

3R - 21

**GENERAL
CORRESPONDENCE**

**YEAR(S):
1991**



AMOCO
SIL COKER. IN DIVISION
RE: JEB
91 AUG 17 AM 8 55

Southern

Rockies

Business

Unit

San Juan Operations Center

August 9, 1991

NMOCD
P. O. Box 2088
Santa Fe, NM 87504

Attn: David Boyer

File: BDS-31-986

Composting Update

This will confirm our earlier phone conversation. Amoco anticipates additional compost time will be required due to low moisture. An additional 45 days is requested to complete the test project. We also request that misting with fresh water, as the piles are turned, be allowed to maintain moisture levels.

Test procedures will also be modified to use the California method (8015). Actual TPH is possibly being masked by clay. We also had two dump truck loads of oily soil appear on site from another Amoco location. Our field foreman was not aware of our restrictions. Therefore, we request approval to compost this material also. No additional material will be allowed on site.

Please call if you have any questions (505) 326-9219.

BD Shaw

B. D. Shaw
Environmental Coordinator

BDS/slb



STATE OF NEW MEXICO
ENERGY, MINERALS AND NATURAL RESOURCES DEPARTMENT
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

BRUCE KING
GOVERNOR

May 24, 1991

POST OFFICE BOX 2088
STATE LAND OFFICE BUILDING
SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO 87504
(505) 827-5800

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT NO. P-327-278-137

Mr. Buddy Shaw
Environmental Supervisor
Amoco Production Company
200 Amoco Court
Farmington, New Mexico 87401

**RE: Treatment of oily soil located at Gallegos Canyon Unit No. 216, SE/SW Section 14-
T28N, R12W**

Dear Mr. Shaw:

The New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) has received your letter of May 20, 1991, containing proposed procedures for analysis of the composed material at the completion of the test at the GCU #216 location. The proposed analytical schedule is acceptable to OCD and Amoco is authorized to proceed with the test provided other necessary agency approvals have been obtained. At completion of the test, and prior to removal from the site of the remediated mixture, sample results must be reviewed and approved by OCD.

If you have any questions, you may contact me at (505) 827-5812.

Sincerely,

David G. Boyer, Hydrogeologist
Environmental Bureau Chief

DGB/sl

cc: OCD Aztec Office
E. Rebuck, NMED-Groundwater
D. Tomko, NMED-Farmington

STATE OF
NEW MEXICO
OIL
CONSERVATION
DIVISION

MEMORANDUM OF MEETING OR CONVERSATION

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Telephone	<input type="checkbox"/> Personal	Time 11 AM	Date 8/7/91
---	-----------------------------------	---------------	----------------

Originating Party

Rudley Shaw, Amoco
326 V-9219

Other Parties

Dave Boyer

Subject

Soil Remediation at GCU #216

Discussion

MR. Shaw called to request permission to add new sludge to a new batch of soil that was brought to GCU #216 from another Amoco site. The soil was moved by Amoco workers without Shaw's knowledge. Results of testing still show high TPH but the use of Method 418.1 may show high FSP results (vs. use of modified 8015). Shaw is going to check methods. Soil is compacted at 110-165°F one foot in and 116-138°F 3 ft in topsoil. TPH results still > 1000 ppm (vs. 100 OCS guidelines).

Conclusions or Agreements

I approved use of sludge on the record plus and extension both tests for another 45-days (until Monday September 23). Verbal approval will be followed with a letter request by Amoco.

Signed

Amoco-Soil Remediation File

Altoe District Office

Dave Boyer



BRUCE KING
GOVERNOR

State of New Mexico
ENVIRONMENT DEPARTMENT

Harold Runnels Building
1190 St. Francis Drive, P.O. Box 26110
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502
(505) 827-2850

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

RECEIVED

91 MAY 30 AM 9 05

JUDITH M. ESPINOSA
SECRETARY

RON CURRY
DEPUTY SECRETARY

May 24, 1991

Tom Wethington
Director, Water and Wastewater
City of Farmington
800 Municipal Drive
Farmington, NM 87401

Dear Mr. Wethington:

This letter is in regard to the treatment of oily soil at Amoco Production Company's Gallegos Canyon Unit No. 216 in SE,SW Section 14, T28N, R12W. I reviewed the correspondence from David Boyer, Environmental Bureau Chief, NM Oil Conservation Division (OCD) regarding this matter, although not the application materials submitted by Amoco Production Company. I understand that the Amoco Production Company is proposing to mix the oily soil, horse manure, sludge from the Farmington wastewater treatment plant, and waste paper, and compost the mixture.

