District I
1625 N French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240
District II
1301 W Grand Avenue, Artesia, NM 88210
District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410
District IV
1220 S St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources Department Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

For temporary pits, closed-loop systems, and below-grade tanks, submit to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

For permanent pits and exceptions submit to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office and provide a copy to the appropriate NMOCD District Office.

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<u>Pit, Closed-Loop System, Below-Grade Tank, or</u> <u>Proposed Alternative Method Permit or Closure Plan Application</u>

Type of action: Permit of a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method Closure of a pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method Modification to an existing permit Closure plan only submitted for an existing permitted or non-permitted pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank, or proposed alternative method
Instructions: Please submit one application (Form C-144) per individual pit, closed-loop system, below-grade tank or alternative request
Please be advised that approval of this request does not relieve the operator of liability should operations result in pollution of surface water, ground water or the nvironment. Nor does approval relieve the operator of its responsibility to comply with any other applicable governmental authority's rules, regulations or ordinances
Operator: XTO Energy, Inc. OGRID #: 5380
Address: #382 County Road 3100, Aztec, NM 87410
Facility or well name: Boxer #2E
API Number: 30.045.35032 OCD Permit Number:
U/L or Qtr/Qtr P Section 27 Township 25N Range 10W County: San Juan
Center of Proposed Design: Latitude 36.367272 Longitude 107.877279 NAD: □1927 ☒ 1983
Surface Owner: X Federal State Private Tribal Trust or Indian Allotment
☑ Pit: Subsection F or G of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Temporary: ☑ Drilling ☐ Workover ☐ Permanent ☐ Emergency ☐ Cavitation ☐ P&A ☑ Lined ☐ Unlined Liner type: Thickness 20 mil ☒ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other ☒ String-Reinforced Liner Seams: ☒ Welded ☒ Factory ☐ Other
3. Closed-loop System: Subsection H of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Type of Operation: P&A X Drilling a new well Workover or Drilling (Applies to activities which require prior approval of a permit or notice of
intent) To be used during completion operations
☐ Drying Pad ☑ Above Ground Steel Tanks ☐ Haul-off Bins ☐ Other ☐ Lined ☐ Unlined Liner type: Thickness mil ☐ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other
☐ Lined ☐ Unlined Liner type: Thicknessmil ☐ LLDPE ☐ HDPE ☐ PVC ☐ Other
Liner Seams: Welded Factory Other RECEIVED
4. DOT
4. DOT
4. Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Volume:bbl Type of fluid:
4. Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Volume:bbl Type of fluid:
Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Volume:
Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Volume:bbl Type of fluid: Tank Construction material: Secondary containment with leak detection Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other
Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Volume:
Below-grade tank: Subsection I of 19.15.17.11 NMAC Volume:bbl Type of fluid: Tank Construction material: Secondary containment with leak detection Visible sidewalls, liner, 6-inch lift and automatic overflow shut-off Visible sidewalls and liner Visible sidewalls only Other

Fencing: Subsection D of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits, temporary pits, and below-grade tanks)					
Chain link, six feet in height, two strands of barbed wire at top (Required if located within 1000 feet of a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church)					
Institution or church) If your foot height, four strands of barbed wire evenly spaced between one and four feet					
Alternate. Please specify					
7.					
Netting: Subsection E of 19.15.17.11 NMAC (Applies to permanent pits and permanent open top tanks)					
Screen Netting Other					
Monthly inspections (If netting or screening is not physically feasible)					
8. Signs: Subsection C of 19.15.17.11 NMAC					
12"x 24", 2" lettering, providing Operator's name, site location, and emergency telephone numbers					
☑ Signed in compliance with 19.15.3.103 NMAC					
Administrative Approvals and Exceptions:					
Justifications and/or demonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15.17 NMAC for guidance. Please check a box if one or more of the following is requested, if not leave blank:					
Administrative approval(s): Requests must be submitted to the appropriate division district or the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau consideration of approval. Fencing-Hogwire	office for				
Exception(s): Requests must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval.					
10.					
Siting Criteria (regarding permitting): 19.15.17.10 NMAC Instructions: The applicant must demonstrate compliance for each siting criteria below in the application. Recommendations of acceptance of the complex of the	otable source				
material are provided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteria may require administrative approval from the appro-	priate district				
office or may be considered an exception which must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval. Applicant must attach justification for request. Please refer to 19.15.17.10 NMAC for guidance. Siting criteria does not apply to drying pads or					
above-grade tanks associated with a closed-loop system.					
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the temporary pit, permanent pit, or below-grade tank. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; USGS; Data obtained from nearby wells	☐ Yes ☐ No				
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet of any other significant watercourse or lakebed, sinkhole, or playa lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark).	☐ Yes ☐ No				
- Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	I				
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA				
(Applies to temporary, emergency, or cavitation pits and below-grade tanks) - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image	□ NA				
Within 1000 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution, or church in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA				
 (Applies to permanent pits) Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial photo; Satellite image 	LI NA				
Within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well or spring that less than five households use for domestic or stock	☐ Yes ☐ No				
watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application. - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database search; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site					
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municipal fresh water well field covered under a municipal ordinance	☐ Yes ☐ No				
adopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality, Written approval obtained from the municipality					
Within 500 feet of a wetland.					
- US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes ☐ No				
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine. - Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM EMNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes ☐ No				
Within an unstable area.	☐ Yes ☐ No				
- Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bureau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological Society; Topographic map					
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map	☐ Yes ☐ No				

