i ji	, ,	;	/					7 8
5 1	ŕ	CD-Ar	tesioni		ATS-	14-5	25	F
Form 3160 - 3 (August 2007)	Ċ	CD-MI			OMB No	APPROVED . 1004-0137		
	UNITED STATE PARTMENT OF THE				5. Lease Serial No.	ily 31, 2010		
	UREAU OF LAND MA	NAGEMENT			NM-128832; NM-0 6. If Indian, Allotee			
APPLICATION	N FOR PERMIT TO	DRILL OR	REENTER					
Ia. Type of work: 🚺 DRILL	REEN	TER			7. If Unit or CA Agree	ement, Name	and No	·
lb. Type of Well: 🖌 Oil Well	Gas Well Other	√ Sin	gle Zone 🔲 Multi	ple Zone	8. Lease Name and W Hadar 10 Fed Com	Vell No. ∠	41	
2. Name of Operator Devon Energ			(/)	21/2	9 API Well No.	470	:->	<u>- x</u> 2_
3a. Address 333 W. Sheridan Oklahoma City, OK 7	3102	3b. Phone No. 405-235-36	(include area code) 11		Lusk West; Bone S	Splorato pring	este	<u>_</u> 414
4. Location of Well (Report location c	-	any State requireme	ents.*)		11. Sec., T. R. M. or Bl	-	or Area	a
At surface 544 FSL & 95 FWL At proposed prod. zone 660 FSL		60 FSL & 330	EWI		Sec 10 T19S R31E			
 14. Distance in miles and direction from 12 Miles SE Loco Hills, NM. 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				12. County or Parish Eddy	1	. State M	
 Distance from proposed* location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any 		16. No. of ac NM 128832 NM 055493	2 120 ac	17. Spacir 160 ac	g Unit dedicated to this w	vell		
10 Div C 11 c +	See attached map	19. Proposed 9136' TVI	Depth D 13,737' MD	M/BIA Bond No. on file 04; NMB-000801				
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDI 3561.3' GL	3, RT, GL, etc.)	22. Approxim 04/30/2014	nate date work will sta 4	23. Estimated duration 45 days				
		24. Attac	hments					
The following, completed in accordance v	with the requirements of Onsh	ore Oil and Gas (Order No.1, must be a	ttached to th	is form:			
 Well plat certified by a registered surv A Drilling Plan. 	eyor.		 Bond to cover t Item 20 above). 	he operatio	ns unless covered by an o	existing bond	l on file	: (see
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location SUPO must be filed with the appropr		n Lands, the	 Operator certific Such other site BLM. 		ormation and/or plans as	may be requi	ired by	the
25-Signature Title	snelt		(Printed/Typed) A. Barnett			Date 02/12/201	4	
Sr.Regulatory Specialist								
Approved by (Sign Steve Ca	affey	Name	(Printed/Typed)			AUG	- 4	2014
Title FIELD MANA	GER	Office			· .			
Application approval does not warrant of conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attach	certify that the applicant hol	lds legal or equita	able title to those righ	its in the sub	•			
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U. States any false, fictitious or fraudulent si	U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a	crime for any pe s to any matter wi	rson knowingly and v thin its jurisdiction.		ROVAL FOR T			
(Continued on page 2)	NM OI	L CONSEI			*(Instr	uctions or	n page	: 2)
	A	RTESIA DIST	PTCT					

RECEIVE	ED
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SEE ATTACHED FOR CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

Approval Subject to General Requirements & Special Stipulations Attached

Certification

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access road proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions that presently exist; that I have full knowledge of State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct; and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 1001 for the filing of false statements.

I hereby also certify that I, or Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. have made a good faith effort to provide the surface owner with a copy of the Surface Use Plan of Operations and any Conditions of Approval that are attached to the APD.

Executed this _12th__ day of __February, 2014.

Printed Name: Judy A. Barnett Signed Name: August Struct Position Title: Sr. Regulatory Specialist

Address: 333 W. Sheridan, OKC OK 73102 Telephone: (405)-228-8699 District 1 State of New Mexico Form C-102 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 Revised August 1, 2011 Phone: (575) 393-6161 Fax: (575) 393-0720 Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department District_11 Submit one copy to appropriate 811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 38210 Phone: (575) 748-1283 Fax: (575) 748-9720 OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION District Office District []] 1220 South St. Francis Dr. 1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM \$7410 Phone: (505) 334-6178 Fax: (505) 334-6170 AMENDED REPORT Santa Fe, NM 87505 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505 Phone: (505) 476-3460 Fax: (505) 476-3462 WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT Pool Name innin LISK **BONE SPRING** Well Number **Property Name** HADAR "10" FED COM 4H * Operator Name [°] Elevation 6137 **DEVON ENERGY PRODUCTION COMPANY, L.P.** 3561.3 " Surface Location UL or lot no. Township Feet from the North/South line Feet from the East/West line Section Range Lot Idn County 19 S 31 E 544 SOUTH 95 WEST EDDY M 10 "Bottom Hole Location If Different From Surface Feet from the Feet from the East/West line GL or lot no. Section Township Range Lot Idn North/South line County 10 19 S 660 SOUTH 340 EDDY P 31 E EAST

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

⁵ Order No.

	N89'39'31"E	2640.77 FT	N89'43'31"E	2635.70 FT		¹⁷ OPERATOR CERTIFICATION
	NW CORNER SEC. 10	N Q CORNER SEC		NE CORNER SEC. 10		I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete
	LAT. = 32.6822222 N	LAT. = 32:68223		LAT. = 32.6822351'N		to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either
	LONG. = 103.8658034'W	LONC. = 103.8572		LONG. = 103.8486582'W		owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including
	NMSP EAST (FT)	NMSP EAST (F		NMSP EAST (FT)		the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this
z	N = 612240.50 E = 685183.49	N = 612256.2 E = 687823.5		N = 612268.87 E = 690458.65	.00S	location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working
00.3	E = 000100.49		-		10.26	interest, or to a voluttary pooling agreement or a compulsory pooling
NOO'24'04"W		1			6'55	
4 "W		NOTE:			rm ¹	order heretofore encred by the division.
		LATITUDE AND LO	ONGITUDE COORDINATE	s		A B Barriel
2641.		ARE SHOWN USI	NG THE NORTH A OF 1983 (NAD83).	`	635	Signature Date 2 -12 -14
Ξ		LISTED NEW MEX	(ICO STATE PLANE EAS		5.20	Judy A. Barnett Sr. Regulatory Specialist
18 FT		COORDINATES AR OF BEARING AND	RE GRID (NAD83). BAS D DISTANCES USED AR	5	E	
		NEW MEXICO STA COORDINATES MC	ATE PLANE EAST			Printed Name
		SURFACE.	JURIED TO THE			
	W O CORNER SEC. 10	1		E Q CORNER SEC. 10 LAT. = 32.6749936'N		E-mail Address
	LAT. = 32.6749642'N LONG. = 103.8657811'W			LONG. = 103.8486302 W		
	NMSP EAST (FT)			NMSP EAST (FT)		
	N = 609600.00	1		N = 609634.36		"SURVEYOR CERTIFICATION
	E = 685201.98			E = 690479.28		I hereby certify that the well location shown on this
	UIDID	"10" FED COM #4H				plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys
z		⁴ 3561.3'	BOTTOM	OF HOLE	S	made by me or under my supervision, and that the
M00'24'2	LAT. =	32.6692028'N (NAD83)	LAT. = 32		500'27	
4'21		= 103.8654542'W	LONG. = 11 NMSP EAST	03.849697.3'W	24	same is true and correct to the best of my belief.
÷.		ASI (FI) 7504-35	CASE Na==60765	2:98	Ξ,	NOVEMBER 5. 2018
	E = 68		E = 69015	9.96	22	Date of Servey
2540:82=64	SURFACEment		991 (California) (California)	OF HOLE	ಇ264ರ್ಶನದರ್ಶ	Date of garvey
3:85		NM-128832	USA NM-055		3-l	1
G S	SW CORNER SEC		C. 10 SE CORNÉ	R SEC. 10	臣	Ar M Wanny
1	495 LAT. = 32.66770				200	Signature and Seal of Professional Surveyor
1		適用		- B - B	ß	Certificate Number: 2/FILMON/F. JARAMILLO, PLS 12797
1	NMSP EAST (FT)	NMSP AST (F	· · ·	EAST (FT)	5	
	E = 685220.68	E = (187860.1		690500.33		LANDSURVENTNO. 2324
	S80,37,5,1°W	-2610.17 EL V	S89:38:29 W	2640.82		-
					الجي	
Pro	iect Area	Lease Lines		Producing Interval		

Project Area

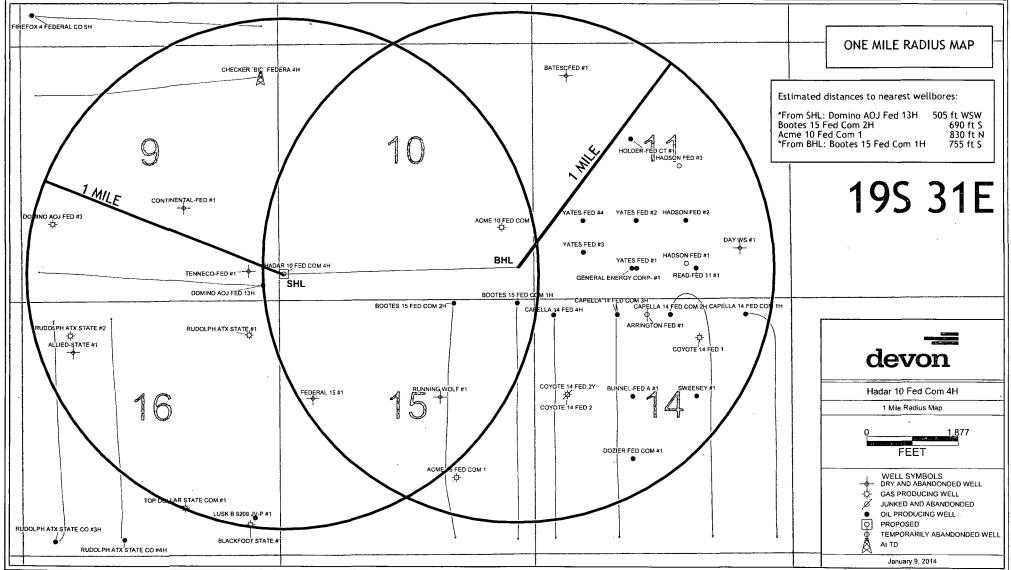
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12 Dedicated Acres

160

Joint or Infill

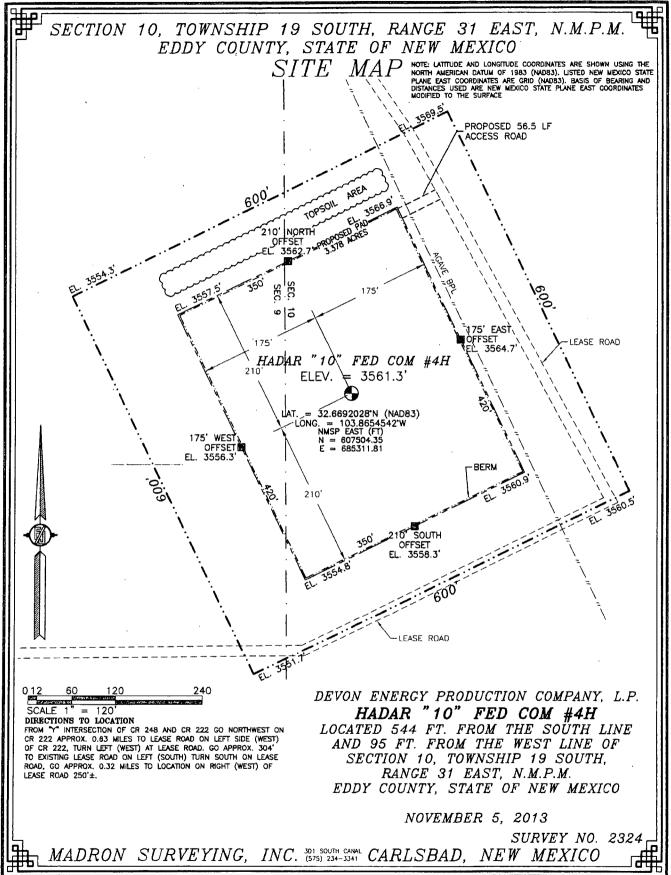
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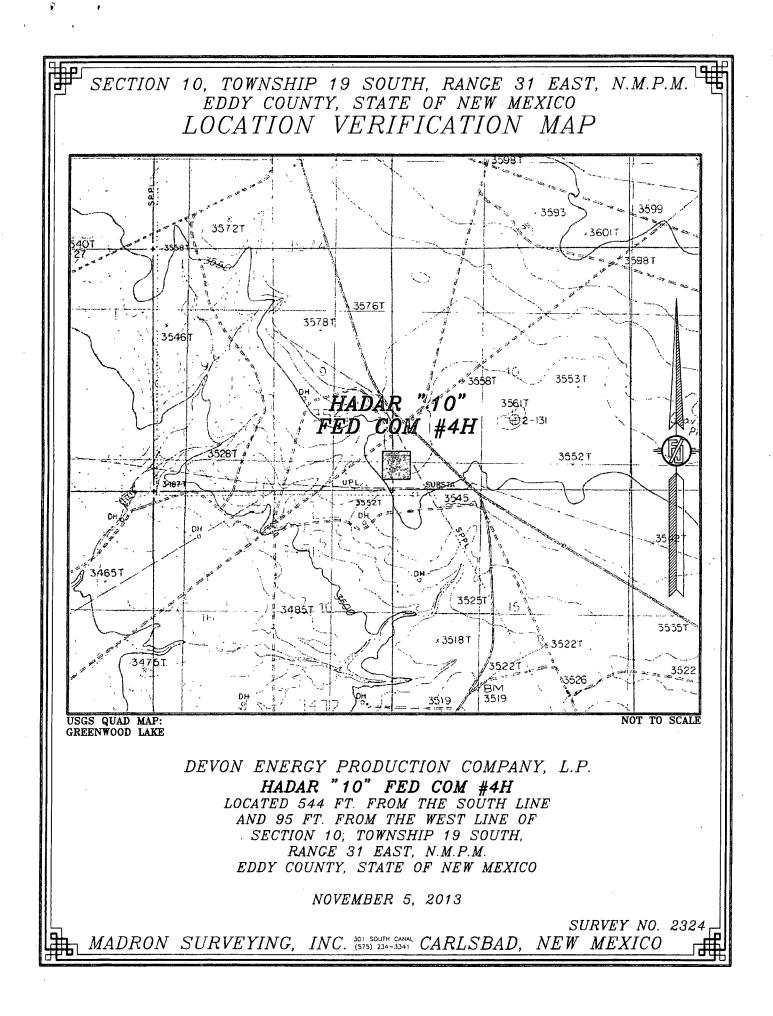