The specific concern of the City of Farmington is meeting all applicable regulatory requirements. As you are aware the NM Environment Department (NMED) along with EPA regulate sludge disposal, whereas the OCD has jurisdiction for oily soils related to oil and gas production. Mr. Boyer and I discussed this project when it was first proposed. Rather than doing two reviews, we agreed that Mr. Boyer would review and act on the application pursuant to the NM Oil and Gas Act. From my years of working with Mr. Boyer, I am confident that his review and approval provides equivalent protection of water quality as would have been provided had the NMED handled the permitting effort. With respect to EPA, the City of Farmington still has the responsibility of complying with applicable federal regulations, specifically 40CFR257.

I understand from my telephone conversation with Buddy Shaw on May 24, 1991 that the Amoco Production Company is taking full responsibility for the composting activity. Furthermore none of the composted material from this initial pilot project is to be moved off-site.

Mr. Wethington
5/24/91
Page 2

Should there be subsequent efforts of this type involving a significant amount of sludge from the Farmington wastewater treatment plant, the NMED anticipates a greater and more direct involvement with the permitting thereof.

I trust this letter addresses the concerns leading to your request.

Sincerely,



Ernest C. Rebuck
Program Manager
Ground Water Section

cc: Buddy Shaw, Environmental Supervisor, Amoco Production Company, 200 Amoco Court, Farmington, NM 87401
David G. Boyer, Environmental Bureau Chief, NM OIL Conservation Division, P. O. Box 2088, Santa Fe, NM 87504
Dave Tompko, NMED Farmington Office
Glenn Saums, NMED Surface Water Section



Amoco Production Company

San Juan Operations Center
200 Amoco Court
Farmington, NM 87401
(505) 326-9260

May 20, 1991

NMOCD
Santa Fe, NM

Attn: Dave Boyer

File: BDS-15-986

Soil Composting - Post Testing

Per our phone conversation on May 16, 1991, Amoco offers the following test procedures for the subject composting at our GCU #216 well location:

1. Tests will not be conducted during the composting period except for temperature (120°-140°F)
2. Post testing will consist of the following
 - A. TCLP - composite sample from six different locations
 - B. Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon - 100 ppm total limit
 - 1.) BTEX - 50 ppm limit
 - 2.) Benzene - 10 ppm limit
 - C. pH
 - D. Total Metals
 - E. Soil - SAR, etc.
This testing will be conducted based on consultation with soil experts (NAPI)

Any questions or concerns are welcomed.

Thanks,

A handwritten signature in cursive ink that reads "Buddy Shaw".

Buddy Shaw
Environmental Coordinator

BDS/slb

TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING
COLLEGE STATION, TEXAS 77843-3122

TEACHING
RESEARCH - EXTENSION

TELEPHONE
409-845-3381
FAX
409-845-6448

April 12, 1991

Mr. B. E. Shaw
Environmental Coordinator
Amoco Oil Corporation

FAX 505-326-9262

Dear Mr. Shaw,

Mr. Jerry Finney has requested that I provide you with a letter summarizing some of my observations on the composting test that Mr. Finney conducted in Reno, Nevada earlier this year. I am happy to comply.

Over the three week composting process Mr. Finney was successful in completely biodegrading and composting both glossy magazines and paperback books. Moreover, these books and magazines were fed to the composting pile in very large pieces (approximately two to three pieces per book or magazine). The composting process would certainly be more effective and rapid if these paper materials were ground up prior to composting, as I understand Mr. Finney plans to do.

In the test I observed there was no leachate, that is, no free water standing in or around the compost pile. The presence of leachate would in fact indicate a very poorly managed composting operation since composting proceeds best in a moisture range of about 55-70% (dry basis), i.e., when there is no free water. I also understand there is also some concern about spontaneous combustion of composting materials. A well-managed compost pile will operate at about 130-140 F, about 300 degrees below the ignition temperature of paper. I don't think spontaneous combustion should concern you.