11.
Temporary Pits, Emergency Pits, and Below-grade Tanks Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.
Hydrogeologic Report (Below-grade Tanks) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (4) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Hydrogeologic Data (Temporary and Emergency Pits) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (2) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC
Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
☑ Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC
Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number: or Permit Number:
Closed-loop Systems Permit Application Attachment Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.
Geologic and Hydrogeologic Data (only for on-site closure) - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (3) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations (only for on-site closure) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Design Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
☑ Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC
Closure Plan (Please complete Boxes 14 through 18, if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC
Previously Approved Design (attach copy of design) API Number:
Previously Approved Operating and Maintenance Plan API Number: (Applies only to closed-loop system that use
above ground steel tanks or haul-off bins and propose to implement waste removal for closure)
13.
Permanent Pits Permit Application Checklist: Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the application. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are
attached.
Hydrogeologic Report - based upon the requirements of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.9 NMAC
Siting Criteria Compliance Demonstrations - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC Climatological Factors Assessment
☐ Certified Engineering Design Plans - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Dike Protection and Structural Integrity Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Leak Detection Design - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Liner Specifications and Compatibility Assessment - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Quality Control/Quality Assurance Construction and Installation Plan
Operating and Maintenance Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.12 NMAC
Freeboard and Overtopping Prevention Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC
Nuisance or Hazardous Odors, including H ₂ S, Prevention Plan
☐ Emergency Response Plan ☐ Oil Field Waste Stream Characterization
Monitoring and Inspection Plan
Erosion Control Plan
Closure Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection C of 19.15.17.9 NMAC and 19.15.17.13 NMAC
14.
Proposed Closure: 19.15.17.13 NMAC Instructions: Please complete the applicable boxes, Boxes 14 through 18, in regards to the proposed closure plan.
Type: M Drilling Workover Emergency Cavitation P&A Permanent Pit Below-grade Tank Closed-loop System Alternative
Proposed Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal
Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)
On-site Closure Method (Only for temporary pits and closed-loop systems)
Alternative Closure Method (Exceptions must be submitted to the Santa Fe Environmental Bureau for consideration)
Waste Excavation and Removal Closure Plan Checklist: (19.15, 17.13 NMAC) Instructions: Each of the following items must be attached to the
closure plan. Please indicate, by a check mark in the box, that the documents are attached.
Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
☐ Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number (for liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings)
Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
Re-vegetation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirements of Subsection G of 19.15.17.13 NMAC
in the residuation I that - based upon the appropriate requirements of subsection of 17,13.17.13 MINAC

Waste Removal Closure For Closed-loop Systems That Utilize A Instructions: Please indentify the facility or facilities for the disposal		
facilities are required.	NIMOA	
Disposal Facility Name: Envirotech	Disposal Facility Permit Number: NM01-	
Disposal Facility Name: IEI	Disposal Facility Permit Number:NM01-	0010B
Will any of the proposed closed-loop system operations and associa ☐ Yes (If yes, please provide the information below) ☒ No	ted activities occur on or in areas that will not be used for future ser	vice and operations?
Required for impacted areas which will not be used for future service. Soil Backfill and Cover Design Specifications based upon the appropriate requirement. Site Reclamation Plan - based upon the appropriate requirement.	the appropriate requirements of Subsection H of 19.15.17.13 NMAs of Subsection I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	С
Siting Criteria (regarding on-site closure methods only): 19.15. Instructions: Each siting criteria requires a demonstration of comprovided below. Requests regarding changes to certain siting criteconsidered an exception which must be submitted to the Santa Fedemonstrations of equivalency are required. Please refer to 19.15	npliance in the closure plan. Recommendations of acceptable sout eria may require administrative approval from the appropriate dist Environmental Bureau office for consideration of approval. Just	rict office or may be
Ground water is less than 50 feet below the bottom of the buried water NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database sear		Yes No
Ground water is between 50 and 100 feet below the bottom of the b - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database sear		Yes No
Ground water is more than 100 feet below the bottom of the buried - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database sear		☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
Within 300 feet of a continuously flowing watercourse, or 200 feet lake (measured from the ordinary high-water mark). - Topographic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the properties of the properties of the proper		☐ Yes 🏻 No
Within 300 feet from a permanent residence, school, hospital, institution - Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site; Aerial		☐ Yes 🛛 No
Within 500 horizontal feet of a private, domestic fresh water well of watering purposes, or within 1000 horizontal feet of any other fresh - NM Office of the State Engineer - iWATERS database; Vis	water well or spring, in existence at the time of initial application.	☐ Yes 🏿 No
Within incorporated municipal boundaries or within a defined municadopted pursuant to NMSA 1978, Section 3-27-3, as amended. - Written confirmation or verification from the municipality;		☐ Yes ☒ No
Within 500 feet of a wetland US Fish and Wildlife Wetland Identification map; Topography	phic map; Visual inspection (certification) of the proposed site	☐ Yes 🛛 No
Within the area overlying a subsurface mine Written confirmation or verification or map from the NM E	MNRD-Mining and Mineral Division	☐ Yes 🛛 No
Within an unstable area. - Engineering measures incorporated into the design; NM Bu Society; Topographic map	reau of Geology & Mineral Resources; USGS; NM Geological	☐ Yes 🏿 No
Within a 100-year floodplain FEMA map		☐ Yes 🛛 No
18. On Site Cleanus Plan Checklists (10.15.17.12 NIMAC) Instruction	no. Each of the following itoms must be established to the alcount	lan Dlagga indicate
 \omega Construction/Design Plan of Temporary Pit (for in-place buring Protocols and Procedures - based upon the appropriate required Confirmation Sampling Plan (if applicable) - based upon the Waste Material Sampling Plan - based upon the appropriate region. 	appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.10 NMAC requirements of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC sed upon the appropriate requirements of 19.15.17.11 NMAC al of a drying pad) - based upon the appropriate requirements of 19.ements of 19.15.17.13 NMAC appropriate requirements of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC equirements of Subsection F of 19.15.17.13 NMAC ing fluids and drill cuttings or in case on-site closure standards cannof Subsection I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC sof Subsection I of 19.15.17.13 NMAC	15.17.11 NMAC

Operator Application Certification: I hereby certify that the information submitted with this application Name (Print): Malia Villers	is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. Title: Permitting Tech.
Signature: Malia Vullaca	Date: October 5, 2009
e-mail address: malia_villers@xtoenergy.com	Telephone: (505) 333-3100
OCD Approval: Permit Application (including closure plan)	Closure Plan (only) OCD Conditions (see attachment)
OCD Representative Signature:	Approval Date: /0/19/09
Title: Euvino/spec	OCD Permit Number:
	re plan prior to implementing any closure activities and submitting the closure report. in 60 days of the completion of the closure activities. Please do not complete this
22. Closure Method: Waste Excavation and Removal On-Site Closure Method If different from approved plan, please explain.	☐ Alternative Closure Method ☐ Waste Removal (Closed-loop systems only)
23. Closure Report Regarding Waste Removal Closure For Closed-Instructions: Please indentify the facility or facilities for where the two facilities were utilized.	loop Systems That Utilize Above Ground Steel Tanks or Haul-off Bins Only: ne liquids, drilling fluids and drill cuttings were disposed. Use attachment if more than
Disposal Facility Name:	·
Disposal Facility Name:	Disposal Facility Permit Number:
Were the closed-loop system operations and associated activities pe	rformed on or in areas that will not be used for future service and operations? w) \(\subseteq \text{No} \)
Required for impacted areas which will not be used for future service. Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation) Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique	ce and operations:
mark in the box, that the documents are attached. Proof of Closure Notice (surface owner and division) Proof of Deed Notice (required for on-site closure) Plot Plan (for on-site closures and temporary pits) Confirmation Sampling Analytical Results (if applicable) Waste Material Sampling Analytical Results (required for on Disposal Facility Name and Permit Number Soil Backfilling and Cover Installation Re-vegetation Application Rates and Seeding Technique Site Reclamation (Photo Documentation)	
On-site Closure Location: Latitude	Longitude NAD:
	this closure report is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and osure requirements and conditions specified in the approved closure plan.
Name (Print):	Title:
Signature:	Date:
e-mail address:	Telephone:



