
**C-147 REGISTRATION PACKAGE
TODD 2 PRODUCED WATER RECYCLING CONTAINMENT
AND RECYCLING FACILITY
SECTION 2, T23S, R31E
EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO**

PREPARED FOR



PREPARED BY



[Handwritten Signature]
8.21.17

AUGUST 2017



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1. SITE CRITERIA FOR RECYCLING CONTAINMENT

1.1 LOCATION

The Devon Energy Todd 2 water impound facility (collectively referred to as Containment), is proposed to be located in the Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section 2, Township 23 South, Range 31 East of Eddy County, New Mexico.

1.2 DISTANCE TO GROUNDWATER

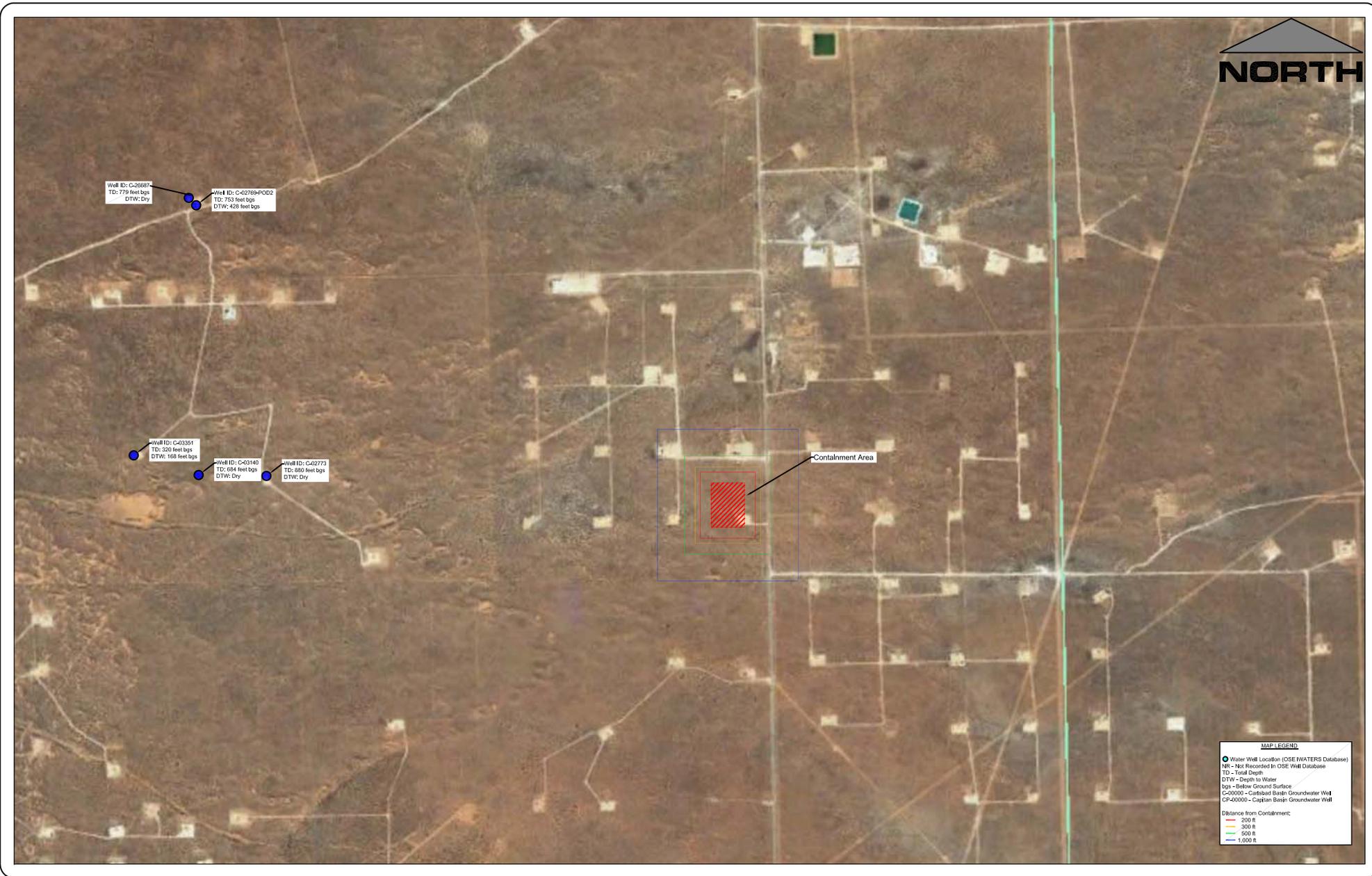
1.2.1 Hydrology

According to information reviewed from the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Carlsbad Field Office, the proposed Containment location is not located within a mapped major aquifer system. Major aquifers in the area include the Capitan Reef Complex, Pecos River Basin Alluvial, and High Plains Aquifer. Available groundwater within the area of the proposed Containment is noted to be within the Carlsbad Groundwater Basin, by the New Mexico Office of the State Engineer (OSE). The Carlsbad Basin contains two major water-bearing features including shallower alluvial aquifer systems and a deeper “artesian” carbonate system. Water-bearing zones include the Triassic age Chinle Formation, of which the Santa Rosa Sandstone is the basal unit.

Groundwater wells in the area are completed at an average depth of 785-feet below ground surface, with a depth to water averaging approximately 315-feet (refer to Figure 1). This data was obtained from measured water levels or logged borings for hydrogeologic information contained in the OSE database. Available groundwater data (total depth of water wells and depth to groundwater) is presented in Figure 1, and an Aquifer Map presenting the area of mapped aquifer systems from the BLM Carlsbad Field Office is presented as Figure 1A.

The New Mexico Oil and Gas Division (NMOCD) requires that groundwater (freshwater as defined by NMOCD rules) at the location be greater than 50-feet below the containment bottom. Figure 1 is an aerial map that demonstrates the following to meet these criteria:

1. The location of the proposed containment shown on an aerial photograph with surface elevation (taken from the United States Geologic Survey (USGS) Bootleg Ridge 7.5 Minute Series Topographic Map).



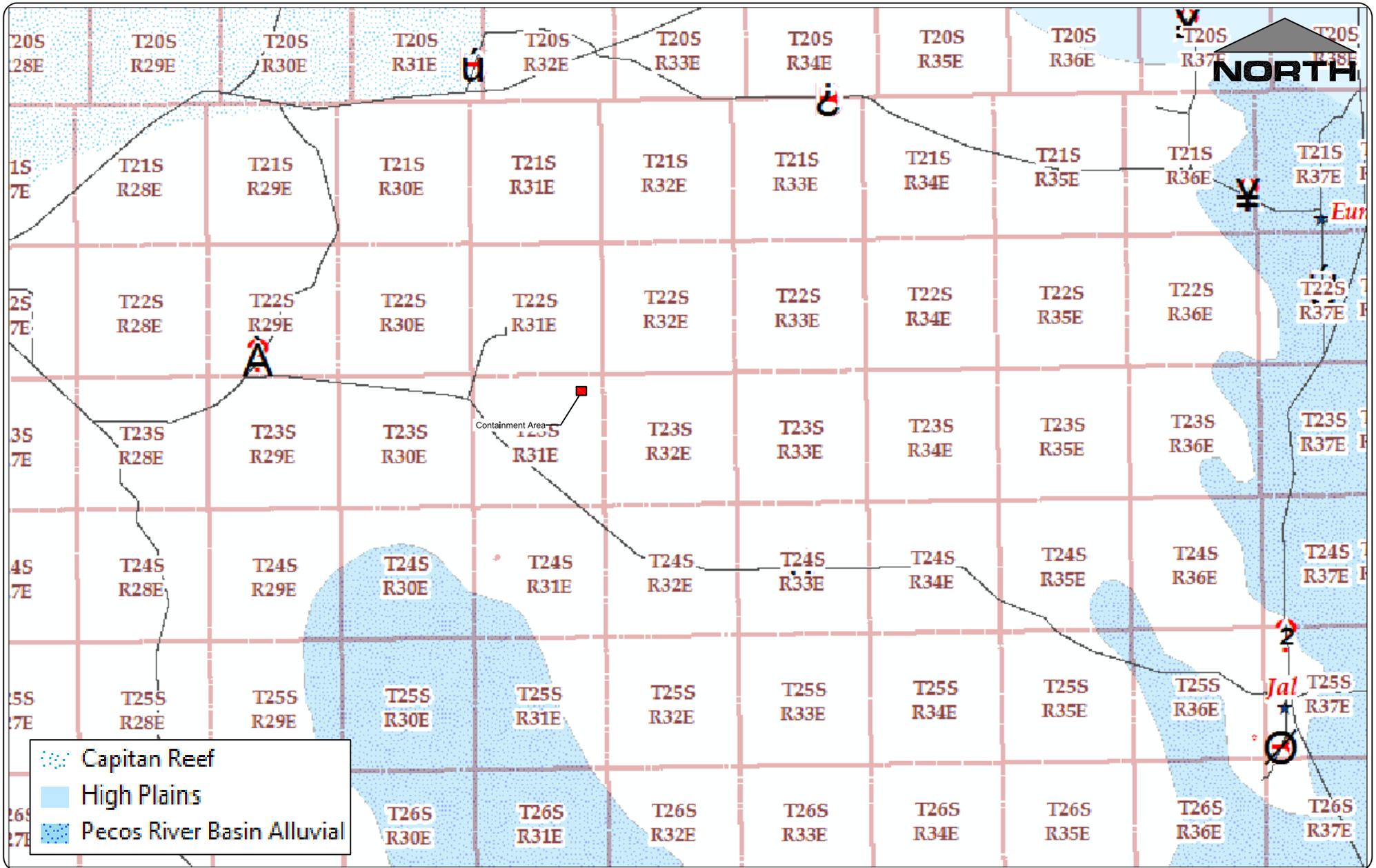
Devon Energy

Figure 1 - OSE Groundwater Well Location Map

Project No. 017255-00

Todd 2 Containment Permit Application
Section 2, T-23-S, R-31-E, Eddy County, New Mexico





Devon Energy

Figure 1A - BLM Aquifer Map

Project No. 017255-00

Todd 2 Containment Permit Application
 Section 2, T-23-S, R-31-E, Eddy County, New Mexico



2. Location of area water wells (as plotted in the Office of the State Engineers (OSE) WATERS database). It should be noted, OSE wells can be mis-located as older wells are plotted in the center of the quarter, quarter, quarter section, township, and range.
3. Total depth of the wells and/or depth to water (where provided) from the most recent available data is plotted adjacent to each located water well.

From the available data, multiple groundwater wells within the vicinity of the proposed pit location were logged as dry holes (with total depths greater than 300 feet), and the shallowest groundwater level was recorded as 168 feet below ground surface. This demonstrates that the area of the proposed pit achieves the required 50-feet of separation between the bottom of the containment and groundwater.

1.2.2 Geology

A geological map for the vicinity of the site was obtained from the New Mexico Bureau of Land Management, Carlsbad Field Office and was used to review the geologic setting for the proposed containment location. Based on the review of the geologic map, the containment location lies within the Halocene to Pleistocene age Eolian and Piedmont alluvial deposits consisting of interbedded wind-deposited sands and alluvium.

Area stratigraphy to a maximum depth of 75 feet below ground surface (bgs) was obtained from geotechnical borings conducted on the site by Terracon on August 2, 2017. The boring logs recorded silty sands with gravel and carbonate intrusions/cementation. Groundwater was not encountered in any borings performed onsite both before and after drilling.

In addition, deeper area stratigraphy, primarily a log of the Triassic section, was obtained from the New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources. The log was originally conducted by the Continental Oil Company for the Bell Lake No. 2 Unit located in the SE/4, SW/4, of Section 30, Township 23 North, Range 34 East, approximately 20 miles northwest of the proposed containment area. The reviewed stratigraphic columns show the uppermost surficial alluvial deposits are approximately 400-feet thick, and are underlain by the Triassic age Chinle and Santa Rosa formations. The Chinle and Santa Rosa formations consist primarily of fine-grained sandstones interbedded with siltstone and clay. Groundwater is noted to be contained within the permeable units of the Chinle and Santa Rosa sandstones, however existing data does not allow us to determine if the groundwater within these zones is confined or unconfined.

Figure 2 is reproduction of the USGS Bootleg Ridge New Mexico-Texas 7.5-Minute Series geologic map. Figure 2 shows the following:

1. Location of the proposed Containment
2. Geologic setting of the Containment

1.3 DISTANCE TO MUNICIPAL BOUNDARIES AND FRESH WATER FIELDS

Figure 3 demonstrates that the location is not located within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3. Figure 3 illustrates the following:

1. The closest municipality to the site is Loving, New Mexico located approximately 21 miles west-southwest of the containment location. In addition, the municipality of Carlsbad, New Mexico is located approximately 29 miles west of the proposed containment location.
2. The closest municipal well field is located approximately 35 miles west of the containment location (City of Carlsbad Sheeps Draw Well Field) serving the community of Carlsbad, New Mexico.

1.4 DISTANCE TO SUBSURFACE MINES

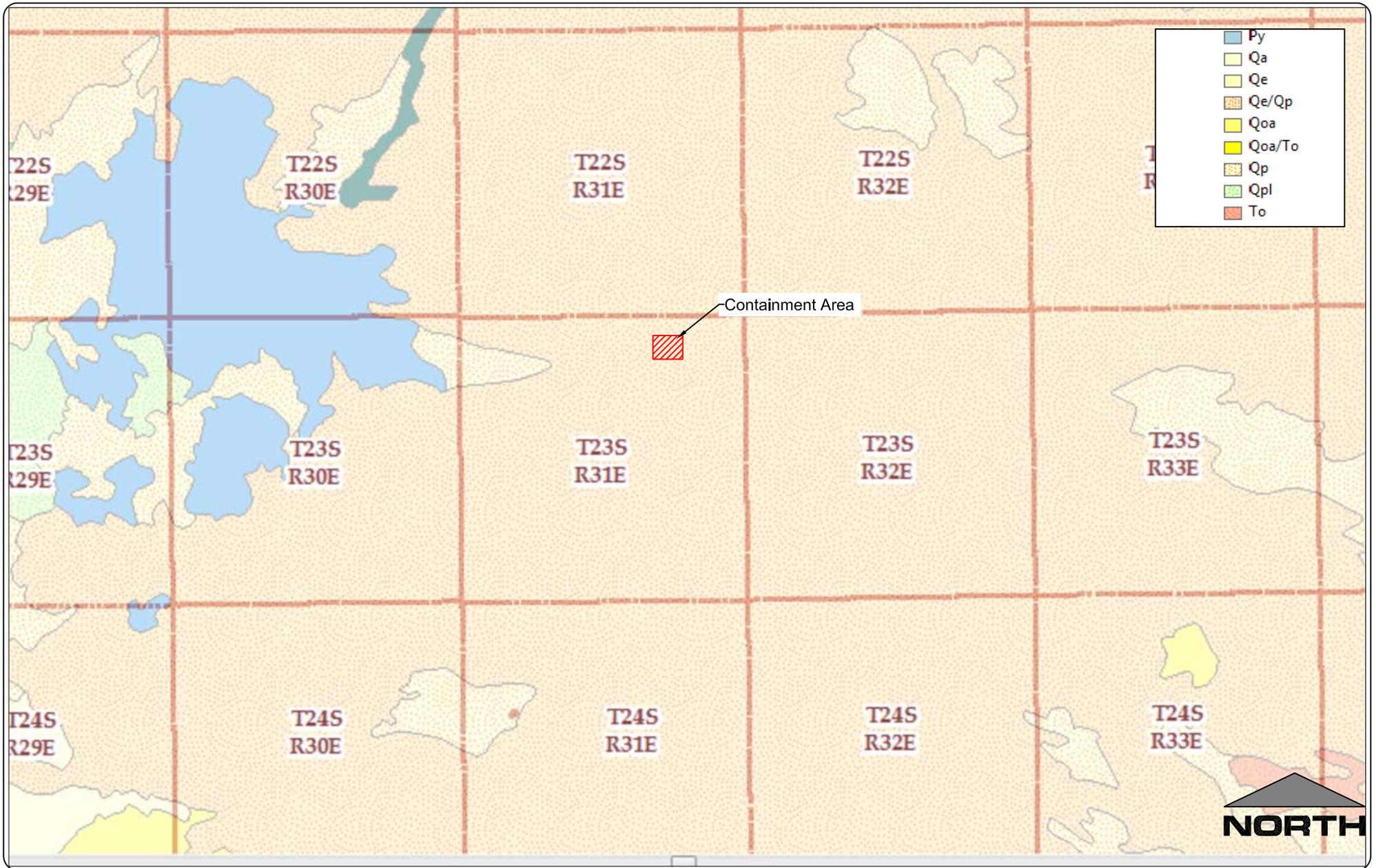
According to the New Mexico Mining and Minerals Division the nearest mines to the containment locations are surface stone aggregate and potash mines. The site location is not within an area overlying a subsurface mine, but is located within an area labeled “Industrial Mineral District.” Figure 4 illustrates the following.

1. The nearest mapped mine is a potash mine, located approximately 8-miles west of the containment area and a stone aggregate mine located 4 miles south of the proposed containment area (Figure 4).

1.5 DISTANCE TO HIGH OR CRITICAL KARST AREAS (UNSTABLE AREAS)

Figure 5 shows the location of the proposed contaminant area with respect to BLM mapped Karst areas.

1. The proposed Containment is located within a “low” potential karst area.
2. The nearest “high” or “critical” karst area is located approximately 4 miles west of the proposed containment location.
3. No evidence of solution voids were observed during the site inspection.



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 Figure 2 - USGS Geologic Map
 Project No. 017255-00
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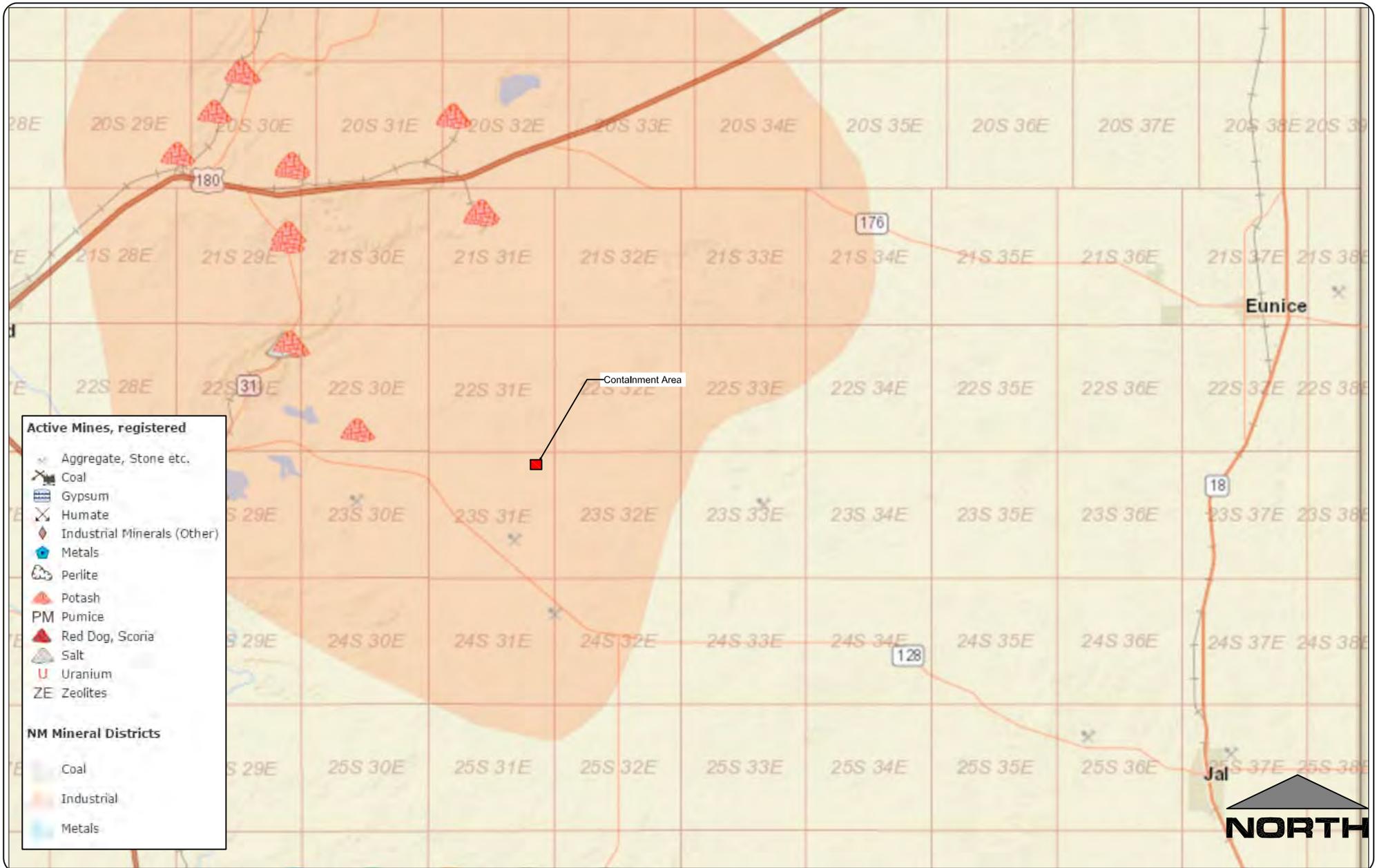
Devon Energy

Figure 3 - Municipality and Freshwater Fields Map

Project No. 017255-00

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Section 2, T-23-S, R-31-E, Eddy County, New Mexico





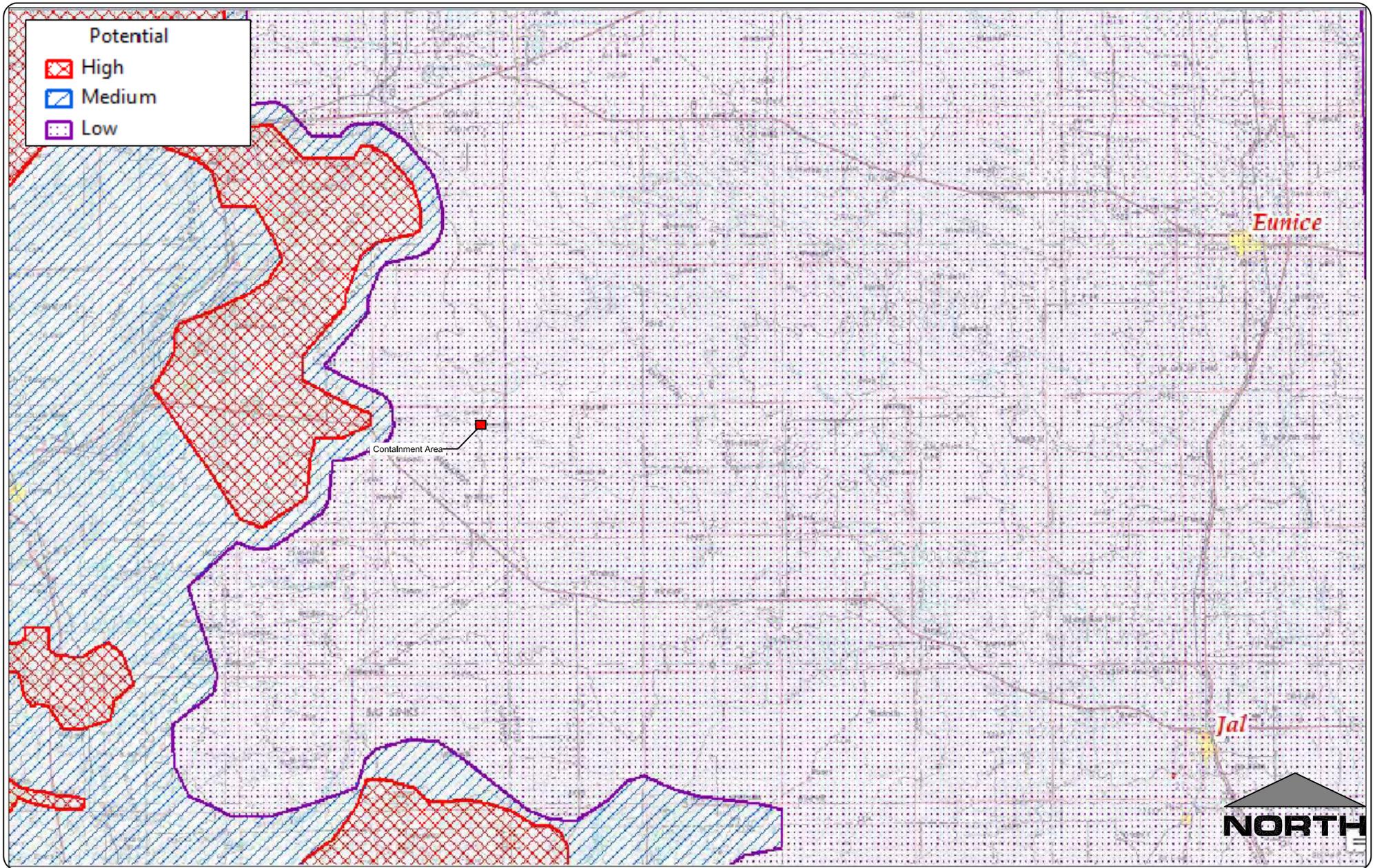
Devon Energy

Figure 4 - NM Mining and Minerals Division Active Mines Map

Project No. 017255-00

Todd 2 Containment Permit Application

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Figure 5 - BLM Karst Potential Map

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1.6 DISTANCE TO 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Flood Insurance maps were reviewed for the location of the site. The site is located on FEMA map panel number 335025C1725D, which was noted as “not printed.” The FEMA map panel has not been printed because the entire area of the panel, including the containment location, was defined as “Zone D.” Figure 6 demonstrates the area of the site is not located within a 100-year Floodplain.