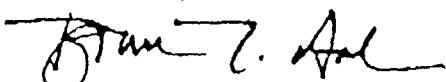
One other item, the composting process undoubtedly breaks down both aliphatic and aromatic compounds such as those found in petroleum. The same kind of microbes that "eat" oil slicks also are present during composting. In the Reno test, approximately 90% reduction of the initial

total petroleum hydrocarbons was achieved in about three weeks. Because of the conditions under which this test was conducted, I am certain Mr. Finney can achieve both a more rapid and more complete hydrocarbon breakdown when he is able to better control the conditions.

Although Mr. Finney has no academic qualifications, he understands the theory of composting very well and obviously is an expert practitioner of the art. While his language is sometimes unorthodox, he knows what he is doing in composting. I spent several days with him and found him to be an exceedingly creative and original thinker.

I hope this letter provides the information you need. Please call me if I can be of further assistance.

Sincerely yours,



Bruce E. Dale
Professor of Chemical Engineering
Professor of Agricultural Engineering
Director, Engineering Biosciences Research Center

5741

Facsimile Transmission

		Attached a Telecopier Phone	Date	Page
		TTY	4-12-91	1 of 7
To:	Company	Location		
David Boyce	NMoco	Santa Fe	Mail Code/Room	
From:	Company	Location	Mail Code/Room	
Buddy Shaw	Amoco	Farmington		
Initiated By	Department/Region	Charge (Cost Center Code)	Approved By	
Typed By	Ext	Mail Code/Room	<input type="checkbox"/> Call Sender for Pickup of Originals <input type="checkbox"/> Call _____ for Pickup at Receiving Location	

RUSH

Thanks,
Buddy

PHOENIX AZ 85036

(602) 437-2659 • (602) 437-8706 FAX

CLIENT CITY OF FARMINGTON
 ENVIRONMENTAL DIVISION
 ATTN TERRY MOUNT
 800 MUNICIPAL DRIVE
 FARMINGTON, NM 87041

SAMPLE NO. : 9100739
 INVOICE NO.: 22110191
 REPORT DATE: 01-30-91
 REVIEWED BY: *[Signature]*
 PAGE 1 OF 1

CLIENT SAMPLE ID : SLUDGE STOCKPILE
 SAMPLE TYPE: DRY SLUDGE
 SAMPLED BY: COF/T. MOUNT
 SUBMITTED BY: COF/T. MOUNT
 SAMPLE SOURCE: --

AUTHORIZED BY : TERRY MOUNT
 CLIENT P.O. : --
 SAMPLE DATE ...: 01-21-91
 SUBMITTAL DATE : 01-23-91
 EXTRACTION DATE: 01-28-91

8 TCLP Metals

DATA TABLE

Parameter	Result	Unit	Detection Limit	Date
Arsenic (TCLP)	0.07	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91
Barium (TCLP)	0.31	mg/L	0.10	01-29-91
Cadmium (TCLP)	<0.05	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91
Chromium (TCLP)	<0.05	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91
Lead (TCLP)	<0.10	mg/L	0.10	01-29-91
Mercury (TCLP)	<0.01	mg/L	0.01	01-29-91
Selenium (TCLP)	<0.05	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91
Silver (TCLP)	<0.05	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91