Pit Permit Siting Criteria Information Sheet

Client:	XTO Energy	
Project:	Pit Permits	
Revised:	8/3/2009	
Prepared by:	Brooke Herb	

V	Information Shee	t Prepared by:	Brooke Herb
API#:[NA	USPLSS:	T25N, R10W, S27P
Name:	Boxer #2E	Lat/Long:	36.367272, -107.877279
Depth to groundwater:	> 100'	Geologic formation:	Nacimiento Formation
Distance to closest continuously flowing watercourse:	22.73 miles south of the San Juan River	•	
Distance to closest significant watercourse, lakebed, playa lake, or sinkhole:	2766' W of Gallegs Canyon; 2146' E of first order tributary to Gallegos Canyon; 1179' NW of first order tributary to Gallegos Canyon		
•		Soil Type:	Entisols
Permanent residence, school, hospital, institution or church within 300'	NO		
r		Annual Precipitation:	8.21" - Farmington; 10.41"-Otis; 8.71" - Bloomfield
Domestic fresh water rell or spring within 500'	NO	Precipitation Notes:	Historical Daily Max 4.19" (Bloomfield)
Any other fresh water well or spring within 1000'	NO		
Within incorporated municipal boundaries	NO	Attached Documents:	Site Visit Survey Hydrogeologic Report Topographic Map
/ithin defined municipal fresh water well field	NO		Aerial Photo Mines, Mills and Quarries Map FEMA Flood Zone Map
Wetland within 500'	NO	Mining Activity:	8.70 miles SW of De Aragon
Within unstable area	NO		
Within 100 year flood plain	NO		
Additional Notes:			

DISTRICT I

1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, N.M. 88240

State of New Mexico
Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department

Form C-102 Revised October 12, 2005

DISTRICT II

1301 W. Grand Avenue, Artesia, N.M. 88210

OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, N.M. 87505

Submit to Appropriate District Office State Lease - 4 Copies

DISTRICT III 1000 Rio Brazos Rd., Aztec, N.M. 87410 DISTRICT IV

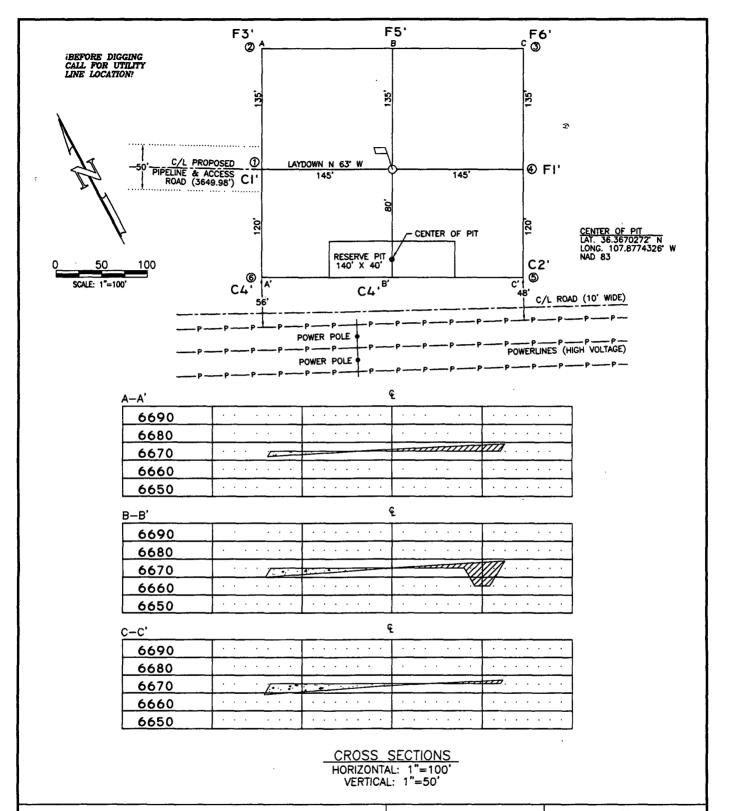
1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, N.M. 87505

Fee Lease - 3 Copies

☐ AMENDED REPORT

WELL LOCATION AND ACREAGE DEDICATION PLAT												
¹ API	Number	Pool Code Pool Name DAKOTA / MANCOS										
Property C	ode				⁰ Prope	erty	Name				•	Well Number
					BO	IXC	ER					2E
OGRID N	io.				•		Name GY, INC.					^e Elevation 6675
					10 Surfa	ce	Location					
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from t	he	North/South line	Feet	from the	East/West li	ne	County
P	27	25 N	10 W		900		SOUTH		660	EAST		SAN JUAN
			11 Botto	m Hole	Location	n I	f Different Fro	om S	Surface			
UL or lot no.	Section	Township	Range	Lot Idn	Feet from t	he	North/South line	Feet	from the	East/West li	ne	County
			ŧ									
12 Dedicated Acre	:5	is Joi	nt or Infill		14 Consolidati	on C	code	15 Ord	er No.	<u> </u>		
S 1/2,	320 AC	±										
NO ALLOW	ABLE W						ON UNTIL ALL				N	CONSOLIDATED
r		OR A NO	ON-STAI	IDARD U	JNIT HAS	BE	EN APPROVED	BY	THE DI	VISION		
16 N 89°56	5'55° E	2637.	.02'	N 89	°54'20" E		2639.36'		17 OF	PERATOR	CE	RTIFICATION
2640.01'					1			2642.37	rue and comp nd that this r unleased m roposed botton vell at this lo numer of such cluntary pools	ilete to the best organization eith ineral interest in hole location ocation pursuant a mineral or we	of my er ou i the ir has to a orking	n contained herein is y knowledge and betief, ms a working interest land including the s a right to drill this contract with an y interest, or to a impulsory pooling order
 				+		-						