1. The site is located within “Zone D.” Zone D is described as areas with possible but undetermined flood hazards. No flood hazard analysis has been conducted for this area.

1.7 DISTANCE TO SURFACE WATER

Figure 7 is reproduction of the USGS Bootleg Ridge 7.5-Minute Series topographic map that demonstrates the site location is not within 300-feet of a continuously flowing watercourse or other significant watercourse, or within 200-feet of a lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (as measured from the ordinary high-water mark). Figure 7 demonstrates the following:

1. No continuously flowing watercourses or other water bodies defined by NMOCD
2. The closest surface water body is a pond associated with the “Clifton Well” located approximately 4.5 miles east of the proposed containment location.

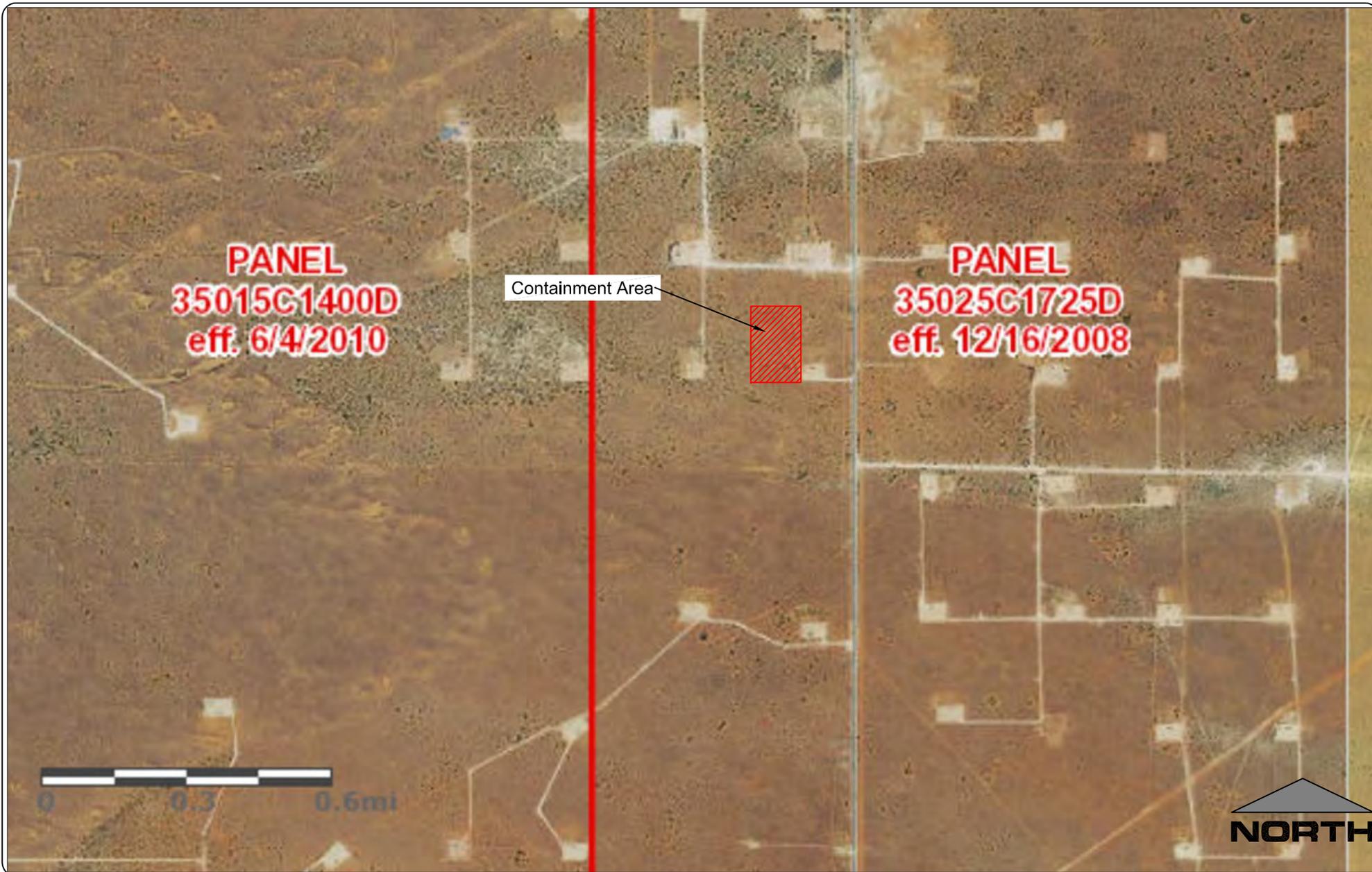
1.8 DISTANCE TO PERMANENT RESIDENCES OR STRUCTURES

Figure 8 is reproduction of the USGS Bootleg Ridge New Mexico-Texas 7.5-Minute Series topographic map that demonstrates the site location is not within 1,000-feet of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, church, or other permanent structure in existence at the time of initial application. The nearest manmade structures to the site location appear to be oil field tank batteries.

1.9 DISTANCE TO NON-PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

The site is not located within 500-horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock watering purposes. In addition, the site is not located within 1,000-feet of any other fresh water well or spring, as documented at the time of this application. Figure 1 illustrates the following.

1. Figure 1 shows the location of area water wells, active or plugged, relative to the proposed site location.



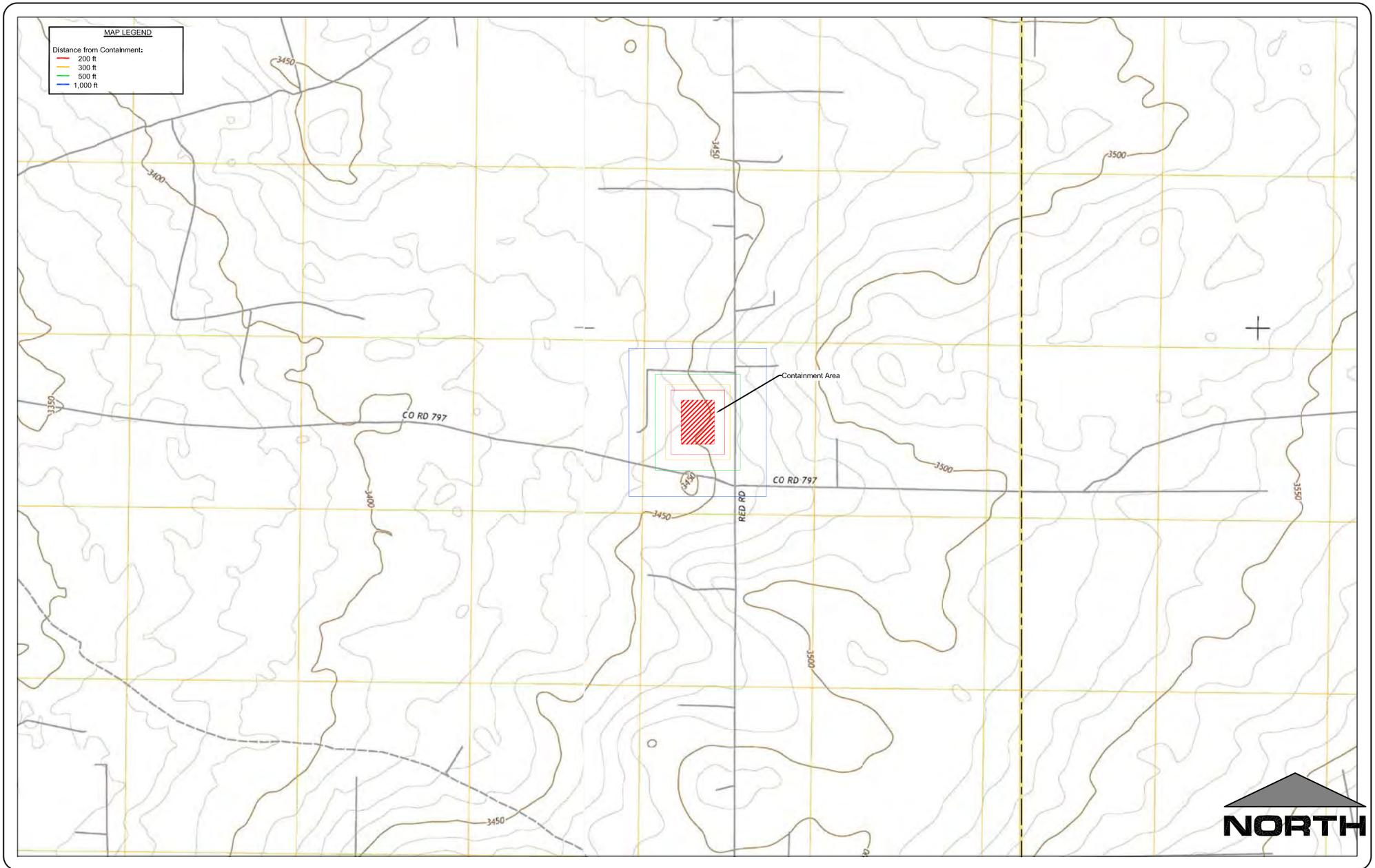
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Figure 6 - FEMA Map

Project No. 017255-00

Todd 2 Containment Permit Application
Section 2, T-23-S, R-31-E, Eddy County, New Mexico

 **ENVIROTECH**
ENGINEERING & CONSULTING, INC.



Devon Energy

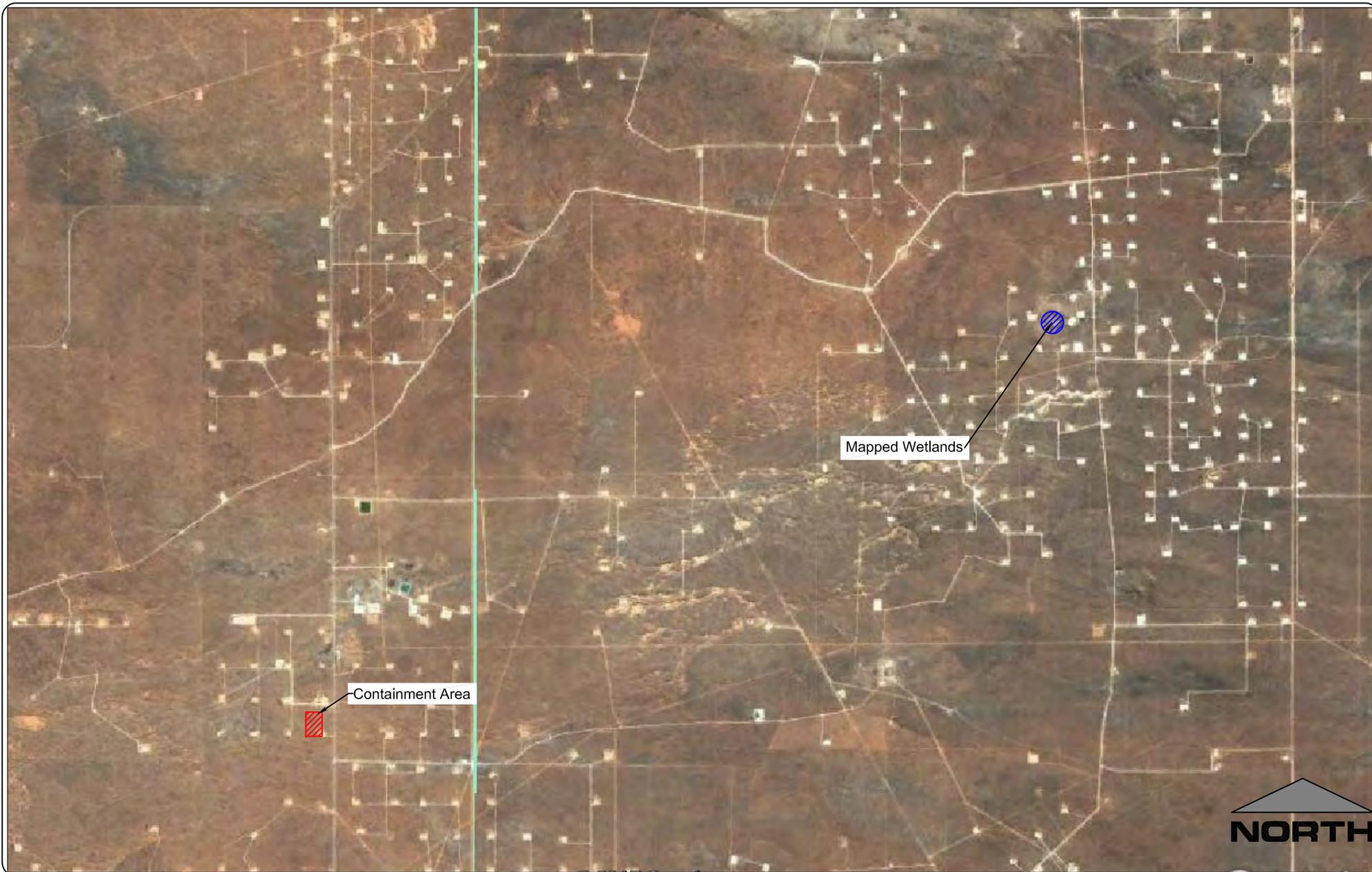
Figure 7 - Distance From Municipalities, Structures, and Wells

Project No. 017255-00

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Figure 8 - Wetlands Location Map

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2. There are no known domestic water wells located within 1,000-feet of the proposed site location.
3. No springs were identified within the mapping area (refer to Figure 7).

1.10 DISTANCE TO WETLANDS

The U.S Fish and Wildlife National Wetlands Inventory maps were reviewed for the area of the site. Figure 9 demonstrates the site is not located within an area of a mapped wetland.

1. The nearest designated wetland to the site is freshwater pond with a wetland code PUSAh (Palustrine, Unconsolidated Shore, Temporarily Flooded, Diked/Impounded). The mapped wetland is located approximately 6.25 miles east of the site, and is labeled "Hayfield Tank."

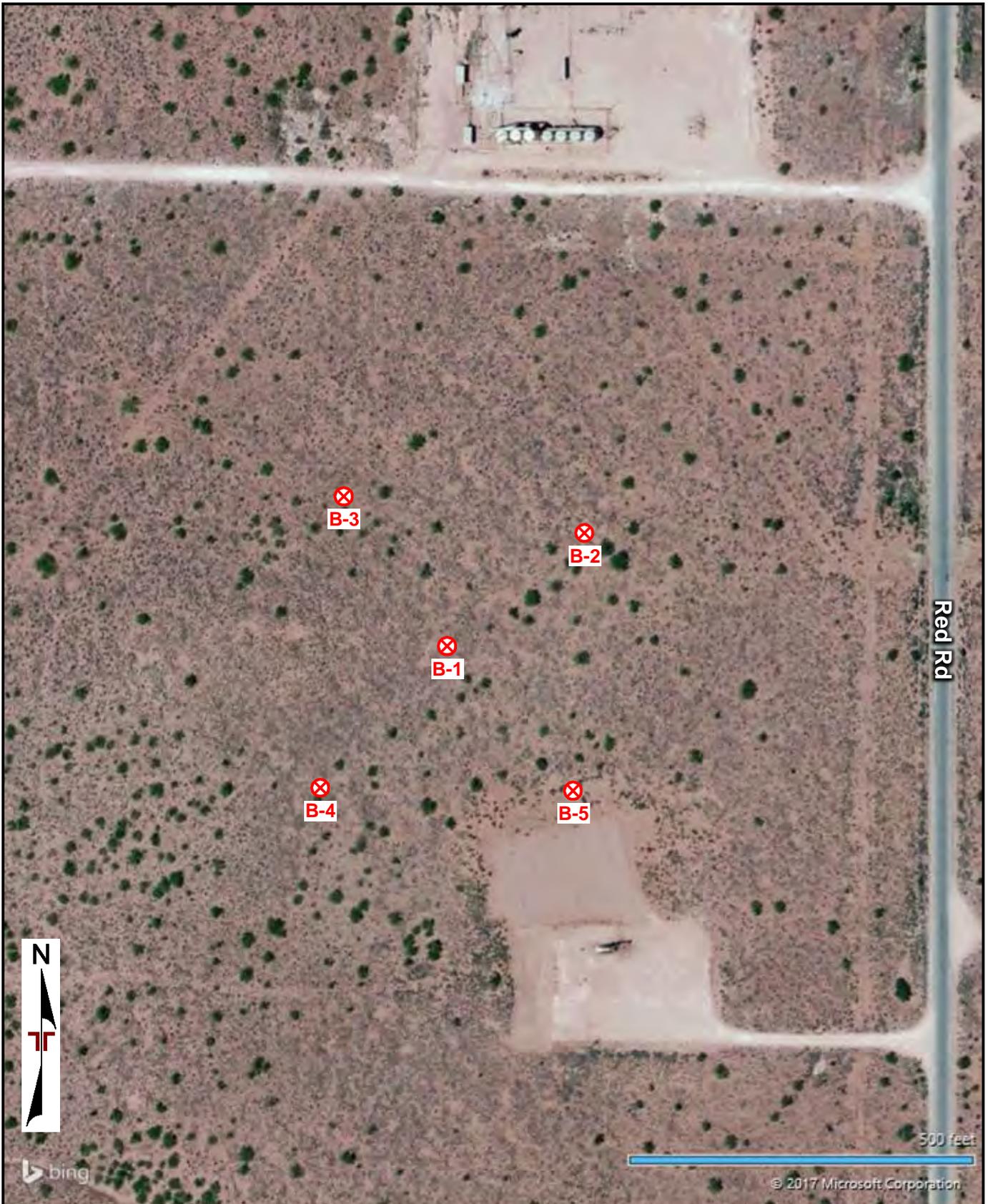


DIAGRAM IS FOR GENERAL LOCATION ONLY, AND IS NOT INTENDED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES

APPROXIMATE BORING LOCATION

AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY PROVIDED BY MICROSOFT BING MAPS

Project Manager:	JDC	Project No.	68175093
Drawn by:	RR	Scale:	AS SHOWN
Checked by:	JDC	File Name:	FIGURES
Approved by:	JDC	Date:	8/4/2017

Terracon
 4450 Bataan Memorial E
 Las Cruces, NM 88011-6000

BORING LOCATION PLAN

Todd 2 Water Impoundment Pond
 West of Red Road about 30 miles east of Carlsbad NM
 Eddy County, NM

Exhibit
A-2

BORING LOG NO. B-2

PROJECT: Todd 2 Water Impoundment Pond

CLIENT: EnviroTech Engineering & Consulting Inc
Enid, OK

SITE: West of Red Road about 30 miles east of Carlsbad NM
Eddy County, NM

GRAPHIC LOG	LOCATION See Exhibit A-2	DEPTH (Ft.)	WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE TYPE	FIELD TEST RESULTS	WATER CONTENT (%)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pcf)	ATTERBERG LIMITS	PERCENT FINES
	Latitude: 32.32963° Longitude: -103.74234°							LL-PL-PI	
DEPTH	Approximate Surface Elev: 3456 (Ft.) +/- ELEVATION (Ft.)								
<p>POORLY GRADED SAND WITH SILT (SP-SM), orange to brown, loose</p> <p>orange to reddish-brown</p> <p>medium dense</p> <p>light brown to white, very dense, carbonate indurations</p> <p>21.5 reddish-brown to dark brown</p>	<p>3434.5 +/-</p>	<p>5</p> <p>10</p> <p>15</p> <p>20</p>	<p>X</p> <p>X</p> <p>X</p> <p>X</p>	<p>3-3-5 N=8</p> <p>3-4-5 N=9</p> <p>6-8-10 N=18</p> <p>25-33-39 N=72</p> <p>50/5"</p>	<p>1</p>	<p>NP</p>	<p>6</p>		
<p>Boring Terminated at 21.5 Feet</p>									

Stratification lines are approximate. In-situ, the transition may be gradual.

Hammer Type: Automatic

Advancement Method:
Hollow stem auger

See Exhibit A-3 for description of field procedures.
See Appendix B for description of laboratory procedures and additional data (if any).
See Appendix C for explanation of symbols and abbreviations.

Notes:

Abandonment Method:
Boring backfilled with auger cuttings upon completion.

WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS



Boring Started: 08-02-2017

Boring Completed: 08-02-2017

Drill Rig: CME 75

Driller: Enviro-drill

Project No.: 68175093

Exhibit: A-5

THIS BORING LOG IS NOT VALID IF SEPARATED FROM ORIGINAL REPORT. GEO SMART LOG-NO WELL_68175093 TODD 2 MADERA WAT.GPJ TERRACON_DATATEMPLATE.GDT 8/17/17

BORING LOG NO. B-3

PROJECT: Todd 2 Water Impoundment Pond

CLIENT: EnviroTech Engineering & Consulting Inc
Enid, OK

SITE: West of Red Road about 30 miles east of Carlsbad NM
Eddy County, NM

THIS BORING LOG IS NOT VALID IF SEPARATED FROM ORIGINAL REPORT. GEO SMART LOG-NO WELL_68175093 TODD 2 MADERA WAT.GPJ TERRACON_DATATEMPLATE.GDT 8/17/17

GRAPHIC LOG	LOCATION See Exhibit A-2	DEPTH (Ft.)	WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE TYPE	FIELD TEST RESULTS	WATER CONTENT (%)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pcf)	ATTERBERG LIMITS	PERCENT FINES
	Latitude: 32.32978° Longitude: -103.74347°							LL-PL-PI	
DEPTH	Approximate Surface Elev: 3451 (Ft.) +/- ELEVATION (Ft.)								
<p>POORLY GRADED SAND WITH SILT (SP-SM), orange to brown, medium dense</p> <p>reddish-brown</p> <p>light brown to white, very dense, carbonate indurations</p> <p>light brown to white, dense</p> <p>21.5 reddish-brown to white, very dense</p> <p>Boring Terminated at 21.5 Feet</p>	<p>3429.5+/-</p>	<p>5</p> <p>10</p> <p>15</p> <p>20</p>	<p>X</p> <p>X</p> <p>X</p> <p>X</p>	<p>4-6-8 N=14</p> <p>7-8-8 N=16</p> <p>50/4"</p> <p>14-17-22 N=39</p> <p>25-32-36 N=68</p>	<p>4</p>	<p>NP</p>	<p>9</p>		

Stratification lines are approximate. In-situ, the transition may be gradual.

Hammer Type: Automatic

Advancement Method:
Hollow stem auger

See Exhibit A-3 for description of field procedures.
See Appendix B for description of laboratory procedures and additional data (if any).

Notes:

Abandonment Method:
Boring backfilled with auger cuttings upon completion.

See Appendix C for explanation of symbols and abbreviations.

WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS



Boring Started: 08-02-2017	Boring Completed: 08-02-2017
Drill Rig: CME 75	Driller: Enviro-drill
Project No.: 68175093	Exhibit: A-6

BORING LOG NO. B-4

PROJECT: Todd 2 Water Impoundment Pond

CLIENT: EnviroTech Engineering & Consulting Inc
Enid, OK

SITE: West of Red Road about 30 miles east of Carlsbad NM
Eddy County, NM

GRAPHIC LOG	LOCATION See Exhibit A-2	DEPTH (Ft.)	WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE TYPE	FIELD TEST RESULTS	WATER CONTENT (%)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pcf)	ATTERBERG LIMITS	PERCENT FINES
	Latitude: 32.3286° Longitude: -103.74358°							LL-PL-PI	
DEPTH	Approximate Surface Elev: 3445 (Ft.) +/- ELEVATION (Ft.)								
21.5	SILTY SAND (SM) , orange to light brown, loose reddish-brown, dense very dense, carbonate indurations	5 10 15 20		X X X X	2-3-3 N=6 12-17-18 N=35 11-20-50/5" 28-50 23-34-37 N=71	7		NP	21
21.5	Boring Terminated at 21.5 Feet	21.5							

Stratification lines are approximate. In-situ, the transition may be gradual.

Hammer Type: Automatic

Advancement Method:
Hollow stem auger

See Exhibit A-3 for description of field procedures.
See Appendix B for description of laboratory procedures and additional data (if any).

Notes:

Abandonment Method:
Boring backfilled with auger cuttings upon completion.

See Appendix C for explanation of symbols and abbreviations.

WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS



Boring Started: 08-02-2017

Boring Completed: 08-02-2017

Drill Rig: CME 75

Driller: Enviro-drill

Project No.: 68175093

Exhibit: A-7

THIS BORING LOG IS NOT VALID IF SEPARATED FROM ORIGINAL REPORT. GEO SMART LOG-NO WELL_68175093 TODD 2 MADERA WAT.GPJ TERRACON_DATATEMPLATE.GDT 8/17/17

BORING LOG NO. B-5

PROJECT: Todd 2 Water Impoundment Pond

CLIENT: EnviroTech Engineering & Consulting Inc
Enid, OK

SITE: West of Red Road about 30 miles east of Carlsbad NM
Eddy County, NM

GRAPHIC LOG	LOCATION See Exhibit A-2	DEPTH (Ft.)	WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS	SAMPLE TYPE	FIELD TEST RESULTS	WATER CONTENT (%)	DRY UNIT WEIGHT (pcf)	ATTERBERG LIMITS		PERCENT FINES
	Latitude: 32.32861° Longitude: -103.74239°							LL-PL-PI		
DEPTH	Approximate Surface Elev: 3455 (Ft.) +/- ELEVATION (Ft.)									
21.5	SILTY SAND (SM) , reddish-brown, loose									
	very dense, carbonate indurations	5			2-3-4 N=7					
					2-4-5 N=9					
	dark brown to white	10			23-22-40 N=62	6		NP	26	
		15			17-34-50/5"					
		20			50/3"					
21.5	Boring Terminated at 21.5 Feet									

Stratification lines are approximate. In-situ, the transition may be gradual.

Hammer Type: Automatic

Advancement Method:
Hollow stem auger

Abandonment Method:
Boring backfilled with auger cuttings upon completion.

See Exhibit A-3 for description of field procedures.
See Appendix B for description of laboratory procedures and additional data (if any).
See Appendix C for explanation of symbols and abbreviations.

Notes:

WATER LEVEL OBSERVATIONS

4450 Bataan Memorial E
Las Cruces, NM

Boring Started: 08-02-2017	Boring Completed: 08-02-2017
Drill Rig: CME 75	Driller: Enviro-drill
Project No.: 68175093	Exhibit: A-8

THIS BORING LOG IS NOT VALID IF SEPARATED FROM ORIGINAL REPORT. GEO SMART LOG-NO WELL_68175093 TODD 2 MADERA WAT.GPJ TERRACON_DATATEMPLATE.GDT 8/17/17



SITE CRITERIA – C147 PERMIT
TODD 2 CONTAINMENT POND
SECTION 2, T 23 S, R 31 E, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
2017
017255

Appendix A

Engineer Drawings



TODD 2 WATER TREATMENT FACILITY

Section 2 - Township 23 South, Range 31 East, N.M.P.M. - Eddy County, new Mexico

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION



Index to Drawings

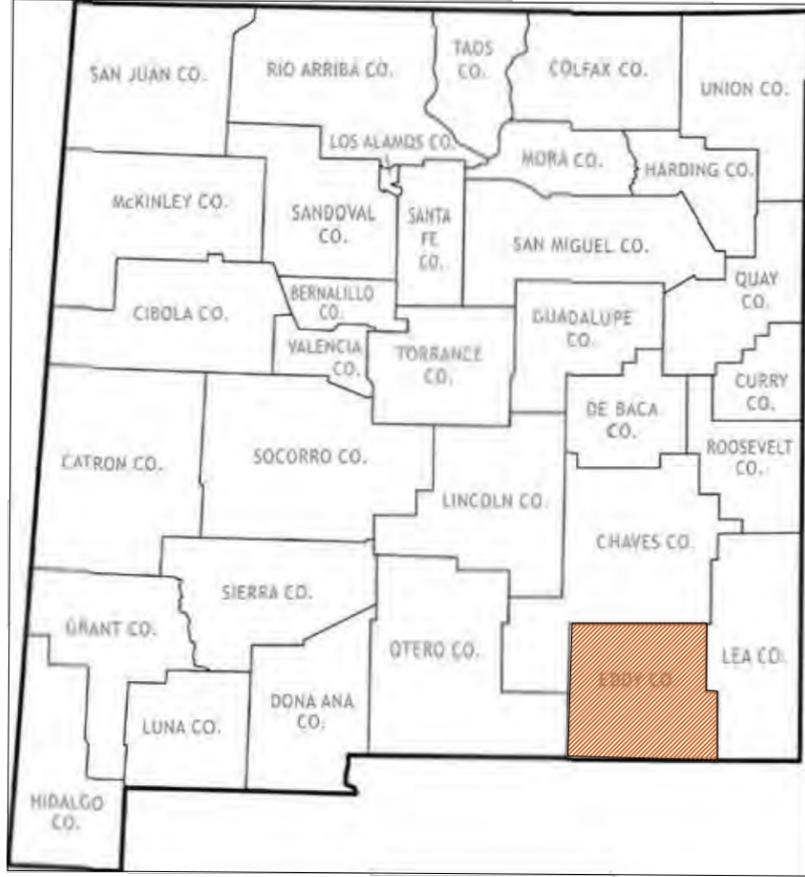
Sheet No.	Description
1.	Cover Sheet
2.	Project Location Plan
3.	Site Plan
4.	Site Prep / Staking Plan
5.	Cross Sections
6.	Sump Plan & Details
7.	Miscellaneous Details
8.	Miscellaneous Details

Contacts

Devon Energy Corporation - Steven Richards

Envirotech Engineering - Jimmy Stallings 580-234-8780
(Design Engineer)





Elevation Ft.	Area Sq. Ft.	Incr. Depth Ft.	Inc. Vol. Cu. Ft.	Total Vol. Cu. Ft.	Total Vol. Gallons	Total Vol. Barrels
3,456	245,694	1	242,882	3,873,594	28,974,485	689,869
3,455	240,070	1	237,285	3,630,713	27,157,730	646,613
3,454	234,501	1	231,744	3,393,427	25,382,837	604,353
3,453	228,988	1	226,259	3,161,683	23,649,390	563,081
3,452	223,531	1	220,830	2,935,424	21,956,972	522,785
3,451	218,129	1	215,456	2,714,594	20,305,165	483,456
3,450	212,784	1	210,139	2,499,138	18,693,552	445,085
3,449	207,494	1	204,877	2,288,999	17,121,715	407,660
3,448	202,260	1	199,671	2,084,123	15,589,237	371,172
3,447	197,081	1	194,520	1,884,452	14,095,701	335,612
3,446	191,959	1	189,426	1,689,932	12,640,690	300,969
3,445	186,892	1	184,387	1,500,506	11,223,785	267,233
3,444	181,882	1	179,404	1,316,119	9,844,571	234,395
3,443	176,927	1	174,477	1,136,715	8,502,628	202,444
3,442	172,027	1	169,606	962,238	7,197,541	171,370
3,441	167,184	1	164,790	792,632	5,928,891	141,164
3,440	162,396	1	160,030	627,842	4,696,261	111,816
3,439	157,664	1	155,326	467,812	3,499,234	83,315
3,438	152,988	1	150,678	312,486	2,337,393	55,652
3,437	148,368	1	107,844	161,807	1,210,320	28,817
3,436	67,320	1	41,879	53,963	403,647	9,611
3,435	16,438	1	12,085	12,085	90,393	2,152
3,434	7,731	N/A	N/A			

Freeboard Volume

Sump Volume

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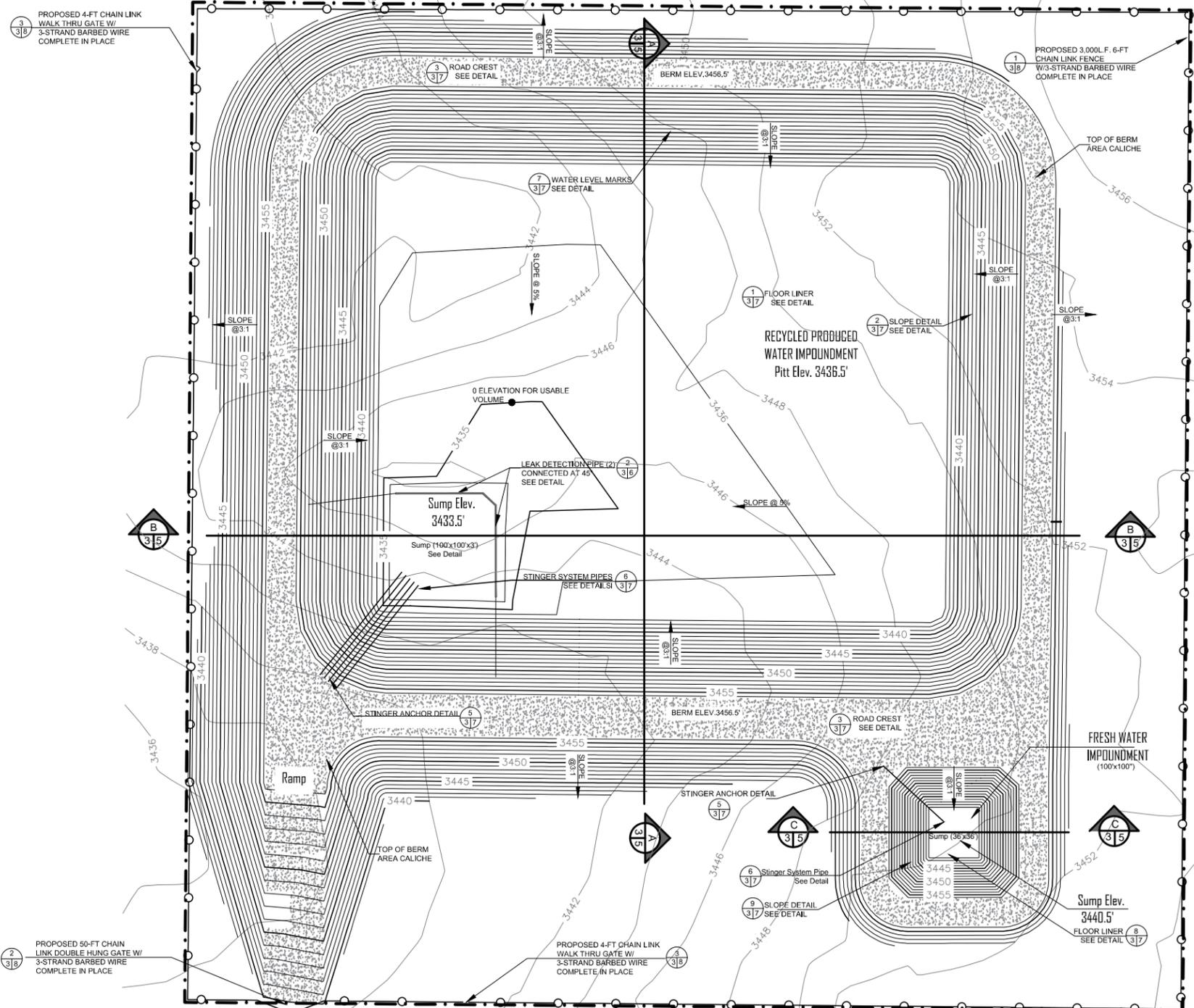
NO.	DATE	REVISION	DRAWN BY	CHECKED BY

ENVIROTECH
 ENGINEERING & CONSULTING, INC.
 2500 North 11th Street - Enid, Oklahoma 73701
 Phone (580) 224-8781 Fax (580) 231-4602
 C.T. #1501 - Copeland Drive - 6-30-2016
 www.envirotechinc.com

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION

PROJECT LOCATION PLAN
 Todd 2 Water Treatment Facility
 Section 2-Township 23 South, Range 31 East
 N.M.P.M. - EDDY County, New Mexico

Date:	JUNE 2017
Scale:	1"=100'
Designed by:	T. Williams
Drawn by:	R. Stout
Checked by:	J. Stallings
Project No.:	17-255-00



Preliminary Site Volume Table: Adjusted

Site	Stratum	Surface 1	Surface 2	Fill Factor	Cut		Fill		NET	Method
					cubic yard	cubic yard	cubic yard	cubic yard		
DEVON TODD 2	EW Todd REV	Existing	Proposed	20%	84,431	68,182	16,249(C)			Grid
										Grid
Quantities do not include removal and replacement of topsoil									16,249(C)	



- GENERAL NOTES:**
1. PREPARED SUBGRADE MEANS COMPACTED SMOOTH SUBGRADE FREE OF ROCK, ROOTS, WOOD DEBRIS, CONCRETE RUBBLE AND ANY SHARP OBJECTS THAT MIGHT PUNCTURE THE HDPE LINER.
 2. ALL INTERIOR SLOPES AND TOP OF BERMS TO BE SMOOTH DRUM ROLLED.
 3. ALL EMBANKMENT SLOPES SHALL HAVE A RATIO OF 3:1. COMPACTED EARTH EMBANKMENTS TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITH 12 INCH (MAXIMUM LOOSE LIFTS, COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.
 4. PERFORM GEOTECHNICAL ANALYSIS ON EXISTING SOIL TO CONFIRM SOIL IS SUITABLE FOR USE IN THE LEVEE.
 5. ALL BOTTOM OF PITS SHALL SLOPE TO THE SUMP @ 0.5%.

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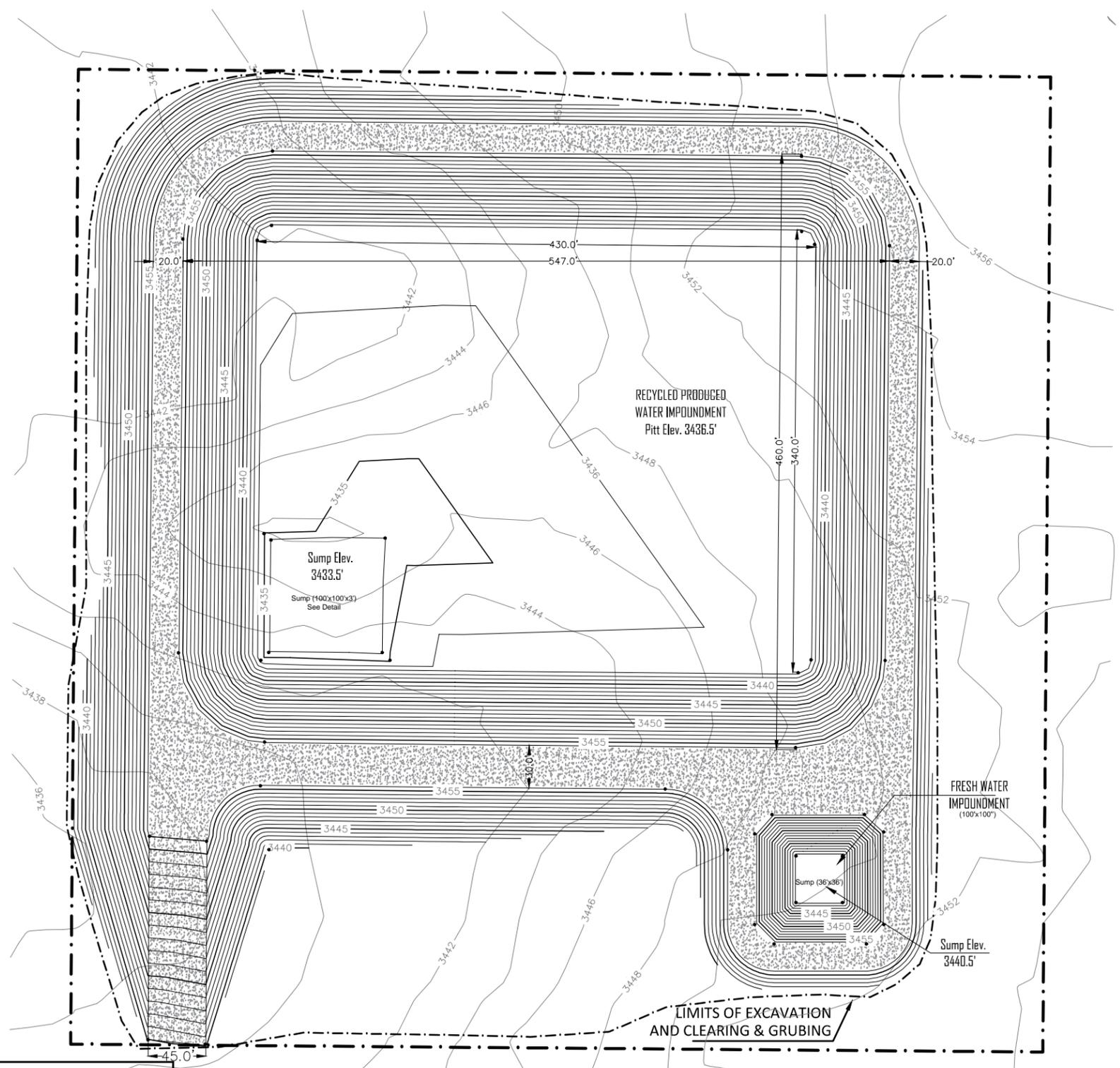
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 ENGINEERING & CONSULTING, INC.
 2500 North 11th Street, Fort Collins, CO 80501
 Phone (970) 224-8700, Fax (970) 224-7902
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 www.envirotechconsulting.com

DEVON ENERGY CORPORATION



SITE PLAN
 Todd 2 Water Treatment Facility
 Section 2-Township 23 South, Range 31 East
 N.M.P.M. - EDDY County, New Mexico

Date: JUNE 2017	Scale: 1"=100'
Designed by: T. Williams	Drawn by: R. Stout
Checked by: J. Stallings	Project No. 17-255-00



Preliminary Site Volume Table: Adjusted

Item	Surface 1	Surface 2	Fill Factor	Cut cubic yard	Fill cubic yard	NET cubic yard	Method
4 REV	Existing	Proposed	20%	84,431	68,182	16,249(C)	Grid

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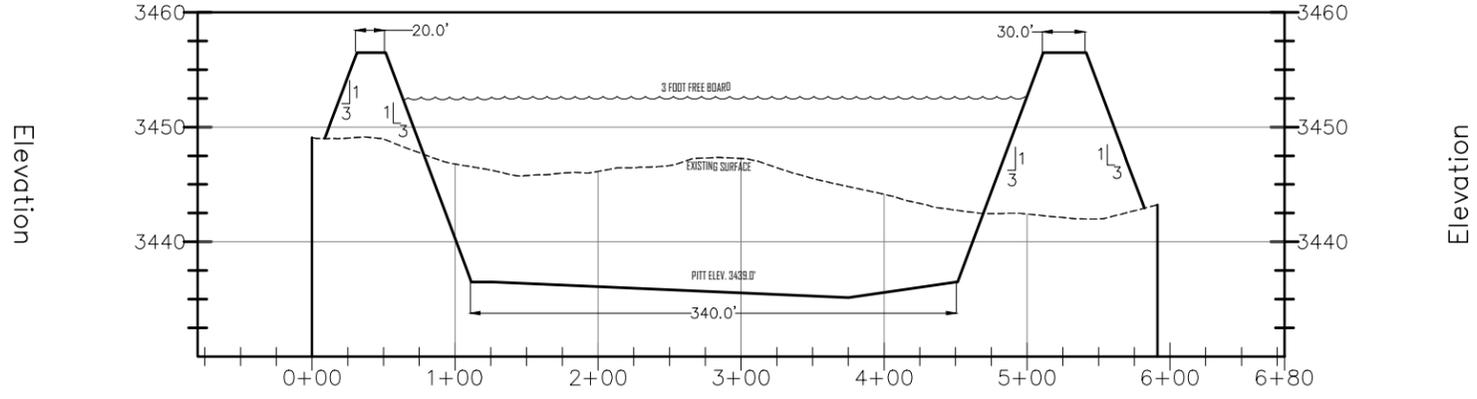
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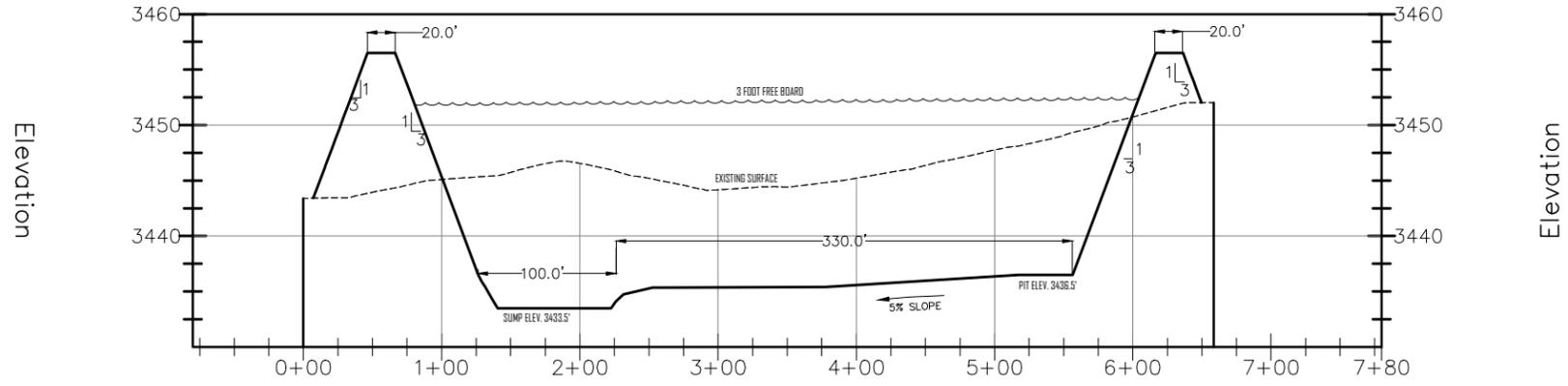
SITE PREP/STAKING PLAN
 Todd 2 Water Treatment Facility
 Section 2-Township 23 South, Range 31 East
 N.M.P.M. - EDDY County, New Mexico