(1) Copy to Client



**WESTERN
TECHNOLOGIES
INC.**

3737 East Broadway Road
P.O. Box 21387
Phoenix, Arizona 85036
(602) 437-3737

LABORATORY REPORT

**CLIENT CITY OF FARMINGTON
ENVIRONMENTAL LAB
ATTN TERRY MOUNT
800 MUNICIPAL DRIVE
FARMINGTON, NM 87401**

SAMPLE NO. : 9007747
INVOICE NO.: 72101060
DATE : 10-16-90
REVIEWED BY: *Dave J.M.E.*
PAGE : 1 OF 2

CLIENT SAMPLE ID : 1835
SAMPLE TYPE: SLUDGE
SAMPLE SOURCE ...: --
SAMPLED BY: COF/J. BIRD
SUBMITTED BY: COF/J. BIRD

AUTHORIZED BY: COF/T. MOUNT
CLIENT P.O. : --
ANALYZED ON : 10-15-90
SAMPLE DATE : 10-03-90
SUBMITTED ON : 10-05-90

REMARKS -

8240 - GC/MS Volatile Organics

*** DATA TABLE ***

[--]	PARAMETER	[- RESULT -]	[- UNIT -]
Chloromethane	.....:	<50.	ug/Kg
Bromomethane	.....:	<50.	ug/Kg
Vinyl Chloride	.....:	<50.	ug/Kg
Chloroethane	.....:	<50.	ug/Kg
Methylene Chloride	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
Acetone	.....:	<500.	ug/Kg
Carbon Disulfide	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
1,1-Dichloroethene	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
1,1-Dichloroethane	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
Chloroform	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
1,2-Dichloroethane	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
2-Butanone	.....:	<500.	ug/Kg
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
Carbon Tetrachloride	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
Vinyl Acetate	.....:	<250.	ug/Kg
Bromodichloromethane	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
1,2-Dichloropropane	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
Trichloroethene	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
Dibromochloromethane	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
Benzene	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
2-Chloroethyl Vinyl Ether	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg
Bromoform	.....:	<25.	ug/Kg

(1) Copy to Client

CLIENT CITY OF FARMINGTON
ENVIRONMENTAL DIVISION
ATTN TERRY MOUNT
800 MUNICIPAL DRIVE
FARMINGTON, NM 87041

SAMPLE NO. : 9100740
INVOICE NO.: 22110191
REPORT DATE: 01-30-91
REVIEWED BY: *M. M.* 14-
PAGE : 1 OF 1

CLIENT SAMPLE ID : SLUDGE - DRY BED #3
SAMPLE TYPE: DRY SLUDGE
SAMPLER BY: COF/T. MOUNT
SUBMITTED BY: COF/T. MOUNT
SAMPLE SOURCE ...: --

AUTHORIZED BY : TERRY MOUNT
CLIENT P.O. : --
SAMPLE DATE ...: 01-21-91
SUBMITTAL DATE : 01-23-91
EXTRACTION DATE: 01-28-91

8. TCLP Metals

D A T A T A B L E

Parameter	Result	Unit	Detection Limit	Date
Arsenic (TCLP)	0.06	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91
Barium (TCLP)	<0.10	mg/L	0.10	01-29-91
Cadmium (TCLP)	<0.05	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91
Chromium (TCLP)	<0.05	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91
Lead (TCLP)	<0.10	mg/L	0.10	01-29-91
Mercury (TCLP)	<0.01	mg/L	0.01	01-29-91
Selenium (TCLP)	<0.05	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91
Silver (TCLP)	<0.05	mg/L	0.05	01-29-91

(1) Copy to Client



APR 12 1991 13:52 AMOCO-FARMINGTON
TECHNOLOGIES
INC.

Broadway Road
P.O. Box 21387
Phoenix, Arizona 85036
(602) 437-3737

P.5

LABORATORY REPORT

CLIENT CITY OF FARMINGTON
ENVIRONMENTAL LAB
ATTN TERRY MOUNT
800 MUNICIPAL DRIVE
FARMINGTON, NM 87401

SAMPLE NO. : 9007747
INVOICE NO.: 72101060
DATE : 10-16-90
REVIEWED BY: *MJ* *ME*
PAGE : 2 OF 2

* DATA TABLE (Cont.) *

[-----] PARAMETER -----]	[- RESULT -]	[- UNIT -]
2-Hexanone	<250.	ug/Kg
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	<250.	ug/Kg
Tetrachloroethene	<25.	ug/Kg
Toluene	<25.	ug/Kg
Chlorobenzene	<25.	ug/Kg
Ethyl Benzene	<25.	ug/Kg
Styrene	<25.	ug/Kg
Total Xylenes	<25.	ug/Kg

(1) Copy to Client



APR 12 '91 13:53 AMOCO-FARMINGTON Broadway Road
WESTERN TECHNOLOGIES P.O. Box 21387
INC. Phoenix, Arizona 85036
(602) 437-3737