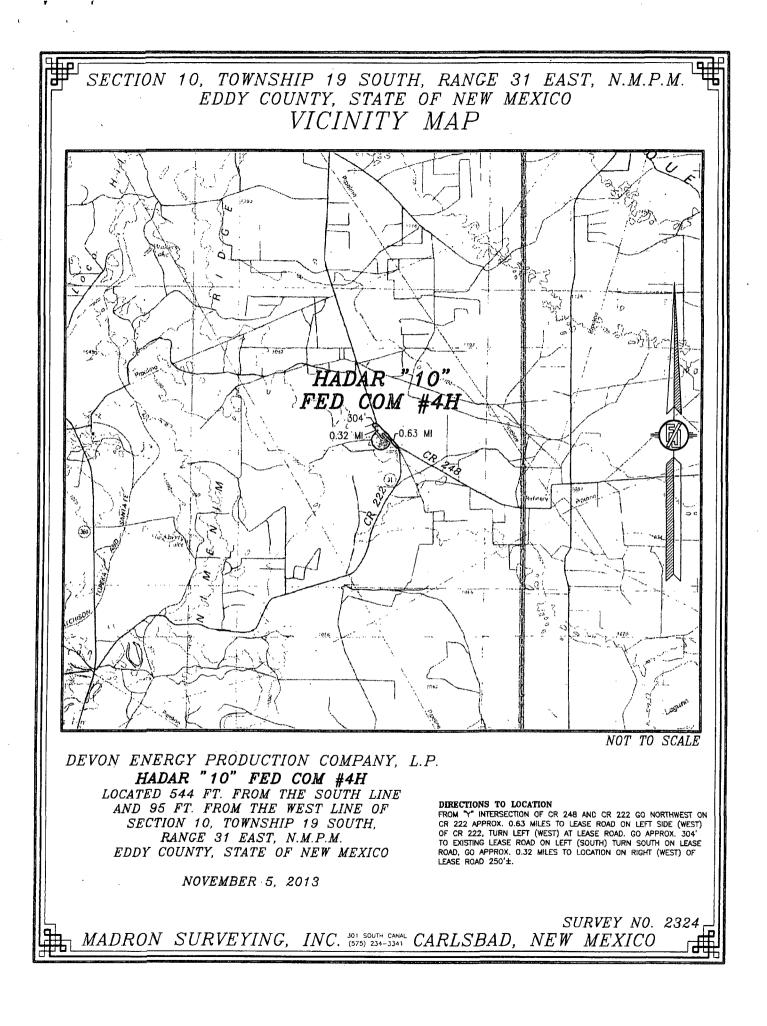
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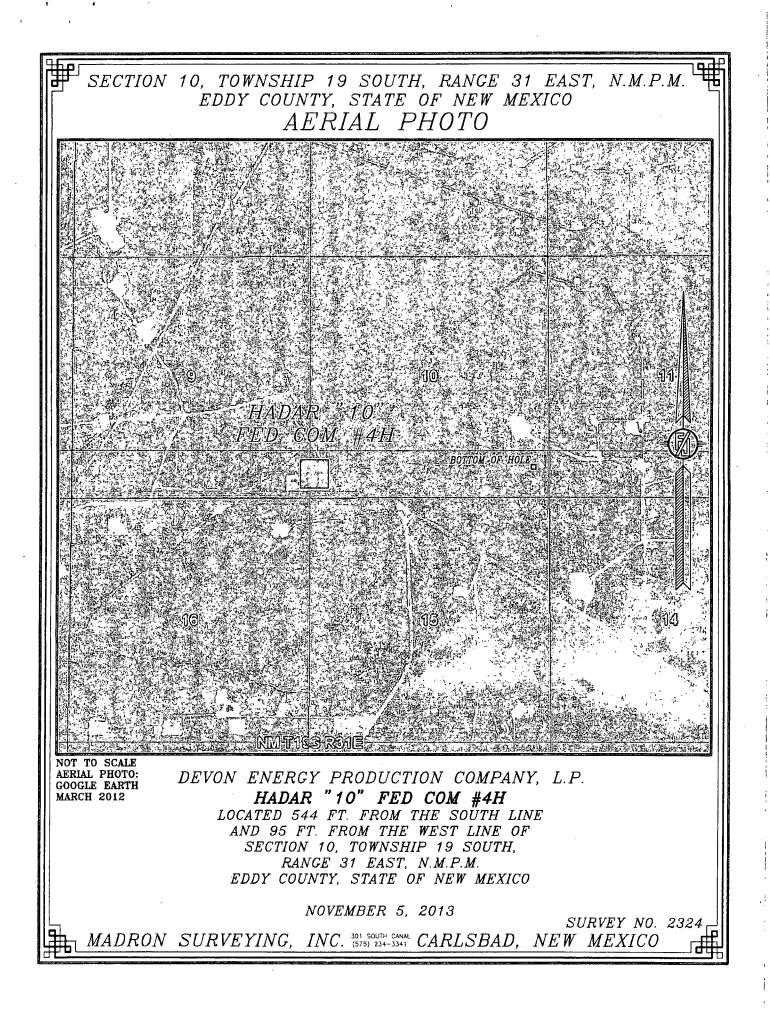
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DRILLING PROGRAM

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. Hadar 10 Fed Com 4H

1. Geologic Name of Surface Formation: Quaternary

2. Estimated Tops of Geological Markers & Depths of Anticipated FW, Oil, or Gas:

a.	Fresh Water	200'	
b.	Rustler	733'	Barren
C.	Salado	858′	Barren
d.	Tansil Dolomite	2433′	Barren
e.	Yates	2563′	Barren
f.	Seven Rivers	2803′	Barren
g.	Queen	3438'	Barren
h.	San Andres	4248'	Barren
i.	Delaware	4928'	Oil
j.	Bone Spring	6828′	Oil
k.	1 st Bone Spring SS	8108'	Oil
I.	2 nd Bone Spring Lime	8383'	Oil
m.	2 nd Bone Spring	8638'	Oil
	Total Depth	9136' TVD	13,737' MD

3. Pressure Control Equipment:

A 3M 13-5/8" BOP system (Double Ram and Annular preventer) will be installed and tested prior to drilling out the surface casing shoe. The BOP system used to drill the intermediate hole will be tested per BLM Onshore Oil and Gas Order 2.

A 3M 13-5/8" BOP system (Double Ram and Annular preventer) will be installed and tested prior to drilling out the intermediate casing shoe. The BOP system used to drill the production hole will be tested per BLM Onshore Oil and Gas Order 2.

The pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill pipe is out of the hole. These tests will be logged in the daily driller's log. A 2" kill line and 3" choke line will be incorporated into the drilling spool below the ram BOP. In addition to the rams and annular preventer, additional BOP accessories include a kelly cock, floor safety valve, choke lines, and choke manifold rated at 3,000 psieWP.

Devon requests a variance to use a flexible line with flanged ends between the BOP and the choke manifold (choke line). The line will be kept as straight as possible with minimal turns.

Auxiliary Well Control and Monitoring Equipment:

a. A Kelly cock will be in the drill string at all times.

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b. A full opening drill pipe stabbing valve having the appropriate connections will be on the rig floor at all times.

DRILLING PROGRAM - REVISED

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. Hadar/10 Fed Com 4H

4. Casing Program:

<i>C</i>	Sec
	COH

Hole Size	Hole Interval	Casing	Casing Interval	Weight (lb/ft)	Collar	Grade	Collapse Design Factor	Burst Design Factor	Tension Design Factor
17-1/2"	0.775 44	13-3/8	0 - 7754	48	STO	H-40	2.12	4.77	8.66
12-1/4"	775-4950	9-5/8″	0-4950'	40	BTC	HCK-55	1.64	1.53	4.68
8-3/4"	4950-13737'	5-1/2"	0-13737'	17	LTC	P-110	1.71	2.43	3.66

Casing Notes:

All casing is new and API approved

Maximum Lateral TVD: 9136'

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Proposed mud Circulations System: Hadar 10 Fed Com 4H

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	2 4	Depth /	Mud Weight	日 建建的 Viscosity	Fluid Loss	Type System	
		0-7751	84-90	30-34	N/G	ĒŴ	
•		715-4950 710)	28-32	N/G	Brine	
		4950-13737'	8.6-9.0	28-32	N/C	FW	
_				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		144 647	

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Visual mud monitoring equipment will be in place to detect volume changes indicating loss or gain of circulating fluid volume. If abnormal pressures are encountered, electronic/mechanical mud monitoring equipment will be installed.

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6. Cementing Table: Hadar 10 Fed Com 4H

String	Number of sx	Weight lbs/gal	Water Volume g/sx	Yield cf/sx	Stage; Lead/Tail	Slurry Description
13-3/8″ Surface	830	14.8	6:35	1:35	Lead	Class C + 0:125 lbs/sack/Cello Flake + 2% bwoc Calcium Chloride + 56.3% Fresh Water
9-5/8"	1450	12.6	8.81	1.73	Lead	(60:40) Poz (Fly Ash):Class C + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.2% bwoc R-3 + 0.125 lbs/sack Cello Flake + 3 lbs/sack LCM-1 + 0.25% bwoc FL-52 + 1% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 89.6% Fresh Water
Intermediate Single Stage	300	13.8	6.42	1.38	Tail	(60:40) Poz (Fly Ash):Class C + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.125 Ibs/sack Cello Flake + 0.5% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 0.5% bwoc BA-10A + 4% bwoc MPA-5 + 65:3% Fresh Water
	750	12.6	8.81	1.73	1 st Lead	(60:40) Poz (Fly Ash):Class C + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.2% bwoc R-3 + 0.125 lbs/sack Cello Flake + 3 lbs/sack LCM-1 + 0.25% bwoc FL-52 + 1% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 89.6% Fresh Water
9-5/8"	300	13.8	6.41	1.38	1 st Tail	(60:40) Poz (Fly Ash):Class C + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.125 Ibs/sack Cello Flake + 0.8% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 4% bwoc MPA-5 + 65.6% Fresh Water
Intermediate					DV	Tool @ 2600ft
2-Stage Option		12.8	8.23	1.66	2 nd Lead	(60:40) Poz (Fly Ash):Class C + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.125 Ibs/sack Cello Flake + 3 Ibs/sack LCM-1 + 0.25% bwoc FL-52 + 1.59 bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 83.7% Fresh Water
	<u>-</u> 150	13.8	- 6.42	1.38-	2 nd Tail	(60:40) Poz (Fly Ash):Class C + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.125 lbs/sack Cello Flake + 0.5% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 0.5% bwo BA-10A + 4% bwoc MPA 5 + 65:3% Fresh Water
5-1/2" Production	545	12.5	11.01	2.01	Lead	(35:65) Poz (Fly Ash):Class H + 3% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.2% bwoc R-3 + 0.125 lbs/sack Cello Flake + 0.7% bwoc FL-52 + 0.3% bwoc ASA-301 + 6% bwoc Bentonite + 105.5% Fresh Water -
Casing ASingle Stage	1420	14.2	5.77	1.28	Tail	(50:50) Poz (Fly Ash):Class H + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.3% bwoc CD-32 + 0.5% bwoc FL-25 + 0.4% bwoc FL-52 + 0.5% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 57.3% Fresh Water
	555	12.5	11.02	2.01	1 st Lead	(35:65) Poz (Fly Ash):Class H + 3% bwow Sodium Chloride:+0.125 lbs/sack Cello Flake + 0.7% bwoc FL-52 + 0.3% bwoc ASA-301+69 bwoc Bentonite + 105.6% Fresh Water
5-1/2" Production Casing	1365	14.2	5.76	1.28	1 st Tail	1385 sacks (50:50) Poz (Fly Ash):Class H + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.3% bwoc CD-32 + 0.5% bwoc FL-25 + 0.5% bwoc FL-5 0.3% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 57.2% Fresh Water
2-Stage				<u>.</u>		Tool @ 5500ft
Option	70	11.4	17.69	2.88	2 nd Lead	Class C + 1% bwoc R-3 + 0:125 lbs/sack Cello Flake + 0.3% bwoc Fl 52 + 3% bwoc Sodium Metasilicate + 157% Fresh Water
	100	13.8	6.4	1137	2nd Tail	(60:40) Poz (Fly Ash):Class C + 5% bwow Sodium Chloride + 0.125 bs/sack/Cello Flake + 0.5% bwoc:BA=10A+4% bwoc MPA-57+ 65.1% Fresh Water

