OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

P.O. Box 2088 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2088



PIT REMEDIATION AND CLOSURE REPORT

OIL CON. DIV.

Operator:

Phillips Petroleum (Williams Field Services)

Telephone: (801) 584-6361

Address:

P.O. Box 58900, Salt Lake City, Utah 84158-0900

WellName:

SJ 29-5 UNIT #36

(86040)

Location:

Unit or Qtr/Qtr Sec X Sec 33 T 29N R 5W County Rio Arriba

PitType:

Dehydrator

LandType:

Fee

Pit Location: Pit dimensions: length 19ft., width 19ft., depth 13ft.

(Attach diagram)

Reference: Wellhead

Footage from reference:

108 ft.

Direction from reference:

316 Degrees East of North

Depth To Ground Water:

(Vertical distance from contaminants to seasonal high water elevation of ground water)

50 feet to 99 feet Greater than 100 feet

Less than 50 feet

(10 points)

(20 points)

(0 points) 10

Wellhead Protection Area:

(Less than 200 feet from a private domestic water source, or; less than 1000 feet from all other water sources) Yes (20 points)

No (0 points)

Distance To Surface Water:

(Horizontal distance to perennial lakes, ponds, rivers, streams, creeks, irrigation canals and ditches)

Less than 200 feet (20

points)

200 feet to 1,000 feet (10

Ranking Score (TOTAL POINTS):

10

0

0

Date Remediation Started: 11/8/96

Date Completed: 11/18/96

Remediation Method: Excavation 🗹

Approx. Cubic Yard 180

(check all appropriate

sections)

Landfarmed V

Insitu Bioremediation

Other

Landfarmed soil after mechanical aeration.

Remediation Location:

Onsite & Offsite

(ie. landfarmed onsite, name and location of offsite facility)

General Description Of Remedial Action:

The pit was excavated to remove gross petroleum contamination. The excavated material was mechanically aerated and placed into an onsite landfarm. Returned to site 4/6/99 and utilized hydraulic probe to collect sample at 24-26'. TPH: 203 HS: 104

Ground Water Encountered:

No

Final Pit:

Closure Sampling:

(if multiple samples, attach sample results and diagram of sample locations and depths)

Sample location SJ 29-5 #36 EX-V-01

A composite sample, made up of 4 points from each excavation face, was collected..

Sample depth Up to 13 feet.

Sample date 11/12/96 Sample time 10:50

Sample Result

Benzene (ppm) < 0.59

Total BTEX (ppm) 98.3

Field Headspace (ppm)

TPH (ppm) 375

Ground Water Sample:

No

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE INFORMATION ABOVE IS TRUE AND COMPLETE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF

9-20-99 DATE

SIGNATURE W/L FOR WES PRINTED NAME AND TITLE

MARK HARVEY

PROJECT COORDINATOR



Environmental Services P.O. Box 58900 Salt Lake City, UT 84158-0900

Pit Closure and Retirement Addendum- Risk Assessment

The sample analyzed for confirmation at this site exhibited slightly elevated levels of xylene. Xylene toxicity information indicates that such low levels (<200 ppm) pose very low risk to human health and the environment. This conclusion is based in part on the information below:

Toxicity Information

Xylene is a colorless liquid with a strong, sweetish aromatic odor. Studies have indicated that it is neither a carcinogen or mutagen. Bio-accumulation of xylene is limited due to the fact that it is rapidly metabolized and eliminated from the body in urine within a few hours. Rats and dogs exposed to xylene vapor for 13 weeks at 180 - 810 ppm showed no adverse effects related to dose or treatment. (1)

Environmental Effects

Xylene released to soil will volatilize and leach into the ground where it will degrade 70% under aerobic conditions in approximately 10 days or under anaerobic (six months before degradation starts) denitrifying conditions.(2) If released to surface water, the half life of xylene is approximately 1-5 days with the main attenuation process being volatilization.

