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FORM APPROVED
OMB No. 1004-0137
Expires July 31, 2010UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO DRILL OR REENTER

1a. Type of work: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DRILL <input type="checkbox"/> REENTER		5. Lease Serial No. NM-108027
1b. Type of Well: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oil Well <input type="checkbox"/> Gas Well <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Single Zone <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Zone		6. If Indian, Allottee or Tribe Name -----
2. Name of Operator THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.		7. If Unit or CA Agreement, Name and No. -----
3a. Address 1122 S. CAPITAL OF TEXAS HWY SUITE 325 AUSTIN, TEXAS 78745		8. Lease Name and Well No. C-39014 YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL #3
3b. Phone No. (include area code) 512-600-3192		9. API Well No. 30-015-38823
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly and in accordance with any State requirements.) At surface 1980' FSL & 660' FWL SECTION 3 T26S-R25E EDDY CO. At proposed prod. zone SAME		10. Field and Pool or Exploratory [96403] WILDLAT; Bone Spring
11. Sec., T. R. M. or Blk. and Survey or Area SECTION 3 T26S-R25E		12. County or Parish EDDY CO.
13. State NM		14. Distance in miles and direction from nearest town or post office* Approximately 8 miles South Southeast of White City New Mexico
15. Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig, unit line, if any)	16. No. of acres in lease 640	17. Spacing Unit dedicated to this well 40
18. Distance from proposed location* to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft. NA	19. Proposed Depth 6500'	20. BLM/BIA Bond No. on file NMB-000737
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, GL, etc.) 3684' GL	22. Approximate date work will start* WHEN APPROVED	23. Estimated duration 25 Days

24. Attachments

The following, completed in accordance with the requirements of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No.1, must be attached to this form:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Well plat certified by a registered surveyor. | 4. Bond to cover the operations unless covered by an existing bond on file (s Item 20 above). |
| 2. A Drilling Plan. | 5. Operator certification |
| 3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on National Forest System Lands, the SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Forest Service Office). | 6. Such other site specific information and/or plans as may be required by the BLM. |

25. Signature <i>Joe T. Janica</i>	Name (Printed/Typed) Joe T. Janica	Date 12/27/11
Title Permit Eng.		
Approved by (Signature) <i>/s/ Don Peterson</i>	Name (Printed/Typed)	Date JAN 05 2011
Title FIELD MANAGER	Office CARLSBAD FIELD OFFICE	

Application approval does not warrant or certify that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.

APPROVAL FOR TWO YEARS

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

(Continued on page 2)

CARLSBAD CONTROLLED WATER BASIN**SEE ATTACHED FOR
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL****APPROVAL SUBJECT TO
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND
SPECIAL STIPULATIONS
ATTACHED**

*(Instructions on page 2)

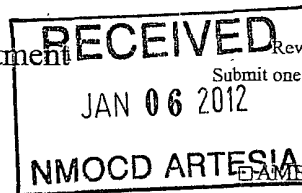
DISTRICT I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720

DISTRICT II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720

DISTRICT III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170

DISTRICT IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505
Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department
OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION
1220 South St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505



Form C-102
Revised August 1, 2011
Submit one copy to appropriate
District Office
AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

API Number 30-015-3823	Pool Code 96403	Pool Name COTTONWOOD SPRING-WILDCAT ; BONE SPRING
Property Code 39014	Property Name YELLOWSTONE 3 FEDERAL	Well Number 3
OGRID No. 272295	Operator Name THREE RIVERS OPERATING	Elevation 3684'

Surface Location

UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
L	3	26-S	25-E		1980	SOUTH	660	WEST	EDDY

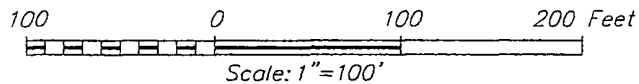
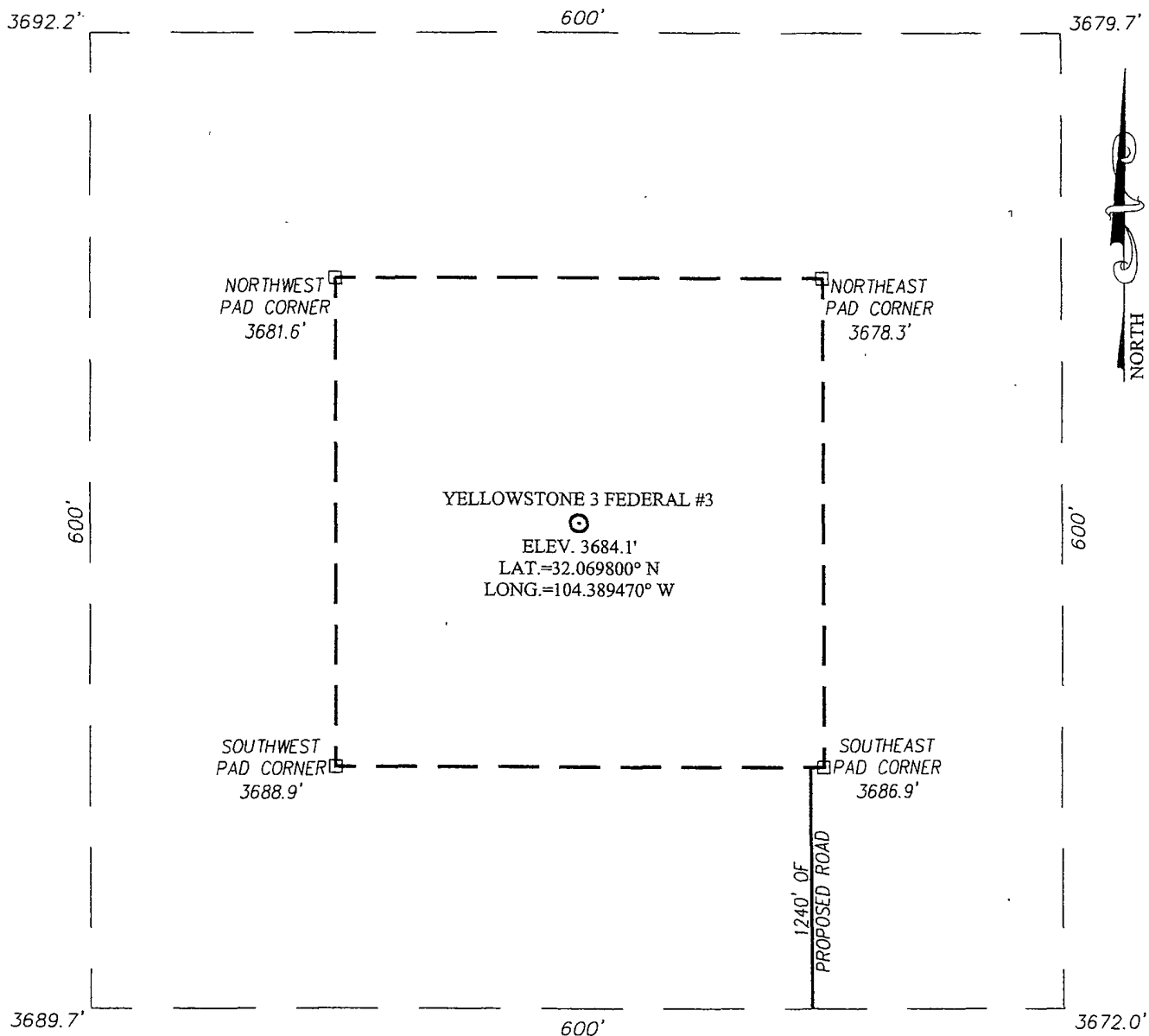
Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface

UL or lot No.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
Dedicated Acres 40	Joint or Infill	Consolidation Code	Order No.						

NO ALLOWABLE WILL BE ASSIGNED TO THIS COMPLETION UNTIL ALL INTERESTS HAVE BEEN CONSOLIDATED OR A NON-STANDARD UNIT HAS BEEN APPROVED BY THE DIVISION


<p>LOT 4</p> <p>LOT 3</p> <p>LOT 2</p> <p>LOT 1</p> <p>DETAIL</p> <p>3692.2' 3679.7'</p> <p>600'</p> <p>3689.7' 3672.0'</p> <p>NM-108027</p> <p>660'</p> <p>SEE DETAIL</p> <p>1980'</p> <p>GEODETIC COORDINATES NAD 83 NME</p> <p>SURFACE LOCATION Y=389122.4 N X=482611.0 E</p> <p>LAT.=32.069800° N LONG.=104.389470° W</p> <p>EXHIBIT "A"</p>	<p>OPERATOR CERTIFICATION</p> <p>I hereby certify that the information herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such mineral or working interest, or to a voluntary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling order heretofore entered by the division.</p> <p><i>Joe T. Janica</i> Signature Date Joe T. Janica 12/27/11 Printed Name joejanica@valornet.com E-mail Address</p> <p>SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION</p> <p>I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief.</p> <p>DECEMBER 14, 2011</p> <p>Date of Survey Signature & Seal of Professional Surveyor: <i>Ronald J. Eidson</i> Certificate Number... Gary O. Eidson 12641 Ronald J. Eidson 3239 AF JWSC W.O. 11.11.2608</p>
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SECTION 3, TOWNSHIP 26 SOUTH, RANGE 25 EAST, N.M.P.M.
 EDDY COUNTY NEW MEXICO



DIRECTIONS TO LOCATION

FROM THE INTERSECTION OF HWY #62-180 AND C.R. #424 GO SOUTHEAST ON C.R. #424 FOR APPROX. 3.3 MILES. FOLLOW ROAD SURVEY NORTH FOR 1240 FEET TO THIS LOCATION.