Date:	JUNE 2017
Scale:	1"=100'
Designed by:	T. Williams
Drawn by:	R. Stout
Checked by:	J. Stallings
Project No.	17255-00

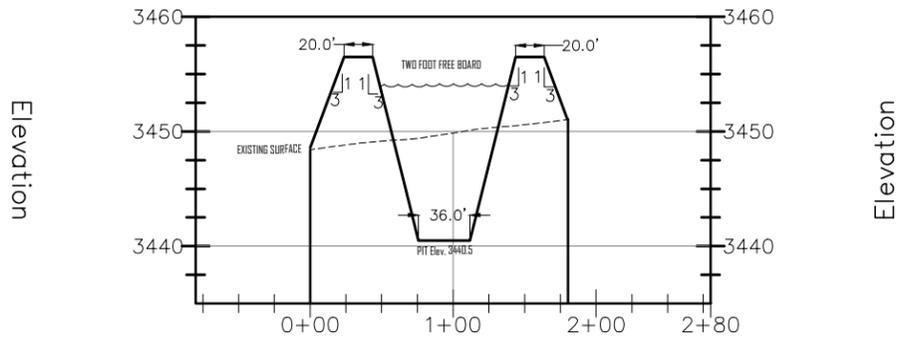
Todd 2 Water Treatment Alignment – A Profile



Todd 2 Water Treatment Alignment – B Profile



Todd 2 Fresh Water Alignment – C Profile



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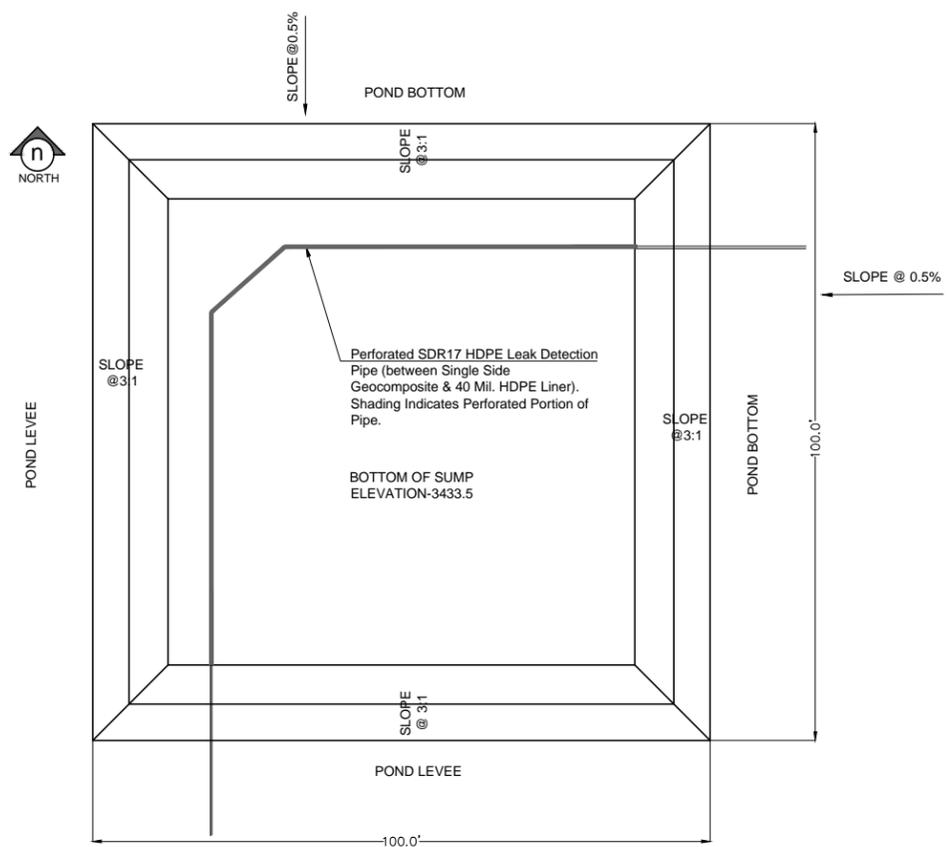
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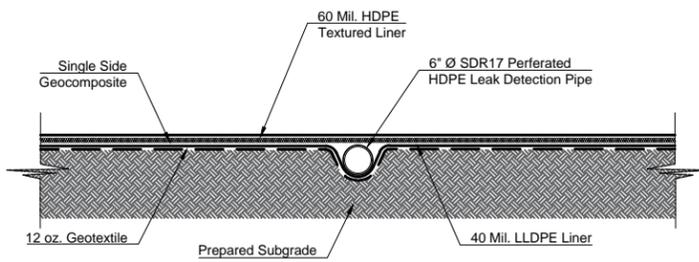
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CROSS SECTIONS
 Todd 2 Water Treatment Facility
 Section 2-Township 23 South, Range 31 East
 N.M.P.M. - EDDY County, New Mexico

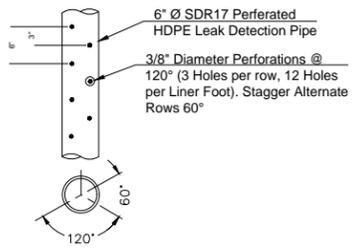
Date:	JUNE 2017
Scale:	NTS
Designed by:	T. Williams
Drawn by:	R. Stout
Checked by:	J. Stallings
Project No.:	17.255-00



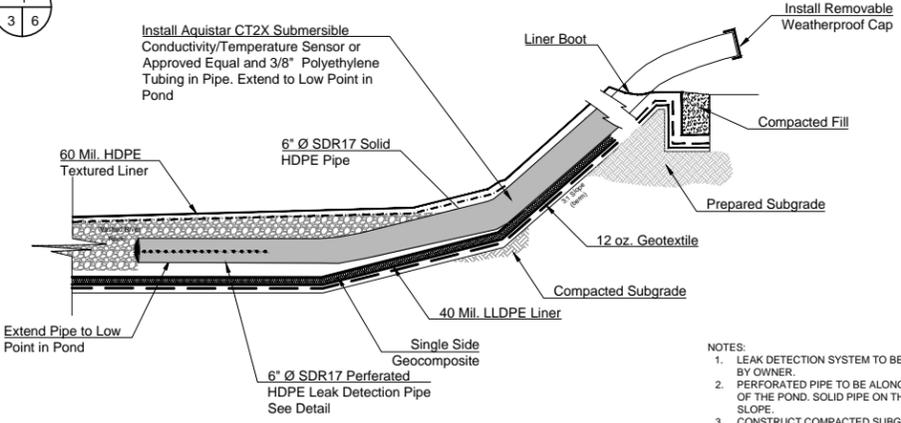
POND SUMP PLAN VIEW
Not to Scale



LEAK DETECTION PIPE DETAIL
Not to Scale



PERFORATED PIPE DETAIL
Not to Scale



LEAK DETECTION/SAMPLING SYSTEM DETAIL
Not to Scale



- NOTES:
1. LEAK DETECTION SYSTEM TO BE INSTALLED BY OWNER.
 2. PERFORATED PIPE TO BE ALONG THE BOTTOM OF THE POND. SOLID PIPE ON THE SIDE SLOPE.
 3. CONSTRUCT COMPACTED SUBGRADE TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR AS PER ASTM D-698.
 4. EXTEND 60 MIL. RUB SHEET 1.0-FT PAST TOP OF SHOULDER OF SUMP.
 5. WASH RIVER ROCK SHALL BE 3/8" MIN. & 3/4" MAX.

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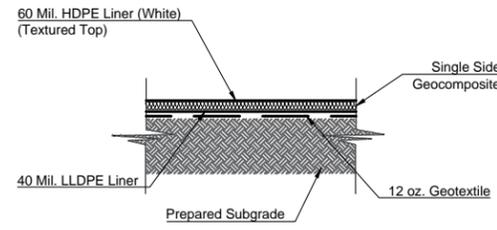
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2500 North 11th Street - End, Oklahoma 73701
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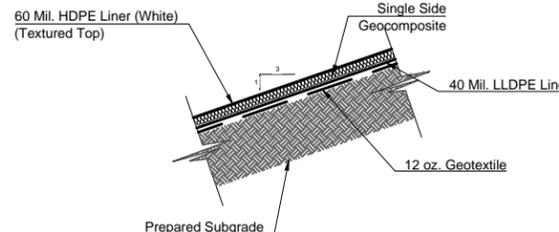
SUMP PLAN & DETAILS
Todd 2 Water Treatment Facility
Section 2-Township 23 South, Range 31 East
N.M.P.M. - EDDY County, New Mexico

Date:	JUNE 2017
Scale:	As Noted
Designed by:	T. Williams
Drawn by:	R. Stout
Checked by:	J. Stallings
Project No.	17-255-00



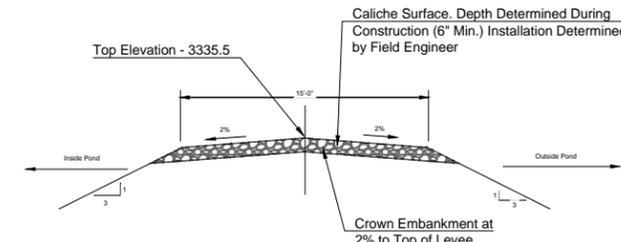
LINER SYSTEM FLOOR DETAIL
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1
3 8



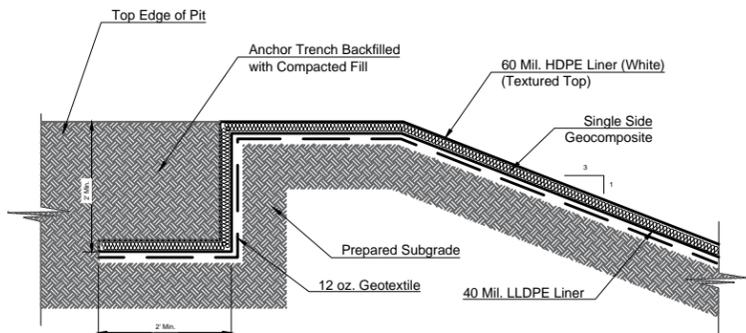
LINER SYSTEM SIDE SLOPE DETAIL
Not to Scale

2
3 8



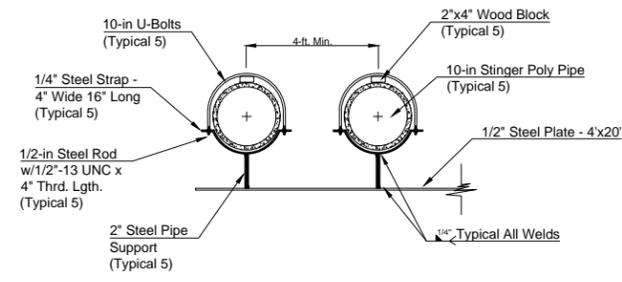
TYPICAL CREST DETAIL
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3
3 8



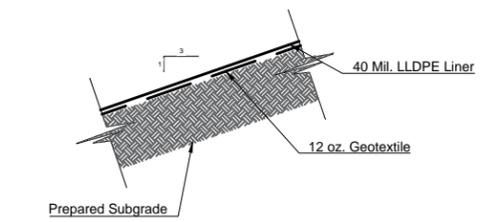
ANCHOR TRENCH DETAIL
Not to Scale

4
3 8



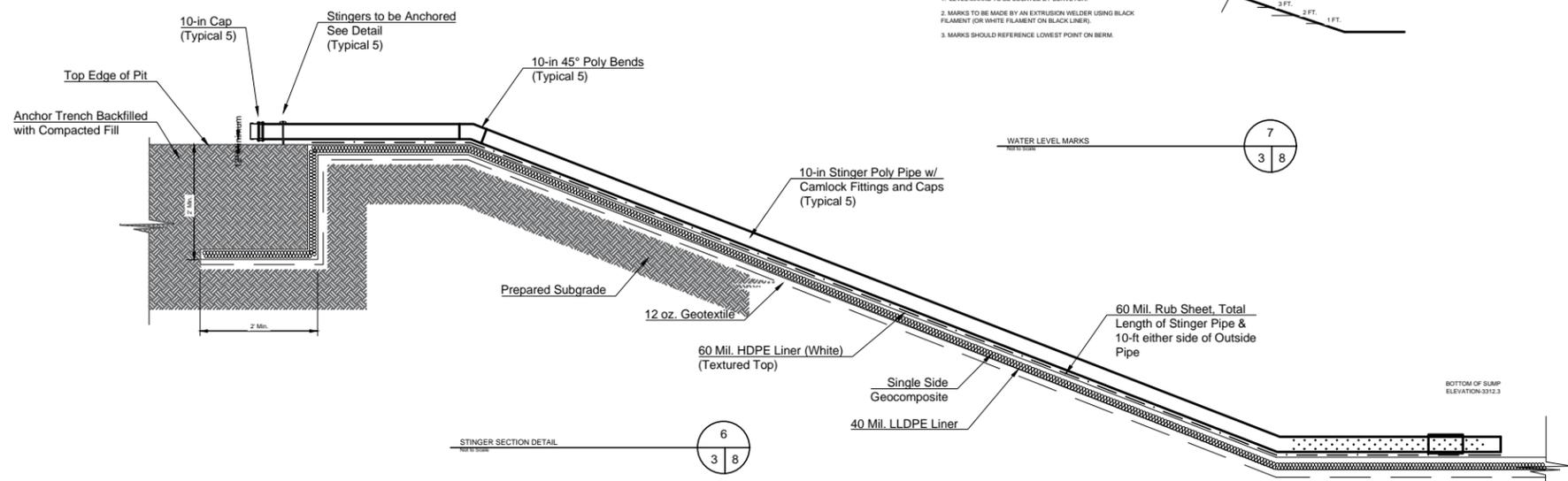
Stinger System Anchor Detail
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5
3 8



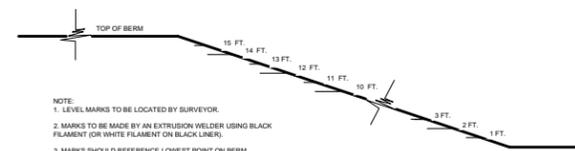
FRESHWATER LINER SYSTEM SIDE SLOPE DETAIL
Not to Scale

8
3 8



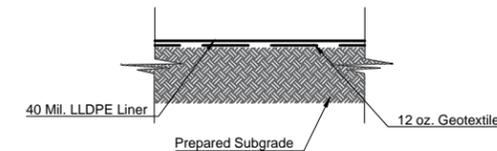
STINGER SECTION DETAIL
Not to Scale

6
3 8



WATER LEVEL MARKS
Not to Scale

7
3 8



FRESHWATER LINER SYSTEM FLOOR DETAIL
Not to Scale

9
3 8

- GENERAL NOTES:
1. PREPARED SUBGRADE MEANS COMPACTED SMOOTH SUBGRADE FREE OF ROCK, ROOTS, WOOD DEBRIS, CONCRETE RUBBLE AND ANY SHARP OBJECTS THAT MIGHT PUNCTURE THE HDPE LINER.
 2. ALL INTERIOR SLOPES AND TOP OF BERMS TO BE SMOOTH DRUM ROLLED.
 3. ALL EMBANKMENT SLOPES SHALL HAVE A RATIO OF 3:1. COMPACTED EARTH EMBANKMENTS TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITH 12 INCH MAXIMUM LOOSE LIFTS, COMPACTED TO 90% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.
 4. PERFORM GEOTECHNICAL ANALYSIS ON EXISTING SOIL TO CONFIRM SOIL IS SUITABLE FOR USE IN THE LEVEE.
 5. ALL BOTTOM OF PITS SHALL SLOPE TO THE SLIMP @ 0.5%.

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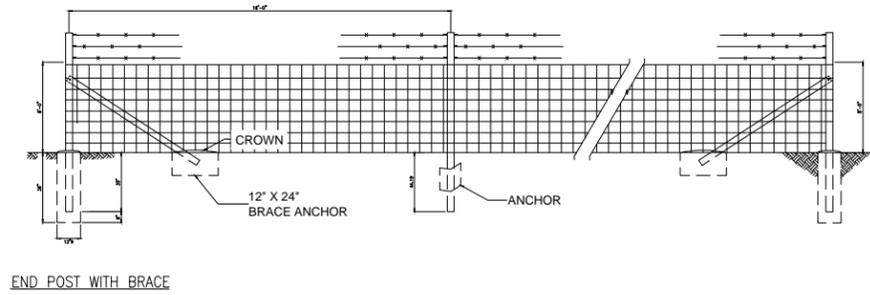
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ENGINEERING & CONSULTING, INC.
25100 North 11th Street - End, Oklahoma 73701
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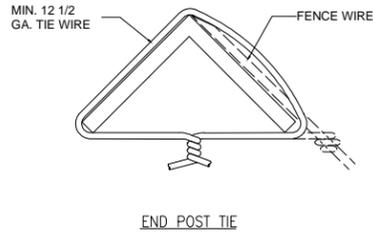


MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS
Rattlesnake Water Treatment Facility
Section 16-Township 26 South, Range 34 East
N.M.P.M. - Lea County, New Mexico

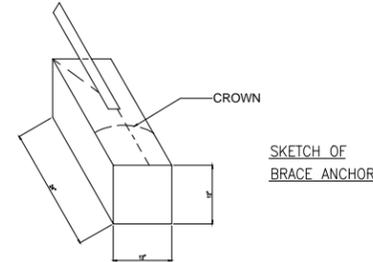
Date:	JULY 2017
Scale:	As Noted
Designed by:	T. Williams
Drawn by:	R. Stout
Checked by:	J. Stallings
Project No.:	17.274-00



END POST WITH BRACE

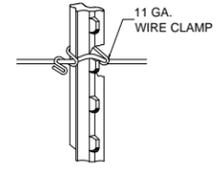


END POST TIE

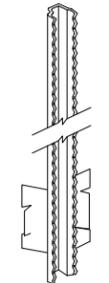


SKETCH OF BRACE ANCHOR

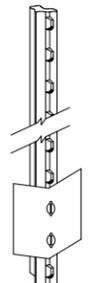
NOTE: HOLES IN END POSTS AND BRACES SHALL ACCOMODATE 1/2" GALVANIZED MACHINE BOLTS



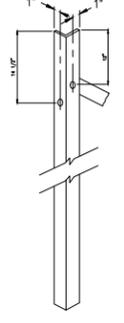
TIES FOR "STUDDED TEE" OR "U" POSTS



"U" LINE POST



"STUDDED TEE" LINE POST

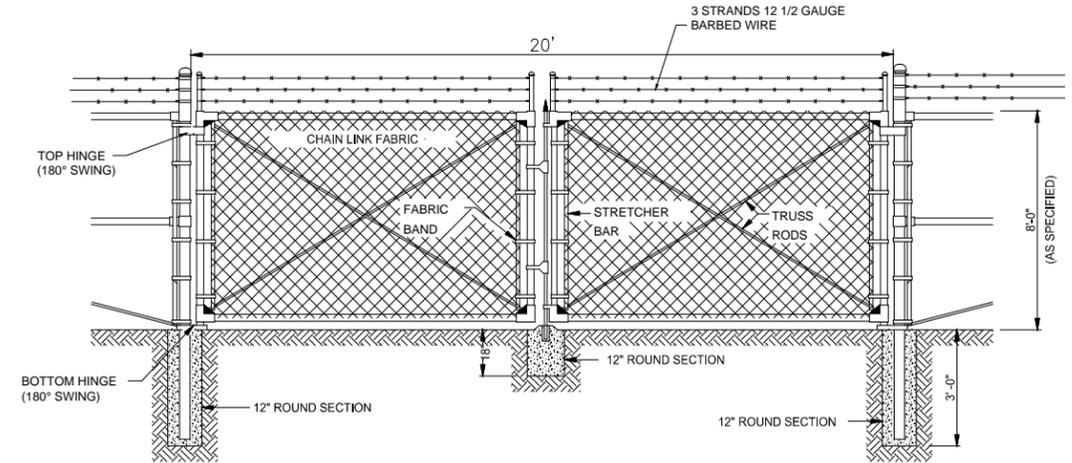


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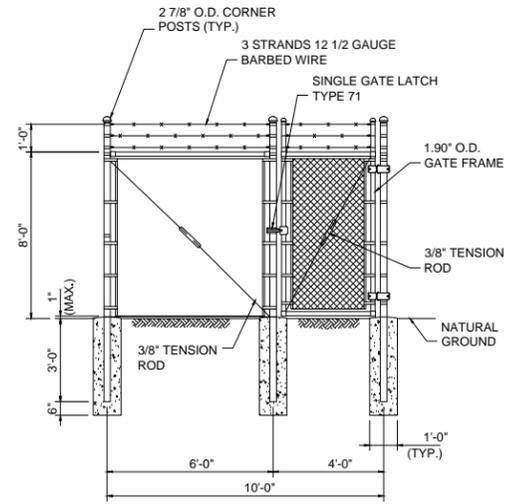
NOTES:

1. THIS DRAWING IS FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION.
2. DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS.
3. THIS DRAWING IS TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH 000-185B
4. CONTRACTORS NOTE: FOR PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION VISIT www.CADdetails.com/info REFERENCE NUMBER 000-185A.

BARRIER FENCE
Not to Scale



DOUBLE HUNG GATE DETAIL
Not to Scale



MAN GATE DETAIL
Not to Scale



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www.envirotechconsulting.com

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MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS
Todd 2 Water Treatment Facility
Section 2-Township 23 South, Range 31 East
N.M.P.M. - EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

Date:	JUNE 2017
Scale:	As Noted
Designed by:	T. Williams
Drawn by:	R. Stout
Checked by:	J. Stallings
Project No.:	17,255-00



SITE CRITERIA – C147 PERMIT
TODD 2 CONTAINMENT POND
SECTION 2, T 23 S, R 31 E, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
2017
017255

Appendix B

Design and Construction Plan



OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

Applicable mandates in Rule 34 are underlined. This plan addresses construction of lined earthen containments. Appendix A presents Engineering Design Plans. Appendix C provides liner and geotextile specifications.

