	,	NM OIL CONSE	RVATIO	14		
		NM OIL CONST ARTESIA DIS	STRICI	ATS-14	-1038	,
Form 3160-3 (March 2012)		JUL OC	A2015	FOR	M APPROVED No. 1004-0137 October 31, 20	)
DEPART	UNITED STATES MENT OF THE IN U OF LAND MANA	ロトしょ	IVED	5. Lease Serial No NM-480904B	<u>m nm 04</u>	and a second of the second sec
APPLICATION FO	OR PERMIT TO	DRILL OR REENTER	•	6 Af Indian, Allote	e or Trihe N ⁄	ąme.
la. Type of work: I DRILL	REENTE	R	,	7 If Unit or CA Ag ROSS DRAW UN	IT (NMNM	
	Well Other	استا ، استا	ltiple Zone	8. Lease Name and ROSS DRAW UN		
2. Name of Operator RKI EXPLORATION	1			9. API Well No. 30 ~ 0	15-4	13243
3a. Address 210 PARK AVENUE. SUIT OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAH	E 900 i	3b. Phone No. (include area code) (405) 987-2138 JOEL ACO		10. Field and Pool, o ROSS DRAW; DI		EAST
4. Location of Well (Report location clearly At surface 480 FNL & 505 FEL	and in accordance with any	State requirements.*)		11. Sec., T. R. M. or SECTION 22, T. :		-
At proposed prod. zone SAME						
<ol> <li>Distance in miles and direction from nearest</li> <li>15 MILES SOUTHEAST OF MALAGA</li> </ol>				12. County or Parish EDDY	1	13. State NM
<ol> <li>Distance from proposed* 480' location to nearest property or lease line, ft. (Also to nearest drig. unit line, if any)</li> </ol>		<ul><li>16. No. of acres in lease</li><li>640</li></ul>	17. Spaci 40	ng Unit dedicated to thi	s well	
<ol> <li>Distance from proposed location<sup>*</sup> to nearest well, drilling, completed, applied for, on this lease, ft.</li> </ol>	(#40)	19. Proposed Depth TD: 7500'		1/BIA Dond No. on file 1/MB-000460		
21. Elevations (Show whether DF, KDB, RT, 3102' GL	GL, etc.)	22. Approximate date work will A.SAP	start*	23. Estimated durat 15 DAYS	ion	
		24. Attachments		<u>,</u>		
The following, completed in accordance with the	e requirements of Onshore	e Oil and Gas Order No.1, must h	e attached to the	his form:	·	
<ol> <li>Well plat certified by a registered surveyor.</li> <li>A Drilling Plan.</li> </ol>		4. Bond to cove Item 20 abov		ons unless covered by a	an existing bo	nd on file (see
3. A Surface Use Plan (if the location is on 1 SUPO must be filed with the appropriate Fo	National Forest System I rest Service Office).	ands, the 5. Operator cert 6. Such other s BLM.		tormation and/or plans	as may be req	juired by the
25. Signature Title	Aut	Name (Printed/Typed) BARRY W. HUNT			Date 8/15	5/14
PERMIT AGENT FOR RKI EXPLO	RATION & PRODUC	TION, LLC.				
Approved by (Signal St JEANETTE	MARTINEZ	Name (Printed/Typed)			DateJUL	1 6 201
Title <b>FIELD MANAGE</b>		_		DOFFICE		
Application approval does not warrant or certif conduct operations thereon. Conditions of approval, if any, are attached.	y that the applicant holds	legal or equitable title to those r		hject lease which would PROVAL FOF		
Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. S States any false, fictitious or fraudulent stateme	Section 1212, make it a cri ents or representations as to	ime for any person knowingly ar o any matter within its jurisdiction	id willfully to	make to any departmen	t or agency o	f the United
(Continued on page 2) rlsbad Controlled Water Bas		not produce well unt OCD Rule 5.9	il in com	pliance with	ructions AD 1/21/24	on page 2)
Аррг	roval Subject to Ge & Special Stipulat	neral Requirements ions Attached		EE ATTAC		

# **CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that I, or persons under my direct supervision, have inspected the proposed drill site and access road proposed herein; that I am familiar with the conditions that presently exist; that I have full knowledge of State and Federal laws applicable to this operation; that the statements made in this APD package are, to the best of my knowledge, true and correct, and that the work associated with the operations proposed herein will be performed in conformity with this APD package and the terms and conditions under which it is approved. I also certify that I, or RKI Exploration and Production, LLC am responsible for the operations conducted under this application. These statements are subject to the provisions of 18 U. S. C. 1001 for the filing of false statements. Executed this 15th day of August 2014.

am Signed:

Printed Name: Barry Hunt Position: Agent for RKI Exploration & Production, LLC. Address: 1403 Springs Farm Place, Carlsbad, NM 88220 Telephone: (575) 361-4078 E-mail: specialtpermitting@gmail.com DISTRICT1 (625 N. Franch Dr., Holber, NM 88240 Phone: (573) 593-6161 Face (575) 593-0720 DISTRICT II 811 S. Find St., Attesia, NM 88210 Phone: (573) 744-1238 Face (575) 748-9720 DISTRICT III 1000 Rio Branor Rd, Aztec, NM 87410 Phone: (503) 346-178 Face (503) 346-6170 DISTRICT IV 1200 S. B. Franch Tr., Santa Fe, NM 87305 Phone: (503) 3763-460 Face (503) 416-3462

# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

Form C-102 Revised August 1, 2011 Submit one copy to appropriate District Office

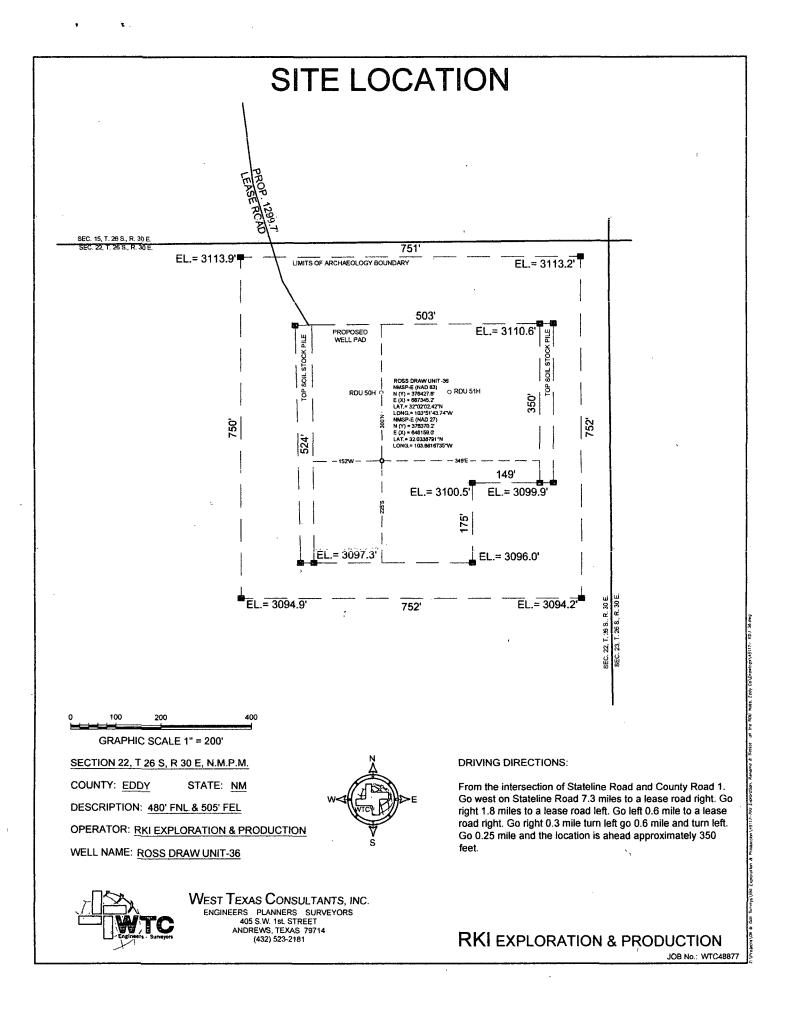
□ AMENDED REPORT

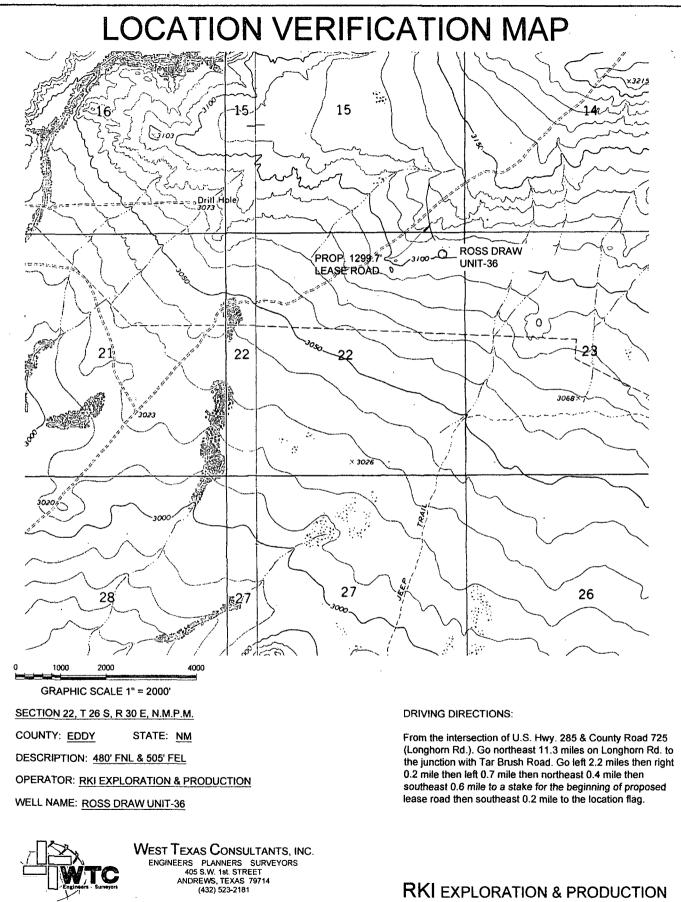
# WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT

30.015-43243				Pool Code 52795		ROSS D	Pool Name RAW; DELAWA	RE EAST	
31243			Property Name ROSS DRAW UNIT					Well Number 36	
OGRID 1 24628	•		Operator Name RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION			Elevation 3102'			
Surface Location									
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
Α	22	26 S 🗸	30 E		480	NORTH	505	EAST	EDDY
			Bott	om Hole I	Location If Diffe	erent From Surfac	e	······	
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from the	North/South line	Feet from the	East/West line	County
Dedicated Acres 4.0	Joint or	Infill	Consolidated Co	de Orde	r No.			I	L

No allowable will be assigned to this completion until all interests have been consolidated or a non-standard unit has been approved by the division.