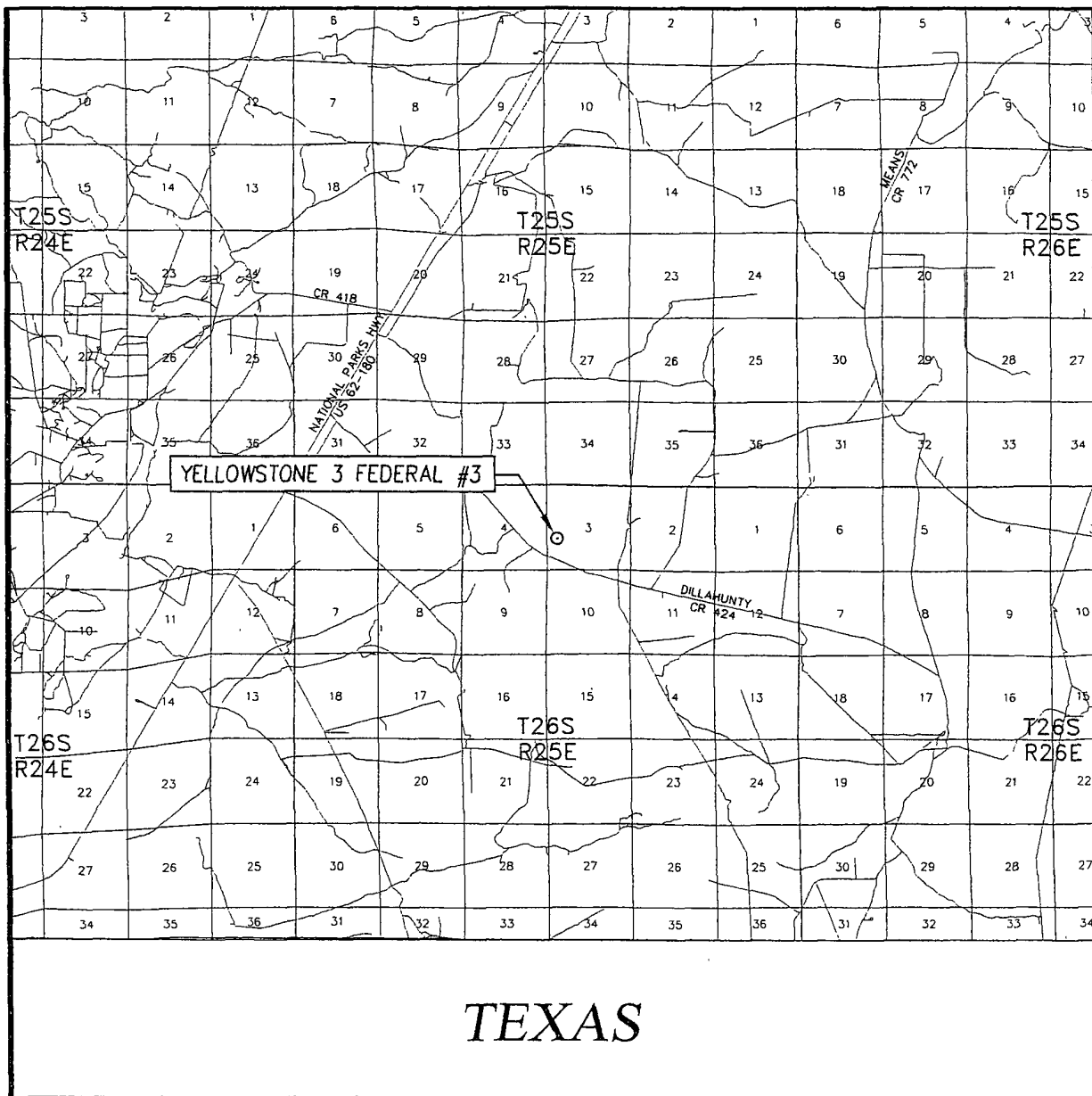
PROVIDING SURVEYING SERVICES
 SINCE 1946
JOHN WEST SURVEYING COMPANY
 412 N DAL PASO
 HOBBS, N.M. 88240
 (575) 393-3117

THREE RIVERS OPERATING

YELLOWSTONE 3 FEDERAL #3 WELL
 LOCATED 1980 FEET FROM THE SOUTH LINE
 AND 660 FEET FROM THE WEST LINE OF SECTION 3,
 TOWNSHIP 26 SOUTH, RANGE 25 EAST, N.M.P.M.,
 EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

Survey Date: 12/14/11	Sheet 1 of 1 Sheets
W.O. Number: 11.11.2608	Dr. By: AF Rev 1:
Date: 12/21/11	Rel. W.O.: 11112608 Scale: 1"=100'

VICINITY MAP



TEXAS

SCALE: 1" = 2 MILES

SEC. 3 TWP. 26-S RGE. 25-E

SURVEY N.M.P.M.


COUNTY EDDY STATE NEW MEXICO

DESCRIPTION 1980' FSL & 660' FWL

ELEVATION 3684'

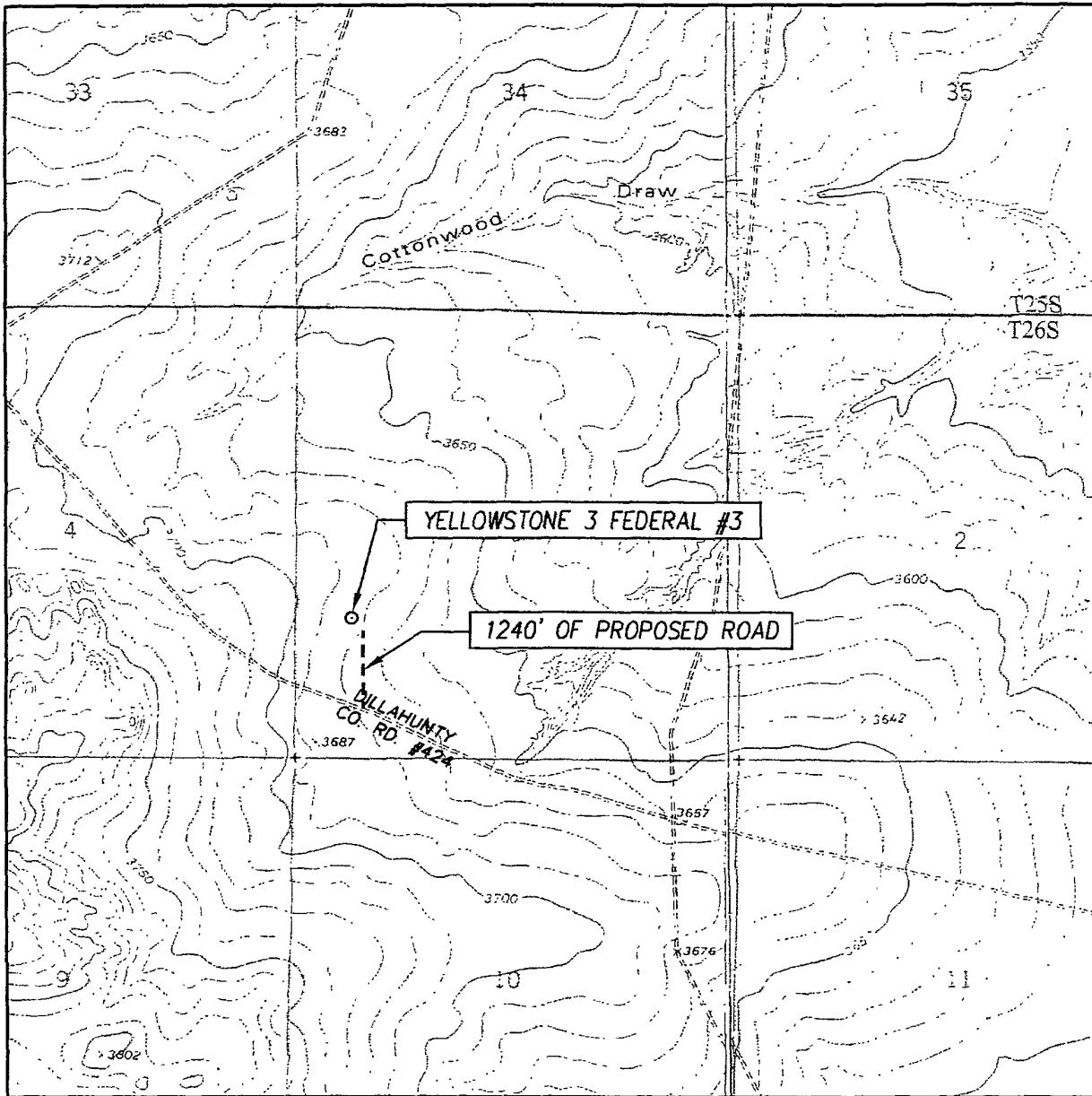
OPERATOR THREE RIVERS OPERATING

LEASE YELLOWSTONE 3 FEDERAL



PROVIDING SURVEYING SERVICES
SINCE 1946
JOHN WEST SURVEYING COMPANY
412 N. DAL PASO
HOBBS, N.M. 88240
(575) 393-3117

LOCATION VERIFICATION MAP



SCALE: 1" = 2000'

CONTOUR INTERVAL:
 RATTLESNAKE SPRING, N.M. - 10'
 JUMPING SPRING, N.M. - 10'

SEC. 3 TWP. 26-S RGE. 25-E

SURVEY _____ N.M.P.M.