P.6

LABORATORY REPORT

CLIENT CITY OF FARMINGTON
ENVIRONMENTAL LAB
ATTN TERRY MOUNT
800 MUNICIPAL DRIVE
FARMINGTON, NM 87401

SAMPLE NO. : 9007747
INVOICE NO.: 72101060
DATE : 10-16-90
REVIEWED BY: *ME*
PAGE : 1 OF 2

CLIENT SAMPLE ID : 1835
SAMPLE TYPE: SLUDGE
SAMPLE SOURCE ...: --
SAMPLED BY: COF/J. BIRD
SUBMITTED BY: COF/J. BIRD

AUTHORIZED BY: COF/T. MOUNT
CLIENT P.O. : --
ANALYZED ON : 10-10-90
SAMPLE DATE : 10-03-90
SUBMITTED ON : 10-05-90

REMARKS -

8270 - GC/MS Semivolatile Organics

***** DATA TABLE *****

[-----] PARAMETER -----]	[- RESULT -]	[- UNIT -]
Phenol	<33.	ug/Kg
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	<33.	ug/Kg
2-Chlorophenol	<33.	ug/Kg
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<33.	ug/Kg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	<33.	ug/Kg
Benzyl Alcohol	<67.	ug/Kg
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	<33.	ug/Kg
2-Methylphenol	<33.	ug/Kg
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl) ether	<33.	ug/Kg
4-Methylphenol	<33.	ug/Kg
N-Nitroso-Di-N-propylamine	<33.	ug/Kg
Hexachloroethane	<33.	ug/Kg
Nitrobenzene	<33.	ug/Kg
Isophorone	<33.	ug/Kg
2-Nitrophenol	<33.	ug/Kg
2,4-Dimethylphenol	<33.	ug/Kg
Benzoic Acid	<167.	ug/Kg
bis(2-Chloroethoxy) methane	<33.	ug/Kg
2,4-Dichlorophenol	<33.	ug/Kg
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	<33.	ug/Kg
Naphthalene	<33.	ug/Kg
4-Chloroaniline	<67.	ug/Kg
Hexachlorobutadiene	<33.	ug/Kg
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	<67.	ug/Kg
2-Methylnaphthalene	<33.	ug/Kg
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	<33.	ug/Kg
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	<33.	ug/Kg

(1) Copy to Client



APR-12 '91 13:54 AMOCO-FARMINGTON
TECHNOLOGIES
INC.

Broadway Road
P.O. Box 21387
Phoenix, Arizona 85036
(602) 437-3737

P.7

LABORATORY REPORT

CLIENT CITY OF FARMINGTON
ENVIRONMENTAL LAB
ATTN TERRY MOUNT
800 MUNICIPAL DRIVE
FARMINGTON, NM 87401

SAMPLE NO. : 9007747
INVOICE NO.: 72101060
DATE : 10-16-90
REVIEWED BY: *[Signature]*
PAGE : 2 OF 2

* DATA TABLE (Cont.) *

[- -----] PARAMETER -----]	[- RESULT -]	[- UNIT -]
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	<33.	ug/Kg
2-Chloronaphthalene	<33.	ug/Kg
2-Nitroaniline	<167.	ug/Kg
Dimethyl phthalate	<33.	ug/Kg
Acenaphthylene	<33.	ug/Kg
3-Nitroaniline	<167.	ug/Kg
Acenaphthene	<33.	ug/Kg
2,4-Dinitrophenol	<167.	ug/Kg
4-Nitrophenol	<167.	ug/Kg
Dibenzofuran	<33.	ug/Kg
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	<33.	ug/Kg
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	<33.	ug/Kg
Diethylphthalate	<33.	ug/Kg
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	<33.	ug/Kg
Fluorene	<33.	ug/Kg
4-Nitroaniline	<167.	ug/Kg
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	<167.	ug/Kg
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	<33.	ug/Kg
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	<33.	ug/Kg
Hexachlorobenzene	<33.	ug/Kg
Pentachlorophenol	<167.	ug/Kg
Phenanthrene	<33.	ug/Kg
Anthracene	<33.	ug/Kg
Di-n-butylphthalate	<33.	ug/Kg
Fluoranthene	<33.	ug/Kg
Pyrene	<33.	ug/Kg
Butyl benzyl phthalate	<33.	ug/Kg
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	<67.	ug/Kg
Benzo(a)anthracene	<33.	ug/Kg
bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	<33.	ug/Kg
Chrysene	<33.	ug/Kg
Di-n-octyl phthalate	<33.	ug/Kg
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<33.	ug/Kg
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<33.	ug/Kg
Benzo(a)pyrene	<33.	ug/Kg
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	<33.	ug/Kg
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	<33.	ug/Kg
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<33.	ug/Kg