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TOC for all Strings:

13-3/8" Surface

9-5/8" Intermediate Single Stage

9-5/8" Intermediate 2-Stage

5-1/2" Production Single Stage

the second

5-1/2" Production 2-Stage

Oft

0ft

Stage #1 = 2600ft Stage #2 = Oft

4400ft Cement to the back Joft Stage #1 = 5500ft above Capitan Peof Stage #2 = 4450ft

Notes:

- Cement volumes Surface 100%, Intermediate 75%, Production based on at least 25% excess ø
- Actual cement volumes will be adjusted based on fluid caliper and caliper log data 0
- 0 If lost circulation is encountered while drilling the production and/or the intermediate wellbores, a DV tool will be installed a minimum of 50' below the previous casing shoe and of 200' above the current shoe. If the DV tool has to be moved, the cement volumes will be adjusted proportionately.

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7. Logging, Coring, and Testing Program:



- a. Drill stem tests will be based on geological sample shows.
- b. If a drill stem test is anticipated, a procedure, equipment to be used, and safety measures will be provided via sundry notice to the BLM.
- c. Resistivity and porosity logs are planned below the intermediate casing point. Stated logs run will be named in the Completion Report and submitted to the BLM.
- d. No coring program is planned

8. **Potential Hazards**:



- . No abnormal pressures or temperatures are expected. There is no knows presence of H2S in this area, and none is anticipated to be encountered. If H2s is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 6. No lost circulation is expected to occur. All personnel will be familiar with all aspects of safe operation being used to drill this well. Estimated BHP: 3800 psi, and estimated BHT: 133 degrees.
- Hydrogen Sulfide detection equipment will be in operation after drilling out the 13-3/8" casing shoe until the 5-1/2" casing is cemented. Breathing equipment will be on location upon drilling the 13-3/8" shoe until total depth is reached.

9. Anticipated Starting Date and Duration of Operations:

Road and location construction will begin after the BLM has approved the APD. Anticipated spud date will be as soon after BLM approval and as soon as a rig will be available. Move in operations and drilling is expected to take 32 days. If production casing is run then an additional 30 days will be needed to complete well and construct surface facilities and/or lay flow lines in order to place well on production.

5D Plan Report

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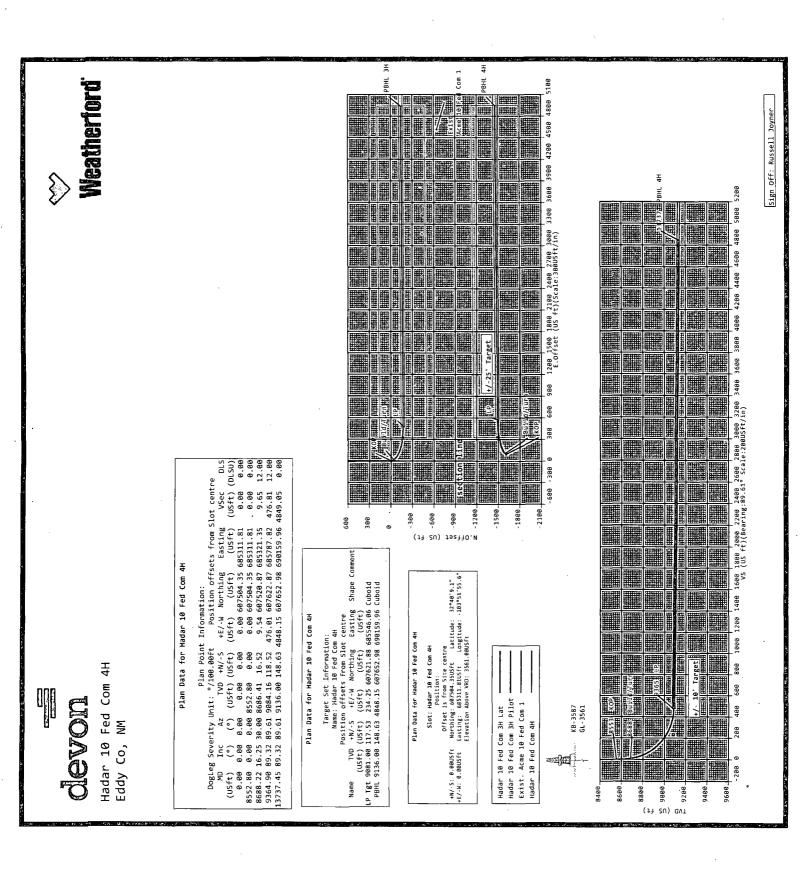
Devon Energ	Y
Field Name:	Eddy Co, NM (Nad 83 NME)
Site Name:	Hadar 10 Fed Com 4H
Well Name:	Hadar 10 Fed Com 4H
Plan:	P1:V1
Leve Martin States	

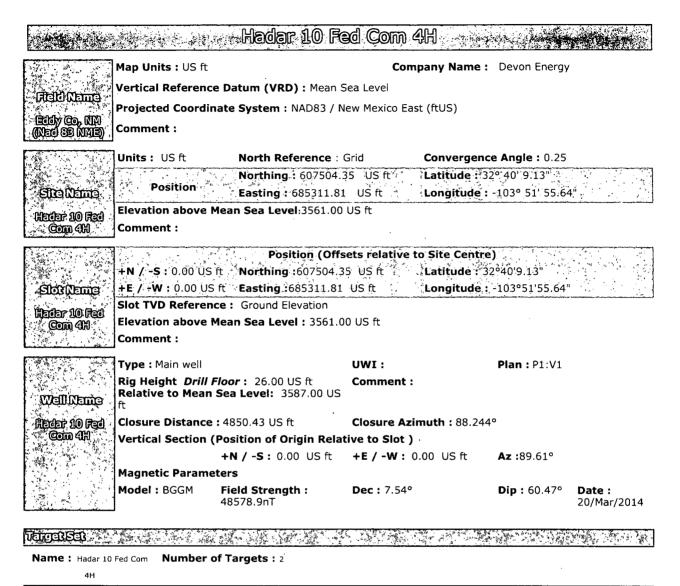
29 January 2014

5D Plan Report



5D 7.5.7 : 29 January 2014, 15:09:13 UTC





Comment :

Jaras. Position (Relative to Slot centre) Name +N//-S: 117:53US ft Northing : 607621.88 US ft Latitude : 32°40'10.28". +E/.-W : 234.25 US ft Easting : 685546 06US ft • Longitude : -103°51'52.89" UP TOS' TVD (Drill Floor) : 9081.00 US ft හිතුන Choole Orientation Azimuth: 0.00° Inclination: 0.00° ъ. Dimensions Length: 20.00 US ft Breadth: 20.00 US ft Height: 20.00 US ft

5D Plan Report

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Tenger Neimer PBHL	+N/-S:148 +E/-W :44		Northing	(Relative to Slot ce 1 : 607652.98 US ft 690159.96US ft	Latitude	a: 32°40'10.39" de: -103°50'58	91"
Sligpa	TVD (Drill Fl	507) : 9136.00 US	ft		<u>iles sí</u>		المناجبة فأحمد ستنعد
Cubold	Orientation	Azimuth : 89.61°		Inclination : -0.689	þ		
	Dimensions	Length : 8744.00	US ft	Breadth : 50.00 US	ft He	ight : 20.00 US 1	ft

Well path created using minimum curvature or the second states and second states and second states and second s

Sillentrom	o (Çekdiye	ගාස්ත හේසිග	. WDald	ivoto Diffi	ltor)		1.4. 		ŧ	in the work	4.4
(USLO)	≹_Ine ∭	. A	IVD (US(I))	Noisel (US G)	Boliest (USA)	(%)00 US	vs (vs (13)	0,8210	MADE 19/100 US	D CT Face 3 (°)	Comment
A STATES						<u>(ii)</u>		C)	(i) (ii)		12.2013
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
8552.80	0.00	0.00	8552.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	КОР
8688.22	16.25	30.00	8686.41	16.52	9.54	12.00	9.65	12.00	0.00	30.00	Build/Turn
9364.90	89.32	89.61	9084.16	118.52	476.01	12.00	476.81	10.80	8.81	60.78	LP
13737.45	89.32	89.61	9136.00	148.63	4848.15	0.00	4849.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	PBHL 4H

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	, ing ···	AP ()	TWD (WS (1))	Noise	Ediler	WS ¹	DLS	+ Northing	Easting * •	Continent
8500.00	0.00	0.00	8500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	(@/100 @S(d) 0.00	607504.35	685311.81	
8552.80	0.00	0.00	8552.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	607504.35	685311.81	КОР
8600.00	5.66	30.00	8599.92	2.02	1.17	1.18	12.00	607506.37	685312.98	KOF
8688.22	16.25	30.00	8686.41	16.52	9.54	9.65	12.00	607520.87	685321.35	Build/Turn
8700.00	16.98	34.23	8697.70	19.37	11.33	11.46	12.00	607523.72	685323.14	balla, ram
8800.00	25.55	57.99	8790.97	42.96	37.93	38.22	12.00	607547.31	685349.74	
8900.00	36.05	69.53	8876.82	64.77	83.96	84.39	12.00	607569.12	685395.77	•
9000.00	47.19	76.29	8951.49	83.82	147.39	147.96	12.00	607588.17	685459.20	
9100.00	58.61	80.94	9011.74	99.30	225.46	226.13	12.00	607603.65	685537.27	
9200.00	70.16	84.56	9054.91	110.52	314.75	315.50	12.00	607614.87	685626.56	
9300.00	81.77	87.69	9079.12	116.99	411.37	412.16	12.00	607621.34	685723.18	
9364.90	89.32	89.61	9084.16	118.52	476.01	476.81	12.00	607622.87	685787.82	LP
9400.00	89.32	89.61	9084.58	118.76	511.11	511.90	0.00	607623.11	685822.92	
9500.00	89.32	89.61	9085.76	119.45	611.10	611.89	0.00	607623.80	685922.91	
9600.00	89.32	89.61	9086.95	120.13	711.09	711.89	0.00	607624.48	686022.90	
9700.00	89.32	89.61	9088.13	120.82	811.08	811.88	0.00	607625.17	686122.89	
9800.00	89.32	89.61	9089.32	121.51	911.07	911.87	0.00	607625.86	686222.88	
9900.00	89.32	89.61	9090.51	122.20	1011.06	1011.87	0.00	607626.55	686322.87	
10000.00	89.32	89.61	9091.69	122.89	1111.05	1111.86	0.00	607627.24	686422.86	
10100.00	89.32	89.61	9092.88	123.58	1211.04	1211.85	0.00	607627.93	686522.85	
10200.00	89.32	89.61	9094.06	124.27	1311.03	1311.84	0.00	607628.62	686622.84	
10300.00	89.32	89.61	9095.25	124.96	1411.02	1411.84	0.00	607629.31	686722.83	
10400.00	89.32	89.61	9096.43	125.64	1511.01	1511.83	0.00	607629.99	686822.82	
10500.00	89.32	89.61	9097.62	126.33	1611.00	1611.82	0.00	607630.68	686922.81	
10600.00	89.32	89.61	9098.80	127.02	1710.99	1711.82	0.00	607631.37	687022.80	
10700.00	89.32	89.61	9099.99	127.71	1810.98	1811.81	0.00	607632.06	687122.79	
10800.00	89.32	89.61	9101.18	128.40	1910.97	1911.80	0.00	607632.75	687222.78	
10900.00	89.32	89.61	9102.36	129.09	2010.96	2011.79	0.00	607633.44	687322.77	
11000.00	89.32	89.61	9103.55	129.78	2110.95	2111.79	0.00	607634.13	687422.76	
11099.99	89.32	89.61	9104.73	130.47	2210.94	2211.78	0.00	607634.82	687522.75	
11199.99	89.32	89.61	9105.92	131.15	2310.93	2311.77	0.00	607635.50	687622.74	
11299.99	89.32	89.61	9107.10	131.84	2410.92	2411.76	0.00	607636.19	687722.73	
11399.99	89.32	89.61	9108.29	132.53	2510.91	2511.76	0.00	607636.88	687822.72	
11499.99	89.32	89.61	9109.47	133.22	2610.90	2611.75	0.00	607637.57	687922.71	
11599.99	89.32	89.61	9110.66	133.91	2710.89	2711.74	0.00	607638.26	688022.70	