COUNTY EDDY STATE NEW MEXICO

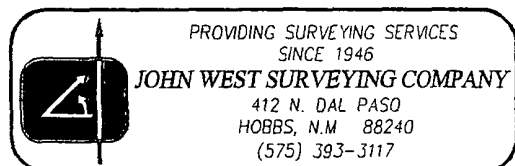
DESCRIPTION 1980' FSL & 660' FWL

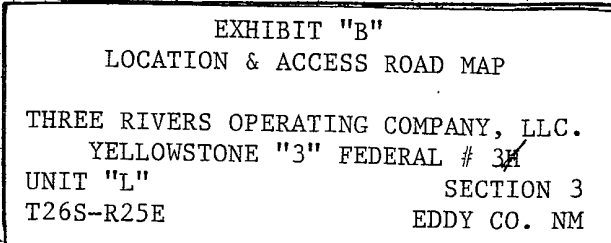
ELEVATION 3684'

OPERATOR THREE RIVERS OPERATING

LEASE YELLOWSTONE 3 FEDERAL

U.S.G.S. TOPOGRAPHIC MAP
 RATTLESNAKE SPRING, N.M.





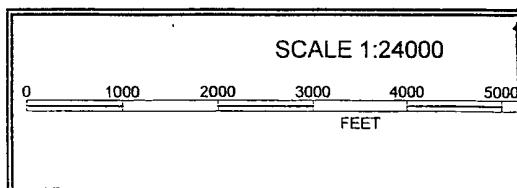
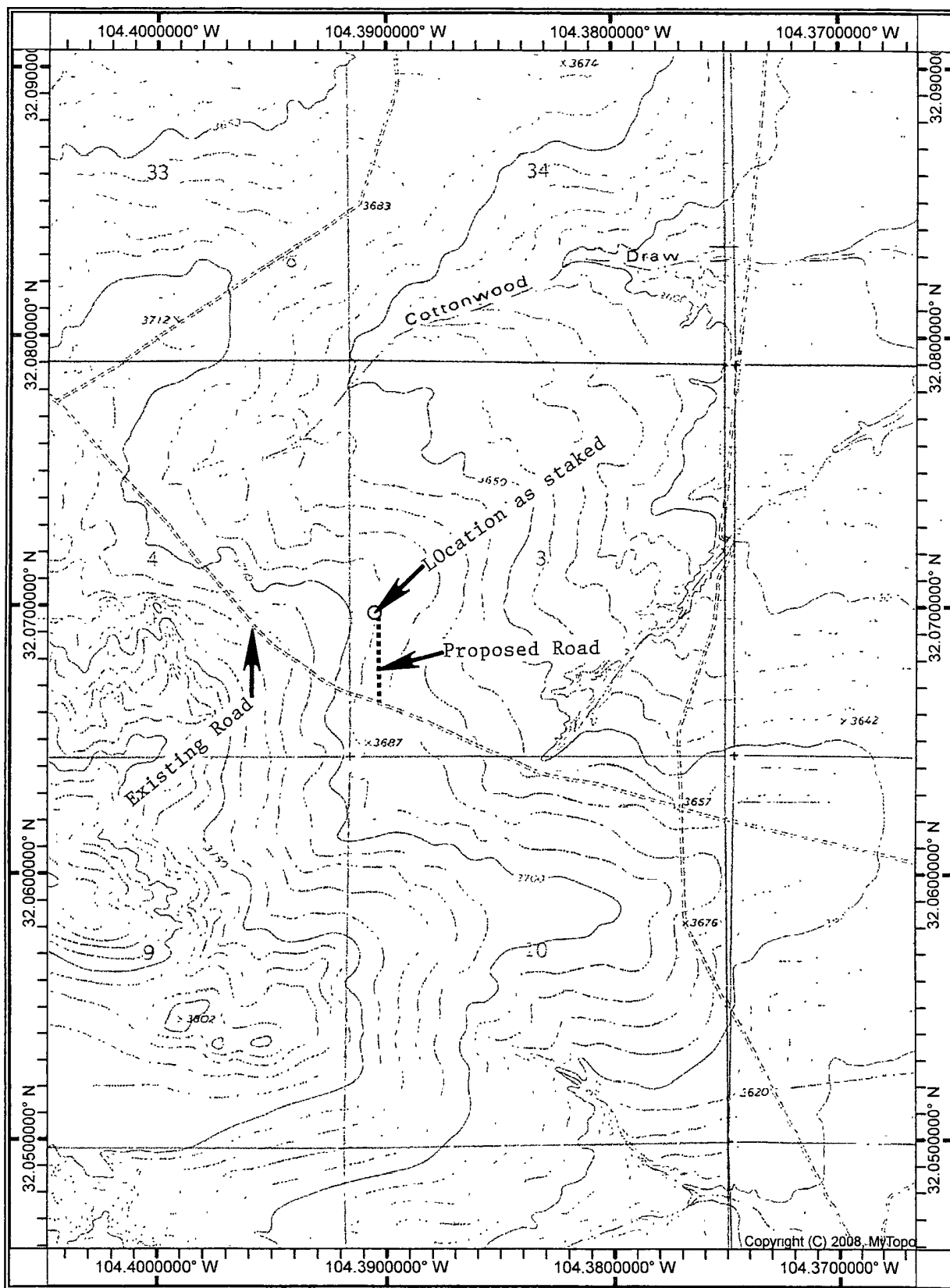


EXHIBIT "C"
 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP SHOWING
 ROADS & DIRECTIONS TO
 THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
 YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL #34
 UNIT "L" SECTION 3
 T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

APPLICATION TO DRILL

THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL # 3H
UNIT "L" SECTION 3
T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

12. LOGGING, CORING, AND TESTING PROGRAM:

- A. Open hole logs: Gamma Ray, Caliper, Litho-Density, Compensated Neutron High Res. Laterlog Array with Microlog from TD back to 9 5/8" casing shoe. Run Gamma Ray, Density Compensated Neutron from Intermediate casing back to surface.
- B. No DST's or cores are planned at this time rig up mudlogger on hole at surface casing shoe and keep on hole to TD

13. POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. There is no known presence of H²S in this area. If H²S is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 6. No lost circulation is expected to occur. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used to drill this well. Estimated BHP 3300 PSI, and Estimated BHT 180°.

14. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE AND DURATION OF OPERATION:

Road and location construction will begin after the BLM has approved the APD. Anticipated spud date will be as soon after BLM approval and as soon as a rig will be available. Move in operation and drilling is expected to take 25 days. If production casing is run then an additional 21 days will be needed to complete well and construct surface facilities and/or lay flowlines in order to place well on production.

15. OTHER FACETS OF OPERATIONS:

After running casing, cased hole Gamma Ray, Neutron Collar logs will be run from TD back to all possible productive zones. The BONE SPRING formation will be perforated and stimulated in order to establish production. The well will be swab tested and potentialized as an oil well.

APPLICATION TO DRILL

THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL # ~~34~~
UNIT "L" SECTION 3
T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

12. LOGGING, CORING, AND TESTING PROGRAM:

- A. Open hole logs: Gamma Ray, Caliper, Litho-Density, Compensated Neutron High Res. Laterlog Array with Microlog from TD back to 9 5/8" casing shoe. Run Gamma Ray, Density Compensated Neutron from Intermediate casing back to surface.
- B. No DST's or cores are planned at this time rig up mudlogger on hole at surface casing shoe and keep on hole to TD

13. POTENTIAL HAZARDS:

No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. There is no known presence of H²S in this area. If H²S is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 6. No lost circulation is expected to occur. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation of equipment being used to drill this well. Estimated BHP 4843 PSI, and Estimated BHT 220°.

14. ANTICIPATED STARTING DATE AND DURATION OF OPERATION:

Road and location construction will begin after the BLM has approved the APD. Anticipated spud date will be as soon after BLM approval and as soon as a rig will be available. Move in operation and drilling is expected to take 35 days. If production casing is run then an additional 21 days will be needed to complete well and construct surface facilities and/or lay flowlines in order to place well on production.

