE)																		
SAMPLE NUMBER	MATRIX	LOCATION	GC/MS/ 625/8270	GC/MS/ 624/8240	PESTICIDES/PCB 608/8080	POLYNUCLEAR AROMATIC 610/8310	PHENOLS, SUB PHENOLS 604/8040	HALOGENATED VOLATILES 601/8010	AROMATIC VOLATILES 602/8020	TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON 415/9060	TOTAL ORGANIC HALIDES 9020	PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS 418.1	TPH MODIFIED 8015	PRIORITY POLLUTANT METALS (13)	CAM METALS (18) TLLC/STLC	EP TOX METALS (8)	SDWA-INORGANICS PRIMARY/SECONDARY	HAZARDOUS WASTE PROFILE
9110171100	H2O	MW12 <sup>PH</sup>																
9110171230	"	MW13																
9110171240	"	Resate blank																
9110171245	"	field blank																
9110171425	"	MW14																
9110171545	"	MW9																
9110171700	"	MW9A																
9110170905	"	MW11																
9110181300	"	MW16																
PROJECT INFORMATION			SAMPLE RECEIPT			1. RELINQUISHED BY			2. RELINQUISHED BY			3. RELINQUISHED BY						
PROJECT: 4HICLIPS			TOTAL NO. OF CONTAINERS			Signature: <u>David Nee</u>			Signature: _____			Signature: _____						
PROJECT DIRECTOR: NEE			CHAIN OF CUSTODY SEALS			(Date): <u>10/18</u>			(Date): _____			(Date): _____						
CHARGE CODE NO.			REC'D GOOD CONDITION/COLD			(Printed Name): <u>David Nee</u>			(Printed Name): _____			(Printed Name): _____						
SHIPPING ID: <u>223343835</u>			CONFORMS TO RECORD			(Company): _____			(Company): _____			(Company): _____						
VIA: <u>Fed X</u>			LAB NO.			RECEIVED BY			RECEIVED BY			RECEIVED BY (LABORATORY)						
SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/COMMENTS:			no rinsate blank or field blank received			Signature: <u>Justin A. Glass</u>			Signature: _____			Signature: _____						
						(Date): <u>10-21</u>			(Date): _____			(Date): _____						
						(Printed Name): <u>Justin A. Glass</u>			(Printed Name): _____			(Printed Name): _____						
						(Company): _____			(Company): _____			(Company): _____						