Weatherford International Limited

5D Plan Report

Unico (diaco)	Politics (Relat	ivo cici a			Hilloota)			1	S. A. T. S. A.	
		**	TVD (USD)	Notiest (USA)	Elofficit (US II)	(VS (VS(Q))	(%100 US II)	Northing	(US(ft))	
11699.99	89.32	89.61	9111.85	134.60	2810.88	2811.74	0.00	607638.95	688122.69	
11799.99	89.32	89.61	9113.03	135.29	2910.87	2911.73	0.00	607639.64	688222.68	
11899.99	89.32	89.61	9114.22	135.98	3010.87	3011.72	0.00	607640.33	688322.68	
11999.99	89.32	89.61	9115.40	136.66	3110.86	3111.71	0.00	607641.01	688422.67	
12099.99	89.32	89.61	9116.59	137.35	3210.85	3211.71	0.00	607641.70	688522.66	
12199.99	89.32	89.61	9117.77	138.04	3310.84	3311.70	0.00	607642.39	688622.65	
12299.99	89.32	89.61	9118.96	138.73	3410.83	3411.69	0.00	607643.08	688722.64	
12399.99	89.32	89.61	9120.14	139.42	3510.82	3511.69	0.00	607643.77	688822.63	
12499.99	89.32	89.61	9121.33	140.11	3610.81	3611.68	0.00	607644,46	688922.62	
12599.99	89.32	89.61	9122.51	140.80	3710.80	3711.67	0.00	607645.15	689022.61	
12699.99	89.32	89.61	9123.70	141.48	3810.79	3811.66	0.00	607645.83	689122.60	
12799.99	89.32	89.61	9124.89	142.17	3910.78	3911.66	0.00	607646.52	689222.59	
12899.99	89.32	89.61	9126.07	142.86	4010.77	4011.65	0.00	607647.21	689322.58	
12999.99	89.32	89.61	9127.26	143.55	4110.76	4111.64	0.00	607647.90	689422.57	
13099.99	89.32	89.61	9128.44	144.24	4210.75	4211.63	0.00	607648.59	689522.56	
13199.99	89.32	89.61	9129.63	144.93	4310.74	4311.63	0.00	607649.28	689622.55	
13299.99	89.32	89.61	9130.81	145.62	4410.73	4411.62	0.00	607649.97	689722.54	
13399,99	89.32	89.61	9132.00	146.31	4510.72	4511.61	0.00	607650.66	689822.53	
13499.99	89.32	89.61	9133.18	146.99	4610.71	4611.61	0.00	607651.34	689922.52	
13599.99	89.32	89.61	9134.37	147.68	4710.70	4711.60	0.00	607652.03	690022.51	
13699.99	89.32	89.61	9135.56	148.37	4810.69	4811.59	0.00	607652.72	690122.50	
13737.45	89.32	89.61	9136.00	148.63	4848.15	4849.05	0.00	607652.98	690159.96	PBHL 4H

Weatherford

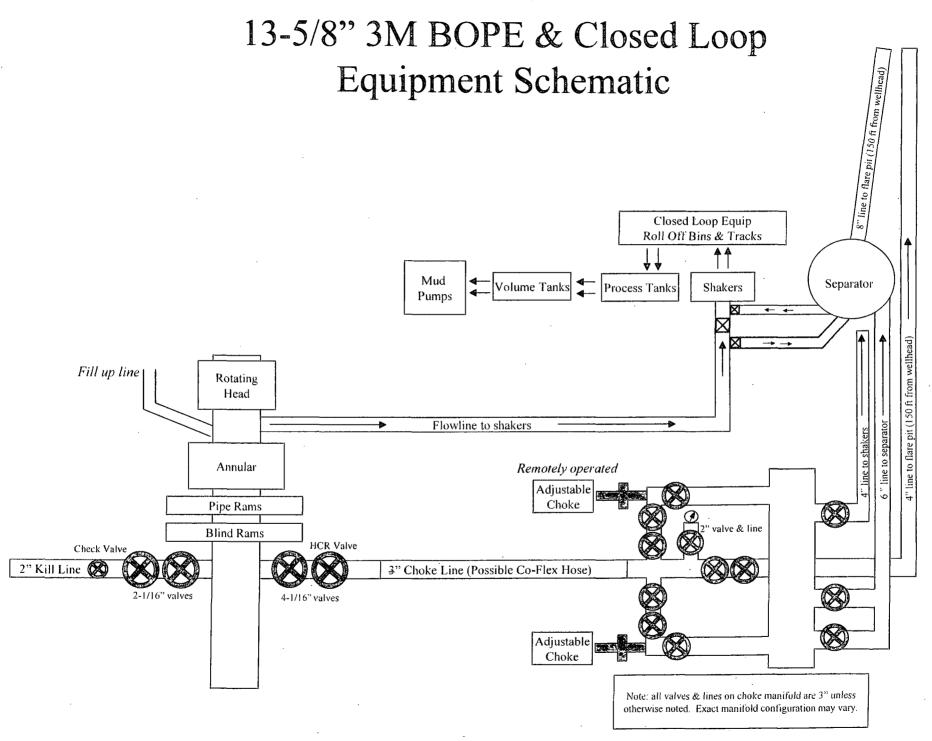
Weatherford Drilling Services

GeoDec, v5.03

Report Date: Job Number:							
Customer: Well Name: API Number:	Devon Energy Hadar 10 Fed Com						
Rig Name: Location: Block:	Rig Name: Location: Eddy Co., NM (NAD 83)						
Engineer:							
US State Plane 19	983	Geodetic Latitude / Longi	tude				
System: New Mex	ico Eastern Zone	System: Latitude / Longite	ude				
Projection: Transv	erse Mercator/Gauss Krug	er Projection: Geodetic Latit	ude and Longitude				
Datum: North Ame	erican Datum 1983	Datum: North American	Datum 1983				
Ellipsoid: GRS 198	80	Ellipsoid: GRS 1980					
North/South 6075	North/South 607504.350 USFT Latitude 32.6692028 DEG						
East/West 68531	East/West 685311.810 USFT Longitude -103.8654542 DEG						
Grid Convergence							
Total Correction:	+7.29°						
Geodetic Location	WGS84 Elevati	on= 0.0 Meters					
Latitude =	32.66920° N 32°	40 min 9.130 sec					
Longitude = 10	03.86545°W 103°	51 min 55.635 sec					
Magnetic Declinati	ion = 7.54°	[True North Offset]					
Local Gravity =	.9988 g	CheckSum =	6721				
Local Field Streng	th = 48579 nT	Magnetic Vector X =	23739 nT				
Magnetic Dip =	60.47°	Magnetic Vector Y =	3141 nT				
Magnetic Model =	bggm2013	Magnetic Vector Z =	42267 nT				
Spud Date =							

Signed:_____

Date:_____



NOTES REGARDING BLOWOUT PREVENTERS

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. Hadar 10 Fed Com 4H

- 1. Drilling Nipple will be constructed so it can be removed mechanically without the aid of a welder. The minimum internal diameter will equal BOP bore.
- 2. Wear ring will be properly installed in head.
- 3. Blowout preventer and all associated filings will be in operable condition to withstand a minimum of 3000 psi working pressure.
- 4. All fittings will be flanged.
- 5. A fill bore safety valve tested to a minimum of 3000 psi WP with proper thread connections will be available on the rotary rig floor at all times.
- 6. All choke lines will be anchored to prevent movement.
- 7. All BOP equipment will be equal to or larger in bore than the internal diameter of the last casing string.
- 8. Will maintain a kelly cock attached to the kelly.
- 9. Hand wheels and wrenches will be properly installed and tested for safe operation.
- 10. Hydraulic floor control for blowout preventer will be located as near in proximity to driller's controls as possible.
- 11. All BOP equipment will meet API standards and include a minimum 40 gallon accumulator having two independent means of power to initiate closing operation.

Continental *

Hydrostatic Test Certificate

Test Pressure: 15,000psi Serial#: 49106

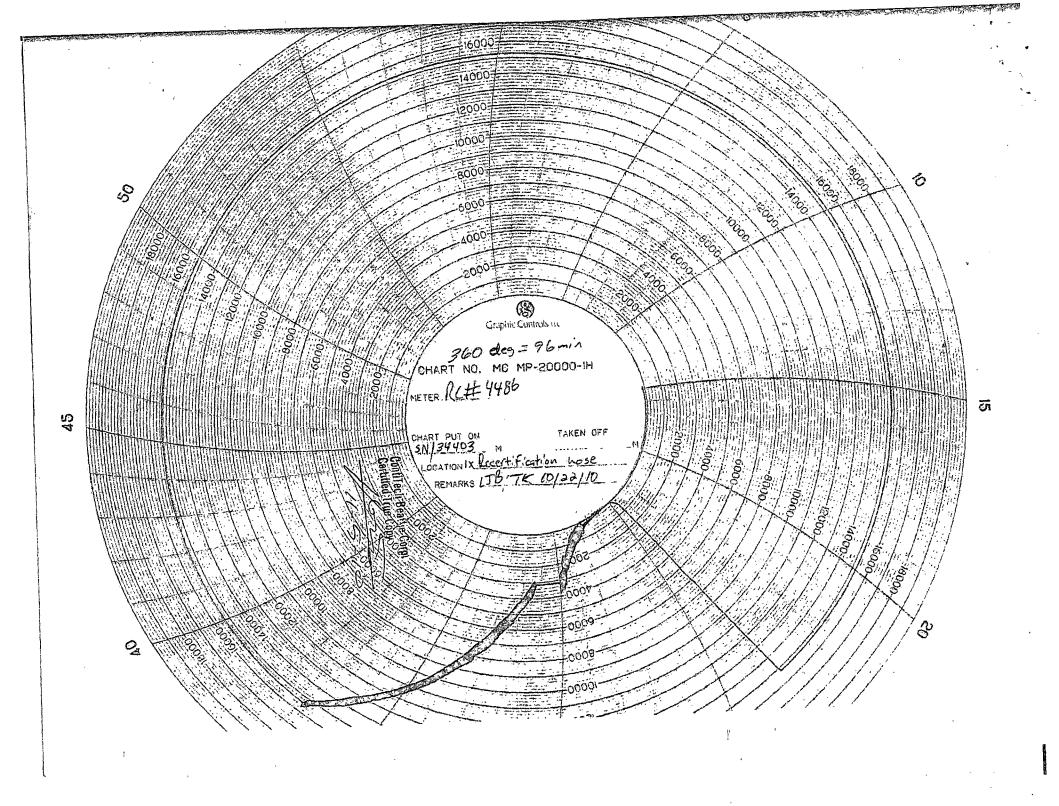
Certificate Number: 4520	PBC No	: 10321	Customer Name & Address
	1		HELMERICH & PAYNE INTL DRILLING CO
Customer Purchase Order No:	RIG 300		1437 SOUTH BOULDER
			TULSA, OK 74119
Project:			
Test Centre Address	Accept	ed by ContiTech Beattle Inspect	ion Accepted by Client Inspection
ContiTech Beattie Corp.		Josh Sims	
11535 Brittmoore Park Drive	Signed:	22	
Houston, TX 77041	_		
USA	Date:	10/27/10	

gement System, and to the best of our knowledge are found to conform to relevant industrial standards within the requirements of the purchase order as issued to ContilTech Beattie Corporation.