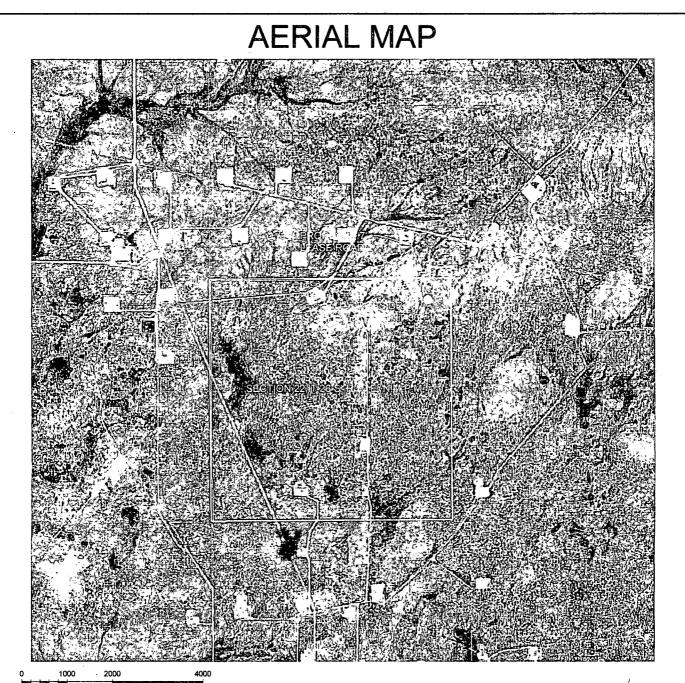
NW COR SEC 22 NMSP-E (NAD 83) N (Y) = 376876.3' E (X) = 682519.0'	NA N	VE COR SEC 22 MSP-E (NAD 83) (Y) = 376910.9' (X) = 687847.0' ROSS DRAW UNIT-36 NMSP-E (NAD 83) N (Y) = 376427.6' E (X) = 687345.2' LAT = 32'02'02.42'N LONG = 103'51'43.74'W NMSP-E (NAD 27) N (Y) = 376370.2' E (X) = 646159.0'	OPERATOR CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organisation wither owns a working interest or unleased mineral interest in the land including the proposed bottom hole location or has a right to drill this well at this location pursuant to a contract with an owner of such a mineral or working interest, or to voluntary pooling order heretofore entered by the division.
		LAT.= 32.0338791*N LONG.= 103.8616735*W	Print Name E-mail Address SURVEYORS CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the well location shown on this plat was plotted from field notes of actual surveys made by me or under my supervision, and that the same is true and correct to the best of my belief. April 01, 2013 Date of Survey
SW COR SEC 22 NMSP-E (NAD 83) N (Y) = 371559.3' E (X) = 682558.1'		SE COR SEC 22 NMSP-E (NAD 83) N (Y) = 371592.8' E (X) = 687883.7'	Job No: WTC48877 JAMES E. TOMPKINS 14729 Certificate Number





.

JOB No .: WTC48877



GRAPHIC SCALE 1" = 2000' <u>SECTION 22, T 26 S, R 30 E, N.M.P.M.</u> COUNTY: <u>EDDY</u> STATE: <u>NM</u> DESCRIPTION: <u>480' FNL & 505' FEL</u> OPERATOR: <u>RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION</u> WELL NAME: <u>ROSS DRAW UNIT-36</u>

> WEST TEXAS CONSULTANTS, INC. ENGINEERS PLANNERS SURVEYORS 405 S.W. 1st. STREET ANDREWS, TEXAS 79714 (432) 523-2181

#### DRIVING DIRECTIONS:

From the intersection of U.S. Hwy. 285 & County Road 725 (Longhorn Rd.). Go northeast 11.3 miles on Longhorn Rd. to the junction with Tar Brush Road. Go left 2.2 miles then right 0.2 mile then left 0.7 mile then northeast 0.4 mile then southeast 0.6 mile to a stake for the beginning of proposed lease road then southeast 0.2 mile to the location flag.

RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION JOB No.: WTC48877

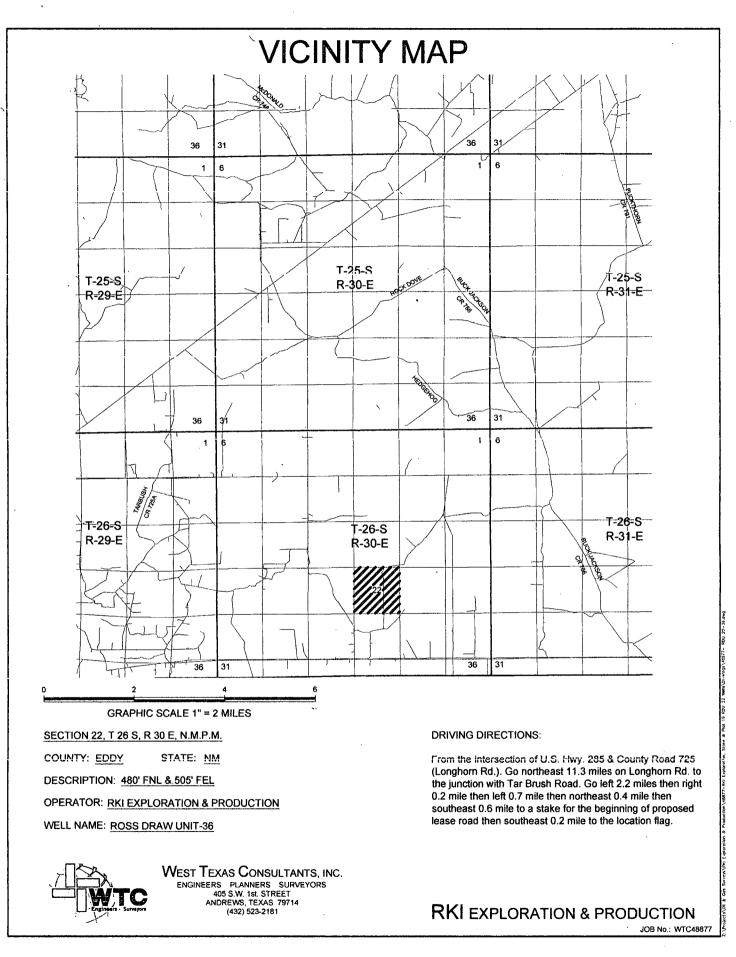


Exhibit A Access 1.6"=1 mile 42 022 

Exhibit B

Ross Draw Unit #36

2.2" = 1 mile

RDX 171

之日間

020

T 026 S

21-21 A 070 R

010 (01, RDX 101 RDX 102 UNIT2SUN 10 FEDERALI 164 RDX 181 RDX 159

09054612 RDX 1513 RDX 1610 ORDX 1611 PIONEER FEDERAL4 RDX 162 RDX 165 RDX 166 RDX 168 RDX 167

EL RASO 14 FEDERAL2 REDERAL BR 13 FEDERA SUN 14 EL PASO 14 FEBERAL2 EL PASO 13 FEDER 014 nê î

AMOCO FEDERAL

036

SUNEX FEDERAL4 EL PASO 14 FEDERAL1

SRC STATE 1 RDX 161 RDX 163 RDX 173 ISRC STATE 1Y PIONEER FEDERAL7 SRC STATE 1; RDX 156 RDX FEDERAL 164RDX 152 SUN FEDERAL RDX 166 SUM EX FEDERAL UNITS SUNEX FEDERAL UNITS EL PASO 13 FEDERAL STATE - 26-ADU 22 FEDERALIH HOSS DRAW UNIT21 RDX 2114 ROSS DRAW 20 FEDERAL COMI

RDX 153

21-19H 40 MCCALLISTER1 39 EL PASO 23 FEDERAL2 RDX 2 ROSS DRAW UNIT20 21-23

021 ROSS DRAW, UNIT 17. KINC 21-31 21-73 **DROSS DRAW UNIT21** 21-32. EL PASO 23 FEDERAL

ROSS DRAW UNIT TO DOSS DRAW UNITZO MCCARVER FEDERALI ROSS DARGUNT IN ROSS DRAW/UNIT22 21-41

28-1.6 45 ×1-14 21-94.44 FEDERAL TP:1 SINCLAIR-FEDERAL 38-13 SINCLAIR-FEDERAL 38-13 28-73 28-74 FOSS DRAW UNIT7 FOSS DRAW UNIT10 FOSS DRAW UNIT17 ROSS DRAW UNIT18 ROSS DRAW FEDERAL TP1

HDU 27 FEDERAL2HROSS DRAW UNIT17 ROSS DRAW UNIT22 ROSS DRAW& GOSS DRAW UNIT22 28 FEDERAL TPT 28 ENFIELD FEDERAL1EN FEDERAL2 ROSS DRAW UNIT4 028 ROSS DRAW UNIT10 027 ROSS DRAW UNIT18 028 ROSS DRAW UNIT10 027 ROSS DRAW UNIT18 ROSS DRAW UNIT21 ROSS DRAW UNIT25ROSS DRAW UNIT25 FEDERAL AZ 1 USA NEW MEXICO A1 ROSS DRAW UNIT6ABBY FEDERAL2 ABBY EEDERAL2 ROSS DRAW UNIT67 ROSS DRAW UNIT21 ROSS DRAW UNIT25 ROSS DRAW UNIT21 ROSS DRAW UNIT23 ROSS DRAW UNIT23 025

ABBY FEDEPALS ABBY FEDERALS 59 ROSS DRAW1 %/ ABBY FEDERAL4 ABY ROSS DRAW, UNIT28

ROSS DRAW FED COM1ROSS DRAW UNIT 2 ROSS BOSSIDRAW UNIT24 ROSSIDRAWUNITE 034 ROSS DRAW UNIT19 033 035 032 ROSS DRAW UNIT31 ROSS DRAW UNIT18

**RKI Exploration & Production, LLC** 

DRILLING PLAN

Well	Ross Draw Unit 36						
Location	480	FNL	505	FEL	Surface		
	480	FNL	505	FEL	Bottom Hole		
	Section 22-26S	-30E		-	,		

County Eddy

#### State New Mexico

1) The elevation of the unprepared ground is 3,102 feet above sea level.