(1) Copy to Client

827-5741

Facsimile Transmission

Addressed to Telecopier Phone

TTY

Date

4-9-91

Page

1 of 4

To: <i>David Boxes</i>	Company <i>EID</i>	Location <i>Santa Fe</i>	Mail Code/Room
From: <i>Buddy Shaw</i>	Company <i>Amoco</i>	Location <i>Farmington</i>	Mail Code/Room
Initiated By	Department/Region	Charge (Cost Center Code)	Approved By
Typed By	Ext.	Mail Code/Room	<input type="checkbox"/> Call Sender for Pickup of Originals <input type="checkbox"/> Call _____ for Pickup at Receiving Location

RUSH

Composting Proposal

Thanks,
Buddy

Fax No. 326-9262

Telephone No. 326-9219

Analyses is wastewater, not sludge
 How waste applied for moisture?
 Liner?

Composting of Oily Soil

Lease - Gallegos Canyon Unit No. 102E
 (NE/NE Section 13-29N-13W)

Landowner - BLM (approval given 4/5/91) Don Ellsworth

Operator - Amoco Production Company
 Buddy Shaw 326-9219

Treatment - Oily soil is being removed from the Hutton Gas Com
 No. 1. (SE/NE Section 6-29N-12W)

Additives & Treating Procedure - attached listing

Soil will be composted on the surface and a berm will be
 constructed to prevent run-off.

Sampling will be conducted by Amoco each week. A final
 sample will be taken at project completion which should
 be three to six weeks.

Groundwater depth is estimated to be 225' +.

Sampling of soil,
 Composite samples?
 Analysis parameters
 & methods?

How is this
 estimated?

This is a summary of the materials and procedures I will use on the Amoco location to compost the oily dirt.

The materials I will use are as follows:

1. Manure from San Juan Downs Racetrack. This manure is approximately 50% straw and wood chips and 50% manure with the moisture content approximately 35% by weight. The blend will contain approximately 25 to 30% of this manure.
2. Sludge from the sewer plant in Bloomfield or Farmington. This sludge is digested and contains approximately 4% solids. I will supply a lab analysis from the city lab it originated from. *Attached* The analysis will show the metal levels are in compliance with WQCC reg's. The sludge will comprise approximately 15 to 20% of the blend.
3. Waste paper - Computer, news and glossy paper. This will not be ground and it will be controlled so it can't blow away on location. This paper will comprise approximately 10% by weight of the blend.
4. Oily Dirt - This will be defined by Amoco. The mixture will contain approximately 40 to 50% of the oily dirt.

The mixture will be piled in a Windrow that is approximately 6' to 8' high by 10' wide on the bottom. The moisture content will be maintained approximately 60 to 70% to eliminate any leachate. The process will require approximately 3 to 5 weeks at the most and the final product will contain less than 100 ppm hydrocarbon content and the vapors will be contained with the compost. The hydrocarbons are consumed by the bacteria. The end product will resemble potting soil and will be sold as top soil. The metals are bound up with the organics and have passed a TCLP test. The pile will be turned with a one yard loader two times a week at the most. The temperature will be maintained approximately 120° to 130° for two weeks and allowed to cool after that. The PH will be approximately 9 and oxygen content will be maintained at least 1% to keep the pile aerobic. The final product will have a moisture content of approximately 25 to 30%. The total pile will be approximately 150 cu. yds.

Zoo

If you need further information, please let me know.

Jerry Finney

Y.H. Fluid life
to maintain? ✓
Water content
to be added
so system
operational
What
is
the
test
for
TCLP
test?
F.C. 2000
Sludge
What
is
the
test
for
TCLP
test?
Jerry Finney
TCLP test
for
Amoco
After
removal

100 ppm TPH
50 ppm BTEx
10 ppm Butane
⇒ and levels
that apply.