These goods were made in the United States of America.

item Pa	art No	Onty Serial	As-Built Work Test Length (m): Press Press	Test Time
1	3" ID 10K Choke & Kill Hose x 35ft OAL	1 49106	10 kosi 15 kosi	60
	End A: 4.1/16" 10Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 68X Flange End B: 4.1/16" 10Kpsi API Spec 6A Type 68X Flange Working Pressure: 10,000psi			

HT4520 H&P 10321



Ontinental S CONTITECH

Fluid Technology

ContiTech Beattie Corp. Website: <u>www.contitechbeattie.com</u>

Monday, June 14, 2010

RE: Drilling & Production Hoses Lifting & Safety Equipment

To Helmerich & Payne,

A Continental ContiTech hose assembly can perform as intended and suitable for the application regardless of whether the hose is secured or unsecured in its configuration. As a manufacturer of High Pressure Hose Assemblies for use in Drilling & Production, we do offer the corresponding lifting and safety equipment, this has the added benefit of easing the lifting and handling of each hose . assembly whilst affording hose longevity by ensuring correct handling methods and procedures as well as securing the hose in the unlikely event of a failure; but in no way does the lifting and safety equipment affect the performance of the hoses providing the hoses have been handled and installed correctly. It is good practice to use lifting & safety equipment but not mandatory.

Should you have any questions or require any additional information/clarifications then please do not hesitate to contact us.

ContiTech Beattie is part of the Continental AG Corporation and can offer the full support resources associated with a global organization.

Best regards,

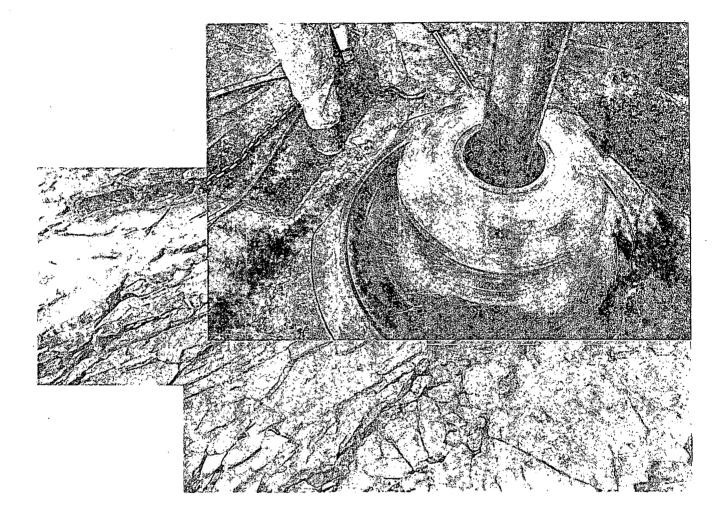
Robin Hodgson Sales Manager ContiTech Beattie Corp

ContiTech Beattie Corp, 11535 Brittmoore Park Drive, Houston, TX 77041 Phone: +1 (832) 327-0141 Fax: +1 (832) 327-0148 www.contitechbeattle.com





Commitment Runs Deep



Design Plan Operation and Maintenance Plan Closure Plan

SENM - Closed Loop Systems June 2008

I. Design Plan

Devon uses MI SWACO closed loop system (CLS). The MI SWACO CLS is designed to maintain drill solids at or below 5%. The equipment is arranged to progressively remove solids from the largest to the smallest size. Drilling fluids can thus be reused and savings is realized on mud and disposal costs. Dewatering may be required with the centrifuges to insure removal of ultra fine solids.

The drilling location is constructed to allow storm water to flow to a central sump normally the cellar. This insures no contamination leaves the drilling pad in the event of a spill. Storm water is reused in the mud system or stored in a reserve fluid tank farm until it can be reused. All lubricants, oils, or chemicals are removed immediately from the ground to prevent the contamination of storm water. An oil trap is normally installed on the sump if an oil spill occurs during a storm.

A tank farm is utilized to store drilling fluids including fresh water and brine fluids. The tank farm is constructed on a 20 ml plastic lined, bermed pad to prevent the contamination of the drilling site during a spill. Fluids from other sites may be stored in these tanks for processing by the solids control equipment and reused in the mud system. At the end of the well the fluids are transported from the tank farm to an adjoining well or to the next well for the rig.

Prior to installing a closed-loop system on site, the topsoil, if present, will be stripped and stockpiled for use as the final cover or fill at the time of closure.

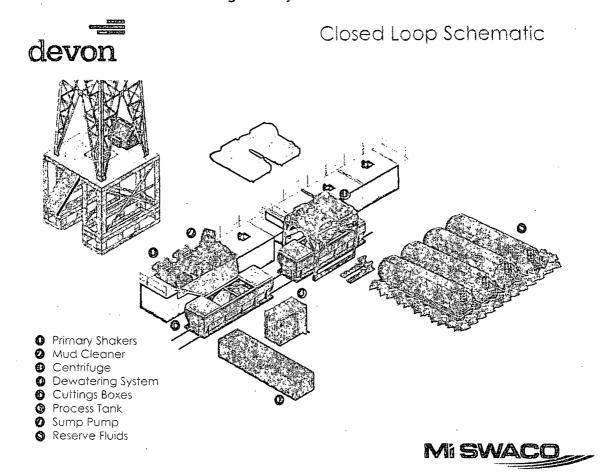
Signs will be posted on the fence surrounding the closed-loop system unless the closed-loop system is located on a site where there is an existing well, that is operated by Devon.

II. Operations and Maintenance Plan

Primary Shakers: The primary shakers make the first removal of drill solids from the drilling mud as it leaves the well bore. The shakers are sized to handle maximum drilling rate at optimal screen size. The shakers normally remove solids down to 74 microns.

2

Mud Cleaner: The Mud Cleaner cleans the fluid after it leaves the shakers. A set of hydrocyclones are sized to handle 1.25 to 1.5 times the maximum circulating rate. This ensures all the fluid is being processed to an average cut point of 25 microns. The wet discharged is dewatered on a shaker equipped with ultra fine mesh screens and generally cut at 40 microns.



Centrifuges: The centrifuges can be one or two in number depending on the well geometry or depth of well. The centrifuges are sized to maintain low gravity solids at 5% or below. They may or may not need a dewatering system to enhance the removal rates. The centrifuges can make a cut point of 8-10 microns depending on bowl speed, feed rate, solids loading and other factors.

The centrifuge system is designed to work on the active system and be flexible to process incoming fluids from other locations. This set-up is also dependent on well factors.

Dewatering System: The dewatering system is a chemical mixing and dosing system designed to enhance the solids removal of the centrifuge. Not commonly used in shallow wells. It may contain pH adjustment, coagulant mixing and dosing, and polymer mixing and dosing. Chemical flocculation binds ultra fine solids into a mass that is within the centrifuge operating design. The dope, or regulated chemicals are removed from soil and sent to landfills approved for these products.

These operations are monitored by Mi Swaco service technicians. Daily logs are maintained to ensure optimal equipment operation and maintenance. Screen and chemical use is logged to maintain inventory control. Fluid properties are monitored and recorded and drilling mud volumes are accounted for in the mud storage farm. This data is kept for end of well review to insure performance goals are met. Lessons learned are logged and used to help with continuous improvement.

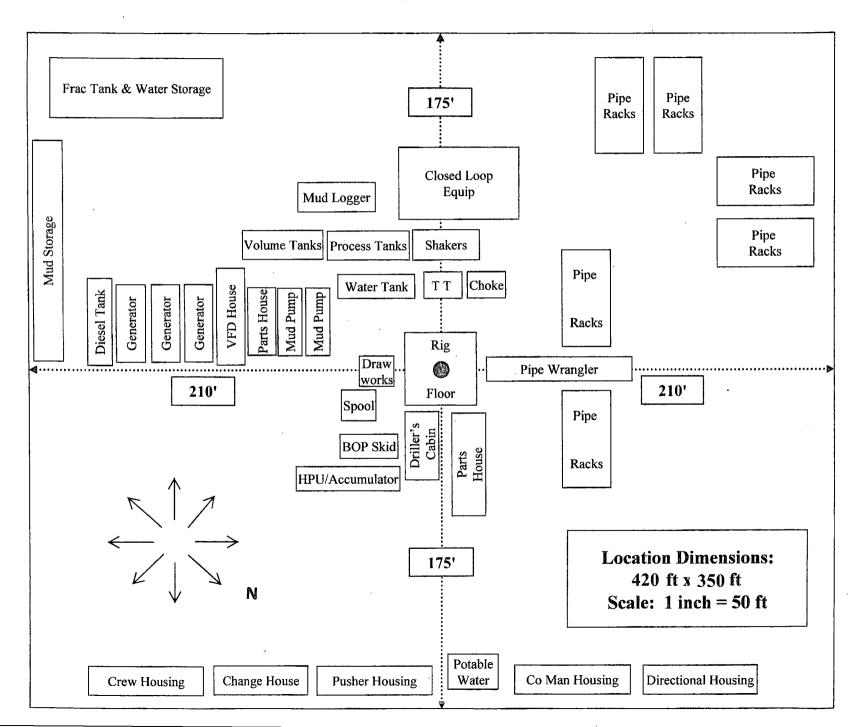
A MI SWACO field supervisor manages from 3-5 wells. They are responsible for training personnel, supervising installations, and inspecting sites for compliance of MI SWACO safety and operational policy.

III. Closure Plan

A maximum 340' X 340' caliche pad is built per well. All of the trucks and steel tanks fit on this pad. All fluid cuttings go to the steel tanks to be hauled by various trucking companies to an agency approved disposal.

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H&P Flex Rig Location Layout





Devon Energy Center 333 West Sheridan Avenue Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102-5015

Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) Contingency Plan

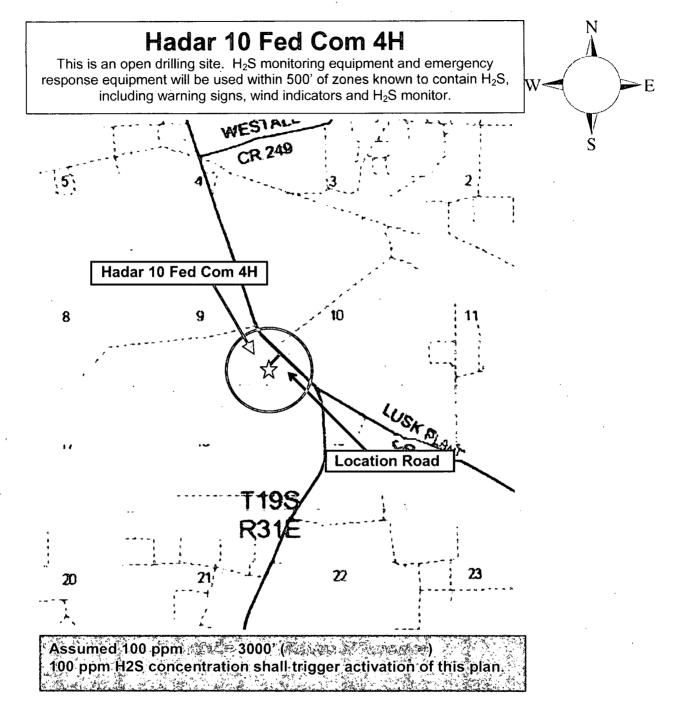
For

Hadar 10 Fed Com 4H

Sec-10, T-19S R-31E 544' FSL & 95 FWL LAT. = 32.6692028'N (NAD83) LONG = 103.8654542'W

Eddy County NM

Devon Energy Corp. Cont Plan. Page 1



Escape

Crews shall escape upwind of escaping gas in the event of an emergency release of gas. Escape can be facilitated from the location entrance road, West then Northwest on lease road. Crews should then block entrance to the location from the lease road so as not to allow anyone traversing into a hazardous area. The blockade should be at a safe distance outside of the ROE. <u>There are no homes or buildings in or near the ROE</u>.

Assumed 100 ppm ROE = 3000'

100 ppm H₂S concentration shall trigger activation of this plan.

Emergency Procedures

In the event of a release of gas containing H₂S, the first responder(s) must

- Isolate the area and prevent entry by other persons into the 100 ppm ROE.
- Evacuate any public places encompassed by the 100 ppm ROE.
- Be equipped with H₂S monitors and air packs in order to control the release.
- Use the "buddy system" to ensure no injuries occur during the response
- Take precautions to avoid personal injury during this operation.
- Contact operator and/or local officials to aid in operation. See list of phone numbers attached.
- Have received training in the
 - \circ Detection of H₂S, and
 - Measures for protection against the gas,
 - Equipment used for protection and emergency response.