2) The geologic name of the surface formation is Quaternary - Alluvium.

3) A rotary rig will be utilized to drill the well to 7,500 feet and run casing & cement. This equipment will then be rigged down and the well will be completed with a workover rig.

4) Proposed depth is 7,500 feet.

#### 5) Estimated tops:

Rustler	750	
Salado	1,140	
Castile	1,589	
Lamar Lime	3,361	
Base of Lime	3,548	
Delaware Top	3,578 Oil	
Bell Canyon Sand	3,578 Oil	1,549 psi
Cherry Canyon Sand	4,654 Oil	2,015 psi
Brushy Canyon Sand	5,710 Oil	2,472 psi
Bone Spring	7,466 Oil	
TD	7,500	

146 degree F

The Bone Spring will be penetrated as rathole to enable the entire Brushy Canyon to be logged. Water anticipated at 180 feet.

#### 6) Pressure control equipment:



The blowout preventer equipment (BOP) shown in Exhibit #1 will consist of a double ram type (3,000 psi WP) preventer, a bag-type annular preventer (3,000 psi WP), and rotating head. Both units will be hydraulically operated and the ram type preventer will be equiped with blind rams on top and pipe rams (sized to accommodate the drill pipe size being utilized) on bottom. A 13 3/8" SOW x 13 5/8" 3M multi-bowl casing head will be installed on the 13 3/8" casing and utilized until total depth is reached. All BOP and associated equipment will be tested to 3,000 psi and the annular will be tested to 1,500 psi after initial installation. The 13 3/8" and 9 5/8" casing will be tested to .22 psi per ft of casing string length or 1,500 psi whichever is greater, but not to exceed 70% of the minimum yield.

The 9 5/8" casing will be hung in the casing multi-bowl head and the stack will not be nippled down at this point. The stack will not be isolated and tested after running the 9 5/8" casing, but will be tested along with the 9 5/8" casing. Pipe rams will be operated and checked each 24 hour period and each time the drill string is out of the hole. These function test will be documented on the daily driller's log.

A drilling spool or blowout preventer with 2 side outlets (choke side shall be 3" minimum diameter, kill side shall be at least  $2^{\circ}$  diameter).

2 kill line valves, one of which will be a check valve.

2 chokes on the manifold along with a pressure gauge.

Upper kelly cock valve with handle available.

Safety valve and subs to fit all drill string connections in use.

All BOP equipment connections subjected to pressure will be flanged, welded, or clamped.

Fill up line above the upper most preventer.

### 7) Casing program: ALL NEW CASING

							Collapse Design	Burst Design	Tension Design
6.	Hole Size	Тор	Bottom	OD Csg	Wt/Grade	Connection	Factor	Factor	Factor
Jee COA	17 1/2"	0	_900 7 60	13.3/8"	54.5#/J-55	ST&C	2.90	5.89	10.48
0	12 1/4"	0	3,540	9 5/8"	40#/J-55	LT&C	1.32	5.24	3.67
	7 <sup>′</sup> 7/8"	0	7,500	5 1/2"	17#/N-80	LT&C	1.93	1.55	2.73

.....

### 8) Cement program:

1

Surface			17 1/2" hole					
Pipe OD			13 3/8"	x				
Setting Depth	ı		900 ft					
Annular Volur	me		0.69462 cf/ft					
Excess			1			100 %		
						10.5		
Lead		561		1.75 cf/sk		13.5 ppg		
Tail	Lond	200		1.34 cf/sk		14.8 ppg		
			4% PF20 gei + 2% PF1 CC + .] % PF1 CC_ <b>14.8# Yield 1.34 H</b>		opnane + .2% PF4	l6 detoamer 13.5# Yield 1.75 H2O 9.138		
	I dit.	L +1	% PF1 CC. 14.0# Tield 1.34 n	20 0.321	Tau of a	amonte Suctore		
					lop of c	ement: Surface		
Intermediate			12 1/4" hole					
Pipe OD			9 5/8"					
Setting Depth	1		3,540 ft					
Annular Volur	me		0.31318 cf/ft			0.3627 cf/ft		
Excess			0.5			50 %		
Lead		677	ŝv	1.92 cf/sk		12.9 ppg		
Tail		200		1.33 cf/sk		14.8 ppg		
, un	Lead:	200		•	- 3 pps PF42 Kolii	te + .125 pps PF29 Cellophane +		
		1	0.2% PF46 defoamer + 1%	-				
	Tail:		"C" + .2% PF13 retarder 1		•			
					Top of c	ement: Surface		
Production			7 7/8" hole					
Pipe OD			5 1/2"					
Setting Depth	n		7,500 ft					
Annular Volur	me		0.1733 cf/ft		0.26074 cf/ft	300 ft		
Excess			0.4		40 %			
DV Tool Deptl	h		5,500 ft					
Stage 1								
Lead:		328	sx	1.48 cf/sk		13.0 ppg		
	Lead:		PVL + 2% PF174 expanding	g agent + .3% PF1	.67 + .1% PF65 +	.2% PF13 retarder +		
			.25 pps PF46 defoamer 13	3# Yield 1.48 H2C	0 7.571			
			Top of cement:	DV too	)			
Stage 2								
Lead:		230		1.9 cf/sk		12.9 ppg		
Tail:		100		1.48 cf/sk		13.0 ppg		
	Lead:							
		.125 pps PF130 + .25 pps PF46 defoamer 12.9# Yield 1.9 H2O 10.061						
	Tail:	PVL + 2% PF174 expanding agent + .3% PF167 + .1% PF65 + .2% PF13 retarder +						
			.25 pps PF46 defoamer 13	1# Yield 1.48 H20				
			Top of cement:		3,240 ft			

9) Mud program:

Тор	Bottom .	Mud Wt.	Vis	PV	YP	Fluid Loss	Type System
0	900 766	8.5 to 8.9	32 to 36	6-12	2-8	NC	Fresh Water
900	3,540	9.8 to 10.0	28 to 30	1-6	1-6	NC	Brine
3,540	7,500	8.9 to 9.1	28 to 36	1-6	1-6	NC	Fresh Water

The necessary mud products for weight addition and fluid loss control will be on location at all times. Electronic pit monitoring equipment will be utilized with a Pason system. Electronic mud monitoring and mud logging will be utilized below the 9 5/8" casing.

10) Logging, coring, and testing program:

No drill stem test are planned Total depth to intermediate: CNL, Caliper, GR, DLL, Intermediate to surface: CNL, GR No coring is planned

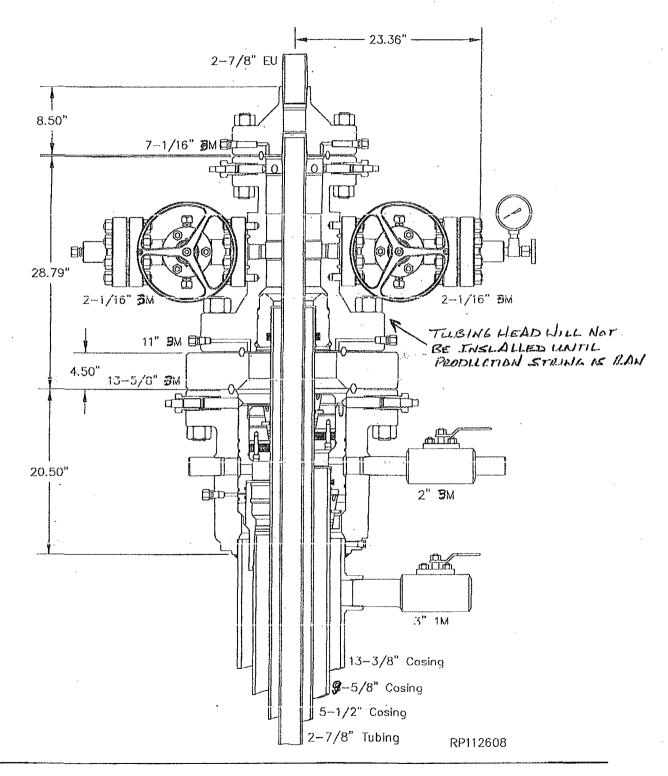
11) Potential hazards:

No abnormal pressure or temperature is expected. No H2S is known to exist in the area, although some form of H2S detection equipment will be utilized. If H2S is encountered the operator will comply with the provisions of Onshore Order No. 6. Lost circulation is not anticipated, but lost circulation material and weighting materials will be on location and readily available.

