District I
1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
811 S. First St., Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

# State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-144 Revised April 3, 2017

For temporary pits, below-grade tanks, and multi-well fluid management pits, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.
For permanent pits submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

			<u>Pit, Be</u>	<u>elow-Grade T</u>	<u>`ank, or</u>	•			
16522	Propos	sed Alteri	native Met	hod Permit o	r Closu	re Pla	n Appli	<u>cation</u>	
	Type of action:	Permit o Closure Modifica	f a pit or propo of a pit, below ation to an exis	osed alternative m -grade tank, or pro sting permit/or reg	oposed alte istration			RCVD 8/9/19	
	or proposed alter			intica for an existi	ng permiti	cu or no	п-регипце	a pit, ociow-grade tank,	
	Instructions: Plea	ise submit one	application (Fo	orm C-144) per indi	vidual pit, b	below-gra	de tank or	alternative request	
environment. Nor de								orface water, ground water or the nority's rules, regulations or or	
i. Operator:	Hilcor	p Energy Com	pany		OGRID	#:		372171	_
<del>-</del>			= -						_
Facility or well na	me: Fullert	on Federal 11	11 – Pipeline Pit	-				~	
API Number:				OCD Permit	Number			·	
U/L or Qtr/Qtr	A Section	n <u>11                                   </u>	ownship	27N	Range	11W	County:_	San Juan	
Center of Propose	d Design: Latitude	36.59534		°N Longitude _	-107.967	65		°W NAD83	
Surface Owner: 2	☐ Federal ☐ State	Private	Tribal Trust or l	Indian Allotment					
Temporary: D Permanent D Lined D String-Reinfor	lined Liner type:	ver avitation Pa Thickness  y Other	&A 🔲 Multi-W mil 🗀	LLDPE HDPF	E PVC	Other		rilling Fluid  yes  no Lx Wx D	
<ul> <li>☑ Below-grade</li> <li>Volume: Ma</li> <li>Tank Construction</li> <li>☑ Secondary co</li> <li>☑ Visible sidew</li> </ul>	n material:  Intainment with leal  Italia and liner	obl Type of flu  Metal  k detection   Visible sidewa	nid: <u>Produ</u> Visible sidewa  lls only   Oth	alls, liner, 6-inch lift ner	and automa	atic overf	low shut-of		
Alternative M Submittal of an ex		required. Exc	eptions must be	submitted to the Sa	nta Fe Envir	ronmental	l Bureau of	fice for consideration of appr	oval.
☐ Chain link, six institution or chun☐ Four foot heig	t feet in height, two rch) ht, four strands of t	strands of bar	bed wire at top (	ent pits, temporary p (Required if located ween one and four fo l of barbed wire on	within 1000 et	-	•	residence, school, hospital,	

6.  Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)	
Screen Netting Other	
☐ Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)	
7. Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers	
⊠ Signed in compliance with 19.15.16.8 NMAC	
8.  Variances and Exceptions:  Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance.  Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:  □ Variance(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district for consideration of approval.  □ Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.	
9. Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of accept material are provided below. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or above-grade tanks.	table source
General siting	
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of a low chloride temporary pit or below-grade tank.  -   NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search;   USGS;   Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☒ No ☐ NA
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of a Temporary pit, permanent pit, or Multi-Well Fluid Management pit.  NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. ( <b>Does not apply to below grade tanks</b> )  - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)  - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
<ul> <li>Within an unstable area. (Does not apply to below grade tanks)</li> <li>Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology &amp; Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map</li> </ul>	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain. (Does not apply to below grade tanks) - FEMA map	Yes No
Below Grade Tanks	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, significant watercourse, lake bed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption;.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ⊠ No
Temporary Pit using Low Chloride Drilling Fluid (maximum chloride content 15,000 mg/liter)	
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). (Applies to low chloride temporary pits.)  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes ☐ No
- Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	
Within 200 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 300feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of the initial application.  NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No

Within 100 feet of a wetland.  - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Temporary Pit Non-low chloride drilling fluid	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or any other significant watercourse, or within 200 feet of any lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a private, domestic fresh water well used by less than five households for domestic or stock watering purposes, or 1000 feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in the existence at the time of the initial application; - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet of a wetland US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Permanent Pit or Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit	
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 500 feet of a wetland.  - US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No
Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the do attached.    Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC   Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.1   Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC   Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC   Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC   Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC   Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design)   API Number:   or Permit Number:	O NMAC  15.17.9 NMAC
Multi-Well Fluid Management Pit Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC  Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the de attached.  Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC  A List of wells with approved application for permit to drill associated with the pit.  Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 1 and 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Hydrogeologic Data - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC  Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC	9.15.17.9 NMAC
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:	