Ignition of Gas Source

Should control of the well be considered lost and ignition considered, take care to protect against exposure to Sulfur Dioxide (SO_2) . Intentional ignition must be coordinated with the NMOCD and local officials. Additionally the NM State Police may become involved. NM State Police shall be the Incident Command on scene of any major release. Take care to protect downwind whenever there is an ignition of the gas

Common Name	Chemical Formula	Specific Gravity	Threshold Limit	Hazardous Limit	Lethal Concentration
Hydrogen Sulfide	H ₂ S	1.189 Air = 1	10 ppm	100 ppm/hr	600 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide	SO ₂	2.21 Air = 1	2 ppm	N/A	1000 ppm

Characteristics of H₂S and SO₂

Contacting Authorities

Devon Energy Corp. personnel must liaison with local and state agencies to ensure a proper response to a major release. Additionally, the OCD must be notified of the release as soon as possible but no later than 4 hours. Agencies will ask for information such as type and volume of release, wind direction, location of release, etc. Be prepared with all information available. The following call list of essential and potential responders has been prepared for use during a release. Devon Energy Corp. Company response must be in coordination with the State of New Mexico's 'Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Plan' (HMER)

Hydrogen Sulfide Drilling Operation Plan

I. HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S) TRAINING

All personnel, whether regularly assigned, contracted, or employed on an unscheduled basis, will receive training from a qualified instructor in the following areas prior to commencing drilling operations on this well:

- 1. The hazards and characteristics of hydrogen sulfide (H_2S)
- 2. The proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment and life support systems.
- 3. The proper use of H₂S detectors, alarms, warning systems, briefing areas, evacuation procedures, and prevailing winds.
- 4. The proper techniques for first aid and rescue procedures.

In addition, supervisory personnel will be trained in the following areas:

- The effects of H₂S metal components. If high tensile tubular are to be used, personnel will be trained in their special maintenance requirements.
- Corrective action and shut-in procedures when drilling or reworking a well and blowout prevention and well control procedures.
- 3. The contents and requirements of the H₂S Drilling Operations Plan and Public Protection Plan.

Devon Energy Corp. Cont Plan. Page 4

There will be an initial training session just prior to encountering a known or probable H_2S zone (within 3 days or 500 feet) and weekly H_2S and well control drills for all personnel in each crew. The initial training session shall include a review of the site specific H_2S Drilling Operations Plan and the Public Protection Plan.

II. HYDROGEN SULFIDE TRAINING

Note: All H_2S safety equipment and systems will be installed, tested, and operational when drilling reaches a depth of 500 feet above, or three days prior to penetrating the first zone containing or reasonable expected to contain H_2S .

1. Well Control Equipment

A. Flare line

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- B. Choke manifold (with remotely operated choke)
- C. Blind rams and pipe rams to accommodate all pipe sizes with properly sized closing unit
- D. Auxiliary equipment may include if applicable: annular preventer and rotating head.
- E. Mud/Gas Separator

2. Protective equipment for essential personnel:

A. 30-minute SCBA units located in the doghouse and at briefing areas, as indicated on well site diagram. As it may be difficult to communicate audibly while wearing these units, hand signals shall be utilized.

3. H₂S detection and monitoring equipment:

A. Portable H₂S monitors positioned on location for best coverage and response. These unites have warning lights and audible sirens when H₂S levels of 20 PPM are reached. These units are usually capable of detecting SO₂, which is a byproduct of burning H₂S.

4. Visual warning systems:

- A. Wind direction indicators as shown on well site diagram
- B. Caution/ Danger signs shall be posted on roads providing direct access to locations. Signs will be painted a high visibility yellow with black lettering of sufficient size to be reasonable distance from the immediate location. Bilingual signs will be used when appropriate.

5. Mud program:

A. The mud program has been designed to minimize the volume of H₂S circulated to surface. Proper mud weight, safe drilling practices and the use of H₂S scavengers will minimize hazards when penetrating H₂S bearing zones.

6. Metallurgy:

- A. All drill strings, casings, tubing, wellhead, blowout preventer, drilling spool, kill lines, choke manifold lines, and valves shall be H₂S trim.
- B. All elastomers used for packing and seals shall be H_2S trim.

7. Communication:

- A. Radio communications in company vehicles including cellular telephones and 2-way radio
- B. Land line (telephone) communications at Office

8. Well testing:

- A. Drill stem testing will be performed with a minimum number of personnel in the immediate vicinity, which are necessary to safety and adequately conduct the test. The drill stem testing will be conducted during daylight hours and formation fluids will not be flowed to the surface. All drill-stem-testing operations conducted in an H₂S environment will use the closed chamber method of testing.
- B. There will be no drill stem testing.

Devon Energy Corp. Company Call List

Artesia (575)	Cellular	Office	Home
Foreman – Robert Bell	748-7448	748-0178	746-2991
Asst. Foreman –Tommy P			
Don Mayberry			746-4945
Montral Walker			.(936) 414-6246
Engineer – Marcos Ortiz	(405) 317-0666	(405) 552-8152	.(405) 381-4350

Agency Call List

<u>Lea</u>	Hobbs	
County	Lea County Communication Authority	
<u>(575)</u>	State Police	
• •	City Police	
	Sheriff's Office	
	Ambulance.	911
	Fire Department	
	LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	
	NMOCD	
	US Bureau of Land Management	

Eddy Carlsbad

<u>County</u> (575)

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zarisbau	
State Police	
City Police	
Sheriff's Office	
Ambulance	
Fire Department	
LEPC (Local Emergency Planning Committee)	
US Bureau of Land Management	
NM Emergency Response Commission (Santa Fe)	
24 HR	· · ·
National Emergency Response Center (Washington, DC	

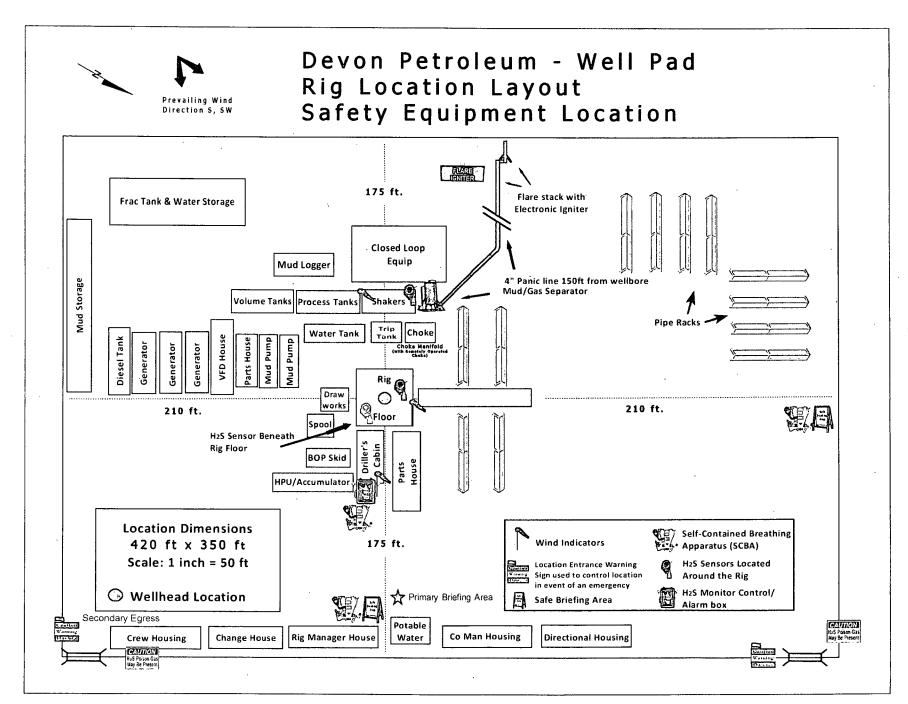
Emergency Services

	Boots & Coots IWC	(800)-256-9688 or (281) 931-8884
	Cudd Pressure Control	(915) 699-0139 or (915) 563-3356
	Halliburton	(575) 746-2757
•	B. J. Services	(575) 746-3569
Give	Native Air – Emergency Helicopter – Hobbs	(575) 392-6429
GPS	Flight For Life - Lubbock, TX	
position:	Aerocare - Lubbock, TX	(806) 747-8923
	Med Flight Air Amb - Albuquerque, NM	
	Lifeguard Air Med Svc. Albuquerque, NM	(575) 272-3115

Prepared in conjunction with

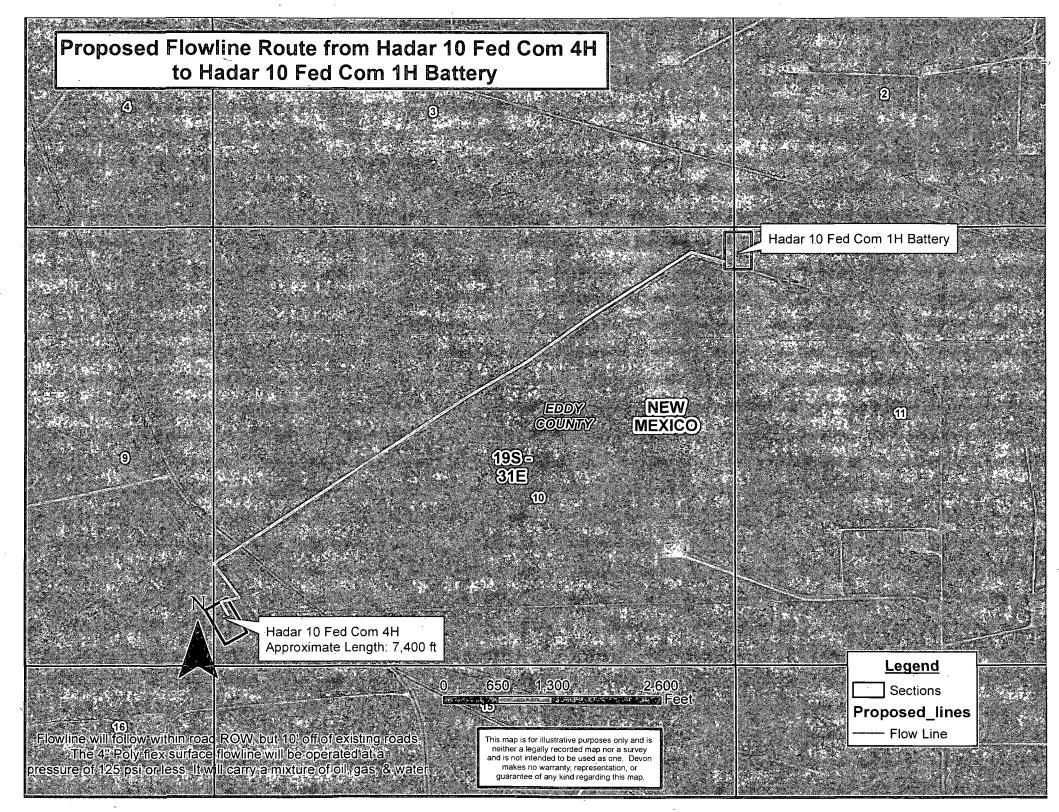
Dave Small





Devon Energy Corp. Cont Plan. Page 8

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Proposed Interim Site Reclamation						-282			· · · · ·	
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Proposed - Reclamation - Area-	· · · · ·			<u>, †</u>	350'-9"		· · · · ·			
Scale: 1in = 60ft.	· · · · ·		· · · · · ·	· · · · · ·	· · · ·	· · · · · · ·	• • •	· · · ·	· · · ·	



SURFACE USE PLAN

Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. Hadar 10 Fed Com 4H

1. Existing Roads:

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- a. The well site and elevation plat for the proposed well are reflected on the "Site Map". The well was staked by Madron Surveying, Inc.
- b. All roads into the location are depicted on the "Vicinity Map". The operator will repair pot holes, clear ditches, repair the crown, etc. All existing structures on the entire access route such as cattle guards, culverts, etc. will be properly repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. BLM written approval will be acquired before application of surfactants, binding agents, or other dust suppression chemicals on roadways.
- c. Directions to Location: From "Y" intersection of CR. 248 and 222 go northwest on CR. 222 ~ 0.63 miles to lease road on left side (west) of CR 222, turn left (west) at lease road. Go 304' to existing lease road on left (south) turn south on lease road, go ~ 0.32 miles to location on right (west) of lease road 250'.

2. New or Reconstructed Access Roads:

- a. The "Site Map" shows new constructed access road, which will be approximately 56.5 LF from the existing Lease road.
- b. The maximum driving width of the access road will be 14 feet. The maximum width of surface disturbance when constructing the access road will not exceed 25 feet. The road will be crowned and ditched with 2% slope from the tip of the crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 3 feet wide with 3:1 slopes. The driving surface will be made of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.
- c. No cattle guards, grates or fence cuts will be required. No turnouts are planned.

3. Location of Existing Wells:

The attached "One Mile Radius Map" shows all existing and proposed wells within a one-mile radius of the proposed location.

4. Location of Existing and/or Proposed Production Facilities:

- a. In the event the well is found productive, the tank battery located at the Hadar 10 Fed Com 1H would be utilized and shared, and the necessary production equipment will be installed at the well site. The tank battery would be located in Sec 11-T19S-R31E.
- b. If necessary, the well will be operated by means of an electric prime mover. If electric power poles are needed, a plat and a sundry notice will be filed with your office.
- c. All flow lines will adhere to API standards.
- d. If the well is productive, rehabilitation plans are as follows:
 - i. A closed loop system will be utilized.
 - ii. The original topsoil from the well site will be returned to the location. The drill site will then be contoured as close as possible to the original state.

5. Location and Types of Water Supply:

This location will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems (outlined in the Drilling Program). The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads described and depicted on the "Vicinity Map". On occasion, water will be obtained from a pre-existing water well, running a pump directly to the drill rig. In cases where a poly pipeline is used to transport water for drilling purposes, proper authorizations will be secured. If a poly pipeline is used, the size, distance, and map showing route will be provided to the BLM via sundry notice.

6. Construction Materials:

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Obtaining caliche: One primary way of obtaining caliche to build locations and roads will be by "turning over" the location. This means caliche will be obtained from the actual well site. Actual amounts will vary for each pad. The procedure below has been approved by BLM personnel:

- a. The top 6 inches of topsoil is pushed off and stockpiled along the side of the location.
- b. Subsoil is removed and stockpiled within the surveyed well pad.
- c. When caliche is found, material will be stock piled within the pad site to build the location and road.
- d. Then subsoil is pushed back in the hole and caliche is spread accordingly across entire location and road.
- e. Once well is drilled, the stock piled top soil will be used for interim reclamation and spread along areas where caliche is picked up and the location size is reduced.
- f. Neither caliche, nor subsoil will be stock piled outside of the well pad. Topsoil will be stockpiled along the edge of the pad as depicted in the Well Site Layout or survey plat.

In the event that no caliche is found onsite, caliche will be hauled in from a BLM approved caliche pit or other established mineral pit. A BLM mineral material permit will be acquired prior to obtaining any mineral material from BLM pits or land.

7. Methods of Handling Waste Material:

- a. Drill cuttings will be safely contained in a closed loop system and disposed of properly at a NMOCD approved disposal site.
- b. All trash, junk and other waste material will be contained in trash cages or trash bins to prevent scattering. When the job is completed all contents will be removed and disposed of in an approved sanitary landfill.
- c. The supplier will pick up salts remaining after completion of well, including broken sacks.
- d. A Porto-john will be provided for the rig crews. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- e. Remaining drilling fluids will be sent to a closed loop system. Water produced during completion will be put into a closed loop system. Oil and condensate produced will be put into a storage tank and sold.
- f. Disposal of fluids to be transported by the following companies:
 - i. American Production Service Inc, Odessa TX
 - ii. Gandy Corporation, Lovington NM
 - iii. 1 & W Inc, Loco Hill NM

- iii. I & W Inc, Loco Hill NM
- iv. Jims Water Service of Co Inc, Denver CO
- 8. Ancillary Facilities: No campsite or other facilities will be constructed as a result of this well.

9. Well Site Layout

- a. The Rig Location Layout attachment shows the proposed well site layout and pad dimensions.
- b. The Rig Location Layout attachment proposes location of sump pits and living facilities.
- c. Mud pits in the active circulating system will be steel pits.
- d. A closed loop system will be utilized.
- e. If a pit or closed loop system is utilized, Devon will provide a copy of the Design Plan to the BLM.

10. Plans for Surface Reclamation:

- a. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, the caliche will be removed from the pad and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other drilling locations. The road will be reclaimed as directed by the BLM. The original top soil will again be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography.
- b. The location and road will be rehabilitated as recommended by the BLM.
- c. If the well is deemed commercially productive, caliche from areas of the pad site not required for operations will be reclaimed. The original top soil will be returned to the area of the drill pad not necessary to operate the well. These unused areas of the drill pad will be contoured, as close as possible, to match the original topography.
- d. All disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations will undergo interim reclamation. The portions of the cleared well site not needed for operational and safety purposes will be recontoured to a final or intermediate contour that blends with the surrounding topography as much as possible. Topsoil will be respread over areas not needed for all-weather operations.

11. Surface Ownership

- a. The surface is owned by the US Government and is administered by the Bureau of Land Management. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas.
- b. The proposed road routes and the surface location will be restored as directed by the BLM.

12. Other Information:

- a. The area surrounding the well site is grassland. The topsoil is very sandy in nature. The vegetation is moderately sparse with native prairie grass, sage bush, yucca and miscellaneous weeds. No wildlife was observed but it is likely that deer, rabbits, coyotes, and rodents traverse the area.
- b. There is no permanent or live water in the general proximity of the location.

- c. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of location.
- d. A Cultural Resources Examination will be completed by the Permian Basin Cultural Resource Fund in lieu of being required to conduct a Class III Survey for cultural resources associated with their project within the BLM office in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

13. Bond Coverage:

Bond Coverage is Nationwide; Bond # is CO-1104 & NMB-000801.

Operators Representative:

The Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below.

Justin Lazzari - Operations Engineer Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. 333 W. Sheridan Oklahoma City, OK 73102-5010 (405) 228-8466 (office) (405) 464-9261 (Cellular) Jerry Mathews - Superintendent Devon Energy Production Company, L.P. Post Office Box 250 Artesia, NM 88211-0250 (575) 748-0161 (Office) (575) 748-5234 (Cell)

PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

OPERATOR'S NAME: Devon Energy Production Company -Barnett, Judy

LEASE NO.: NM055493 WELL NAME & NO.: Hadar 10 Fed Com - 4H SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE: [544] ' F [S] L [95] ' F [W] L BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE: [660] ' F [S] L [340] ' F [E] L LOCATION: Section 010, T019. S., R 031 E., NMPM COUNTY: Eddy County, New Mexico

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Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions

Permit Expiration

Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites

Noxious Weeds

Special Requirements

Lesser Prairie-Chicken Timing Stipulations Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker

Communitization Agreement

Hackberry Lake Special Recreation Management Area

Construction

Notification

Topsoil

Closed Loop System

Federal Mineral Material Pits

Well Pads

Roads

Road Section Diagram

🛛 Drilling

Cement Requirements

H2S Requirements

Capitan Reef

Logging Requirements

Waste Material and Fluids

Production (Post Drilling)

Well Structures & Facilities

Pipelines Interim Reclamation Final Abandonment & Reclamation

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I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

II. PERMIT EXPIRATION

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

LPC: Conditions of Approval

Timing Limitation Stipulation/Condition of Approval for Lesser Prairie-Chicken: Oil and gas activities including 3-D geophysical exploration, and drilling will not be allowed in lesser prairie-chicken habitat during the period from March 1 through June 15 annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities, geophysical exploration other than 3-D operations, and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Additionally, no new drilling will be allowed within up to 200 meters of leks known at the time of permitting. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted. Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

Upon abandonment, a low profile abandoned well marker will be installed to prevent raptor perching.

The proponent of the proposed action is a Participating Cooperator in the Candidate Conservation Agreement (CCA) for the lesser prairie-chicken (*Tympanuchus pallidicinctus*) and dunes sagebrush lizard (*Sceloporus arenicolus*).

The goal of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), Center of Excellence for Hazardous Materials Management (CEHMM) and the Participating Cooperator is to reduce and/or eliminate threats to the LPC and/ or SDL. By agreeing to conduct the conservation measures described by the CCA, and contribute funding or providing in-kind services for conservation.

The Certificate of Participation (CP) associate with the CCA is voluntary between CEHMM, BLM, USFWS and the Participating Cooperator. Through the CP, the Participating Cooperator voluntarily commits to implement or fund specific conservation actions that will reduce and/or eliminate threats to the SDL and /or the LPC. Funds contributed as part of the CP will be used to implement conservation measures and associated activities. The funds will be directed to the highest priority projects to restore or reclaim habitat at the sole discretion of BLM and USFWS.

The following Conservation Measures are to be accomplished in addition to those described in the CCA and Pecos District Special Status Species Resource Management Plan Amendment (RMPA):

1. To the extent determined by the BLM representative at the Plan of Development stage, all infrastructures supporting the development of a well

(including roads, power lines, and pipelines) will be constructed within the same corridor.

- 2. On enrolled parcels that contain inactive wells, roads and/or facilities that are not reclaimed to current standards, the Participating Cooperator shall remediate and reclaim their facilities within three years of executing this CP, unless the Cooperator can demonstrate they will put the facilities back to beneficial use for the enrolled parcel(s). If an extension is requested by the Cooperator, they shall submit a detailed plan (including dates) and receive BLM approval prior to the three year deadline. All remediation and reclamation shall be performed in accordance with BLM requirements and be approved in advance by the Authorized Officer.
- 3. Utilize alternative techniques to minimize new surface disturbance when required and as determined by the BLM representative at the Plan of Development stage.
- 4. Install fence markings along fences owned, controlled, or constructed by the Participating Cooperator that cross through occupied habitat within two miles of an active LPC lek.
- 5. Bury new powerlines that are within two (2) miles of LPC lek sites active at least once within the past 5 years (measured from the lek). The avoidance distance is subject to change based on new information received from peer reviewed science.
- 6. Bury new powerlines that are within one (1) mile of historic LPC lek sites where at least one LPC has been observed within the past three years (measured from the historic lek). The avoidance distance is subject to change based on new information received from peer reviewed science.
- 7. Management recommendations may be developed based on new information received from peer reviewed science to mitigate impacts from H2S and/or the accumulation of sulfates in the soil related to production of gas containing H2S on the SDL and LPC. Such management recommendations will be applied by the Participating Cooperator as Conservation Measures under this CI/CP in suitable and occupied SDL/LPC habitat where peer-reviewed science has shown that H2S levels threaten the LPC/SDL.

Communitization Agreement

A Communitization Agreement covering the acreage dedicated to this well must be filed for approval with the BLM. The effective date of the agreement shall be prior to any sales. In addition, the well sign shall include the surface and bottom hole lease numbers. If the Communitization Agreement number is known, it shall also be on the sign. If not, it shall be placed on the sign when the sign is replaced.

<u>Hackberry Lake Special Recreation Management Area (off-highway vehicle trails)</u> Pipelines shall be buried a minimum of <u>24</u> inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. Power poles and associated ground structures (poles, guy wires) will not be placed within 20 feet of recreation trails. Guy wires must be equipped with a sleeve, tape or other industry approved apparatus that is highly visible during the day and reflective at night. Appropriate safety signage will be in place during all phases of the project. Upon completion of construction, the road shall be returned to pre-construction condition with no bumps or dips. All vehicle and equipment operators will observe speed limits and practice responsible defensive driving habits.

VI. CONSTRUCTION

A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

Exclosure Fencing

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

Turnouts

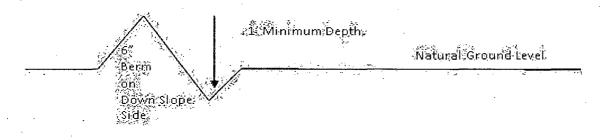
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope: $\underline{400'} + 100' = 200'$ lead-off ditch interval $\underline{4\%}$

Cattleguards

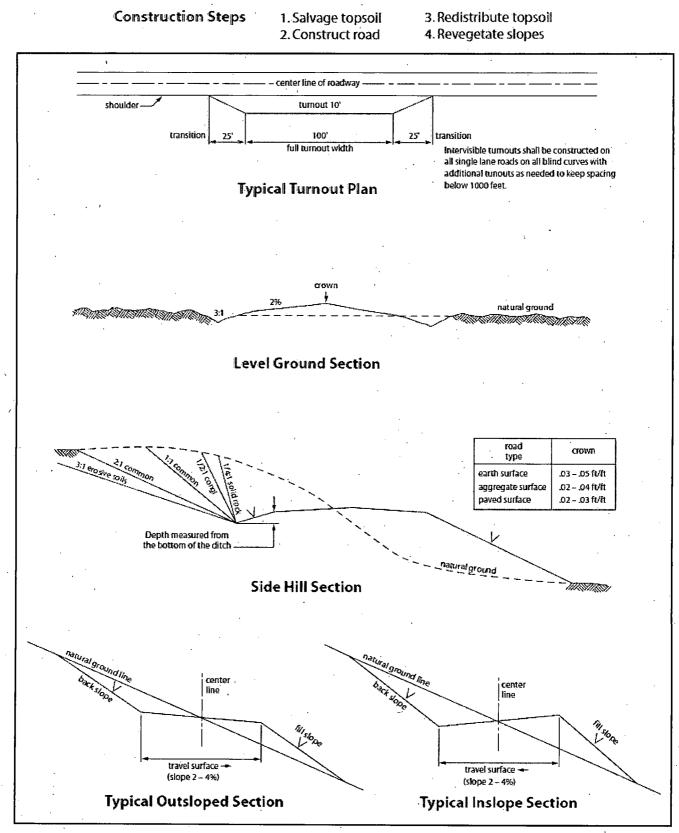
An appropriately sized cattleguard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattleguards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

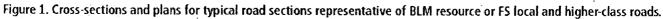
Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

Public Access

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.