15. OTHER FACETS OF OPERATIONS:

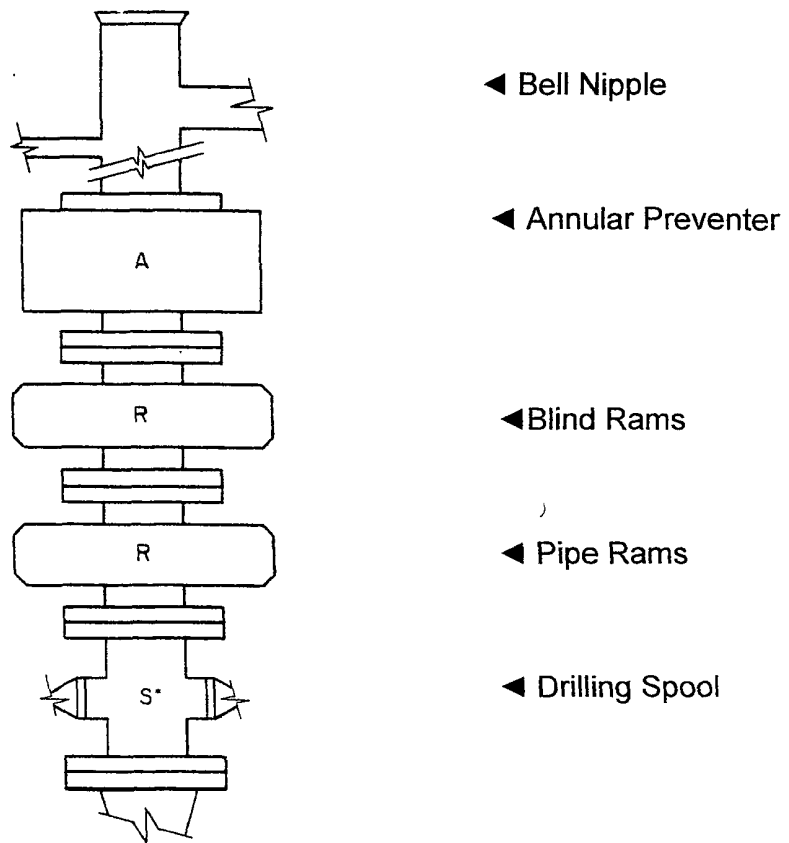
After running casing, cased hole Gamma Ray, Neutron Collar logs will be run from TD back to all possible productive zones. The Wolfcamp formation will be perforated and stimulated in order to establish production. The well will be swab tested and potentialized as a Gas well.

EXHIBIT II

BLOWOUT PREVENTER SCHEMATIC

Three Rivers Operating Company, LLC

Yellowstone 3 Federal # 3A



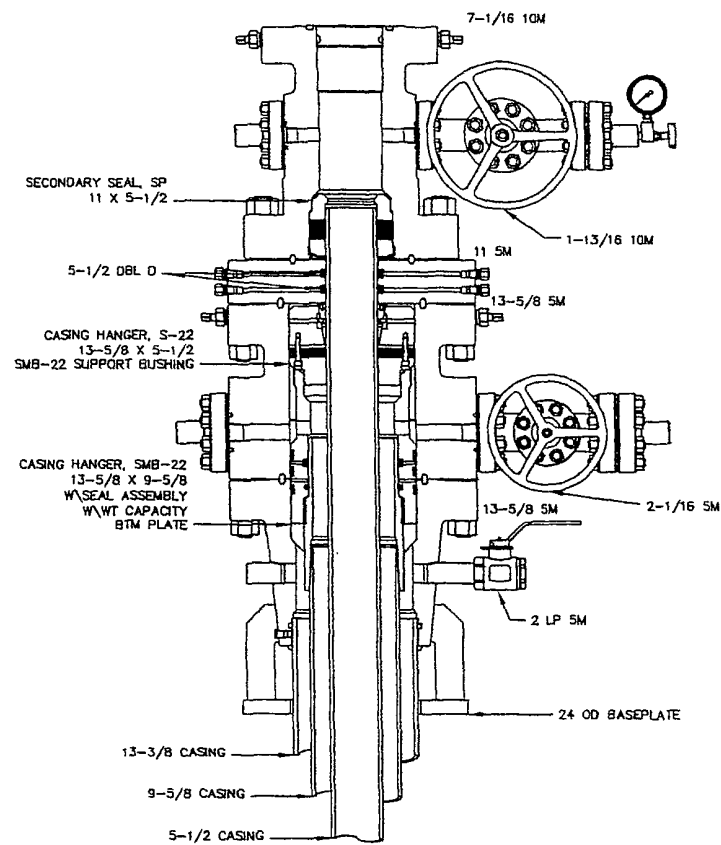
13 5/8" – 5M PSI

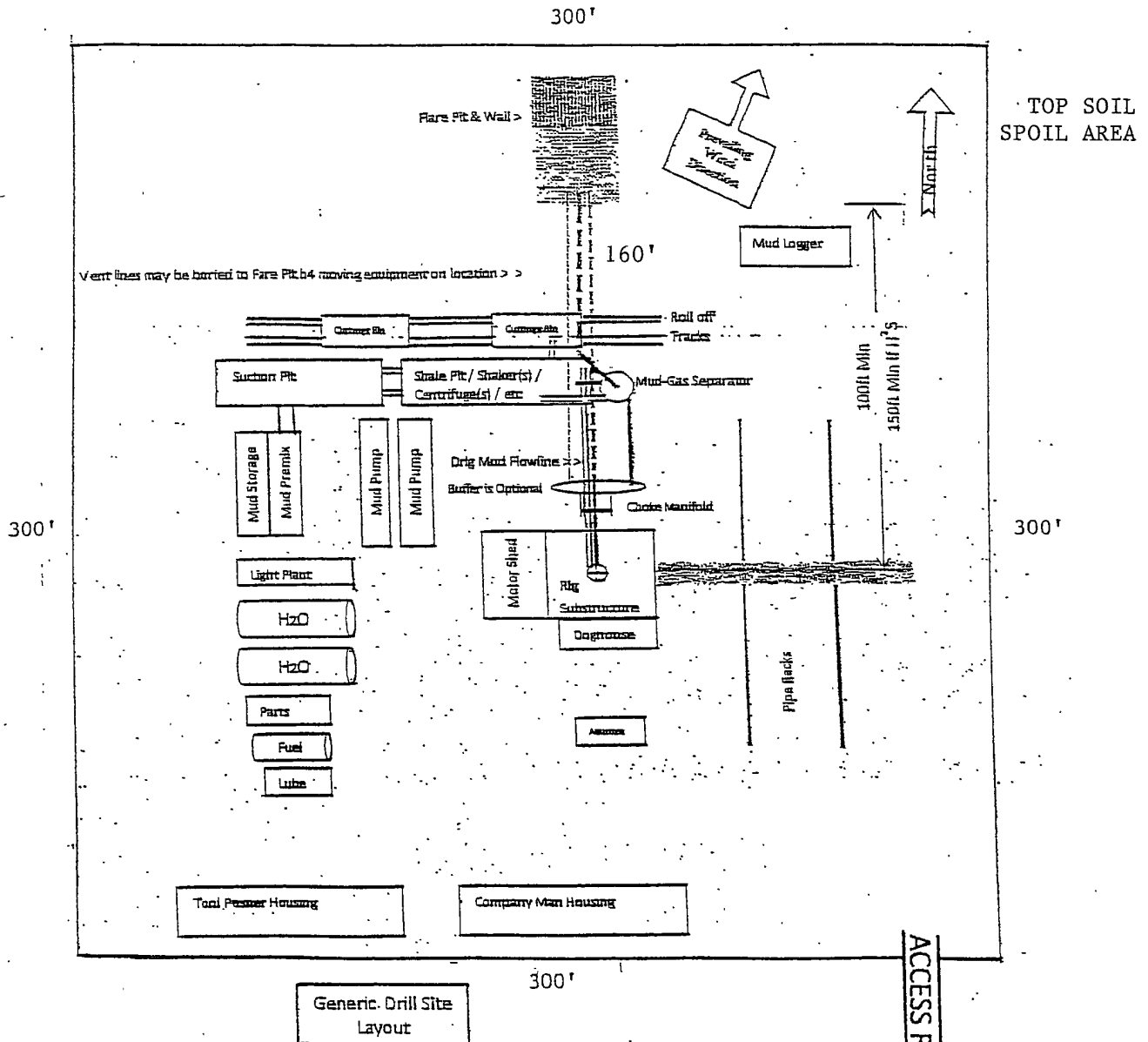
EXHIBIT I

WELLHEAD SCHEMATIC

Three Rivers Operating Company, LLC

Yellowstone 3 Federal # 3H





Preplanning reasonable spacing accommodations for a useable "Closed Loop" drillsite layout is challenging. Particular site specific conflicts need to be resolved. This generic APD plat was prepared to demonstrate several necessary elements. The plat should include: a north arrow, prevailing wind direction, spacing access for truck removal of cutting bins, flare pit location, and piping provision to vent all combustible gas to the flare pit. Include the choke manifold and mud-gas separator location and their connection routing.

EXHIBIT "D" RIG LAY OUT PLAT

THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL # 3H
UNIT "L" SECTION 3
T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

In response to questions asked under Section II of Bulletin NTL-6, the following information on the above well will be provided.