16	N 89°56'55* E	2637.02'	N 89°54'20" E	2639.36'	17 OPERATOR CERTIFICATION
.10.0792				26.2.37	I hereby certify that the information contained herein is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that this organization either owns a working interest
N 0°02'07" E		SECT	ION 27	M .17.6000 0	Signature Date Printed Name
2638.59'				24.4 64.	3/17/08
3 .67.10.0 N	S 89°59'51" W	2639 29'	LAT: 36.36; LONG: 107.877		684E



LEASE: BOXER 2E	
FOOTAGE: 900' FSL, 660' FEL	
SEC. 27 TWN: 25 N RNG: 10 W N.M.P.M.	ı
LAT: N 36.367272° LONG: W 107.877279° (NAD 83)	S
ELEVATION: 6675	C





)	SURVEYED: 3/17/08	REV. DATE: 9/25/09	APP. BY M.W.L.
	DRAWN BY: L.B.	DATE DRAWN: 3/28/08	FILE NAME: 8373C01

Boxer #2E Below Ground Tank Hydrogeologic Report for Siting Criteria

General Geology and Hydrology

The San Juan Basin is a typical Rocky Mountain basin with a gently dipping southern flank and a steeply dipping northern flank. Asymmetrically layered Tertiary sandstones and shales, along with Quaternary alluvial deposits, dominate surficial geology (Dane and Bachman, 1965). The proposed pit location will be located in the Bisti region of the San Juan Basin. The predominant geologic formation is the Nacimiento Formation of Tertiary age, which underlies surface soils and is often exposed (Dane and Bachman, 1965). Deposits of Quaternary alluvial and aeolian sands occur prominently near the surface of the area, especially near streams and washes.

Cretaceous and Tertiary sandstones, as well as Quaternary alluvial deposits serve as the primary aquifers in the San Juan basin (Stone et al., 1983). In most of the proposed area, the Nacimiento Formation lies at the surface and grades into the Animas Formation to the west. Thickness of the Nacimiento ranges from 418 to 2232 feet (Stone et al., 1983). Aquifers within the coarser and continuous sandstone bodies of the Nacimiento Formation are between 0 and 1000' deep in this section of the basin (Stone et al., 1983). Groundwater within these aquifers flows toward the San Juan River.

The prominent soil type at the proposed site are entisols and aridisols, which are defined as soils that exhibit little to no any profile development (www.emnrd.state.nm.us). Soils are basically unaltered from their parent rock. Miles of arroyos, washes and intermittent streams exist as part of the drainage network towards the San Juan River. These features often cut into soil and other unconsolidated materials, contributing to sedimentation downstream. The sudden influx of water from storm events easily erodes the soils that cover the area.

The climate of the region is arid, averaging just over 8 inches of rainfall annually. As is typical of the southwestern United States monsoonal weather patterns, most precipitation falls from August through October. The heaviest rainfall occurs in the summer in isolated, intense cloudbursts. November through June is relatively dry. Snow generally falls from December to mid-February and averages less than one-half inch in depth. However, most recharge occurs during the winter months during snowmelt periods from the upper elevations (Western Regional Climate Center www.wrcc.dri.edu).

The predominant vegetation is sagebrush and grasses with a more restricted pinon-juniper association (Dick-Peddie, 1993).

Site Specific Hydrogeology

Depth to groundwater is estimated to be greater than 100 feet. This estimation is based on data from Stone and others (1983), the USGS Groundwater Atlas of the United States

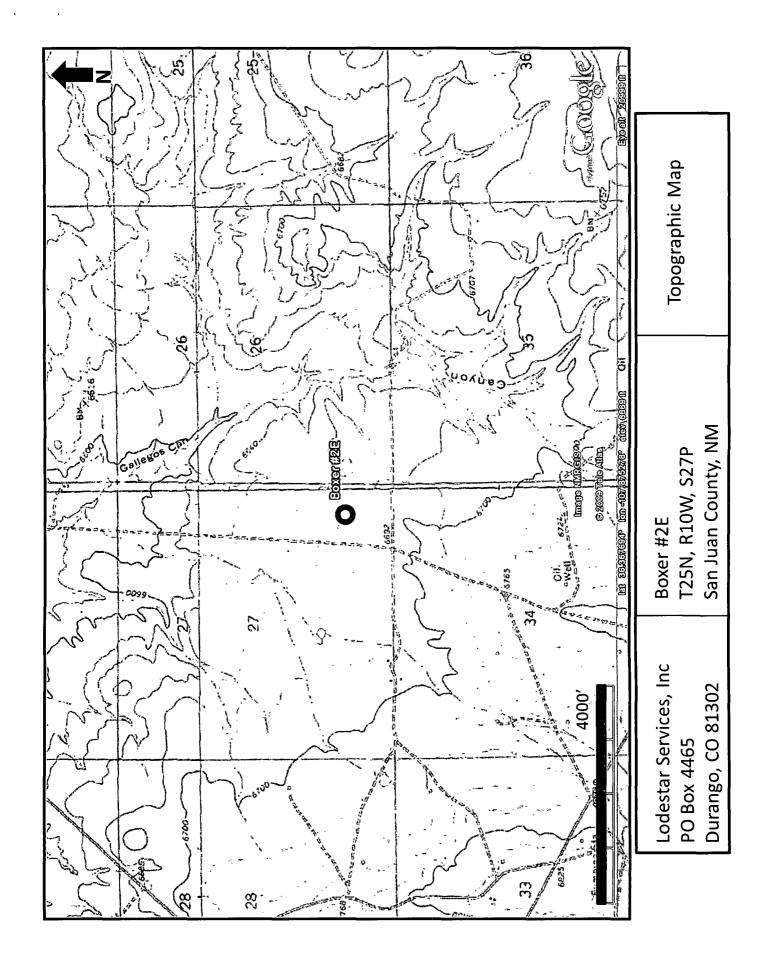
and depth to groundwater data published on the New Mexico State Engineer's iWaters Database website. Local topography and proximity to surface hydrologic features are also taken into consideration.