When released to the atmosphere, xylene may degrade by reactions with hydroxyl radicals which are produced photochemically. As a result of this reaction, xylene has been determined to have a half life of 1.5 hours in summer and 15 hours in winter.(2)

EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, has evaluated mixed xylenes for chronic toxicity in order to determine a hazard ranking under Section 112(g) of the Clean Air Act Amendments and assigned a composite score of 8. The scores are based on the minimal effect-dose and a rating on the type of effect. Scores range from 1 to 100, with 100 representing the most toxic. (3)

Based on an evaluation of topography, this site is believed to have ground water greater than 75' below ground surface. Due to the immobility of xylene through soil and a lack of continuous transporting mechanisms, it is very likely that the residual xylene remaining in the pit will degrade in the short term under existing conditions, or certainly during the life of the producing well. Granular fertilizer has been added to the soil in order to facilitate further degradation. Observations and data collected from other sites suggests that the concentration of xylene would diminish vertically and likely be less than 10 ppm within the next 1-5 feet of soil depth.

Since there are no nearby receptors or domestic water sources, this site poses little risk to human health and the environment. Closure is justified based on the relatively low total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) concentration and the fact that benzene, toluene, and ethylbenzene meet applicable closure criteria.

- (1) Canadian Department of Occupational Health and Database, CCINFO Xylene 1991.
- (2) Handbook of Environmental Fate and Exposure Data for Organic Chemicals, Vol 1, Large Production and Priority Pollutants, Philip H. Howard. Lewis Pub. 1989.
- (3) USEPA. Technical Background Document to Support Rulemaking Pursuant to the Clean air Act Section 112(g). Ranking of Pollutants with Respect to Hazard to Human Health. EPAB450/3-92-010. Emissions Standards Division, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC. 1994.

PIT RET	TREMENT FORM
ite: 1/-8-96	Weather SUNNY 150F
III Name 55 29-5 #36 Operator Phice	LIPS PETROLEUM SOC 33 T29 J R 54 UL
nd Type: BLM STATE FEE INDIAN	County RIO ARRIGA
ne Call Made (505-765-1234)?	· ·
e Marking Evident? N	লি
	1 188
Location:	
ference Wellhead X Other	
tance from: 108'	
ection: 316 Degrees X E N	X N
of	To +
W S_	#66 WFS
	LANOFARM
arting Pit Dimensions $\frac{12^{\prime}}{x}$ $\frac{12^{\prime}}{x}$ $\frac{3}{2}$	3'
al Pit Dimensions 19 x 19 x 13	
	SITE SKETCH #
ganic Vapor Readings: Start Sc	
@ 2′	/: 11 11
@ 4′	SILTY SAND + CLAY
@ 6′ @ 8′	1/ 1/ 1/
@ /2 [′]	SILTY SAND
@	- OTE IT SAND
Arroyo, Wash, Lake, Strea	ter Well, Stock Well <u>Novie</u> am <u>wast ~ 80 yos noath rwhide SE to Nu</u> nce to Ground Water > 10 50 - 100 '
arce of Backfill (if other than processed mat	terial LAJO FARM MATERIAL
	-
mples collected: Type Progress: Verific Progress: Verific Progress: Verific	cation: ID <u>S1 79-5#36 (F-V-0)</u> soD/ water
	od Other Preservative: CE Other
Comments	S: SITE SITS ADJACENT 70 29-5 #216 (SAMEPAD).
	. excavated soic, shoulded material fertilizer
MATERIA	
MALHE	AD. LANDFARMED MATTERIAL WAS
PETURNE	TO TO FERMATION, FIX CAVATION, - TERRACING
OF EXCAJ	ATION SIDEWALLS ALONG W/SURFACE EQUIPMENT LIMITED
FURAGE	EXCAJATION SAFETY
Soil Shippe	
Prepared b	ov: MARK HARVEY (all S. Kai)