12) Anticipated start date	ASAP
Duration	15 days

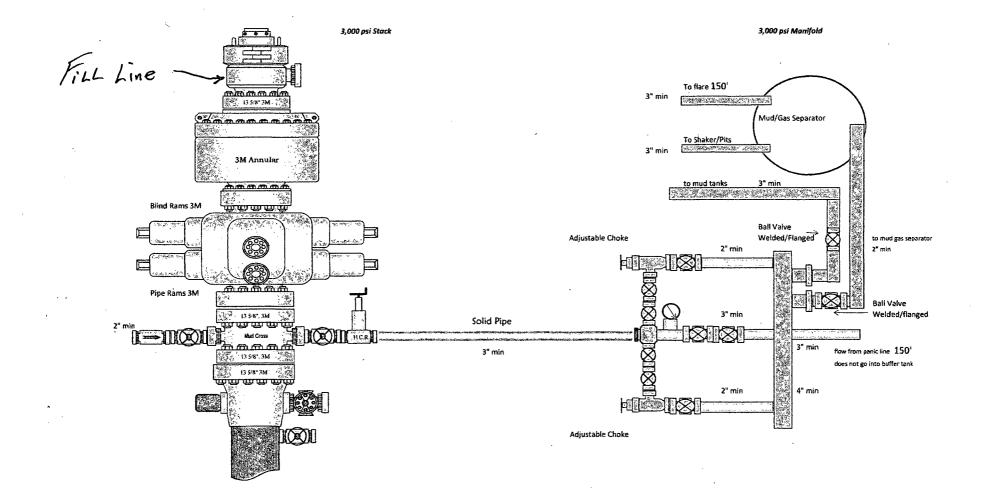
GE Dilt Gas multi-bowl wellhead

# System Drawing



GE Imagination At Work

RKI Exploration & Production 13-3/8" x 8-5/8" x 5-1/2" x 2-7/8" 5M LSH Wellhead Assembly With T-EBS Tubing Head RP-1998 Page 1 GE ©2011 - All Rights Reserved



RKI Exploration and Production 3817 N. W. Expressway, Suite 950 Oklahoma City, OK. 73112

#### **Closed Loop System**

#### Design Plan

#### Equipment List

2-414 Swaco Centrifuges

- 2-4 soreen Mongoose shale shakers
- 2-250 bbl. tanks to hold fluid
- 2 CRI Bins with track system
- 2-500 bbl. frac tanks for fresh water
- 2 500 bbl. frac tanks for brine water

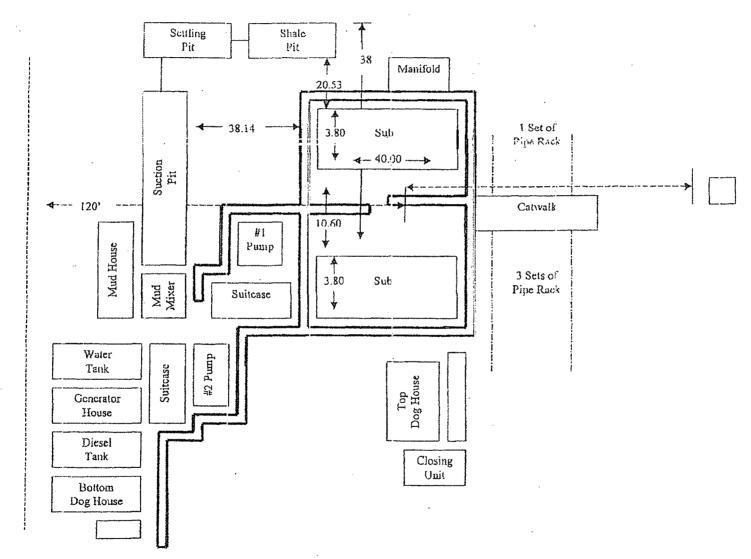
#### **Operation and Maintenance**

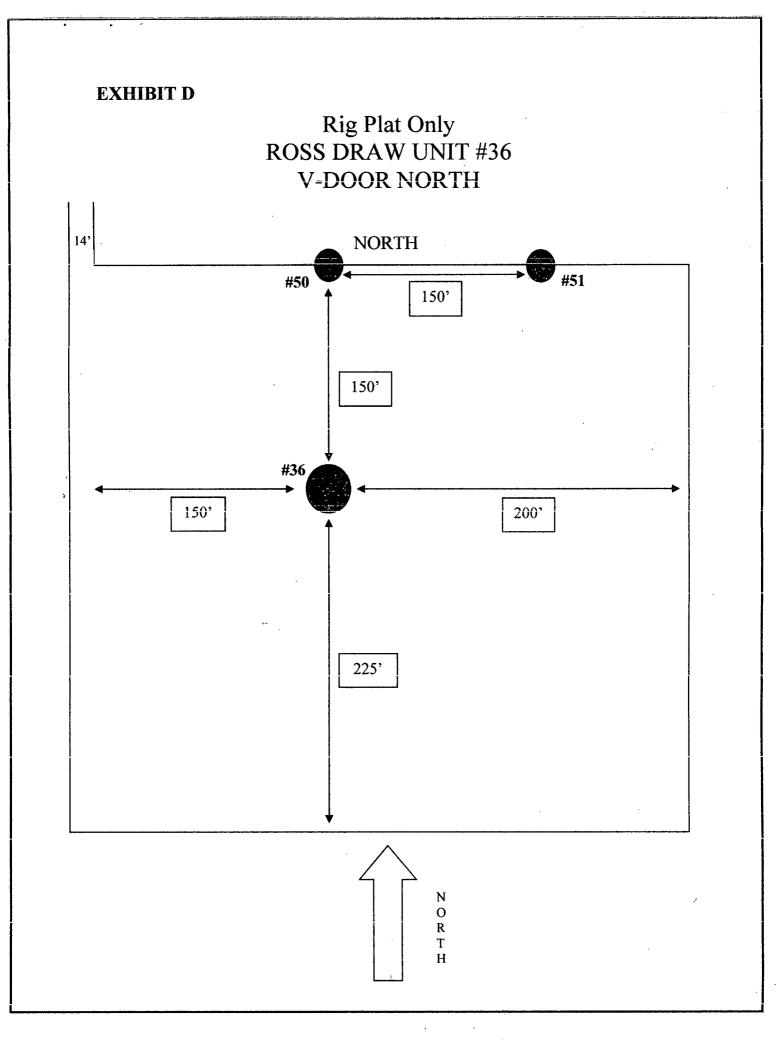
- Closed Loop equipment will be inspected daily by each tour and any necessary maintenance performed
- Any leak in system will be repaired and/or contained immediately
- OCD notified within 48 hours
- Remediation process started

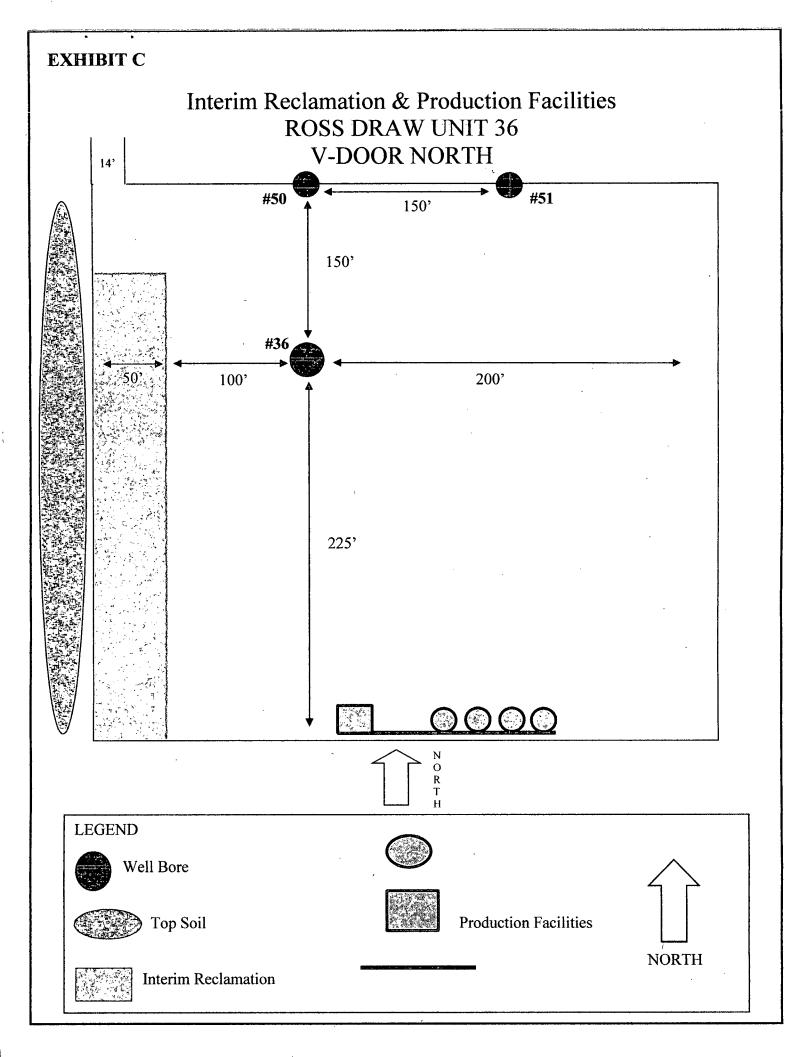
#### Closure Plan

During drilling operations, all liquids, drilling fluids and cuttings will be hauled off via CRI (Controlled Recovery Incorporated). Permit #: R-9166.

Plat for Closed Loop System







# SURFACE USE PLAN RKI Exploration & Production, LLC ROSS DRAW UNIT 36 480' FNL & 505' FEL Section 22, T. 26 S., R. 30 E Eddy County, New Mexico

NM OIL CONSERVATION ARTESIA DISTRICT JUL 21 2015 RECEIVED

This plan is submitted with form 3160-3, Application for Permit to Drill, covering the above described well. The purpose of this plan is to describe the location of the proposed well, the proposed construction activities and operations plan, the magnitude of the surface disturbance involved and the procedures to be followed in rehabilitating the surface after completion of the operations, so that a complete appraisal can be made of the

1. EXISTING ROADS:

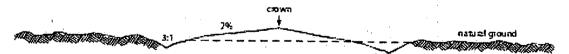
environmental effect associated with the operations.