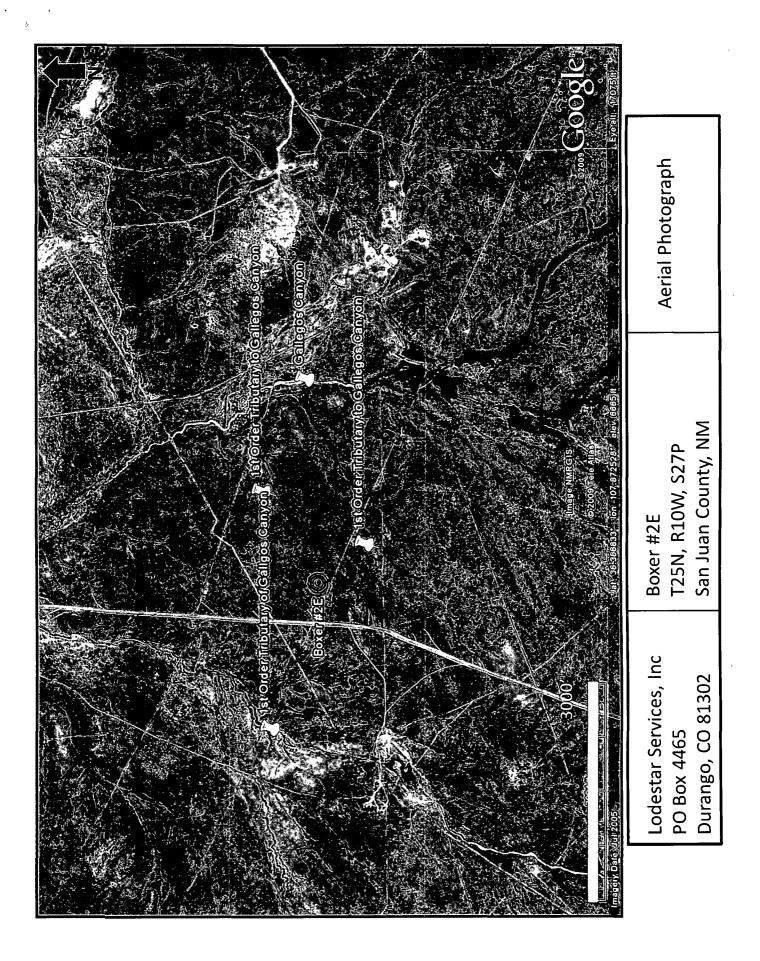
Beds of water-yielding sandstone are present in the Nacimiento Formation, which are fluvial in origin and are interbedded with siltstone, shale and coal. Porous sandstones form the principal aquifers, while relatively impermeable shales form confining units between the aquifers (Stone et al., 1983). Local aquifers exist within the Nacimiento Formation at depths greater than 100 feet and thicknesses of the aquifer can be up to 3500 feet (USGS, Groundwater Atlas of the US).

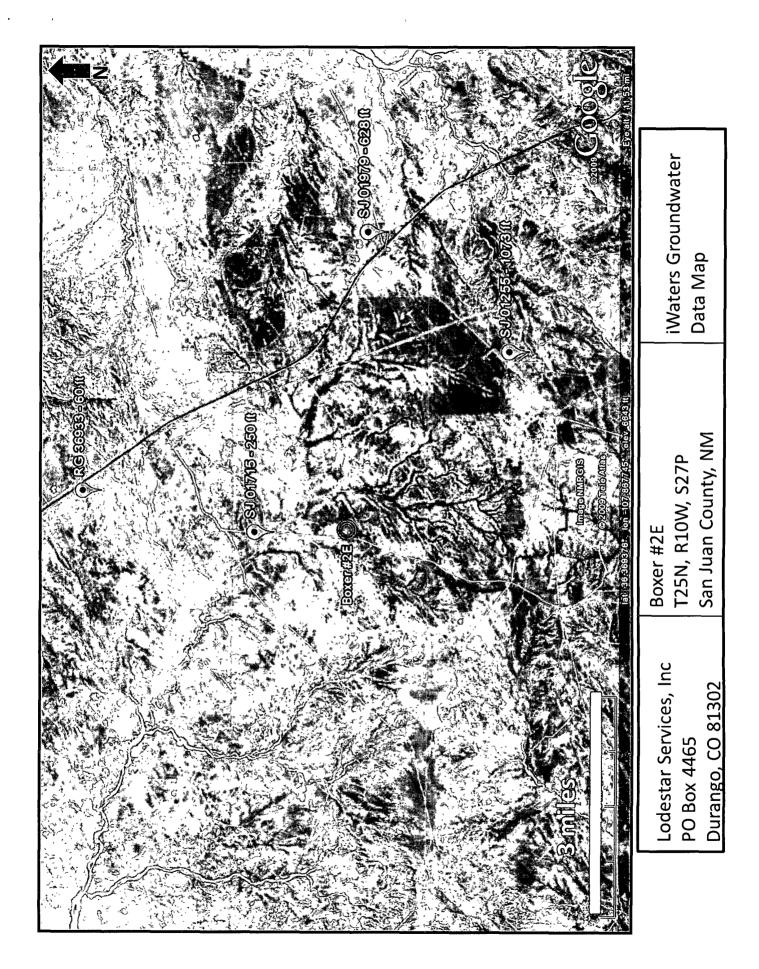
The site in question is located on the relatively flat mesa top at an elevation of approximately 6682 feet and is approximately 2766 feet west of Gallegos Canyon. Broad shalely hills are interspersed with occasional sandstone outcrops, and systems of dry washes and their tributaries are evident on the attached aerial image.

Lined channels associated with the Navajo Irrigation Project supply water for the fields surrounding the proposed site, which are characterized by center-pivot irrigation patterns. During spring and summer, irrigation practices often produces shallow perched aquifers that are not defined in published literature. These shallow zones of water are not continuous and are not saturated year round.

Groundwater data available from the NM State Engineer's iWaters Database for wells near the proposed site are attached. The closest well to the site is located 5075 feet to the north and is 75 feet lower in elevation. Depth to groundwater within the well is 250 feet below ground surface. A map showing the location of wells in reference to the proposed pit location is attached. Data from existing groundwater wells and a sufficient distance between the proposed location and Gallegos Canyon suggest groundwater is greater than 100 feet at this site.