Organic Analysis - Pit Closure

Williams Field Services

Project ID:	OCD Pits	Report Date:	11/18/96
Sample ID:	SJ 29-5 #36 LF-V-01	Date Sampled:	11/12/96
Lab ID:	5621	Date Received:	11/12/96
Sample Matrix:	Soil	Date Extracted:	11/13/96
Preservative:	Cool	Date Analyzed:	11/14/96
Condition:	Intact	•	

Target Analyte	Concentration (mg/kg)	Detection Limit (mg/kg)
Total Aromatic Hydrocarbons	13.4	
Benzene	ND	0.68
Toluene	1.27	0.68
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.68
m,p-Xylenes	8.87	1.36
o-Xylene	3.29	0.68
Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocarbons	123	23.3

Quality Control:	Surrogate	Percent Recovery	Acceptance Limits
	Trifluorotoluene	100	81 - 117%
	Bromofluorobenzene	111	74 - 121%

Reference:

Method 5030, Purge and Trap; Method 8020, Aromatic Volatile Organics;

Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes, SW-846, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Final Update I, July, 1992.

Method 3550 - Sonication Extraction; Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, SW-846, United States Environmental Protection Agency, September, 1986; Method 418.1 - Petroleum Hydrocarbons, Total Recoverable; Chemical Analysis of

Water and Waste, United States Environmental Protection Agency, 1978.

Comments:

Mure MC Review



Organic Analysis - Pit Closure

Williams Field Services

Project ID: **OCD Pits** Report Date: 11/18/96 Sample ID: SJ 29-5 #36 EX-V-01 Date Sampled: 11/12/96 Lab ID: 5619 Date Received: 11/12/96 Sample Matrix: Soil Date Extracted: 11/13/96 Preservative: Cool Date Analyzed: 11/14/96 Condition: Intact

Target Analyte		Concentration (mg/kg)	Detection Limit (mg/kg)
Total Aromatic Hydrocarbons		98.3	
Benzene		ND	0.59
Toluene		10.9	0.59
Ethylbenzene		3.52	0.59
m,p-Xylenes		66.3	1.17
o-Xylene		17.5	0.59
Total Recoverable Petroleum Hydrocar	bons	375	32.2

Quality Control:	<u>Surrogate</u>	Percent Recovery	Acceptance Limits
	Trifluorotoluene	111	81 - 117%
	Bromofluorobenzene	120	74 - 121%

Reference:

Method 5030, Purge and Trap; Method 8020, Aromatic Volatile Organics;

Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Wastes, SW-846, United States Environmental Protection Agency, Final Update I, July, 1992.

Method 3550 - Sonication Extraction; Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, SW-846, United States Environmental Protection Agency, September, 1986; Method 418.1 - Petroleum Hydrocarbons, Total Recoverable; Chemical Analysis of

Water and Waste, United States Environmental Protection Agency, 1978.

Comments:

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L LABORATORIES, INC.

2911 ROTARY TERRACE, P.O. BOX 562/PITTSBURG, KS 66762/(316)232-1970

LABORATORY REPORT:

REFERENCE #: 9904322

WILLIAMS FIRLD SERVICE

295 CHIPHTA WAY TO:

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

84158

DATE REPORTED:

09/17/99

DATE COLLECTED: 04/06/99

DATE RECEIVED: 04/09/99

MARK HARVEY PROJECT: NM PITS

Reference Fraction:9904322-08A

Sample ID: SJ29-5 #36 #24-26/86040

Sample Date Collected: 04/06/9908:45:00

Sample Matrix: SOIL

TEST	METHOD	RESULT	UNITS	PQL		ANALYZED	BY	
ТРН	SW846-8015	203	MG/KG		20	04/17/99	KKL	ı

ND=NONE DETECTED POL-PRACTICAL QUANTITAION LIMIT **3U-STANDARD UNITS** 3=DETECTED IN METHOD BLANK

APPROVED BY:

TERRY KOESTER

LABORATORY DIRECTOR

PROBE SAMPLE