Field conditions may create the need for minor modification of the containment design (e.g. changing the length, width or depth.)

Dike Protection and Structural Integrity

Design elements are addressed in the section of this submission containing the foundation recommendations. The recommendations are based on site-specific data. The operator, engineer, and selected contractor will review the recommendations prior to beginning the earthwork and adhere to the specific recommendations.

The design and operation provide for the confinement of produced water, to prevent releases and to prevent overtopping due to wave action or rainfall. Additionally, the design prevents run-on of surface water as the containment is surrounded by an above-grade levee (berm) and diversion ditch to prevent run-on of surface water.

Stockpile Topsoil

Where topsoil is present, prior to constructing containment, the operator will strip and stockpile the topsoil for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure. The topsoil will be stockpiled adjacent to perimeter fence surrounding the containment or incorporated into the levee.

Signage

The design calls for an upright sign no less than 12 inches by 24 inches with lettering not less than two inches in height in a conspicuous place on the fence surrounding the containment. The sign is posted in a manner and location such that a person can easily read the legend. The sign will provide the following information:

1. The operator's name,
2. The location of the site by quarter-quarter or unit letter, section, township and range, and
3. Emergency telephone numbers.

Fencing

The design provides for a fence to enclose the Recycling Containment in a manner that deters unauthorized wildlife and human access. The design calls for a 7-foot tall chain link and barbed wire fence around the containment to exclude wildlife (see detail on last page of engineering design). This fence provides greater wildlife (and human) deterrence than the minimum required barbed wire fence with four strands evenly spaced in the interval between one foot and four feet above ground level. The fence will be gated to provide access for maintenance and placement of pumps and other necessary equipment. As stated in the O&M plan, the operator will ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.

Netting and Protection of Wildlife

The game fence on the containment levee will be effective in excluding antelope, coyotes and most other terrestrial wildlife.

The containment will contain treated produced water that has not shown to be a material threat to birds due to hydrogen sulfide gas or floating, free-phase hydrocarbons. With respect to protection of birds, the operator will regularly inspect the lined earthen containment and report, within 30 days of discovery, any migratory or wildlife death to the appropriate wildlife agency as required by OCD Rules.

The Recycling Containment is otherwise protective of wildlife, including migratory birds. The O&M plan calls for the operator to inspect for and, within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.

The containment will have a properly constructed foundation and interior slopes consisting of a firm, unyielding base, smooth and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent the liner's rupture or tear. Geotextile may be placed under the liner when needed to reduce localized stress-strain or protuberances that otherwise may compromise the liner's integrity.

Appendix A shows:

1. The levee has inside grade no steeper than three horizontal feet to one vertical foot (3H:1V).

2. The levee outside grade is no steeper than three horizontal feet to one vertical foot (3H:1V).
3. The top of the levee is wide enough to install an anchor trench and provide adequate room for inspection and maintenance.
4. The caliche gravel placed on the outside levee provides additional erosion control.

Field conditions may create the need for changes to the design. Any changes to the construction or grade requirements due to unforeseen conditions will be reviewed and approved prior to initiating installation of the liner system. Any design change that does not conform to the NMOCD Rule will be the subject of a variance request and will be submitted to the OCD for review and approval.

LINER AND DRAINAGE GEOTEXTILE INSTALLATION

The containment has a primary (upper) liner and a secondary (lower) liner with a leak detection system appropriate to the site's conditions.

The primary (upper) liner is a geomembrane liner composed of an impervious, synthetic material that is resistant to ultraviolet light, petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions. It is 60-mil HDPE. The secondary liner is 40-mil LLDPE. Liner compatibility meets or exceeds a subsequent relevant publication to EPA SW-846 method 9090A.

The Recycling Containment design has a leak detection system between the upper and lower geomembrane liners of 200-mil geonet to facilitate drainage. The leak detection system consists of a properly designed drainage and collection and removal system placed above the lower geomembrane liner in depressions and sloped to facilitate the earliest possible leak detection. The containment floor design calls for a slope of approximately 0.5% toward the sump. This slope combined with the highly transmissive geonet drainage layer provide for the earliest possible leak detection.

The liners and drainage material will be installed consistent with the manufacturer's specifications (See Appendix C). In addition to any specifications of the manufacturer, protocols for liner installation include measures to:

1. Minimizing liner seams and orient them up and down, not across, a slope of the levee.
2. Use factory welded seams where possible.
3. Use field seams in geosynthetic material are thermally seamed and prior to field seaming, overlap liners four to six inches.

4. Minimize the number of field seams and corners and irregularly shaped areas.
5. Provide for no horizontal seams within five feet of the slope's toe.
6. Use qualified personnel to perform field welding and testing.
7. Avoid excessive stress-strain on the liner.
8. The edges of all liners are anchored in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench that is at least 18 inches deep.

At points of discharge into the lined earthen containment, the pipe configuration (see Appendix A) effectively protects the liner from excessive hydrostatic force or mechanical damage during filling. The design shows that at any point of discharge into or suction from the recycling containment, the liner is protected from excessive hydrostatic force or mechanical damage. External discharge or suction lines do not penetrate the liner.

Pumping from the containment to hydraulic fracturing operations is the responsibility of stimulation contractors. Typically, numerous lines are permanently placed in the containment with floats attached to prevent damage to the liner system. The containment may be equipped with permanent HDPE stinger (supported by a sacrificial liner or geotextile) for withdrawal of fluid during operations, if the owner deems necessary. External discharge or suction lines do not penetrate the liner.

LEAK DETECTION AND FLUID REMOVAL SYSTEM INSTALLATION

The leak detection system, contains the following design elements:

1. The 200-mil Hypernet drainage material between the primary and secondary liner that is sufficiently permeable to allow the transport of fluids to the observation ports (Appendices A and G).
2. The containment floor is sloped towards the monitoring riser pipe facilitate the earliest possible leak detection of the containment bottom. A pump may be placed in an observation port to provide for fluid removal.
3. Piping will withstand chemical attack from any seepage; structural loading from stresses and disturbances from overlying water, cover materials, equipment operation or expansion or contraction (see Appendix A).
4. The slope of the interior sub-grade is approximately 1%.



Appendix C

Material Specifications



GEOMEMBRANE SPECIFICATION

This specification covers the technical requirements for the Manufacturing and Installation of the geomembrane. All materials meet or exceed the requirements of this specification, and all work will be performed in accordance with the procedures provided in these project specifications

1.1 REFERENCES

- A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - 1. D 1004 Test Method for Initial Tear Resistance of Plastic Film and Sheeting
 - 2. D 1238 Standard Test Method for Flow Rates of Thermoplastics by Extrusion Plastometer
 - 3. D 1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique
 - 4. D 1603 Test Method for Carbon Black in Olefin Plastics
 - 5. D 3895 Standard Test Method for Oxidative-Induction Time of Polyolefins by Differential Scanning Calorimetry
 - 6. D 4218 Standard Test Method for Determination of Carbon Black in Polyethylene Compounds
 - 7. D 4833 Standard Test Method for Index Puncture Resistance of Geotextiles, Geomembranes, and Related Products
 - 8. D 5199 Standard Test Method for Measuring Nominal Thickness of Geotextiles and Geomembranes
 - 9. D 5397 Standard Test Method for Evaluation of Stress Crack Resistance of Polyolefin Geomembranes Using Notched Constant Tensile Load Test
 - 10. D 5596 Standard Test Method for Microscopic Evaluation of the Dispersion of Carbon Black in Polyolefin Geosynthetics
 - 11. D 5994 Standard Test Method for Measuring Core Thickness of Textured Geomembranes

12. D 6392 Standard Test Method for Determining the Integrity of Nonreinforced Geomembrane Seams Produced Using Thermo-Fusion Methods
 13. D 6693 Standard Test Method for Determining Tensile Properties of Nonreinforced Polyethylene and Nonreinforced Flexible Polypropylene Geomembranes
 14. D 7240 Standard Practice for Leak Location using Geomembranes with an Insulating Layer in Intimate Contact with a Conductive Layer via Electrical Capacitance Technique (Conductive Geomembrane Spark Test)
- B. Geosynthetic Research Institute
1. GRI GM 13 Test Properties, Testing Frequency and Recommended Warranty for High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) Smooth and Textured Geomembranes
 2. GRI GM 17 Test Properties, Testing Frequency and Recommended Warranty for Linear Low Density Polyethylene (LLDPE) Smooth and Textured Geomembranes

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Lot - A quantity of resin (usually the capacity of one rail car) used in the manufacture of geomembranes. Finished roll will be identified by a roll number traceable to the resin lot used.
- B. Construction Quality Assurance Consultant (CONSULTANT) - Party, independent from MANUFACTURER and INSTALLER that is responsible for observing and documenting activities related to quality assurance during the lining system construction.
- C. ENGINEER- The individual or firm responsible for the design and preparation of the project's Contract Drawings and Specifications.
- D. Geomembrane Manufacturer (MANUFACTURER) - The party responsible for manufacturing the geomembrane rolls.
- E. Geosynthetic Quality Assurance Laboratory (TESTING LABORATORY) - Party, independent from the OWNER, MANUFACTURER and INSTALLER, responsible for conducting laboratory tests on samples of geosynthetics obtained at the site or during manufacturing, usually under the direction of the OWNER.

- F. INSTALLER- Party responsible for field handling, transporting, storing, deploying, seaming and testing of the geomembrane seams.
- G. Panel- Unit area of a geomembrane that will be seamed in the field that is larger than 100 ft².
- H. Patch - Unit area of a geomembrane that will be seamed in the field that is less than 100 ft².
- I. Subgrade Surface - Soil layer surface which immediately underlies the geosynthetic material(s).

1.3 SUBMITTALS POST-AWARD

- A. Furnish the following product data, in writing, to ENGINEER prior to installation of the geomembrane material:
 - 1. Resin Data shall include the following.
 - a. Certification stating that the resin meets the specification requirements (see Table 1.9B).
 - 2. Geomembrane Roll
 - a. Statement certifying no recycled polymer and no more than 10% rework of the same type of material is added to the resin (product run may be recycled).
- B. The INSTALLER shall furnish the following information to the ENGINEER and OWNER prior to installation:
 - 1. Installation layout drawings
 - a. Must show proposed panel layout including field seams and details
 - b. Must be approved prior to installing the geomembrane
 - 2. Approved drawings will be for concept only and actual panel placement will be determined by site conditions.
 - 3. Installer's Geosynthetic Field Installation Quality Assurance Plan
- C. The INSTALLER will submit the following to the ENGINEER upon completion of installation:
 - 1. Certificate stating the geomembrane has been installed in accordance with the Contract Documents
 - 2. Material and installation warranties
 - 3. As-built drawings showing actual geomembrane placement and seams including typical anchor trench detail

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The OWNER will engage and pay for the services of a Geosynthetic Quality Assurance Consultant and Laboratory to monitor geomembrane installation.

1.5 QUALIFICATIONS

A. MANUFACTURER

- 1. Geomembrane shall be manufactured by the following:
 - a. GSE Lining Technology, LLC
 - b. approved equal
- 2. MANUFACTURER shall have manufactured a minimum of 10,000,000 square feet of polyethylene geomembrane during the last year.

B. INSTALLER

- 1. Installation shall be performed by one of the following installation companies (or approved equal)
 - a. GSE Lining Technology, LLC
 - b. GSE Approved Installers
- 2. INSTALLER shall have installed a minimum of 5,000,000 square feet of HDPE geomembrane during the last two years.
- 3. INSTALLER shall have worked in a similar capacity on at least 5 projects similar in complexity to the project described in the contract documents, and with at least 500,000 square feet of HDPE geomembrane installation on each project.
- 4. The Installation Supervisor shall have worked in a similar capacity on projects similar in size and complexity to the project described in the Contract Documents.
- 5. The INSTALLER shall provide a minimum of one Master Seamer for work on the project.
 - a. Must have completed a minimum of 1,000,000 square feet of geomembrane seaming work using the type of seaming apparatus proposed for the use on this Project.

1.6 MATERIAL LABELING, DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Labeling - Each roll of geomembrane delivered to the site shall be labeled by the MANUFACTURER. The label will identify:
 - a. manufacturer's name
 - b. product identification
 - c. thickness
 - d. length
 - e. width
 - f. roll number

- B. Delivery- Rolls of liner will be prepared to ship by appropriate means to prevent damage to the material and to facilitate off-loading.
- C. Storage- The on-site storage location for geomembrane material, provided by the CONTRACTOR to protect the geomembrane from punctures, abrasions and excessive dirt and moisture for should have the following characteristics:
 - a. level (no wooden pallets)
 - b. smooth
 - c. dry
 - d. protected from theft and vandalism
 - e. adjacent to the area being lined
- D. Handling- Materials are to be handled so as to prevent damage.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Material shall be warranted, on a pro-rata basis against Manufacturer’s defects for a period of 5 years from the date of geomembrane installation.
- B. Installation shall be warranted against defects in workmanship for a period of 1 year from the date of geomembrane completion.

1.8 GEOMEMBRANE PROPERTIES

- A. Material shall be smooth/textured polyethylene geomembrane as shown on the drawings.
- B. Resin
 - 1. Resin shall be new, first quality, compounded and manufactured specifically for producing geomembrane.
 - 2. Natural resin (without carbon black) shall meet the following requirements:

Table 1.9B: Raw Material Properties

Property	Test Method	HDPE	LLDPE
Density (g/cm3)	ASTM D 1505	≥0.932	≥0.915
Melt Flow Index (g/10 min)	ASTM D 1238 (190/2.16)	≤1.0	≤1.0
OIT (minutes)	ASTM D 3895 (1 atm/200°C)	≥100	≥100

- C. Geomembrane Rolls
 - 1. Do not exceed a combined maximum total of 1 percent by weight of additives other than carbon black.
 - 2. Geomembrane shall be free of holes, pinholes as verified by on-line electrical detection, bubbles, blisters, excessive contamination by foreign matter, and nicks and cuts on roll edges.

3. Geomembrane material is to be supplied in roll form. Each roll is to be identified with labels indicating roll number, thickness, length, width and MANUFACTURER.
 4. All liner sheets produced at the factory shall be inspected prior to shipment for compliance with the physical property requirements listed in section 1.09 D and be tested by an acceptable method of inspecting for pinholes. If pinholes are located, identified and indicated during manufacturing, these pinholes may be corrected during installation.
- D. Smooth surfaced geomembrane shall meet the requirements shown in the following data sheets below:
1. Table 1.1 for Black HDPE
 2. Table 1.2 for Green HDPE
 3. Table 1.3 for White HDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - b) The white surface shall be installed upwards.
 4. Table 1.4 for Smooth Leak Location Liner HDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall have a coextruded, electrically conductive layer.
 - b) The conductive layer is installed downward.
 - c) Electrical testing shall be performed after liner installation by the INSTALLER.
 5. Table 1.5 for Smooth White Leak Location Liner HDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall have a coextruded, electrically conductive layer.
 - b) The conductive layer is installed downward.
 - c) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - d) The white surface shall be installed upwards.
 - e) Electrical testing shall be performed after liner installation by the INSTALLER.
 6. Table 1.6 for Black LLDPE
 7. Table 1.7 for White-surfaced LLDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - b) The white surface shall be installed upwards.
 8. Table 1.8 for Leak Location Liner LLDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall have a coextruded, electrically conductive layer.
 - b) The conductive layer is installed downward.
 - c) Electrical testing shall be performed after liner installation by the INSTALLER.
 9. Table 1.9 for White Leak Location Liner LLDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - b) The white surface shall be installed upwards.



- c) The geomembrane shall have a coextruded, electrically conductive layer.
- d) The conductive layer is installed downward.
- e) Electrical testing shall be performed after liner installation by the INSTALLER.

Table 1.1: GSE HD Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values				
			30 mil	40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	30 27	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	114 63 700 12	152 84 700 12	228 126 700 12	304 168 700 12	380 210 700 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	21	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	54	72	108	144	180
Carbon Black Content, % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾
Notch Constant Tensile Load, hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions							
Roll Length ⁽²⁾ , ft			1,120	870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽²⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			25,200	19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽²⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ± 1%.
- GSE HD Smooth is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.



Table 1.2: GSE Green Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values				
			30 mil	40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	30 27	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	114 63 700 12	152 84 700 12	228 126 700 12	304 168 700 12	380 210 700 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	21	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	54	72	108	144	180
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Notch Constant Tensile Load, hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions							
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft			1,120	870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			25,200	19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE Green Smooth may have an overall ash content of 3.0% due to the green layer. These values apply to the black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ± 1%.
- GSE Green Smooth is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 1.3: GSE White Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values				
			30 mil	40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	30 27	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	114 63 700 12	152 84 700 12	228 126 700 12	304 168 700 12	380 210 700 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	21	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	54	72	108	144	180
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Notch Constant Tensile Load, hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions							
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft			1,120	870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			25,200	19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE White Smooth may have an overall ash content of 3.0% due to the white layer. These values apply to the black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ± 1%.
- GSE White Smooth is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.



Table 1.4: GSE Leak Location Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	152 84 700 12	228 126 700 12	304 168 700 12	380 210 700 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	72	108	144	180
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Notch Constant Tensile Load, hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft			870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE Leak Location Smooth may have an overall ash content of 3.0% due to the conductive layer. These values apply to the non-conductive black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ± 1%.
- GSE Leak Location Smooth is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 1.5: GSE Leak Location White Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	152 84 700 12	228 126 700 12	304 168 700 12	380 210 700 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	72	108	144	180
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Notch Constant Tensile Load, hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft			870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE Leak Location White Smooth may have an overall ash content of 3.0% due to the white and conductive layers. These values apply to the black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ± 1%.
- GSE Leak Location White Smooth is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 1.6: GSE UltraFlex Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Value			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ (max.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.939	0.939	0.939	0.939
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in	20,000 lbs	152 800	228 800	304 800	380 800
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	22	33	44	55
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	56	84	112	140
Carbon Black Content, % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽²⁾ , ft			870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽²⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽²⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ± 1 %.
- GSE UltraFlex is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ± 2 % when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of $< -77^{\circ}\text{C}$ when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 1.7: GSE UltraFlex White Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Value			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ (max.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.939	0.939	0.939	0.939
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in	20,000 lbs	152 800	228 800	304 800	380 800
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	22	33	44	55
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	56	84	112	140
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft			870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE UltraFlex White Smooth may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the white layer. These values apply to the black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE UltraFlex White Smooth is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77°C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.



Table 1.8: GSE UltraFlex Leak Location Liner Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Value			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ (max.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.939	0.939	0.939	0.939
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in	20,000 lbs	152 800	228 800	304 800	380 800
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	22	33	44	55
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	56	84	112	140
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft			870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE UltraFlex Leak Location Smooth may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the conductive layer. These values apply to the non-conductive black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE UltraFlex Leak Location Smooth is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77°C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.



Table 1.9: GSE UltraFlex Leak Location Liner White Smooth Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Value			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ (max.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.939	0.939	0.939	0.939
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in	20,000 lbs	152 800	228 800	304 800	380 800
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	22	33	44	55
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	56	84	112	140
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft			870	560	430	340
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²			19,575	12,600	9,675	7,650

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE UltraFlex Leak Location White Smooth may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the white and conductive layers. These values apply to the non-conductive black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE UltraFlex Leak Location White Smooth is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77°C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

- E. Textured surfaced geomembrane shall meet the requirements shown in the following data sheets below.
1. Table 2.1 for Black coextruded textured HDPE
 2. Table 2.2 for Green coextruded textured HDPE
 3. Table 2.3 for White coextruded textured HDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - b) The white surface shall be installed upwards.
 4. Table 2.4 for Leak Location Liner coextruded textured HDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - b) The white surface shall be installed upwards.
 5. Table 2.4 for White Leak Location Liner coextruded textured HDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - b) The white surface shall be installed upwards.
 6. Table 2.6 for Black coextruded textured LLDPE
 7. Table 2.7 for White coextruded textured LLDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - b) The white surface shall be installed upwards.
 8. Table 2.8 for Leak Location Liner coextruded textured LLDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall have a coextruded, electrically conductive layer.
 - b) The conductive layer is installed downward.
 - c) Electrical testing shall be performed after liner installation by the INSTALLER.
 9. Table 2.9 for White Leak Location Liner coextruded textured LLDPE
 - a) The geomembrane shall be a white-surfaced, coextruded geomembrane.
 - b) The white surface shall be installed upwards.
 - c) The geomembrane shall have a coextruded, electrically conductive layer.
 - d) The conductive layer is installed downward.
 - e) Electrical testing shall be performed after liner installation by the INSTALLER.