A. DIRECTIONS: Go south of Carlsbad, NM, on Highway 285, for 25 miles. Turn east onto the Longhorn road for 3.7 miles. Continue south on County Road 725 for 5.4 miles. Turn east on lease road for 2.2 miles. Turn south 1/4 mile, then east 1.9 miles to RDX Federal 15-2. New road will begin off east side of location to the south. All existing roads are either paved or a caliche lease road.

- B. See attached plats and maps provided by WTC Surveys.
- C. The access routes from Eddy County Road 725 to the well location is depicted on **Exhibit A.** The route highlighted in red has been authorized under a ROW permit.
- D. Existing roads on the access route will be improved and maintained to the standard set forth in Section 2 of this Surface Use Plan of Operations.
- E. A right-of-way (ROW) was obtained in September of 2010 to access this well and other leases within the RDX and RDU field.

#### 2. NEW OR RECONSTRUCTED ACCESS ROADS:

- A. There will be 1299.7 ft. of new access road required for this well. The new road will begin at the northwest corner, north, to the existing lease road near the RDX Fed 15-2.
- B. The maximum width of the driving surface will be 14 feet. The road will be crowned and ditched with a 2% slope from the tip of the crown to the edge of the driving surface. The ditches will be 1 foot deep with 3:1 slopes. The driving surface will be made of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.



## **Level Ground Section**

- C. Surface material will be native caliche. The average grade of the entire road will be approximately 3%.
- D. Fence Cuts: No
- E. Cattle guards: No
- F. Turnouts: No
- G. Culverts: No

- H. Cuts and Fills: Not significant
- I. Approximately 6 inches of topsoil (root zone) will be stripped from the proposed access road prior to any further construction activity. The topsoil that was stripped will be spread along the edge of the road and within the ditch. The topsoil will be seeded with the proper seed mix designated by the BLM.
- J. The access road will be constructed and maintained as necessary to prevent soil erosion and accommodate all-weather traffic. The road will be crowned and ditched with water turnouts installed as necessary to provide for proper drainage along the access road route.
- K. The access road and associated drainage structures will be constructed and maintained in accordance with road guidelines contained in the joint BLM/USFS publication: <u>Surface Operating Standards for Oil and Gas Exploration and Development, The Gold Book,</u> <u>Fourth Edition and/or BLM Manual Section 9113 concerning road construction standards on</u> projects subject to federal jurisdiction.
- 3. LOCATION OF EXISTING WELLS:

See attached map (Exhibit B) showing all wells within a one-mile radius.

- 4. LOCATION OF EXISTING AND/OR PROPOSED FACILITIES:
  - A. In the event the well is found productive, a production facility (tank battery) will be installed on the south portion of the pad (EXHIBIT C). Lateral C gas/SWD lines run to this pad so no new pipelines will be needed.
  - B. All permanent (on site six months or longer) aboveground structures constructed or installed on location and not subject to safety requirements will be painted to BLM specifications.
  - C. Containment berms will be constructed completely around production facilities designed to hold fluids. The containment berns will be constructed or compacted subsoil, be sufficiently impervious, hold 1 ½ times the capacity of the largest tank and away from cut or fill areas.
- 5. LOCATION AND TYPE OF WATER SUPPLY:

The well will be drilled using a combination of water mud systems as outlined in the Drilling Program. The water will be obtained from commercial water stations in the area and hauled to the location by transport truck using the existing and proposed roads shown in the attached survey plats. If a commercial water well is nearby, a temporary, surface poly line, will be laid along existing roads or other ROW easements and the water pumped to the well. No water well will be drilled on the location.

6. SOURCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS:

Any construction material that may be required for surfacing of the drill pad and access road will be from a contractor having a permitted source of materials within the general area. All roads will be constructed of 6" rolled and compacted caliche.

## 7. METHODS OF HANDLING WASTE DISPOSAL: /

- A. The well will be drilled utilizing a closed loop mud system. Drill cuttings will be held in roll-off style mud boxes and taken to an NMOCD approved disposal site.
- B. Drilling fluids will be contained in steel mud pits.
- C. Water produced from the well during completion will be held temporarily in steel tanks and then taken to an NMOCD approved commercial disposal facility.

- D. Oil produced during operations will be stored in tanks until sold.
- E. Portable, self-contained chemical toilets will be provided for human waste disposal. Upon completion of operations, or as required, the toilet holding tanks will be pumped and the contents thereof disposed of in an approved sewage disposal facility. All state and local laws and regulations pertaining to disposal of human and solid waste will be complied with. This equipment will be properly maintained during the drilling and completion operations and will be removed when all operations are complete.
- F. All trash, junk, and other waste materials will be contained in trash cages or bins to prevent scattering and will be removed and deposited in an approved sanitary landfill. Immediately after drilling all debris and other waste materials on and around the well location, not contained in the trash cage will be cleaned up and removed from the location. No potentially adverse materials or substances will be left on the location.

## 8. ANCILLARY FACILITIES:

No campsite, airstrip, or other facilities will be built as a result of the operation of this well. No staging areas are needed.

# 9. WELL SITE LAYOUT:

- A. Exhibit D shows the dimensions of the proposed well pad.
- B. The proposed well pad size will be a 350' x 375' (See Exhibit D). There will be 3 wells on one pad. The RDU #50 (150' north) and the RDU #51 (150' east of the 50) for a total of a 525' x 500'. There will be no reserve pit due to the well being drilled utilizing a closed loop mud system. The closed loop system will meet the NMOCD requirements 19.15.17.
- C. The Exhibit D, shows how the all the wells will be turned to a V-Door North.
- D. A 600' x 600' area has been staked and flagged.
- E. All equipment and vehicles will be confined to the approved disturbed areas of this APD (i.e., access road, well pad, and topsoil storage areas)

# 10. PLANS FOR SURFACE RECLAMATION:

- A. After concluding the drilling and/or completion operations, if the well is found non-commercial, all the equipment will be removed, the surface material, caliche, will be removed from the well pad and road and transported to the original caliche pit or used for other roads. The original stock piled top soil will be returned to the pad and contoured, as close as possible, to the original topography. The access road will have the caliche removed and the road ripped, barricaded and seeded as directed by the BLM.
- B. If the well is a producer, the portions of the location not essential to production facilities or space required for workover operations, will be reclaimed and seeded as per BLM requirements.
   (SEE EXHIBIT C FOR INTERIM RECLAMATION PLAT FOR THIS WELL)
- C. <u>Reclamation Performance Standards</u> The following reclamation performance standards will be met:

*Interim Reclamation* – Includes disturbed areas that may be redisturbed during operations and <u>will be</u> redisturbed at final reclamation to achieve restoration of the original landform and a natural vegetative community.

• Disturbed areas not needed for active, long-term production operations or vehicle travel will be recontoured, protected from erosion, and revegetated with a self-sustaining, vigorous, diverse, native (or as otherwise approved) plant community sufficient to minimize visual impacts, provide forage, stabilize soils, and impede the invasion of noxious, invasive, and non-native weeds.

*Final Reclamation* – Includes disturbed areas where the original landform and a natural vegetative community will be restored and it is anticipated the site will not be redisturbed for future development.

- The original landform will be restored for all disturbed areas including well pads, production facilities, roads, pipelines, and utility corridors.
- A self-sustaining, vigorous, diverse, native (or otherwise approved) plant community will be established on the site, with a density sufficient to control erosion and invasion by non-native plants and to re-establish wildlife habitat or forage production. At a minimum, the established plant community will consist of species included in the seed mix and/or desirable species occurring in the surrounding natural vegetation.
- Erosion features are equal to or less than surrounding area and erosion control is sufficient so that water naturally infiltrates into the soil and gullying, headcutting, slumping, and deep or excessive rills (greater than 3 inches) are not observed.
- The site will be free of State- or county-listed noxious weeds, oil field debris and equipment, and contaminated soil. Invasive and non-native weeds are controlled.

# D. Reclamation Actions

Earthwork for interim and final reclamation will be completed within 6 months of well completion or plugging unless a delay is approved in writing by the BLM authorized officer.

The following minimum reclamation actions will be taken to ensure that the reclamation objectives and standards are met. It may be necessary to take additional reclamation actions beyond the minimum in order to achieve the Reclamation Standards.

## Reclamation -- General

Notification:

• The BLM will be notified at least 3 days prior to commencement of any reclamation operations.

Housekeeping:

- Within 30 days of well completion, the well location and surrounding areas(s) will be cleared of, and maintained free of, all debris, materials, trash, and equipment not required for production.
- No hazardous substances, trash, or litter will be buried or placed in pits.

**Topsoil Management:** 

- Operations will disturb the minimum amount of surface area necessary to conduct safe and efficient operations.
- Topsoil depth is defined as the top layer of soil that contains 80% of the roots. In areas to be heavily disturbed, the topsoil will be stripped and stockpiled around the perimeter of the well location and along the perimeter of the access

road to control run-on and run-off, to keep topsoil viable, and to make redistribution of topsoil more efficient during interim reclamation. Stockpiled topsoil will include vegetative material. Topsoil will be clearly segregated and stored separately from subsoils.

- Salvaging and spreading topsoil will not be performed when the ground or topsoil is frozen or too wet to adequately support construction equipment or so dry that dust clouds greater than 30 feet tall are created. If such equipment creates ruts in excess of four (4) inches deep, the soil will be deemed too wet.
- No major depressions will be left that would trap water and cause ponding unless the intended purpose is to trap runoff and sediment.