1. LOCATION: 1980' FSL & 660' FWL SECTION 3 T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NEW MEXICO
2. ELEVATION ABOVE SEA LEVEL: 3684' GL
3. GEOLOGICAL NAME OF SURFACE FORMATION: Quaternary Aeolian Deposits;
4. DRILLING TOOLS AND ASSOCIATED EQUIPMENT: Conventional rotary drilling rig using drilling mud as a circulating medium for the removal of solids from the hole.
5. PROPOSED DRILLING DEPTH: 6500'

6. ESTIMATED TOPS OF GEOLOGICAL FORMATIONS:

Top Salt	850'	Brushy Canyon	3483'
Base Salt	1351'	Bone Spring Lime	4880'
Bell Canyon	1388'	1st Bone Spring Sd.	5803'
Cherry Canyon	2287'	2nd Bone Spring Sd.	6636'

7. POSSIBLE MINERAL BEARING FORMATIONS:

Brushy Canyon	Oil	Possible Fresh water 55'
Bone Spring	Oil	

8. CASING PROGRAM:

HOLE SIZE	INTERVAL	CASING OD	WEIGHT	THREAD	COLLAR	GRADE	CONDITION
26"	0-40	20"	NA	NA	NA	Conductor	New
17½"	0-450'	13 3/8"	48#	8-R	ST&C	H-40	New
12¼"	0-1750' 1600	9 5/8"	40#	8-R	LT&C	N-80	New
8 3/4"	0-6500'	7"	26#	8-R	LT&C	L-80	New

CASING SAFETY FACTORS: Collapse 1.125 Burst 1.00 Body Yield 1.5
 Joint Strength 8-Round 1.8
 Buttress 1.6

9. CASING CEMENTING AND SETTING DEPTHS:

20"	Conductor	Set 40' of 20" conductor pipe and cement to surface with Redi-mix.
13 3/8"	Surface	Run and set 450' of 13 3/8" 48# H-40 ST&C casing. Cement with 495 Sx. of HalCem Class "C" cement + 2% CaCl, Yield 1.35, 1.35. 100% Excess Circulate cement to surface.
9 5/8"	Intermediate	Run and set 1750 1750' of 9 5/8" 40# N-80 LT&C casing. Cement with 395 Sx. of ExtendaGem-CZ Yield 1.75, tail in with 250 Sx. of HalCem Class "C" + 2% CaCl, Yield 1.35, 100% Excess Circulate cement to surface.
7"	Production	Run and set 6500' of 7" 26# L-80 LT&C casing. Cement with 550 Sx. of EconoGem Class "C" cement + additives, Yield 2.42 100% excess, tail in with 115 Sx. of HalCem Class "C" cement + 2% CaCl, Yield 1.33 100% excess <i>Cement to surface</i>

10. Pressure Control Equipment

The Pressure Control System for this well will consist of a "Multi-bowl" Wellhead (See Exhibit I), a 5000 psi Blowout Preventer (BOP) Stack (See Exhibit II), a Choke Manifold (See Exhibit III), and a Mud/Gas Separator with Flare Stack (See Exhibit IV). All BOP components will conform to and be tested to Onshore Oil & Gas Order No. 2 for a 5000 psi system. B.O.P. 13 5/8" X 13 3/8 SOW.

The Multi-bowl Wellhead will be installed on the 13 3/8" Surface Casing. The Multi-bowl type wellhead allows the setting of the intermediate and production casings without nipples-down the BOP Stack.

The BOP Stack and pressure control equipment will be nipples-up on the Multi-bowl after surface casing has been set. The BOP Stack will consist of a drilling spool, dual ram type preventer, and an annular type preventer. The dual ram preventer will be configured with drill pipe rams in the bottom cavity and blind rams in the top cavity. A remote control operating station for the BOP will be installed on the rig floor. The pipe rams will be function tested daily. The blind rams will be function tested each trip when pipe is pulled from the hole. Checks will be recorded in the Daily Report.

The drilling spool will be configured with a choke and kill line outlet. The kill outlet will be connected to the mud pumps via an isolation and check valve assembly. The choke outlet will be connected to the choke manifold via an isolation valve, a Hydraulically Controlled Valve (HCR), and a choke line.

The choke manifold will be equipped with a remotely controlled hydraulically operated choke. A remote operating station will be installed on the rig floor.

Other related Pressure Control Equipment will include an upper and lower Kelly cock, drill pipe safety valves, and inside BOP.

APPLICATION TO DRILL

THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL # 3H
UNIT "L" SECTION 3
T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

11. PROPOSED MUD CIRCULATING SYSTRM:

DEPTH	MUD WT.	VISC.	FLUID LOSS	TYPE MUD SYSTEM
40-450'	8.6-8.8	28-34	NC	Fresh water spud mud use paper to control seepage
450- 1750 1600	10.0-10.2	28-34	NC	Brine water use paper to control seepage and high viscosity sweeps to clean hole
1750 -6500'	9.0-9.5	28-34	NC	Cut Brine use paper to control seepage and high viscosity sweeps to clean hole.

THIS WELL WILL BE DRILLED USING A CLOSED MUD SYSTEM.

Sufficient mud materials will be kept on location at all times in order to combat lost circulation, or unexpected kicks. In order to run DST's, open hole logs, cut cores and casing, the viscosity, water loss and other properties may have to be altered to meet these requirements.

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GENERAL H2S EMERGENCY ACTIONS:

In the event of an H2S emergency, the following plan will be initiated.

- 1) All personnel will immediately evacuate to an up-wind and if possible up-hill "safe area".
- 2) If for any reason a person must enter the hazardous area, they must wear a SCBA (Self contained breathing apparatus)
- 3) Always use the "buddy system"
- 4) Isolate the well/problem if possible.
- 5) Account for all personnel
- 6) Display the proper colors warning all unsuspecting personnel of the danger at hand.
- 7) Contact the Company personnel as soon as possible if not at the location.
(use the enclosed call list as instructed)

At this point the company representative will evaluate the situation and co-ordinate the necessary duties to bring the situation under control, and if necessary, the notification of emergency response agencies and residents.

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES FOR AN UNCONTROLLABLE RELEASE OF H2S

- 1) All personnel will don the self-contained breathing apparatus.
- 2) Remove all personnel to the "safe area" (always use the "buddy system")
- 3) Contact company personnel if not on location.
- 4) Set in motion the steps to protect and or remove the general public to an upwind "safe area". Maintain strict security & safety procedures while dealing with the source.
- 5) No entry to any unauthorized personnel.
- 6) Notify the appropriate agencies: City Police-City street(s)
State Police-State Rd,
County Sheriff-County Rd.
(will assist in general public evacuation/safety while maintaining roadblocks)
- 7) Call the NMOCD & or BLM

If at this time the supervising person determines the release of H2S cannot be contained to the site location and the general public is in harms way he will take necessary steps to contact the following:

EMERGENCY CALL LIST: (Start and continue until ONE of these people have been reached)

	<u>OFFICE</u>	<u>MOBILE</u>	<u>HOME</u>
Winston Ballard	432-563-0031	575-513-9366	
Chris Chesser	432-563-0035	575-405-9156	

EMERGENCY RESPONSE NUMBERS: Lea County, New Mexico

State Police	575-392-5588
Lea County Sheriff	575-396-3611
Emergency Medical Service (Ambulance)	911 or 575-393-2677
State Emergency Response Center (SERC)	575-476-9620
Hobbs Police Department	575-397-9265
Hobbs Fire Department	575-393-2677
Lovington Police Department	575-396-3144
Lovington Fire Department	575-396-2359
Loco Hills Fire Department	575-677-2349
Maljamar Fire Department	575-676-4100
(NMOCD) New Mexico Oil Conservation Division, District I (Lea, Roosevelt, Chaves, Curry)	575-393-6161
District II (Eddy, Chaves)	575-748-1283
American Safety	575-746-1096
Indian Fire & Safety	575-746-4660 or 800-530-8693
Callaway Safety	575-746-2847
BJ Services	575-746-3569

PROTECTION OF THE GENERAL PUBLIC/ROE:

In the event greater than 100 ppm H₂S is present, the ROE (Radius Of Exposure) calculations will be done to determine if the following is warranted:

- 100 ppm at any public area (any place not associated with this site)
- 500 ppm at any public road (any road which the general public may travel)
- 100 ppm radius of 3000' will be assumed if there is insufficient data to do the calculations, and there is a reasonable expectation that H₂S could be present in concentrations greater than 100 ppm in the gas mixture.

Calculation for the 100 ppm ROE:

$$X = [(1.589) (\text{concentration}) (Q)]^{(0.6258)}$$

Calculation for the 500 ppm ROE:

$$X = [(0.4546) (\text{concentration}) (Q)]^{(0.6258)}$$

EXAMPLE: If a well/facility has been determined to have 150 ppm H₂S in the gas mixture and the well/facility is producing at a gas rate of 100 MCFPD then:

$$\begin{aligned} 100 \text{ PPM} \quad X &= [(1.589)(150/1,000,000)(100,000)]^{0.6258} \\ X &= 7' \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 500 \text{ PPM} \quad X &= [(0.4546)(150/1,000,000)(100,000)]^{0.6258} \\ X &= 3' \end{aligned}$$

(These calculations will be forwarded to the appropriate District NMOCD office when applicable)

PUBLIC EVACUATION PLAN:

(When the supervisor has determined that the General Public will be involved, the following plan will be implemented)

- 1) Notification of the emergency response agencies of the hazardous condition and implement evacuation procedures.
- 2) A trained person in H₂S safety, shall monitor with detection equipment the H₂S concentration, wind and area of exposure (ROE). This person will determine the outer perimeter of the hazardous area. The extent of the evacuation area will be determined from the data being collected. Monitoring shall continue until the situation has been resolved. **(All monitoring equipment shall be UL approved, for use in class I groups A,B,C, & D, Division I, hazardous locations. All monitors will have a minimum capability of measuring H₂S values.)**
- 3) Law enforcement shall be notified to set up necessary barriers and maintain such for the duration of the situation as well as aid in the evacuation procedure.
- 4) The company supervising personnel shall stay in communications with all agencies through out the duration of the situation and inform such agencies when the situation has been contained and the effected area(s) is safe to enter.

PROCEDURE FOR IGNITING AN UNCONTROLABLE CONDITION:

The decision to ignite a well should be a last resort and one if not both of the following pertain.