New Mexico Office of the State Engineer POD Reports and Downloads

AVERAGE DEPTH OF WATER REPORT 11/11/2008

							(Depth)	Water in	Feet)
Bsn	Tws	Rng Sec	Zone	x	Y	Wells	Min	Max	Avg
SJ	25N	09 W 32				1	628	628	628

New Mexico Office of the State Engineer POD Reports and Downloads

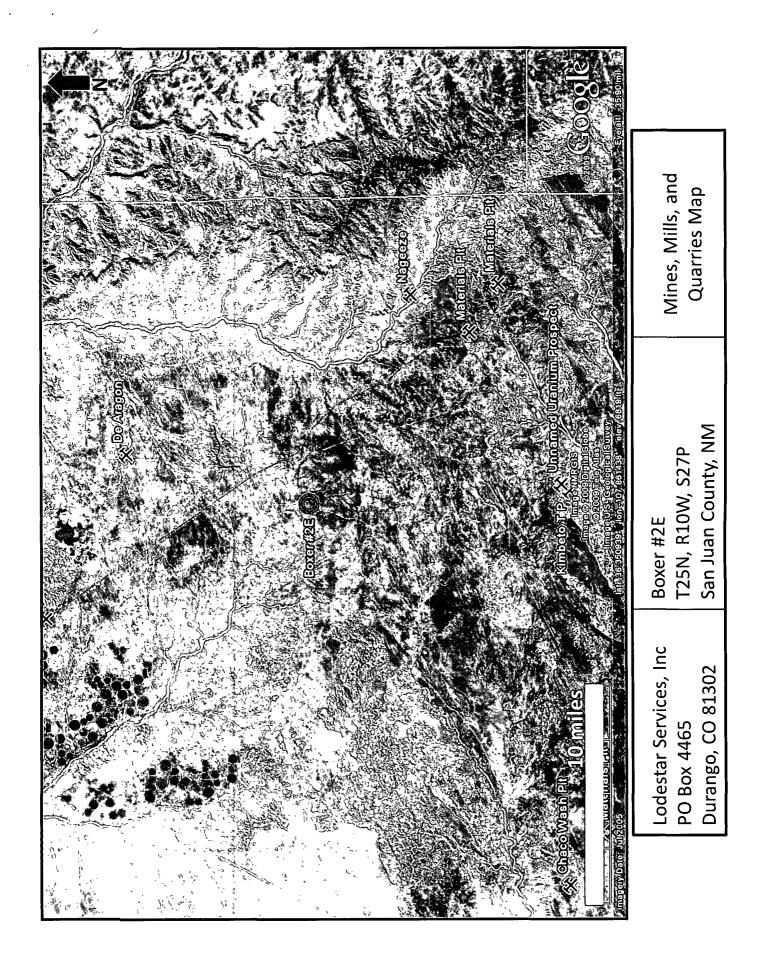
AVERAGE DEPTH OF WATER REPORT 11/11/2008

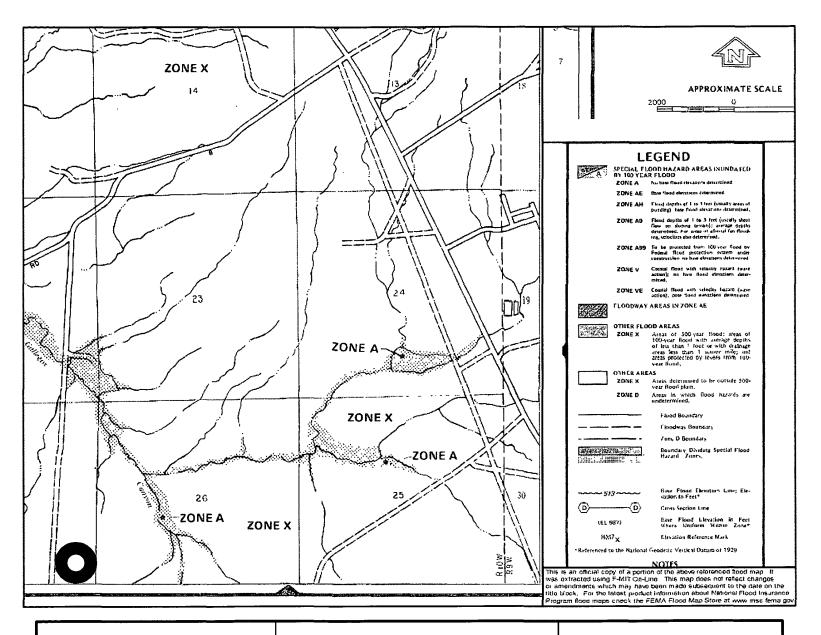
							(Depth)	Water in	Feet)
Bsn	Tws	Rng Sec	Zone	x	Y	Wells	Min	Max	Avg
RG	25N	10W 11				1	60	60	60
SJ	25N	10W 22				1	250	250	250

New Mexico Office of the State Engineer POD Reports and Downloads

AVERAGE DEPTH OF WATER REPORT 11/11/2008

							(Depth	Water in	Feet)
Bsn	Tws	Rng Sec	Zone	x	Y	Wells	Min	Max	Avg
SJ	24N	097 07				1	1073	1073	1073
SJ	24N	09W 27				1	515	515	515





Lodestar Services, Inc PO Box 4465 Durango, CO 81302 Boxer #2E T25N, R10W, S27P San Juan County, NM

FEMA Flood Zone Map

Malia Villers/FAR/CTOC

To Jeffrey Henry,

10/05/2009 01:29 PM

CC

bcc

Subject Notice - Boxer #2E Well Site

RE:

Boxer #2E Gas Well

Sec. 27 (P) - T25N - R10W, San Juan County

Dear Mr. Henry,

This submittal is pursuant to Rule 19.15.17.13 requiring operators to notify surface owners of on site burial of temporary pits. XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) is hereby providing written documentation of our proposal to close the temporary pit associated with the aforementioned location by means of in place on site burial.

Should you have any questions or require additional information please feel free to contact me at your earliest convenience (505) 333-3698.

Malia Villers
Permitting Tech.