Table 2.1: GSE HD Textured Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values				
			30 mil	40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5994	every roll	30 27	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	45 63 100 12	60 84 100 12	90 126 100 12	120 168 100 12	150 210 100 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	21	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	45	60	90	120	150
Carbon Black Content, % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll	16	18	18	18	18
Notch Constant Tensile Load ⁽²⁾ , hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions							
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured		830	700	520	400	330
	Single-Sided Textured		1,010	780	540	410	330
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured		18,675	15,750	11,700	9,000	7,425
	Single-Sided Textured		22,725	17,550	12,150	9,225	7,425

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽²⁾NCTL for GSE HD Textured is conducted on representative smooth geomembrane samples.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ± 1%.
- GSE HD Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 2.2: GSE Green Textured Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values				
			30 mil	40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5994	every roll	30 27	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	45 63 100 12	60 84 100 12	90 126 100 12	120 168 100 12	150 210 100 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	21	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	45	60	90	120	150
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll	16	18	18	18	18
Notch Constant Tensile Load ⁽³⁾ , hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions							
Roll Length ⁽⁴⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured		830	700	520	400	330
	Single-Sided Textured		1,010	780	540	410	330
Roll Width ⁽⁴⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured		18,675	15,750	11,700	9,000	7,425
	Single-Sided Textured		22,725	17,550	12,150	9,225	7,425

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE Green may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the green layer. These values apply to the black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾NCTL for GSE Green Textured is conducted on representative smooth geomembrane samples.
- ⁽⁴⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE Green Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 2.3: GSE White Textured Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values				
			30 mil	40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5994	every roll	30 27	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	45 63 100 12	60 84 100 12	90 126 100 12	120 168 100 12	150 210 100 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	21	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	45	60	90	120	150
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll	16	18	18	18	18
Notch Constant Tensile Load ⁽³⁾ , hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions							
Roll Length ⁽⁴⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		830 1,010	700 780	520 540	400 410	330 330
Roll Width ⁽⁴⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		18,675 22,725	15,750 17,550	11,700 12,150	9,000 9,225	7,425 7,425

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE White may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the white layer. These values apply to the black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾NCTL for GSE White Textured is conducted on representative smooth geomembrane samples.
- ⁽⁴⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE White Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 2.4: GSE Leak Location Liner Textured Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5994	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Strength at Yield, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, % Elongation at Yield, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in G.L. 1.3 in	20,000 lbs	60 84 100 12	90 126 100 12	120 168 100 12	150 210 100 12
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	60	90	120	150
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll	18	18	18	18
Notch Constant Tensile Load ⁽³⁾ , hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽⁴⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		700 780	520 540	400 410	330 330
Roll Width ⁽⁴⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		15,750 17,550	11,700 12,150	9,000 9,225	7,425 7,425

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE Leak Location may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the conductive layer. These values apply to the non-conductive layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾NCTL for GSE Leak Location Textured is conducted on representative smooth geomembrane samples.
- ⁽⁴⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE Leak Location Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 2.5: GSE Leak Location Liner White Textured Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil	ASTM D 5994	every roll	40	60	80	100
Lowest individual reading			36	54	72	90
Density, g/cm ³ , (min.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.940	0.940	0.940	0.940
Tensile Properties (each direction)	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm	20,000 lbs	60	90	120	150
Strength at Break, lb/in-width			84	126	168	210
Strength at Yield, lb/in-width	C.L. 2.0 in C.L. 1.3 in		100	100	100	100
Elongation at Break, %			12	12	12	12
Elongation at Yield, %						
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	28	42	56	70
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	60	90	120	150
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll				
			18	18	18	18
Notch Constant Tensile Load ⁽²⁾ , hr	ASTM D 5397, Appendix	200,000 lbs	300	300	300	300
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽⁴⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured		700	520	400	330
	Single-Sided Textured		780	540	410	330
Roll Width ⁽⁴⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured		15,750	11,700	9,000	7,425
	Single-Sided Textured		17,550	12,150	9,225	7,425

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE Leak Location White may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the conductive and white layers. These values apply to the non-conductive black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾NCTL for GSE Leak Location White Textured is conducted on representative smooth geomembrane samples.
- ⁽⁴⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE Leak Location White Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77° C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 2.6: GSE UltraFlex Textured Geomembrane (English)



**SITE CRITERIA – C147 PERMIT
TODD 2 CONTAINMENT POND
SECTION 2, T 23 S, R 31 E, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO**

2017
017255

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ (max.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.939	0.939	0.939	0.939
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in	20,000 lbs	60 250	90 250	120 250	150 250
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	22	33	44	55
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	44	66	88	110
Carbon Black Content, % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾	Note ⁽¹⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll	18	18	18	18
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽²⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured		700	520	400	330
	Single-Sided Textured		650	420	320	250
Roll Width ⁽²⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured		15,750	11,700	9,000	7,425
	Single-Sided Textured		14,625	9,450	7,200	5,625

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽²⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE UltraFlex Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77°C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 2.7: GSE UltraFlex White Textured Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ (max.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.939	0.939	0.939	0.939
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in	20,000 lbs	60 250	90 250	120 250	150 250
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	22	33	44	55
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	44	66	88	110
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll	18	18	18	18
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		700 650	520 420	400 320	330 250
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		15,750 14,625	11,700 9,450	9,000 7,200	7,425 5,625

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE UltraFlex White Textured may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the white layer. These values apply to the black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE UltraFlex White Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77°C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 2.8: GSE UltraFlex Leak Location Textured Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ (max.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.939	0.939	0.939	0.939
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in	20,000 lbs	60 250	90 250	120 250	150 250
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	22	33	44	55
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	44	66	88	110
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll	18	18	18	18
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		700 650	520 420	400 320	330 250
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		15,750 14,625	11,700 9,450	9,000 7,200	7,425 5,625

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE UltraFlex Leak Location Textured may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the conductive layer. These values apply to the non-conductive black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE UltraFlex Leak Location Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77°C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

Table 2.9: GSE UltraFlex Leak Location White Textured Geomembrane (English)

Tested Property	Test Method	Frequency	Minimum Average Values			
			40 mil	60 mil	80 mil	100 mil
Thickness, mil Lowest individual reading	ASTM D 5199	every roll	40 36	60 54	80 72	100 90
Density, g/cm ³ (max.)	ASTM D 1505	200,000 lbs	0.939	0.939	0.939	0.939
Tensile Properties (each direction) Strength at Break, lb/in-width Elongation at Break, %	ASTM D 6693, Type IV Dumbbell, 2 ipm G.L. 2.0 in	20,000 lbs	60 250	90 250	120 250	150 250
Tear Resistance, lb	ASTM D 1004	45,000 lbs	22	33	44	55
Puncture Resistance, lb	ASTM D 4833	45,000 lbs	44	66	88	110
Carbon Black Content ⁽¹⁾ , % (Range)	ASTM D 1603*/4218	20,000 lbs	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0	2.0 - 3.0
Carbon Black Dispersion	ASTM D 5596	45,000 lbs	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾	Note ⁽²⁾
Asperity Height, mil	ASTM D 7466	second roll	18	18	18	18
Oxidative Induction Time, min	ASTM D 3895, 200°C; O ₂ , 1 atm	200,000 lbs	>100	>100	>100	>100
Typical Roll Dimensions						
Roll Length ⁽³⁾ , ft	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		700 650	520 420	400 320	330 250
Roll Width ⁽³⁾ , ft			22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
Roll Area, ft ²	Double-Sided Textured Single-Sided Textured		15,750 14,625	11,700 9,450	9,000 7,200	7,425 5,625

NOTES:

- ⁽¹⁾GSE UltraFlex Leak Location White Textured may have an overall ash content greater than 3.0% due to the white and conductive layers. These values apply to the non-conductive black layer only.
- ⁽²⁾Dispersion only applies to near spherical agglomerates. 9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.
- ⁽³⁾Roll lengths and widths have a tolerance of ±1%.
- GSE UltraFlex Leak Location White Textured is available in rolls weighing approximately 4,000 lb.
- All GSE geomembranes have dimensional stability of ±2% when tested according to ASTM D 1204 and LTB of <-77°C when tested according to ASTM D 746.
- *Modified.

- F. Extrudate Rod or Bead
 - 1. Extrudate material shall be made from same type resin as the geomembrane.
 - 2. Additives shall be thoroughly dispersed.
 - 3. Materials shall be free of contamination by moisture or foreign matter.

1.9 EQUIPMENT

- A. Welding equipment and accessories shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Gauges showing temperatures in apparatus such as extrusion welder or fusion welder shall be present.
 - 2. An adequate number of welding apparatus shall be available to avoid delaying work.
 - 3. Power source must be capable of providing constant voltage under combined line load.

1.10 DEPLOYMENT

- A. Assign each panel a simple and logical identifying code. The coding system shall be subject to approval and shall be determined at the job site.
- B. Visually inspect the geomembrane during deployment for imperfections and mark faulty or suspect areas.
- C. Deployment of geomembrane panels shall be performed in a manner that will comply with the following guidelines:
 - 1. Geomembranes shall be installed according to site-specific specifications, and GSE Conductive should be installed with the Conductive layer down.
Note: A spark tester or ohm meter can be used to determine Conductive layer.
 - 2. Unroll geomembrane using methods that will not damage geomembrane and will protect underlying surface from damage (spreader bar, protected equipment bucket).
 - 3. Place ballast (commonly sandbags) on geomembrane which will not damage geomembrane to prevent wind uplift.
 - 4. Personnel walking on geomembrane shall not engage in activities or wear shoes that could damage it. Smoking will not be permitted on the geomembrane.
 - 5. Do not allow heavy vehicular traffic directly on geomembrane. Rubber-tired ATV's and trucks are acceptable if wheel contact is less than 8 psi.
 - 6. Protect geomembrane in areas of heavy traffic by placing protective cover over the geomembrane.
- D. Sufficient material (slack) shall be provided to allow for thermal expansion and contraction of the material.

1.11 FIELD SEAMING

- A. Seams shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. To the maximum extent possible, orient seams parallel to line of slope, i.e., down and not across slope.
 - 2. Minimize number of field seams in corners, odd-shaped geometric locations and outside corners.
 - 3. Slope seams (panels) shall extend a minimum of five-feet beyond the grade break into the flat area.
 - 4. Use a sequential seam numbering system compatible with panel numbering system that is agreeable to the CONSULTANT and INSTALLER.
 - 5. Align seam overlaps consistent with the requirements of the welding equipment being used. A 6-inch overlap is commonly suggested.
- B. During Welding Operations
 - 1. Provide at least one Master Seamer who shall provide direct supervision over other welders as necessary.
- C. Extrusion Welding
 - 1. Hot-air tack adjacent pieces together using procedures that do not damage the geomembrane.
 - 2. Clean geomembrane surfaces by disc grinder or equivalent.
 - 3. Purge welding apparatus of heat-degraded extrudate before welding.
- D. Hot Wedge Welding
 - 1. Welding apparatus shall be a self-propelled device equipped with an electronic controller which displays applicable temperatures.
 - 2. Clean seam area of dust, mud, moisture and debris immediately ahead of hot wedge welder.
 - 3. Protect against moisture build-up between sheets.
- E. Trial Welds
 - 1. Perform trial welds on geomembrane samples to verify welding equipment is operating properly.
 - 2. Make trial welds under the same surface and environmental conditions as the production welds, i.e., in contact with subgrade and similar ambient temperature.
 - 3. Minimum of two trial welds per day, per welding apparatus, one made prior to the start of work and one completed at mid shift.
 - 4. Cut four, one-inch wide by six-inch long test strips from the trial weld.
 - 5. Quantitatively test specimens for peel adhesion, and then for shear strength.
 - 6. Trial weld specimens shall pass when the results shown in the following tables for HDPE and LLDPE are achieved in both peel and shear test.

Table 1.12.6A: Minimum Weld Values for HDPE Geomembranes (English)

Property	Test Method	30	40	60	80	100	120
Peel Strength (fusion), ppi	ASTM D 6392	49	65	98	130	162	196
Peel Strength (extrusion), ppi	ASTM D 6392	39	52	78	104	130	157
Shear Strength (fusion & ext.), ppi	ASTM D 6392	61	81	121	162	203	242

Table 1.2.6B: Minimum Weld Values for LLDPE Geomembranes (English)

Property	Test Method	30	40	60	80	100
Peel Strength (extrusion), ppi	ASTM D 6392	36	48	72	96	120
Peel Strength (fusion), ppi	ASTM D 6392	38	50	75	100	125
Shear Strength (fusion & ext.), ppi	ASTM D 6392	45	60	90	120	150

- a. The break, when peel testing, occurs in the liner material itself, not through peel separation (FTB).
- b. The break is ductile.
7. Repeat the trial weld, in its entirety, when any of the trial weld samples fail in either peel or shear.
8. No welding equipment or welder shall be allowed to perform production welds until equipment and welders have successfully completed trial weld.
- F. Seaming shall not proceed when ambient air temperature or adverse weather conditions jeopardize the integrity of the liner installation. INSTALLER shall demonstrate that acceptable seaming can be performed by completing acceptable trial welds.
- G. Defects and Repairs
 1. Examine all seams and non-seam areas of the geomembrane for defects, holes, blisters, undispersed raw materials, and any sign of contamination by foreign matter.
 2. Repair and non-destructively test each suspect location in both seam and non-seam areas. Do not cover geomembrane at locations that have been repaired until test results with passing values are available.

1.12 FIELD QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. MANUFACTURER and INSTALLER shall participate in and conform to all terms and requirements of the Owner's quality assurance program. CONTRACTOR shall be responsible for assuring this participation.
- B. Quality assurance requirements are as specified in this Section and in the Field Installation Quality Assurance Manual if it is included in the contract.
- C. Field Testing

1. Non-destructive testing may be carried out as the seaming progresses or at completion of all field seaming.
 - a. Vacuum Testing
 - 1) Shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D 5641, Standard Practice for Geomembrane Seam Evaluation by Vacuum Chamber.
 - b. Air Pressure Testing
 - 1) Shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D 5820, Standard Practice for Pressurized Air Channel Evaluation of Dual Seamed Geomembranes.
 - c. Spark Testing
 - 1) Shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D 7240 Standard Practice for Leak Location using Geomembranes with an Insulating Layer in Intimate Contact with a Conductive Layer via Electrical Capacitance Technique (Conductive Geomembrane Spark Test).
 - d. Other approved methods.
2. Destructive Testing (performed by CONSULTANT with assistance from INSTALLER)
 - a. Location and Frequency of Testing
 - 1) Collect destructive test samples at a frequency of one per every 500 lineal feet of seam length.
 - 2) Test locations will be determined after seaming.
 - 3) Exercise Method of Attributes as described by GRI GM-14 (Geosynthetic Research Institute, <http://www.geosynthetic-institute.org>) to minimize test samples taken.
 - b. Sampling Procedures are performed as follows:
 - 1) INSTALLER shall cut samples at locations designated by the CONSULTANT as the seaming progresses in order to obtain field laboratory test results before the geomembrane is covered.
 - 2) CONSULTANT will number each sample, and the location will be noted on the installation as-built.
 - 3) Samples shall be twelve (12) inches wide by minimal length with the seam centered lengthwise.
 - 4) Cut a 2-inch wide strip from each end of the sample for field-testing.
 - 5) Cut the remaining sample into two parts for distribution as follows:
 - a) One portion for INSTALLER, 12-inches by 12 inches
 - b) One portion for the Third Party laboratory, 12-inches by 18-inches
 - c) Additional samples may be archived if required.
 - 6) Destructive testing shall be performed in accordance with ASTM D 6392, Standard Test Method for Determining the Integrity of Non-Reinforced Geomembrane Seams Produced Using Thermo-Fusion Methods.

- 7) INSTALLER shall repair all holes in the geomembrane resulting from destructive sampling.
 - 8) Repair and test the continuity of the repair in accordance with these Specifications.
3. Failed Seam Procedures
- a) If the seam fails, INSTALLER shall follow one of two options:
 - 1) Reconstruct the seam between any two passed test locations.
 - 2) Trace the weld to intermediate location at least 10 feet minimum or where the seam ends in both directions from the location of the failed test.
 - b) The next seam welded using the same welding device is required to obtain an additional sample, i.e., if one side of the seam is less than 10 feet long.
 - c) If sample passes, then the seam shall be reconstructed or capped between the test sample locations.
 - d) If any sample fails, the process shall be repeated to establish the zone in which the seam shall be reconstructed.

1.13 REPAIR PROCEDURES

- A. Remove damaged geomembrane and replace with acceptable geomembrane materials if damage cannot be satisfactorily repaired.
- B. Repair any portion of unsatisfactory geomembrane or seam area failing a destructive or non-destructive test.
- C. INSTALLER shall be responsible for repair of defective areas.
- D. Agreement upon the appropriate repair method shall be decided between CONSULTANT and INSTALLER by using one of the following repair methods:
 1. Patching- Used to repair large holes, tears, undispersed raw materials and contamination by foreign matter.
 2. Abrading and Re-welding- Used to repair short section of a seam.
 3. Spot Welding- Used to repair pinholes or other minor, localized flaws or where geomembrane thickness has been reduced.
 4. Capping- Used to repair long lengths of failed seams.
 5. Flap Welding- Used to extrusion weld the flap (excess outer portion) of a fusion weld in lieu of a full cap.
 6. Remove the unacceptable seam and replace with new material.
- E. The following procedures shall be observed when a repair method is used:
 1. All geomembrane surfaces shall be clean and dry at the time of repair.
 2. Surfaces of the polyethylene which are to be repaired by extrusion welds shall be lightly abraded to assure cleanliness.



3. Extend patches or caps at least 6 inches for extrusion welds and 4 inches for wedge welds beyond the edge of the defect, and around all corners of patch material.
- F. Repair Verification
1. Number and log each patch repair (performed by CONSULTANT).
 2. Non-destructively test each repair using methods specified in this Specification.

END OF SECTION

1. 2 OZ GEOTEXITILE

1.1 SCOPE

This specification covers the technical requirements for the Manufacturing and Installation of the nonwoven geotextile. All materials meet or exceed the requirements of this specification, and all work will be performed in accordance with the procedures provided in these project specifications.

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - 1. ASTM D 5261, Standard Test Method for Measuring Mass per Unit Area of Geotextiles
 - 2. ASTM D 4632, Standard Test Method for Grab Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles
 - 3. ASTM D 4533, Standard Test Method for Index Trapezoidal Tearing Strength of Geotextiles
 - 4. ASTM D 4833, Standard Test Method for Index Puncture Resistance of Geotextiles, Geomembranes and Related Products
 - 5. ASTM D 4491, Standard Test Method for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity
 - 6. ASTM D 4751, Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile
 - 7. ASTM D 4354, Standard Practice for Sampling of Geosynthetics for Testing
 - 8. ASTM D 4759, Standard Practice for Determining the Specifications Conformance of Geosynthetics

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Prior to material delivery to project site, the contractor shall provide the engineer with a written certification or manufacturers quality control data which displays that the geotextile meets or exceeds minimum average roll values (MARV) specified herein.
- B. The contractor shall submit, if required by the engineer, manufacturer's quality control manual for the geotextile to be delivered to the site.

2. PRODUCT

2.1 GEOTEXITILE

- A. The nonwoven needlepunched geotextile specified herein shall be made from staple fiber.
- B. The geotextile shall be manufactured from prime quality virgin polymer.
- C. The geotextile shall be able to withstand direct exposure to ultraviolet radiation from Sun for up to 30 days without any noticeable effect on index or performance properties.
- D. Geotextile shall meet or exceed all material properties listed in Table 1.

Table 1: Geotextile Properties

Property	Test Method	Test Frequency	Value
Mass per Unit Area, oz/yd ²	ASTM D 5261	90,000 ft ²	12
Grab Tensile Strength, lb	ASTM D 4632	90,000 ft ²	320
CBR Puncture Strength, lb	ASTM D 6241	540,000 ft ²	925
Grab Elongation, %	ASTM D 4632	90,000 ft ²	50
Trapezoidal Tear Strength, lb	ASTM D 4533	90,000 ft ²	125
UV Resistance, % retained after 500 hours	ASTM D 4355	per formulation	70

2.2 MANUFACTURE

All rolls of the geotextile shall be identified with permanent marking on the roll or packaging, with the manufacturers name, product identification, roll number and roll dimensions.

2.3 TRANSPORT

- A. Transportation of the geotextile shall be the responsibility of the contractor.

- B. During shipment, the geotextile shall be protected from ultraviolet light exposure, precipitation, mud, dirt, dust, puncture, or other damaging or deleterious conditions.
- C. Upon delivery at the job site, the contractor shall ensure that the geotextile rolls are handled and stored in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as to prevent damage.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The engineer shall examine the geotextile rolls upon delivery to the site and report any deviations from project specifications to the contractor.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. The geotextile shall be handled in such a manner as to ensure that it is not damaged in any way. Should the contractor damage the geotextile to the extent that it is no longer usable as determined by these specifications or by the engineer, the contractor shall replace the geotextile at his own cost.
- B. The geotextile shall be installed to the lines and grades as shown on the contract drawings and as described herein.
- C. The geotextile shall be rolled down the slope in such a manner as to continuously keep the geotextile in tension by self-weight. The geotextile shall be securely anchored in an anchor trench where applicable, or by other approved or specified methods.
- D. In the presence of wind, all geotextiles shall be weighted by sandbags or approved equivalent. Such anchors shall be installed during placement and shall remain in place until replaced with cover material.
- E. The contractor shall take necessary precautions to prevent damage to adjacent or underlying materials during placement of the geotextile. Should damage to such material occur due to the fault of the contractor, the latter shall repair the damaged materials at his own cost and to the satisfaction of the engineer.
- F. During placement of the geotextile, care shall be taken not to entrap soil, stones or excessive moisture that could hamper subsequent seaming of the geotextile as judged by the engineer.
- G. The geotextile shall not be exposed to precipitation prior to being installed and shall not be exposed to direct Sun light for more than 15 days after installation.

- H. The geotextile shall be seamed using heat seaming or stitching methods as recommended by the manufacturer and approved by the engineer. Sewn seams shall be made using polymeric thread with chemical resistance equal to or exceeding that of the geotextile. All sewn seams shall be continuous. Seams shall be oriented down slopes perpendicular to grading contours unless otherwise specified. For heat seaming, fusion welding techniques recommended by the manufacturer shall be used.
- I. The contractor shall not use heavy equipment to traffic above the geotextile without approved protection.
- J. The geotextile shall be covered as soon as possible after installation and approval. Installed geotextile shall not be left exposed for more than 15 days.
- K. Material overlying the geotextile shall be carefully placed to avoid wrinkling or damage to the geotextile.

END OF SECTION

Single Sided Geocomposite

1.1 SCOPE

This specification covers the technical requirements for the manufacturing and installation of the geocomposite drainage layer. All materials meet or exceed the requirements of this specification, and all work will be performed in accordance with the procedures provided in these project specifications.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

1. ASTM D 1238 Standard Test Method for Melt Flow Rates of Thermoplastics
2. by Extrusion Plastometer
3. D 1505-98 Standard Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique
4. ASTM D 4218, Standard Test Method for Determination of Carbon Black Content in Polyethylene Compounds by the Muffle Furnace Technique D 1603-94 Standard Test Method for Carbon Black in Olefin Plastics
5. D 4355-02 Standard Test Method for Deterioration of Geotextiles by Exposure to Light, Moisture and Heat in a Xenon Arc Type Apparatus
6. D 4491-99 Standard Test Method for Water Permeability of Geotextiles by Permittivity
7. D4533 Standard Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles
8. D 4716-00 Standard Test Method for Determining the (In-Plane) Flow Rate Per Unit Width and Hydraulic Transmissivity of a Geosynthetic Using a Constant Head
9. D 4751-99 Standard Test Method for Determining Apparent Opening Size of a Geotextile
10. D 6241 Standard Test Method for the Static Puncture Strength of Geotextiles and Geotextile- Related Products Using a 50-mm Probe D 4833-88 (1996) Standard Test Method for Index Puncture Resistance of Geotextiles, Geomembranes and Related Products
11. D 5261-92 (1996) Standard Test Method for Measuring the Mass Per Unit Area of Geotextiles
12. D7005-03 Determining The Bond Strength (Ply-Adhesion) of Geocomposites
13. D 7179 Standard Test Method for Determining Geonet Breaking Force

- B. Relevant publications from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):
 - 1. Daniel, D.E. and R.M. Koerner, (1993), Technical Guidance Document: Quality Assurance and Quality Control for Waste Containment Facilities, EPA/600/R-93/182.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Construction Quality Assurance Consultant (CONSULTANT) - Party, independent from MANUFACTURER and INSTALLER that is responsible for observing and documenting activities related to quality assurance during the lining system construction.
- B. ENGINEER - The individual or firm responsible for the design and preparation of the project's Contract Drawings and Specifications.
- C. Geocomposite Manufacturer (MANUFACTURER) - The party responsible for manufacturing the geocomposite rolls.
- D. Geosynthetic Quality Assurance Laboratory (TESTING LABORATORY) - Party, independent from the MANUFACTURER and INSTALLER, responsible for conducting laboratory tests on samples of geosynthetics obtained at the site or during manufacturing, usually under the direction of the OWNER.
- E. INSTALLER- Party responsible for field handling, transporting, storing and deploying the geocomposite.
- F. Lot- A quantity of resin (usually the capacity of one rail car) used to manufacture polyethylene geocomposite rolls. The finished rolls will be identified by a roll number traceable to the resin lot.

1.4 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. MANUFACTURER
 - 1. Geocomposite shall be manufactured by the following:
 - a. GSE Lining Technology, Inc.
 - b. approved equal
 - 2. MANUFACTURER shall have manufactured a minimum of 10,000,000 square feet of polyethylene geocomposite material during the last year.
- B. INSTALLER
 - 1. INSTALLER shall have installed a minimum of [] square feet of geocomposite in the last [] years.

2. INSTALLER shall have worked in a similar capacity on at least [] projects similar in complexity to the project described in the contract documents, and within at least [] square feet of geonet installation on each project.
3. The Installation Supervisor shall have worked in a similar capacity on projects similar in size and complexity to the project described in the Contract Documents.

1.5 MATERIAL LABELING, DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Labeling- Each roll delivered to the site shall be wrapped and labeled by the MANUFACTURER. The label will identify:
 1. manufacturer's name
 2. product identification
 3. length
 4. width
 5. roll number
- B. Delivery- Rolls will be prepared to ship by appropriate means to prevent damage to the material and to facilitate off-loading.
- C. Storage- The on-site storage location provided by the CONTRACTOR to protect the
geonet from abrasions, excessive dirt and moisture shall have the following characteristics:
 1. level (no wooden pallets)
 2. smooth
 3. dry
 4. protected from theft and vandalism
 5. adjacent to the area being lined
- D. Handling
 1. The CONTRACTOR and INSTALLER shall handle all rolls in such a manner to ensure they are not damaged in any way.
 2. The INSTALLER shall take any necessary precautions to prevent damage to underlying layers during placement of the drainage material.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Material shall be warranted, on a pro-rata basis against defects for a period of 1-year from the date of the geocomposite installation.
- B. Installation shall be warranted against defects in workmanship for a period of 1-year from the date of geocomposite completion.

2. PRODUCTS

2.1 GEOCOMPOSITE PROPERTIES

- A. A geocomposite shall be manufactured by extruding two crossing strands to form a bi-planar drainage net structure with a non-woven geotextile bonded to one or both sides.
- B. The geocomposite specified shall have properties that meet or exceed the values listed in the following data sheets below.

Table 1: Geocomposite Properties

Property	Test Method	Frequency	Value
Geocomposite			
Transmissivity(1), gal/min/ft (m2/sec) Single-Sided Composite	ASTM D 4716	1/540,000 ft ²	6.2 (1.3 x 10 ⁻³)
Ply Adhesion, lb/in	ASTM D 7005	1/50,000 ft ²	0.5
Geonet			
Geonet Core Thickness, mil(1)	ASTM D 5199	1/50,000 ft ²	270
Transmissivity(2), gal/min/ft (m2/sec)	ASTM D 4716	1/540,000 ft ²	19 (4 x 10 ⁻³)
Compressive Strength, lbs/ft	ASTM D 6364	1/540,000 ft ²	40,000
Density, g/cm ³	ASTM D 1505	1/50,000 ft ²	0.94
Tensile Strength (MD), lb/in	ASTM D 7179	1/50,000 ft ²	100
Carbon Black Content, %	ASTM D 4218	1/50,000 ft ²	2.0
8 oz. Geotextile (prior to lamination)			
Mass per Unit Area, oz/yd ²	ASTM D 5261	1/90,000 ft ²	8

Grab Tensile Strength, lb	ASTM D 4632	1/90,000 ft2	220
Grab Elongation	ASTM D 4632	1/90,000 ft2	50%
CBR Puncture Strength, lb	ASTM D 6241	1/540,000 ft2	575
Trapezoidal Tear Strength, lb	ASTM D 4533	1/90,000 ft2	90
AOS, US Sieve (mm)	ASTM D 4751	1/540,000 ft2	80 (0.180)
Permittivity, sec-1	ASTM D 4491	1/540,000 ft2	1.3
Water Flow Rate, gpm/ft2	ASTM D 4491	1/540,000 ft2	95
UV Resistance, % Retained	ASTM D 4355 (after 500 hours)	per formulation	70

Note: The design engineer shall prepare the table above based on the GSE product data sheet and then delete this note

C. Resin

1. Resin shall be new first quality, compounded polyethylene resin.
2. Natural resin (without carbon black) shall meet the following additional minimum requirements:

Table 2: Raw Material Properties

Property	Test Method ⁽¹⁾	Value
Density (g/cm ³)	ASTM D 1505	>0.94
Melt Flow Index (g/10 min)	ASTM D 1238	≤ 1.0

¹GSE utilizes test equipment and procedures that enable effective and economical confirmation that the product will conform to specifications based on the noted procedures. Some test procedures have been modified for application to geosynthetics. All procedures and values are subject to change without prior notification.

2.2 MANUFACTURING QUALITY CONTROL

The geocomposite shall be manufactured in accordance with the Manufacturer's Quality Control Plan submitted to and approved by the ENGINEER.

The geocomposite shall be tested according to the test methods and frequencies listed on Table 1 which has been prepared based on product data sheets.

3. EXECUTION

3.1 FAMILIARIZATION

A. Inspection

1. Prior to implementing any of the work in the Section to be lined, the
INSTALLER

shall carefully inspect the installed work of all other Sections and verify that all work is complete to the point where the installation of the Section may properly

commence without adverse impact.

2. If the INSTALLER has any concerns regarding the installed work of other Sections, he shall notify the Project ENGINEER.

3.2 MATERIAL PLACEMENT

A. The geocomposite roll should be installed in the direction of the slope and in the intended direction of flow unless otherwise specified by the ENGINEER.

B. If the project contains long, steep slopes, special care should be taken so that only full length rolls are used at the top of the slope.

C. In the presence of wind, all geocomposites shall be weighted down with sandbags or the equivalent. Such sandbags shall be used during placement and remain until replaced with cover material.

D. If the project includes an anchor trench at the top of the slopes, the geocomposite

shall be properly anchored to resist sliding. Anchor trench compacting equipment

shall not come into direct contact with the geocomposite.

E. In applying fill material, no equipment can drive directly across the geocomposite. The specified fill material shall be placed and spread utilizing vehicles with a low ground pressure.

F. The cover soil shall be placed in the geocomposite in a manner that prevents damage

to the geocomposite. Placement of the cover soil shall proceed immediately following the placement and inspection of the geocomposite.

3.3 SEAMS AND OVERLAPS

- A. Each component of the geocomposite will be secured or seamed to the like component at overlaps.
- B. Geonet Components
 - 1. Adjacent edges of the geonet along the length of the geocomposite roll shall be placed with the edges of each geonet butted against each other.
 - 2. The overlaps shall be joined by tying the geonet structure with cable ties. These ties shall be spaced every 5 feet along the roll length.
 - 3. Adjoining geocomposite rolls (end to end) across the roll width should be shingled down in the direction of the slope, with the geonet portion of the top overlapping the geonet portion of the bottom geocomposite a minimum of 12 inches across the roll width.
 - 4. The geonet portion should be tied every 6 inches in the anchor trench or as specified by the ENGINEER.

3.4 REPAIR

- A. Prior to covering the deployed geocomposite, each roll shall be inspected for damage resulting from construction.
- B. Any rips, tears or damaged areas on the deployed geocomposite shall be removed and patched. The patch shall be secured to the original geonet by tying every 6 inches with the approved tying devices. If the area to be repaired is more than 50 percent of the width of the panel, the damaged area shall be cut out and the two portions of the geonet shall be cut out and the two portions of the geonet shall be joined in accordance with Subsection 3.03.



Appendix D

Operating and Maintenance Plan



OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

In this plan, underlined text represents the language of the Rule.

The operator will operate and maintain the lined earthen containment to contain liquids and solids (blow sand and minimal precipitates from the treated produced water) and maintain the integrity of the liner system in a manner that prevents contamination of fresh water and protects public health and the environment as described below. The purpose of the lined earthen containment is to facilitate recycling, reuse, and reclamation of produced water derived from nearby oil and gas wells. During periods when water for E&P operations is not needed, produced water will discharge to one of the injection wells in the operator's SWD system. The containment will not be used for the disposal of produced water or other oilfield waste.

The operation of the Recycling Containment is summarized below:

1. Via pipeline, produced water generated from nearby oil and gas wells is delivered to a treatment system located as indicated in the C-147.
2. After treatment, the produced water discharges into the containment.
3. When required, treated produced water is removed from the containment for E&P operations. At this time, treated produced water will be used for drilling beneath the fresh water zones (beneath surface casing), for well stimulation (e.g. hydraulic fracturing) and other E&P uses as approved by OCD.
4. Whenever the maximum fluid capacity of the containment is reached, treatment and discharge to the containment ceases (see Freeboard and Overtopping Plan, below).
5. The operator will keep accurate records and shall report monthly to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.
6. The operator will maintain accurate records that identify the sources and disposition of all recycled water that shall be made available for review by the division upon request.
7. The containment shall be deemed to have ceased operations if less than 20 % of the total fluid capacity is used every six months following the first withdrawal of produced water for use. The operator will report cessation of operations to the appropriate division district office. The appropriate division district office may grant an extension to this determination of cessation of operations not to exceed six months.

The operation of the lined earthen containment will follow the mandates listed below:

1. The operator will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste (as defined by 40 CFR 261 and NMAC 19.15.2.7.H.3) in the containments.

2. If the containment's primary liner is compromised above the fluid's surface, the operator will repair the damage or initiate replacement of the primary liner within 48 hours of discovery or seek an extension of time from the division district office.
3. If the primary liner is compromised below the fluid's surface, the operator will remove all fluid above the damage or leak within 48 hours of discovery, notify the division district office and repair the damage or replace the primary liner.
4. If any penetration of the containment liner is confirmed by sampling of fluid in the leak detection system (see Inspection and Monitoring Plan), the operator will:
 - a. Begin and maintain fluid removal from the leak detection/pump-back system,
 - b. Notify the district office within 48 hours (phone or email) of the discovery,
 - c. Identify the location of the leak, and
 - d. Repair the damage or, if necessary, replace the containment liner.
5. The operator will install, or maintain on site, an oil absorbent boom or other device to contain an unanticipated release and the operator will remove any visible layer of oil from the surface of the recycling containment.
6. The operator will report releases of fluid in a manner consistent with NMAC 19.15.29.
7. The containment will be operated to prevent the collection of surface water run-on.
8. The operator will maintain the containment free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris.
9. The operator will maintain at least three feet of freeboard for the containment and will use a free-standing staff gauge to allow easy determination of the required 3-foot of freeboard.
10. As described in the design/construction plan, the injection or withdrawal of fluids from the containment is accomplished through a hardware that prevents damage to the liner by erosion, fluid jets or impact from installation and removal of hoses or pipes.
11. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.
12. The operator will maintain the fences in good repair.

MONITORING, INSPECTION, AND REPORTING PLAN

The operator will inspect the recycling containment and associated leak detection systems weekly while it contains fluids. The operator shall maintain a current log of such inspections and make the log available for review by the division upon request.

Weekly inspections consist of:

1. Reading and recording the fluid height of staff gauges,
2. Recording any evidence that the pond surface shows visible oil,
3. Visually inspecting the containment's exposed liners, and



4. Checking the leak detection system for any evidence of a loss of integrity of the primary liner.

As stated above, if a liner's integrity is compromised, or if any penetration of the liner occurs above the water surface, then the operator will notify the District office within 48 hours (phone or email).

Monthly, the operator will:

1. Inspect diversion ditches and berms around the containment to check for erosion and collection of surface water run-on.
2. Inspect the leak detection system for evidence of damage or malfunction and monitor for leakage.
3. Inspect the containment for dead migratory birds and other wildlife. Within 30 days of discovery, report the discovery of dead migratory birds or other wildlife to the appropriate wildlife agency and to the division district office in order to facilitate assessment and implementation of measures to prevent incidents from reoccurring.
4. Report to the division the total volume of water received for recycling, with the amount of fresh water received listed separately, and the total volume of water leaving the facility for disposition by use on form C-148.
5. Record sources and disposition of all recycled water.

The operator will maintain a log of all inspections and make the log available for the appropriate Division district office's review upon request. An example of the log is attached to this section of the permit application.

FREEBOARD AND OVERTOPPING PREVENTION PLAN

The method of operation of the containment allows for maintaining freeboard with very few potential problems. When the capacity of the containment is reached (three feet of freeboard), the discharge of treated produced water ceases and the produced water generated by nearby oil and gas wells is managed by one of the injection wells as identified in Appendix E.

If rising water levels suggest that three feet of freeboard will not be maintained, the operator will implement one or more of the following options:

1. Cease discharging treated produces water to the containment.
2. Accelerate re-use of the treated produced water for purposes approved by the Division.
3. Transfer treated produced water from the containment to injection wells.

The reading of the staff gauge typically occurs daily when treatment operations are ongoing and weekly when discharge to the containment is not occurring.

PROTOCOL FOR LEAK DETECTION MONITORING, FLUID REMOVAL, AND REPORTING

As shown in Appendix A, the leak detection system includes a monitoring system. Any fluid released from the primary liner will flow at the collection sump where fluid level monitoring is possible at the monitoring riser pipe associated with the leak detection system.

Staff may employ a portable electronic water level meter to determine if fluid exists in the monitoring riser pipe. Obtaining accurate readings of water levels in a sloped pipe beneath a containment can be a challenge. An electrician's wire snake may be required to push the probe to the bottom of the port and the probe may be fixed in a 2-inch pipe "dry housing" to avoid false readings due to water condensation on the pipe. There are many techniques to determine the existence of water in the sumps, including low-flow pumps and a simple small bailer affixed to an electrician's snake. The operator will use the method that works best for this containment.

If seepage from the containment into the leak detection system is suspected by a positive fluid level measurement, the operator will:

1. Re-measure fluid levels in the monitoring riser pipe on a daily basis for one week to determine the rate of seepage.
2. Collect a water sample from the monitoring riser pipe to confirm the seepage is treated produced water from the containment via field conductivity and chloride measurements.
3. Notify NMOCD of a confirmed positive detection in the system within 48 hours of sampling (initial notification).
4. Install a pump into the monitoring riser pipe sump to continually (manually on a daily basis or via automatic timers) remove fluids from the leak detection system into the containment until the liner is repaired or replaced.
5. Dispatch a liner professional to inspect the portion of the containment suspected of leakage during a "low water" monitoring event.
6. Provide NMOCD a second report describing the inspection and/or repair within 20 days of the initial notification.

If the point of release is obvious from a low water inspection, the liner professional will repair the loss of integrity. If the point of release cannot be determined by the inspection, the liner professional will develop a more robust plan to identify the point(s) of release. The inspection plan and schedule will be submitted to OCD with the second report. The operator will implement the plan upon OCD approval.



SITE CRITERIA – C147 PERMIT
TODD 2 CONTAINMENT POND
SECTION 2, T 23 S, R 31 E, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO
2017
017255

Appendix E

Closure Plan



CLOSURE PLAN

In this plan, underlined text represents the language of the Rule.

After operations cease, the operator will remove all fluids within 60 days and close the containment within six months from the date the operator ceases operations from the containment for use.

The operator shall substantially restore the impacted surface area to

1. The condition that existed prior to the construction of the recycling containment or
2. To a condition imposed by federal, state trust land, or tribal agencies on lands managed by those agencies as these provisions govern the obligations of any operator subject to those provisions.

EXCAVATION AND REMOVAL CLOSURE PLAN - PROTOCOLS AND PROCEDURES

The workover pit is expected to contain a small volume of solids, the majority of which will be windblown sand and dust with some mineral precipitates from the water.

1. The operator will remove all liquids from the pits and either:
 - a. Dispose of the liquids in a division-approved facility, OR
 - b. Recycle, reuse or reclaim the water for reuse in drilling and stimulation
2. The operator will close the recycling containment by first removing all fluids, contents and synthetic liners and transferring these materials to a division approved facility.
3. After the removal of the pit contents and liners, soils beneath the workover pit will be tested by collection of a five-point (minimum) composite sample which includes stained or wet soils, if any, and that sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table 1 of 19.15.34.14.
4. After review of the laboratory results:
 - a. If any contaminant concentration is higher than the parameters listed in Table 1, additional delineation may be required and the operator must receive approval before proceeding with closure.
 - b. If all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table 1, then the operator will proceed to:
 - i. Backfill with non-waste containing, uncontaminated, earthen material.
OR
 - ii. Undertake an alternative closure process pursuant to a variance request after approval by OCD.

1. The operator will reclaim the containment's location to a safe and stable condition that blends with the surrounding undisturbed area.
2. Topsoils and subsoils shall be replaced to their original relative positions and contoured so as to achieve erosion control, long-term stability and preservation of surface water flow patterns.
3. The disturbed area shall then be reseeded in the first favorable growing season following closure of a recycling containment.

CLOSURE DOCUMENTATION

Within 60 days of closure completion, the operator shall submit a closure report on form C-147, including required attachments, to document all closure activities including sampling results and the details on any backfilling, capping or covering, where applicable. The closure report shall certify that all information in the report and attachments is correct and that the operator has complied with all applicable closure requirements and conditions specified in division rules or directives.

The operator shall notify the division when reclamation and re-vegetation are complete. Specifically, the notice will document that all ground surface disturbing activities at the site have been completed, and a uniform vegetative cover has been established that reflects a life-form ratio of plus or minus fifty percent (50%) of pre-disturbance levels and a total percent plant cover of at least seventy percent (70%) of pre-disturbance levels, excluding noxious weeds.



2500 North Eleventh Street □ Enid, OK 73701 □ (580) 234-8780 □ Fax (580) 237-4302 □ www.envirotechconsulting.com

August 21, 2017

Tomas Oberding, PhD
New Mexico EMNRD
Oil conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

RE: Rule 34 Variance Request – Todd 2 Produced Water Recycling Containment

Dr. Oberding:

Devon is requesting a variance to rule 34 part 12(A)(4) requiring secondary liners to be 30-mil string reinforced LLDPE. Devon is requesting approval to use 40-mil LLDPE in place of the specified material. Based on our experience, we feel that the requested material will allow us to provide greater environmental protection in our impoundments.

Due to the construction of the 30-mil reinforced LLDPE material, nondestructive QA/QC testing cannot be performed. The proposed 40-mil LLDPE will be seamed in a manner that will allow nondestructive pressure testing of the seams to ensure proper sealing.

The proposed LLDPE is appropriate material for the proposed use in the impoundment, and is compatible with the material that will be stored. This material will provide equal or better environmental protection as the specified 30-mil reinforced LLDPE. Attached with this request is a sample specification sheet for the LLDPE with the proposed material highlighted.

The proposed new liner system cross-section is as follows: prepare subgrade, 12 oz. geotextile, 40-mil LLDPE, single sided geocomposite, 60-mil HDPE (smooth on bottom, textured on slopes). This will replace the cross-section required by the current rule and submitted with the original permit application. It should also be noted that this variance has been granted on past Devon sites, specifically the Hackberry Treated Water Impoundment constructed in 2015.

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact me by phone at 580-234-8780 or by email at jstallings@envirotechconsulting.com at your convenience

Thank you for your consideration.
Best regards,

ENVIROTECH ENGINEERING & CONSULTING, INC.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jimmy Stallings", written in a cursive style.

Jimmy Stallings, P.E.
President and Principal Engineer



2500 North Eleventh Street □ Enid, OK 73701 □ (580) 234-8780 □ Fax (580) 237-4302 □ www.envirotechconsulting.com

September 26, 2017

Mr. Bradford Billings
New Mexico EMNRD
Oil conservation Division
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

RE: Rule 34 Variance Request – Todd 2 Produced Water Impoundment Bird Netting

Mr. Billings:

Devon Energy Corporation (Devon) is requesting a variance to rule 34-part 12(E) Netting to ensure the recycling facility is protected from wildlife. Based on our experience from previous projects, we believe audible bird deterrents provide equal or better protection when compared to netting. In addition, they require less inspection, maintenance and repair over the life of the facility.

Devon is proposing to use the “Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro” system at the Todd 2 facility. A copy of the user’s manual is attached to this variance request letter.

This system will replace the netting required by the current rule and submitted with the original permit application.

If you have any questions, please contact me by phone at 580-234-8780 or by email at jstallings@envirotechconsulting.com.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jimmy Stallings", is written over a light blue circular stamp.

Jimmy Stallings, PE

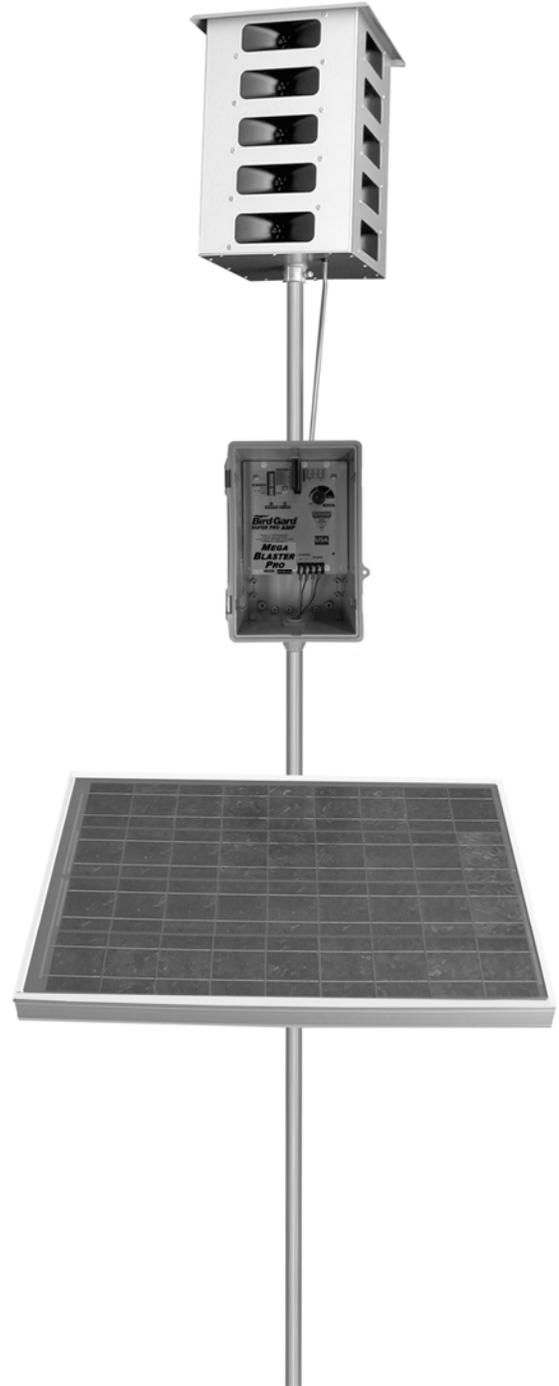
Enclosure

MEGA BLASTER PRO



User's Manual

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Overview

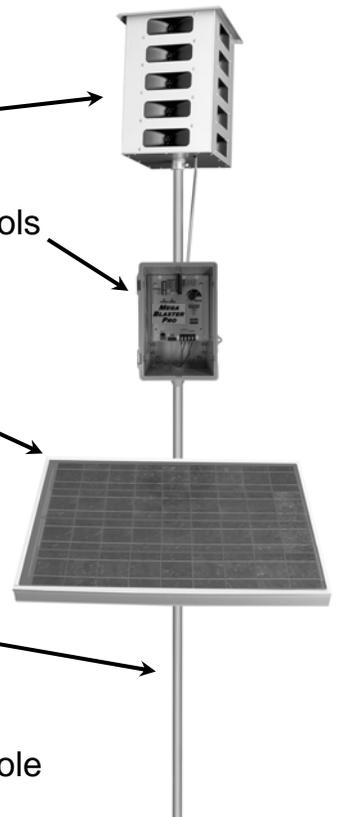
The Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro utilizes the innate power of the natural survival instincts of birds to effectively repel them. Digital recordings of distressed and alarmed birds, along with the sounds made by their natural predators are broadcast through high fidelity weather-resistant speakers over the top of areas. This action triggers a primal fear and flee response. Pest birds soon relocate to where they can feed without feeling threatened.