6 Berm nn

I. DRILLING

A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

Eddy County

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. A Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) Drilling Plan shall be activated 500 feet prior to drilling into the Yates formation. As a result, the Hydrogen Sulfide area must meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, please provide measured values and formations to the BLM. Operator has stated that they will have monitoring equipment in place prior to drilling out of the surface shoe.
- Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface (horizontal well – vertical portion of hole) shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

B. CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

Wait on cement (WOC) time prior to drilling out for a primary cement job will be a minimum 18 hours for a water basin, 24 hours in the potash area, or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater for all casing strings. DURING THIS WOC TIME, NO DRILL PIPE, ETC. SHALL BE RUN IN THE HOLE. Provide compressive strengths including hours to reach required 500 pounds compressive strength prior to cementing each casing string. IF OPERATOR DOES NOT HAVE THE WELL SPECIFIC CEMENT DETAILS ONSITE PRIOR TO PUMPING THE CEMENT FOR EACH CASING STRING, THE WOC WILL BE 30 HOURS. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Capitan Reef

Possibility of water flows in the Artesia Group, Salado, and Capitan Reef. Possibility of lost circulation in the Artesia Group, Red Beds, Rustler, Captain Reef, and Delaware.

Abnormal pressures may be encountered within the 3rd Bone Spring Sand.

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 700 feet (in a competent bed <u>below the Magenta Dolomite</u>, which is a <u>Member of the Rustler</u>, and if salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
 - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
 - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
 - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
 - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.

Special Capitan Reef requirements:

If any lost circulation occurs below the Base of the Salt, the operator shall do the following:

- Switch to fresh water mud to protect the Capitan Reef and use fresh water mud until setting the intermediate casing. The appropriate BLM office is to be notified for a PET to witness the switch to fresh water.
- Daily drilling reports from the Base of the Salt to the setting of the intermediate casing are to be submitted to the BLM CFO engineering staff via e-mail by 0800 hours each morning. Any lost circulation encountered is to be recorded on these drilling reports. The daily drilling report should show mud volume per shift/tour. Failure to submit these reports will result in an Incidence of Non-Compliance being issued for failure to comply with the Conditions of Approval. If not already planned, the operator shall run a caliper survey for the intermediate well bore and submit to the appropriate BLM office.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing, which shall be set at approximately 4400 feet, is:

Option #1:

Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to Capitan Reef.

Option #2:

Operator has proposed DV tool at depth of 2600', but will adjust cement proportionately if moved. DV tool shall be set a minimum of 50' below previous shoe and a minimum of 200' above current shoe. Operator shall submit sundry if DV tool depth cannot be set in this range. If an ECP is used, it is to be set a minimum of 50' below the shoe to provide cement across the shoe. If it cannot be set below the shoe, a CBL shall be run to verify cement coverage.

a. First stage to DV tool:

- Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve circulation on the next stage.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
- Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry due to Capitan Reef.

Centralizers required on horizontal leg, must be type for horizontal service and a minimum of one every other joint.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

Option #1:

Cement should tie-back at least 50 feet above the Capitan Reef (Top of Capitan Reef estimated at 3669'). Operator shall provide method of verification. Excess calculates to 12% - Additional cement may be required.

Option #2:

Operator has proposed DV tool at depth of 5500', but will adjust cement proportionately if moved. DV tool shall be set a minimum of 50' below previous shoe and a minimum of 200' above current shoe. Operator shall submit sundry if DV tool depth cannot be set in this range.

- a. First stage to DV tool:
- Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve approved top of cement on the next stage.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
- Cement should tie-back at least 50 feet above the Capitan Reef (Top of Capitan Reef estimated at 3669'). Operator shall provide method of verification. Excess calculates to negative 31% Additional cement will be required.
- 4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

C. PRESSURE CONTROL

1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.

- 2. Variance approved to use flex line from BOP to choke manifold. Check condition of flexible line from BOP to choke manifold, replace if exterior is damaged or if line fails test. Line to be as straight as possible with no hard bends and is to be anchored according to Manufacturer's requirements. The flexible hose can be exchanged with a hose of equal size and equal or greater pressure rating. Anchor requirements, specification sheet and hydrostatic pressure test certification matching the hose in service, to be onsite for review. These documents shall be posted in the company man's trailer and on the rig floor. If the BLM inspector questions the straightness of the hose, a BLM engineer will be contacted and will review in the field or via picture supplied by inspector to determine if changes are required (operator shall expect delays if this occurs).
- 3. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be **3000 (3M)** psi.
 - a. For surface casing only: If the BOP/BOPE is to be tested against casing, the wait on cement (WOC) time for that casing is to be met (see WOC statement at start of casing section). Independent service company required.

4. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.

a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).

- a. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J-packer**. The operator also has the option of utilizing an independent tester to test without a plug (i.e. against the casing) pursuant to Onshore Order 2 with the pressure not to exceed 70% of the burst rating for the casing. Any test against the casing must meet the WOC time for water basin (18 hours) or potash (24 hours) or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater, prior to initiating the test (see casing segment as lead cement may be critical item).
- b. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock. If a twelve hour or twenty-four hour chart is used, tester shall make a notation that it is run with a two hour clock.

c. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.

- d. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
- e. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30¹ minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

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II. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

Placement of Production Facilities

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks until the operator removes the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

Containment Structures

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

B. PIPELINES

STANDARD STIPULATIONS FOR SURFACE INSTALLED PIPELINES

A copy of the application (Grant, Sundry Notice, APD) and attachments, including stipulations, survey plat and/or map, will be on location during construction. BLM personnel may request to you a copy of your permit during construction to ensure compliance with all stipulations.

Holder agrees to comply with the following stipulations to the satisfaction of the Authorized Officer:

1. The holder shall indemnify the United States against any liability for damage to life or property arising from the occupancy or use of public lands under this grant.

2. The holder shall comply with all applicable Federal laws and regulations existing or hereafter enacted or promulgated. In any event, the holder shall comply with the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1976 as amended, 15 USC 2601 et seq. (1982) with regards to any toxic substances that are used, generated by or stored on the right-of-way or on facilities authorized under this right-of-way grant. (See 40 CFR, Part 702-799 and especially, provisions on polychlorinated biphenyls, 40 CFR 761.1-761.193.) Additionally, any release of toxic substances (leaks, spills, etc.) in excess of the reportable quantity established by 40 CFR, Part 117 shall be reported as required by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, section 102b. A copy of any report required or requested by any Federal agency or State government as a result of a reportable release or spill of any toxic substances shall be furnished to the authorized officer concurrent with the filing of the reports to the involved Federal agency or State government.

3. The holder agrees to indemnify the United States against any liability arising from the release of any hazardous substance or hazardous waste (as these terms are defined in the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. 9601, <u>et seq</u>. or the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. 6901, <u>et seq</u>.) on the Right-of-Way (unless the release or threatened release is wholly unrelated to activity of the Right-of-Way holder's activity on the Right-of-Way), or resulting from the activity of the Right-of-Way holder on the Right-of-Way. This agreement applies without regard to whether a release is caused by the holder, its agent, or unrelated third parties.

4. The holder shall be liable for damage or injury to the United States to the extent provided by 43 CFR Sec. 2883.1-4. The holder shall be held to a standard of strict liability for damage or injury to the United States resulting from pipe rupture, fire, or spills caused or substantially aggravated by any of the following within the right-of-way or permit area:

- a. Activities of the holder including, but not limited to construction, operation, maintenance, and termination of the facility.
- b. Activities of other parties including, but not limited to:
 - (1) Land clearing.
 - (2) Earth-disturbing and earth-moving work.
 - (3) Blasting.
 - (4) Vandalism and sabotage.
- c. Acts of God.

The maximum limitation for such strict liability damages shall not exceed one million dollars (\$1,000,000) for any one event, and any liability in excess of such amount shall be determined by the ordinary rules of negligence of the jurisdiction in which the damage or injury occurred.

This section shall not impose strict liability for damage or injury resulting primarily from an act of war or from the negligent acts or omissions of the United States.

5. If, during any phase of the construction, operation, maintenance, or termination of the pipeline, any oil, salt water, or other pollutant should be discharged from the pipeline system, impacting Federal lands, the control and total removal, disposal, and cleaning up of such oil, salt water, or other pollutant, wherever found, shall be the responsibility of the holder, regardless of fault. Upon failure of the holder to control, dispose of, or clean up such discharge on or affecting Federal lands, or to repair all damages resulting therefrom, on the Federal lands, the Authorized Officer may take such measures as he deems necessary to control and clean up the discharge and restore the area, including, where appropriate, the aquatic environment and fish and wildlife habitats, at the full expense of the holder. Such action by the Authorized Officer shall not relieve the holder of any responsibility as provided herein.

6. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to the authorized right-of-way width of 20 feet. If the pipeline route follows an existing road or buried pipeline right-of-way, the surface pipeline must be installed no farther than 10 feet from the edge of the road or buried pipeline right-of-way. If existing surface pipelines prevent this distance, the proposed surface pipeline must be installed immediately adjacent to the outer surface pipeline. All construction and maintenance activity will be confined to existing roads or right-of-ways.

7. No blading or clearing of any vegetation will be allowed unless approved in writing by the Authorized Officer.

8. The holder shall install the pipeline on the surface in such a manner that will minimize suspension of the pipeline across low areas in the terrain. In hummocky of duney areas, the pipeline will be "snaked" around hummocks and dunes rather then suspended across these features.

9. The pipeline shall be buried with a minimum of 24 inches under all roads, "two-tracks," and trails. Burial of the pipe will continue for 20 feet on each side of each crossing. The condition of the road, upon completion of construction, shall be returned to at least its former

state with no bumps or dips remaining in the road surface.

10. The holder shall minimize disturbance to existing fences and other improvements on public lands. The holder is required to promptly repair improvements to at least their former state. Functional use of these improvements will be maintained at all times. The holder will contact the owner of any improvements prior to disturbing them. When necessary to pass through a fence line, the fence shall be braced on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting of the fence. No permanent gates will be allowed unless approved by the Authorized Officer.

11. In those areas where erosion control structures are required to stabilize soil conditions, the holder will install such structures as are suitable for the specific soil conditions being encountered and which are in accordance with sound resource management practices.

12. Excluding the pipe, all above-ground structures not subject to safety requirement shall be painted by the holder to blend with the natural color of the landscape. The paint used shall be a color which simulates "Standard Environmental Colors" – **Shale Green**, Munsell Soil Color No. 5Y 4/2; designated by the Rocky Mountain Five State Interagency Committee.

13. The pipeline will be identified by signs at the point of origin and completion of the right-ofway and at all road crossings. At a minimum, signs will state the holder's name, BLM serial number, and the product being transported. Signs will be maintained in a legible condition for the life of the pipeline.

14. The holder shall not use the pipeline route as a road for purposes other than routine maintenance as determined necessary by the Authorized Officer in consultation with the holder. The holder will take whatever steps are necessary to ensure that the pipeline route is not used as a roadway.

15. Any cultural and/or paleontological resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by the holder, or any person working on his behalf, on public or Federal land shall be immediately reported to the authorized officer. Holder shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the authorized officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the authorized officer to determine appropriate cultural or scientific values. The holder will be responsible for the cost of evaluation and any decision as to proper mitigation measures will be made by the authorized officer after consulting with the holder.

16. The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, powerline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

17. Surface pipelines must be less than or equal to 4 inches and a working pressure below 125 psi.

18. Special Stipulations:

a. <u>Lesser Prairie-Chicken:</u> Oil and gas activities will not be allowed in lesser prairiechicken habitat during the period from March 1st through June 15th annually. During that period, other activities that produce noise or involve human activity, such as the maintenance of oil and gas facilities and pipeline, road, and well pad construction, will be allowed except between 3:00 am and 9:00 am. The 3:00 am to 9:00 am restriction will not apply to normal, around-the-clock operations, such as venting, flaring, or pumping, which do not require a human presence during this period. Normal vehicle use on existing roads will not be restricted.

III. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

Ground-level Abandoned Well Marker to avoid raptor perching: Upon the plugging and subsequent abandonment of the well, the well marker will be installed at ground level on a plate containing the pertinent information for the plugged well.

Seed Mixture for LPC Sand/Shinnery Sites

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine (9) months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be either certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop the bottom of the drill and are planted first). The holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur. Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be doubled. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Species	<u>lb/acre</u>
Plains Bristlegrass	5lbs/A
Sand Bluestem	5lbs/A
Little Bluestem	3lbs/A
Big Bluestem	6lbs/A
Plains Coreopsis	2lbs/A
Sand Dropseed	1lbs/A

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed

Seed Mixture for LPC Sand/Shinnery Sites

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lb/acre

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed* per acre:

Plains Bristlegrass5lbs/ASand Bluestem5lbs/ALittle Bluestem3lbs/ABig Bluestem6lbs/APlains Coreopsis2lbs/ASand Dropseed1lbs/A

Species

*Pounds of pure live seed:

Pounds of seed x percent purity x percent germination = pounds pure live seed