<u>District I</u> 1625 N. French Dr., Hobbs, NM 88240 District II District III
1000 Rio Brazos Road, Aztec, NM 87410 District IV 1220 S. St. Francis Dr., Santa Fe, NM 87505

State of New Mexico Energy Minerals and Natural Resources

Submit 1 Copy to appropriate District Office in accordance with 19.15.29 NMAC.

Oil Conservation Division 1220 South St. Francis Dr. Santa Fe, NM 87505

Form C-141

Revised April 3, 2017

Release Notification and Corrective Action Initial only													
OPERATOR Initial Report Final Report													
Name of Company CHISHOLM ENERGY OPERATING, LLC Contact JENNIFER ELROD													
Address 801 Cherry St., Suite 1200, Fort Worth, TX 76102 Facility Name BUFFALO WEST 2 STATE COM EAST PAD Facility Type PRODUCTION FACILITY													
												30-025-4383	
Surface Owner State Mineral Owner State API No. 30-025-43832/30-025-4383 LOCATION OF RELEASE													
Unit Letter Section Township Range Feet from the North/South Line Feet from the East/West Line County													
A	2	19S	33E	125	NORT		1265	EAST		Lea			
Latitude 32.696539 Longitude -103.629235 NAD83													
NATURE OF RELEASE													
Type of Release FIRE							Volume of Release NONE Volume Recovered NONE						
Source of Rel Was Immedia		Given?			Date and Hour of Occurrence 3/6/18 Date and Hour of Discovery 3/6/18 If YES, To Whom? 10 AM MOUNTAIN 10 AM								
was minieura	ile Nolice C		equired	,									
By Whom?	TIM GRE		Date and Hour 03/06/2018 @ 3 PM MOUNTAIN TIME										
Was a Watercourse Reached? ☐ Yes ☒ No							If YES, Volume Impacting the Watercourse.						
If a Watercourse was Impacted, Describe Fully.*													
RECEIVED													
By Olivia Yu at 9:29 am, Mar 07, 2018													
Describe Cause of Problem and Remedial Action Taken.* DCP midstream curtailment; supply dump line froze causing system to no be able to													
kick over to flare. The resulting pressure buildup caused the poly line to rupture. Ignition was caused by a spark from friction of the line flapping around. A fiberglass water tank caught fire and mildly damaged the oil tank next to it. Chisholm Energy representative was on location when the event occurred. The													
five department was notified immediately and the fire was put out quickly. No liquids were released.													
Describe Area Affected and Cleanup Action Taken.*													
Damaged tanks will be removed and damaged containment will be replaced. A backup kill switch for the compressors will be installed as a back up to the													
high / low safety shut off.													
I hereby certify that the information given above is true and complete to the best of my knowledge and understand that pursuant to NMOCD rules and													
regulations al	loperators	are required to	report ar	nd/or file certain r	elease no	otifications a	nd perform correct	tive acti	ons for rele	eases which	may er	ndanger	
							arked as "Final Re on that pose a thre						
or the enviror	ment. In a	ddition, NMC	CD accep				e the operator of r						
federal, state,	or local lav	ws and/or regu	lations.				OIL CONS	SEDVI	ATION	DIVISIO	<u> </u>		
						OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION							
Signature: Gennifer Elrod						Approved by Environmental Specialist:							
Printed Name: Jennifer Elrod						Approved by	Environmental Sp	pecialist	(
Title: Sr. Regulatory Analyst						Approval Date: 3/7/2018 Expiration Date:							
E-mail Addre	ess: jelro	d@chisholme	n	(Conditions of Approval:								
02/07/2019						1) Photo documentation attesting							
Date.		ets If Necess	. 017-755-5720		•	were release		Ü					
Attach Additional Sheets If Necessary						2) Confirmatory surface soil							
nOY1806635695						samples (0-6") below the ruptured 1RP-4987						′	
					p	olyline a	nd water tan	ık.					
	pOY	1806636	005										

Operator/Responsible Party,

The OCD has received the form C-141 you provided on _3/7/2018_ regarding an unauthorized release. The information contained on that form has been entered into our incident database and remediation case number _1RP-4987__ has been assigned. Please refer to this case number in all future correspondence.