# Seeding:

- <u>Seedbed Preparation</u>. Initial seedbed preparation will consist of recontouring to the appropriate interim or final reclamation standard. All compacted areas to be seeded will be ripped to a minimum depth of 18 inches with a minimum furrow spacing of 2 feet, followed by recontouring the surface and then evenly spreading the stockpiled topsoil. Prior to seeding, the seedbed will be scarified to a depth of no less than 4 6 inches. If the site is to be broadcast seeded, the surface will be left rough enough to trap seed and snow, control erosion, and increase water infiltration.
- If broadcast seeding is to be used and is delayed, final seedbed preparation will consist of contour cultivating to a depth of 4 to 6 inches within 24 hours prior to seeding, dozer tracking, or other imprinting in order to break the soil crust and create seed germination micro-sites.
- <u>Seed Application</u>. Seeding will be conducted no more than two weeks following completion of final seedbed preparation. A certified weed-free seed mix designed by the BLM to meet reclamation standards will be used.
- If the site is harrowed or dragged, seed will be covered by no more than 0.25 inch of soil.

# 11. SURFACE OWNERSHIP:

A. The surface is owned by the U. S. Government and is administered by the Bureau of Land Management. The surface is multiple use with the primary uses of the region for the grazing of livestock and the production of oil and gas.

## 12. OTHER INFORMATION:

- A. The area surrounding the well site is in a gentle sloped, shallow sandy loam, rolling hills type area. The vegetation consists of Mesquite, Creosote, White-Thorn Acacia with three-awns and some dropseed species.
- B. There is no permanent or live water in the immediate area.
- C. There are no dwellings within 2 miles of this location.
- D. RKI is a participant with the Permian Basin MOA and a check for \$1552 is attached with this application.

# 13. BOND COVERAGE:

Bond Coverage is Nationwide; Bond Number NMB-000460.

### **OPERATORS REPRESENTATIVE:**

The RKI Exploration and Production, LLC representatives responsible for ensuring compliance of the surface use plan are listed below:

1

Surface: Barry W. Hunt – Permitting Agent 1403 Springs Farm Place Carlsbad, NM 88220 (575) 885-1417 (Home) (575) 361-4078 (Cell)

Ļ

Drilling & Production: Ken Fairchild – RKI Exploration and Production, LLC. 210 Park Avenue, Suite 900 Oklahoma City, Ok.73102 (405) 996-5764 (Office) (469) 693-6051 (Cell)

ON-SITE PERFORMED ON 1/31/13 RESULTED IN PROPOSED LOCATION BEING MOVED 150 FT. SOUTH AND 380 FT. EAST, DUE TO AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE. IT WAS AGREED TO TURN THE LOCATION TO A V-DOOR NORTH, PLACE THE TOP SOIL TO THE WEST. IT WAS FURTHER AGREED TO RECLAIM THE WEST PORTION OF THE PAD AND PLACE THE BATTERY TO THE SOUTH.

PRESENT AT ON-SITE: BARRY HUNT – PERMITTING AGENT FOR RKI EXPLORATION & PRODUCTION AMANDA LYNCH – BLM BECKIE HILL - BOONE ARCHAEOLOGICAL SERVICES WTC SURVEYORS

NM OIL CONSERVATION ARTESIA DISTRICT

JUL 2 1 2015

# **PECOS DISTRICT CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL**

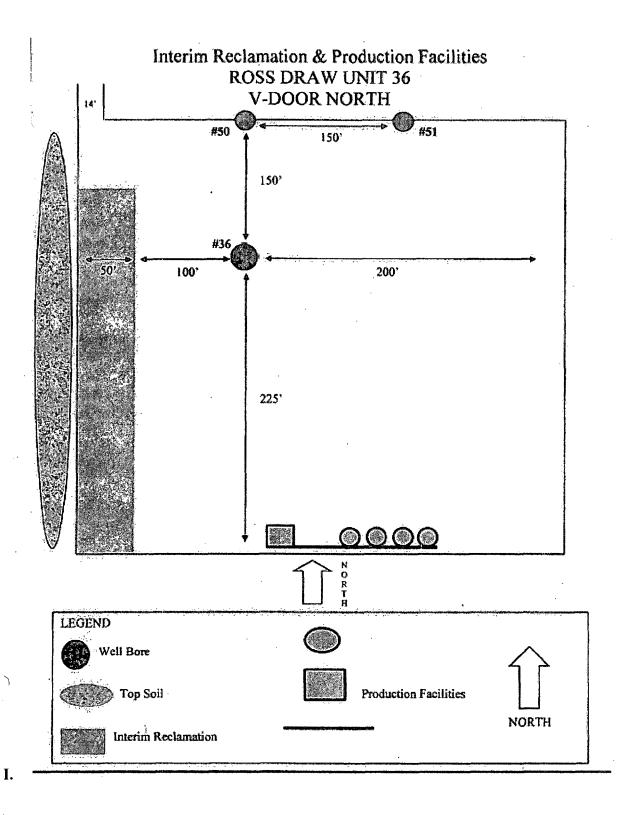
RECEIVED

	OPERATOR'S NAME:	
	LEASE NO.:	NM0480904B
-	WELL NAME & NO.:	Ross Draw Unit 36
	SURFACE HOLE FOOTAGE:	480'/N & 505'/E
	BOTTOM HOLE FOOTAGE	480'/N & 505'/E
	LOCATION:	Section 22, T. 26 S., R. 30 E., NMPM
	COUNTY:	Eddy County, New Mexico

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Standard Conditions of Approval (COA) apply to this APD. If any deviations to these standards exist or special COAs are required, the section with the deviation or requirement will be checked below.

General Provisions						
Permit Expiration						
Archaeology, Paleontology, and Historical Sites						
Noxious Weeds						
Special Requirements Phantom Bank Heronries						
Construction						
Notification						
Topsoil						
Closed Loop System						
Federal Mineral Material Pits						
Well Pads						
Roads						
Road Section Diagram						
🔀 Drilling						
Cement Requirements						
Medium Cave/Karst						
Logging Requirements						
Waste Material and Fluids						
Production (Post Drilling)						
Well Structures & Facilities						
🔀 Interim Reclamation						
Final Abandonment & Reclamation						
ř.						



Page 2 of 15

# **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

The approval of the Application For Permit To Drill (APD) is in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations: 43 Code of Federal Regulations 3160, the lease terms, Onshore Oil and Gas Orders, Notices To Lessees, New Mexico Oil Conservation Division (NMOCD) Rules, National Historical Preservation Act As Amended, and instructions and orders of the Authorized Officer. Any request for a variance shall be submitted to the Authorized Officer on Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Report on Wells.

# **II. PERMIT EXPIRATION**

If the permit terminates prior to drilling and drilling cannot be commenced within 60 days after expiration, an operator is required to submit Form 3160-5, Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, requesting surface reclamation requirements for any surface disturbance. However, if the operator will be able to initiate drilling within 60 days after the expiration of the permit, the operator must have set the conductor pipe in order to allow for an extension of 60 days beyond the expiration date of the APD. (Filing of a Sundry Notice is required for this 60 day extension.)

# III. ARCHAEOLOGICAL, PALEONTOLOGY & HISTORICAL SITES

Any cultural and/or paleontological resource discovered by the operator or by any person working on the operator's behalf shall immediately report such findings to the Authorized Officer. The operator is fully accountable for the actions of their contractors and subcontractors. The operator shall suspend all operations in the immediate area of such discovery until written authorization to proceed is issued by the Authorized Officer. An evaluation of the discovery shall be made by the Authorized Officer to determine the appropriate actions that shall be required to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values of the discovery. The operator shall be held responsible for the cost of the proper mitigation measures that the Authorized Officer assesses after consultation with the operator on the evaluation and decisions of the discovery. Any unauthorized collection or disturbance of cultural or paleontological resources may result in a shutdown order by the Authorized Officer.

# IV. NOXIOUS WEEDS

The operator shall be held responsible if noxious weeds become established within the areas of operations. Weed control shall be required on the disturbed land where noxious weeds exist, which includes the roads, pads, associated pipeline corridor, and adjacent land affected by the establishment of weeds due to this action. The operator shall consult with the Authorized Officer for acceptable weed control methods, which include following EPA and BLM requirements and policies.

# V. SPECIAL REQUIREMENT(S)

#### **Phantom Bank Heronries**

Surface disturbance will not be allowed within up to 200 meters of active heronries or by delaying activity for up to 120 days, or a combination of both.

Exhaust noise from pump jack engines must be muffled or otherwise controlled so as not to exceed 75 db measured at 30 ft. from the source of the noise.

# VI. CONSTRUCTION

# A. NOTIFICATION

The BLM shall administer compliance and monitor construction of the access road and well pad. Notify the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5909 at least 3 working days prior to commencing construction of the access road and/or well pad.

When construction operations are being conducted on this well, the operator shall have the approved APD and Conditions of Approval (COA) on the well site and they shall be made available upon request by the Authorized Officer.

#### B. TOPSOIL

The operator shall strip the top portion of the soil (root zone) from the entire well pad area and stockpile the topsoil along the edge of the well pad as depicted in the APD. The root zone is typically six (6) inches in depth. All the stockpiled topsoil will be redistributed over the interim reclamation areas. Topsoil shall not be used for berming the pad or facilities. For final reclamation, the topsoil shall be spread over the entire pad area for seeding preparation.

Other subsoil (below six inches) stockpiles must be completely segregated from the topsoil stockpile. Large rocks or subsoil clods (not evident in the surrounding terrain) must be buried within the approved area for interim and final reclamation.

## C. CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM

Tanks are required for drilling operations: No Pits.

The operator shall properly dispose of drilling contents at an authorized disposal site.

# D. FEDERAL MINERAL MATERIALS PIT

Payment shall be made to the BLM prior to removal of any federal mineral materials. Call the Carlsbad Field Office at (575) 234-5972.

# E. WELL PAD SURFACING

Surfacing of the well pad is not required.