12.	
Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC	
Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the doc	cuments are
attached.  Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC  Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC  Climatological Factors Assessment  Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC	
Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan	
Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC	
Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC  Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H <sub>2</sub> S, Prevention Plan	
Emergency Response Plan	
☐ Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization ☐ Monitoring and Inspection Plan	
Erosion Control Plan	
Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
13.  Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.  Type:  Drilling  Workover  Emergency  Cavitation  P&A  Permanent Pit  Below-grade Tank  Multi-well Flui	id Management Pit
☐ Alternative Proposed Closure Method: ☑ Waste Excavation and Removal	
☐ Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)	
<ul> <li>On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems)</li> <li>In-place Burial On-site Trench Burial</li> </ul>	
Alternative Closure Method	
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be at closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.  Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings)  Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	
15. Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of compliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable source provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria require justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency. Plant 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance.	e material are ease refer to
Ground water is less than 25 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is between 25-50 feet below the bottom of the buried waste  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried waste.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	<ul><li>☐ Yes ☐ No</li><li>☐ NA</li></ul>
Within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).  - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	Yes No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.  - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring used for domestic or stock watering purposes, in existence at the time of initial application.  - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
	□ Ves□ No
Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within 300 feet of a wetland.  US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	

- Written confirmation or verification from the municipality; Written approval obtained from the municipality	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within an unstable area.  - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological	
Society; Topographic map	☐ Yes ☐ No
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map	☐ Yes ☐ No
On-Site Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15.17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the closure plan of the proof of Surface Owner Notice - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC	.11 NMAC .15.17.11 NMAC not be achieved)
Signature: lemistine Brock Date: 8/9/19	<del></del>
e-mail address: cbrock@hilcorp.com Telephone: 505-324-5155	
18.  OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)	
	119
18.  OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)	19
18.  OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)  OCD Representative Signature: Approval Date: 8/19/	ng the closure report.
18.  OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan) Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)  OCD Representative Signature: Approval Date: 8/19/  Title: Environmental Specalist OCD Permit Number: 16522  19.  Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting. The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed.	ng the closure report.
OCD Approval:  Permit Application (including closure plan)  Closure Plan (only)  OCD Conditions (see attachment)  OCD Representative Signature:  Approval Date: 8/19/  Title: Environmental Specalist  OCD Permit Number: 16522  19.  Closure Report (required within 60 days of closure completion): 19.15.17.13 NMAC  Instructions: Operators are required to obtain an approved closure plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting. The closure report is required to be submitted to the division within 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not section of the form until an approved closure plan has been obtained and the closure activities have been completed.  Closure Completion Date:  Closure Completion Date:	ng the closure report. ot complete this

Operator Closure Certification:  I hereby certify that the information and attachments submitted with this closure report belief. I also certify that the closure complies with all applicable closure requirements	t is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.
Name (Print):	Title:
Signature:	Date:
e-mail address:	Telephone:

Fullerton Federal 1141 - Pipeline Pit (BELOW GRADE TANK)

Hilcorp Energy Company requests a variance for the items listed below. The requested variance, per 19.15.17.15.A, provides equal or better protection of fresh water, public health & the environment.

#### 1. Fencing

Fencing as described in Section 5 under Alternate, Hilcorp will construct all new fences
around the below grade tank utilizing 48" steel mesh field-fence (hog-wire) on the bottom
with a single strand of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and
corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary T-post. Below grade tanks will be fenced,
regardless of location.

#### 2. Geo-membrane Liner

- The geo-membrane liner consists of a 45-mil flexible LLDPE material manufactured by Brawler Industries, LLC as SuperScrim H45. SuperScrim H45 is manufactured with LLDPE and is 45 mil inch thickness and is reinforced with polyester scrim. The geomembrane liner has a hydraulic conductivity of less than 5 X 10-14 cm/s and is resistant to ultraviolet light, petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions. The manufacturer specific sheet is attached.
- 3. Hilcorp will notify Public Entity Surface Owners by email in lieu of certified mail. Private Entity Surface Owners will still be notified via certified mail.



# New Mexico Office of the State Engineer Water Column/Average Depth to Water

(quarters are 1=NW 2=NE 3=SW 4=SE) (quarters are smallest to largest) (NAD83 UTM in meters)

No records found.

PLSS Search:

Section(s): 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, Township: 27N

13, 14, 15

Range: 11W

The data is furnished by the NMOSE/ISC and is accepted by the recipient with the expressed understanding that the OSE/ISC make no warranties, expressed or implied, concerning the accuracy, completeness, reliability, or suitability for any particular purpose of the data.

6/20/19 6:52 AM

WATER COLUMN/ AVERAGE DEPTH TO WATER 684

# DATA SHEET FOR DEEP GROUND BED CATHODIC PROTECTION WELLS NORTHWESTERN NEW MEXICO (Submit 3 copies to OCD Aztec Office)

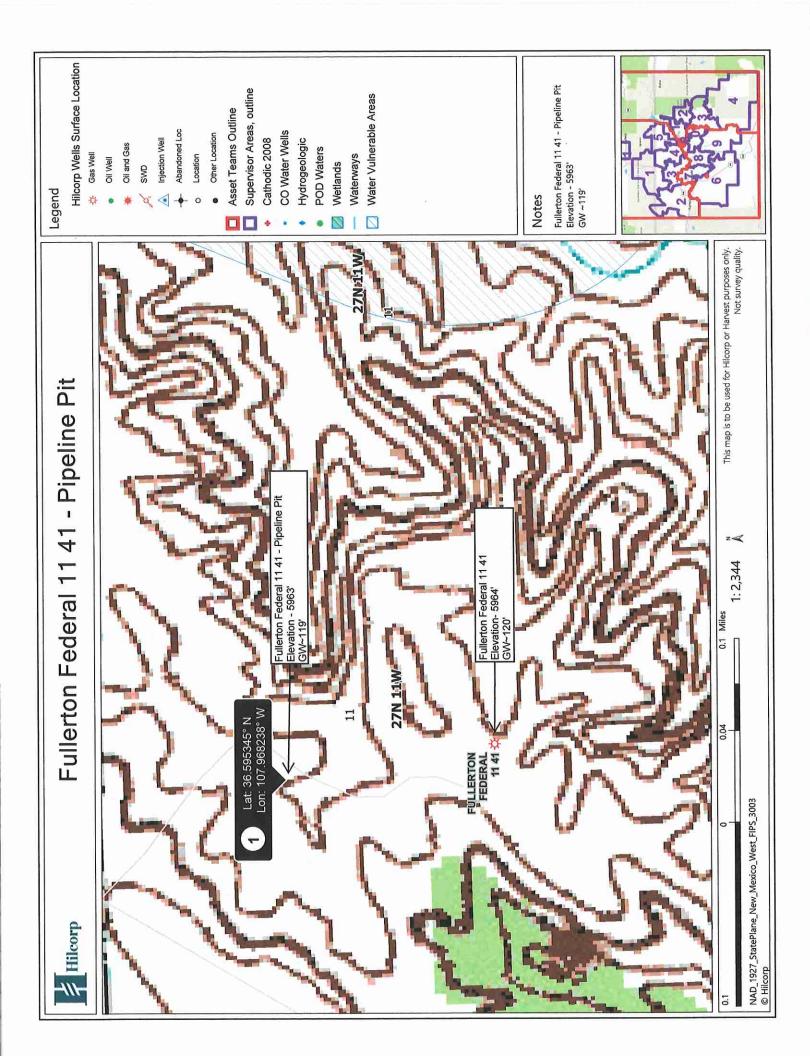
Operator Benneville Fuels Corps Location: Unit NE Sec. 11 Twp 27 Rng 11
Name of Well/Wells or Pipeline Serviced Fullerton Fed, #11-47
1045 FNL : 1095 FEL
Elevation 5964 Completion Date 5-16-9/Total Depth 300 Land Type* F
Casing, Sizes, Types & Depths NA-None
If Casing is cemented, show amounts & types used <u>NA-Noue</u>
If Cement or Bentonite Plugs have been placed, show depths & amounts used NA-None
Depths & thickness of water zones with description of water when possible:
Fresh, Clear, Salty, Sulphur, Etc. First tonly (Clear) Water
Streak at 120 Foot Depth
Depths gas encountered: NA-None
Type & amount of coke breeze used: CARBO40-99,9% Corbon-1200LBS
Depths anodes placed: 230', 240', 250', 260', 270' +280' Page
Depths vent pipes placed: O to 300' Deep.
Vent pipe perforations: Laser Cut Slots From 140 to 300 pege
Remarks: Solid I" dia. pipe from 0' to 140' Deep-

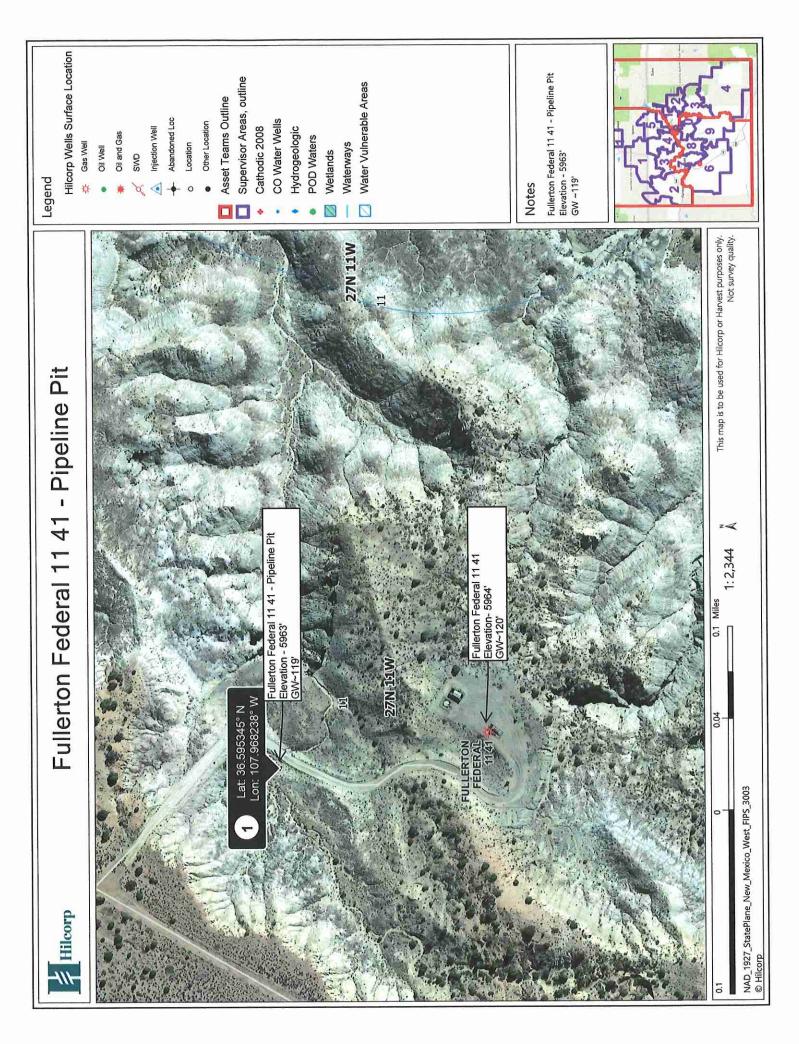
If any of the above data is unavailable, please indicate so. Copies of all logs, including Drillers Log, Water Analyses & Well Bore Schematics should be submitted when available. Unplugged abandoned wells are to be included.

\*Land Type may be shown: F-Federal; I-Indian; S-State; P-If Federal or Indian, add Lease Number.



OIL CON. DIV.





### **Below Grade Tank (BGT) Siting Criteria and Compliance Demonstrations**

Well Name:	Fullerton Federal 11 41 - Pipeline Pit

1. Depth to groundwater (should not be less than 25 feet):

The nearest recorded well with available water-depth information is the **Fullerton Fed 11-41** with groundwater @ 120' as indicated in the **Cathodic Data Sheet** attached. The subject well is 1' less in elevation making depth to groundwater at 119'.

2. <u>Distance to watercourse (should not be within 100 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, other significant watercourse, lakebed, sinkhole, wetland or playa lake [measured from the ordinary high-water mark]):</u>

Aerial map attached indicates that there are **no** lakebeds, sinkholes, playa lakes, or watercourses within 100 feet of the proposed Below Grade Tank.

3. <u>Distance to springs or wells (should not be within 200 feet of a spring or a fresh water well used for public or livestock consumption):</u>

Aerial map attached indicates that the Below Grade Tank will **not** be within 200 feet of any recorded well or spring.

### Hydrogeological Report for Fullerton Federal 11 41 - Pipeline Pit

#### Regional Geological context:

The Nacimiento Formation is of Paleocene age (Baltz, 1967, p. 35). It crops out in a broad band inside the southern and western margins of the central basin and in a narrow band along the west face of the Nacimiento Uplift. The Nacimiento is a nonresistant unit and typically erodes to low, rounded hills or forms badland topography.

The Nacimiento Formation occurs in approximately only the southern two-thirds of the San Juan Basin where it conformably overlies and intertongues with the Ojo Alamo Sandstone (Fassett, 1974, p. 229). The Nacimiento Formation grades laterally into the main part of the Animas Formation (Fassett and Hinds, 1971, p. 34); thus, in this area, the two formations occupy the same stratigraphic interval.

Strata of the Nacimiento Formation were deposited in lakebeds in the central basin area with lesser deposition in stream channels (Brimhall, 1973, p. 201). In general, the Nacimiento consists of drab, interbedded black and gray shale with discontinuous, white, medium- to very coarse grained arkosic sandstone (Stone e al., 1983, p.30). Stone et al. indicated that the formation may contain more sandstone than commonly reported because some investigators assume the slope-forming strata in the unit area shales, whereas in many places the strata actually are poorly consolidated sandstones. Total thickness of the Nacimiento Formation ranges from about 500 to 1,300 feet. The unit generally thickens from the basin margins toward the basin center (Steven et al., 1974). The sandstone deposits within the Nacimiento Formation are much thinner than the total thickness of the formation because their environment of deposition was localized stream channels (Brimhall, 1973, p. 201). The thickness of the combined San Jose, Animas, and Nacimiento Formations ranges from 500 to more than 3.500 feet.

#### **Hydraulic Properties:**

Reported well yields for 53 wells completed in either the Animas or Nacimiento Formations range from 2 to 90 gallons per minute and the median yield is 7.5 gallons per minute. The primary use of water from Nacimiento and Animas Formations is domestic and livestock supplies. There are no known aquifer tests for the Animas or Nacimiento Formations, but specific capacities reported for six wells range from 0.24 to 2.30 gallons per minute per foot of drawdown (Levings et al., 1990).

The Animas and Nacimiento Formations are in many ways hydrologically similar to the San Jose Formation because sands in both units produce approximately the same quantities of water. However, the greater percentage of fine materials in the Animas and Nacimiento Formations may restrict downward vertical leakage to the Ojo Alamo Sandstone or Kirtland Shale. The poorly cemented fine material is highly erodible, forms a badland terrain, and supports only spotty vegetation. These conditions are more conductive to runoff than retention of precipitation.

#### References:

Baltz, E.H., 1967, Stratigraphy and regional tectonic implications of part of Upper Cretaceous rocks, east-central San Juan Basin, New Mexico: USGS Professional Paper

552, 101 p.

Brimhall, R.M., 1973, Ground-water hydrology of Tertiary rocks of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico, in Fassett, J.E., ed., Cretaceous and Tertiary rocks of the Southern Colorado Plateau: Four Corners Geological Society Memoir, p. 197-207.

Fassett, J.E., 1974, Cretaceous and Tertiary rocks of the eastern San Juan Basin, New Mexico and Colorado, in Guidebook of Ghost Ranch, central-northern New Mexico: New Mexico Geological Society, 25th Field Conference, p. 225-230.

Fassett, J.E., and Hinds, J.S., 1971, Geology and fuel resources of the Fruitland Formation and Kirtland Shale of the San Juan Basin, New Mexico and Colorado: USGS Professional Paper 676, 76 p.

Levings, G.W., Craigg, S.d., Dam, W.L., Kernodle, J.M., and Thorn, C.R., 1990, Hydrogeology of the San Jose, Nacimiento, and Animas Formations in the San Juan structural basin, New Mexico, Colorado, Arizona, and Utah: USGS Hydrologic Investigations Atlas HA-720-A, 2 sheets.

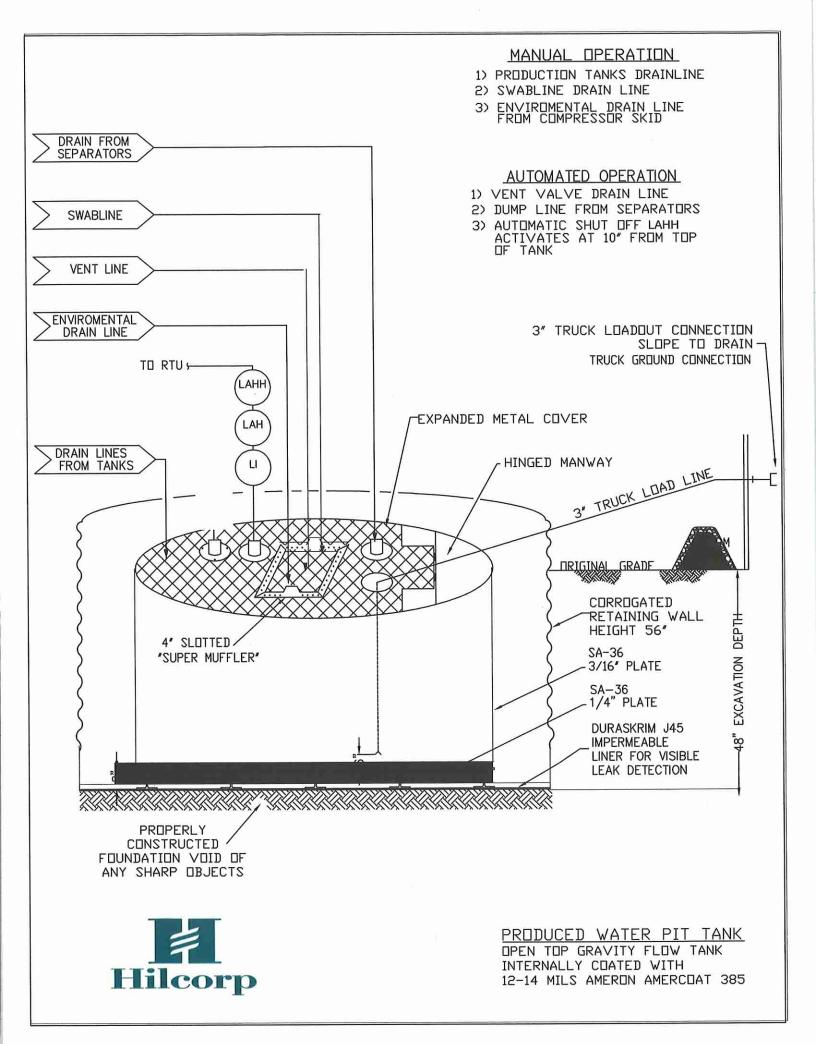
Stone, W.J., Lyford, F.P., Frenzel, P.F., Mizell, N.H., and Padgett, E.T., 1983, Hydrogeology and water resources of San Juan Basin, New Mexico: New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources, Hydrologic Report 6.

#### **Below Grade Tank Design and Construction**

In accordance with NMAC 19.15.17 the following information describes the design and construction of below-grade tanks on Hilcorp Energy Company, hereinafter known as HEC, locations. This is HEC's standard procedure for all below grade tanks (BGT). A separate plan will be submitted for any BGT which does not conform to this plan.

#### General Plan:

- 1. HEC will design and construct a properly sized and approved BGT which will contain liquids and should prevent contamination of fresh water to protect the public health and environment.
- 2. HEC signage will comply with 19.15.17.11.C NMAC.
- 3. HEC is requesting approval of an alternative fencing to be used on BGT tank locations. HEC requests to utilize 48" steel mesh field-fence (hog-wire) on the bottom with a single strand of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary T-post. BGTs will be fenced, regardless of location.
  - a. If the BGT is located within 1000' of an occupied permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church, HEC will construct A 6' chain link fence with two strands of barbed wire on top. The operator shall ensure that all gates associated with the fence are closed and locked when responsible personnel are not onsite.
- 4. HEC will construct a screened, expanded metal covering, on the top of the BGT.
- 5. HEC will ensure that a BGT is constructed of materials resistant to the BGT's particular contents and resistant to damage from sunlight as shown on design drawing and specification sheet.
- 6. The HEC BGT system will have a properly constructed foundation consisting of a level base free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent punctures, cracks or indentations of the liner or tank bottom as shown on design drawing.
- 7. HEC shall operate and install the BGT to prevent the collection of surface water run-on. HEC has built in shut off devices that do not allow a BGT to overflow. HEC constructs berms and corrugated retaining walls at least 6" above ground to keep from surface water run-on entering the BGT as shown on the design plan.
- 8. If HEC needs to modify/retrofit the existing BGT it will meet the below specifications.
- 9. HEC will construct and use a BGT that does not have double walls. The BGT's side walls will be open for visual inspection for leaks, the BGT's bottom is elevated a minimum of six inches above the underlying ground surface and the BGT is underlain with a geomembrane liner to divert leaked liquid to a location that can be visually inspected.
- 10. HEC will equip below grade tanks with a properly functioning, automatic high-level shut off control device, as well as manual controls, to prevent overflows.
- 11. HEC will utilize a geomembrane liner manufactured by Brawler Industries, LLC as SuperScrim H45. SuperScrim H45 is manufactured with LLDPE and is 45 mil inch thickness and is reinforced with polyester scrim. The geomembrane liner has a hydraulic conductivity of less than 5 X 10<sup>-14</sup> cm/s and is resistant to ultraviolet light, petroleum hydrocarbons, salts and acidic and alkaline solutions. The manufacturer specific sheet is attached.
- 12. The general specification for design and construction are attached





### SuperScrim™ H Product Specifications

This product meets GRI GM 25 Specifications

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Properties	Test Method	Frequency	Minimur	n Average	Values
			H30	H36	H45
Thickness, Nominal (mils) Min. Ave. (mils)	ASTM D5199	Per roll	30 27	36 32	45 40
Weight Nominal (lb/1000, ft²) Min. Ave. (lb/1000, ft²)	ASTM D5261	Per roll	140 125	168 151	210 189
Grab Tensile Strength (lb), min. ave. Elongation (%), min. ave.	ASTM D7004 (each direction) (each direction)	30,000 lb	300 25	310 25	320 25
Tongue Tear (lb), min. ave.	ASTM D5884 (each direction)	30,000 lb	130	130	130
Index Puncture (lb), min. ave.	ASTM D4833	30,000 lb	85	103	105
Ply Adhesion (lb), min. ave. (1)	ASTM D6636	30,000 lb	20	25	25
Oxidative Induction Time (OIT) (2) (a) Standard OIT Or	ASTM D3895	Formulation	>100	>100	>100
(b) High Pressure OIT	ASTM D5885		>1000	>1000	>1000
	Standard Roll D	Dimensions			
Roll Width (3), ft			11.83	11.83	11.83
Roll Length (3), ft			1500	1230	1000
Roll Area, ft <sup>2</sup>				14,551	11,830

(1) Alternatively, an acceptable ply adhesion is to have a film tearing bond occur within the sheet material.
(2) The Manufacturer has the option to select either one of the OIT methods listed to evaluate the antioxidant effectiveness in the geomembrane.

 $^{(3)}$ Roll widths and lengths have a tolerance of  $\pm\,1\%$ 

\*Custom material thicknesses also available

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This is a preliminary data sheet based upon laboratory testing of initial manufacturing lots and may be changed without notice as additional product testing data becomes available.





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### SuperScrim™ WC Product Specifications

Properties	Test Method Minimum Average Values						
		9 mil	12 mil	16 mil	20 mil	24 mil	30 mil
Weight	D5261	5.4 oz/yd <sup>2</sup>	5.7 oz/yd²	7.2 oz/yd <sup>2</sup>	9.6 oz/yd²	11.5 oz/yd²	13.4 oz/yd²
Thickness		9 mil	12 mil	16 mil	20 mil	24 mil	30 mil
Grab Tensile (lbs.)	D751	MD 200 CD 135	MD 210 CD 176	MD 230 CD 210	MD 330 CD 286	MD 352 CD 300	MD 352 CD 300
Mullen Burst	D6241	300 psi	350 psi	400 psi	600 psi	680 psi	780 psi
Accelerated UV Weathering	D4355	>80% after 2000 hrs exposure	>90% after 2000 hrs exposure				
	5	Standard	Roll Dimensio	ns			1 -1
Roll Length (2), Ft		3,000	3,000	4,000	3,000	2,250	2,250
Roll Width (2), Ft		12	12	12	12	12	12
Roll Area, Ft <sup>2</sup>		36,000	36,000	48,000	36,000	27,000	27,000

(1)9 of 10 views shall be Category 1 or 2. No more than 1 view from Category 3.

 $^{(2)}$ Roll widths and lengths have a tolerance of  $\pm$  1%

Custom material thicknesses also available

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# Hilcorp Energy Company San Juan Basin Below Grade Tank Maintenance and Operating Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17 the following information describes the operation and maintenance of a below-grade tank (BGT) on a Hilcorp Energy Company (HEC) location. This is HEC's standard procedure for all BGT's. A separate plan will be submitted for any BGT which does not conform to this plan.

#### **General Plan:**

- HEC will operator and maintain a BGT to contain liquids and solids and maintain the integrity of the liner, liner system and secondary containment system to prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and the environmental. HEC will perform an inspection on a monthly basis, install cathodic protection and automatic overflow shutoff devices as seen on the design plan.
- 2. HEC will not discharge into or store any hazardous waste in the BGT.
- 3. HEC shall operator and install the BGT to prevent the collection of surface water run-on. HEC has built in shut-off devices that do not all ow a BGT to overflow. HEC constructs berms and corrugated retained walls at least 6" above grade to keep surface water run-on from entering the BGT as shown on the design plan.
- 4. As per 19.15.17.12.D(3), HEC will inspect the BGT for leakage and damage at least monthly. The operator will document the integrity of each tank at least annually and maintain a written record for 5 years. Inspections may include 1) containment berms adequate and no oil present, 2) tanks had no visible leaks or sign of corrosion, 3) tank valves, flanges, and hatches had no visible leaks and 4) no evidence of significant spillage of produced liquids. HEC shall remove any visible or measurable layer of oil from the fluid surface of the BGT in an effort to prevent significant accumulation of oil overtime.
- 5. HEC shall maintain adequate freeboard to prevent overtopping of the BGT.
- 6. If a BGT develops a leak, then HEC shall removal all liquid above the damage or leak within 48 hours of discovery, notify the appropriate division office pursuant to 19.15.29 NMAC and repair the damage or replace BGT as applicable.
- 7. If HEC discovers a BGT designed in accordance with 19.15.17.11.I(5) has lost integrity the BGT will promptly be drained and removed from service and HEC will follow the approved closure plan. If HEC discovers a retrofitted BGT designed in accordance with 19.15.17.11.I(4)(a-c), does not demonstrate integrity or that the BGT develops any of the conditions identified in Paragraph (5) of Subsection A of 19.15.17.12 NMAC shall repair the damage or close the existing BGT pursuant to the closure requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC.
- 8. If HEC equips or retrofits the existing BGT to comply with Paragraphs (1) through (4) of Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC, HEC shall visually inspect the area beneath the BGT during the retrofit and document any areas that are wet, discolored or showing other evidence of a release on form C-141. HEC shall measure and report to the division the concentration of contaminants in the wet or discolored soil with respect to the standards set forth in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC. If there is no wet or discolored soil or if the concentration of contaminants in the wet or discolored soil is less than the standard set forth in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, then HEC will proceed with the closure requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC prior to initiating the retrofit or replacement.

## Hilcorp Energy Company San Juan Asset Production BGT Closure Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the following plan describes the general closure requirements of a below-grade tank (BGT) on any Hilcorp Energy Company (HEC) location in the San Juan Asset. This is HEC's standard closure procedure for all BGT's regulated under Rule 19.15.17 NMAC and operated by HEC. For those closures which do not conform to this standard closure plan, a separate BGT specific closure plan will be developed and utilized.

#### **Closure Conditions and Timing for BGT:**

- Within 60 days of cessation of operation HEC will:
  - o Remove all liquids and sludge and dispose in a division approved manner.
- Within 72 hours or 1 week prior to closure HEC will:
  - Give notice to surface owners by certified mail. For public entities by email as specified on the variance page.
  - o Give notice to Division District Office verbal or in writing/email.
- Within 6 months of cessation of operation HEC will:
  - o Remove BGT and dispose, recycle, reuse, or reclaim in a division approved manner.
  - o Remove unused onsite equipment associated with the BGT.
- Within 60 days of closure HEC will:
  - o Send the Division District Office a Closure Report per 19.15.17.13.F (1).

#### **General Plan Requirements:**

- Prior to initiating any BGT closure, except in the case of an emergency, HEC will notify the surface owner of
  the intent to close the BGT by certified mail no later than 72 hours or 1 week before closure and a copy of this
  notification will be included in the closure report. In the case of an emergency, the surface owner will be
  notified as soon as practical.
- 2. Notice of closure will be given to the Division District office between 72 hours and 1 week of the scheduled closure via email or phone. The notification of closure will include the following:
  - a. Operators Name
  - b. Well Name and API Number
  - c. Location
- 3. All liquids will be removed from the BGT following cessation of operation. Produced water will be disposed of at one of HEC's approved Salt Water Disposal facilities or at a Division District Office approved facility.
- 4. Solids and sludge's will be shoveled and/or vacuumed out for disposal at one of the Division District Office approved facilities, depending on the proximity of the BGT site: Envirotech Land Farm (Permit #NM-01-011), Industrial Ecosystems Inc. JFJ Land Farm (Permit #NM-01-0010B), and Basin Disposal (Permit #NM-01-005).
- 5. HEC will obtain prior approval from the Division District Office to dispose, recycle, reuse, or reclaim the BGT and provide documentation of the disposition of the BGT in the closure report. Steel materials will be recycled or reused as approved by the Division District Office. Fiberglass tanks will be empty, cut up or shredded, and EPA cleaned for disposal as solid waste. Liner materials will be cleaned without soils or contaminated material for disposal as solid waste. Fiberglass tanks and liner materials will meet the conditions of 19.15.35 NMAC. Disposal will be at a licensed disposal facility, presently San Juan County Landfill operated by Waste Management under NMED Permit SWM-052426.
- Any equipment associated with the BGT that is no longer required for some other purpose, following the closure, will be removed.

- 7. Following removal of the tank and any liner material, HEC will test the soils beneath the BGT as follows:
  - a. At a minimum, a five-point composite sample will be taken to include any obvious stained or wet soils or any other evidence of contamination.
  - b. The laboratory sample shall be analyzed for the constituents listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13.

Table I  Closure Criteria for Soils Beneath Below-Grade Tanks, Drying Pads Associated with Closed-Loop Systems and Pits								
		ontents are Removed						
Depth below bottom of pit to	Constituent	Method*	Limit**					
groundwater less than 10,000								
mg/I TDS								
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	600 mg/kg					
≤50 feet	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	100 mg/kg					
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg					
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg					
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	10,000 mg/kg					
51 feet-100 feet	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg					
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg					
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg					
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg					
	Chloride	EPA 300.0	20,000 mg/kg					
> 100 feet	TPH	EPA SW-846 Method 418.1	2,500 mg/kg					
	GRO+DRO	EPA SW-846 Method 8015M	1,000 mg/kg					
	BTEX	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8260B	50 mg/kg					
	Benzene	EPA SW-846 Method 8021B or 8015M	10 mg/kg					

\*Or other test methods approved by the division

(19.15.17.13 NMAC-Ro, 19.15.17.13 NMAC 3/28/2013)

- 8. If the Division District Office and/or HEC determine there is a release, HEC will comply with 19.15.17.13.C.3b.
- 9. Upon completion of the tank removal, pursuant to 19.15.17.13.C.3c, if all contaminant concentrations are less than or equal to the parameters listed in Table I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC, the excavation will be backfilled with non-waste containing earthen material compacted and covered with a minimum of one foot top soil, or background thickness of top soil, whichever is greater. The surface will then be re-contoured to match the native grade, prevent ponding of water, and prevent erosion of cover material.
- 10. For those portions of the former BGT area no longer required for production activities, HEC will seed the disturbed area in the first favorable growing season following the closure of the BGT. Seeding will be accomplished via drilling on the contour whenever practical, or by other Division District Office approved methods. HEC will notify the Division District Office when reclamation and re-vegetation is complete.

Reclamation of the BGT shall be considered complete when:

- Established vegetative cover reflects a life form ratio of +/- 50% of pre disturbance levels.
- Total plant cover is at least 70% of pre-disturbance levels (Excluding noxious weeds) OR
- Pursuant to 19.15.17.13.H.5d HEC will comply with obligations imposed by other applicable federal or tribal agencies in which there re-vegetation and reclamation requirements provide equal or better protection of fresh water, human health and the environment.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Numerical limits or natural background level, whichever is greater

11. For those portions of the former BGT area required for production activities, reseeding will be done at well abandonment, and following the procedure noted above.

#### **Closure Report:**

All closure activities will include proper documentation and will be submitted to OCD within 60 days of the BGT closure on a Closure Report using Division District Office Form C-144. The Report will include the following:

- Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and Division District Office)
- Backfilling & cover installation
- Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results
- Application Rate & Seeding techniques
- Photo Documentation of Reclamation