It is the Division's obligation under both the Oil & Gas Act and Water Quality Act to provide for the protection of public health and the environment. Our regulations (19.15.29.11 NMAC) state the following,

The responsible person shall complete <u>division-approved corrective action</u> for releases that endanger public health or the environment. The responsible person shall address releases in accordance with a remediation plan submitted to and approved by the division or with an abatement plan submitted in accordance with 19.15.30 NMAC. [emphasis added]

Release characterization is the first phase of corrective action unless the release is ongoing or is of limited volume and all impacts can be immediately addressed. Proper and cost-effective remediation typically cannot occur without adequate characterization of the impacts of any release. Furthermore, the Division has the ability to impose reasonable conditions upon the efforts it oversees. As such, the Division is requiring a workplan for the characterization of impacts associated with this release be submitted to the OCD District _1_ office in __Hobbs____ on or before _4/7/2018_. If and when the release characterization workplan is approved, there will be an associated deadline for submittal of the resultant investigation report. Modest extensions of time to these deadlines may be granted, but only with acceptable justification.

The goals of a characterization effort are: 1) determination of the lateral and vertical extents along with the magnitude of soil contamination. 2) determine if groundwater or surface waters have been impacted. 3) If groundwater or surface waters have been impacted, what are the extents and magnitude of that impact. 4) The characterization of any other adverse impacts that may have occurred (examples: impacts on vegetation, impacts on wildlife, air quality, loss of use of property, etc.). To meet these goals as quickly as possible, the following items must, at a minimum, be addressed in the release characterization workplan and subsequent reporting:

- Horizontal delineation of soil impacts in each of the four cardinal compass directions. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. This is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants. Analyzed parameters should be modified based on the nature of the released substance(s). Soil sampling must be both within the impacted area and beyond.
- Vertical delineation of soil impacts. Adsorbed soil contamination must be characterized for the following constituents using the associated laboratory methods: benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and total xylenes by either Method 8260 or 8021, total petroleum hydrocarbons by Method 8015 extended range (GRO+DRO+MRO; C₆ thru C₃₆), and for chloride by Method 300. As above, this is not an exclusive list of potential contaminants and can be modified. Vertical characterization samples should be taken at depth intervals no greater than five feet apart. Lithologic description of encountered soils must also be provided. At least ten vertical feet of soils with contaminant concentrations at or below these values must be demonstrated as existing above the water table.
- Nominal detection limits for field and laboratory analyses must be provided.
- Composite sampling is not generally allowed.
- Field screening and assessment techniques are acceptable (headspace, titration, EC [include algorithm for validation purposes], EM, etc.), but the sampling and assay procedures must be clearly defined. Copies of field notes are highly desirable. A statistically significant set of split samples must be submitted for confirmatory laboratory analysis, including the laterally farthest and vertically deepest sets of soil samples. Make sure there are at least two soil samples submitted

for laboratory analysis from each borehole or test pit (highest observed contamination and deepest depth investigated). Copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.

- •Probable depth to shallowest protectable groundwater and lateral distance to nearest surface water. If there is an estimate of groundwater depth, the information used to arrive at that estimate must be provided. If there is a reasonable assumption that the depth to protectable water is 50 feet or less, the responsible party should anticipate the need for at least one groundwater monitoring well to be installed in the area of likely maximum contamination.
- If groundwater contamination is encountered, an additional investigation workplan may be required to determine the extents of that contamination. Groundwater and/or surface water samples, if any, must be analyzed by a competent laboratory for volatile organic hydrocarbons (typically Method 8260 full list), total dissolved solids, pH, major anions and cations including chloride and sulfate, dissolved iron, and dissolved manganese. The investigation workplan must provide the groundwater sampling method(s) and sample handling protocols. To the fullest extent possible, aqueous analyses must be undertaken using nominal method detection limits. As with the soil analyses, copies of the actual laboratory results must be provided including chain of custody documentation.
- Accurately scaled and well-drafted site maps must be provided providing the location of borings, test pits, monitoring wells, potentially impacted areas, and significant surface features including roads and site infrastructure that might limit either the release characterization or remedial efforts. Field sketches may be included in subsequent reporting, but should not be considered stand-alone documentation of the site's layout. Digital photographic documentation of the location and fieldwork is recommended, especially if unusual circumstances are encountered.

Nothing herein should be interpreted to preclude emergency response actions or to imply immediate remediation by removal cannot proceed as warranted. Nonetheless, characterization of impacts and confirmation of the effectiveness of remedial efforts must still be provided to the OCD before any release incident will be closed.

Jim Griswold

OCD Environmental Bureau Chief 1220 South St. Francis Drive Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505 505-476-3465 jim.griswold@state.nm.us