- 1) Human life and/or property are in danger.
- 2) There is no hope of bringing the situation under control with the prevailing conditions at the site.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR IGNITION:

- 1) Two people are required. They must be equipped with positive pressure; self contained breathing apparatus and a "D" -ring style, full body, OSHA approved safety harness. Non-flammable rope will be attached.
- 2) One of the people will be a qualified safety person who will test the atmosphere for H₂S, Oxygen, & LFL. The other person will be the company supervisor; he is responsible for igniting the well.
- 3) Ignite up-wind from a distance no closer than necessary. Make sure that where you ignite from has the maximum escape avenue available. A 25mm flare gun shall be used, with a $\pm 500'$ range to ignite the gas.
- 4) Prior to ignition, make a final check for combustible gases.
- 5) Following ignition, continue with the emergency actions & procedures as before.

REQUIRED EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT:

- 1) Breathing Apparatus:
 - Rescue Packs (SCBA) – 1 unit shall be placed at each breathing area, 2 shall be stored in the safety trailer.
 - Work/Escape Packs – 4 packs shall be stored on the rig floor with sufficient air hose not to restrict work activity.
 - Emergency Escape Packs – 4 packs shall be stored in the doghouse for emergency evacuation.
- 2) Signage & Flagging:
 - One Color Code Condition Sign will be placed at the entrance to the site reflecting the possible conditions at the site.
 - A Colored Condition flag will be on display, reflecting the condition at the site at that time.
- 3) Briefing Area: Two, perpendicular areas will be designated by signs and readily accessible.

- 4) Wind Socks: Two windsocks will be placed in strategic locations, visible from all angles.
- 5) H2S Detectors and Alarm: The stationary detector with three (3) sensors will be placed in the upper dog house if equipped, set to visually alarm @ 10 ppm and audible @ 15 ppm. Calibrate a minimum of every 30 days or as needed. The 3 sensors will be placed in the following places: (Gas sample tubes will be stored in the safety trailer)
 - Rig Floor
 - Bell Nipple
 - End of Flow line or where well bore fluid are being discharged.
- 6) Auxiliary Rescue Equipment:
 - Stretcher
 - Two OSHA full body harness
 - 100' of 5/8" OSHA approved rope
 - 1 – 20# Class ABC fire extinguisher
 - Communication via cell phones on location and vehicles on location.

USING SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING AIR EQUIPMENT (SCBA):

SCBA should be worn when any of the following are performed:

- Working near the top or on top of a tank.
- Disconnecting any line where H2S can reasonably be expected.
- Sampling air in the area to determine if toxic concentrations of H2S exist.
- Working in areas where over 10 ppm on H2S has been detected.
- At any time there is a doubt as the level of H2S in the area.

All personnel shall be trained in the use of SCBA prior to working in a potentially hazardous location.

Facial hair and standard eyeglasses are not allowed with SCBA.

Contact lenses are never allowed with SCBA.

Air quality shall continuously be checked during the entire operation.

After each use, the SCBA unit shall be cleaned, disinfected, serviced and inspected.

All SCBA shall be inspected monthly.

RESCUE & FIRST AID FOR VICTIMS OF HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S) POISONING

Do not panic.

Remain calm & think.

Get on the breathing apparatus.

Remove the victim to the safe breathing area as quickly as possible. Upwind an uphill from source of cross wind to achieve upwind.

Notify emergency response personnel.

Provide artificial respiration and/or CPR, as necessary.

Remove all contaminated clothing to avoid further exposure.

A minimum of two (2) personnel on location shall be trained in CPR and First Aid.

H2S TOXIC EFFECTS:

H2S is extremely toxic. The acceptable ceiling for eight hours of exposure is 10 ppm, which is .001% by volume. H2S is approximately 20% heavier than air (Sp.Gr=1.19 / Air=1) and colorless. It forms an explosive mixture with air between 4.3% and 46.0%. By volume hydrogen sulfide (H2S) is almost as toxic as hydrogen cyanide and is 5-6 times more toxic than carbon monoxide.

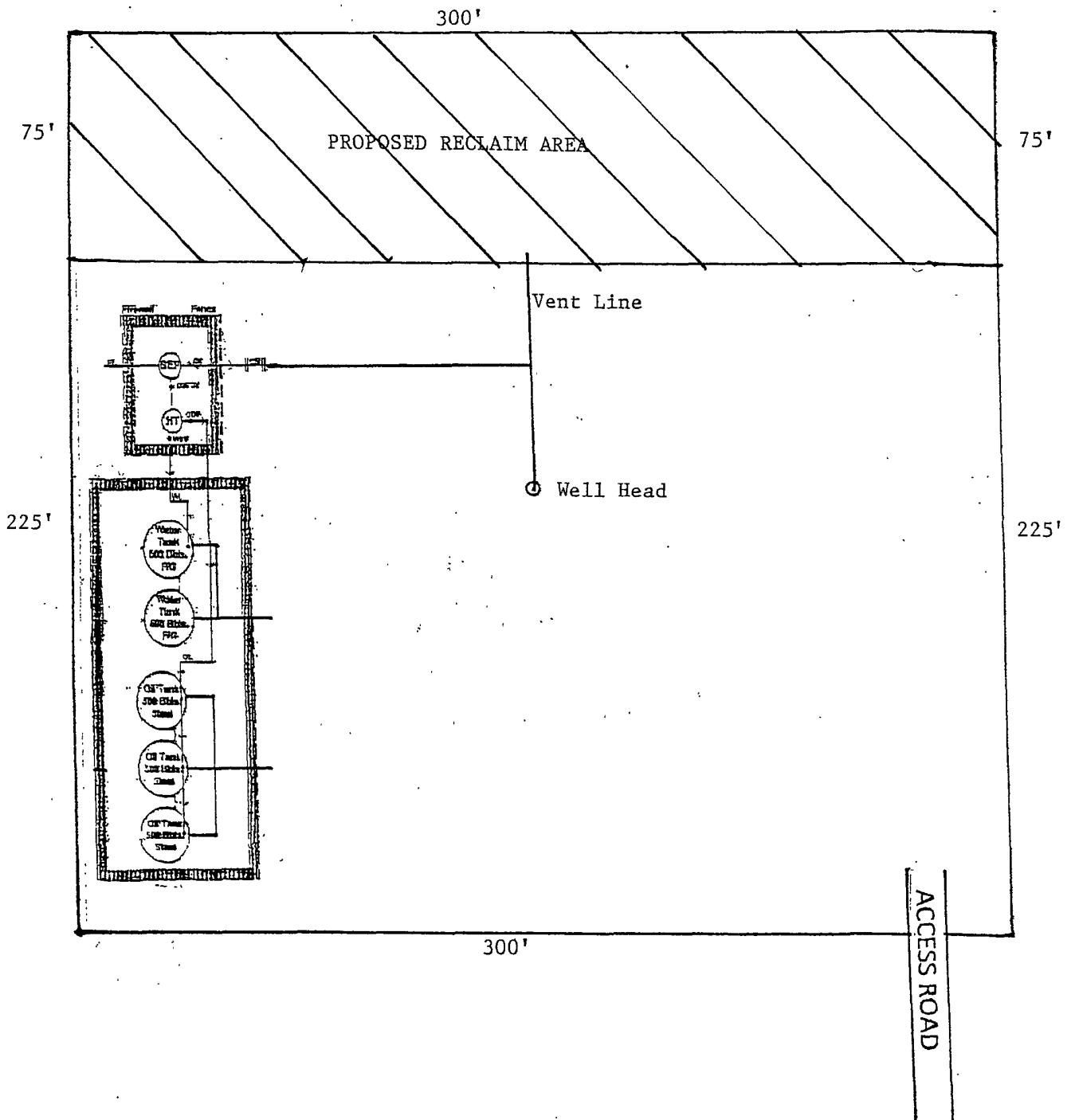
Various Gases

Common Name	Chemical Abbrev.	Sp. Gr.	Threshold Limits	Hazardous Limits	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen Sulfide	H2S	1.19	10 ppm 15 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Hydrogen Cyanide	HCN	0.94	10 ppm	150 ppm/hr	300 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO2	2.21	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm
Chlorine	CL2	2.45	1 ppm	4 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Monoxide	CO	0.97	50 ppm	400 ppm/hr	1000 ppm
Carbon Dioxide	CO2	1.52	5000 ppm	5%	10%
Methane	CH4	0.55	90,000	Combustible @ 5%	N/A

1. Threshold limit – Concentrations at which it is believed that all workers may be repeatedly exposed, day after day without adverse effects.
2. Hazardous limit – Concentration that may cause death.
3. Lethal concentration – Concentration that will cause death with short-term exposure.
4. Threshold limit – 10 ppm – NIOSH guide to chemical hazards.
5. Short-term threshold limit.

PHYSICAL EFFECTS OF HYDROGEN SULFIDE:

CONCENTRATIONS		PHYSICAL EFFECTS
.001%	10 ppm	Obvious and unpleasant odor. Safe for 8 hr. exposure
.005%	50 ppm	Can cause some flu-like symptoms and can cause pneumonia.
.01%	100 ppm	Kills the sense of smell in 3-15 minutes. May irritate eyes and throat.
.02%	200 ppm	Kills the sense of smell rapidly. Severely irritates eyes and throat. Severe flu-like symptoms after 4 or more hours. May cause lung damage and/or death.
.06%	600 ppm	Loss of consciousness quickly, death will result if not rescued promptly.