Your Bird-X Mega Blaster Pro system consists of:

20-Speaker Tower broadcasts the bird sounds

Control Unit produces the bird sounds and contains all operational controls

Solar Panel recharges the 12-volt deep cycle battery



Items needed but not included:

- (1) **Mounting Pole** or **Mast** tall enough to raise the 20-Speaker Tower at least 5 feet above the top of the areas, trees or other obstructions
- (1) **12-volt Deep Cycle Battery** (RV/Marine) Group 27 or larger wet cell
- (1) **T-Post** or similar (Optional) may be needed to support the mounting pole
- (1) **Bailing Wire** or **zip-tie** (Optional) to secure the Mounting Pole to the T-Post

CAUTION: THE MEGA BLASTER PRO IS CAPABLE OF PRODUCING SOUNDS UP TO 125 DECIBELS. PROPER HEARING PROTECTION MUST BE WORN ANYTIME THE UNIT IS TURNED ON.



Bird Control Management Guidelines

An active bird control management program is a key to successfully repelling pest birds. Bird feeding patterns may take several days or weeks to break. Follow all suggestions for maximum effectiveness. Read all instructions prior to installation.

For best results:

- **It is extremely important to fully protect your entire area from birds.** Any areas not fully protected will allow birds to begin feeding at the fringes of the sound coverage. They will soon become bolder and learn the sounds are nothing to fear. This will cause the effectiveness to diminish. Complete Bird-X product coverage forces birds to leave the area entirely.
- Install the Mega Blaster Pro unit at least two weeks before birds are attracted to your area. It is much easier to keep birds away before they have found a food source than it is to repel them once they have developed a feeding pattern.
- Most birds begin feeding from the perimeter of an area. Place Mega Blaster Pro units so the sound protection covers past the edges of the area.
- Birds will often use tall trees for roosting and observation. If birds are in bordering trees it is necessary to position the units so the sound protection covers the trees as well.
- Mount the 20-Speaker Tower at least five feet above trees, areas and structures for maximum coverage. The higher the better. Sound will disperse or reflect off structures or foliage. Mount control unit out of direct sun, if possible.
- When first installed, run Mega Blaster Pro units at FULL volume and on SHORT time off periods. This ensures maximum "bird stress" and creates a hostile environment.
- Watch for changes in bird activity and adjust the location of your Mega Blaster Pro unit if needed.
- **Check the battery and unit settings often to insure continuous bird control. Be certain that the system is not turned down or has a dead battery. Field hands or harvesters may turn down the volume.**
- Changing settings and switches often helps to prevent bird habituation. Periodically change the switch settings of the eight sounds (turning them ON or OFF). NEVER turn OFF the distress calls of the target birds you are trying to repel and always keep at least one predator bird sound turned ON.
- If different bird species enter the protected area and begin causing damage contact us immediately for an updated Sound Recording Card designed to repel the new invading birds.
- Remember that the Mega Blaster Pro system is a management tool, and should be used as part of your overall bird control strategy, sometimes in conjunction with other bird control techniques and devices.

Be aware that under extreme drought or other adverse conditions, birds will disregard all deterrents and risks in order to survive

Materials List

Item	Qty		Notes
Mega Blaster Pro Control Box	1		
Sound Recording Card	1		Pre-installed in control box
20-Speaker Tower	1		
Control Box Mounting U-Bolts	2		1/4" x 1" x 2"
Control Box Brackets	2		
40-Watt Solar Panel	1		
Solar Panel Mounting Bracket	1		
Solar Panel Mounting U-Bolts	2		1/4" x 1-1/8" x 2"
Control Box Connector Cable	1		2 Wire, 4 ft. Long
Battery Box	1		

Assembly

Note: You will find it easier to pre-assemble the following components prior to installation in the field.

Control Unit

1. Lay the Control Unit face down
2. Attach the two Control Box Mounting Brackets to the back with the included screws (Figure 1)

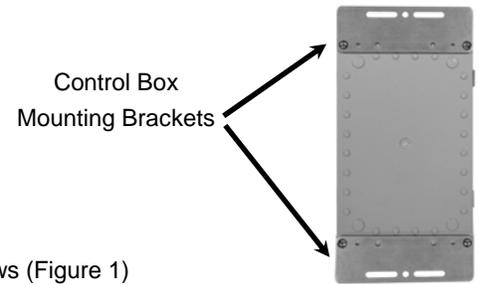


Figure 1

Solar Panel

3. Install the two Solar Panel Mounting U-Bolts in the Head of the Solar Panel Mounting Bracket (Figure 2)
4. Loosen, but do not remove the Carriage Bolts securing the movable Clamp Plates on the Solar Panel Mount Bracket
5. Lay the solar panel on a flat surface with the glass side down
6. Lay the Mounting Arm across the Solar Panel with the Clamp Plates down. Position the Mounting Arm at an angle so the Clamp Plates slide under the lip of the Solar Panel (Figure 3A)
7. Rotate the Mounting Arm and secure it to the Solar Panel by tightening the Carriage Bolts (Figure 3B)

Solar Panel Mounting Bracket

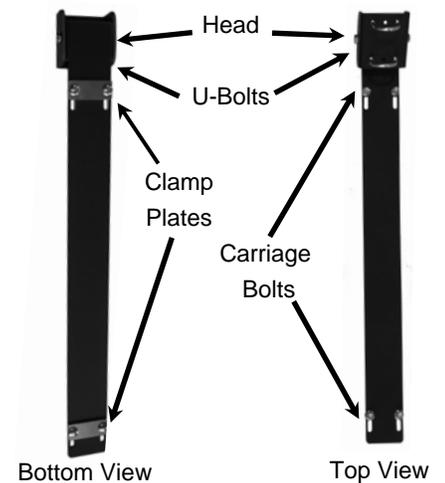


Figure 2

Clamp Plates slide under the lip of the Solar Panel

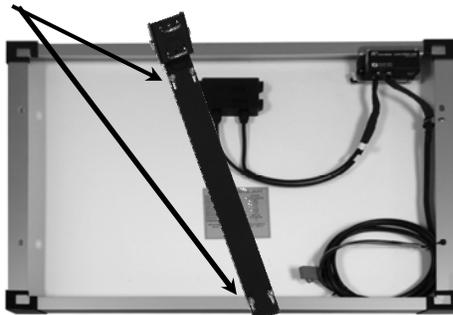


Figure 3A

Rotate Mounting Arm and tighten Carriage Bolts

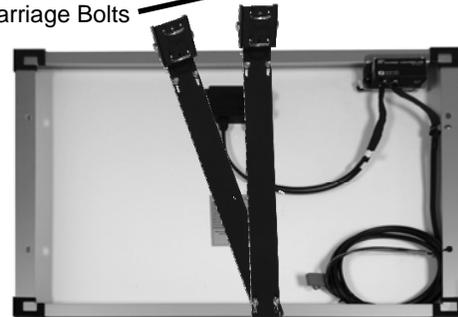


Figure 3B

Placement

Your Mega Blaster Pro will protect an area up to approximately 600 feet in all directions.

Factors to consider when selecting the best location include:

- Birds typically feed from the perimeter of the area and work their way in. Place Mega Blaster Pro units so the sound protection covers all the way to the edges of the area. For larger areas Mega Blaster Pro units should be positioned 400-500 feet inside the area and spaced every 1,200 feet.
- Mount the 20-Speaker Tower at least 5 feet above terrain, areas, trees and other obstacles.
- Placing the Mega Blaster Pro on top of a hill or small rise will give you much better coverage than at the bottom of a valley. The greater the height the further the sounds will travel.
- Wind can blow the sound waves. If the area you need to protect has consistent wind coming from the same direction, position your Mega Blaster Pro more “upwind.”
- Trees surrounding areas provide birds with a safe perch that allows them to fly in, grab food and fly out. It is much more difficult to eliminate bird damage if the birds are able to use the surrounding trees as a staging area for attacks on your areas. Your Mega Blaster Pro unit should be positioned close to any trees bordering your areas. If birds are roosting in the trees at night the TIME OF OPERATION should be set to 24 HOUR.
- Lakes, rivers and wetlands are a favorite resting and hiding place for birds. Your Mega Blaster Pro unit should be placed so the sound thoroughly covers any areas where birds frequent.
- Neighbors, businesses and others may not appreciate hearing the bird sounds. At the limits of the effective range the sounds from your Mega Blaster Pro are at a level people may find annoying. Avoid placing the unit where it becomes a nuisance.

Building a Mounting Pole or Mast

CAUTION: TALL POLES AND MASTS CAN BE HEAVY AND POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS. USE EXTREME CAUTION WHEN CONSTRUCTING OR WORKING AROUND TALL POLES AND MASTS. BIRD-X, INC., ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGES OR INJURIES.

Things to consider:

- The 20-Speaker Tower is designed to mount onto a 1 in. (outside diameter) pipe at least 14 in. long. 1 in. conduit works well as it is light, rigid, inexpensive and available in 10 ft. lengths making it ideal for low areas, vineyards and bushes.
- You will want to take down your Mega Blaster Pro unit after harvest and store it in a dry location until the next season.

A suggestion for masts up to 20 feet tall:

1. 3/4 inch Galvanized steel water pipe has a 1 inch outside diameter and is the correct size to fit inside the 20-Speaker Tower. It is often available in 20 ft. lengths from hardware and plumbing supply stores. If these are not available, 10 ft. lengths are common and can be fastened together with a threaded coupler. Assemble the poles on the ground.
2. Slide the 20-Speaker Tower over the pipe and tighten the set screw in the collar at the base.
3. Stand the pole assembly up just inside the drip line of a tree and securely tie the pole to a few heavy branches.
4. Drive a T-Post into the ground at the base of the pole and secure with wire.

For masts taller than 20 feet:

1. Use 20 ft. lengths of galvanized steel water pipe or similar, securely fastened together with threaded reducing couplers.
2. Starting with 3 in. pipe, step the size down with each length of pipe.
3. The last 10 ft. can be 1 in. (O.D.) conduit hose clamped to the final section of galvanized pipe.

A semi-permanent mast support can be made by digging a hole 4 ft. deep and 4 ft. round. In the middle of the hole sink a length of galvanized water pipe large enough that your mast will easily fit inside. Make sure at least 2 ft. of pipe is above ground level. Fill the area around the pipe with packed sand, leaving the last foot filled with concrete to form a cap over the hole. Your mast can be dropped into the galvanized water pipe “receiver” for support. At the end of harvest the mast can be lifted out and positioned on the ground for easy disassembly and storage.

Installation

Note: Foliage, trees, and other obstructions severely reduce the effective range of Mega Blaster Pro units. It is critical that the 20-Speaker Tower is mounted at least 5 feet above all obstructions to achieve the maximum protection.

Mounting Pole or Mast

1. The Mounting Pole or Mast will need to be supported by a T-Post, fence post, tree or other means. The Pole Support should be in place before proceeding.

20-Speaker Tower

2. Lay the 20-Speaker Tower on its side on the ground and cut the zip-tie securing the speaker cables.
3. Slide the 1 in. (outside diameter) Mounting Pole through the Collar at the bottom of the 20-Speaker Tower until it slides over the positioning bolt inside the top of the Tower (Figure 4).
4. Tighten the Set Screw in Collar securely.

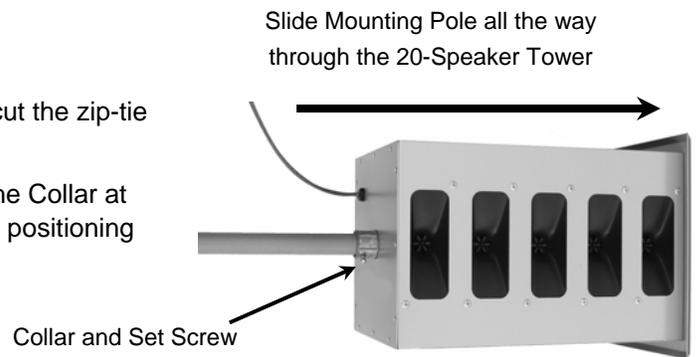


Figure 4

Solar Panel

5. Rest the lower end of the Mounting Pole on the Solar Panel Mounting Bracket approximately three feet from the bottom of the pole with the top of the solar panel facing the 20-Speaker Tower (Figure 5).
6. Lean up the Mounting Pole with the 20-Speaker Tower on top, against the Pole Support and fasten the Mounting Pole to the Pole Support securely with wire or other semi-permanent means.
7. Rotate the solar panel so it receives sunlight.

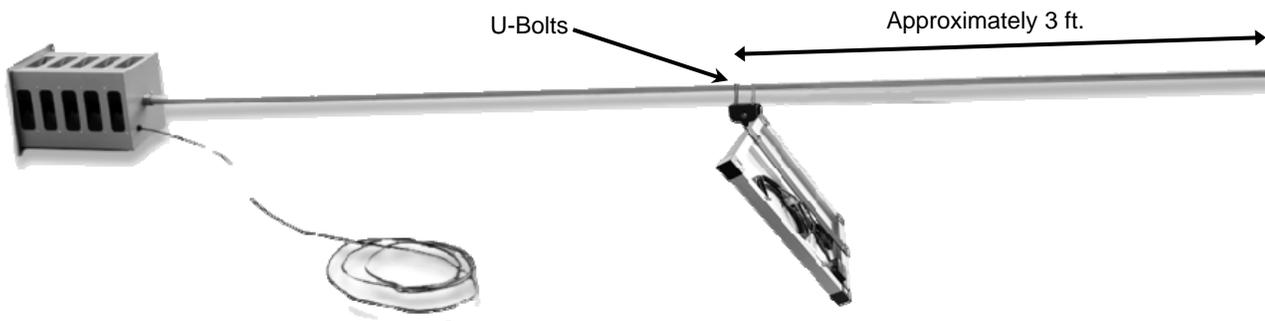
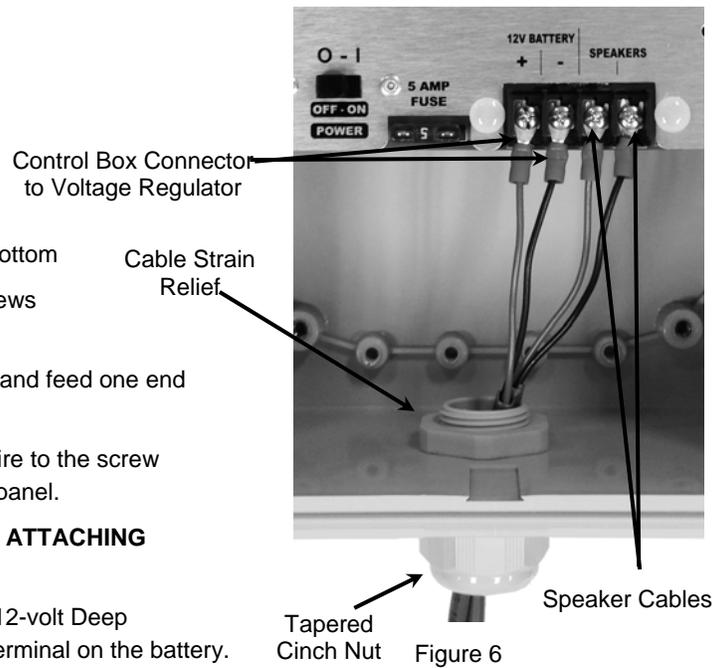


Figure 5

Control Box

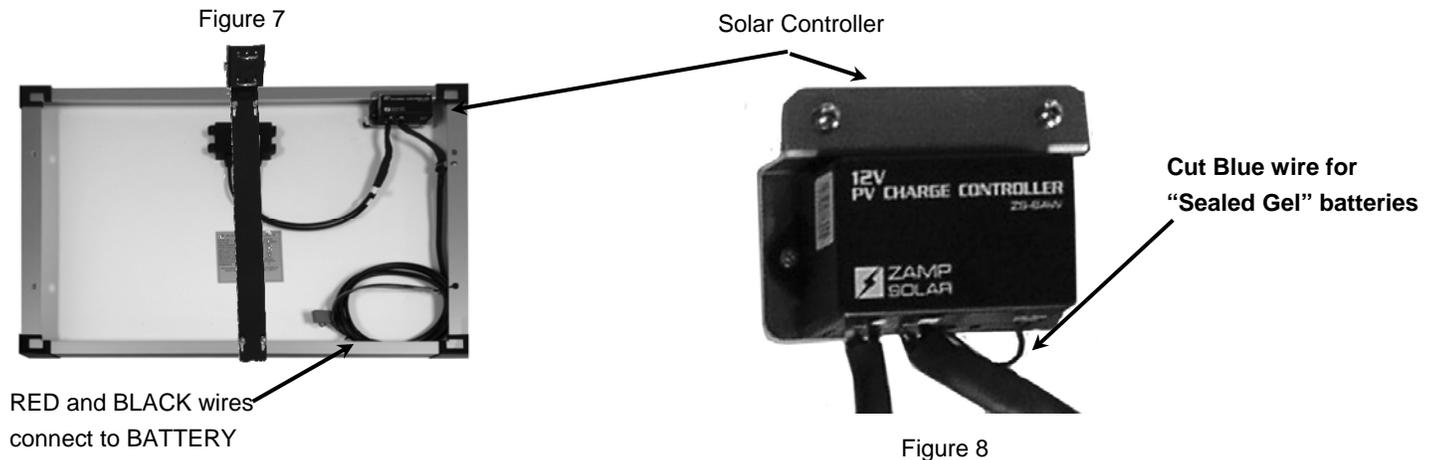
8. Attach the Control Box to the Mounting Pole with the U-Bolts.
9. Feed the Speaker Cables through the Cable Strain Relief at the bottom
10. Attach the Speaker Cables from the 20-Speaker Tower to the screws marked "SPEAKER" on the faceplate of the control panel.
11. Locate the Control Box Connector Cable (the grey 2 lead cables) and feed one end through the Cable Strain Relief.
12. Connect the RED wire to the screw marked "+" and the BLACK wire to the screw marked "-" under "12V BATTERY" on the faceplate of the control panel.
13. **MAKE SURE THE POWER SWITCH IS TURNED OFF BEFORE ATTACHING BATTERY.**
14. Connect the other end of the RED wire to the "+" terminal on the 12-volt Deep Cycle battery (not included). Connect the BLACK wire to the "-" terminal on the battery.
15. Hand tighten the Tapered Cinch Nut on the bottom of the Cable Strain Relief to help keep insects and moisture out.



Solar Panel Connections

16. Cut the black zip-ties securing the RED and BLACK wires on the underside of the solar panel. (Figure 7)
17. Connect the RED wire to the "+" terminal on the 12-volt battery and connect the BLACK wire to the "-" terminal on the battery.

NOTE: If you are using a "Sealed Gel" 12-volt battery (instead of a Lead Acid battery) you will need to cut the indicated small BLUE wire on the attached voltage regulator. This prevents Sealed Gel batteries from being overcharged. Failure to cut this wire can result in permanent battery damage. (Figure 8)



CAUTION: The Mega Blaster Pro is capable of producing sounds up to 125 decibels. Hearing protection must be worn anytime the unit is on!



Settings

Repelling birds requires regular monitoring and active management. Birds are intelligent and highly adaptable so it is important to create and maintain an environment the birds perceive as hostile and dangerous. This is achieved by playing the sounds frequently and at a high volume, otherwise the birds will not be fully repelled and will soon learn to adapt.

Below are the initial settings that should be used when your Mega Blaster Pro is first installed. Please see the “Bird Control Management Guidelines” section for more information.

Recordings

There are eight separate bird sounds contained on the Replaceable Sound Card. The label on the sound card lists each sound with a number corresponding to the eight “RECORDINGS” dip switches to the left of the Sound Card. Initially all RECORDING switches should be turned ON. If the target birds begin returning, periodically change the switch settings for the eight sounds (turning them ON or OFF). **NOTE: NEVER turn OFF the distress calls of the target birds you are trying to repel and always keep at least one predator bird sound turned ON.**

Mode Settings

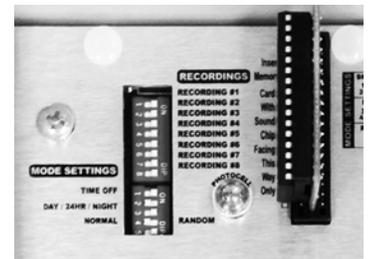
TIME OFF INTERVAL controls the time off periods between each playing of the bird recordings.

Setting	Time Off Duration	Switch #1	Switch #2
SHORT	17-50 Seconds	ON	OFF
MEDIUM	1:00-4:15 Minutes	OFF	ON
LONG	5:00-10:00 Minutes	ON	ON
XLONG	10:00-30:00 Minutes	OFF	OFF

When the Mega Blaster Pro unit is first installed the **TIME OFF INTERVAL** should be set to **SHORT** to create the greatest sense of danger and move the birds out of the area the fastest. Once the birds have left the area completely for a week or more you may try increasing the **TIME OFF INTERVAL** gradually, but you must monitor the birds carefully. Switch back to **SHORT** at the first sign birds are returning.

TIME OF OPERATION controls when the bird recordings play.

Setting	Switch #3	Switch #4
DAY ONLY	ON	OFF
24-HOUR	OFF	ON
NIGHT ONLY	ON	ON



Recommended Settings

In most cases birds are only active during the day so the **DAY ONLY** is recommended. If birds are roosting in bordering trees at night you will need to set the **TIME OF OPERATION** for **24-HOUR**.

RANDOM OPERATION should always be turned **ON**. **VOLUME** should be set as high as possible.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Solution
No Sound	Volume turned down	Turn volume up
	Dead battery	Charge or replace battery
	Loose battery connection	Verify all battery connections are tight
	All RECORDINGS are turned OFF	Verify all RECORDINGS are switched to ON
	Sound Card not fully seated	Remove sound card and reinstall, making sure it is fully inserted into the socket
	Sound Card is installed backward	Unplug the sound card and reinstall with the label facing to the left
	TIME OF OPERATION set to DAY ONLY without enough light	Change TIME OF OPERATION to 24-HOUR
	Unit was not shut down before the battery was disconnected causing the unit to go into "SAFE MODE"	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Turn the POWER switch OFF 2. Disconnect the battery 3. Remove the sound card 4. Wait 30 seconds 5. Reinstall sound card 6. Reconnect the battery 7. Turn the POWER switch ON
Was working but stopped	The battery is dead	Connect the battery to a battery charger and see if it will hold a charge. Replace if necessary
	Solar Panel is not getting enough sunlight	Reposition the Solar Panel

Limited Warranty

THIS MEGA BLASTER PRO UNIT IS WARRANTED AGAINST DEFECTS IN MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP FOR SIX MONTHS FROM DATE OF PURCHASE (EXTENDED WARRANTY AVAILABLE). BIRD-X WILL REPLACE OR REPAIR, PROVIDED DEFECT OCCURS UNDER NORMAL USE. *RETURNS ACCEPTED ONLY WITH AUTHORIZATION FROM OUR CHICAGO OFFICE.*



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EPA Establishment Number 075130-OR-001

Mega Blaster Pro P/N 655-0065-00 (Rev. 9/2013)