If the operator elects to surface the well pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation. The well pad shall be constructed in a manner which creates the smallest possible surface disturbance, consistent with safety and operational needs.

# F. EXCLOSURE FENCING (CELLARS & PITS)

#### **Exclosure Fencing**

The operator will install and maintain exclosure fencing for all open well cellars to prevent access to public, livestock, and large forms of wildlife before and after drilling operations until the pit is free of fluids and the operator initiates backfilling. (For examples of exclosure fencing design, refer to BLM's Oil and Gas Gold Book, Exclosure Fence Illustrations, Figure 1, Page 18.)

# G. ON LEASE ACCESS ROADS

#### Road Width

The access road shall have a driving surface that creates the smallest possible surface disturbance and does not exceed fourteen (14) feet in width. The maximum width of surface disturbance, when constructing the access road, shall not exceed twenty-five (25) feet.

#### Surfacing

Surfacing material is not required on the new access road driving surface. If the operator elects to surface the new access road or pad, the surfacing material may be required to be removed at the time of reclamation.

Where possible, no improvements should be made on the unsurfaced access road other than to remove vegetation as necessary, road irregularities, safety issues, or to fill low areas that may sustain standing water.

The Authorized Officer reserves the right to require surfacing of any portion of the access road at any time deemed necessary. Surfacing may be required in the event the road deteriorates, erodes, road traffic increases, or it is determined to be beneficial for future field development. The surfacing depth and type of material will be determined at the time of notification.

#### Crowning

Crowning shall be done on the access road driving surface. The road crown shall have a grade of approximately 2% (i.e., a 1" crown on a 14' wide road). The road shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

#### Ditching

Ditching shall be required on both sides of the road.

#### Turnouts

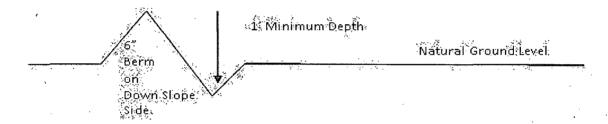
Vehicle turnouts shall be constructed on the road. Turnouts shall be intervisible with interval spacing distance less than 1000 feet. Turnouts shall conform to Figure 1; cross section and plans for typical road construction.

### Drainage

Drainage control systems shall be constructed on the entire length of road (e.g. ditches, sidehill outsloping and insloping, lead-off ditches, culvert installation, and low water crossings).

A typical lead-off ditch has a minimum depth of 1 foot below and a berm of 6 inches above natural ground level. The berm shall be on the down-slope side of the lead-off ditch.

### **Cross Section of a Typical Lead-off Ditch**



All lead-off ditches shall be graded to drain water with a 1 percent minimum to 3 percent maximum ditch slope. The spacing interval are variable for lead-off ditches and shall be determined according to the formula for spacing intervals of lead-off ditches, but may be amended depending upon existing soil types and centerline road slope (in %);

#### Formula for Spacing Interval of Lead-off Ditches

Example - On a 4% road slope that is 400 feet long, the water flow shall drain water into a lead-off ditch. Spacing interval shall be determined by the following formula:

400 foot road with 4% road slope:  $\underline{400'}_{4\%}$  + 100' = 200' lead-off ditch interval

#### Cattleguards

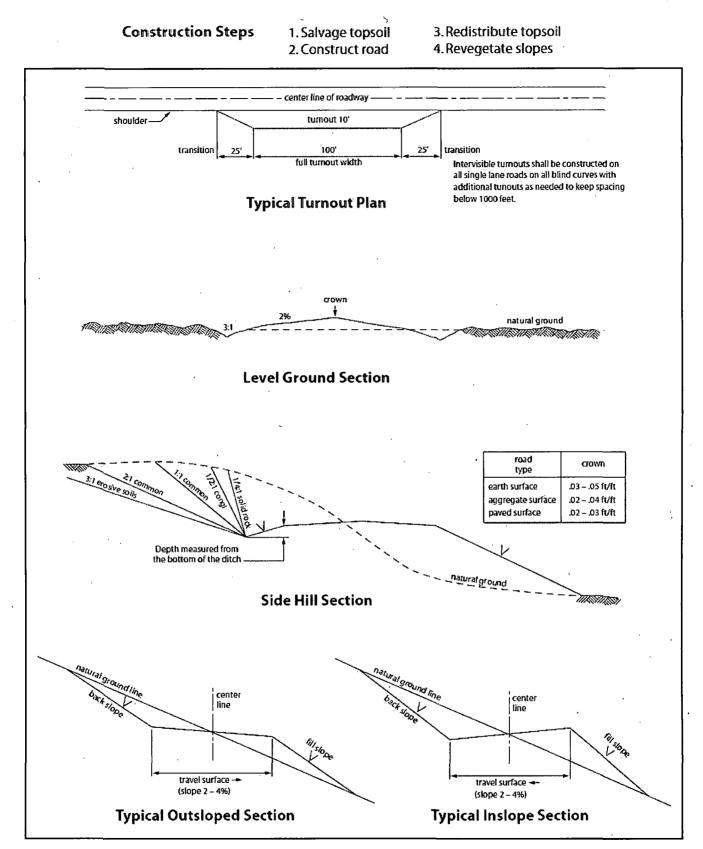
An appropriately sized cattleguard sufficient to carry out the project shall be installed and maintained at fence/road crossings. Any existing cattleguards on the access road route shall be repaired or replaced if they are damaged or have deteriorated beyond practical use. The operator shall be responsible for the condition of the existing cattleguards that are in place and are utilized during lease operations.

### Fence Requirement

Where entry is granted across a fence line, the fence shall be braced and tied off on both sides of the passageway prior to cutting. The operator shall notify the private surface landowner or the grazing allotment holder prior to crossing any fences.

#### **Public Access**

Public access on this road shall not be restricted by the operator without specific written approval granted by the Authorized Officer.





# VII. DRILLING

#### A. DRILLING OPERATIONS REQUIREMENTS

The BLM is to be notified in advance for a representative to witness:

- a. Spudding well (minimum of 24 hours)
- b. Setting and/or Cementing of all casing strings (minimum of 4 hours)
- c. BOPE tests (minimum of 4 hours)

#### **Eddy County**

Call the Carlsbad Field Office, 620 East Greene St., Carlsbad, NM 88220, (575) 361-2822

- 1. Hydrogen Sulfide (H2S) monitors shall be installed prior to drilling out the surface shoe. If H2S is detected in concentrations greater than 100 ppm, the Hydrogen Sulfide area shall meet Onshore Order 6 requirements, which includes equipment and personnel/public protection items. If Hydrogen Sulfide is encountered, provide measured values and formations to the BLM.
- 2. Unless the production casing has been run and cemented or the well has been properly plugged, the drilling rig shall not be removed from over the hole without prior approval. If the drilling rig is removed without approval an Incident of Non-Compliance will be written and will be a "Major" violation.
- 3. Floor controls are required for 3M or Greater systems. These controls will be on the rig floor, unobstructed, readily accessible to the driller and will be operational at all times during drilling and/or completion activities. Rig floor is defined as the area immediately around the rotary table; the area immediately above the substructure on which the draw works is located, this does not include the dog house or stairway area.
- 4. The record of the drilling rate along with the GR/N well log run from TD to surface shall be submitted to the BLM office as well as all other logs run on the borehole 30 days from completion. If available, a digital copy of the logs is to be submitted in addition to the paper copies. The Rustler top and top and bottom of Salt are to be recorded on the Completion Report.

#### **B.** CASING

Changes to the approved APD casing program need prior approval if the items substituted are of lesser grade or different casing size. The Operator can exchange the components of the proposal with that of superior strength (i.e. changing from J-55 to N-80, or from 36# to 40#). Changes to the approved cement program need prior approval if the altered cement plan has less volume or strength or if the changes are substantial (i.e. Multistage tool, ECP, etc.).

Centralizers required on surface casing per Onshore Order 2.III.B.1.f.

## Wait on cement (WOC) for Water Basin:

After cementing but before commencing any tests, the casing string shall stand cemented under pressure until both of the following conditions have been met: 1) cement reaches a minimum compressive strength of 500 psi at the shoe, 2) until cement has been in place at least <u>8 hours</u>. WOC time will be recorded in the driller's log. See individual casing strings for details regarding lead cement slurry requirements.

No pea gravel permitted for remedial or fall back remedial without prior authorization from the BLM engineer.

Possibility of water flows in the Salado and Delaware. Possibility of lost circulation in the Rustler and Delaware. Medium Cave/Karst

- 1. The 13-3/8 inch surface casing shall be set at approximately 700 feet (in a competent bed <u>below the Magenta Dolomite</u>, which is a <u>Member of the Rustler</u>, and if salt is encountered, set casing at least 25 feet above the salt) and cemented to the surface.
  - a. If cement does not circulate to the surface, the appropriate BLM office shall be notified and a temperature survey utilizing an electronic type temperature survey with surface log readout will be used or a cement bond log shall be run to verify the top of the cement. Temperature survey will be run a minimum of six hours after pumping cement and ideally between 8-10 hours after completing the cement job.
  - b. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a primary cement job is to include the lead cement slurry.
  - c. Wait on cement (WOC) time for a remedial job will be a minimum of 4 hours after bringing cement to surface or 500 pounds compressive strength, whichever is greater.
  - d. If cement falls back, remedial cementing will be done prior to drilling out that string.
- 2. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 9-5/8 inch intermediate casing, which shall be set at approximately 3540 feet, is:

Cement to surface. If cement does not circulate see B.1.a, c-d above.

If 75% or greater lost circulation occurs while drilling the intermediate casing hole, the cement on the production casing must come to surface.

3. The minimum required fill of cement behind the 5-1/2 inch production casing is:

Operator has proposed DV tool at depth of 5500'. Operator is to submit sundry if DV tool depth varies by more than 100' from approved depth.