PLAT OF PROPOSED RECLAIMED AREA

THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
 YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL # 34
 UNIT "L" SECTION 3
 T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

SURFACE USE PLAN

THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL # 3~~4~~
UNIT "L" SECTION 3
T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

1. EXISTING AND PROPOSED ROADS:

- A. Exhibit "B" is a reproduction of a County General Hi-way map showing existing roads. Exhibit "C" is a reproduction of a USGS topographic map showing existing roads and proposed roads. All existing roads will be maintained in a condition equal to or better than current conditions. All new roads will be constructed to BLM specifications.
- B. Exhibit "A" shows the proposed well site as staked.
- C. Directions to location: From White City New Mexico take U. S. Hi-Way 62-180 South 6.8 miles to Co. Road 424 (Dillahuntty Road) turn Left and follow road 3.3 miles to road stakes, turn Left (North) go 1100' to location.
- D. Exhibit "C" shows a topographic map with existing roads and proposed roads.

2. PLANNED ACCESS ROADS: Approximately 1100' of new road will be required.

- A. The access roads will be crowned and sitched to a 14' wide travel surface, within a 30' R-O-W.
- B. Gradient of all roads will be less than 5%.
- C. Turn-outs will be constructed where necessary.
- D. If require new access roads will be surface with a minimum of 4-6" of caliche. this material will be obtained from a local source.
- E. Center line for new roads will be flagged, road construction will be done as field conditions require.
- F. Culverts will be placed in the access road as drainage conditions require. Roads will be constructed to use low water crossings for drainage as required by the topographic conditions.

3. LOCATION OF EXISTING WELLS WITHIN A ONE MILE RADIUS: EXHIBIT "A-1"

- A. Water wells - None known in the near vicinity
- B. Disposal wells - None known
- C. Drilling wells - None known
- D. Producing wells - None known see Exhibit "A-1"
- E. Abandoned wells - None known see Exhibit "A-1"

SURFACE USE PLAN

THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL # 3H
UNIT "L" SECTION 3
T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

4. If on completion this well is a success the operator will complete it as a producer. The operator will construct production facilities and tank battery on location. If power lines will be required to produce this well they may be constructed along existing R-O-W's as shown on Exhibit "C".

5. LOCATION AND TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY:

Water will be purchased locally from a commercial source and transported by transport or piped to location by flexible flowlines laid on top of the ground.

6. SOURCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

If possible construction material will be obtained from the leveling of the drill site. If additional material will be required it will be obtained from a local source and transported over access roads shown on Exhibit "C".

7. METHODS OF HANDLING WASTE MATERIAL:

- A. In case this well is drilled using a closed mud system the cuttings will be collected in containers and disposed of in a state approved disposal site. Drilling fluids likewise will be contained in tanks and disposed of in state approved disposal sites.
- B. All trash, junk and other waste material will be contained in trash cages or trash bins to prevent scattering. When job is complete all contents will be taken from location and disposed of in a state approved disposal site.
- C. Salts and other mud material remaining after completion of the well will be collected by the supplier and be removed from the location.
- D. Waste water from living quarters will be directed into an onsite sewage treatment unit and when well is completed residue will be removed and disposed of in a state approved disposal site. Porto-johns will be on location for rig crews, completion crews and other contract personnel, this equipment will be properly maintained during drilling and completion. When all operations are complete the residue will be removed and disposed of in a state approved disposal site and the equipment removed by supplier.
- E. Any fluids produced during the completion phase will be separated and the oil sold and water will be disposed of in an approved disposal site.

8. ANCILLARY FACILITIES:

- A. No camps, airstrips, or staging areas will be constructed on location.

SURFACE USE PLAN

THREE RIVERS OPERATING COMPANY, LLC.
YELLOWSTONE "3" FEDERAL # 3H
UNIT "L" SECTION 3
T26S-R25E EDDY CO. NM

9. WELL SITE LAYOUT:

- A. Exhibit "D" shows a generic well site for a well drilled using a closed mud system.

10. PLANS FOR RESTORATION OF SURFACE:

Rehabilitation of the surface will start after the well has been completed, if the well is completed as a producer production facilities may be constructed on the location. What area is not required for the operation of this project will be reclaimed and restored as near as possible to the original grade and vegetation.

If in case this well is unsuccessful and is a dry hole the drilling pad and the access roads will be reclaimed according to specifications provided by The Bureau of Land Management. Caliche or other road material will be removed for the possible use in another location or deposited in an approved reclamation site.

Drill cuttings and mud used to drill this well will be removed and disposed of at an approved disposal site. All trash and any other debris will be collected disposed of as the above.

11. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

The surface and minerals are owned by The U. S. Department of Interior and is administered by The Bureau of Land Management. The surface is used mainly to graze livestock and for the production of Oil and Gas. Vegetation in the area is an occasional mesquite, Native Grasses, scattered various cactus. Drainage is to the Northeast toward Cottonwood Draw. Dip is in a Easterly direction low relief.

OPERATOR CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I OR SOMEONE UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION HAVE INSPECTED THE DRILL SITE AND ACCESS ROUTE PROPOSED HEREIN; THAT I AM FAMILIAR WITH THE CONDITIONS WHICH CURRENTLY EXIST; THAT I HAVE FULL KNOWLEDGE OF STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS APPLICABLE TO THIS OPERATIONS THAT THE STATEMENT MADE IN THIS APD PACKAGE ARE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE ARE TRUE AND CORRECT AND THAT THE WORK ASSOCIATED WITH THE OPERATIONS PROPOSED HEREIN WILL BE PERFORMED IN CONFORMITY WITH THIS APD PACKAGE AND THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH IT IS APPROVED. I ALSO CERTIFY THAT I OR THE COMPANY THAT I REPRESENT, AM RESPONSIBLE FOR THE OPERATIONS CONDUCTED UNDER THIS APPLICATION. THESE STATEMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF 18 U. S. C. 1001 FOR THE FILING OF A FALSE STATEMENT.

Operators representatives

Before construction

During and after construction

TIERRA EXPLORATION

THREE RIVERS OPERATING CO. LLC

P. O. BOX 2188

1122 SOUTH CAPITAL OF TEXAS

HOBBS, NEW MEXICO 88241

HI-WAY SUITE 325

JOE JANICA OFF: 575-391-8503


AUSTIN, TEXAS 78745

CELL 575-390-1598

STEPHEN ANDERSON

OFFICE PHONE 512-600-3192

NAME Joe T. Janica



TITLE Permit Eng.

DATE 10/18/11

PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME:	Three Rivers Operating Company, LLC
LEASE NO.:	NMNM108027
WELL NAME & NO.:	Yellowstone 3 Federal 3
SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	1980' FSL & 660' FWL
BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	
LOCATION:	Section 3, T. 26 S., R. 25 E., NMPM
COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

- ☐ **General Provisions**
- ☐ **Permit Expiration**
- ☐ **Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites**
- ☐ **Noxious Weeds**
- ☒ **Special Requirements**
 - Cave/karst
- ☐ **Construction**
 - Notification
 - Topsoil
 - Closed Loop System
 - Federal Mineral Material Pits
 - Well Pads
 - Roads
- ☐ **Road Section Diagram**
- ☒ **Drilling**
 - Critical Cave/Karst Requirements
 - Logging Requirements
 - Waste Material and Fluids
- ☐ **Production (Post Drilling)**
 - Well Structures & Facilities
 - Pipelines
 - Electric Lines
- ☐ **Interim Reclamation**
- ☐ **Final Abandonment & Reclamation**

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

Cave and Karst

** Depending on location, additional Drilling, Casing, and Cementing procedures may be required by engineering to protect critical karst groundwater recharge areas.

Cave/Karst Surface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to minimize impacts during construction, drilling and production.

Construction:

In the advent that any underground voids are opened up during construction activities, construction activities will be halted and the BLM will be notified immediately.

No Blasting:

No blasting will be utilized for pad construction. The pad will be constructed and leveled by adding the necessary fill and caliche.

Pad Berming:

The pad will be bermed to prevent oil, salt, and other chemical contaminants from leaving the pad. All sides will be bermed.

Tank Battery Liners and Berms:

Tank battery locations will be lined and bermed. A 20 mil permanent liner will be installed with a 4 oz. felt backing to prevent tears or punctures. Tank battery berms must be large enough to contain 1 ½ times the content of the largest tank.

Leak Detection System:

A method of detecting leaks is required. The method could incorporate gauges to measure loss, siting values and lines so they can be visually inspected, or installing electronic sensors to alarm when a leak is present. Leak detection plan will be submitted to BLM for approval.

Automatic Shut-off Systems:

Automatic shut off, check valves, or similar systems will be installed for pipelines and tanks to minimize the effects of catastrophic line failures used in production or drilling.

Cave/Karst Subsurface Mitigation

The following stipulations will be applied to protect cave/karst and ground water concerns:

Rotary Drilling with Fresh Water:

Fresh water will be used as a circulating medium in zones where caves or karst features are expected. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Directional Drilling:

Kick off for directional drilling will occur at least 100 feet below the bottom of the cave occurrence zone. SEE ALSO: Drilling COAs for this well.

Lost Circulation:

ALL lost circulation zones from the surface to the base of the cave occurrence zone will be logged and reported in the drilling report.

Regardless of the type of drilling machinery used, if a void of four feet or more and circulation losses greater than 70 percent occur simultaneously while drilling in any cave-bearing zone, the BLM will be notified immediately by the operator. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator on corrective actions to resolve the problem.