These levels are *
action levels for
removal (non leachable
levels) Not clean
fill levels.

CLIENT CITY OF FARMINGTON
ENVIRONMENTAL LAB
ATTN TERRY MOUNT
800 MUNICIPAL DRIVE
FARMINGTON, NM 87401

TEST ID : 101211-141
TEST DATE : 12-11-90
REVIEWED BY : 27/12/90
PAGE : 1 OF 1

CLIENT SAMPLE ID : 0900 TO 800
SAMPLE TYPE : WASTEWATER
SAMPLE SOURCE : --
SAMPLED BY : COF/PERSONNEL
SUBMITTED BY : COF/T, MOUNT

AUTHORIZED BY: COF/T, MOUNT
CLIENT P.O. : --
SAMPLE DATE : --
SUBMITTED ON : 11-28-90

* DATA TABLE *

TEST

[-----]	PARAMETER	[-- RESULT --]	[- UNIT -]	[DATE]
Total Antimony	<0.005	mg/L	12-05-90	
Total Arsenic	<0.001	mg/L	12-05-90	
Total Beryllium	<0.0003	mg/L	12-04-90	
Total Cadmium	<0.001	mg/L	12-04-90	
Total Chromium	<0.005	mg/L	12-10-90	
Total Copper	0.030	mg/L	12-10-90	
Total Iron	0.420	mg/L	12-10-90	
Total Mercury	<0.001	mg/L	12-06-90	
Total Nickel	<0.050	mg/L	12-11-90	
Total Selenium	<0.050	mg/L	11-30-90	
Total Silver	<0.002	mg/L	12-10-90	
Total Thallium	<0.005	mg/L	12-04-90	
Total Zinc	0.064	mg/L	12-10-90	

Amoco

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Sample id	Lab #	TPH mg/Kg	Total BTEX	TKN %	Density lbs/cu ft	Moisture %	pH	Ash %	TOC %	Ammonia %	P ₂ O ₅ %	Potassium %
1-F	16752	15,900										
1-FF	16962		10.30									0.10
1-G	16753	135,300										
1-I	16769											0.21
1-J	16770	4,930	12.40				7.4					
1-JJ	17083		31.20			5.7			99.1			
1-K	16774									14.61		7.01
1-L	16775	128000	5.52							3.40		
1-M	16797					47.8	14.6					
1-N	16850	7,710	0.61			29.6						
1-O	16813	4,730				8.3						
1-P	16814	4,220				15.6						
1-Q	16815	1,470				13.3						
1-R	16820	4,800	47.23			9.7						
1-S	16816	17,400	11.61			10.9						2.30
1-T	16817			6.91			10.3			0.11	<0.01	4.68
1-U	16818			27.04			18.5			0.02	0.02	0.15



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Sample id	Lab #	TPH mg/Kg	Total BTEX	TKN %	Density lbs/cu ft	Moisture %	pH	Ash %	TOC %	Ammonia %	P ₂ O ₅ %	Potassium %
Sludge | 6978	| 2,900 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |
Horse | 6979	| 130 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |	| 1 |

*****NOTES*****

This summary is based upon September 19, 1991 available results for Amoco at GCU-250.

The values for the Ash and Total Organic Carbon (TOC) represent the percent material lost during heating; 850 degrees Celsius and 600 degrees Celsius respectively.

Sample 1-B was divided into a solid (S) and a liquid (L) portion and analyzed separately.

The BREX results for each component was added together resulting in a single number in ug/Kg. For the individual component concentrations consult the reports for those samples.

Cow = Cow Manure

Crdbrd = Cardboard

Wood Ch = Wood Chips

Horse = Horse Manure

Using the percentages of raw components that were used in preparing the compost a blank value was calculated by multiplying the percentage of the component times the TPH value of the pure component and adding these values together. The result is a raw materials TPH backout value of 969 mg/Kg that can be subtracted from the TPH compost values on sample identifications 1-In, 1-Out, 3-In, 3-Out, 5-In, & 5-Out.

Feel free to contact me with any questions.

Tony Tristano

Tony Tristano - Senior Analytical Chemist