XTO Energy, Inc.
San Juan Division
382 Road 3100
Aztec, NM 87410

Direct: 505/333-3698 Fax: 505/333-3281

malia_villers@xtoenergy.com

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin Pit Design and Construction Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.11 NMAC the following information describes the design and construction of temporary pits on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

- 1. XTO will design and construct a temporary pit to contain liquids and solids and prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public heath and environment.
- 2. Prior to constructing the pit, topsoil will be stockpiled in the construction zone for later use in restoration.
- 3. XTO will post a well sign, in compliance with 19.15.3.103 NMAC, on the well site prior to construction of the temporary pit. The sign will list the Operator on record as the operator, the location of the well site by unit letter, section, township, range, and emergency telephone numbers.
- 4. XTO shall construct all new fences utilizing 48" steel mesh field-fence (hogwire) on the bottom with a single strand of barbed wire on top. T-posts shall be installed every 12 feet and corners shall be anchored utilizing a secondary T-post. Temporary pits will be fenced at all times excluding drilling or workover operations, when the front side of the fence will be temporarily removed for operational purposes.
- 5. XTO shall construct the temporary pit so that the foundation and interior slopes are firm and free of rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities to prevent liner failure.
- XTO shall construct the pit so that the slopes are no steeper than two horizontal feet to one vertical foot.
- 7. Pit walls will be walked down by a crawler type tractor following construction.
- 8. All temporary pits will be lined with a 20-mil, string reinforced, LLDPE liner, complying with EPA SW-846 method 9090A requirements.
- 9. Geotextile will be installed beneath the liner when rocks, debris, sharp edges or irregularities cannot be avoided.
- 10. All liners will be anchored in the bottom of a compacted earth-filled trench at least 18 inches deep.
- 11. XTO will minimize liner seams and orient them up and down, not across a slope. Factory seams will be used when possible. XTO will ensure all field seams are welded by qualified personnel. Field seams will be overlapped four to six inches and will be oriented parallel to the line of maximum slope. XTO will minimize the number of field seams in corners and irregularly shaped areas.
- 12. The liner shall be protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage through the use of mud pit slides, or a manifold system.
- 13. The pit shall be protected from run-off by constructing and maintaining diversion ditches around the location or around the perimeter of the pit in some areas.
- 14. The volume of the pit shall not exceed 10 acre-feet, including freeboard.

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin Maintenance and Operating Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.12 NMAC the following information describes the operation and maintenance of temporary pits on XTO Energy Inc. locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

- 1. XTO will operate and maintain a temporary pit to contain liquids and solids and prevent contamination of fresh water and protect public health and environment.
- 2. XTO will conserve drilling fluids by transmitting liquids to pits ahead of the rigs whenever possible. All drilling fluids will be disposed at Basin Disposal Inc, Permit # NM-01-005.
- 3. XTO will not discharge or store any hazardous waste in any temporary pit.
- 4. If any pit liner integrity is compromised, or if any penetration of the liner occurs above the liquid surface, then XTO shall notify the Aztec Division office by phone or email within 48 hours of the discovery and repair the damage or replace the liner.
- 5. If a leak develops below the liquid level, XTO shall remove all liquids above the damaged liner within 48 hours and repair the damage or replace the liner. XTO shall notify the Aztec Division office by phone or email within 48 hours of the discovery for leaks less than 25 barrels. XTO shall notify the Aztec Division office as required pursuant to Subsection B of 19.15.3.116 NMAC within twenty-four (24) hours of discovery of leaks greater than 25 barrels. In addition, immediate verbal notification pursuant to Subsection B, Paragraph (1), and Subparagraph (d) of 19 15 3 116 NMAC shall be reported to the division's Environmental Bureau Chief.
- 6. The liner shall be protected from any fluid force or mechanical damage through the use of mud pits slides, or a manifold system.
- 7. The pit shall be protected from run off by constructing and maintaining diversion ditches around the location or around the perimeter of the pit in some cases.
- 8. XTO shall immediately remove any visible layer of oil from the surface of the temporary pit after cessation of a drilling or workover operation. Oil absorbent booms will be utilized to contain and remove oil from pits surface. An oil absorbent boom will be stored on-site until closure of pit.
- 9. Only fluids generated during the drilling or workover process will be discharged into a temporary pit.
- 10. XTO will maintain the temporary pit free of miscellaneous solid waste or debris.
- 11. During drilling or workover operations, XTO will inspect the temporary pit at least once daily to ensure compliance with this plan. Inspections will be logged and logs maintained for review.

 XTO will file this log with the Aztec Division office upon closure of the pit.
- 12. After drilling or workover operations, XTO will inspect the temporary pit weekly so long as liquids remain in the temporary pit. A log of the inspections will be stored at XTO's office electronically and will be filed with the Aztec Division office upon closure of the pit.
- 13. XTO shall maintain at least two feet of freeboard for a temporary pit.
- 14. XTO shall remove all free liquids from a temporary pit within 30 days from the date the operator releases the drilling or workover rig.

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin Closure Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.13 NMAC the following information describes the closure requirements of temporary pits on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all temporary pits. A separate plan will be submitted for any temporary pit which does not conform to this plan.

All closure activities will include proper documentation and be available for review upon request and will be submitted to OCD within 60 days of pit closure. Closure report will be filed on C-144 and incorporate the following:

- Details on Capping and Covering, where applicable.
- Plot Plan (Pit Diagram)
- Inspection Reports
- Sampling Results
- C-105
- Copy of Deed Notice will be filed with County Clerk

General Plan:

- 1. All free standing liquids will be removed at the start of the pit closure process from the pit and disposed of in a division-approved facility or recycled, reused, or reclaimed in a manner that the Aztec Division office approves.
- 2. The preferred method of closure for all temporary pits will be on-site, in-place burial, assuming that all criteria listed in sub-section (B) of 19.15.17.13 are met.
- 3. The surface owner shall be notified of XTO proposed closure plan using a means that provides proof of notice i.e., Certified mail, return receipt requested.
- 4. Within 6 months of the Rig Off status occurring XTO will ensure that temporary pits are closed, re-contoured, and reseeded.
- 5. Notice of Closure will be given to the Aztec Division office between 72 hours and one week of closure via email, or verbally. The notification of closure will include the following:
 - i. Operators Name
 - ii. Location by Unit Letter, Section, Township, and Range. Well name and API number.
- 6. Liner of temporary pit shall be removed above "mud level" after stabilization. Removal of liner will consist of manually or mechanically cutting liner at mud level and removing all remaining liner. Care will be taken to remove "ALL" of the liner i.e., edges of liner entrenched or buried. All excessive liver will be disposed of at a licensed disposal facility.
- 7. Pit contents shall be mixed with non-waste containing, earthen material in order to achieve appropriate solidification. The solidification process will be accomplished using a combination of natural drying and mechanically mixing. Pit contents will be mixed with non-waste, earthen material to a consistency that is deemed a safe and stable. The mixing ratio shall not exceed 3 parts clean soil to 1 part pit contents.
- 8. A five point composite sample will be taken of the pit using sampling tools and all samples tested per Subsection B of 19.15.17.13(B)(1)(b). In the event that the criteria are not met, all contents will be handled per Subparagraph (a) of Paragraph (1) of Subsection B of 19.15.17.13 i.e., Dig and haul. Disposal facility to be utilized should this method be required will be Envirotech, Permit No. NM01-0011 or IEI, Permit No. NM01-0010B.

Components	Test Method	Limit (mg/Kg)
Benzene	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	0.2
BTEX	EPA SW-846 8021B or 8260B	50
TPH	EPA SW-846 418.1	2500
GRO/DRO	EPA SW-846 8015M	500
Chlorides	EPA 300.1	500 or background

- 9. Upon completion of solidification and testing, the pit area will be backfield with compacted, non-waste containing, earthen material. A minimum of four feet of cover shall be achieved and the cover shall include one foot of suitable material to establish vegetation at the site, or the background thickness of topsoil, whichever is greater.
- 10. Re-contouring of location will match fit, shape, line, form and texture of the surrounding area. Re-shaping will include drainage control, ponding prevention, and erosion prevention. Natural drainages will be unimpeded and water bars and/or silt traps will be placed in areas where needed to prevent erosion on a large scale. Final re-contour shall have a uniform appearance with smooth surface, fitting the natural landscape.
- 11. Notification will be sent to OCD when the reclaimed area is seeded.
- 12. XTO shall seed the disturbed areas the first growing season after the operator closes the pit. Seeding will be accomplished via drilling on the contour whenever practical or by other division-approved methods. BLM of Forest Service stipulated seed mixes will be used on Federal Lands. Vegetative cover will equal 70% of the native perennial vegetative cover (un-impacted) consisting of at least three native plant species, including at least one grass, but not including noxious weeds, and maintain that cover through two successive growing seasons. Repeat seeding or planting will be continued until successful vegetative growth occurs.
- 13. The temporary pit will be located with a steel marker, no less than four inches in diameter, cemented in a hole three feet deep in the center of the onsite burial upon the abandonment of all the wells on the pad. The marker will be flush with the ground to allow access of the active well pad and for safety concerns. The marker will include a threaded collar to be used for future abandonment. The top of the marker will contain a welded steel 12" square plate that indicates the onsite burial of the temporary pit. The plate will be easily removable and a four foot tall riser will be threaded into the top of the collar marker and welded around the base with the operator's information at the time all wells on the pad are abandoned. The operator's information will include the following: Operators Name, Lease Name, Well Name and Number, Unit Number, Section, Township, Range and an indicator that the marker is an onsite burial location.

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin Closed-Loop System Design and Construction Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.11 NMAC the following information describes the design and construction of closed-loop systems on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all closed-loop systems. A separate plan will be submitted for any closed-loop system which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

Our closed-loop system will not entail a drying pad, temporary pit, below grade tank or sump. It will entail an above ground tank suitable for holding the cuttings and fluids for rig operations. The tank will be of sufficient volume to maintain a safe free board between disposal of the liquids and solids from rig operations.

- 1. Fencing is not required for an above ground closed-loop system.
- 2. It will be signed in compliance with 19.15.3.103 NMAC.

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin Closed-Loop Systems Maintenance and Operating Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.11 NMAC the following information describes the operation and maintenance of closed-loop systems on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all closed-loop systems. A separate plan will be submitted for any closed-loop system which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

The closed-loop tank will be operated and maintained; to contain liquids and solids, to aid in the prevention of contamination of fresh water sources, in order to protect public health and the environment. To attain the goal the following steps will be followed:

- 1. The liquids will be vacuumed out and disposed of at the Basin Disposal, Inc. facility (Permit Number NM01-005). An alternative if available for liquids disposal, will be to move the liquids forward to a XTO temporary pit constructed in accordance with all specifications in NMAC Rule 19.15.17 for a well yet to be drilled. All specifications, limitations, and rules within the New Mexico Administrative Code regulating this transfer of liquids will be strictly adhered to. As a third alternative, if Basin Disposal turns away the fluids because of capacity reasons, and the second transfer option is not available, XTO may elect to haul fluids to IEI (Permit Number NM01-0010B) for final disposition.
- 2. Solids in the closed-loop tank will be vacuumed out and disposed of at Envirotech (Permit Number NM01-0011) or IEI (Permit Number NM01-0010B) on a periodic basis to prevent over topping.
- 3. No hazardous waste, miscellaneous solids, waste, or debris will be discharged into, or stored in the tank. Only fluids or cutting used or generated by rig operations will be placed or stored in the tank.
- 4. The division district office will be notified within 48 hours of the discovery of compromised integrity of the closed-loop tank. Upon discovery of the compromised tank, repairs will be enacted immediately.
- 5. All of the above operations will inspected and a log will be signed and dated daily during rig operations.

XTO Energy Inc. San Juan Basin Closed-Loop System Closure Plan

In accordance with Rule 19.15.17.11 NMAC the following information describes the closure requirements of closed-loop systems on XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) locations. This is XTO's standard procedure for all closed-loop systems. A separate plan will be submitted for any closed-loop system which does not conform to this plan.

General Plan

XTO will close a drying pad used for a closed-loop system within six months from the date that XTO released the drilling or workover rig. XTO will not the date of the drilling or workover rig's release on form C-105 or C-103, riled with the division, upon the well's or workover's completion.

The closed-loop tank will be closed in accordance with 19.15.17.13 NMAC. This will be done by transporting cuttings and all remaining sludges to Envirotech (Permit Number NM01-0011) or IEI (Permit Number NM01-0010B) immediately following rig operations.

All remaining liquids will be transported and disposed of at the Basin Disposal, Inc facility (Permit Number NM 01-005). As an alternative (in the event Basin Disposal refused liquids because of capacity considerations, and if proper inventory space is available for liquids transfer while meeting free board requirements), the liquids will be moved forward to a XTO temporary pit constructed in accordance with all specifications in NMAC Rule 19.15.17 for a well yet to be drilled. All specifications, limitations, and rules within the New Mexico Administrative Codes regulating this transfer of liquids will be strictly adhered to. As a third alternative, if Basin Disposal turns away the fluids because of capacity reasons, and the second transfer option is not available, XTO may elect to haul the fluids to IEI (Permit Number 01-0010B) for final disposition.

The tanks will be removed from the location as part of the rig move. At the time of well abandonment the site will be reclaimed and re-vegetated to pre-existing conditions when possible.