Abandonment Cementing:

Upon well abandonment in high cave karst areas additional plugging conditions of approval may be required. The BLM will assess the situation and work with the operator to ensure proper plugging of the wellbore.

Pressure Testing:

Annual pressure monitoring will be performed by the operator on all casing annuli and reported in a sundry notice. If the test results indicated a casing failure has occurred, remedial action will be undertaken to correct the problem to the BLM's approval.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall stockpile the topsoil in a low profile manner in order to prevent wind/water erosion of the topsoil. The topsoil to be stripped is approximately 4 inches in depth. The topsoil will be used for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty (20) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

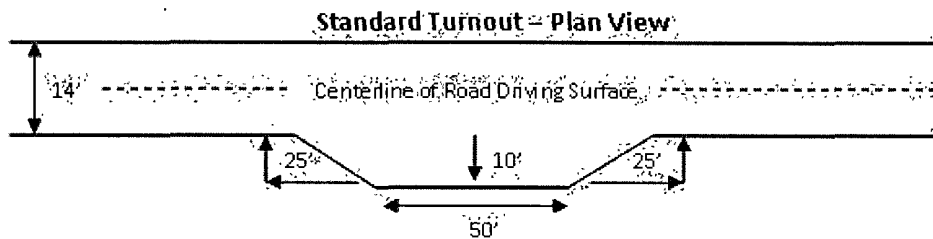
The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Turnouts

Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall be constructed on all blind curves. Turnouts shall conform to the following diagram:

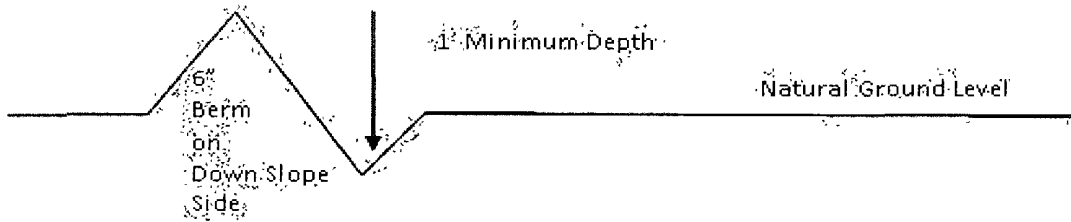


Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill out sloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

$$400 \text{ foot road with } 4\% \text{ road slope: } \frac{400'}{4\%} + 100' = 200' \text{ lead-off ditch interval}$$

Culvert Installations

Appropriately sized culvert(s) shall be installed at the deep waterway channel flow crossing.

Cattleguards

An appropriately sized cattleguard(s) sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence crossing(s).

Any existing cattleguard(s) on the access road shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguard(s) that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

A gate shall be constructed and fastened securely to H-braces.

Fence Requirement

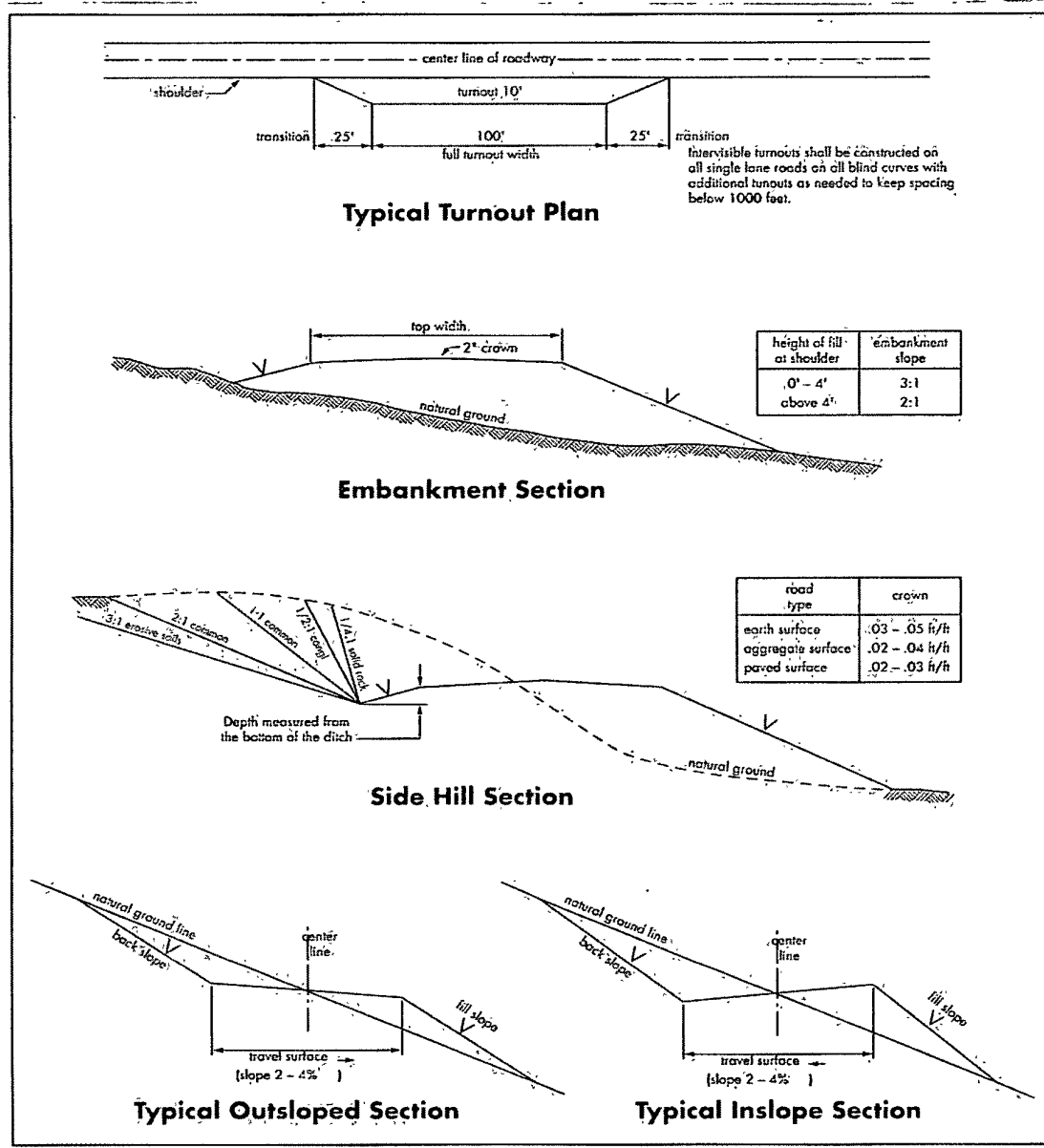
Where entry is required across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting.

The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fence(s).

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.

Figure 1 – Cross Sections and Plans For Typical Road Sections



VII. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings
- c. BOPE tests

☒ **Eddy County**

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220,
(575) 361-2822

1. **Although Hydrogen Sulfide has not been reported in the area, it is always a potential hazard. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please report measured amounts and formations to the BLM.**
2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. **If the drilling rig is removed without approval – an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a “Major” violation.**
3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
4. **The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies.**

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing and cement program require submitting a sundry and receiving approval prior to work. Failure to obtain approval prior to work will result in an Incident of Non-Compliance being issued.

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

CRITICAL CAVE/KARST – A MINIMUM OF THREE CASING STRINGS CEMENTED TO SURFACE IS REQUIRED IN CRITICAL CAVE/KARST AREAS. THE CEMENT MUST BE IN A SOLID SHEATH THEREFORE, ONE INCH OPERATIONS WILL NOT BE PERMITTED. CONTACT BLM WITH MODIFICATIONS TO CEMENT PROGRAM AS NEEDED.

Possible lost circulation in the Delaware formation.

1. The **13-3/8** inch surface casing shall be set at approximately **450** feet and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.**
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the **9-5/8** inch intermediate casing is: **(Ensure casing is set in the base of the Castile or the Lamar at approximately 1600')**

☒ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

Formation below the 9-5/8" shoe to be tested according to Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.i. Test to be done as a mud equivalency test using the mud weight necessary for the pore pressure of the formation below the shoe (not the mud weight required to prevent dissolving the salt formation) and the mud weight for the bottom of the hole. Report results to BLM office.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 7 inch production casing is:

☒ Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office.

4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.

2. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **5000 (5M) psi. 5M/10M system requires an HCR valve, remote kill line and annular to match. The remote kill line is to be installed prior to testing the system and tested to stack pressure.**

3. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.

a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (18 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- c. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
- d. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. **A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.**
- e. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Containment Structures

The containment structure shall be constructed to hold the capacity of the entire contents of the largest tank, plus 24 hour production, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary by the Authorized Officer.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color Shale Green, Munsell Soil Color Chart # 5Y 4/2

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the grant and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.
2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.
3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, et seq. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, et seq.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.

b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:

- (1) Land clearing.
- (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
- (3) Blasting.
- (4) Vandalism and sabotage.

c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way width of 25 feet.

6. (a) Where a polyline is laid along a County Road, the operator will lay that polyline ten (10) feet out from the center of the ditch to prevent obstructing County Maintenance activities.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.

8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky or dune areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather than suspended across these features.

9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of 24 inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-of-way and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Seed Mixture 4, for Gypsum Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be no primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species

lb/acre

Alkali Sacaton (*Sporobolus airoides*)

1.0

DWS Four-wing saltbush (*Atriplex canescens*)

5.0

DWS: DeWinged Seed

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed