Form 3160-5 (August 2007)

#### **UNITED STATES** DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

RECEIVED

FORM APPROVED OMB No. 1004-0137

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGE	EMENT	JUN 1	2 2015	Expires: July	y 31, 2010
		3011	5. Lease Serial No.	SE (	70672
SUNDRY NOTICES AND REPORTS	ON WELLS	orminata	6, If Indian, Allotte	e or Tribe Nam	078673
Do not use this form for proposals to ari	i or to re-enges	au of Lan	d Managemen	it	
abandoned well. Use Form 3160-3 (APD) 1	or such propos	sals.	30,110,11		
SUBMIT IN TRIPLICATE - Other instruction	is on page 2.		7. If Unit of CA/Ag	reement, Name	e and/or No.
1. Type of Well					
Oil Well X Gas Well Other			8. Well Name and I		NN Federal 5E
2. Name of Operator			9. API Well No.		
ConocoPhillips Company					5-24425
3a. Address PO Box 4289, Farmington, NM 87499	one No. (include area (505) 326-97		10. Field and Pool		Area 1 Dakota
4. Location of Well (Footage, Sec., T.,R.,M., or Survey Description)	(000) 020 01		11. Country or Pari		- Danota
UL F (SENW), 1520' FNL & 1650' FWL, S	ec. 34, T28N, R	11W	San J		New Mexico
12. CHECK THE APPROPRIATE BOX(ES) TO IN	NDICATE NATUR	E OF NO	TICE, REPORT	OR OTHER	DATA
TYPE OF SUBMISSION	TYPI	E OF AC	TION		
X Notice of Intent Acidize D	eepen	Р	roduction (Start/Res	sume)	Water Shut-Off
	racture Treat	R	eclamation		Well Integrity
Subsequent Report Casing Repair	ew Construction	R	ecomplete	Ē	X Other
Change Plans X P	lug and Abandon	T	emporarily Abandor	n	
Final Abandonment Notice Convert to Injection	lug Back	V	Vater Disposal		
Attach the bond under which the work will be performed or provide the Bond No following completion of the involved operations. If the operation results in a mu Testing has been completed. Final Abandonment Notices must be filed only after determined that the site is ready for final inspection.)  ConocoPhillips Company requests permission to P&A through the wellbore schematics. The Pre-Disturbance Site Visit was	ntiple completion or received all requirements, income all requirements, income all requirements and the subject well p	ecompletion cluding recla	in a new interval, a mation, have been c	Form 3160-4 m completed and the	nust be filed once the operator has  nt and proposed
is attached. A Closed Loop System will be used.	5 Held OH 6/6/1	.5 WILLI BO	DD SWILZEI/BLI	vi. The Ke	-vegetation Flair
is attached. A closed Loop system will be used.		BL	M'S APPROVAL	OR ACCEP	TANCE OF THIS
ADD ADDISON TO THE	DIV DIST. 3	OP AU	ERATOR FROM	OBTAININ REQUIRED	THE LESSEE AND IG ANY OTHER D FOR OPERATIONS ANDS
CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL	1 9 5012				
			₩ H <sub>2</sub> S	POTENTI	IAL EXIST
14. I hereby certify that the foregoing is true and correct. Name (Printed/Typed)  Patsy Clugston	Title		Staff Regula	atory Tech	nician
Signature Halsy Club-	Date		6	/10/2015	
THIS SPACE FOR FE	DERAL OR ST	ATE OF	FICE USE		
Approved by					
Troy Salvers		Title PE			Date 7 13 2015
Conditions of approval, if any, are attached. Approval of this notice does not warrant	t or certify	21110			110100

Title 18 U.S.C. Section 1001 and Title 43 U.S.C. Section 1212, make it a crime for any person knowingly and willfully to make to any department or agency of the United States any false, fictitious or fraudulent statements or representations as to any matter within its jurisdiction.

Office

(Instruction on page 2)

entitle the applicant to conduct operations thereon.

that the applicant holds legal or equitable title to those rights in the subject lease which would

#### ConocoPhillips SCHLOSSER WN FEDERAL 5E Expense - P&A

Lat 36°37' 18.077" N

Long 107°59' 38.328" W

PROCEDURE

NOTE:

This project requires the use of an A-Plus steel tank to handle waste fluids circulated from the well and cement wash up.

- 1. Hold pre-job safety meeting. Comply with all NMOCD, BLM, and COPC safety and environmental regulations. Test rig anchors prior to moving in rig. Before RU, run WL remove downhole equipment. If an obstruction is found, set a locking-3-slip-stop in the tubing.
- 2. MIRU workover rig. Check casing, tubing, and bradenhead pressures and record them in Wellview. If there is pressure on the BH, contact the Wells Engineer.
- 3. Remove existing piping on casing valve. RU blow lines from casing valves and begin blowing down casing pressure. Kill well as necessary. Ensure well is dead or on a vacuum.
- 4. ND wellhead and NU BOPE. Pressure and function test BOP to 250 psi low and 1,000 psi over SICP high to a maximum of 2,000 psi held and charted for 10 minutes as per COP Well Control Manual. PU and remove tubing hanger
- 5. TOOH with tubing (per pertinent data sheet).

Tubing size: 2-3/8" 4.7# J-55 EUE

Set Depth: 6,163'

KB: 14'

- 6. PU 3-7/8" bit and watermelon mill and round trip as deep as possible above top perforation at 6,097'.
- 7. PU 4-1/2"CR on tubing, and set at 6,047'. Pressure test tubing to 1,000 psi. Sting out of CR. Load hole, and pressure test casing to 800 psi. If casing does not test, then spot or tag subsequent plugs as appropriate. POOH w/ tubing.
- 8. RU wireline and run CBL with 500 psi on casing from CR to surface to identify TOC. Adjust plugs as necessary for new TOC. Email log copy to Troy Salyers (BLM) at tsalyers@blm.gov and Brandon Powell (NMOCD) at brandon.powell@state.nm.us upon completion of logging operations.
- All cement volumes use 100% excess outside pipe and 50' excess inside pipe. The stabilizing wellbore fluid will be 8.3 ppg, sufficient to balance all exposed formation pressures. All cement will be ASTM Class B mixed at 15.6 ppg with a 1.18 cf/sk yield.
- 9. Plug 1 Dakota Perforations, Dakota and Graneros Formation Tops, 5947' 6047', 12 Sacks Class B Cement
  Mix 12 sx Class B cement and spot a balanced plug inside the casing to cover the Dakota perforations, Dakota formation top and Graneros formation top. PUH.
- 10. Plug 2- Gallup Formation top, 5152'-5252', 12 Sacks Class B Cement

Mix 12 sx Class B cement and spot a balanced plug inside the casing to cover the Gallup formation top. PUH.

11. Plug 3 - Mancos Formation Top, 4278' - 4378', 12 Sacks Class B Cement

Mix 12 sx Class B cement and spot a balanced plug inside the casing to cover the Mancos formation top. POOH.

12.. Plug 4 - Mesaverde Formation Top, 3102' - 3202', 51 Sacks Class B Cement

RIH and perforate 3 squeeze holes at 3,202'. Establish injection rate into squeeze holes. RIH with a 4-1/2" CR and set at 3,152'. Mix 51 sx Class B cement. Squeeze 39 sx outside the casing, leaving 12 sx inside the casing to cover the Mesaverde formation top. POOH.

13. Plug 5 - Pictured Cliffs Formation Top, 1569' - 1669', 46 Sacks Class B Cement

Part 1: Mix 6 sx Class B cement and spot a balanced plug inside the casing from 1,669' to 1,650'. POOH.

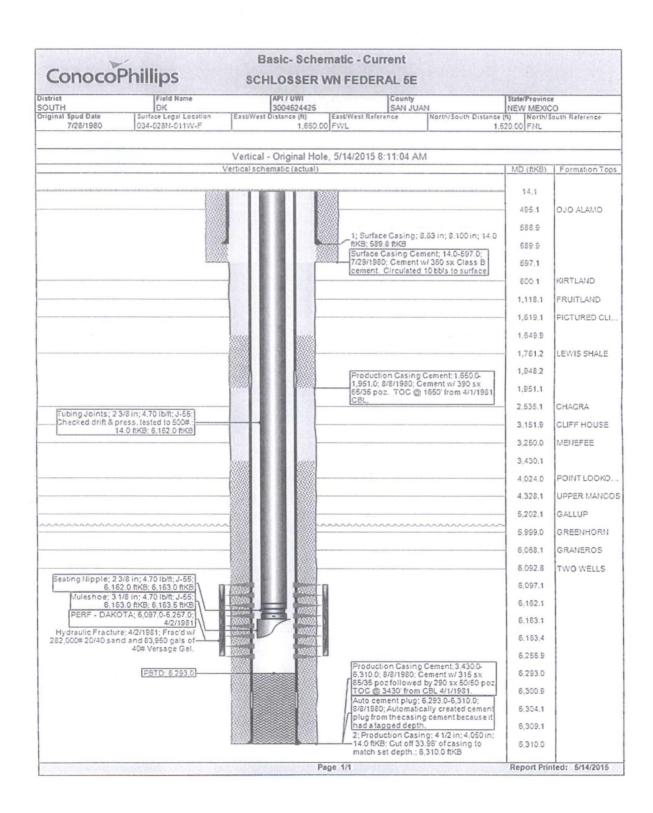
Part 2: RIH and perforate 3 squeeze holes at 1,645'. Establish injection rate into squeeze holes. RIH with 4-1/2" CR and set at 1,595'. Mix 40 sx Class B cement. Squeeze 30 sx outside the casing, leaving 10 sx inside the casing to cover the Pictured Cliffs formation top. POOH.

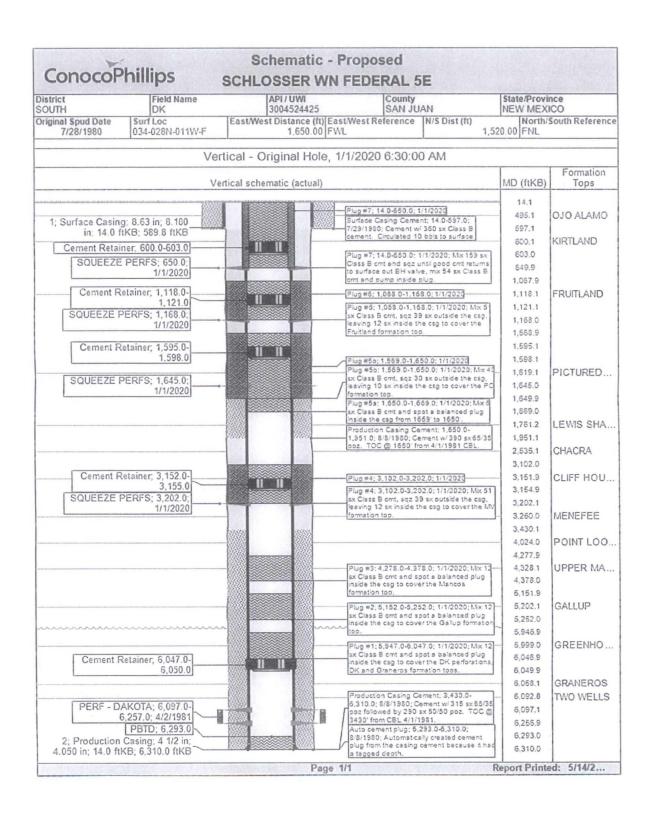
14. Plug 6 - Fruitland Formation Tops, 1068' - 1168', 51 Sacks Class B Cement

RIH and perforate 3 squeeze holes at 1,168'. Establish injection rate into squeeze holes. RIH with a 4-1/2" CR and set at 1,118'. Mix 51 sx Class B cement. Squeeze 39 sx outside the casing, leaving 12 sx inside the casing to cover the Fruitland formation top. POOH.

15. Plug 7 - Ojo and Kirtland Formation Tops, Surface Shoe and Surface Plug, 0' - 650', 213 Sacks Class B Cement RU WL and perforate 4 big hole charge (if available) squeeze holes at 650'. TOOH and RD wireline. Observe well for 30 minutes per BLM regulations. RU pump, close blind rams and establish circulation out bradenhead with water. Circulate BH clean. TIH with 4-1/2" CR and set at 600'. Mix 159 sx Class B cement and squeeze until good cement returns to surface out BH valve. Shut BH valve and squeeze to max 200 psi. Sting out of CR and reverse circulate cement out of tubing. TOOH and LD stinger. TIH with open ended tubing to 540'. Mix 54 sx Class B cement and pump inside plug. TOOH and LD Tubing. SI well and WOC.

15. Nipple down BOP and cut off casing below the casing flange. Install P&A marker with cement to comply with regulations. Rig down, move off location, cut off anchors, and restore location.





# United States Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management

Re-vegetation Plan

Schlosser WN Federal 5E

6-10-15

U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Land Management Farmington District Farmington Field Office 6251 N. College Blvd., Ste. A Farmington, NM 87402 Phone: (505) 564-7600 FAX: (505) 564-7608



# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1. Introduc	CTION	.3
1.1. Pro	oject Information	.3
1.2. Co	onformance with Bare Soil Reclamation Procedures	.3
2. Project	Description	.4
2.1. Ve	egetation Community	.4
2.2. Pre	e-Plug and Abandonment Weed Survey	.4
2.3. Fin	nal Reclamation Soil Evaluation	.4
3. Reclama	nation Techniques for successful re-vegetation	.4
3.1. To	ppsoil Replacement	.4
3.2. Wa	ater Management/Erosion Control Features	.4
3.3. Se	eedbed Preparation	.4
3.4. So	pil Amendments	.5
3.5. Se	eeding	.5
3.6. Mu	ulching	.5
3.7. No	oxious and Invasive Weed Control	.6
4. Monitor	ring requirements	.6
4.1. Att	tainment of Vegetation Reclamation Standards	.6
4.2. Fir	nal Abandonment	.6
5. Referer	nces	.8
Appendix A:	Seed pick list	.9
Appendix B:		
Appendix C:	Reclamation Re-Contour Plan	11

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1. Project Information

Applicant:

ConocoPhillips Company

Project Type (Well, Access Road, Pipeline,

Facility, etc.):

Well

Well, Oil and Gas Lease, or Right-of-Way

(ROW) Name:

Schlosser WN Federal 5E

Legal Location: (Quarter/ Quarter Section,

Township, Range, County, State):

UL F, 1520' FNL & 1650' FWL, Sec. 34

T28N, R11W, San Juan Co., NM

Lease Number:

SF-078673

Application for Permit to Drill (APD)

Approval Date:

July 8, 1980

#### 1.2. Conformance with Bare Soil Reclamation Procedures

This reclamation plan has been prepared to meet the requirements and guidelines of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) Farmington Field Office (FFO) Bare Soil Reclamation Procedures (BLM 2013a) and Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1.

The ConocoPhillips contact person for this reclamation plan is:

Name: Mike Smith Title: Projects Lead

Company: Burlington Resources

Address 1: 3401 E. 30<sup>th</sup> Street, Farmington, NM 87402 Address 2: P.O. Box 4289, Farmington, NM 87499

Phone: 505-599-3424

#### 1.2.1. Vegetation Reclamation Procedure C

Completion of a Vegetation Reclamation Plan in accordance with Procedure C of the BLM/FFO Bare Soil Reclamation Procedures is required for surface disturbing actions, grants, or permits authorized by the BLM/FFO resulting in bare mineral soil across an area greater than 0.1 acre.

#### 1.2.2. Revision of the Reclamation Plan

ConocoPhillips may submit a request to the BLM/FFO to revise the Reclamation Plan at any time during the life of the project in accordance to page 44 of the Gold Book (USDI-USDA 2007). ConocoPhillips will utilize the Sundry Notices and Reports on Wells Form 3160-5, and include justification for the revision request.

#### 2. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

It is suspected that the wellbore has casing integrity problems; however, it cannot afford remedial work to repair the casing. It is recommended to permanently abandon the wellbore and return the location to its natural state.

#### 2.1. Vegetation Community

A pre-plug-and-abandonment site visit was held with the BLM/FFO and ConocoPhillips, on 6/8/15. During this site visit, of the eight most common BLM/FFO vegetation communities, it was determined that Badlands Vegetation Community best represents the project area. A detailed description of this vegetation community is available on the New Mexico BLM web page (http://www.blm.gov/nm/st/en/fo/Farmington\_Field\_Office/ffo\_planning/surface\_use\_plan\_of.html).

During the site visit, all participants agreed that grazing was not anticipated to be an issue. The plant species that were picked during the onsite from the Badlands Seed List is found in Appendix A.

## 2.2. Pre-Plug and Abandonment Weed Survey

During the pre-plug-and-abandonment site visit, the proposed action area was surveyed for noxious weeds listed on the New Mexico Department of Agriculture's A and B list. The completed weed survey is found in Appendix B.

The survey found no noxious weeds within the proposed project site. The Onsite Noxious Weed form was completed, signed by the BLM/FFO representative and the ConocoPhillips Representative, and submitted to the BLM/FFO weed coordinator.

### 2.3. Final Reclamation Soil Evaluation

The BLM/FFO representative and the ConocoPhillips Representative have collaboratively decided at the pre-plug-and-abandonment site visit that no soil testing is necessary for the proposed project area.

## 3. RECLAMATION TECHNIQUES FOR SUCCESSFUL RE-VEGETATION

## 3.1. Topsoil Replacement

Topsoil and sub-surface soils will be replaced in the proper order prior to final seedbed preparation. The topsoil on location is sandy. It will be stripped and the fill put back in original cut.

## 3.2. Water Management/Erosion Control Features

The BLM/FFO representative and the ConocoPhillips representative will collaborate to develop site-specific erosion control or water management features and to identify installation locations. Erosion control or water management features that may be used include (but are not limited to) sediment basins or sediment traps, silt fencing, erosion control blankets or geotextiles, and straw wattles. Allow drainage to flow through center of pad. Re-establish drainage north of wellhead to avoid washing out P&A marker.

#### 3.3. Seedbed Preparation

For cut-and-fill slopes, initial seedbed preparation will consist of backfilling and recontouring to achieve the configuration shown on the onsite reclamation re-contour plan in Appendix C. Disturbed areas will be recontoured to blend with the surrounding landscape, emphasizing restoration of the existing drainage patterns and landform to pre-construction conditions, to the extent practical.

Following final contouring, the backfilled or ripped surfaces will be covered evenly with stockpiled topsoil. Final seedbed preparation will consist of raking or harrowing the topsoil prior to seeding to promote a firm – but not compacted – seedbed, without surface crusting.

Seedbed preparation for compacted areas will be ripped to a minimum depth of twelve (12) inches, with a maximum furrow spacing of two (2) feet. Where practical, ripping will be conducted in two passes at perpendicular directions. Disking will be conducted if large clumps or clods remain after ripping. Any tilling or disking will occur along the contour of the slope. Seed drills also will run along the contour to provide terracing and prevent rapid runoff and erosion. If broadcast seeding is used, a dozer or other tracked equipment shall track perpendicular to the slope prior to broadcast seeding.

#### 3.4. Soil Amendments

Based on information gathered at the onsite inspection and as a result of any soil testing conducted for the proposed project area, the ConocoPhillips representative and the FFO representative have jointly decided that no soil amendments will be used during reclamation of the proposed project area.

#### 3.5. Seeding

The seed pick list mix chosen for this project area is attached. Seeding will occur after facility set or within 180 days after earthwork is approved for optimal seeding conditions.

A seed drill or modified rangeland drill that allows for seeding species from different seed boxes at different planting depths will be used to seed the disturbed areas of the site. ConocoPhillips or its reclamation subcontractor will ensure that perennial grasses and shrubs are planted at the appropriate depth. Intermediate size seeds such as wheatgrasses and shrubs will be planted at a depth of 0.5 inches, larger seeds such as Indian ricegrass at 1 to 2 inches, and small seeds such as alkali sacaton and sand dropseed will be planted at a depth of 0.25 inches. In situations where differing planting depths are not practicable with the equipment being used, the entire mix will be planted no deeper than 0.25 inch. Drill seeding may be used on well-packed and stable soils on gentler slopes where tractors and drills are safely able to operate.

Where drill seeding is not practicable due to topography, the contractor will hand-broadcast seed using a "cyclone" hand seeder or similar broadcast seeder. Broadcast application of seed requires a doubling of the drill seeding rate. The recommended drill seeding rate is provided in Table A-3. Seed will then be raked-in so that it is planted no deeper than 0.25-inch below the surface.

## 3.6. Mulching

Mulch will be applied within the 24 hour period following completion of seeding. Mulching shall consist of crimping certified weed-free straw or certified weed-free native grass hay into the soil.

Straw or native grass hay mulch can be applied by hand broadcasting or blowing to a uniform depth of 2 to 3 inches, equivalent to a rate of about 2 tons per acre (one 74-pound bale per 800 square feet). When applied properly, approximately 20 to 40 percent of the original ground surface can be seen.

Straw or native grass hay mulch will then be anchored using one of the following methods:

- Hand Punching—a spade or shovel is used to punch straw into the soil at 12-inch intervals until all areas have straw standing perpendicularly to the slope and embedded at least 4-inches into the soil.
- Roller Punching—a roller equipped with straight studs not less than 6-inches long, from 4- to 6-inches wide and approximately 1-inch thick is rolled over the area spread with mulch.
- Crimper Punching—like roller punching, the crimper has serrated disk blades about 4-to 8-inches apart, which force the mulch into the soil. Crimping should be done in two directions with the final pass across the slope.

Mulch applications in extremely clayey soils should be evaluated carefully to avoid developing an adobe mixture. In these cases, a soil amendment may prove more beneficial.

#### 3.7. Noxious and Invasive Weed Control

Should noxious or invasive weeds be documented after earthwork and seeding activities, the BLM/FFO weed coordinator will provide ConocoPhillips with specific requirements and instructions for weed treatments, including the time frame of treatment, approved herbicides that may be used, required documentation to be submitted to the BLM/FFO after treatment, and any other site specific instructions that may be applicable.

#### 4. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

Per BLM/FFO Procedures - Procedure C guidelines: The Permit or Grant Holder is not required to monitor areas reclaimed under Vegetation Reclamation Procedure C. The Permit or Grant Holder is required to document to the BLM FFO that areas vegetated under the Vegetation Reclamation Procedure C have attained the vegetation percent cover standard for the Badlands Vegetation Community in order to prove a successful reclamation for receipt of a FAN or relinquishment from the BLM/FFO.

#### 4.1. Attainment of Vegetation Reclamation Standards

Each of the eight BLM/FFO vegetation communities included in the BLM/FFO Procedures has been assigned a vegetation percent cover standard for plant species classified as non-invasive/desirable and plant species classified as invasive/undesirable. The vegetation percent cover standard for non-invasive/desirable plant species within the Badlands Vegetation Community is equal to or greater than 20%. The vegetation percent cover standard for invasive/undesirable plant species is equal to or less than 10%. Per BLM/FFO Procedures, this vegetation percent cover standard must be attained before the BLM/FFO will issue a FAN or a relinquishment for the Schlosser WN Federal 5E.

If earthwork associated with final abandonment activities results in 0.1 acre or more of bare soil, ConocoPhillips will follow the reclamation procedures outlined in this plan.

If, during the reclamation process, a reclaimed area has not met the vegetation percent cover standard, a conference will be held with ConocoPhillips, the BLM/FFO, and any other effected parties to analyze the issues affecting reclamation success. This process (including reclamation exception requests) is outlined in the BLM/FFO Procedures.

#### 4.2. Final Abandonment

The permit holder is not responsible for achieving full ecological reclamation of bare soil resulting from an authorized action. Instead, the permit holder is responsible for achieving the short-term stability, visual, hydrological, and productivity objectives of the FFO. The performance-based revegetation standards focus on using the desired end condition as the ultimate determinant of acceptable vegetation

productivity. The attainment of the vegetation percent cover standards will fulfill the productivity objective of the FFO and contribute to the stability of the site.

Data collected from reading the line point intercept transect will be used to quantitatively document that the percent foliar cover vegetative standards established for the site have been attained. Once it has been determined that the percent foliar cover standard has been attained, a request for concurrence will be submitted to the FFO. The request for concurrence will include transect data sheets and photos taken from all the initial photo points established in the initial monitoring report. The FFO will review the request and either approve or deny the request within 60 days. If the FFO denies the request, the FFO may initiate a site inspection within 60 days of the denial to analyze the site and determine if remedy actions may be appropriate.

The project proponent will follow the Vegetation Reclamation Procedure C as detailed in the Farmington Field Office Bare Soil Reclamation Procedures (BLM 2013b). The percent cover standards listed previously must be attained prior to FFO approval of final abandonment, or an exception must be granted from FFO (per section 3.3.9).

#### 5. REFERENCES

- 43 CFR Part 3160, "Onshore Oil and Gas Order No. 1; Onshore Oil and Gas Operations; Federal and Indian Oil and Gas Leases; Approval of Operations," 72 Federal Register 44 (07 March 2007), pp. 10328-10338.
- BLM. 2013a. Farmington Field Office Bare Soil Reclamation Procedures. Available at:

  <a href="http://www.blm.gov/pgdata/etc/medialib/blm/nm/field">http://www.blm.gov/pgdata/etc/medialib/blm/nm/field</a> offices/farmington/farmington\_planning/surf

  ace\_use\_plan\_of.Par.69026.File.dat/FFO%20Bare%20Soil%20Reclamation%20Procedures%20
  2-1-13.pdf. Accessed February 2013.
- BLM. 2013b. Updated Reclamation Goals. Available at:
  <a href="http://www.blm.gov/nm/st/en/fo/Farmington">http://www.blm.gov/nm/st/en/fo/Farmington</a> Field Office/ffo planning/surface use plan of/updat ed reclamation.html. Accessed February 2013.
- U.S. Department of the Interior U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDI-USDA). 2007. Surface Operating Standards and Guidelines for Oil and Gas Exploration and Development. BLM/WO/ST-06/021+307/REV 07. Bureau of Land Management. Denver, Colorado. 84 pp.

# APPENDIX A: SEED PICK LIST

Badland - Reclamation Goal: Native/Desirables ≥ 20%

Common Name	Scientific Name	Season	Form:
	Pick2		. :: ::
Fourwing saltbush	Atriples: canescens	G.	S
Sligdscalo saltbush	Atriples, confertifòlia .	С	8
Winterfat	Krascheniunikovia lanata	C	8
Mormon tea	Ephedra viridis		S
	Pick4		: : 131
Indlan ricegrass	Achnatherum hymenoldes	C	B
Alkali sacafon	Sporobolus atroides	W	В
Bottlebrush squirreltait	Elymus elymoides	C	В
Sand dropseed	Sporobolus cryptandrus	W	В
Blue grama	Bouleloya gritcllis	W	B
James' galleta	Pleurophis jamesii	W	B/Sod
Siberian whealgrass	Agropyron fragilu	C	В
	i Picici.	· · · · : : [ · ] ·	
Smallflower globemailow	Spliaeralcea parvifolta	W	F
Narrowleaf pension / broadbeard beardlongue	Penstemon angustifolius	Ċ	P

Mixed Mountain Shrubland (Oak) - Reclamation Goal: Native/Desirables > 35%

Cominion Nante:	Scientific Name	Season	.Fonu
	Pick 2	33.04	
Mountain mahogany	Cercocarpus montantis	G	S
Utah serviceberry	Amelanchier utahensis	C	S
Antelope bitterbrush	Puishta trldentate	C	8.
13 C . 3 C . 1 A . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Plck(I		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Slender (ylicatgrass	Elymus trachycaulus	C:	В
. Western wheatgrass	Pascopyrum sınlıhil	C.	Sod
	Plcf62		: 14.1 3
Prairie junegrass	Koelerla macrantha	Ċ	B
Arizona fescue	Festuca arizonica	C	В
Muttongrasa	Poa fendleriana	O	. В
	N. Pick I . E		:
Blue grama.	Routeloua gracilis	M.	В
Indian ricegrass	Achnatherum hyntenoides	C.	В
	Pick 2		
Sulphor-flower buckylient	Erlogonum iunbellatum	.W.	Ţ
Scarlet globeniallow	Spligeralcea coccinea	W	I,
Utah sweetvetch	Hedysarum boreale	W	ß
Sjnall buriet	Sangulsorba intnor	C	F .

Ponderosa Pine- Reclamation Goal: Native/Desirables≥ 30%

Will Court Live Tedenminuff cohi' Mair termestrate	27,0412		
Common Name	Scientific Name	Season	Forni :
	1: Picic4		1 2 1 1 1 1
Bottlebrush squirceltail	Elynus elymoldes	. C	В
Western wheatgrass	Pascopyrum smithii	,C	В
Prairie junegrass	Koeleria macraniha	C,	В
Multongrass	Poa feridler iana	C	В
Blue grama	Bouteloua gracilis	W	. B
Arizona fescue	Festuca arizonica	C	В
	Pick 1		
Scarlet globentallory	Splineralcea coccinea	W	F
Utah sweetvetch.	Hedysarum boreale	W	F
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Pick 1	·	i r
Mountain mallogany	Cercocarpus ittontahus	C	. 8
Antelope bitterbrush	Amelanchier utaliensis	С	S `
.Utali serviceberry	Purstria tridentate	С	S

## APPENDIX B: WEED SURVEY

# Omsite Noxious Weed Form

	ious weeds are fo for Name and Numbe	21,					,Daiy			
ocat	Name and Numbe tion: Township, R tion of Project NA	ange, Sec	ction climal Deg	i'ees						
ocai	LI - 14 OF MICHELLINE	111 00		www. 31	020	ek Bo	x if Found			
	(C	lass Al	Noxious	AAGSUI -	·	10110.1130	x if Found Puple		Yellow toadflax	
j	Alfombrilla	Diffuse		Hydrilli	Hydrilla		starthistic.			
	Black.		woad	Leafys	Leafy spurge Oxeye daise Pairroffeather		Scotch thistle Spotted Knapweed			
	lienbane	Eurasi	an	Oxeye						
	Camelthorm	waterr	nilfoil	Pairot						
	Canada thistle		Gjant salvinia		urple.		Yellow starthistle.			
	Dalmation toadflax	1	y cress	looses	trife					
	TONGITOR .	20 m 70	Moviou	is Weed	-CI	ieck B	lox if Foun	d	<u> </u>	
	-	Class, D	Perennial			Russian	knapweed	T	ree of heaven	
	African rue  Chicory  Halogeton		pcipperweed  Music thistle  Malta starthisfle			Polson hemlock				
					-					
-					Teasel					
C	ominients:									
	,	•	For							
	1.4		Eovi	d		× ,				
		None					Š.			
			/	1/	-	4				
	FFO Représé		K	oh S	SW	41-1	1			
		1. 191	1	11.1	,					

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT FARMINGTON DISTRICT OFFICE

6251 COLLEGE BLVD. FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO 87402

Attachment to notice of Intention to Abandon:

Re: Permanent Abandonment Well: Schlosser WN Federal #5E

#### **CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL**

- 1. Plugging operations authorized are subject to the attached "General Requirements for Permanent Abandonment of Wells on Federal and Indian Lease."
- 2. Farmington Office is to be notified at least 24 hours before the plugging operations commence (505) 564-7750.
- 3. The following modifications to your plugging program are to be made:
  - Set a plug from (2585-2485) ft. inside/outside to cover the Chacra top. BLM picks top of Chacra at 2435 ft.
  - b) Set plug #6 from (1370-1270) ft. inside/outside to cover the Fruitland top. BLM picks top of Fruitland at 1320 ft.

Note: H2S has not been reported at this location; however, low concentrations of H2S (8 ppm-10 ppm GSV) have been reported in wells within a 1 mile radius of this location.

Operator will run a CBL to verify cement top. Submit the electronic copy of the log for verification to the following addresses: <a href="mailto:tsalyers@blm.gov">tsalyers@blm.gov</a> Brandon.Powell@state.nm.us

You are also required to place cement excesses per 4.2 and 4.4 of the attached General Requirements.

Office Hours: 7:45 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.