- a. First stage to DV tool:
- Cement to circulate. If cement does not circulate, contact the appropriate BLM office before proceeding with second stage cement job. Operator should have plans as to how they will achieve approved top of cement on the next stage.
- b. Second stage above DV tool:
- Cement should tie-back at least 300 feet into previous casing string. Operator shall provide method of verification.
- 4. If hardband drill pipe is rotated inside casing, returns will be monitored for metal. If metal is found in samples, drill pipe will be pulled and rubber protectors which have a larger diameter than the tool joints of the drill pipe will be installed prior to continuing drilling operations.

# C. PRESSURE CONTROL

- 1. All blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) shall comply with well control requirements as described in Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 2 and API RP 53 Sec. 17.
- 2. Operator has proposed a multi-bowl wellhead assembly that has a weld on head with no o-ring seals. This assembly will only be tested when installed on the surface casing. Minimum working pressure of the blowout preventer (BOP) and related equipment (BOPE) required for drilling below the surface casing shoe shall be 3000 (3M) psi.
  - a. Wellhead manufacturer is supplying the test plug/retrieval tool for the operator's third party tester to use during the BOP/BOPE test. Operator shall use the supplied test plug/retrieval tool.
  - b. Operator shall install the wear bushing required by the wellhead manufacturer. This wear bushing shall be installed by using the test plug/retrieval tool.
  - c. Wellhead manufacturer representative shall be on location when the intermediate casing mandrel is landed.
  - d. Operator shall perform the intermediate casing integrity test to 70% of the casing burst. This will test the multi-bowl seals.
  - e. If the cement does not circulate and one inch operations would have been possible with a standard wellhead, the well head shall be cut off, cementing operations performed and another wellhead installed.

- 3. The appropriate BLM office shall be notified a minimum of 4 hours in advance for a representative to witness the tests.
  - a. In a water basin, for all casing strings utilizing slips, these are to be set as soon as the crew and rig are ready and any fallback cement remediation has been done. The casing cut-off and BOP installation can be initiated four hours after installing the slips, which will be approximately six hours after bumping the plug. For those casing strings not using slips, the minimum wait time before cut-off is eight hours after bumping the plug. BOP/BOPE testing can begin after cut-off or once cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified), whichever is greater. However, if the float does not hold, cut-off cannot be initiated until cement reaches 500 psi compressive strength (including lead when specified).
  - b. The tests shall be done by an independent service company utilizing a test plug **not a cup or J<sub>-</sub>packer**.
  - c. The test shall be run on a 5000 psi chart for a 2-3M BOP/BOP, on a 10000 psi chart for a 5M BOP/BOPE and on a 15000 psi chart for a 10M BOP/BOPE. If a linear chart is used, it shall be a one hour chart. A circular chart shall have a maximum 2 hour clock.
  - d. The results of the test shall be reported to the appropriate BLM office.
  - e. All tests are required to be recorded on a calibrated test chart. A copy of the BOP/BOPE test chart and a copy of independent service company test will be submitted to the appropriate BLM office.
  - f. The BOP/BOPE test shall include a low pressure test from 250 to 300 psi. The test will be held for a minimum of 10 minutes if test is done with a test plug and 30 minutes without a test plug. This test shall be performed prior to the test at full stack pressure.

## D. DRILL STEM TEST

If drill stem tests are performed, Onshore Order 2.III.D shall be followed.

#### E. WASTE MATERIAL AND FLUIDS

All waste (i.e. drilling fluids, trash, salts, chemicals, sewage, gray water, etc.) created as a result of drilling operations and completion operations shall be safely contained and disposed of properly at a waste disposal facility. No waste material or fluid shall be disposed of on the well location or surrounding area.

Porto-johns and trash containers will be on-location during fracturing operations or any other crew-intensive operations.

#### CRW 032415

# VIII. PRODUCTION (POST DRILLING)

# A. WELL STRUCTURES & FACILITIES

## **Placement of Production Facilities**

Production facilities should be placed on the well pad to allow for maximum interim recontouring and revegetation of the well location.

# **Exclosure Netting (Open-top Tanks)**

Immediately following active drilling or completion operations, the operator will take actions necessary to prevent wildlife and livestock access, including avian wildlife, to all open-topped tanks that contain or have the potential to contain salinity sufficient to cause harm to wildlife or livestock, hydrocarbons, or Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976-exempt hazardous substances. At a minimum, the operator will net, screen, or cover open-topped tanks to exclude wildlife and livestock and prevent mortality. If the operator uses netting, the operator will cover and secure the open portion of the tank to prevent wildlife entry. The operator will net, screen, or cover the tanks from the location or the tanks no longer contain substances that could be harmful to wildlife or livestock. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches. The netting must not be in contact with fluids and must not have holes or gaps.

## **Chemical and Fuel Secondary Containment and Exclosure Screening**

The operator will prevent all hazardous, poisonous, flammable, and toxic substances from coming into contact with soil and water. At a minimum, the operator will install and maintain an impervious secondary containment system for any tank or barrel containing hazardous, poisonous, flammable, or toxic substances sufficient to contain the contents of the tank or barrel and any drips, leaks, and anticipated precipitation. The operator will dispose of fluids within the containment system that do not meet applicable state or U. S. Environmental Protection Agency livestock water standards in accordance with state law; the operator must not drain the fluids to the soil or ground. The operator will design, construct, and maintain all secondary containment systems to prevent wildlife and livestock exposure to harmful substances. At a minimum, the operator will install effective wildlife and livestock exclosure systems such as fencing, netting, expanded metal mesh, lids, and grate covers. Use a maximum netting mesh size of 1 ½ inches.

#### **Open-Vent Exhaust Stack Exclosures**

The operator will construct, modify, equip, and maintain all open-vent exhaust stacks on production equipment to prevent birds and bats from entering, and to discourage perching, roosting, and nesting. (*Recommended exclosure structures on open-vent exhaust stacks are in the shape of a cone.*) Production equipment includes, but may not

be limited to, tanks, heater-treaters, separators, dehydrators, flare stacks, in-line units, and compressor mufflers.

### **Containment Structures**

Proposed production facilities such as storage tanks and other vessels will have a secondary containment structure that is constructed to hold the capacity of 1.5 times the largest tank, plus freeboard to account for precipitation, unless more stringent protective requirements are deemed necessary.

## Painting Requirement

All above-ground structures including meter housing that are not subject to safety requirements shall be painted a flat non-reflective paint color, <u>Shale Green</u> from the BLM Standard Environmental Color Chart (CC-001: June 2008).

# IX. INTERIM RECLAMATION

During the life of the development, all disturbed areas not needed for active support of production operations should undergo interim reclamation in order to minimize the environmental impacts of development on other resources and uses.

Within six (6) months of well completion, operators should work with BLM surface management specialists (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909) to devise the best strategies to reduce the size of the location. Interim reclamation should allow for remedial well operations, as well as safe and efficient removal of oil and gas.

During reclamation, the removal of caliche is important to increasing the success of revegetating the site. Removed caliche that is free of contaminants may be used for road repairs, fire walls or for building other roads and locations. In order to operate the well or complete workover operations, it may be necessary to drive, park and operate on restored interim vegetation within the previously disturbed area. Disturbing revegetated areas for production or workover operations will be allowed. If there is significant disturbance and loss of vegetation, the area will need to be revegetated. Communicate with the appropriate BLM office for any exceptions/exemptions if needed.

All disturbed areas after they have been satisfactorily prepared need to be reseeded with the seed mixture provided below.

Upon completion of interim reclamation, the operator shall submit a Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells, Subsequent Report of Reclamation (Form 3160-5).

# X. FINAL ABANDONMENT & RECLAMATION

At final abandonment, well locations, production facilities, and access roads must undergo "final" reclamation so that the character and productivity of the land are restored.

Earthwork for final reclamation must be completed within six (6) months of well plugging. All pads, pits, facility locations and roads must be reclaimed to a satisfactory revegetated, safe, and stable condition, unless an agreement is made with the landowner or BLM to keep the road and/or pad intact.

After all disturbed areas have been satisfactorily prepared, these areas need to be revegetated with the seed mixture provided below. Seeding should be accomplished by drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other approved methods. Seeding may need to be repeated until revegetation is successful, as determined by the BLM.

Operators shall contact a BLM surface protection specialist prior to surface abandonment operations for site specific objectives (Jim Amos: 575-234-5909).

# **SEED MIXTURE 2 (SANDY LOCATIONS)**

The holder shall seed all disturbed areas with the seed mixture listed below. The seed mixture shall be planted in the amounts specified in pounds of pure live seed (PLS)\* per acre. There shall be <u>no</u> primary or secondary noxious weeds in the seed mixture. Seed will be tested and the viability testing of seed will be done in accordance with State law(s) and within nine months prior to purchase. Commercial seed will be certified or registered seed. The seed container will be tagged in accordance with State law(s) and available for inspection by the authorized officer.

Seed will be planted using a drill equipped with a depth regulator to ensure proper depth of planting where drilling is possible. The seed mixture will be evenly and uniformly planted over the disturbed area (smaller/heavier seeds have a tendency to drop to the bottom of the drill and are planted first; the holder shall take appropriate measures to ensure this does not occur). Where drilling is not possible, seed will be broadcast and the area shall be raked or chained to cover the seed. When broadcasting the seed, the pounds per acre are to be double the amounts listed below. The seeding will be repeated until a satisfactory stand is established as determined by the authorized officer. Evaluation of growth will not be made before completion of at least one full growing season after seeding.

Species to be planted in pounds of pure live seed\* per acre (note: if broadcasting seed, amounts are to be doubled):

Species	Pound/acre
Plains Bristlegrass (Setaria macrostachya)	2.0
Sand Lovegrass (Eragrostis trichodes)	1.0
Sand Dropseed (Sporobolus cryptandrus)	1.0

\* Pounds of pure live seed = (Pounds of seed) x (Percent purity) x (Percent germination)